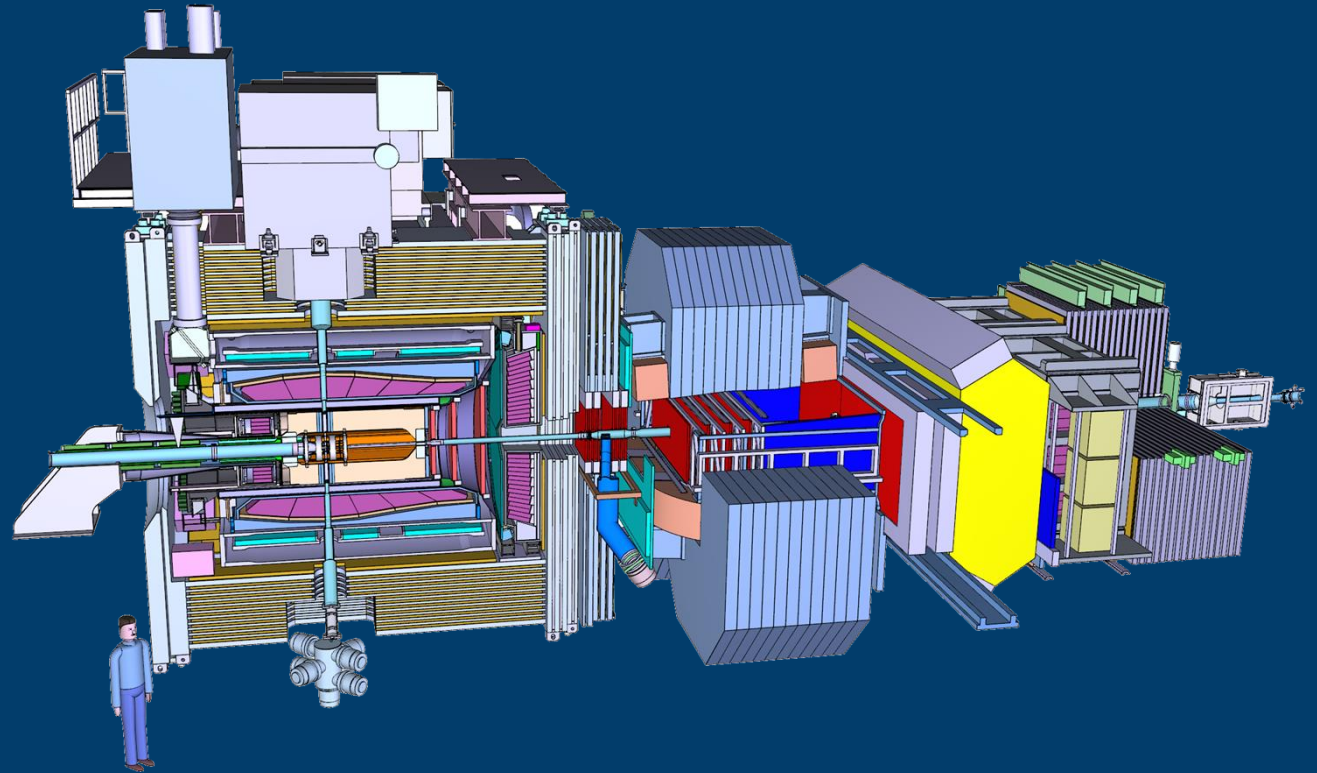


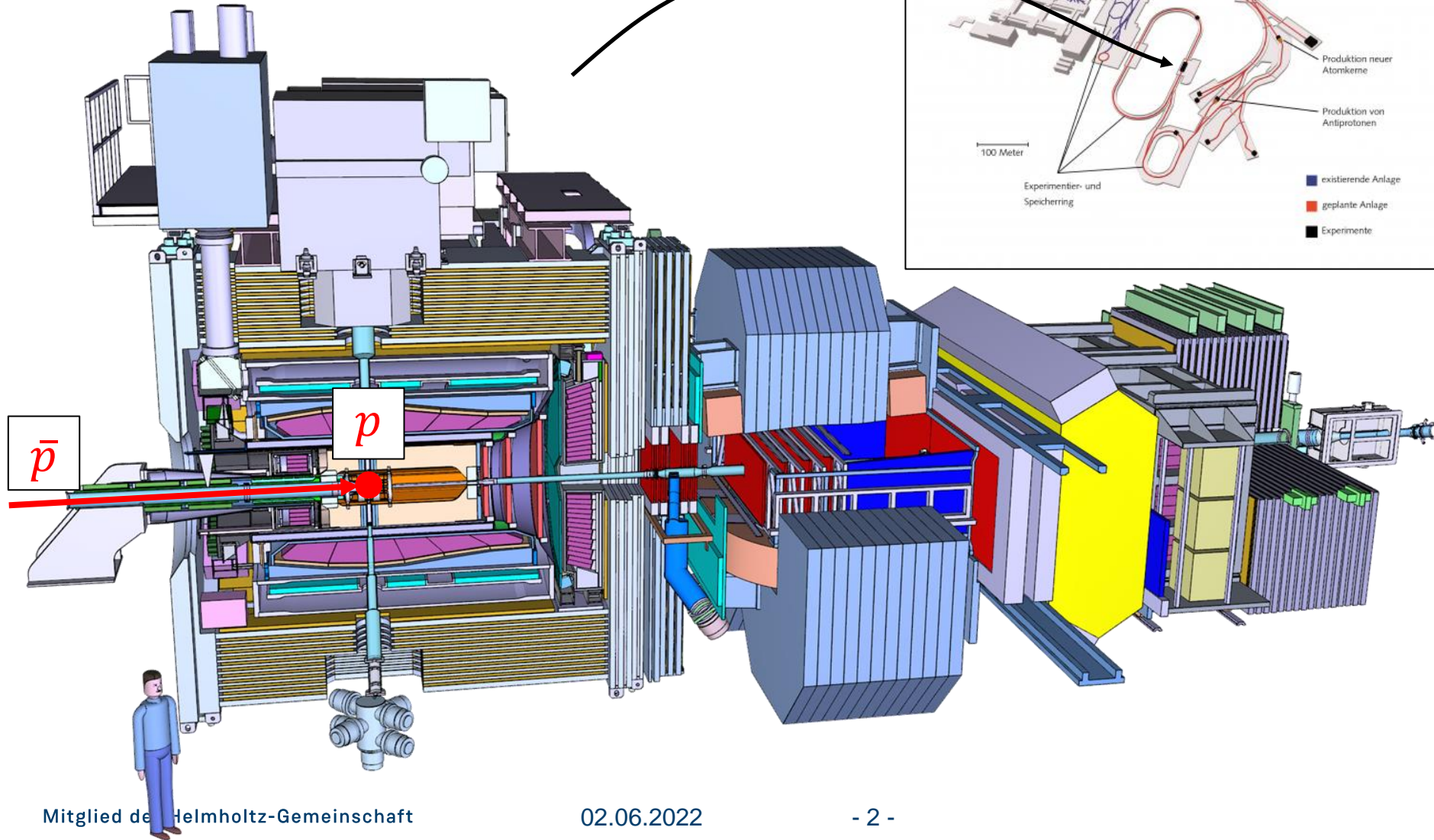
Track Finding for the PANDA Experiment

02.06.2022 | CONNECTING THE DOTS 2022 | ANNA ALICKE | IKP 1 - FZJ



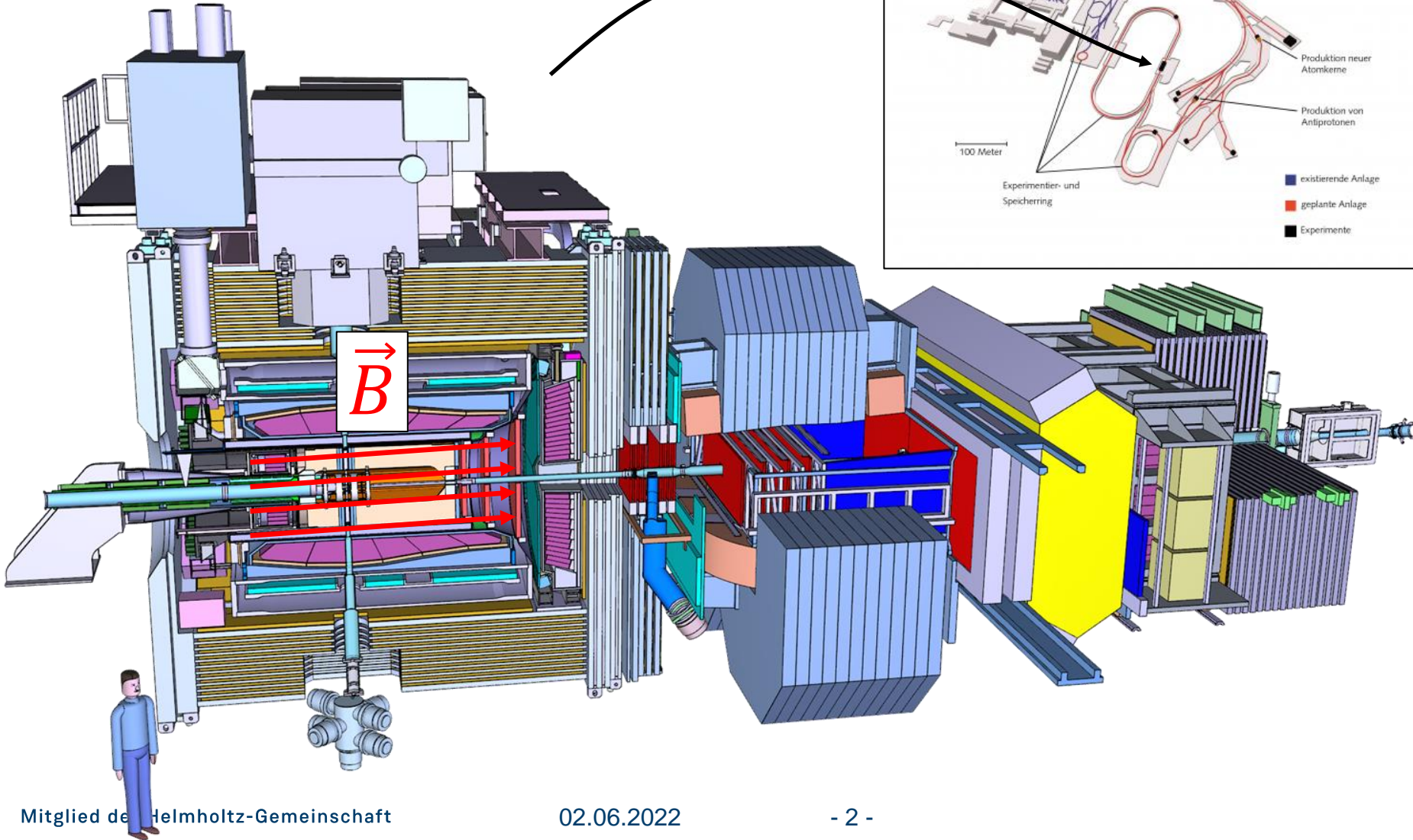
INTRODUCTION

The PANDA detector



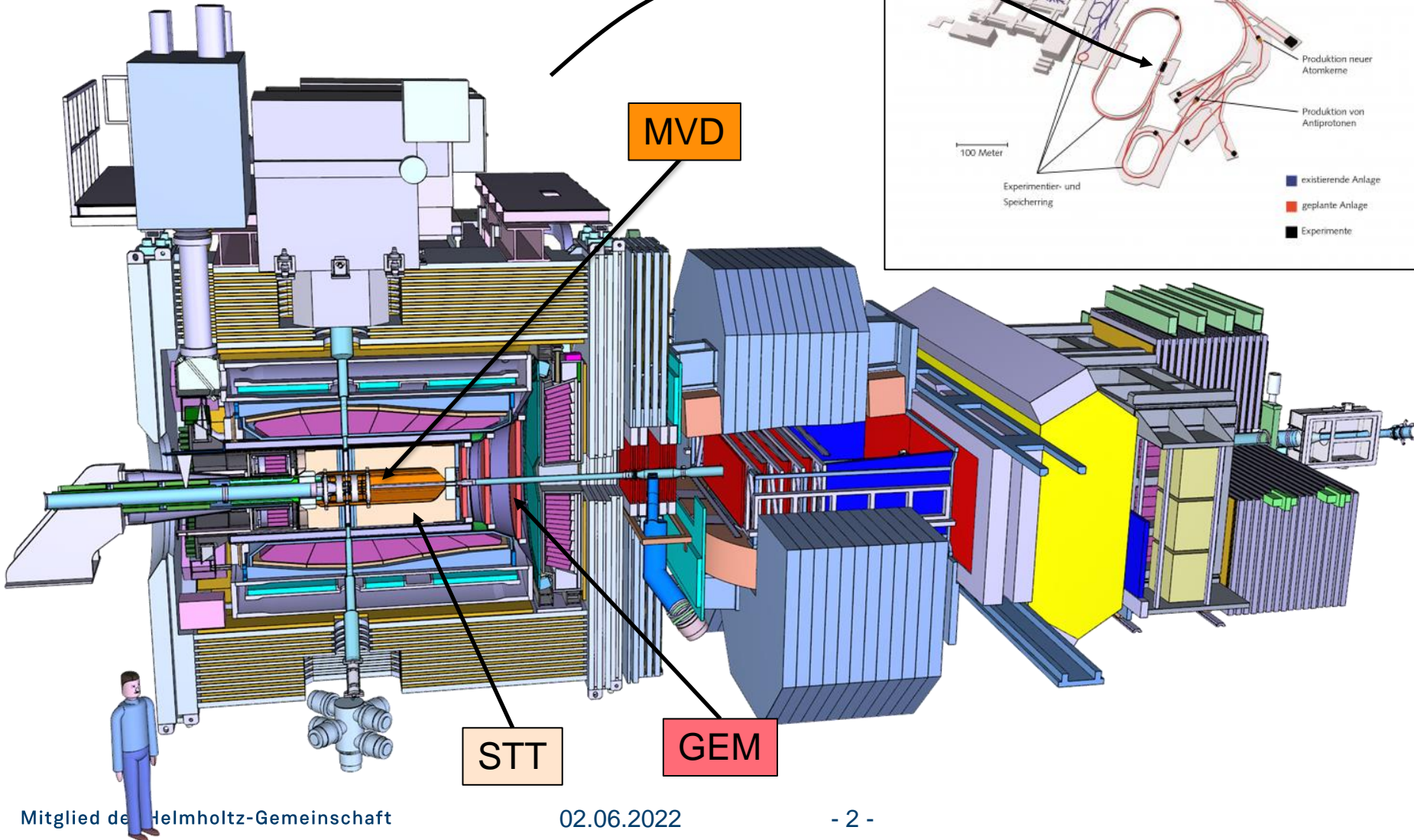
INTRODUCTION

The PANDA detector



INTRODUCTION

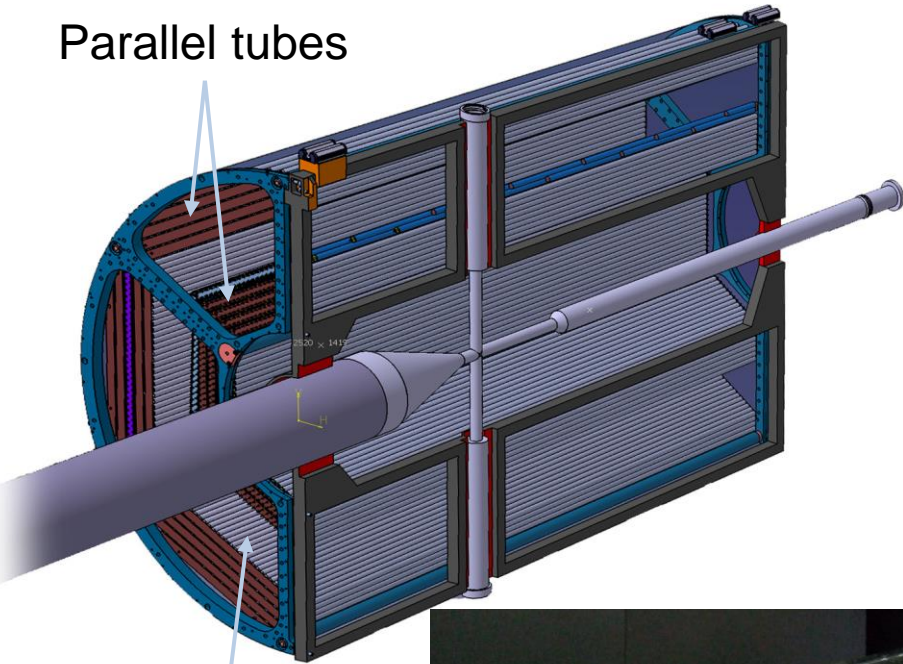
The PANDA detector



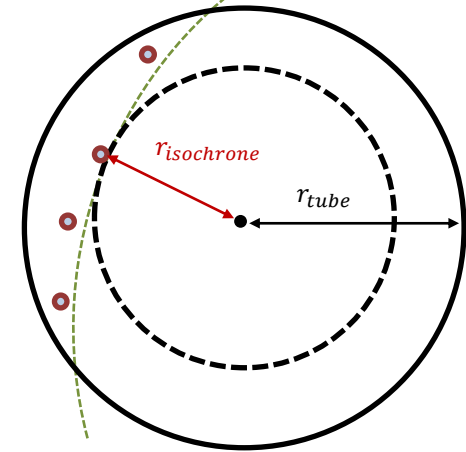
THE STRAW TUBE TRACKER



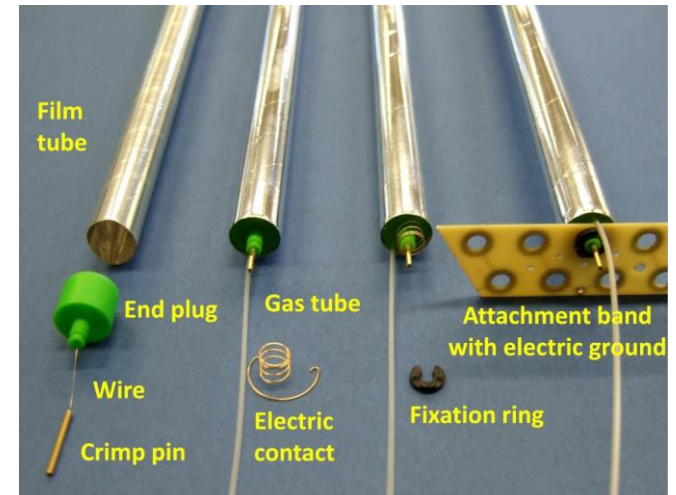
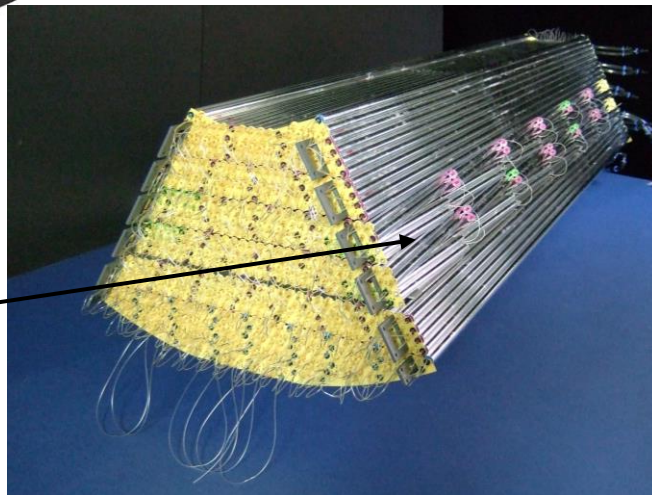
Parallel tubes



Straw tube



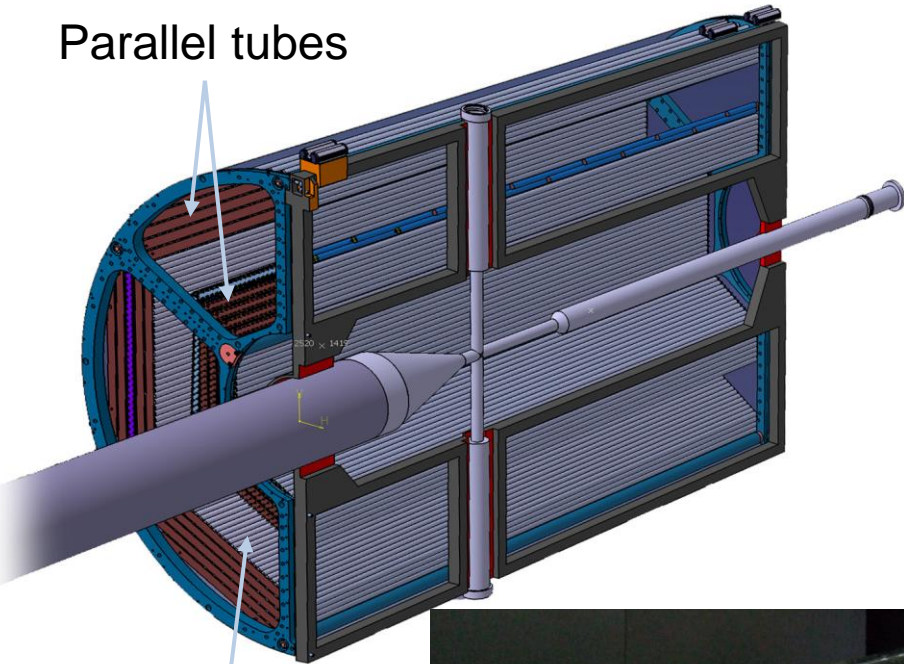
Skewed tubes



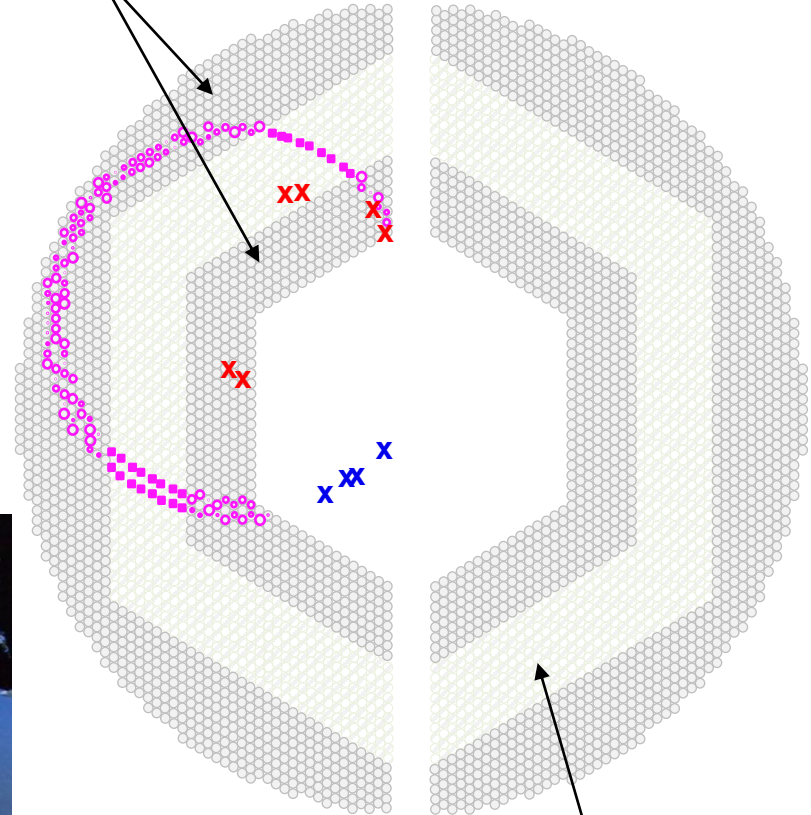
THE STRAW TUBE TRACKER



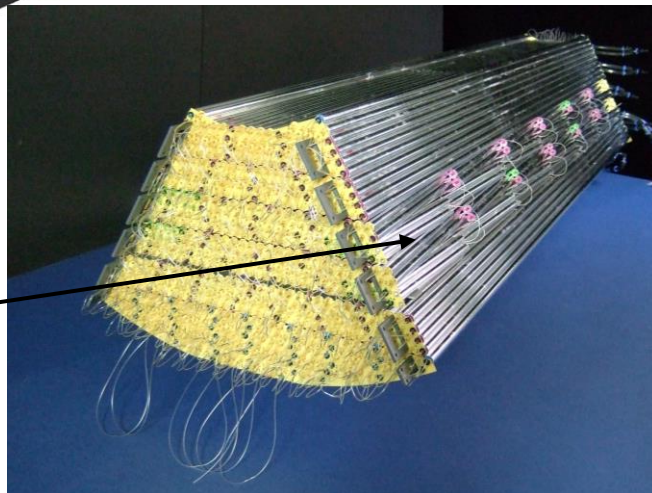
Parallel tubes



Parallel tubes



Skewed tubes

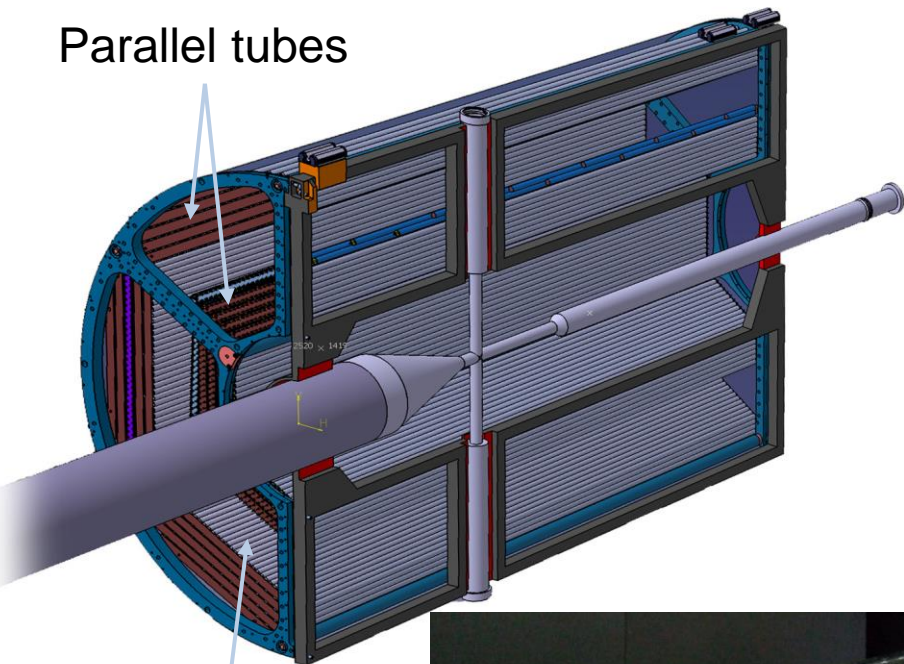


Skewed tubes:
Important for z
component

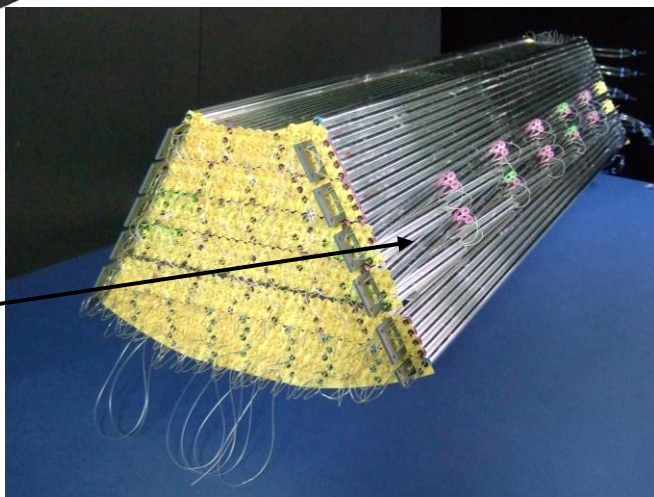
THE STRAW TUBE TRACKER



Parallel tubes



Skewed tubes



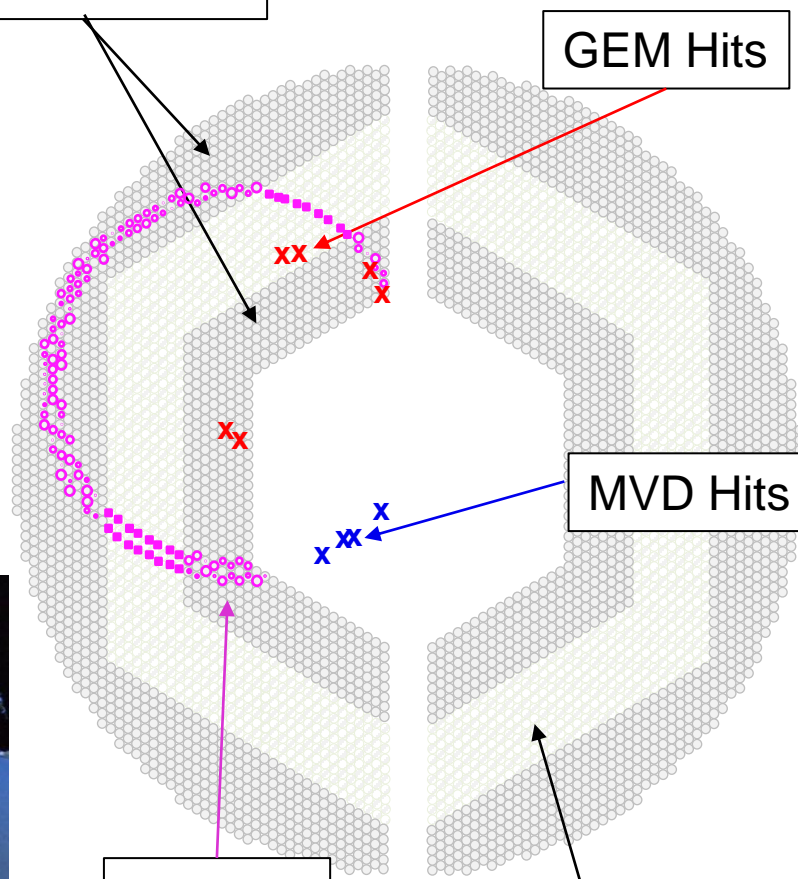
Parallel tubes

GEM Hits

MVD Hits

STT Hits

Skewed tubes:
Important for z
component



TRACK FINDING WITH ISOCHRONES

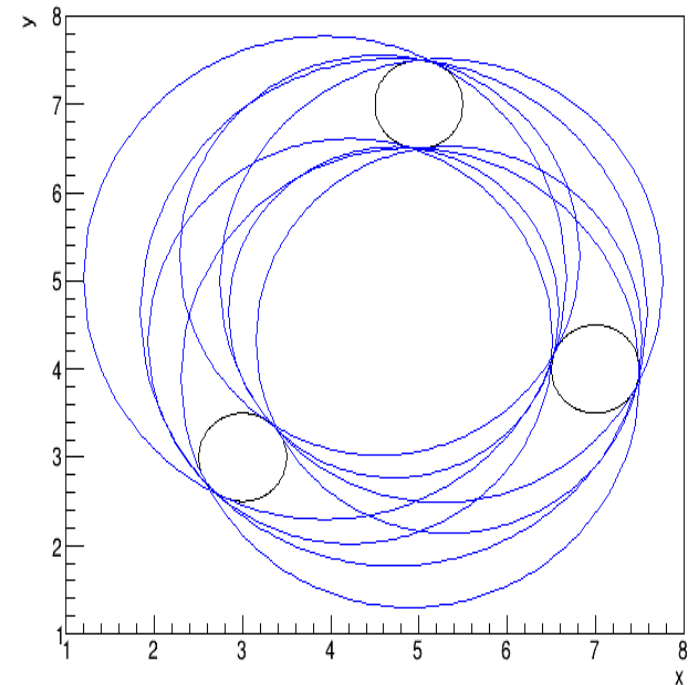
Challenge

- Particle is tangent to the isochrones
- Usual tracking algorithms use 2D/3D hit points (circle/helix fits in solenoid fields)
- STT high spatial resolution only with isochrone information (150 μm)

X interaction point (IP)

Approach to a Solution

“Problem of Apollonius”



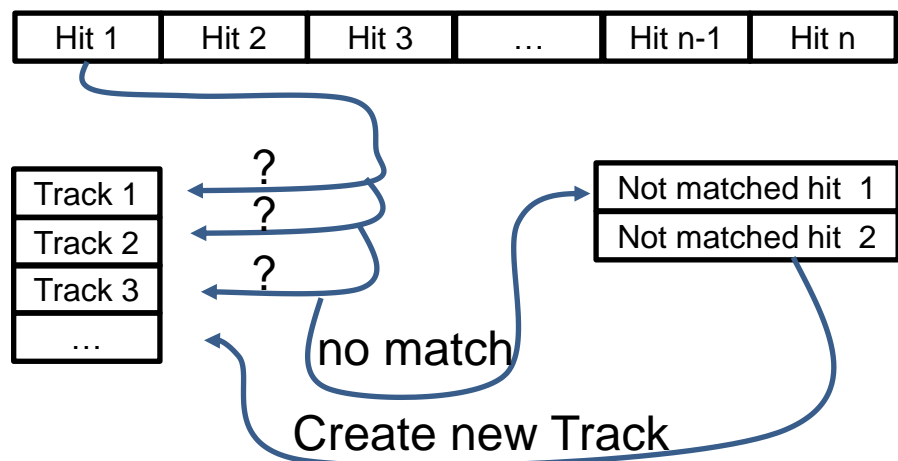
TRACKING ALGORITHMS



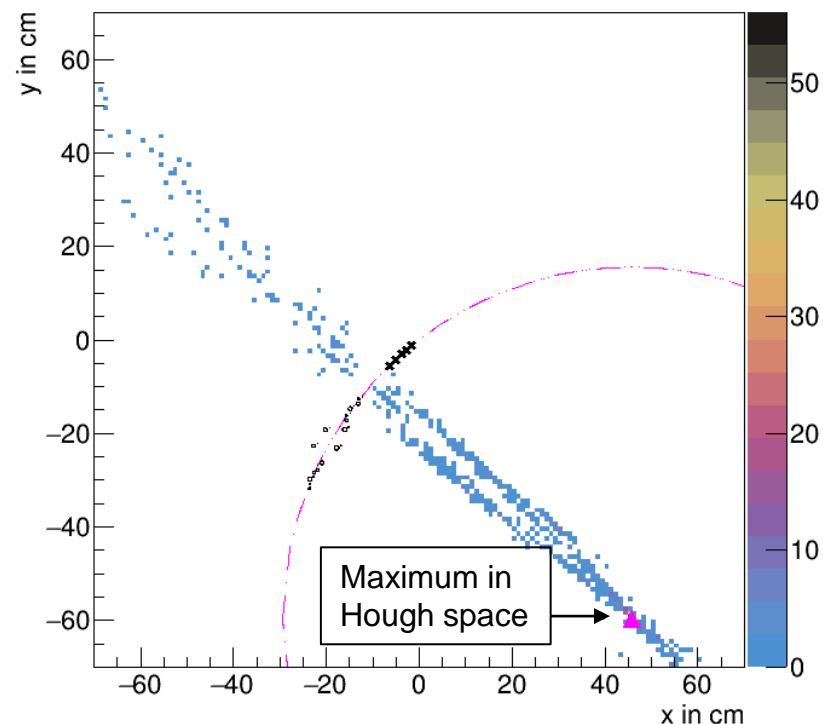
Primary track finders → Tracks originating from primary vertex

Standard Tracker

- Takes one hit after another
- Calculates circle from 3 hits
- Does hit belong to a track?



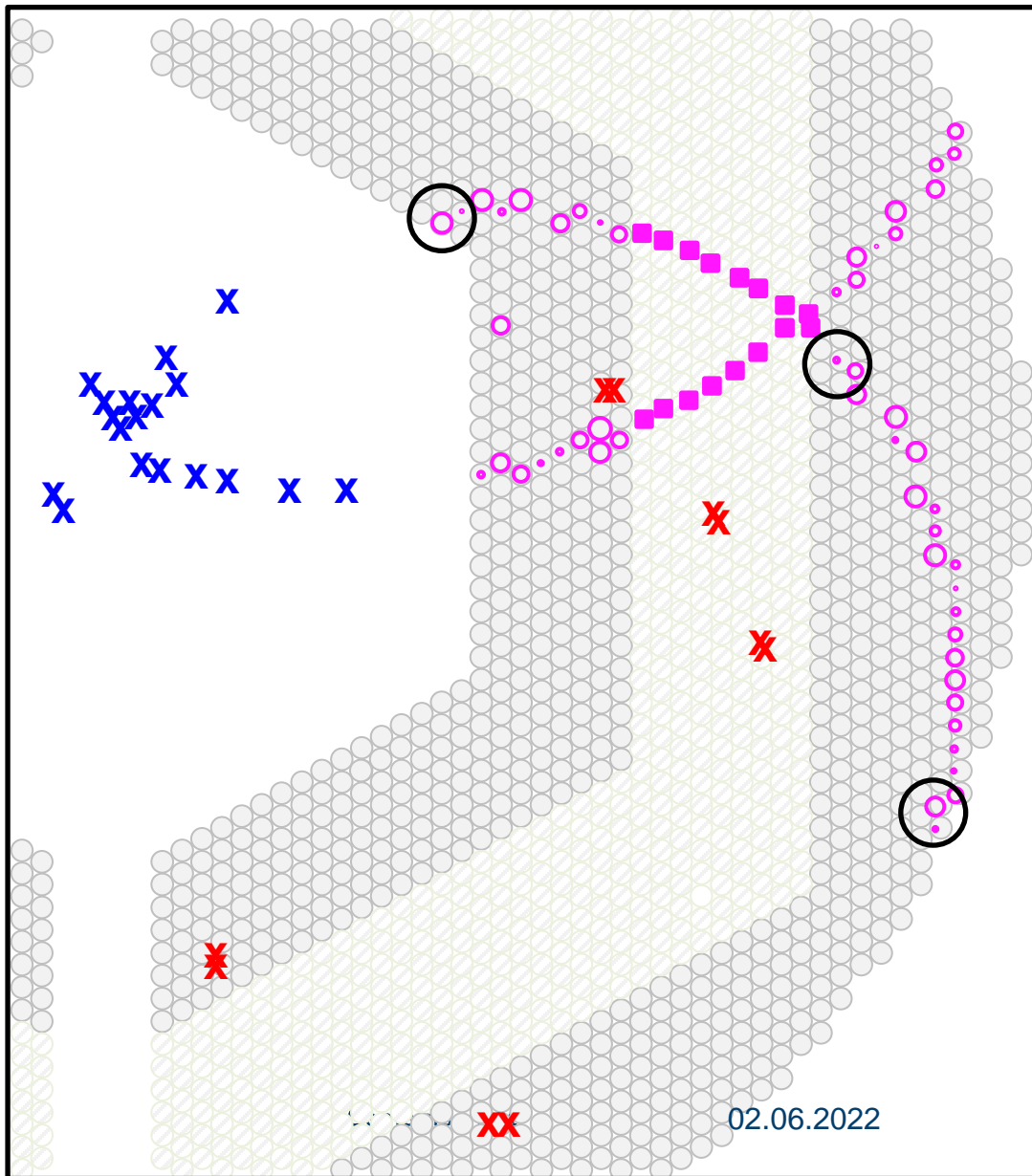
Hough Tracker



SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

→ Tracks originating from displaced secondary vertex

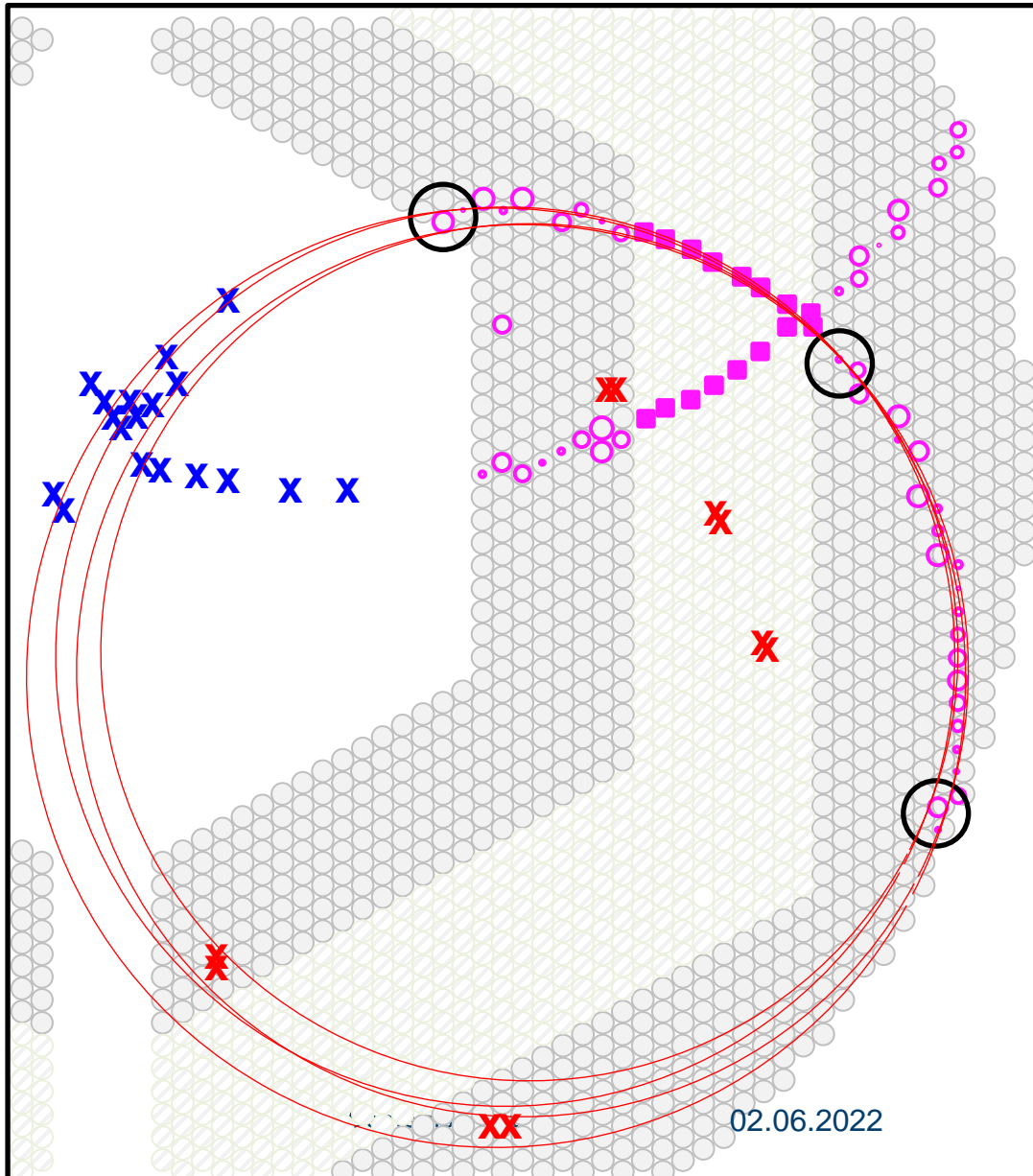
- Basic idea
 - Select three STT hits



SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

→ Tracks originating from displaced secondary vertex

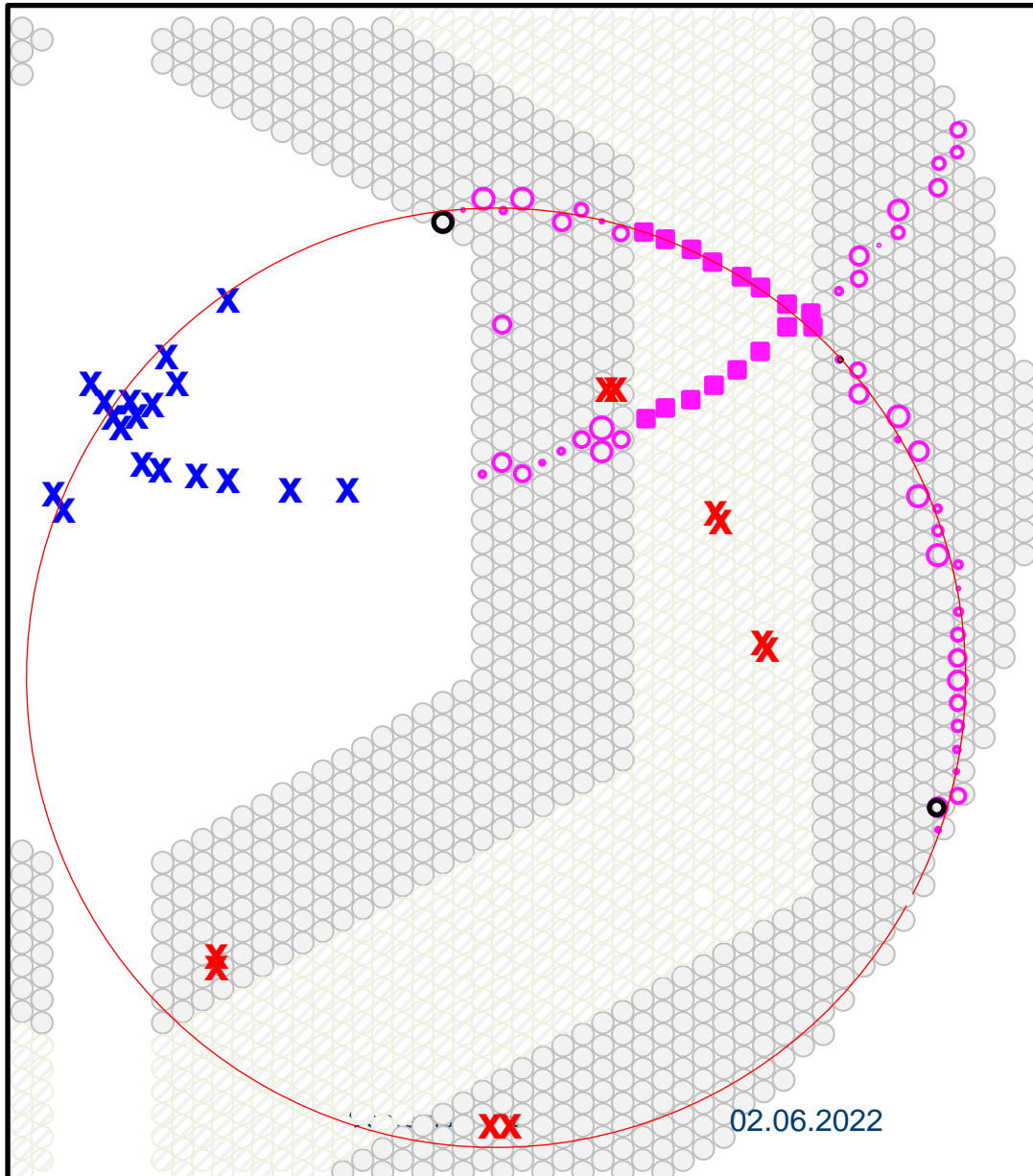
- Basic idea
 - Select three STT hits
 - Calculate Apollonius Circles
 - Add other STT hits which are close to circles



SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

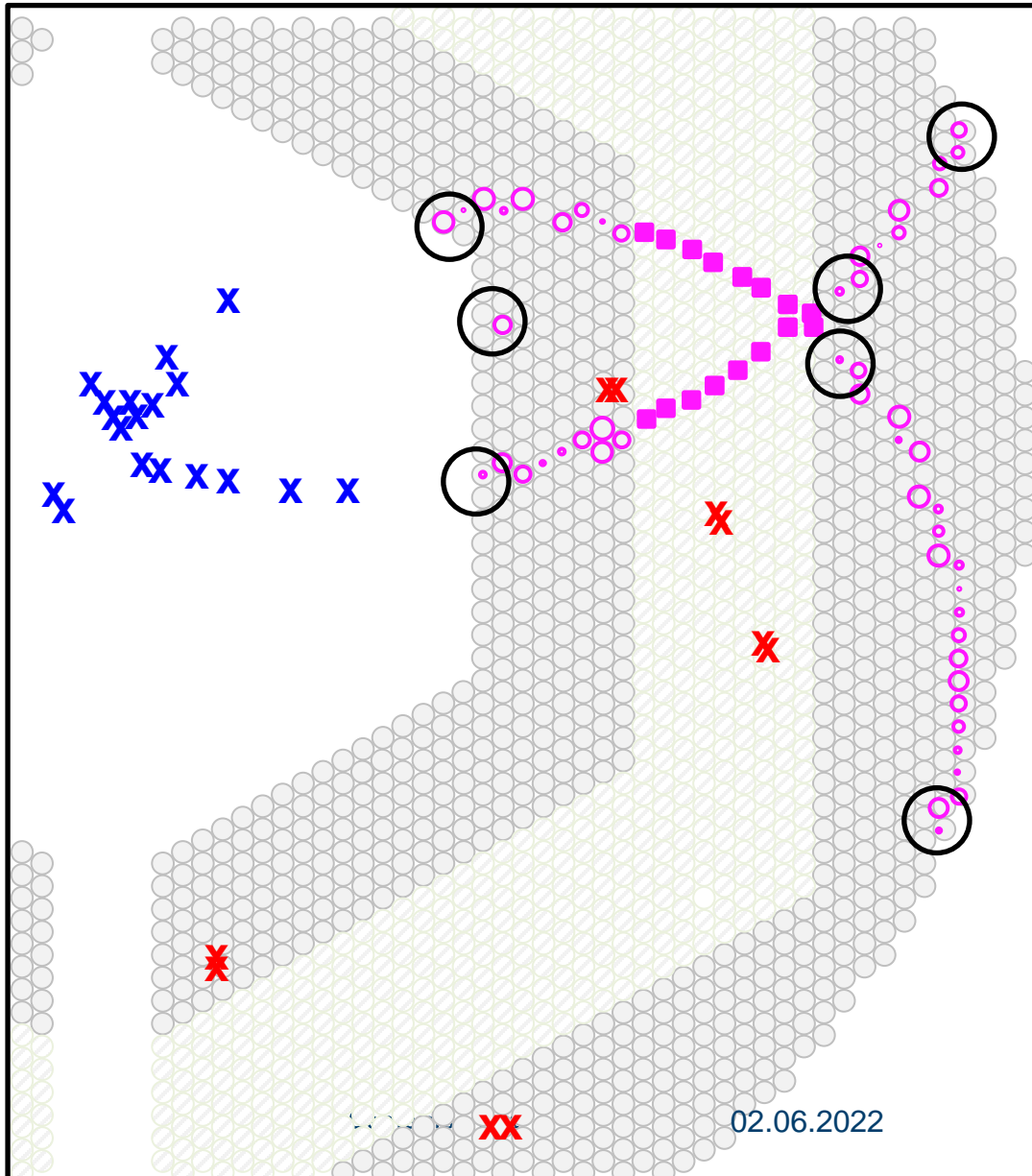
→ Tracks originating from displaced secondary vertex

- Basic idea
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 - Add other STT hits which are close to circles
 - Select best solution(s)



SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

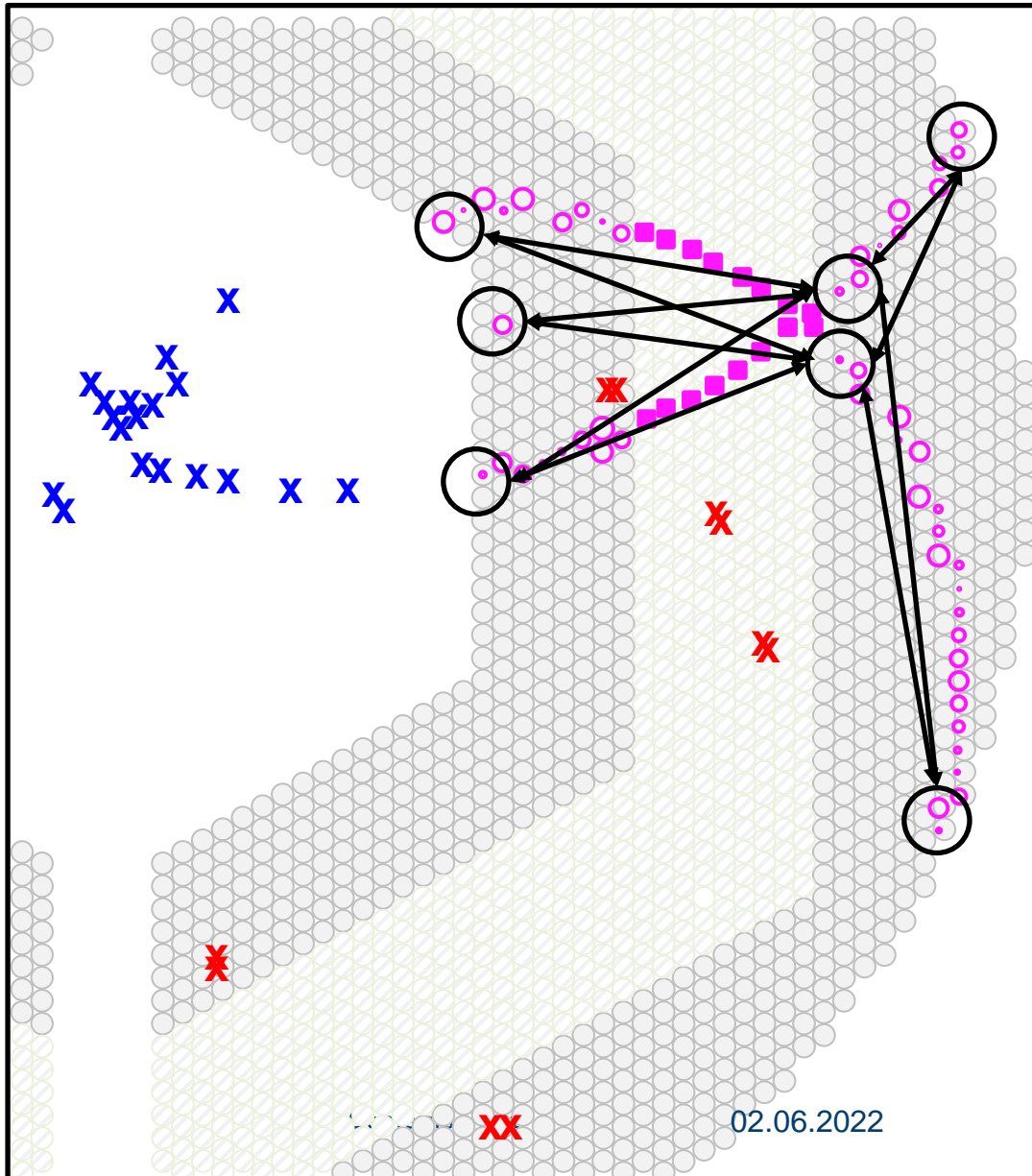
→ Tracks originating from displaced secondary vertex



- Basic idea
 - Select three STT hits
 - Calculate Apollonius Circles
 - Add other STT hits which are close to circles
 - Select best solution(s)
- **How to find a good triplet?**
 - Define set of inner, mid and outer STT hits
 - Too many combinations: slow
 - Too few combinations: low efficiency

SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

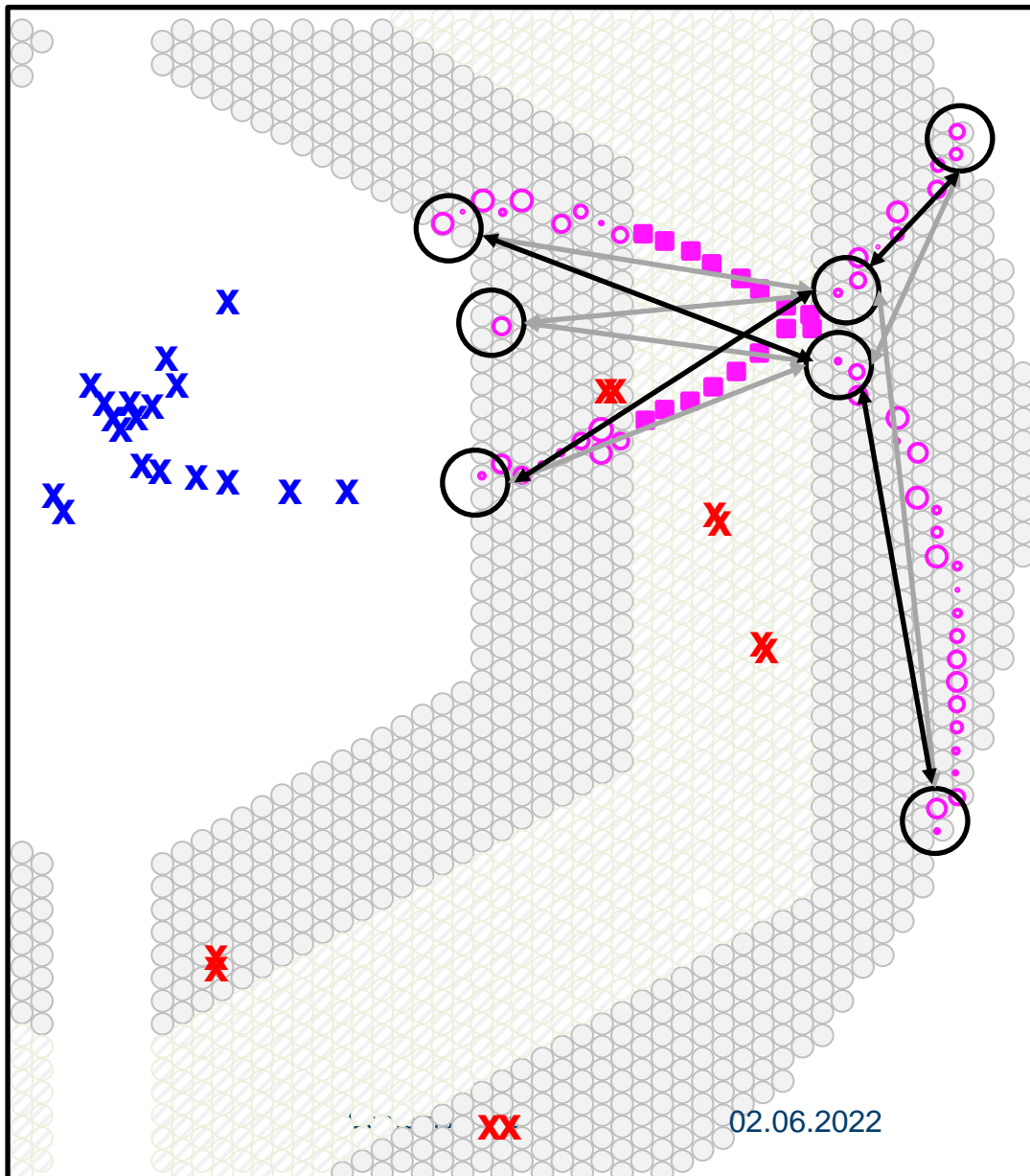
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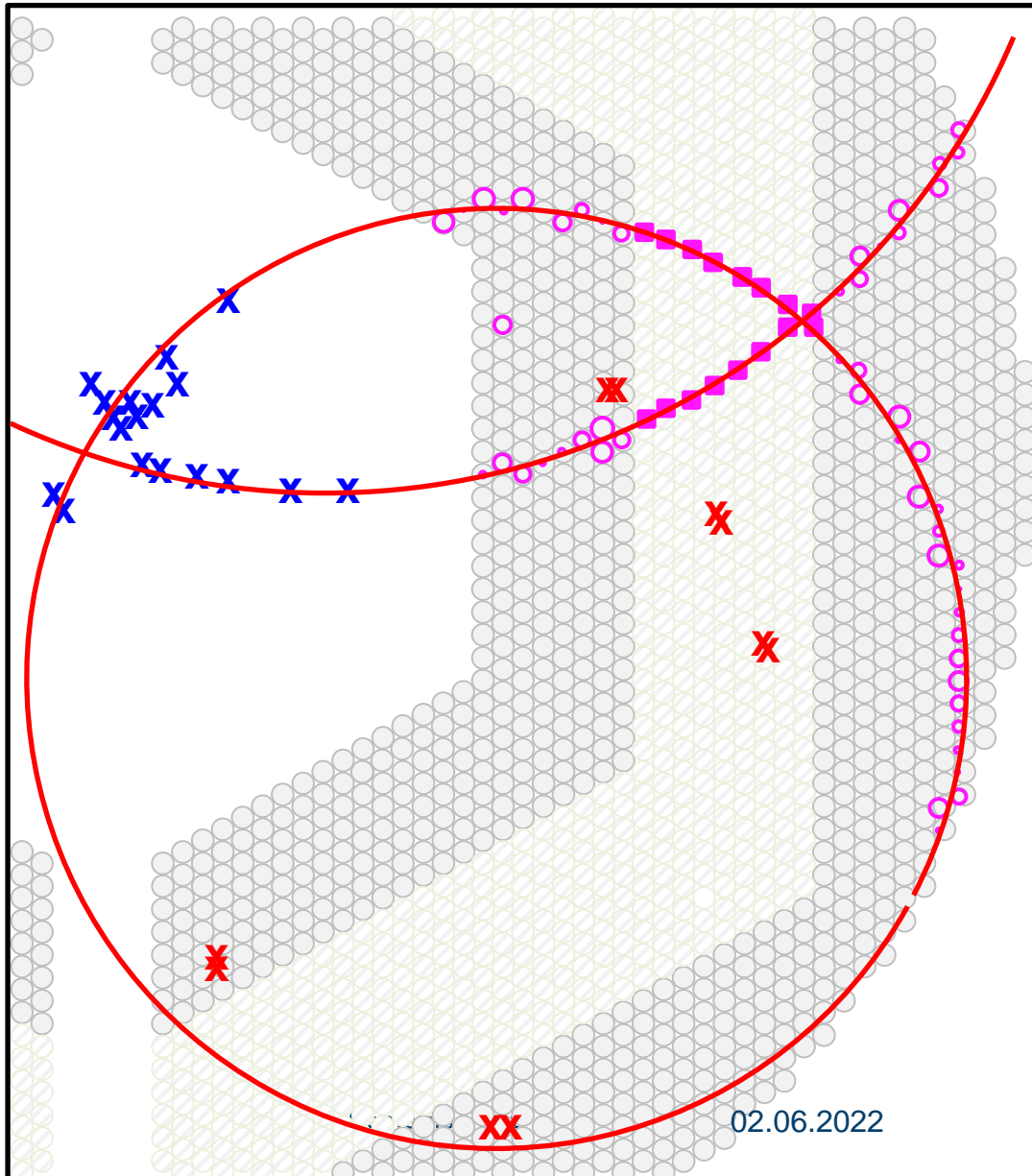
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 - Continuity check

SECONDARY TRACK FINDER

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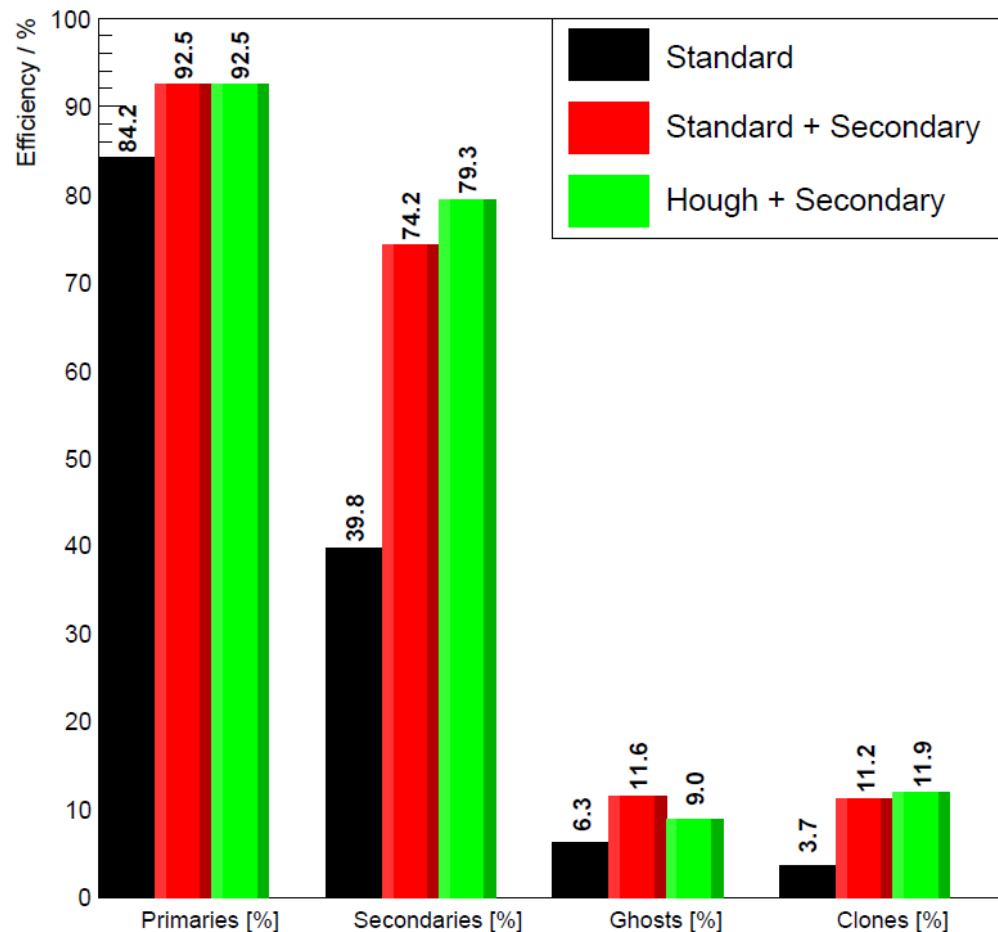
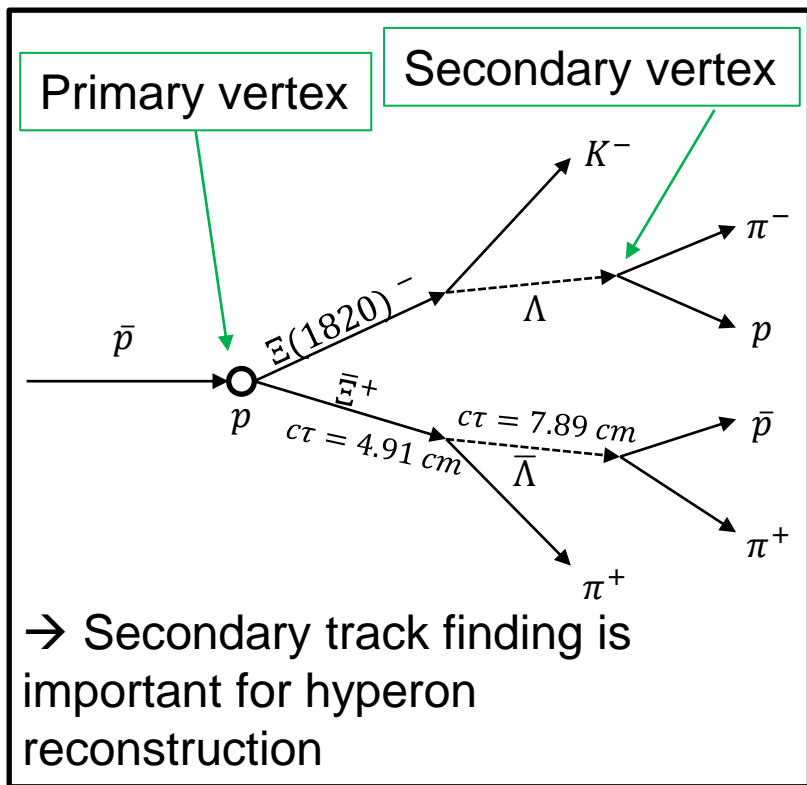


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 - Select three STT hits
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 - Select best solution(s)
- **How to find a good triplet?**
 - Define set of inner, mid and outer STT hits
 - Too many combinations: slow
 - Too few combinations: low efficiency
- **Which is the proper circle?**
 - Continuity check
 - Number of hits in track
 - Quadratic distance of hits to circle

TRACK FINDING RESULTS



Simulated data: 5000 events of $p \bar{p} \rightarrow \Xi(1820)^- \Xi^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^- \bar{\Lambda} \pi^+ \rightarrow p \pi^- K^- \pi^+ \bar{p} \pi^+$



Final state and full event efficiencies

Simulated data: 400 000 events of $p \bar{p} \rightarrow \Xi(1820)^- \bar{\Xi}^+ \rightarrow \Lambda K^- \bar{\Lambda} \pi^+ \rightarrow p \pi^- K^- \pi^+ \bar{p} \pi^+$

	Standard [%]	Standard + Secondary [%]	Hough + Secondary [%]
K^-	91.4	93.9	89.4
p	75.5	86.9	84.7
π^-	58.4	68.8	72.9
$\pi^+(\bar{\Xi}^+)$	67.1	86.0	88.0
\bar{p}	72.3	78.8	75.3
π^+	59.7	80.8	87.7
Full event	2.4	9.5	19.9

- Efficiencies are comparable to previously shown primary/secondary efficiencies
- Reconstruction efficiency strongly improved
 - Factor of 4 for adding secondary track finder
 - Factor of 8 for new primary + secondary track finder

SUMMARY & OUTLOOK



Summary

- Introduced new secondary track finder
- New primary track finder + secondary track finder improves reconstruction efficiency by factor of 8

Outlook

- Optimizing for speed
- Online tracking:
 - Reduce memory consumption of Hough track finder
 - Performance of secondary track finder on GPU

Thank you for
your attention!

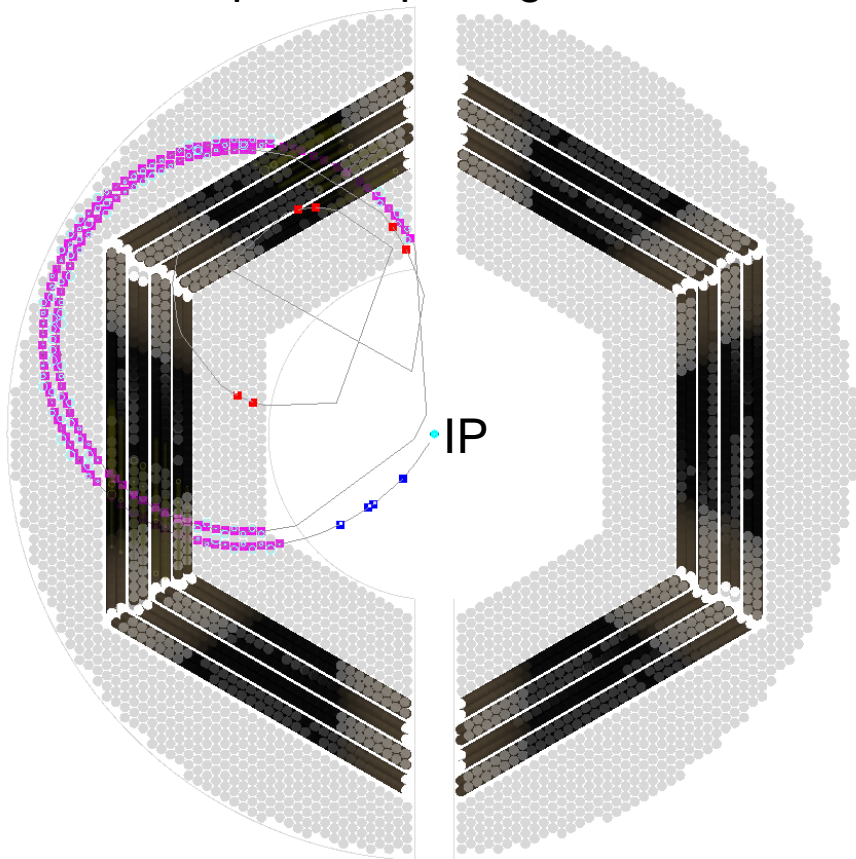
SECONDARY TRACKING



Primary tracks

Track originates from initial interaction point (IP)

→ One precise point given



Secondary tracks

Track has a displaced secondary vertex
→ much more difficult (higher combinatorics)

