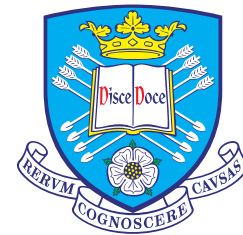


Towards a global EFT analysis

SM@LHC, 11-14th April 2022, CERN



The
University
Of
Sheffield.

Kristin Lohwasser
University of Sheffield

On behalf of the ATLAS and CMS collaborations and the LHC EFT WG

- Standard Model measurements can be grouped into

– **High precision tests**
(high statistics available)

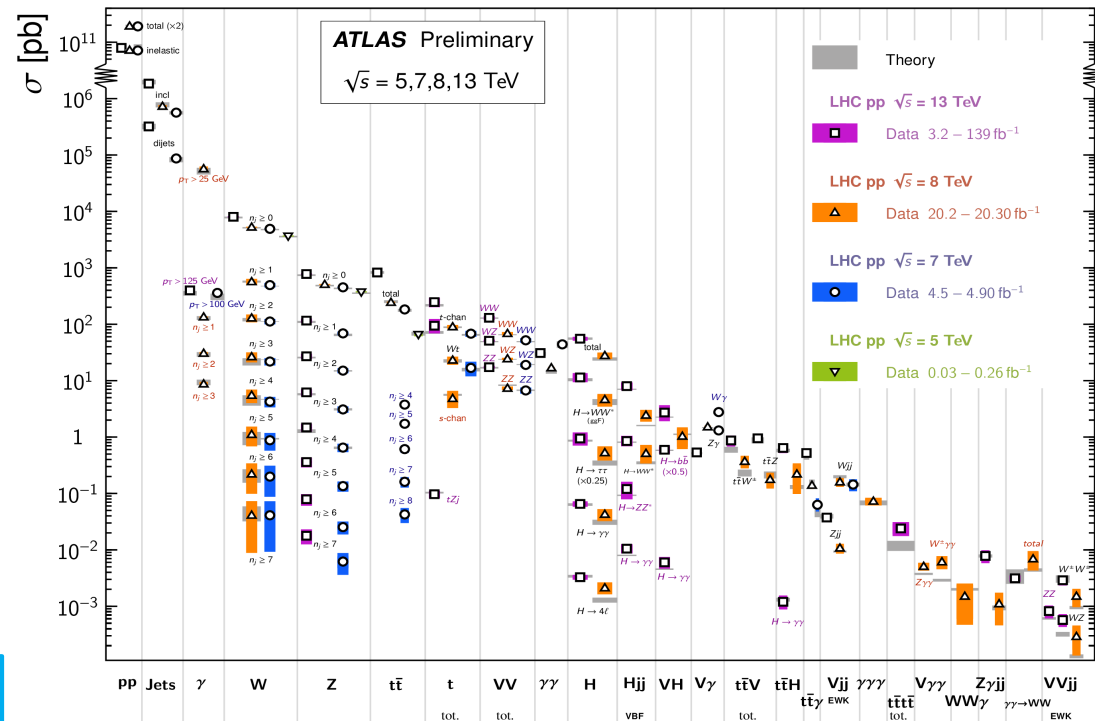
vs.

– **High energy behaviour**
as ultimate tests of the Standard Model

**Consistent, complete
but does not cover all we
can observe in the
universe**

Standard Model Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: March 2021

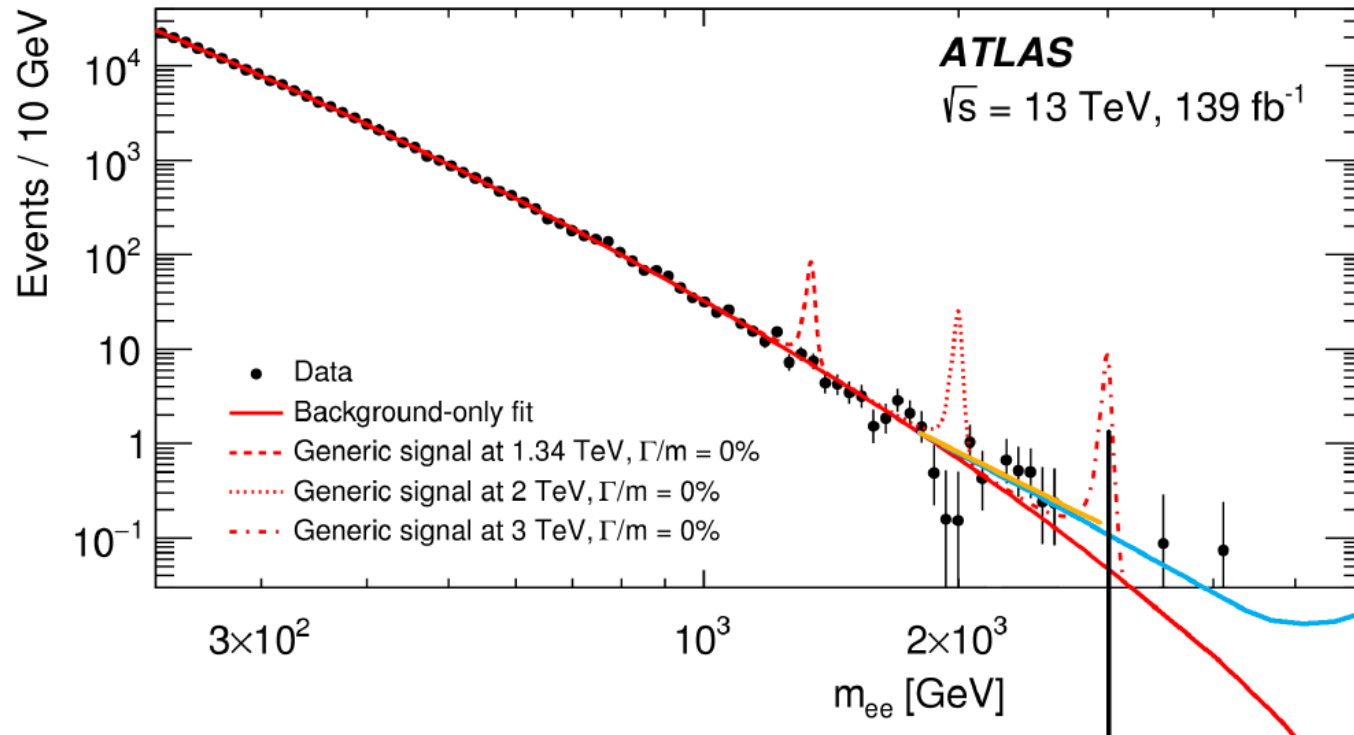


Large statistics

→ **High precision**

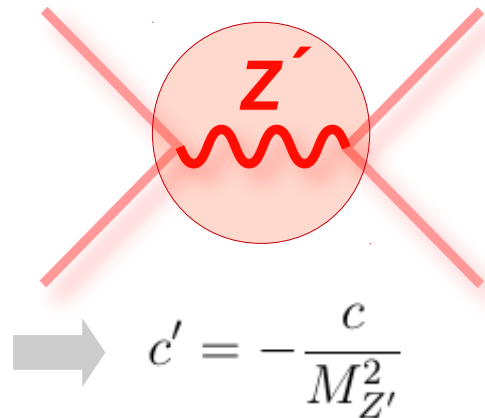
Rare processes

→ **High energy behaviour**



- Example of dilepton resonant search:
 Sensitive to **(narrow-width) resonance** within reach of experiment
- Can be replaced by **EFT formalism** that describes a **resonance** outside the kinematic reach (i.e. is valid below some cut-off scale)
 → more generally applicable limits
 → can find new physics beyond direct kinematic reach or narrow peaks

$$\frac{1}{p^2 - M_{Z'}^2} = \frac{1}{-M_{Z'}^2} \left[1 + \frac{p^2}{M_{Z'}^2} + \left(\frac{p^2}{M_{Z'}^2} \right)^2 + \dots \right]$$



Effective Lagrangian as extension of SM Lagrangian

→ Taylor expansion in local operators of “light” degrees of freedom

→ removes explicit description of “heavy” / high energy physics
(suppressed by orders of energy scale $\Lambda \gg E_{\text{CM}}$)

$$\mathcal{L}^{(\text{dim})} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} \sum_k \boxed{C_k^{(\text{dim})}} \boxed{Q_k^{(\text{dim})}}$$

Number of Operator Wilson Coefficient Operator

Systematic measure of SM deviations that can be linked to new physics phenomena

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{(4)} + \frac{1}{\Lambda} \sum_k C_k^{(5)} Q_k^{(5)} + \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum_k C_k^{(6)} Q_k^{(6)} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

▪ SM up to dim-4

▪ dim-5 (and dim-7):
neutrino masses but
lepton-flavour violating

▪ dim-6:
most studied at LHC

▪ dim-8:
studied for VBS
processes

> SMEFT assumptions

- EFT should reduce to SM (if there are no undiscovered light particles)
- Higgs field is included (not the case for anomalous triple gauge couplings) and linearly realised (otherwise: Higgs-EFT)
- Wilson coefficients are arbitrary (and can differ between bases!)

> There are 2499 CP-even dimension-6 operators

- Need to reduce redundancy → also using some assumptions
- Usually: minimal flavour violation, no CP-violation, lepton/baryon numbers

> Most popular: Warsaw basis

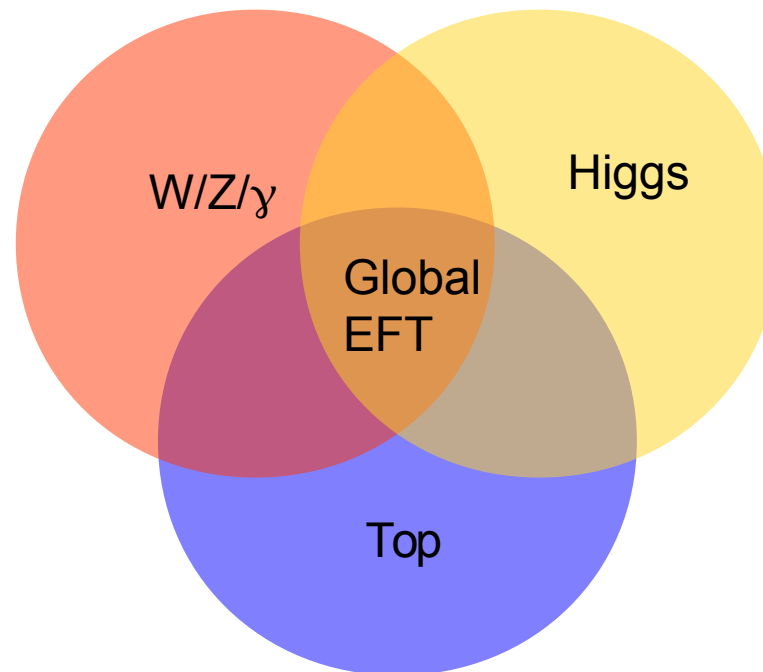
- 59 operators (when considering only 1 generation)
- Renormalization Group and 1-loop finite renormalization (SMEFT@NLO)

> Still not trivial: what is the order of the EFT expansion to be considered?

$$\sigma = \sigma_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \sigma_i^{\text{dim-6-interf}} + \sum_{ij} \frac{c_i c_j}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_{ij}^{(\text{dim-6})^2} + \sum_k \frac{c_k}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_k^{\text{dim-8-interf}} + \dots$$

Linear quadratic dim-8

- Any final state is usually impacted by a number of Wilson coefficients: Combination allows to disentangle operators with similar effects on a single final state
- Can improve limits when the same operators affect many final states
- Major challenges are consistent treatment of measurements and correlations



➤ Single final state “EFT interpretation”

<https://cms-results-search.web.cern.ch/>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/HiggsPublicResults>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/TopPublicResults>

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/StandardModelPublicResults>

Filters

- ☐ Collision system ▼
- ☐ Accelerator parameters ▼
- ☐ Physics theme ▼
- ☐ Working group ▼
- ☐ Final state ▼
- ☐ Final state signature ▼
- ☐ Interpretation ▲

Select all Select none

Show results with any all of the selected tags:

Combination Effective Field Theory Generator and simulation tuning

Simplified Model Spectrum Standard Model Fits inc. PDFs

☐ SM analysis characteristics ▼

Theory Fitting groups Overview of available codes: <https://indico.cern.ch/event/971727/>

- Provide bases, theoretical tools (feynrules)
- Use publicly available results

LHC EFT WG <https://lpc.web.cern.ch/lhc-eft-wg>

- Enhance comparability
- Common conventions and (conversion) tools
- Common standards for systematics

LHC top WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCTopWG>

LHC Higgs XS WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCHXSWG>

LHC EW (MB) WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCEW>

- “Topical” EFT interpretations and combinations

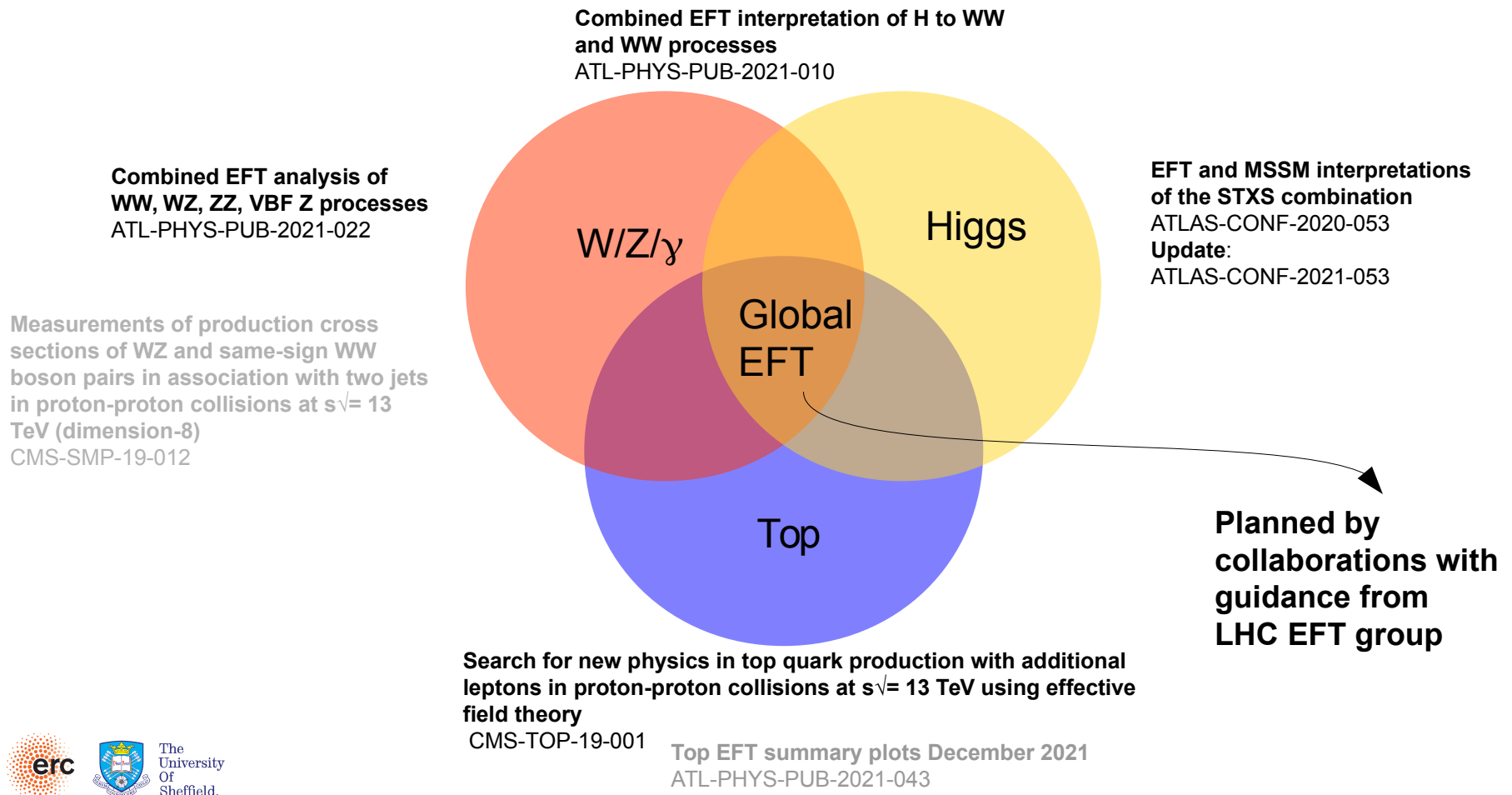
CMS

ATLAS

- Long-term goal: accurate likelihood-level global EFT combination of ATLAS and CMS
- In parallel: more complex combinations planned within experiments

► Case for Fit by Experimental Collaborations:

- Most accurate interpretations
- Make optimal use of data
- Fit can guide measurements strategy
- Makes sure all relevant information is published



-
- Figure 1 displays the CMS results for the ttH production cross-section. The top panel shows the event counts for various decay channels and background processes. The bottom panel shows the ratio of observed to predicted events.
- Legend:**
- Charge misid.
 - Misid. leptons
 - Diboson
 - Triboson
 - Conv.
 - $t\bar{t}H$
 - $t\bar{t}l\bar{l}$
 - $t\bar{t}l\nu$
 - $t\bar{t}lq$
 - tHq
 - Total unc.
 - Obs.
- Top Panel: Event Counts**
- The top panel shows the event counts for various decay channels and background processes. The channels are labeled on the x-axis: $2l\ ss(+)$, $2l\ ss(-)$, $3l\ 1b(+)$, $3l\ 1b(-)$, $3l\ 2b(+)$, $3l\ 2b(-)$, SFZ1b, SFZ2b, and $4l$. The y-axis represents the number of events, ranging from 0 to 250. The background processes are stacked, and the total uncertainty is shown as a hatched band. The observed data points are shown as black dots with error bars.
- Bottom Panel: Obs. / pred. Ratio**
- The bottom panel shows the ratio of observed to predicted events, ranging from 0.2 to 1.8. The ratio is plotted for each channel, with the observed data points shown as black dots and the predicted values as a horizontal line at 1.0. The ratio is generally close to 1.0, indicating good agreement between the observed data and the predicted values.

CMS

41.5 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)

Coefficient: c_{tZ}

12.1^{+0.5}_{-8.2}

Legend:

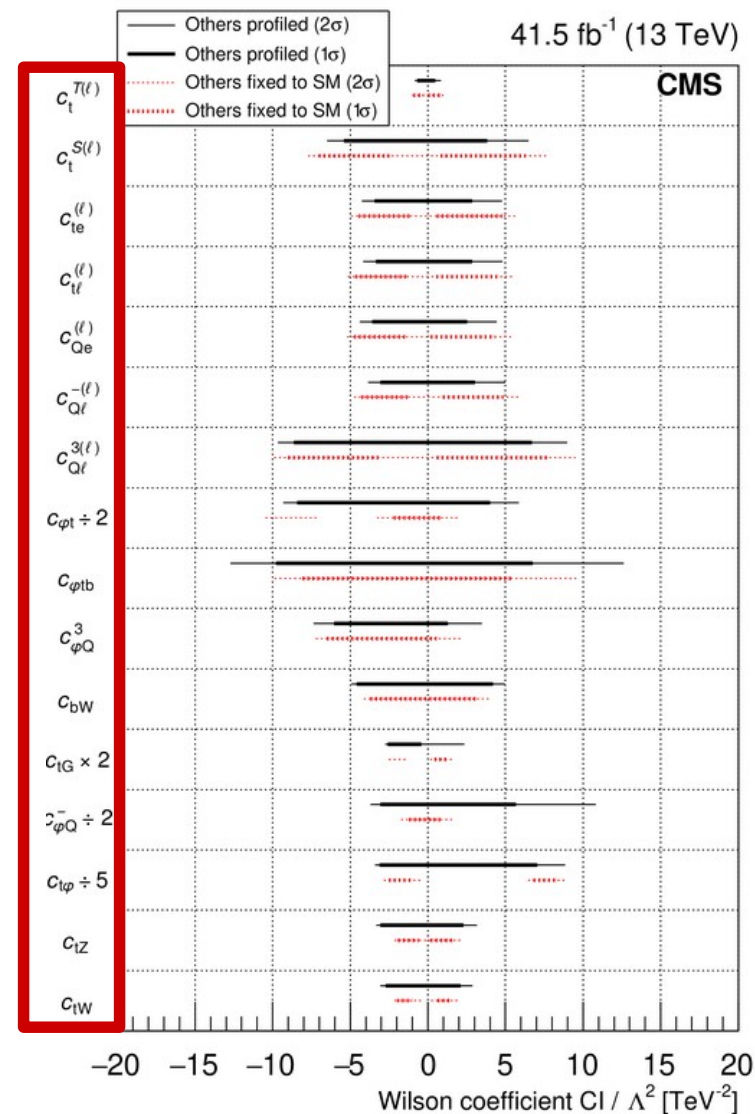
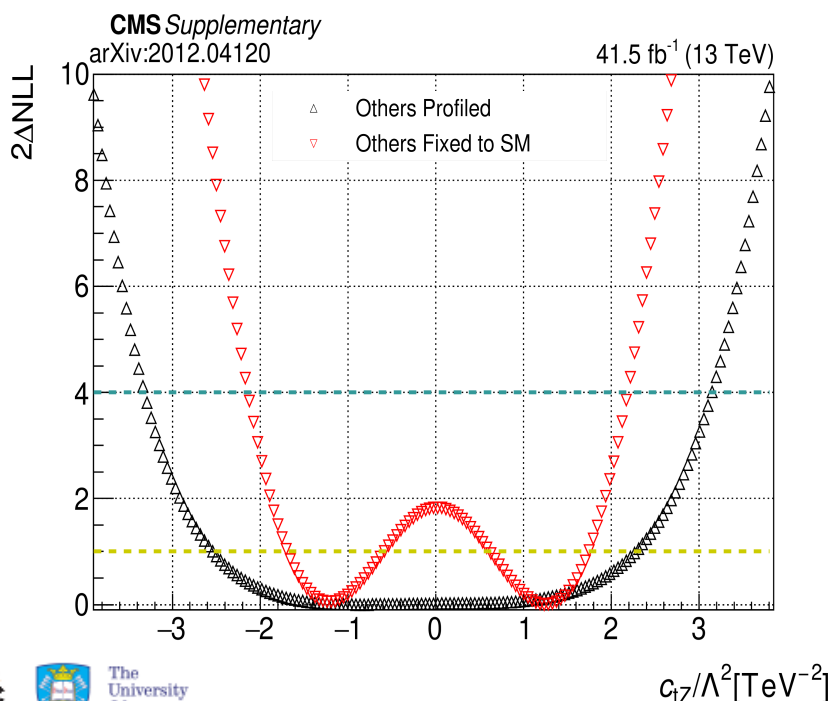
- $t\bar{t}l\nu$ (Blue)
- $t\bar{t}l\bar{l}$ (Green)
- $t\bar{t}H$ (Red)
- $t\bar{t}lq$ (Pink)
- $tHq\bar{\nu}$ (Cyan)

Channels (X-axis):

- 2l ss(+)
- 2l ss(-)
- 3l 1b(+)
- 3l 1b(-)
- 3l 2b(+)
- 3l 2b(-)
- SFZ1b
- SFZ2b
- 4l

Fractional variation in expected yields for a given process and category after the fit and relative to the SM expectation

- Results very dependent on whether other operators are profiled or fixed to SM values
→ need more channels to resolve this issue
- EFT parametrization based on Warsaw Basis, following <https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.07237>, considering linear interference terms
- Due to requirement of top quark, **no** direct interplay with EWK or Higgs sector

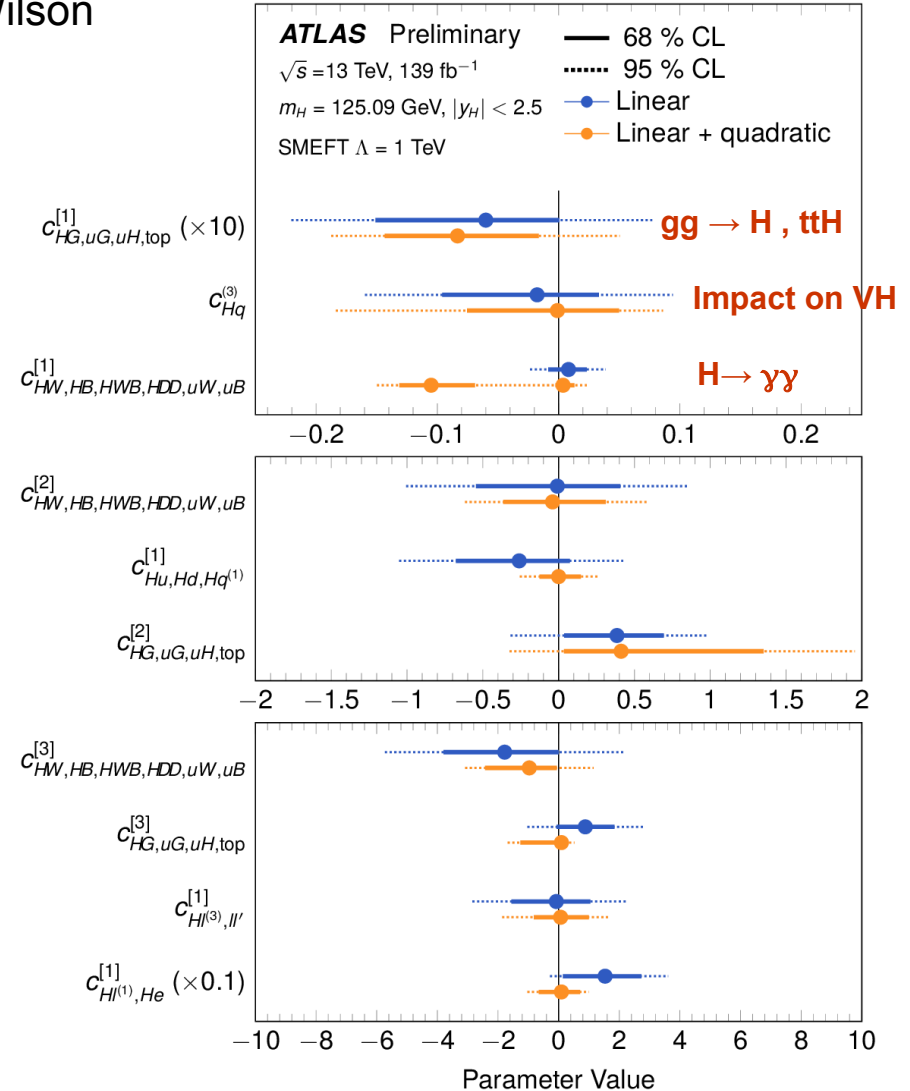


- Combination of measured signal strength for STXS categories → used before
- Not enough information to constrain all dim-6 Wilson coefficients → removing flat directions
- Rotate SMEFT basis using SM expected covariance matrix → Hessian eigenvectors giving ranking with highly un-constrained coefficients being pruned

Parameter	Definition	Eigenvalue	Fit Parameter
$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$	$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$	1900	✓
$c_{HW,HB,HWB,HDD,uW,uB}^{[4]}$	1	$-0.27c_{HW} - 0.84c_{HB} + 0.47c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{uW} - 0.05c_{uB}$	245000 ✓
	2	$-0.96c_{HW} + 0.19c_{HB} - 0.20c_{HWB} + 0.02c_{uB}$	33 ✓
	3	$-0.08c_{HW} + 0.50c_{HB} + 0.86c_{HWB} + 0.07c_{HDD} + 0.03c_{uW} + 0.06c_{uB}$	4 ✓
	4	$0.03c_{HWB} - 0.85c_{HDD} + 0.32c_{uW} + 0.43c_{uB}$	0.017
	5	$-0.01c_{HW} + 0.07c_{HB} + 0.05c_{HWB} - 0.44c_{HDD} - 0.86c_{uW} - 0.23c_{uB}$	0.0077
	6	$-0.01c_{HW} + 0.06c_{HB} + 0.04c_{HWB} - 0.29c_{HDD} + 0.39c_{uW} - 0.87c_{uB}$	0.0025

EFT and MSSM interpretations of the STXS combination
 ATLAS-CONF-2020-053
 Update:
 ATLAS-CONF-2021-053

2020 version

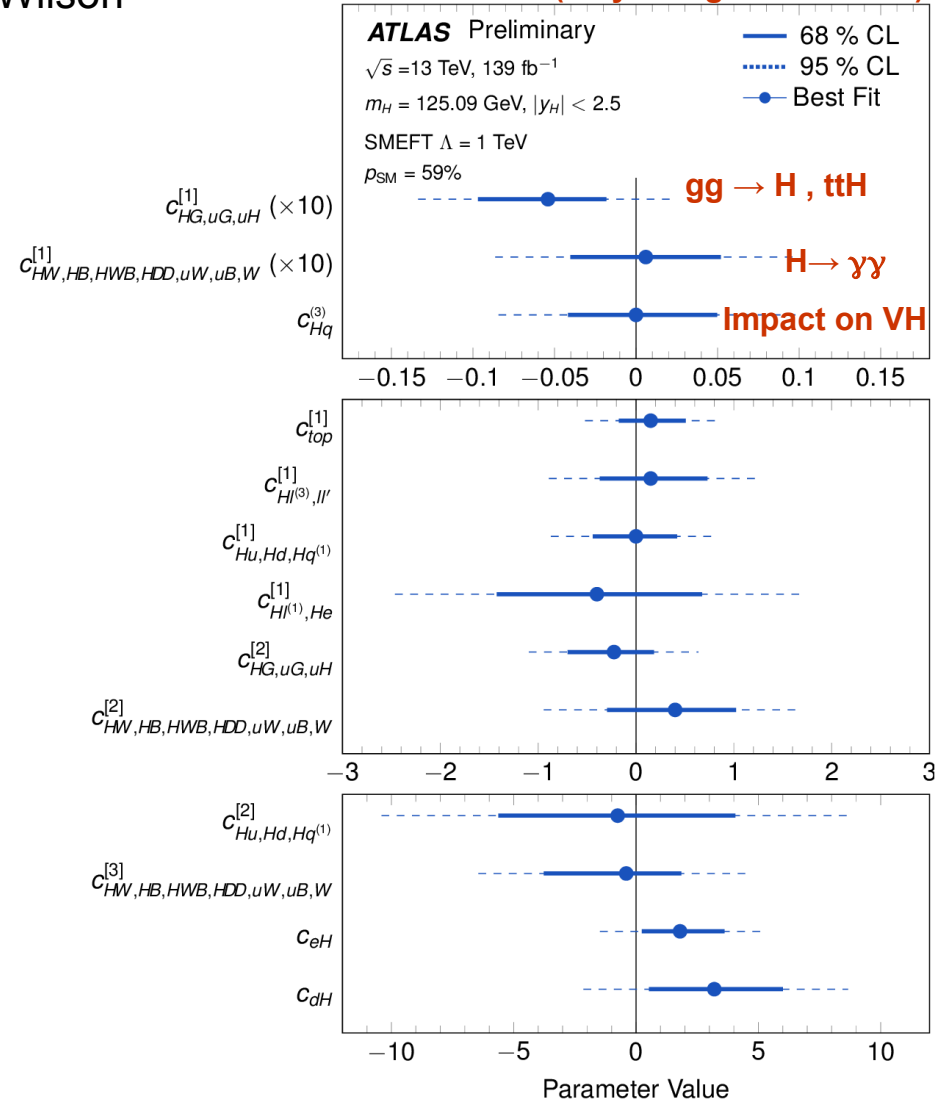


- Combination of measured signal strength for STXS categories → used before
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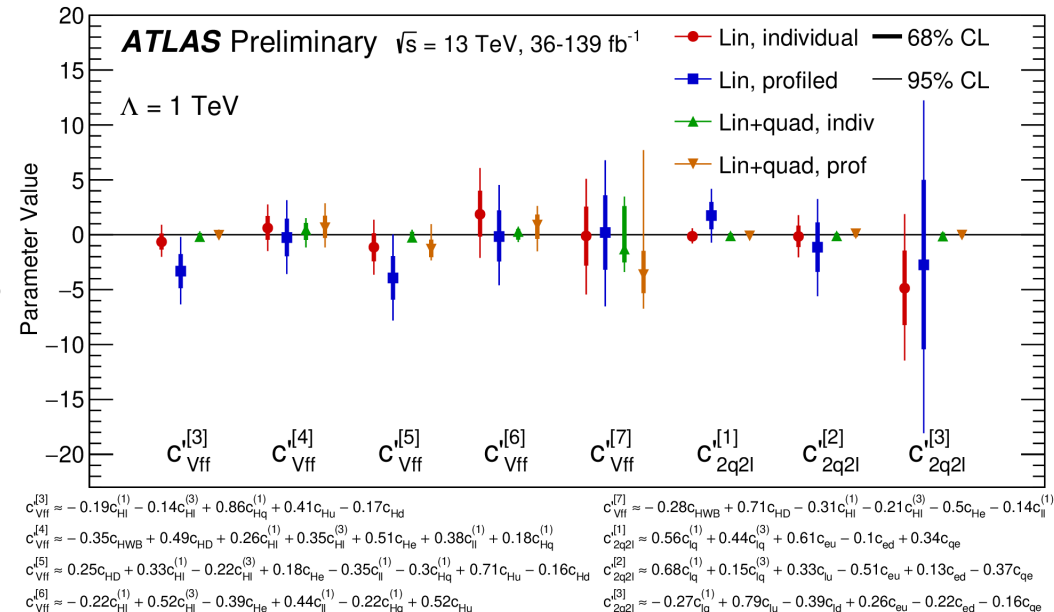
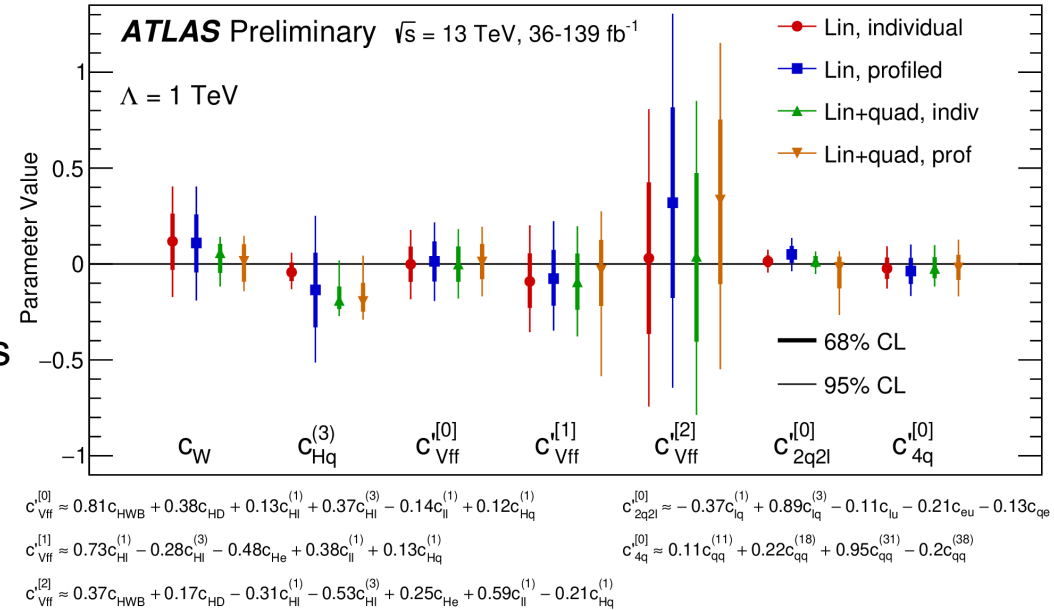
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	3	$-0.08c_{HW} + 0.50c_{HB} + 0.86c_{HWB} + 0.07c_{HDD} + 0.03c_{uW} + 0.06c_{uB}$	4 ✓
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EFT and MSSM interpretations of the STXS combination
 ATLAS-CONF-2020-053
Update:
 ATLAS-CONF-2021-053

2021 Update
 (only using linear terms)



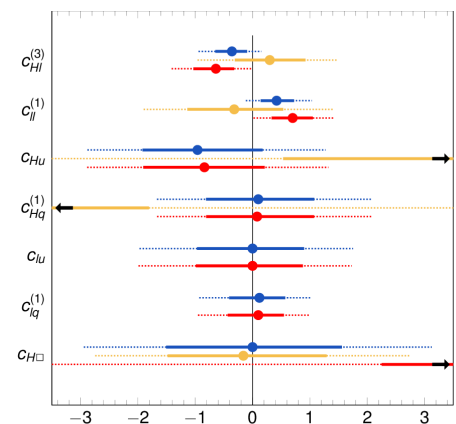
- Post-mortem combination of unfolded differential cross-sections of WW, WZ, 4-lepton and Z+2jets
- Combined likelihood function accounts for experimental uncertainties and correlation as well as theory uncertainties
- Sensitive to 33 operators – constrained are 2 operators (c_W , $c_{Hq}^{(3)}$) and 13 linear combinations
- Correlations lead to degradation of profiled limits
→ will improve once more measurements are included
- Comparison of linear and quadratic limits can give estimate of convergence of SMEFT extension and uncertainties




**Combined EFT analysis of
WW, WZ, ZZ, VBF Z
processes**
ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-022

- 8 eigenvectors of Wilson coefficients can be measured

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2021-010



Parameter value (single operator fit)

- Goal of the LHC EFT WG: provide guidance for the interpretation of LHC data in the context of effective field theories (EFTs).
<https://lpc.web.cern.ch/lhc-eft-wg>
- **Areas of interest:**
 - Basics / EFT formalism
 - Predictions and tools
 - Experimental measurements and observables
 - **Fits and related systematics**
 - Benchmark scenarios from UV models
 - Interplay/connection with flavour
- **Experimental combination between ATLAS and CMS** 
 - Kick-off: <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1007581/> (Feb 22, 2021)
 - Use combination project to get feedback and advice from the LHC WG but also to help focus the WG discussions on something concrete and help those discussions converge, in some cases break the symmetry

Scope of combination:

- Cross-experimental (ATLAS+CMS)
- Cross-topical (i.e. including top, Higgs and EWK measurements)

- Examples of such combinations exist:

→ <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCEFTExpCombinationConventions>

→ **ATLAS/CMS Higgs combination (Run-1)**
(JHEP 08 (2016) 045)

Maximized sensitivity of LHC in extraction
of Higgs properties

- Current plans foresee**

- to concentrate on dimension-6 operators using the Warsaw basis
- Use (and test) recommendations of LHC EFT WG, e.g. **recommended default input scheme (GF, mZ, mW)**
- Use (and test) flavour assumptions (enhances cross-talk between top and Higgs/EW)

Interim Conventions for a first EFT Combination between LHC experiments

- ↓ [Interim Conventions for a first EFT Combination between LHC experiments](#)
 - ↓ [Fundamentals](#)
 - ↓ [Basis & Flavour Structure](#)
 - ↓ [Full list of operators](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Input scheme](#)
 - ↓ [Computing predictions](#)
 - ↓ [Reference predictions for different processes](#)
 - ↓ [Higgs Cross Sections and STXS](#)
 - ↓ [Higgs decays](#)
 - ↓ [Top differential cross sections](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Top decays](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Gauge boson differential cross sections](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Implementation of EFT uncertainties](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Implementation of EFT validity constraints](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Inclusion of external constraints \(e.g. LEP\)](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Non-EFT issues that are anyway relevant for an EFT combination](#)
 - ↓ [Correlation of theoretical uncertainties on SM predictions from missing higher orders etc](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Correlation of uncertainties from PDF, alphaS, m\(top\), ...](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Correlation of experimental uncertainties \(mainly LHC luminosity inputs\)](#) **TODO**
 - ↓ [Statistical procedures](#)
 - ↓ [Technical aspects](#) **TODO**

Recently proposed ATLAS evolutions are in **red text** below and still need to be singed off by CMS.

- Steps towards *experimental* global fits have been taken
 - various partial examples published from ATLAS and CMS
 - Generally: Global fits are being prepared **within** the collaborations

- Within the scope of the LHC EFT Working group
 - First steps towards ATLAS/CMS combined global EFT fit
 - playground for validity scheme investigations
 - playground for flavour assumptions

 - General Recommendations on global fits
 - conventions on electroweak parameter schemes
 - others being actively discussed (flavour assumptions, truncations of SMEFT expansion,)

Backup slides.

- official CERN/LHC groups

LHC EFT WG <https://lpc.web.cern.ch/lhc-eft-wg> (new!)

LHC top WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCTopWG>

LHC Higgs XS WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCHXSWG>

LHC EW (MB) WG

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/LHCEW>

CMS

ATLAS

- Other

European strategy

Snowmass (here/now!)

VBScan

EU/ERC-sponsored
network

[https://vbscanaction
.web.cern.ch/](https://vbscanaction.web.cern.ch/)

... potential others

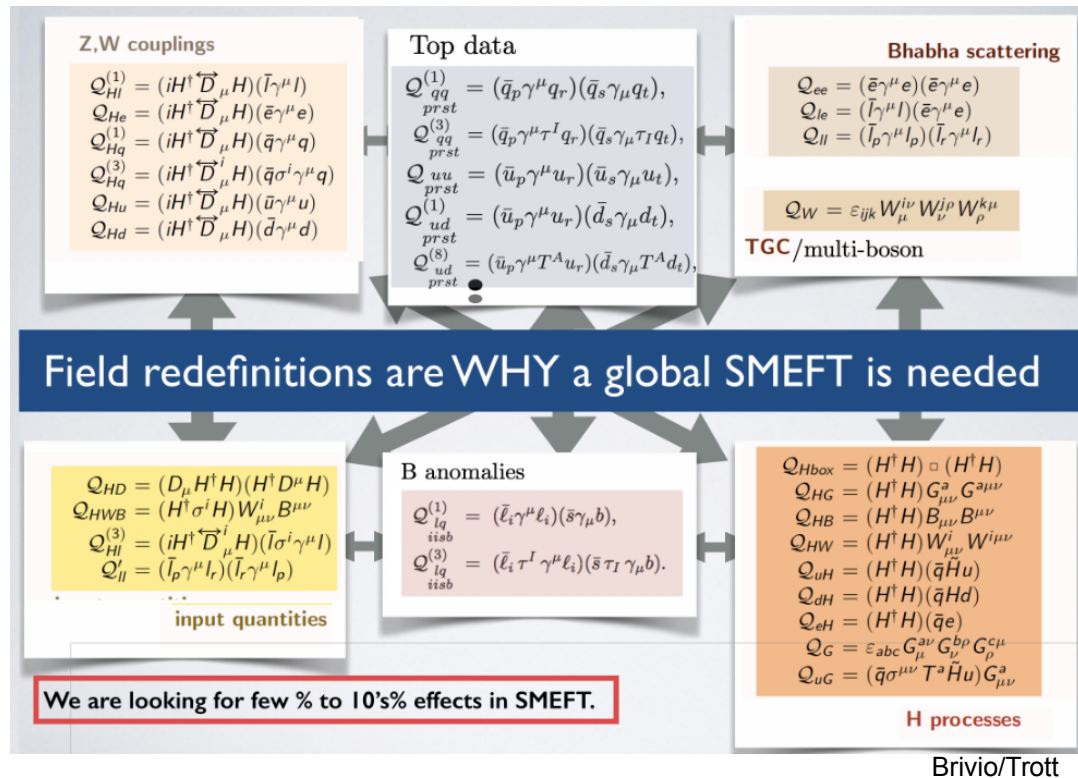
- Dim-6: 2499 parameters reduced to 81 ($U(3)^5$ flavour symm.)

→ Warsaw basis:

orthogonal, complete,
renormalisable

→ <https://arxiv.org/abs/1008.4884>,
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1709.06492>,
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.05366>


- Dim-8: complete basis available since recently
→ <https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.00059>
→ <https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.00008>
relevant for VBS+tribosons
(and available in MG5)
→ <https://arxiv.org/abs/1604.03555>



- Not entirely trivial interplay:

$$\sigma = \sigma_{SM} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \sigma_i^{\text{dim-6-interf}} + \sum_{ij} \frac{c_i c_j}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_{ij}^{(\text{dim-6})^2} + \sum_k \frac{c_k}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_k^{\text{dim-8-interf}} + \dots$$

- From: <https://cms-results-search.web.cern.ch/>


CMS Public Results

[Visit us: CMS Public Website](#) | [CMS Publications](#) | Contact us: [CMS Publications Committee](#)

Select **Papers** or/and **PAS**

Only show results that match **any** **all** of the selected categories

Clear all filters

Filters

- ☐ Collision system ▼
- ☐ Accelerator parameters ▼
- ☒ Physics theme ▲
 - Select all
 - Select none

Show results with **any** **all** of the selected tags:

☐ B-physics and similar
☐ Heavy Ion Physics
☐ Physics objects and Detector performance

☐ Searches for physics beyond the Standard Model
☒ Standard Model
☐ Upgrade studies

☐ Working group ▼
☐ Final state ▼
☐ Final state signature ▼
☒ Interpretation ▲

Select all
Select none

Show results with **any** **all** of the selected tags:

☐ Combination
☒ Effective Field Theory
☐ Generator and simulation tuning

☐ Simplified Model Spectrum
☐ Standard Model Fits inc. PDFs

☒ SM analysis characteristics ▲

Select all
Select none

Show results with **any** **all** of the selected tags:

Show 10 entries

Showing 1 to 10 of 52 entries (filtered from 1,852 total entries)

Code	Title	Status/Link	Date
HIG-20-005	Search for Higgs boson pair production in the four b quark final state in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	Submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.	February 19, 2022
SMP-20-005	Measurement of $W^{\pm}\gamma$ differential cross sections in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and effective field theory constraints	Phys. Rev. D 105 (2022) 052003	November 27, 2021
SMP-20-014	Measurement of the inclusive and differential WZ production cross sections, polarization angles, and triple gauge couplings in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	Submitted to J. High Energy Phys.	October 21, 2021
TOP-18-010	Measurement of the inclusive and differential $t\bar{t}\gamma$ cross sections in the single-lepton channel and EFT interpretation at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	JHEP 12 (2021) 180	July 3, 2021
SMP-20-016	Measurement of the electroweak production of $Z\gamma$ and two jets in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and constraints on anomalous quartic gauge couplings	Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 072001	June 21, 2021
SMP-19-013	Measurements of the $pp \rightarrow W^{\pm}\gamma\gamma$ and $pp \rightarrow Z\gamma\gamma$ cross sections at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and limits on anomalous quartic gauge couplings	JHEP 10 (2021) 174	May 26, 2021
HIG-19-009	Constraints on anomalous Higgs boson couplings to vector bosons and fermions in its production and decay using the four-lepton final state	Phys. Rev. D 104 (2021) 052004	April 25, 2021
SMP-19-002	Measurement of $W\gamma$ production cross section in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV and constraints on effective field theory coefficients	Phys. Rev. Lett. 126 (2021) 252002	February 3, 2021
HIG-19-018	Search for nonresonant Higgs boson pair production in final states with two bottom quarks and two photons in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	JHEP 03 (2021) 257	November 24, 2020
SMP-19-008	Observation of electroweak production of $W\gamma$ with two jets in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV	Phys. Lett. B 811 (2020) 135988	August 24, 2020

Showing 1 to 10 of 52 entries (filtered from 1,852 total entries)

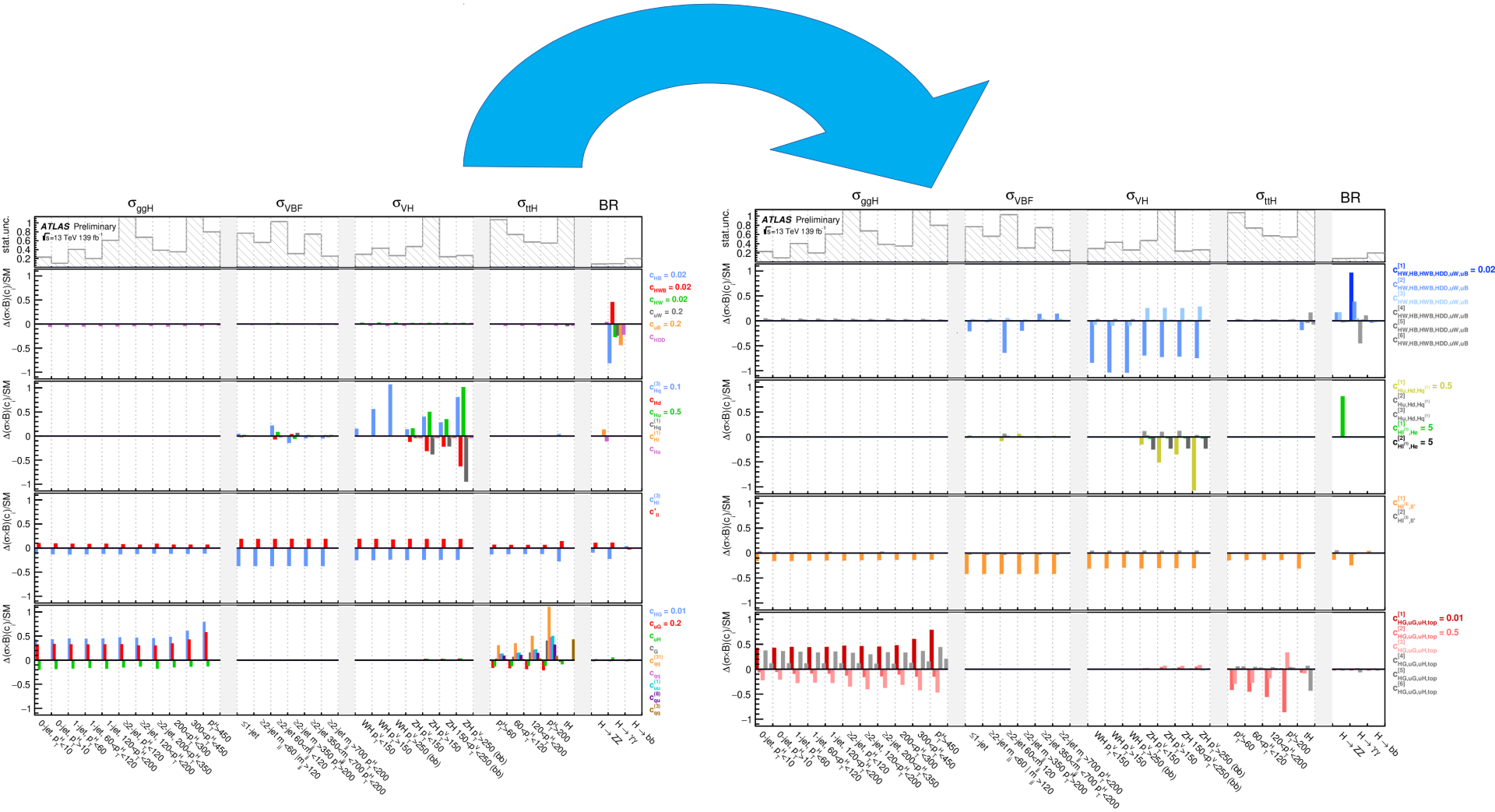
Previous 1 2 3 4 5 6 Next

- <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/StandardModelPublicResults>

Short Title	Journal Reference	Date	\sqrt{s} (TeV)	L	Links
WW+1jet differential cross sections	JHEP 06 (2021) 003	18-MAR-21	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 2103.10319 Inspire Rivet HepData Internal
Inclusive four-lepton lepton differential cross sections	JHEP 07 (2021) 005	02-MAR-21	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 2103.01918 Inspire Rivet HepData Internal
EW Zjj differential cross sections	Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 163	27-JUN-20	13	139 fb ⁻¹	Documents 2006.15458 Inspire Rivet HepData Internal
ZZ production with two neutrinos in the final state at 13 TeV	JHEP 10 (2019) 127	17-MAY-19	13	36 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1905.07163 Inspire Internal
WZ boson pair production at 13 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 79 (2019) 535	15-FEB-19	13	36.1 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1902.05759 Inspire HepData Internal
ZZ cross-section measurement and aTGC limits at 13 TeV	Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018) 032005	22-SEP-17	13	36 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1709.07703 Inspire Rivet HepData Internal
WW γ cross sections and limits on aGCs at 8 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 646	18-JUL-17	8	20.2 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1707.05597 Inspire HepData Internal
Semileptonic WW/WZ cross-section at 8 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 563	06-JUN-17	8	20.2 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1706.01702 Inspire HepData Internal
Electroweak $Z\gamma$ production 8 TeV	JHEP 07 (2017) 107	04-MAY-17	8	20.2 pb ⁻¹	Documents 1705.01966 Inspire HepData Briefing Internal
Electroweak Wjj cross section and aGC Limits at 7 and 8 TeV	Eur. Phys. J. C 77 (2017) 474	13-MAR-17	7 , 8	4.7 fb ⁻¹ , 20.2 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1703.04362 Inspire HepData Internal
Same-sign WW cross-section and aQGC Limits at 8 TeV	Phys. Rev. D 96 (2017) 012007	08-NOV-16	8	20.3 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1611.02428 Inspire Internal
ZZ cross-section and aTGC limits at 8 TeV	JHEP 01 (2017) 099	24-OCT-16	8	20.3 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1610.07585 Inspire HepData Internal
Search for semileptonic WW/WZ VBS at 8 TeV	Phys. Rev. D 95 (2017) 032001	16-SEP-16	8	20.3 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1609.05122 Inspire Internal
Exclusive WW cross-section at 8 TeV	Phys. Rev. D 94 (2016) 032011	13-JUL-16	8	20.3 fb ⁻¹	Documents 1607.03745 Inspire Internal

ATLAS: STXS EFT basis

Parameter		Definition	Eigenvalue	Fit Parameter
$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$		$c_{Hq}^{(3)}$	1900	✓
$c_{HW,HB,HWB,HDD,uW,uB}^{[6]}$	1	$-0.27c_{HW} - 0.84c_{HB} + 0.47c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{uW} - 0.05c_{uB}$	245000	✓
	2	$-0.96c_{HW} + 0.19c_{HB} - 0.20c_{HWB} + 0.02c_{uB}$	33	✓
	3	$-0.08c_{HW} + 0.50c_{HB} + 0.86c_{HWB} + 0.07c_{HDD} + 0.03c_{uW} + 0.06c_{uB}$	4	✓
	4	$0.03c_{HWB} - 0.85c_{HDD} + 0.32c_{uW} + 0.43c_{uB}$	0.017	
	5	$-0.01c_{HW} + 0.07c_{HB} + 0.05c_{HWB} - 0.44c_{HDD} - 0.86c_{uW} - 0.23c_{uB}$	0.0077	
	6	$-0.01c_{HW} + 0.06c_{HB} + 0.04c_{HWB} - 0.29c_{HDD} + 0.39c_{uW} - 0.87c_{uB}$	0.0025	
$c_{HG,uG,uH,top}^{[4]}$	1	$+0.999c_{HG} + 0.038c_{uG}$	176000	✓
	2	$-0.03c_{HG} + 0.73c_{uG} - 0.03c_{qq}^{(1)} - 0.23c_{qq} - 0.05c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.54c_{qq}^{(31)} - 0.02c_{uu} - 0.24c_{uu}^{(1)} - 0.04c_{ud}^{(8)} - 0.01c_{qu}^{(1)} - 0.15c_{qu}^{(8)} - 0.04c_{qd}^{(8)} - 0.18c_G + 0.06c_{uH}$	20	✓
	3	$-0.03c_{HG} + 0.67c_{uG} + 0.04c_{qq}^{(1)} + 0.25c_{qq} + 0.05c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.55c_{qq}^{(31)} + 0.02c_{uu} + 0.26c_{uu}^{(1)} + 0.03c_{ud}^{(8)} + 0.01c_{qu}^{(1)} + 0.16c_{qu}^{(8)} + 0.03c_{qd}^{(8)} + 0.29c_G + 0.1c_{uH}$	1.3	✓
	4	$+0.11c_{uG} + 0.01c_{qq} - 0.018c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.029c_{qq}^{(31)} + 0.012c_{uu}^{(1)} - 0.993c_{uH}$	0.14	
	5	$+0.02c_{qq} - 1.0c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.06c_{qq}^{(31)} + 0.03c_{uu}^{(1)} + 0.02c_{qu}^{(8)} + 0.02c_{uH}$	0.02	
	6	$+0.07c_{uG} - 0.02c_{qq}^{(1)} + 0.07c_{qq} + 0.03c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.32c_{qq}^{(31)} + 0.06c_{uu}^{(1)} + 0.04c_{ud}^{(8)} + 0.08c_{qu}^{(8)} + 0.04c_{qd}^{(8)} - 0.94c_G + 0.02c_{uH}$	0.0092	
$c_{Hl^{(1)},He}^{[1]}$		$+0.78c_{Hl}^{(1)} - 0.62c_{He}$	2.6	✓
$c_{Hl^{(1)},He}^{[2]}$		$+0.62c_{Hl}^{(1)} + 0.78c_{He}$	0.056	
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(1)}}^{[1]}$		$-0.87c_{Hu} + 0.26c_{Hd} + 0.42c_{Hq}^{(1)}$	59	✓
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(1)}}^{[2]}$		$+0.41c_{Hu} - 0.09c_{Hd} + 0.91c_{Hq}^{(1)}$	0.10	
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(1)}}^{[3]}$		$-0.28c_{Hu} - 0.96c_{Hd} + 0.03c_{Hq}^{(1)}$	0.0018	
$c_{Hl^{(3)},ll'}^{[1]}$		$0.87c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.50c_{ll}'$	27	✓
$c_{Hl^{(3)},ll'}^{[2]}$		$0.50c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.87c_{ll}'$	0.33	



- Recommendations presented in LHC EFT note: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2111.12515>
- Common set of electroweak parameters for SMEFT predictions for LHC observables eases comparisons and combinations
 - Implementation of different schemes in tools desirable for comparing different choices
- Considerations:
 - Input parameters are precisely measured (impact negligible in SMEFT fit)
 - Experimental measurement of input parameters is independent of SMEFT effects
 - Choice does not introduce dependence of the fit on other unrelated operators (i.e. those that are not included in the fit) [or at least minimizes this effect]
- Choices reviewed:
 - (1) $\{\alpha, G_\mu, m_Z\}$
 - (2) $\{G_\mu, m_Z, m_W\}$ → favoured as it reduced dependence on propagators, but needs to care when combining LHC and LEP results (which use (1) – however no large numerical impact is expected)
 - (3) $\{\alpha, m_Z, m_W\}$

■ What is “validity”?

→ An estimate of how valid or correct the used EFT parametrization is

→ Answers the question on how reliable the EFT constrain is when translated to a concrete model (→ see quote)

A Quote from a Model Builder



- “Whatever bound you get from your EFT, I can always write down a model that passes the test against data and violates the bound you claim to have.” – Bhaskar Dutta

Slide by William Shepherd

■ Breakdown of validity (at large scale)

$$\sigma = \sigma_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \sigma_i^{\text{dim-6-interf}} + \sum_{ij} \frac{c_i c_j}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_{ij}^{(\text{dim-6})^2} + \sum_k \frac{c_k}{\Lambda^4} \sigma_k^{\text{dim-8-interf}} + \dots$$

■ Most general description of violation of validity: EFT expansion does not describe the model underlying the actual data (anymore)

→ Does the dim-6 terms match the underlying new physics (and for which NP scenarios?)

(1) general consideration: growth with energy cannot go on forever

(2) Dim-6 terms are not necessarily smaller than Dim-8 (and quadratic Dim-6) terms, especially at large energy scales (→ truncation after linear Dim-6 is incorrect, example: WW)

(3) Correspondence between UV model and EFT breaks down above certain energy threshold

■ Interpretation of EFT fits can be misleading (overconstraints, wrongly excluded models...)

■ Possible solutions / Proposals discussed

- Proposals are presented in LHC EFT note: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2201.04974v1>
- based on dedicated meeting January 19, 2021 (<https://indico.cern.ch/event/980681/>)
- follow-up in general meeting on May 3, 2021 (<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1016713/>)
- Comment collection: https://docs.google.com/document/d/13gLoLsELfBaifcTwhSXkcj6z152uz-xIB_WDx2HirFo/edit
- Feedback from the collaborations June 28, 2021 (<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1048848/>)

■ Proposal C

- using quadratic dim-6 as proxies for missing dim-8 terms (of same order) *where needed* (dim-8 functional form unknown)
- employing a power-counting rule to estimate dim-8 contributions from quadratic dim-6 (general on power counting: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1601.07551> → which are dominant term depending on which aspect of the theory is more relevant)
- Use as uncertainties quadratic dim-6 and dim-8 terms
- **Directly use in experimental analysis**

Pro: best “mapping” → correspondence between ‘error’ and dim-6-quad / dim-8 model

Contra: Difficult to apply a posteriori (and concrete implementation not quite known)
Difficult to find consist choice of variables and cuts across different processes