# Exotic Physics in the Beta Decay of Tritium

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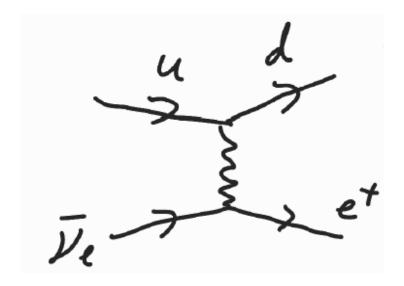
# Neutrino Hypothesis and Discovery

1. Weak decay energy conservation

2. Low mass and cross section

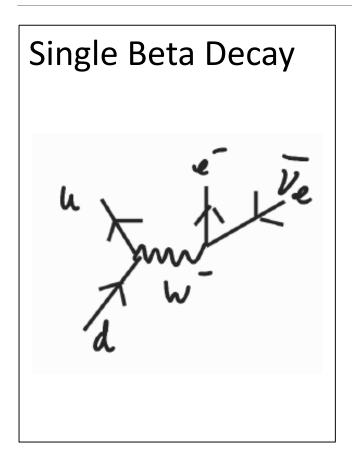
3. Discovery using inverse beta decay

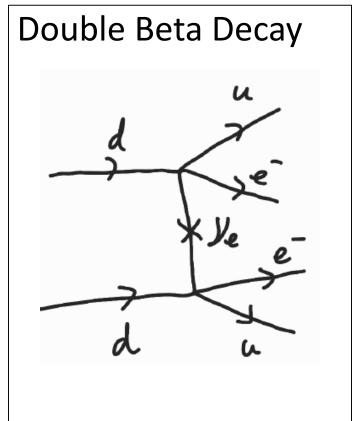
4. Neutrino oscillations

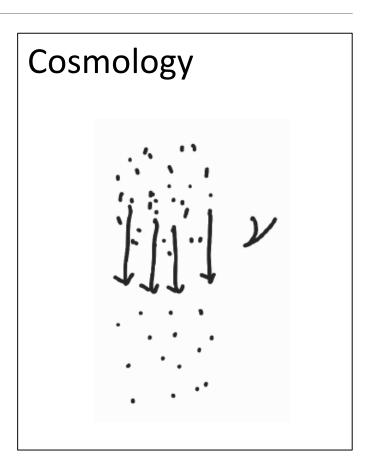




# Neutrino Mass Measurement

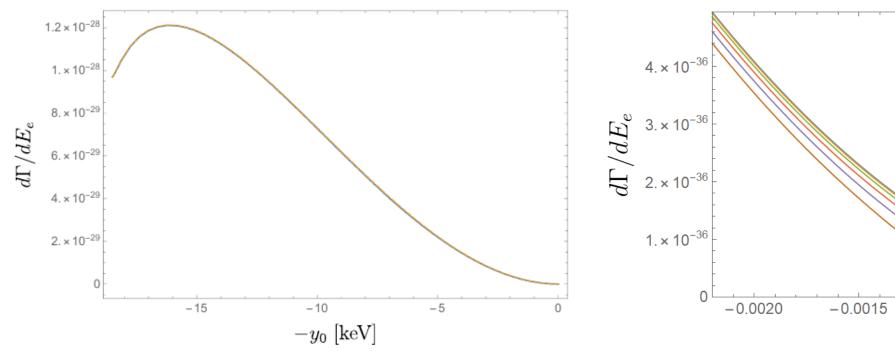


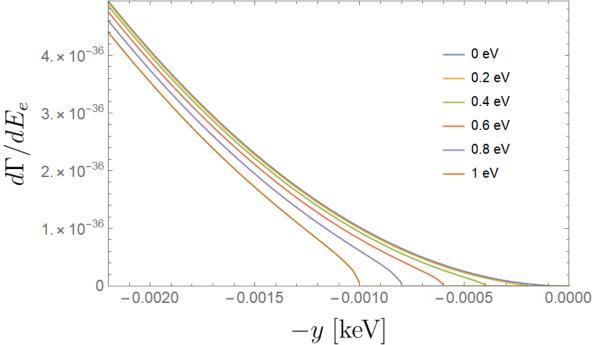




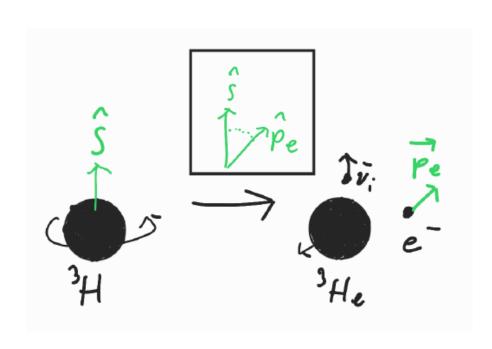
#### Tritium Beta Decay Spectrum

$$\frac{d\Gamma}{dE_e} \approx f(E_e) y_0 \sqrt{y_0^2 - \sum_{i=1}^3 |U_{ei}|^2 m_i^2}, \qquad y = E_e^{max} - E_e$$

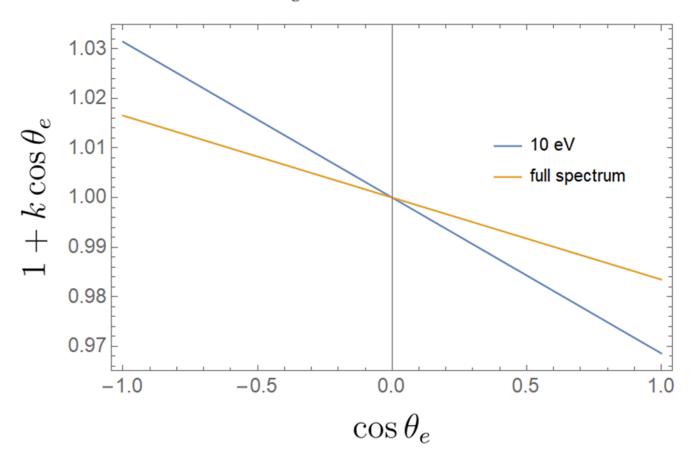




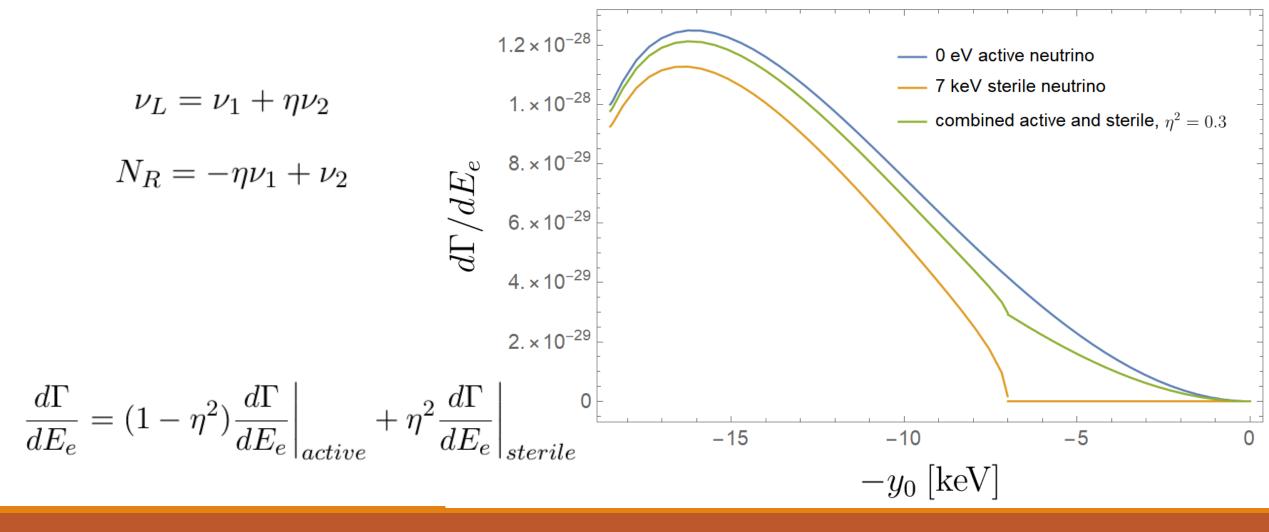
#### Polarised Tritium



$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta_e} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + k\cos\theta_e)$$



#### Sterile Neutrino



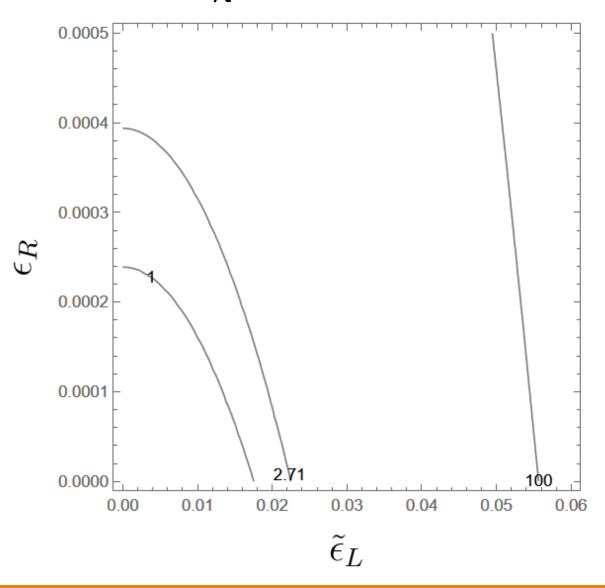
#### Right-Handed Currents

### Right-Handed Currents and Polarisation

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta_e} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + k\cos\theta_e) \qquad k = k_{LL,LL} + |\tilde{\epsilon}_L|^2 k_{RR,LL} + \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Leptonic} \\ \text{LR} \\ \text{Negligible} \\ \text{everywhere} \\ \sim \frac{m_e}{M} \frac{m_\nu}{y + m_\nu} \Gamma \\ \text{nal but positive and enhanced,} \\ \sim 2(g_A^2 + g_A g_V) \\ \sim 2(g_A^2 + g_A g_V) \end{array}$$

# χ<sup>2</sup> Calculation



# Conclusion and Outlook

- Beta decay leads to the neutrino mass
- Tritium beta decay probes KeV sterile neutrinos
- Right-handed currents seen in the anisotropy of electron emission

- •I am working on putting BSM physics in a statistical framework
- •I will look for other BSM effects such as additional final-state particles and background fields