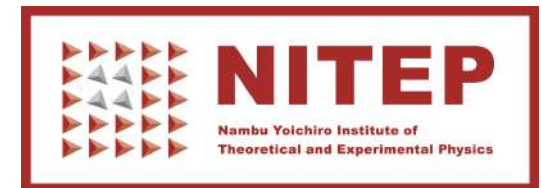


Fermion mass hierarchy in simplified grand gauge-Higgs unification



Haruki Takahashi



Based on:

N. Maru, **HT**, Y. Yatagai, arXiv:2205.05824 [hep-ph]

Physics in LHC and Beyond, Matsue and online, May 14 2022

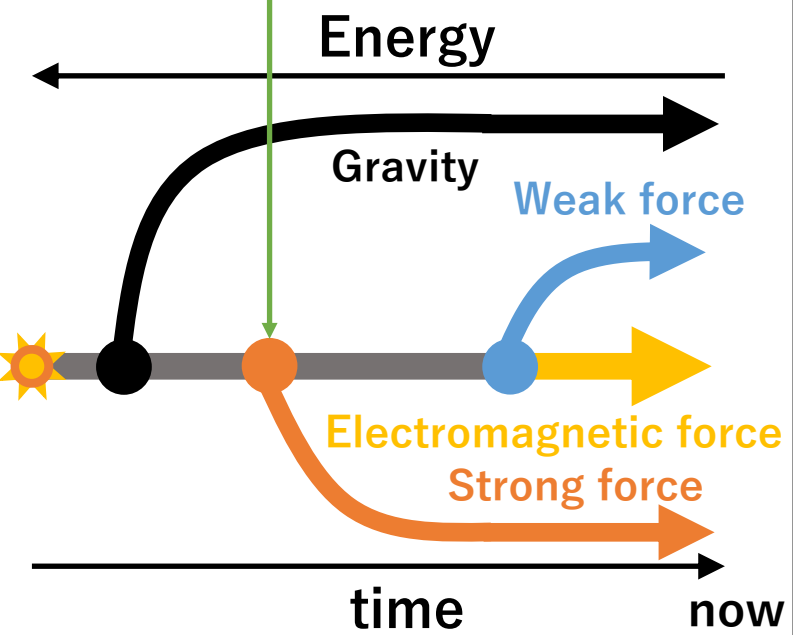
$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i\bar{\psi} \not{D} \psi + \text{h.c.}$$

$$+ \psi_i Y_{ij} \chi_j \phi + \text{h.c.} + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - V(\phi)$$

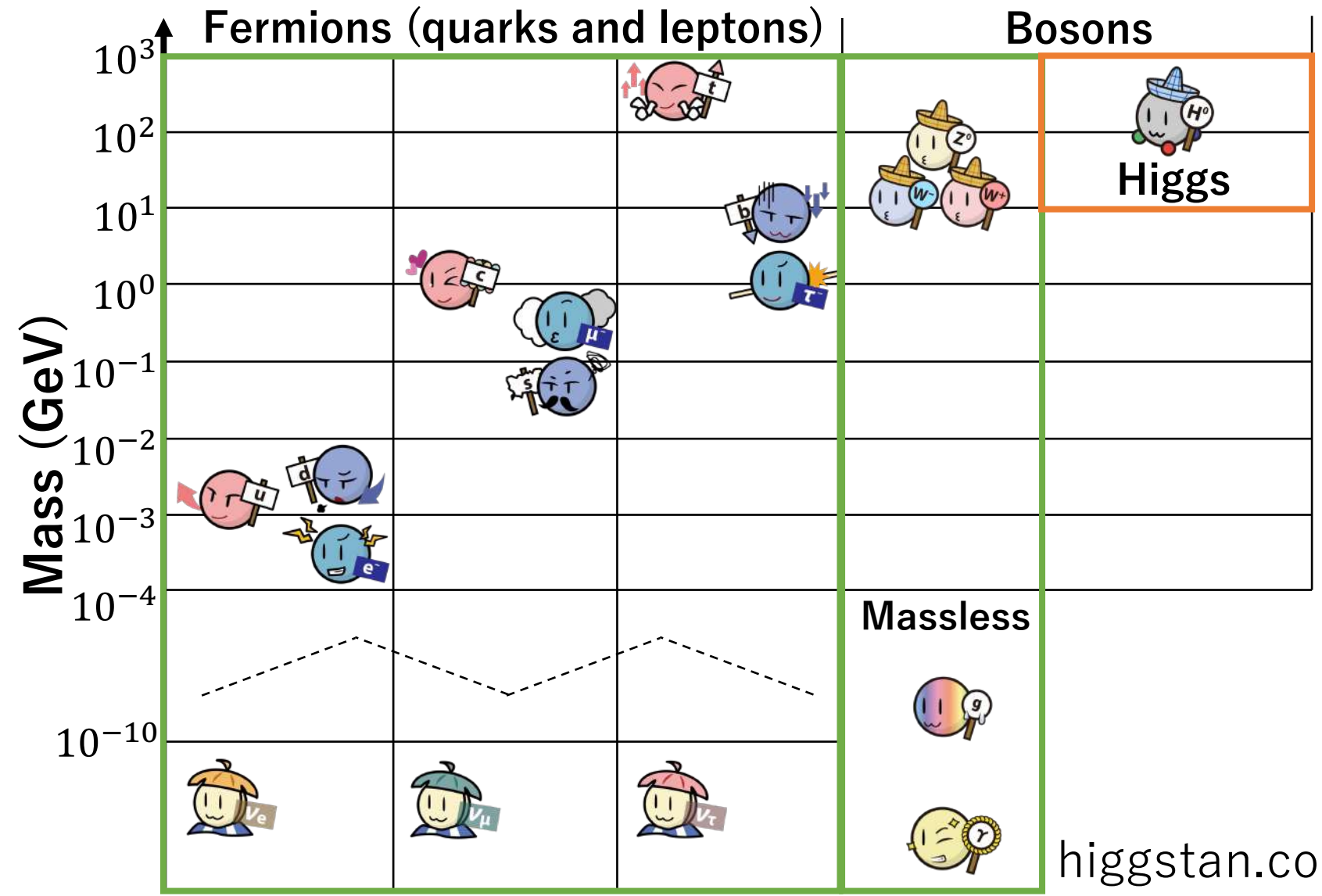
**Grand
unification**

**Hierarchy
problem**

Grand unified theory



Grand Unification



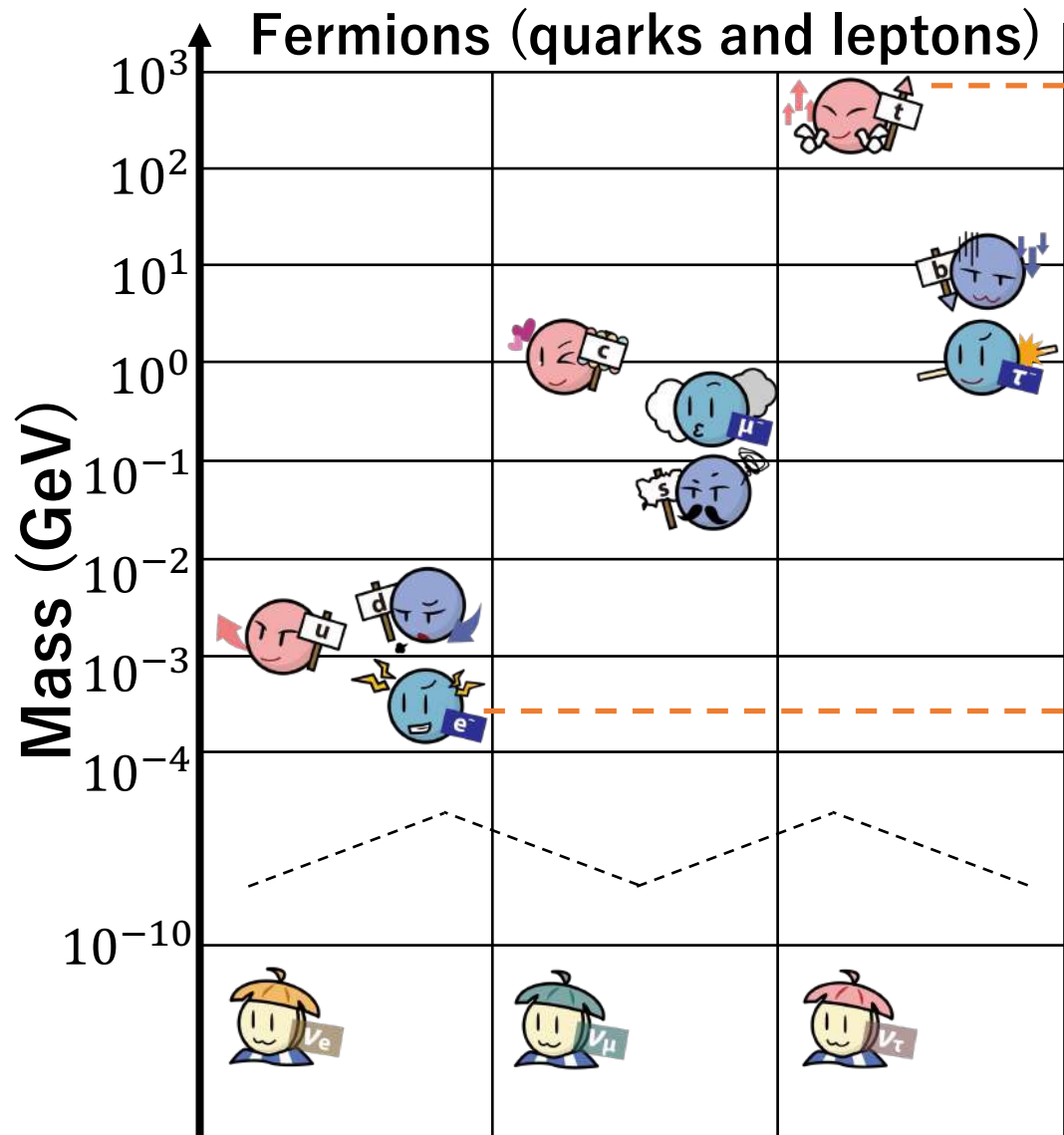
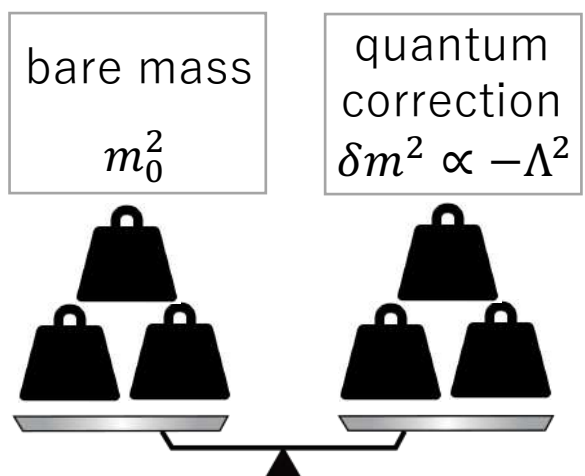
higgstan.com

Hierarchy Problem

Unnatural fine tuning

$$m_H^2 = m_0^2 + \delta m^2$$

125 GeV 10^{18} GeV 10^{18} GeV

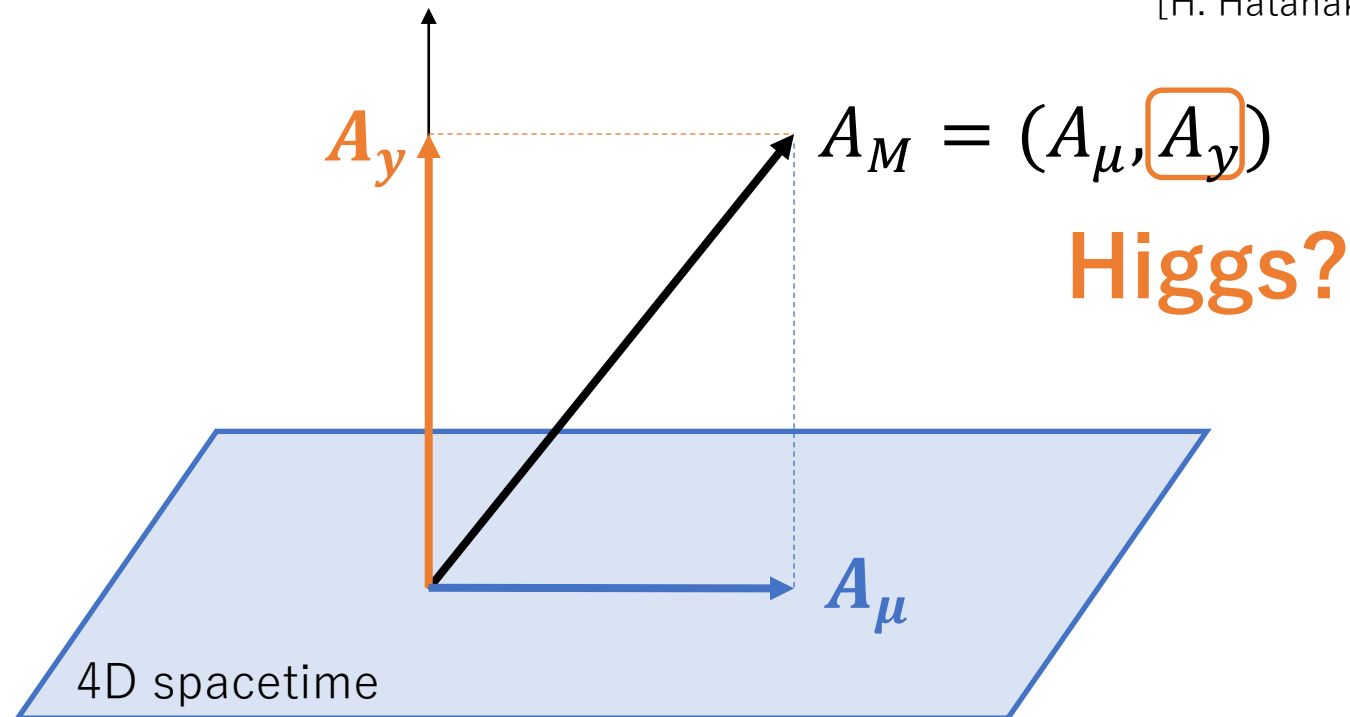


Mass hierarchy

$$= \frac{y_t}{y_e} \frac{m_t}{m_e} \approx \frac{173 \text{ GeV}}{0.51 \text{ MeV}} \approx \underline{\underline{3.4 \times 10^5}}$$

higgstan.com

Beyond the Standard Model

Gauge-Higgs Unification (GHU)Extra dimension y 

[D.B. Fairlie (1979)][N.S. Manton (1979)]

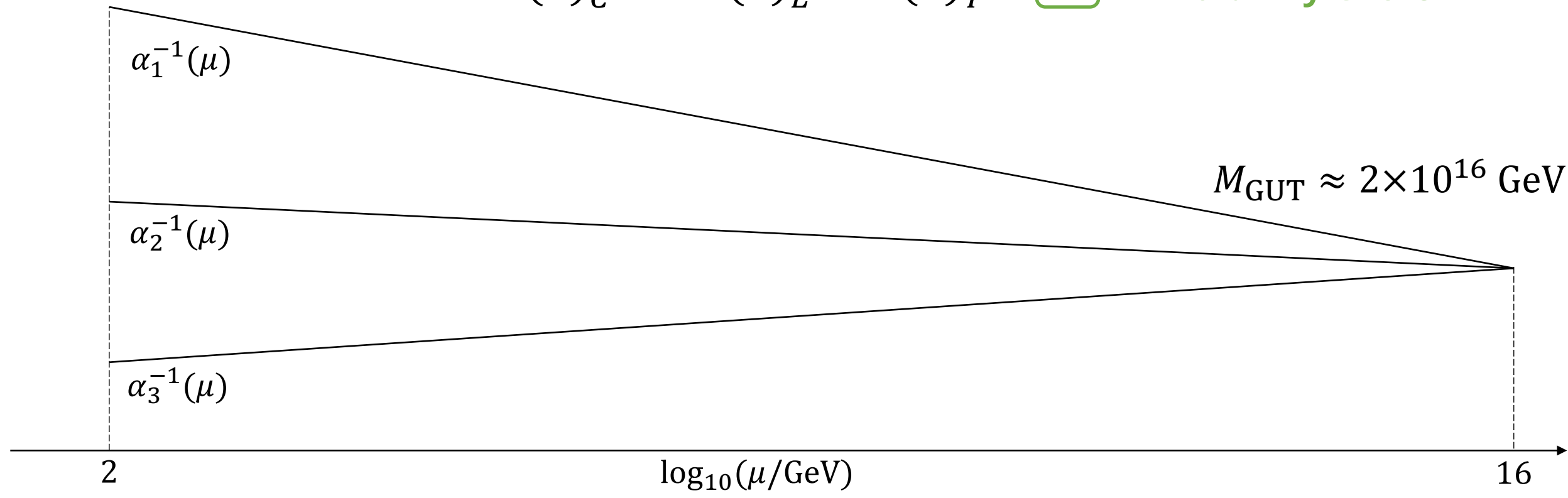
[Y. Hosotani (1983)]

[H. Hatanaka, T. Inami, C.S. Lim (1998)]

Beyond the Standard Model

Grand Unified Theory (GUT)

$SU(3)_C \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \subset \boxed{??}$ Who unify the SM?



Beyond the Standard Model

Grand Gauge Higgs Unification (GGHU)

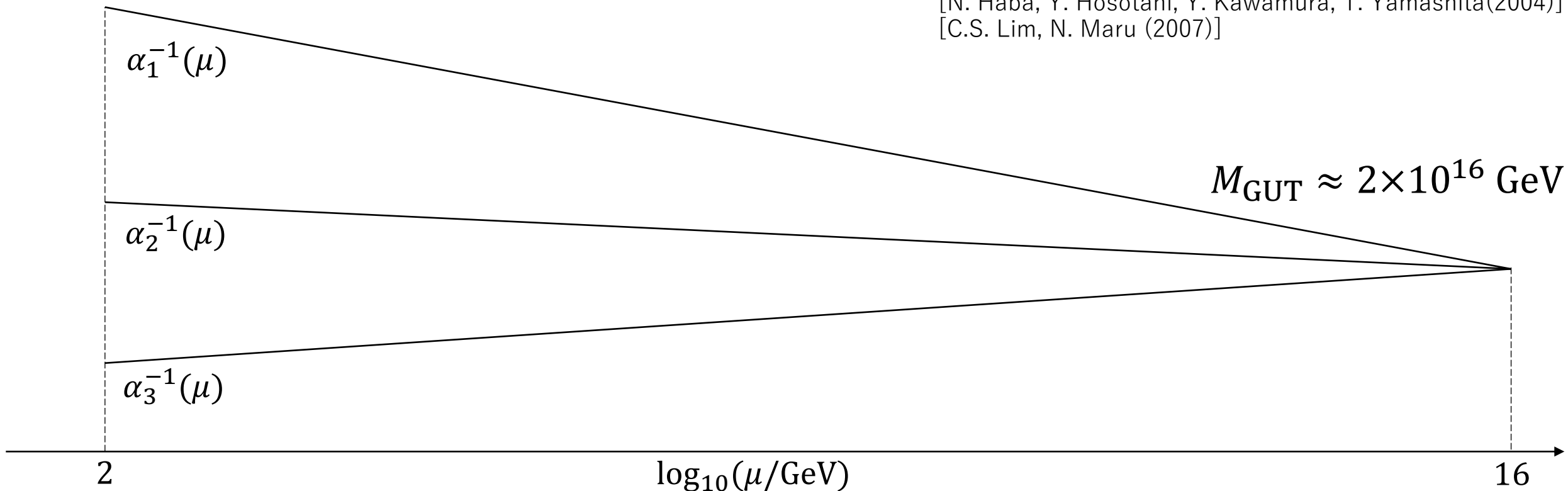
GHU + GUT → GGHU

5D SU(6) GGHU?

[G. Burdman, Y. Nomura (2003)]

[N. Haba, Y. Hosotani, Y. Kawamura, T. Yamashita(2004)]

[C.S. Lim, N. Maru (2007)]



5D SU(6) Grand Gauge-Higgs Unification

Fermion mass hierarchy

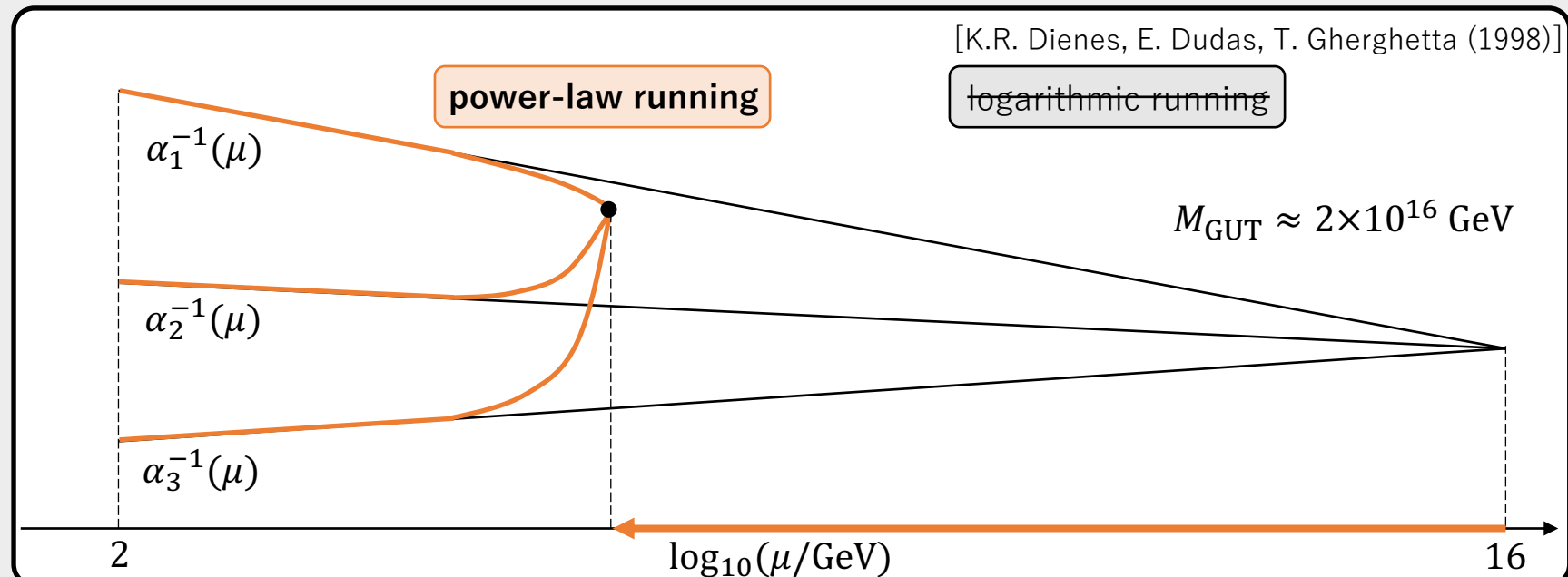
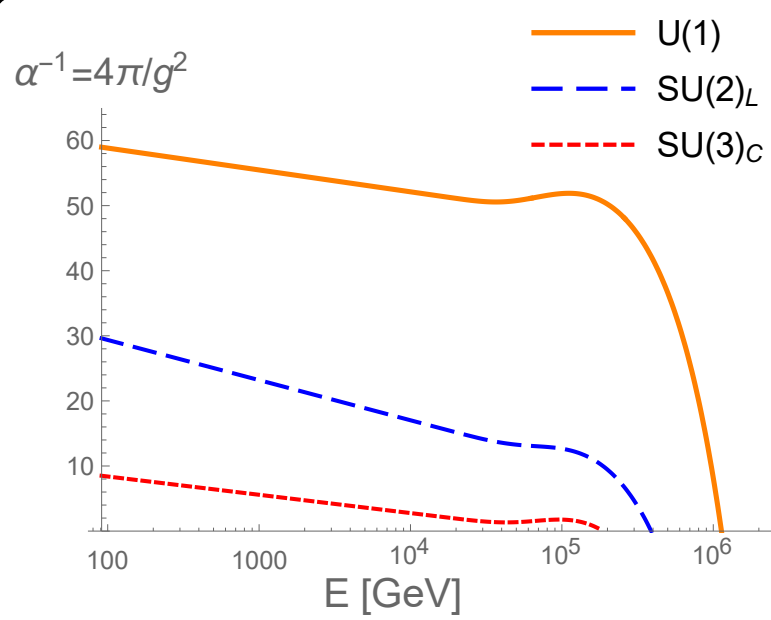
[N. Maru, Y. Yatagai (2020)]

The SM fermion mass hierarchy including top quark can be realized by introducing localized gauge kinetic terms.

Gauge coupling unification

Simplification

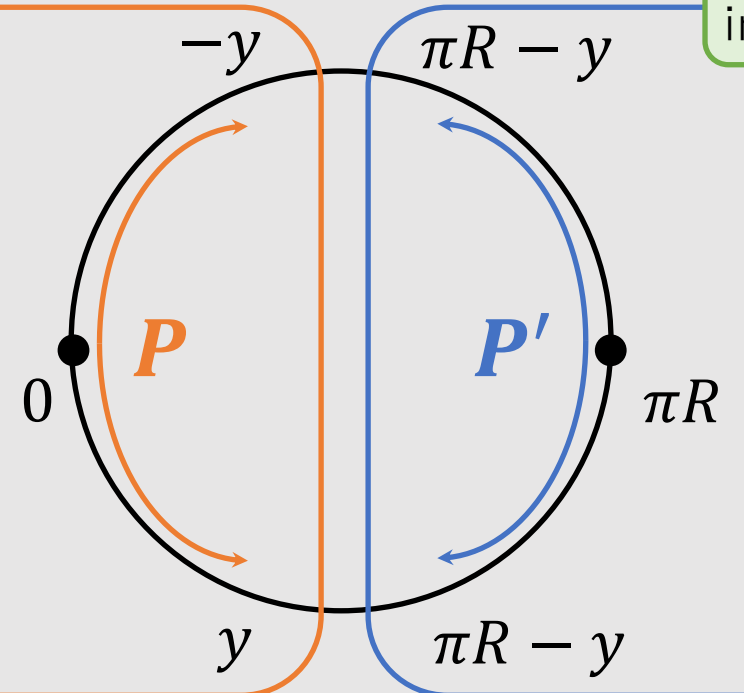
Many bulk fermions → ~~perturbative gauge coupling unification~~ → We reduced the number of them.



[K.R. Dienes, E. Dudas, T. Gherghetta (1998)]

Orbifold Breaking

Orbifold S^1/Z_2



(+, +) only survive in low energy EFT

Orbifold Breaking

$$A_\mu = \begin{pmatrix} (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (-, -) \\ (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (-, -) \\ (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (-, +) \\ (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (-, +) \\ (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, +) & (-, +) \\ (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (+, +) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$SU(6) \rightarrow SU(2)_L \times SU(3)_C \times U(1)_Y \times U(1)_X$$

$$A_y = \begin{pmatrix} (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (+, +) \\ (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, +) & (+, +) \\ (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (+, -) \\ (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (+, -) \\ (-, +) & (-, +) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (-, -) & (+, -) \\ (+, +) & (+, +) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (+, -) & (-, -) \end{pmatrix}$$

SM Higgs field is identified with **this part**

Assign Z_2 Parity

$$P = \text{diag}(+, +, +, +, +, -)$$

$$P' = \text{diag}(+, +, -, -, -, -)$$

Gauge sector with localized gauge kinetic terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{Gauge}} = -\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{F}^{a MN} \mathcal{F}_{MN}^a$$

$a : SU(6)$

c_i : dimensionless free parameters

$$c = c_1 + c_2$$

Boundary at $y = 0$

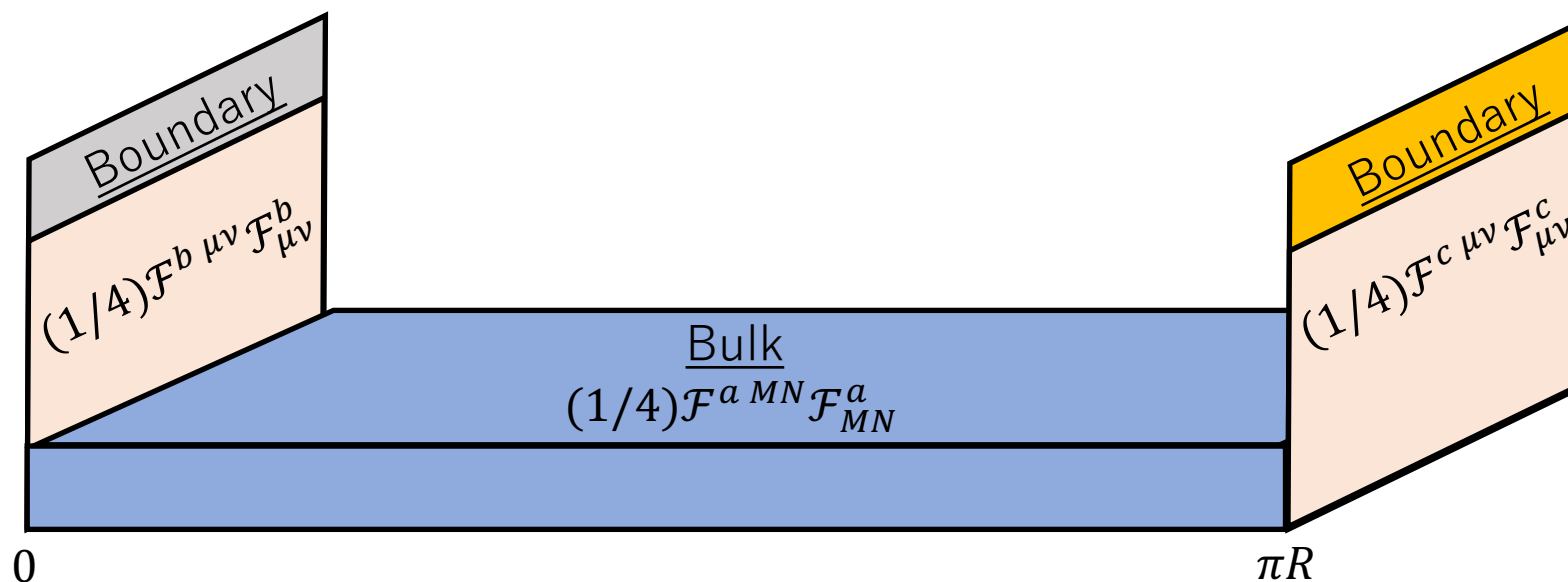
$$-2\pi R c_1 \delta(y) \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{F}^{b \mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^b$$

$b : SU(5) \times U(1)_X$
 $\rightarrow SU(5)$

Boundary at $y = \pi R$

$$-2\pi R c_2 \delta(y - \pi R) \frac{1}{4} \mathcal{F}^{c \mu\nu} \mathcal{F}_{\mu\nu}^c$$

$c : SU(2) \times SU(4) \times U(1)'$
 $\rightarrow SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$



Lagrangian for the bulk and mirror fermions

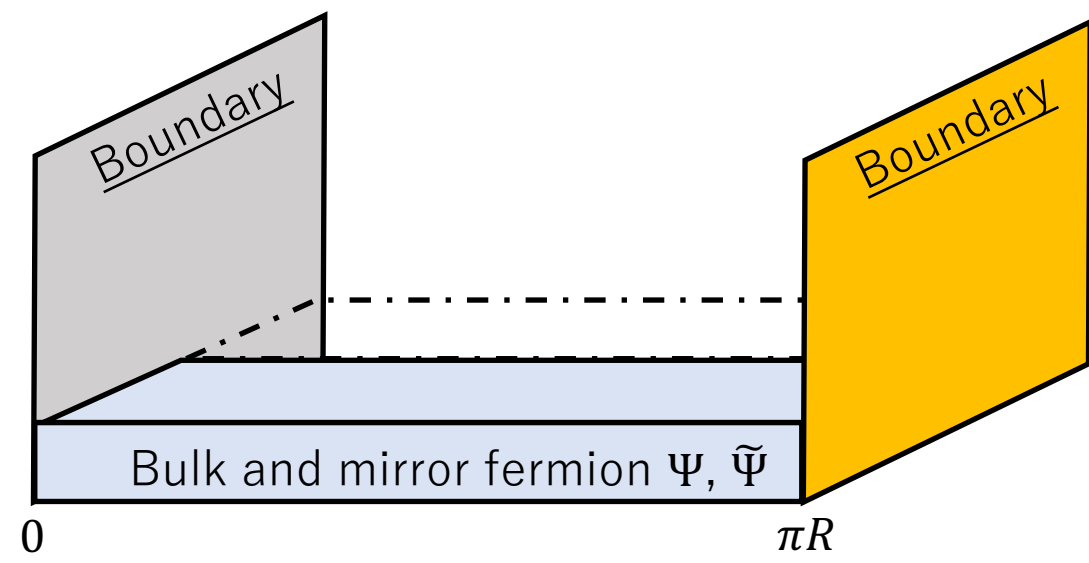
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{bulk+mirror}} = \underbrace{\bar{\Psi} i \Gamma^M D_M \Psi}_{\text{Bulk fermion } \Psi} + \underbrace{\bar{\tilde{\Psi}} i \Gamma^M D_M \tilde{\Psi}}_{\text{Mirror fermion } \tilde{\Psi}} + \left(M \bar{\Psi} \tilde{\Psi} + \text{h. c.} \right)$$

with opposite Z_2 parities each other

$$M = \frac{\lambda}{\pi R}$$

dimensionless parameters

Mass term in the bulk
to avoid exotic massless fermions

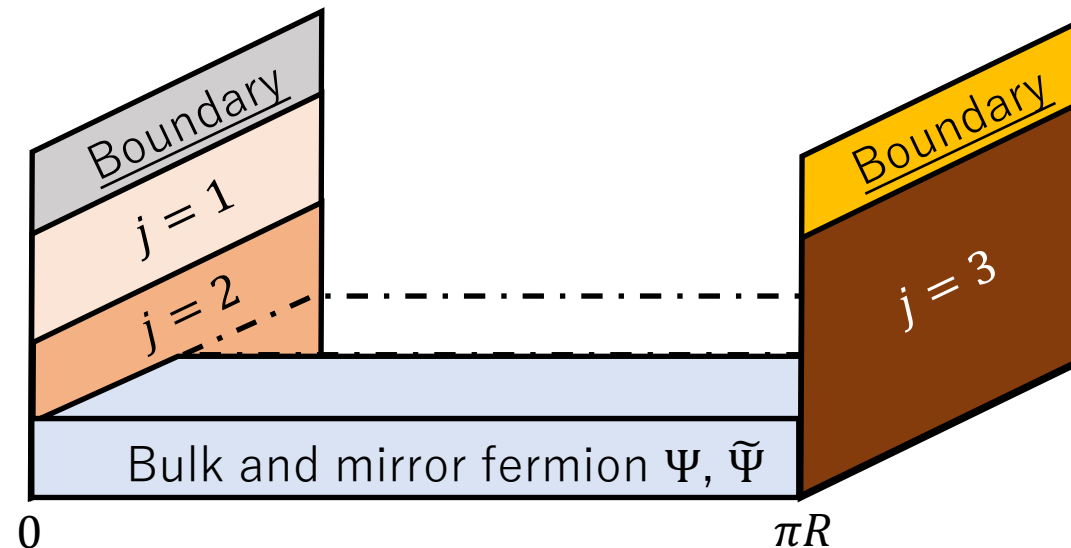


Lagrangian for the SM fermions

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{j=1,2} = \delta(y) [\bar{\chi}_{10}^j i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \chi_{10}^j + \bar{\chi}_{5^*}^j i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \chi_{5^*}^j + \bar{\chi}_1^j i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \chi_1^j]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}}^{j=3} = \delta(y - \pi R) & [\bar{q}_L^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu q_L^3 + \bar{u}_R^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu u_R^3 + \bar{d}_R^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu d_R^3 \\ & + \bar{l}_L^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu l_L^3 + \bar{e}_R^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu e_R^3 + \bar{\nu}_R^3 i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \nu_R^3] \end{aligned}$$

j : "Generation" of the SM fermions



Mixing mass terms between the bulk fermions and the SM fermions

Boundary at $y = 0$

$$\epsilon_{20}^j (\bar{\chi}_{10}^j \Psi_{10 \subset 20} + \bar{\chi}_{10}^{j,c} \Psi_{10^* \subset 20})$$

Bulk

Ψ_{20}

Ψ_{15}

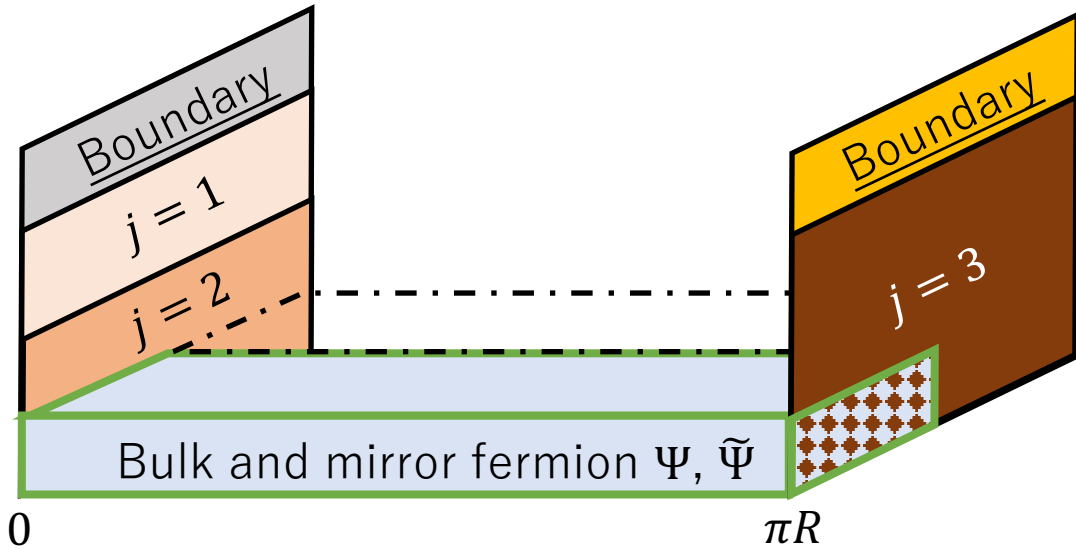
$\Psi_{15'}$

Ψ_6

$\Psi_{6'}$

Boundary at $y = \pi R$

$$\epsilon_{20e} (\bar{e}_R^3 E_{20} + \bar{u}_R^3 U_{20}) + \epsilon_{20q} \bar{q}_L^3 Q_{20}$$



Mixing mass terms between the bulk fermions and the SM fermions

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = \delta(y) [\bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}L} i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi_{\text{SM}L} + \dots]$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM+bulk}} = \delta(y) \{ \epsilon \bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}} \Psi + \dots \}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = \delta(y) [\bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}R} i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi_{\text{SM}R} + \dots]$$

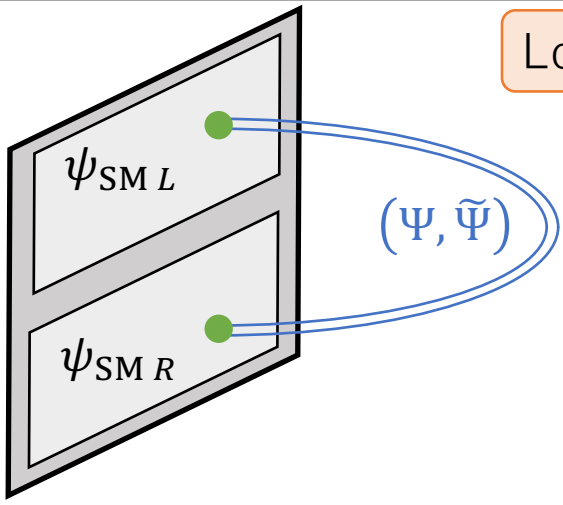
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{bulk+mirror}} = \bar{\Psi} i\Gamma^M D_M \Psi + \bar{\tilde{\Psi}} i\Gamma^M D_M \tilde{\Psi} + (M \bar{\Psi} \tilde{\Psi} + \text{h.c.})$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = \delta(y) [\bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}L} i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi_{\text{SM}L} + \dots]$$

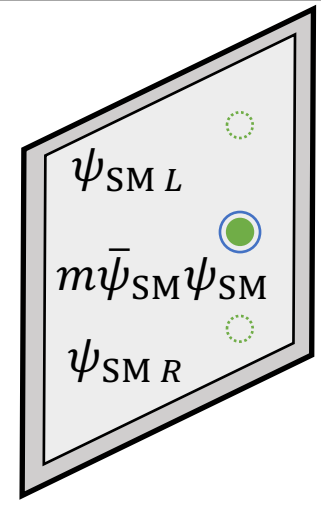
$$m \bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}} \psi_{\text{SM}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} = \delta(y) [\bar{\psi}_{\text{SM}R} i\Gamma^\mu D_\mu \psi_{\text{SM}R} + \dots]$$

Mixing mass terms between the SM fermions and the bulk fermions produce the SM fermion masses.



Low energy (effective theory)



<https://pdg.lbl.gov>

c	m_u	m_c	m_t	
70	1.724 MeV	1.291 GeV	181.918 GeV	
75	2.413 MeV	1.271 GeV	177.497 GeV	
80	2.223 MeV	1.290 GeV	178.684 GeV	
Data	$2.16^{+0.49}_{-0.26}$ MeV	1.27 ± 0.02 GeV	172 ± 0.30 GeV	
c	m_d	m_s	m_b	
70	5.119 MeV	94.0 MeV	4.928 GeV	
75	4.727 MeV	85.2 MeV	5.090 GeV	
80	4.856 MeV	84.5 MeV	5.150 GeV	
Data	$4.67^{+0.48}_{-0.17}$ MeV	93^{+11}_{-5} MeV	$4.18^{+0.13}_{-0.02}$ GeV	
c	$\sin\theta_{12}$	$\sin\theta_{13}$	$\sin\theta_{23}$	δ
70	0.157976	0.003336	0.041942	0.9834
75	0.165093	0.003767	0.048009	1.3759
80	0.168864	0.003985	0.044065	1.3053
Data	0.22650 ± 0.00048	$0.00361^{+0.00011}_{-0.00009}$	$0.04053^{+0.00083}_{-0.00061}$	$1.196^{+0.045}_{-0.043}$

<https://pdg.lbl.gov>

c	m_e	m_μ	m_τ
70	0.5093 MeV	106.358 MeV	1912.20 MeV
75	0.5125 MeV	103.804 MeV	1856.99 MeV
80	0.5100 MeV	105.381 MeV	1899.96 MeV
Data	0.5109989461(31) MeV	105.6583745(24) MeV	1776.86(12) MeV

c	Δm_{21}^2	Δm_{32}^2 (Normal)
70	$7.7514 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$	$2.4777 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$
75	$7.6760 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$	$2.4367 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$
80	$7.7279 \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$	$2.4670 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$
Data	$(7.53 \pm 0.18) \times 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$	$(2.453 \pm 0.033) \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$

c	$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$ (Normal)	δ
70	0.4421	2.234×10^{-2}	0.5200	$1.729\pi \text{ rad}$
75	0.4567	2.127×10^{-2}	0.5197	$1.626\pi \text{ rad}$
80	0.3855	2.225×10^{-2}	0.4108	$1.916\pi \text{ rad}$
Data	0.307 ± 0.013	$(2.20 \pm 0.07) \times 10^{-2}$	0.546 ± 0.021	$1.36_{-0.16}^{+0.20} \pi \text{ rad}$

Summary

5D SU(6) grand gauge-Higgs unification is discussed.

- The number of the bulk fermions is reduced.
- **Simplified model** is expected to realize perturbative gauge coupling unification.
- **Fermion mass hierarchy and its mixing** are reproduced.

Future work

Reanalyzing electroweak symmetry breaking and Higgs mass

Gauge coupling unification

Proton decay