

# Dimension-8 SMEFT Effects in the Drell-Yan process

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In collaboration with:

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Northwestern  
University

May 13th @ LoopFest XX



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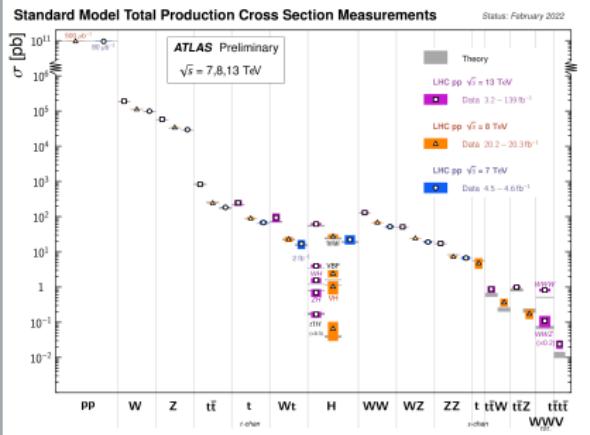
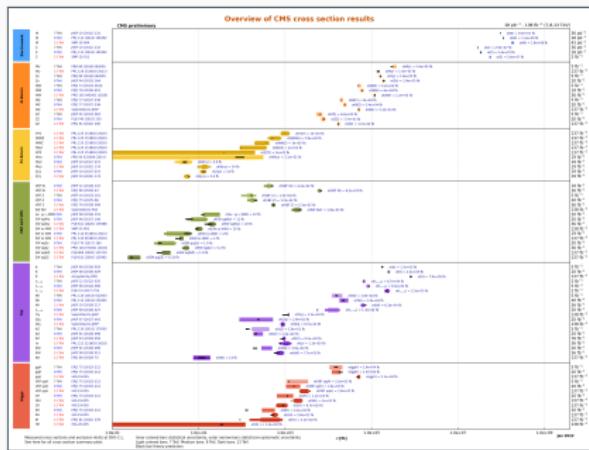
## 4 Summary

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# Introduction

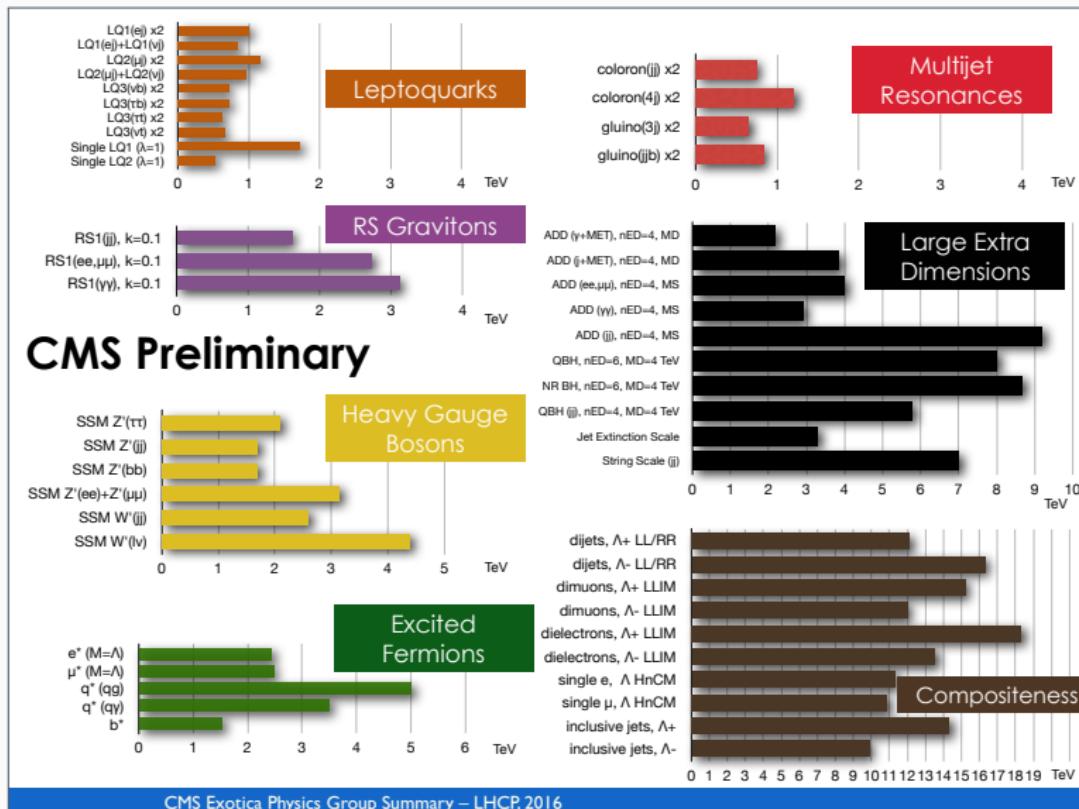
# STATUS OF THE SM

Examples:



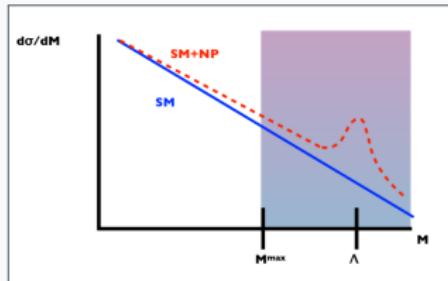
Remarkable agreement between theory predictions and the experiment measurements!

# BSM SEARCHES



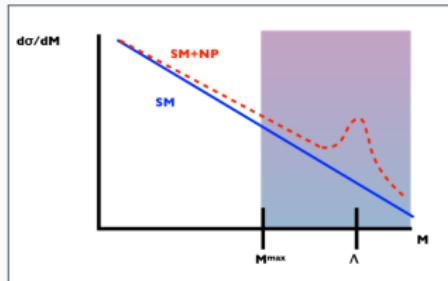
# SMEFT a model-independent approach

- No BSM particle found
- Calls for precision test of SM



# SMEFT a model-independent approach

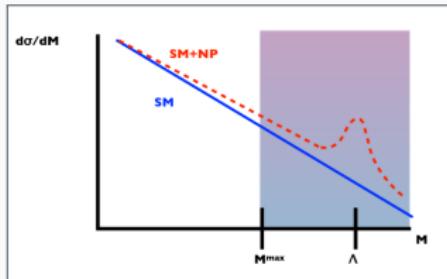
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- Standard Model Effective Field Theory (SMEFT)
  - SM particles
  - all possible operators satisfying symmetries of the SM
  - power counting: new physics scale  $\Lambda$

# SMEFT a model-independent approach

- No BSM particle found
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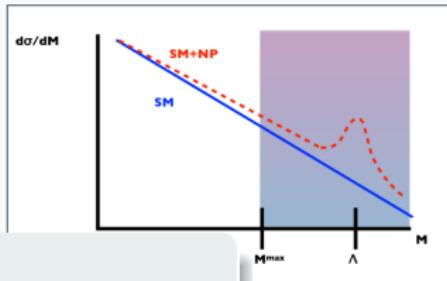


- Standard Model Effective Field Theory (SMEFT)
  - SM particles
  - all possible operators satisfying symmetries of the SM
  - power counting: new physics scale  $\Lambda$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \boxed{\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum C_6 \mathcal{O}_6} + \boxed{\frac{1}{\Lambda^4} \sum C_8 \mathcal{O}_8} + \dots$$

- No odd dimensions in this talk
- ▶  $\boxed{\mathcal{L}_6}$ : 76 B-preserving Lagrangian terms, 2499 parameters **Grzadkowski et al. 2010**
- ▶  $\boxed{\mathcal{L}_8}$ : 1031 Lagrangian terms, 44807 parameters **Murphy 2020; Li et al. 2021**
- No specific model needed

- No BSM particle found
- Calls for precision test of SM



In this talk:

- Standard Model
  - SM parameters
  - all possible terms
  - power corrections

Warsaw basis for dimension-6

Murphy's basis for dimension-8

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \left[ \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \sum C_6 \mathcal{O}_6 \right] + \left[ \frac{1}{\Lambda^4} \sum C_8 \mathcal{O}_8 \right] + \dots$$

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## MOTIVATION for the inclusion of dimension-8 operators

- How important are the dim-8 effects at LHC?
- How sensitive are current fits to the dim-8 effects?

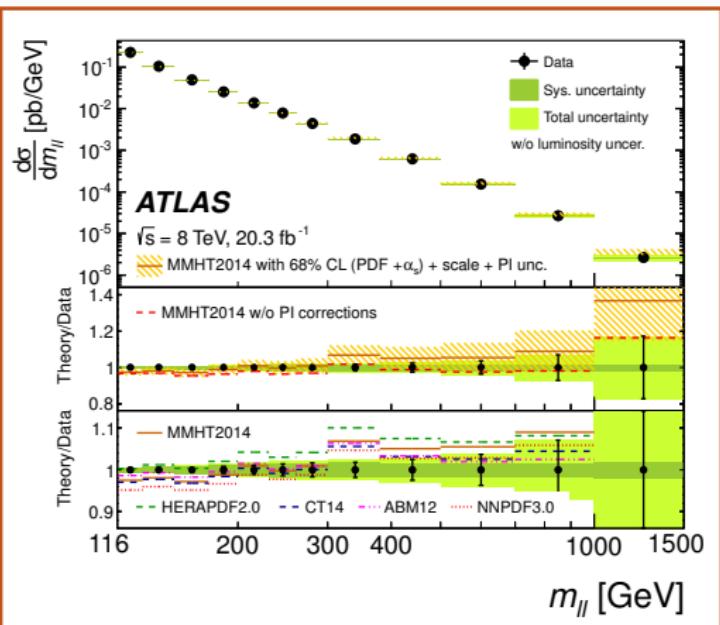
Sally Dawson's talk

We'll investigate those questions using LHC Drell-Yan data as an example:

- dilepton invariant mass spectrum [Boughezal, Mereghetti and Petriello, 2106.05337](#)
- dilepton double differential cross section ( $m_{ll}$  and  $p_T$ )  
will address as  $p_T$  spectra in this talk [Boughezal YH, and Petriello to appear](#)

# Dilepton invariant mass spectra

- Probe high  $m_{ll}$  up to 1.5 TeV
- 12  $m_{ll}$  bins:  
 $[116, 130, 150, 175, 200,$   
 $230, 260, 300, 380, 500,$   
 $700, 1000, 1500]$



## RELEVANT OPERATORS dimension-6

- Study scaling of cross sections in high energy limit
- Only show some examples for each category
- $q, l$ : left-handed fermion doublets  
 $e, u, d$ : right-handed fermion singlets
- $\phi$ : Higgs doublet

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^2 X^2 \phi}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^2 \phi^2 D}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4}$$

$$\frac{C_{eB}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{l} \sigma^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} \phi e$$

$$\frac{C_{uW}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \tau^I W_{\mu\nu}^I \phi u$$

Dipole coupling

assume massless fermion

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^2 s/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\frac{C_{Hl}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} \phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \phi \bar{l} \gamma_\mu l$$

$$\frac{C_{Hu}}{\Lambda^2} \phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \phi \bar{u} \gamma_\mu u$$

Z-vertex corrections

$$\frac{C_{lq}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{l} \gamma^\mu l q \gamma_\mu q$$

$$\frac{C_{ld}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{l} \gamma^\mu l d \gamma_\mu d$$

Four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s/\Lambda^2)$$

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- 

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 D^2}$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 q^2 D^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} \partial_\nu (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) \partial^\nu (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu q)$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 d^2 D^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} \partial_\nu (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) \partial^\nu (\bar{d} \gamma_\mu d)$$

Momentum-dependent four-fermion  
interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 H^2}$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 q^2 H^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu q) \phi^\dagger \phi$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 d^2 H^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) (\bar{d} \gamma_\mu d) \phi^\dagger \phi$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 D^2}$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 q^2 D^2}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} \bar{q} \gamma^{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}^{\nu)} q \bar{l} \gamma_{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\nu)} l$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 d^2 D^2}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} \bar{q} \gamma^{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}^{\nu)} q \bar{d} \gamma_{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}_{\nu)} d$$

Momentum-dependent four-fermion  
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Momentum-independent four-fermion  
interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^2 s/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\overline{\gamma^{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}^{\nu)} = \left( \gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu + \gamma^\nu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \right)}$$

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Momentum-dependent four-fermion  
interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 H^2}$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 q^2 H^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu q) \phi^\dagger \phi$$

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Momentum-independent four-fermion  
interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^2 s/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\overleftrightarrow{\gamma^{(\mu} D^{\nu)}} = \left( \gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu + \gamma^\nu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \right)$$

## RELEVANT OPERATORS dimension-8 Z-vertex corrections

- Study scaling of cross sections in high energy limit
  - Only show some examples for each category
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 $\phi$ : Higgs doublet
- 

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^2 D^3}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^2 H^4 D}$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 H^2 D^3}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} i \bar{l} \gamma^\mu D^\nu l (D_{(\mu} D_{\nu)} \phi)^\dagger \phi$$

$$\frac{C_{l^2 H^4 D}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} i (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) \left( \phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi \right) \left( \phi^\dagger \phi \right)$$

$$\frac{C_{q^2 H^2 D^3}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^4} i \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \tau^I D^\nu q (D_{(\mu} D_{\nu)} \phi)^\dagger \tau^I \phi$$

$$\frac{C_{u^2 H^4 D}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} i (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu u) \left( \phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi \right) \left( \phi^\dagger \phi \right)$$

Momentum-dependent Z-vertex corrections

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^2 s / \Lambda^4)$$

Momentum-independent Z-vertex corrections

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^4 / \Lambda^4)$$

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$$\frac{C_{l^2 H^4 D}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} i (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) (\phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi) (\phi^\dagger \phi)$$

$$\frac{C_{q^2 H^2 D^3}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^4} i \bar{q} \gamma^\mu \tau^I D^\nu q (D_{(\mu} D_{\nu)} \phi)^\dagger \tau^I \phi$$

$$\frac{C_{u^2 H^4 D}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} i (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu u) (\phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu \phi) (\phi^\dagger \phi)$$

Momentum-dependent Z-vertex corrections

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(v^2 s / \Lambda^4)$$

Momentum-independent Z-vertex corrections

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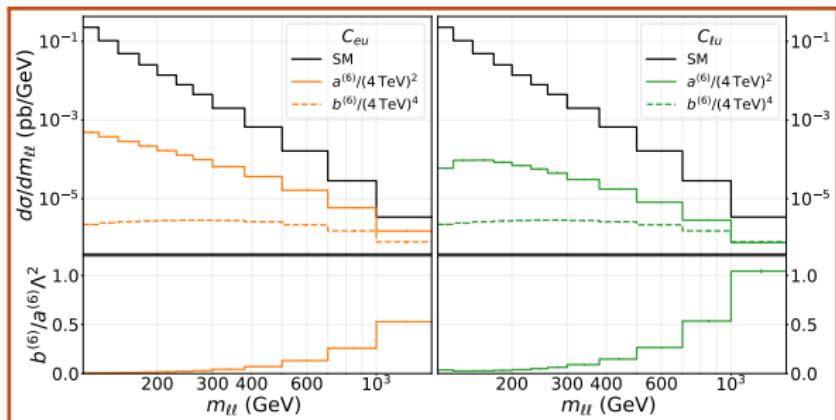
## Structure of the SMEFT cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dm_{\ell\ell}} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{SM}}}{dm_{\ell\ell}} + \sum_i \left( \frac{a_i^{(6)}(m_{\ell\ell})}{\Lambda^2} C_i^{(6)} + \frac{a_i^{(8)}(m_{\ell\ell})}{\Lambda^4} C_i^{(8)} \right) + \sum_{i,j} \frac{b_{ij}^{(6)}(m_{\ell\ell})}{\Lambda^4} C_i^{(6)} C_j^{(6)}$$

- $a_i, b_{ij}$  terms: NLO QCD corrections included (30%)
- SM: NNLO in QCD, NLL Sudakov logs through  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s)$
- $\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV} \gg 1.5 \text{ TeV}$  (the  $m_{ll}$  upper bound of the dataset)
- Complete to  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s/\Lambda^2)$   
Complete to  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)$   
at  $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s/\Lambda^4)$ : missing  $\psi^4 G$ -type operators

- $\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $s/\Lambda^2 \ll 1$

- Four-fermion operators:  $C_{eu}$ ,  $C_{lu}$
- Consider linear  $a_i$  terms ( $1/\Lambda^2$ ) and quadratic  $b_{ii}$  terms ( $1/\Lambda^4$ )



- Quadratic terms: 50% ( $C_{eu}$ ) or 100% ( $C_{lu}$ ) in 1 – 1.5 TeV bin

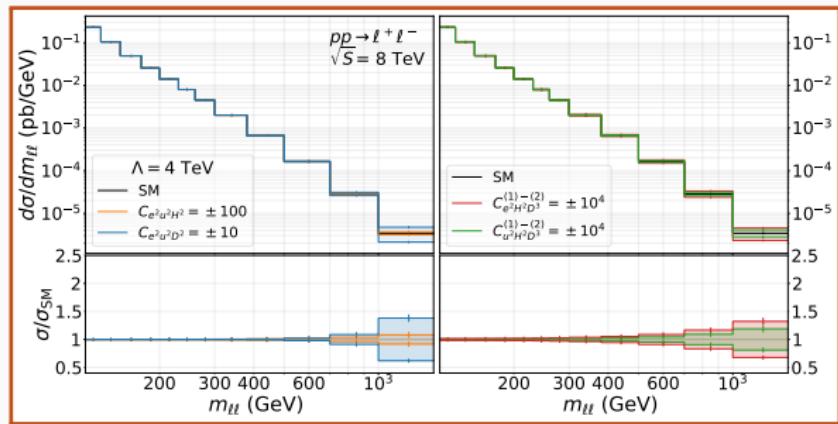
# IMPACT OF DIM-8 TERMS to the cross sections

Boughezal, Mereghetti and Petriello

2106.05337

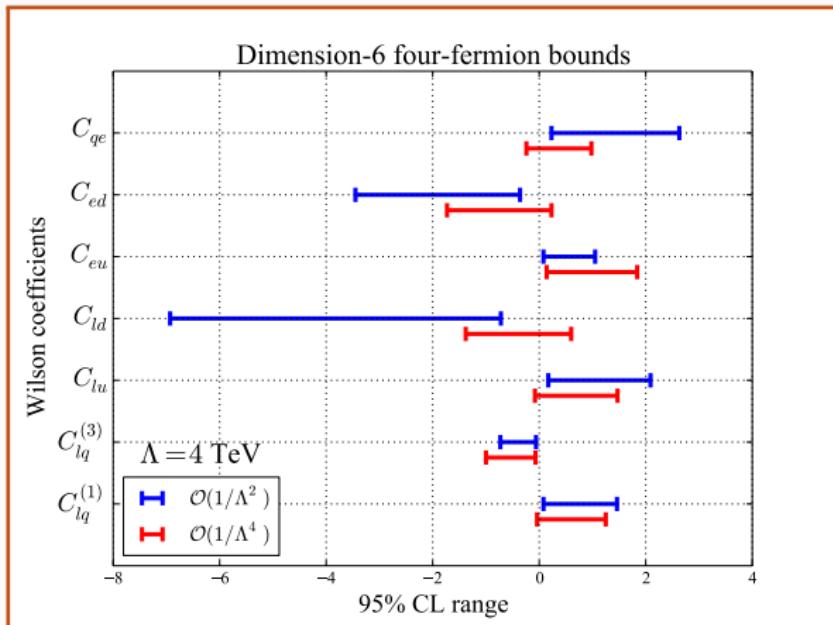
- $\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV}$
- $s/\Lambda^2 \ll 1$

- $\psi^4 D^2$ -type:  $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}$
- $\psi^4 H^2$ -type:  $C_{e^2 u^2 H^2}$
- $\psi^2 D^3$ -type:  
 $C_{e^2 H^2 D^3}, C_{u^2 H^2 D^3}$



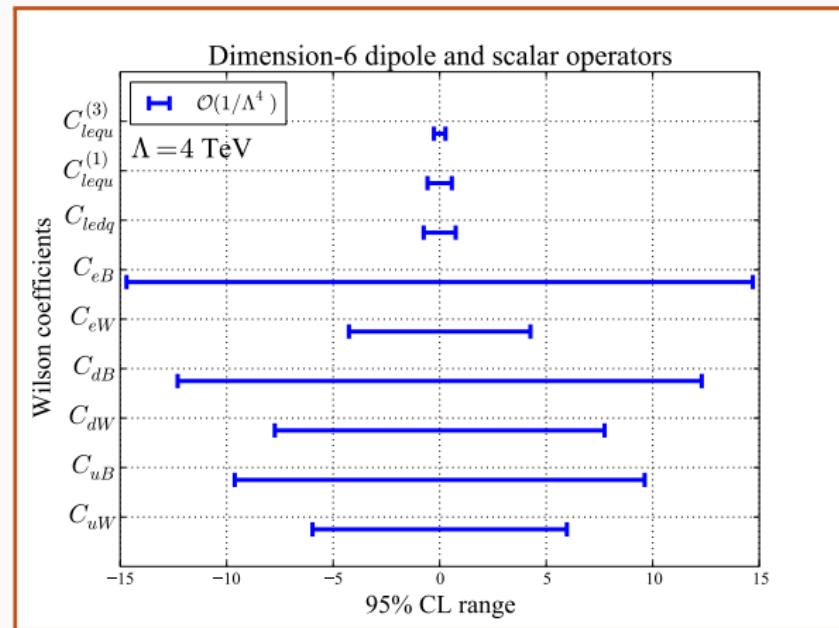
- $\psi^4 D^2$ -type: can reach 50%
- $\psi^4 H^2$ -type: much smaller
- $\psi^2 D^3$ -type: negligible unless Wilson coefficients go unrealistically large

- Turn on one coupling at a time
- Experimental error matrix; [1606.01736](#)  
NNPDF 3.1 PDF errors;  
NLO QCD scale variation errors



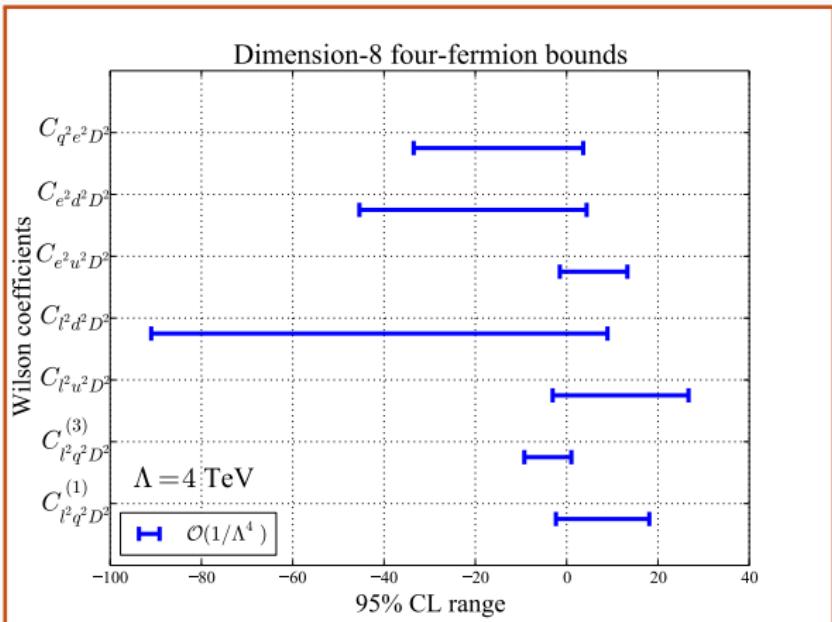
- effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt{C} \sim 4 \text{ TeV} \gg 1.5 \text{ TeV}$
- Large shift from  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)$  effects: factors of 2-3 for  $C_{qe}, C_{ld}$

- Turn on one coupling at a time
- Experimental error matrix; [1606.01736](#)  
NNPDF 3.1 PDF errors;  
NLO QCD scale variation errors
- dim-6 **dipole** and **scalar** do not interfere with SM;  
first contribute at  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)$



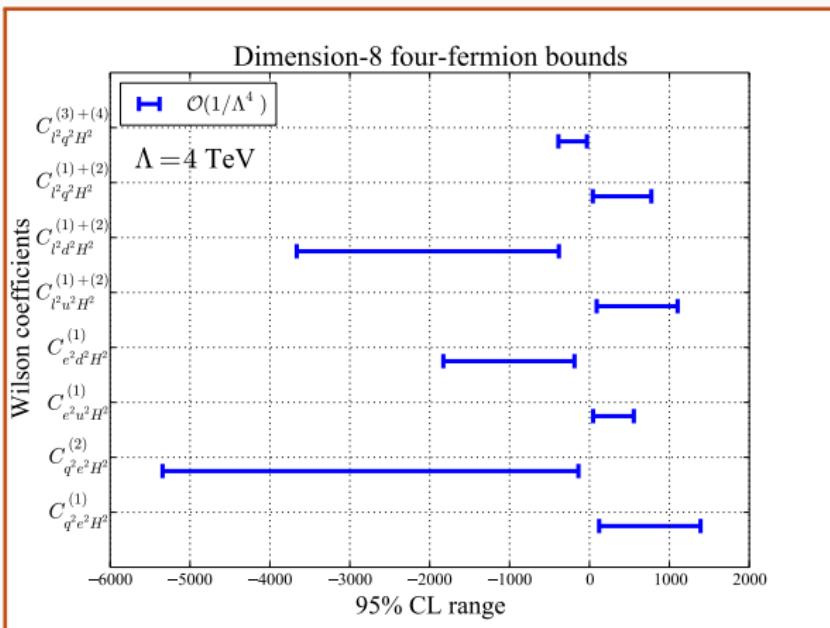
- dipole operators scale as  $\mathcal{O}(v^2 s/\Lambda^4)$ : looser bound
- scalar/tensor 4-fermion operators scale as  $\mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$ : tighter bound
- effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt{C} \sim (1.0 - 1.8)$  TeV for dipole operators
- effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt{C} \sim (4.6 - 7.7)$  TeV for scalar operators

- Turn on one coupling at a time
- Experimental error matrix; [1606.01736](#)
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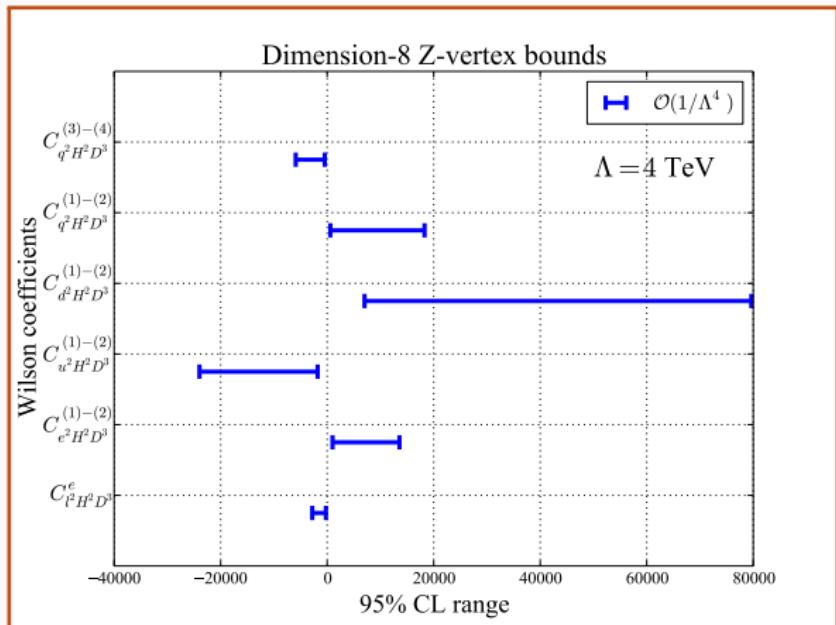
- effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt[4]{C}$ : reach 2 TeV for some operators
- scale as  $\mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4) \Rightarrow$  non-negligible effects in fits to current data

- Turn on one coupling at a time
- Experimental error matrix; [1606.01736](#)
- NNPDF 3.1 PDF errors;
- NLO QCD scale variation errors



- effective scale: below 1 TeV for most
- can neglect

- Turn on one coupling at a time
- Experimental error matrix; [1606.01736](#)
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- effective scale: even lower than  $\psi^4 H^2$ -type four-fermion
- can neglect

	dim-6	single coupling	marginalized	marginalized*
$C_{eu}$	[0.08, 1.0]	[0.1, 1.8]	[-39, 39]	[-0.6, 2.4]
$C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}$	-	[-1.5, 13]	[-17, $9.2 \cdot 10^3$ ]	[-14, 18]
$C_{e^2 u^2 H^2}$	-	[45, 555]	$[-1.9, 1.2] \cdot 10^4$	[-256, 256]
$C_{u^2 H^2 D^3}^{(1)} - C_{u^2 H^2 D^3}^{(2)}$	-	$[-24, -1.8] \cdot 10^3$	$[-1.2, 1.8] \cdot 10^5$	[-256, 256]

- **dim-6:** Turn on **one coupling** at a time, **only include**  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^2)$
- **single coupling:** Turn on **one coupling** at a time, **include**  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)$
- marginalized: Turn on **all couplings**
- marginalized\*: Turn on **all couplings**, and demand effective scale **greater than 1 TeV** for last two operators

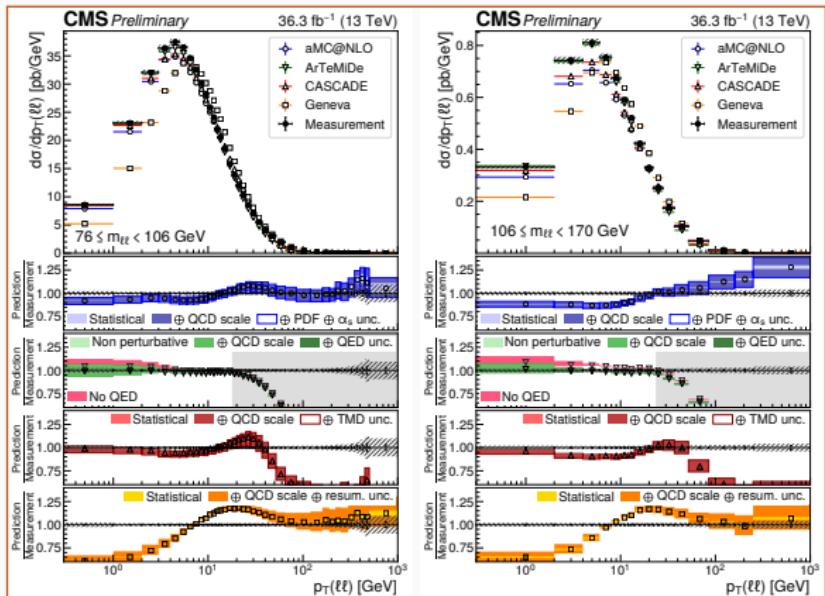
Bounds on dim-6 Wilson coefficient significantly weakened by turning on **quadratic terms & dim-8 operators**.

# Dilepton mass-dependent $p_T$ spectra

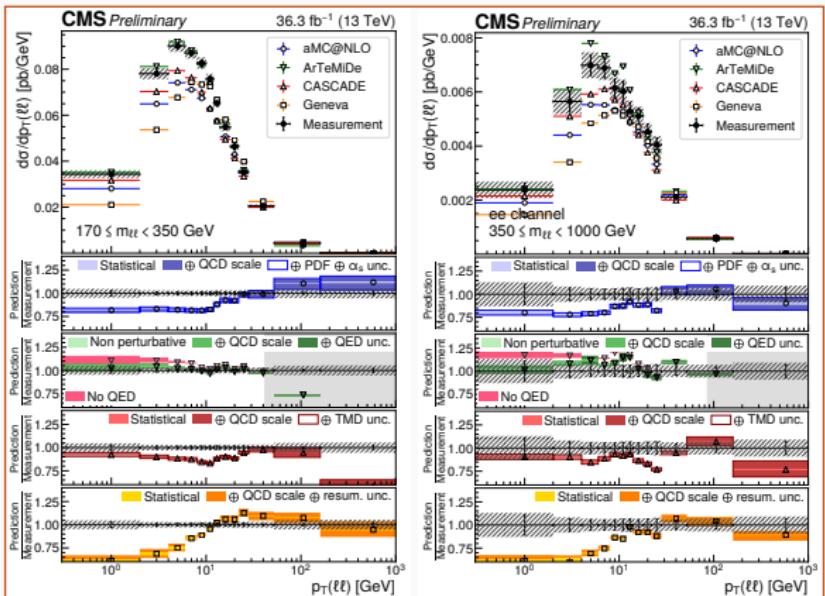
Boughezal, YH, and Petriello, to appear

# Dilepton mass-dependent $p_T$ spectra with CMS data

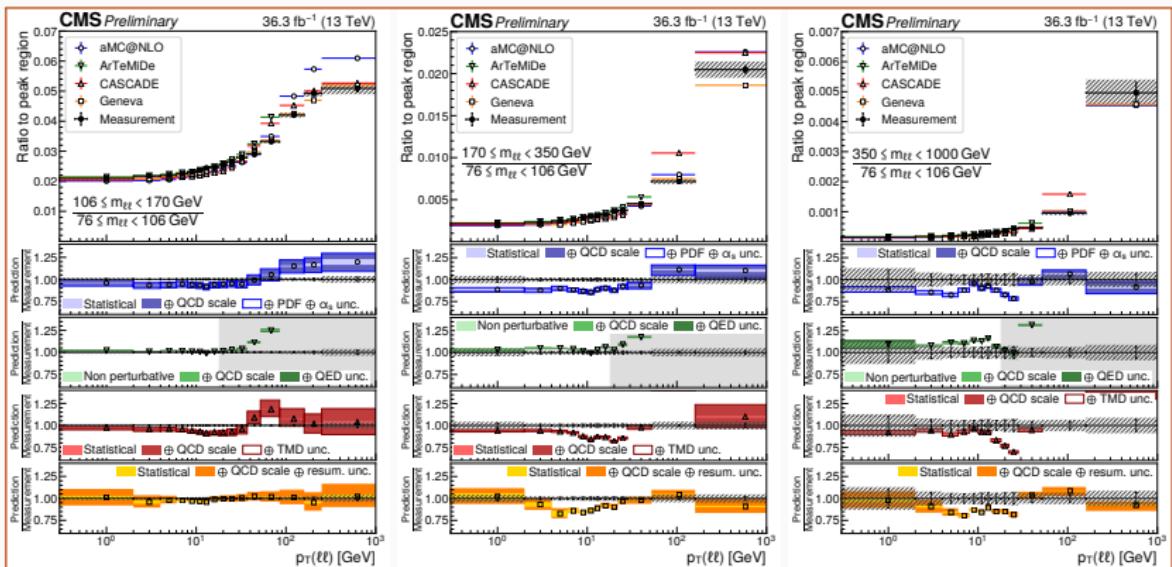
- Drell-Yan double differential  $p_T$  spectra
- ~~$50 \leq m_{ll} < 76 \text{ GeV}$~~
- $76 \leq m_{ll} < 106 \text{ GeV}$
- $106 \leq m_{ll} < 170 \text{ GeV}$
- $170 \leq m_{ll} < 350 \text{ GeV}$
- $350 \leq m_{ll} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$



- Drell-Yan double differential  $p_T$  spectra
- ~~$50 \leq m_{ll} < 76 \text{ GeV}$~~
- ~~$76 \leq m_{ll} < 106 \text{ GeV}$~~
- ~~$106 \leq m_{ll} < 170 \text{ GeV}$~~
- ~~$170 \leq m_{ll} < 350 \text{ GeV}$~~
- ~~$350 \leq m_{ll} < 1000 \text{ GeV}$~~



# EXPERIMENTAL MEASUREMENTS ratio to peak region CMS-PAS-SMP-20-003



- Ratios of differential unfolded cross sections in  $p_T(l'l)$  for invariant mass ranges with respect to the peak region  $76 \leq m_{ll} < 106$  GeV
- ~~$50 \leq m_{ll} < 76$  GeV~~       $106 \leq m_{ll} < 170$  GeV (left)  
 $170 \leq m_{ll} < 350$  GeV (center)     $350 \leq m_{ll} < 1000$  GeV (right)
- Smaller uncertainties than the cross sections
- We'll use the last 3  $m_{ll}$  bins as the experimental dataset

## MOST RELEVANT OPERATORS

- Study scaling of cross sections in high energy limit, **only highest in  $s$**
- Only show some examples for each category
- $q, l$ : left-handed fermion doublets  
 $e, u, d$ : right-handed fermion singlets
- $\phi$ : Higgs doublet,  $G$ : Gluon field strength tensor

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 D^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 G}$$

$$\frac{C_{eu}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e)(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u)$$

$$\frac{C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} D^\nu (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e) D_\nu (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u)$$

$$\frac{C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e)(\bar{u}\gamma^\nu T^a u) G_{\mu\nu}^a$$

$$\frac{C_{qe}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q)(\bar{e}\gamma_\mu e)$$

$$\frac{C_{q^2 e^2 D^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} D^\nu (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q) D_\nu (\bar{e}\gamma_\mu e)$$

$$\frac{C_{q^2 e^2 G}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu T^a q)(\bar{l}\gamma_\nu l) G_{\mu\nu}^a$$

Four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s/\Lambda^2)$$

Momentum-dependent  
four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

Four-fermion interactions with  
gluon field strength tensor

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

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$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 D^2}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\psi^4 G}$$

$$\frac{C_{eu}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e)(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u)$$

$$\frac{C_{qe}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q)(\bar{e}\gamma_\mu e)$$

Four-fermion interactions

$$\frac{C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} \left( \bar{e}\gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu e \right) \left( \bar{u}\gamma_\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}_\nu u \right)$$
$$\frac{C_{q^2 e^2 D^2}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} \left( \bar{q}\gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu q \right) \left( \bar{e}\gamma_\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}_\nu e \right)$$

Momentum-dependent  
four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s/\Lambda^2)$$

$$\frac{C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e)(\bar{u}\gamma^\nu T^a u) \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a$$
$$\frac{C_{q^2 e^2 G}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu T^a q)(\bar{l}\gamma_\nu l) \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a$$

Four-fermion interactions with  
gluon field strength tensor

$$\gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu = \left( \gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu + \gamma^\nu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \right), \quad \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a = G^{\rho\sigma,a} \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}$$

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

# MOST RELEVANT OPERATORS

- Study scaling of cross sections in high energy limit, **only highest in  $s$**
- Only show some examples for each category
- $q, l$ : left-handed fermion doublets
- $e, u, d$ : right-handed fermion singlets
- $\phi$ : Higgs doublet,  $G$ : Gluon field strength tensor

Only consider  $\psi^4 \tilde{G}$ -type operators ( $\psi^4 G$ -type w/  $\tilde{G}$ )

Do not consider  $\psi^4 D^2$ -type operators with  $\overleftrightarrow{D}$  derivatives

$\frac{C_{e\bar{e}}}{\Lambda^2}$  (Discarding terms that vanish after integrating over angular variables)

$$\frac{C_{qe}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu q)(\bar{e}\gamma_\mu e) \quad \frac{\sim q^2 e^2 D^2}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu q)(\bar{e}\gamma_\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu e) \quad \frac{C_{l^2 q^2 G}^{(\omega)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{q}\gamma^\mu T^a q)(\bar{l}\gamma_\nu l) \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a$$

Four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s/\Lambda^2)$$

Momentum-dependent  
four-fermion interactions

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

Four-fermion interactions with  
gluon field strength tensor

$$\sim \mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$$

$$\gamma^{(\mu} \overleftrightarrow{D}^{\nu)} = \left( \gamma^\mu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\nu + \gamma^\nu \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu \right), \quad \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a = G^{\rho\sigma,a} \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}$$

## Structure of the SMEFT cross section

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dp_T(\ell\ell)} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{SM}}}{dp_T} + \sum_i \left( \frac{a_i^{(6)}(p_T)}{\Lambda^2} C_i^{(6)} + \frac{a_i^{(8)}(p_T)}{\Lambda^4} C_i^{(8)} \right) + \sum_{i,j} \frac{b_{ij}^{(6)}(p_T)}{\Lambda^4} C_i^{(6)} C_j^{(6)}$$

- Choose 3 operators (involving **right-handed** quarks and leptons) as example:

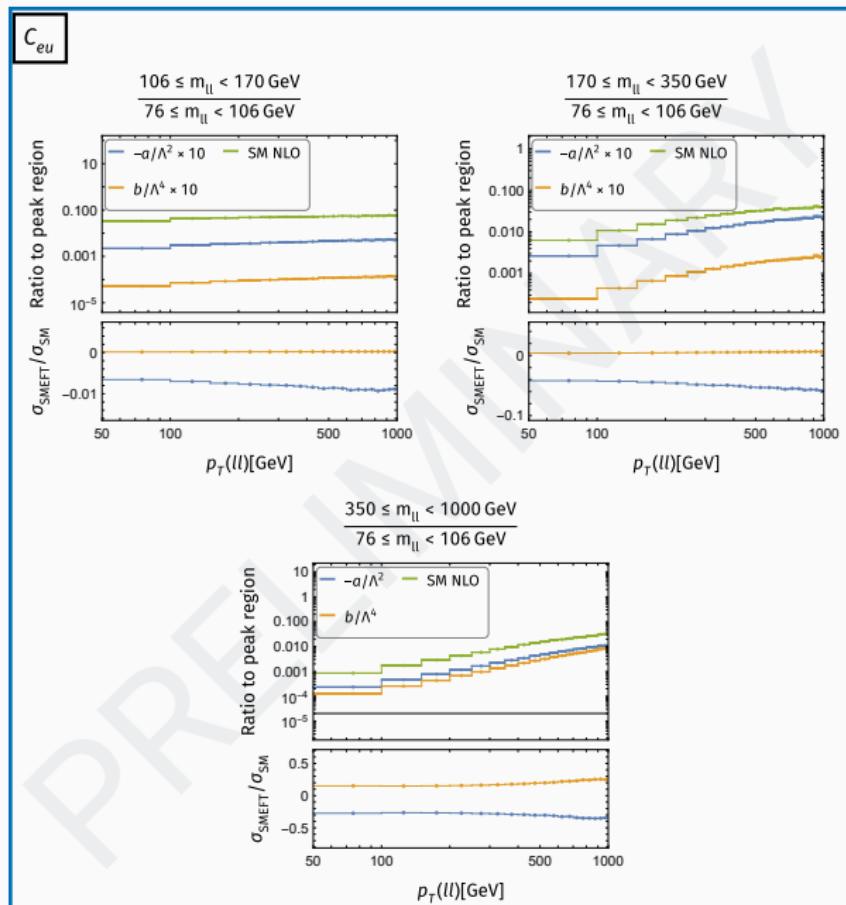
$$Q_{eu}: \frac{C_{eu}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e)(\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u) \quad \Leftarrow \text{dim-6}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} Q_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)} &: \frac{C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^4} D^\nu (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e) D_\nu (\bar{u}\gamma_\mu u) \\ Q_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)} &: \frac{C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}}{\Lambda^4} (\bar{e}\gamma^\mu e) (\bar{u}\gamma^\nu T^a u) \tilde{G}_{\mu\nu}^a \end{aligned} \right\} \text{dim-8}$$

- SM: NLO QCD
- SMEFT corrections: LO
- $\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$

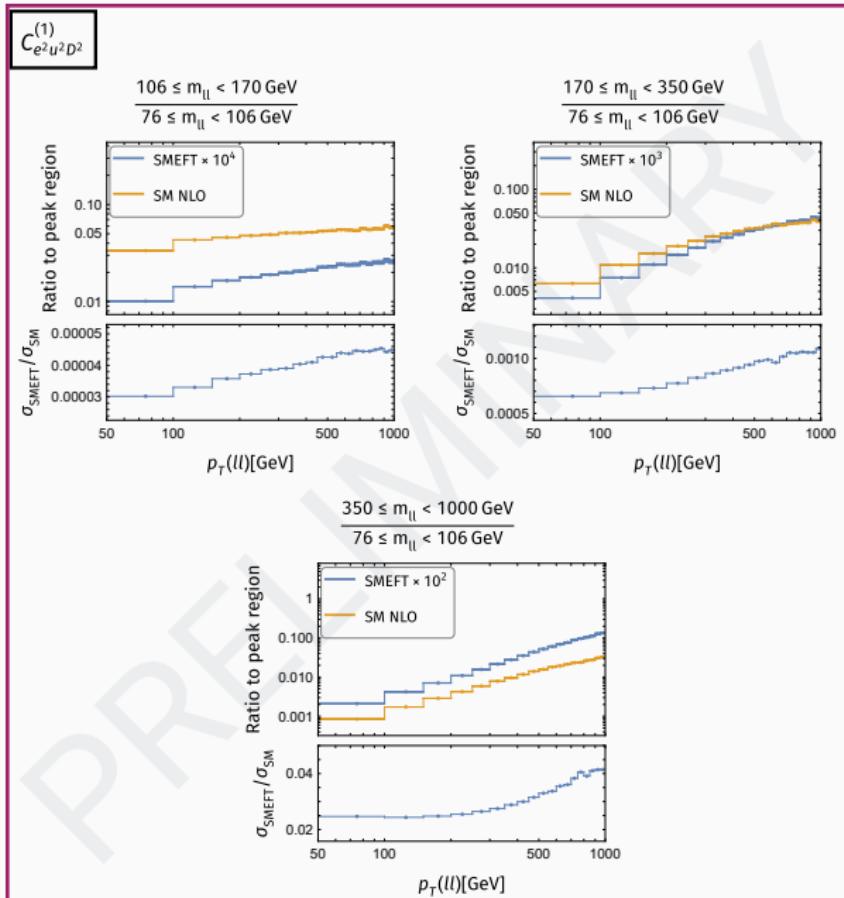
# IMPACT OF DIM-6 TERMS

- $p_T$  bins: 50 GeV  
constant bin widths
- Largest corrections to the ratio
- 10-30% for the highest  $m_{ll}$  bin
- Slowest increase as  $p_T$  goes higher



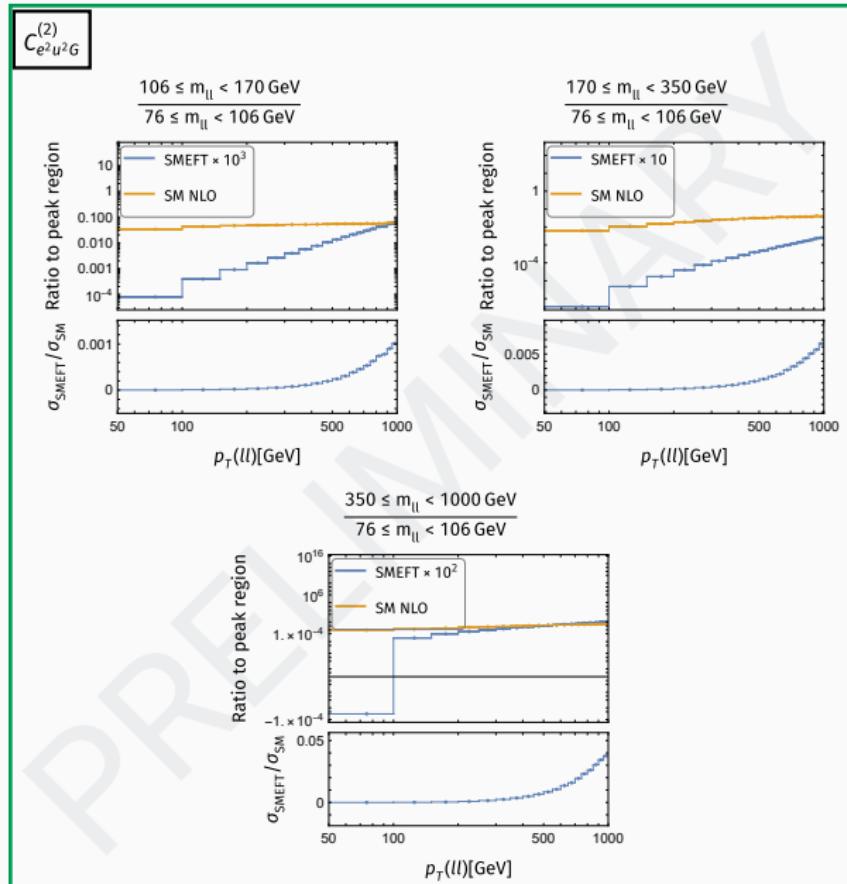
# IMPACT OF DIM-8 TERMS $\psi^4 D^2$ -type

- $p_T$  bins: 50 GeV  
constant bin widths
- Smaller corrections to the ratio than dim-6
- Slower increase than  $\psi^4 G$ -type as  $p_T$  goes higher, but faster than dim-6



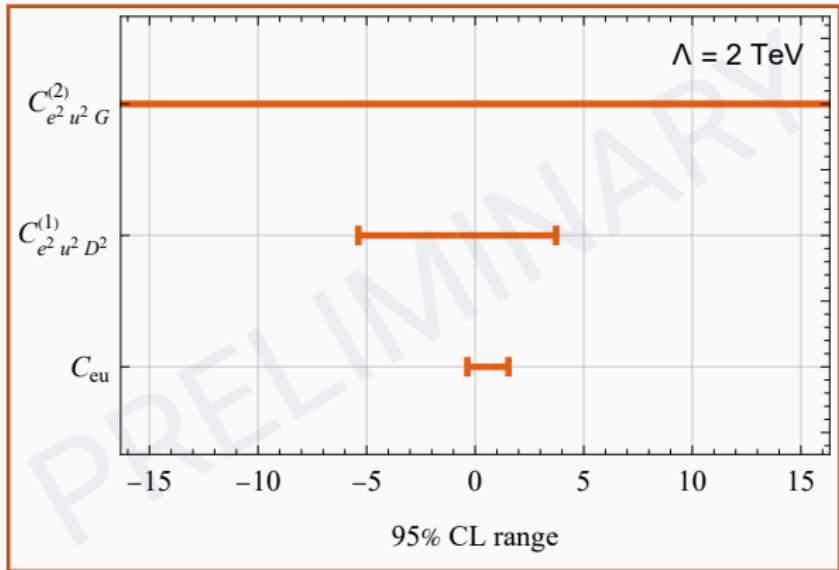
# IMPACT OF DIM-8 TERMS $\psi^4 G$ -type

- $p_T$  bins: 50 GeV  
constant bin widths
- Smaller corrections to the ratio than dim-6
- Fastest increase as  $p_T$  goes higher

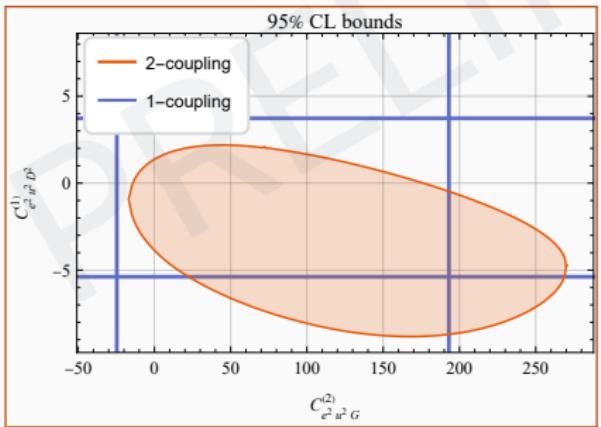
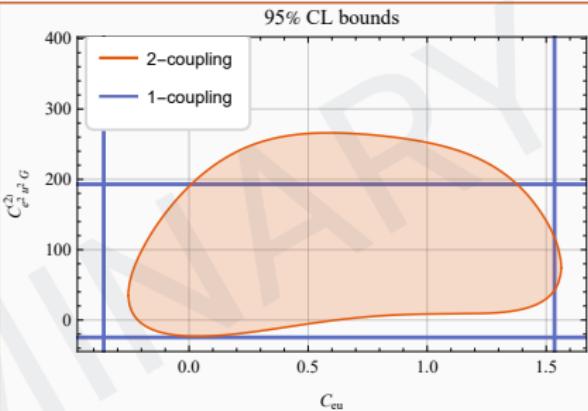
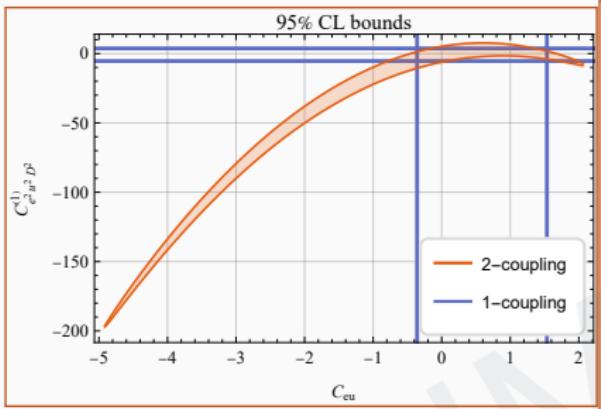


# SINGLE-COUPLING FITS

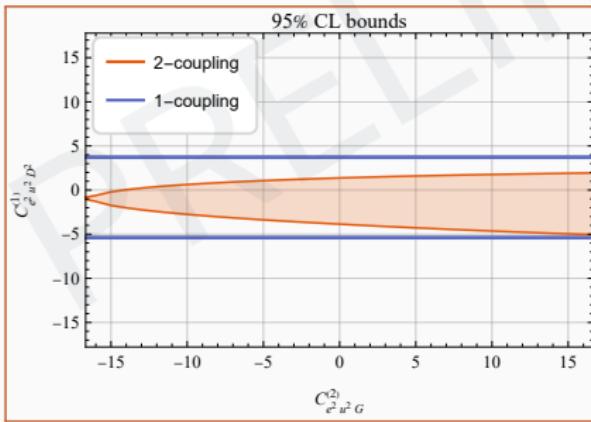
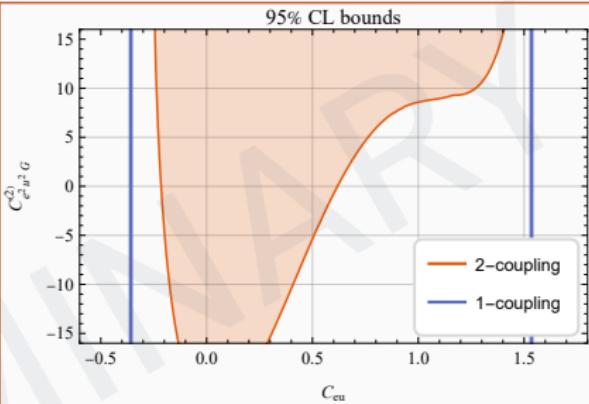
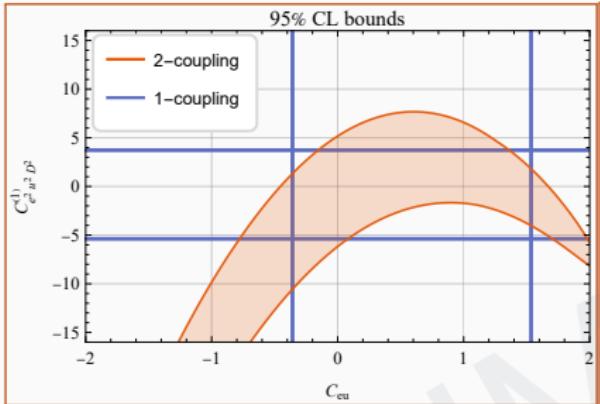
- Fit with CMS data
  - Experimental error matrix;
- CMS-PAS-SMP-20-003**  
NNPDF 3.1 PDF errors;  
SM NLO QCD +  
LO SMEFT corrections  
for scale variation errors
- Only includes bins  
with  $p_T \geq 52$  GeV
  - effective scale  $\gtrsim 1$  TeV  $\Rightarrow |C_6| \leq 4, |C_8| \leq 16$



# MULTI-COUPLING FITS Enabling 2 operators



# MULTI-COUPLING FITS Enabling 2 operators



- effective scale  $\gtrsim 1$  TeV  
 $\Rightarrow |C_6| \leq 4, |C_8| \leq 16$
- Strong correlation between  $C_{eu}$  &  
 $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$

## MULTI-COUPLING FITS Enabling 2 or 3 operators

Wilson coefficient	Single coupling	Marginalized	Marginalized*
$C_{eu} \& C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$			
$C_{eu}$	<b>[−0.358, 1.53]</b>	[−4.12, 1.72]	<b>[−1.42, 1.43]</b>
$C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$	[−5.38, 3.73]	[−122., 53.7]	[−15.6, 8.03]
$C_{eu} \& C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$			
$C_{eu}$	<b>[−0.358, 1.53]</b>	[−0.197, 1.40]	<b>[−0.581, 1.43]</b>
$C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$	[−24.7, 193.]	[−7.05, 231.]	[−14.6, 16.0]
all 3 operators			
$C_{eu}$	<b>[−0.358, 1.53]</b>	[−4.57, 2.00]	<b>[−1.41, 1.44]</b>
$C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$	[−5.38, 3.73]	[−155., 69.6]	[−15.5, 7.94]
$C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$	[−24.7, 193.]	[−5.95, 250.]	[−15.1, 16.0]

- $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$  does not change the bounds on  $C_{eu}$  very much
- $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$  changes the bounds on  $C_{eu}$  by a lot

Marginalized\*: effective scale constraint ( $\gtrsim 1$  TeV) on dim-8 operators

# Dilepton mass-dependent $p_T$ spectra with HL-LHC pseudo-data

# GENERATION OF PSEUDO-DATA

- $m_{ll}$  bins: [Panico, Ricci, and Wulzer 2021](#)  
[300, 360, 450, 600, 800, 1100, 1500, 2000, 2600]
- $p_T$  bins:
  - Assuming all **stat. errors < 5%, coarser binning**

$m_{ll}/\text{GeV}$	$p_T/\text{GeV}$ bins
300 – 360	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 250, 270, 290, 310, 330, 360, 380, 410, 440, 490, 570, 7000]
360 – 450	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 200, 230, 250, 270, 290, 310, 330, 350, 370, 400, 440, 490, 580, 7000]
450 – 600	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 210, 230, 250, 270, 290, 320, 340, 360, 390, 430, 480, 580, 7000]
600 – 800	[100, 110, 120, 130, 150, 170, 200, 220, 250, 290, 320, 360, 420, 520, 7000]
800 – 1100	[100, 110, 120, 150, 170, 200, 230, 270, 330, 430, 7000]
1100 – 1500	[100, 200, 290, 7000]
1500 – 2000	[100, 7000]
2000 – 2600	[100, 7000]

## GENERATION OF PSEUDO-DATA

- $m_{ll}$  bins:  
[300, 360, 450, 600, 800, 1100, 1500, 2000, 2600]
- $p_T$  bins:
  - Assuming all **stat. errors < 5%**, **coarser binning**
  - Assuming all **stat. errors < 10%**, **finer binning**

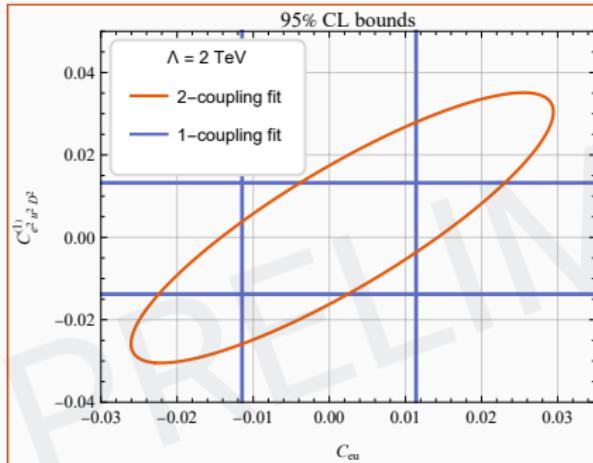
$m_{ll}/\text{GeV}$	$p_T$ bins/ $\text{GeV}$
300 – 360	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 230, 250, 270, 290, 310, 330, 350, 370, 400, 420, 440, 470, 500, 530, 560, 600, 660, 760, 7000]
360 – 450	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190, 200, 210, 220, 240, 260, 290, 310, 330, 350, 370, 390, 410, 440, 470, 500, 530, 560, 610, 670, 770, 7000]
450 – 600	[100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 190, 210, 230, 250, 270, 290, 320, 340, 370, 390, 420, 460, 490, 520, 550, 580, 620, 680, 780, 7000]
600 – 800	[100, 110, 120, 130, 150, 170, 200, 220, 240, 260, 280, 310, 340, 380, 410, 440, 470, 510, 550, 620, 730, 7000]
800 – 1100	[100, 110, 120, 140, 160, 180, 200, 220, 250, 270, 300, 330, 360, 410, 460, 540, 660, 7000]
1100 – 1500	[100, 130, 160, 190, 230, 270, 320, 400, 520, 7000]
1500 – 2000	[100, 210, 330, 7000]
2000 – 2600	[100, 7000]

## GENERATION OF PSEUDO-DATA

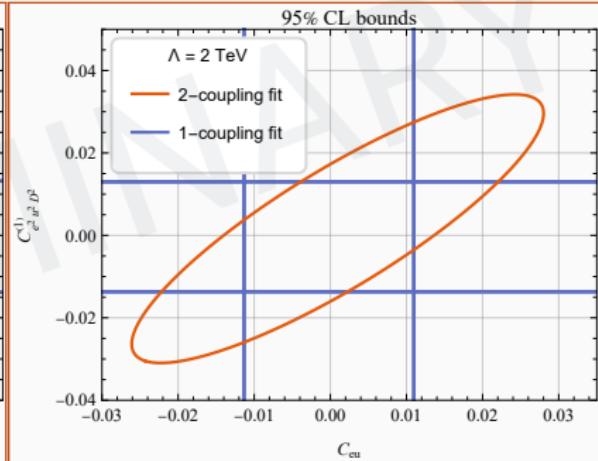
- $m_{ll}$  bins:  
[300, 360, 450, 600, 800, 1100, 1500, 2000, 2600]
- $p_T$  bins:
  - Assuming all **stat. errors < 5%**, coarser binning
  - Assuming all **stat. errors < 10%**, finer binning
- assume **1%** uncorrelated sys. error and **2%** correlated sys. error

## 2-COUPLING FITS $C_{eu}$ & $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$

Fit to data with <5% error



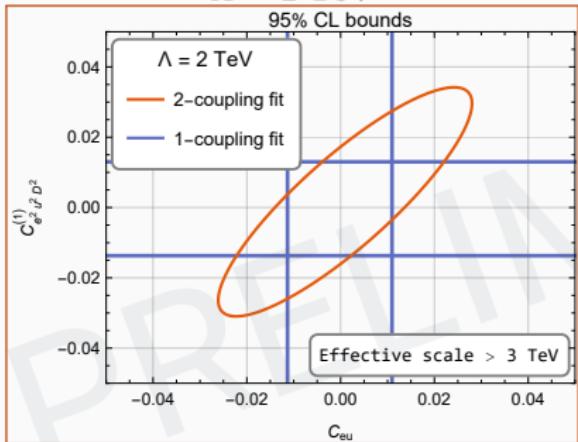
Fit to data with <10% error



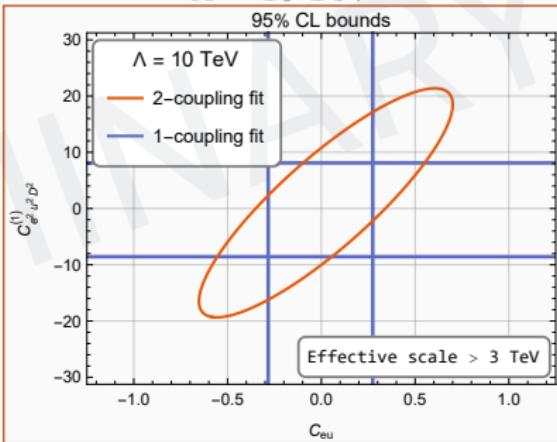
- $C_{eu}$  &  $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$  are highly correlated
- need other experiments to independently constrain  $C_{eu}$   
i.e. low-energy PVES experiments such as SoLID
- Tighter bounds from “<10%” dataset

## 2-COUPLED FITS $C_{eu}$ & $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$ w/ “<10%” error dataset

$\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$



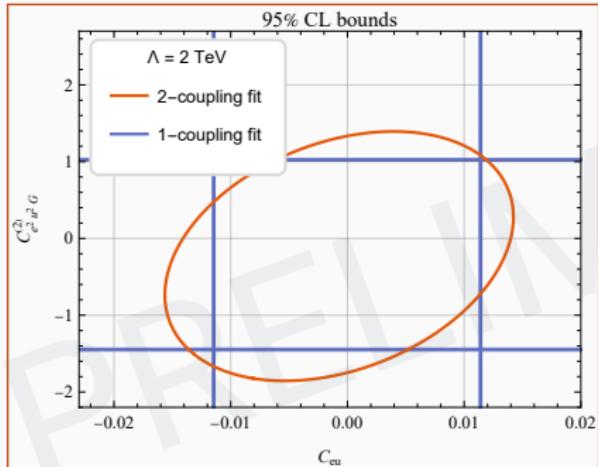
$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}$



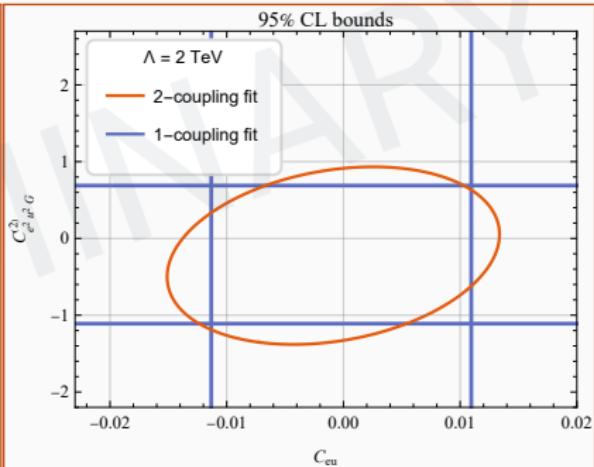
- effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt{C_6}$  or  $\Lambda/\sqrt[4]{C_8} > 3 \text{ TeV}$  for all values of  $C_{eu}$  &  $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$

## 2-COUPLED FITS $C_{eu}$ & $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$

Fit to data with <5% error

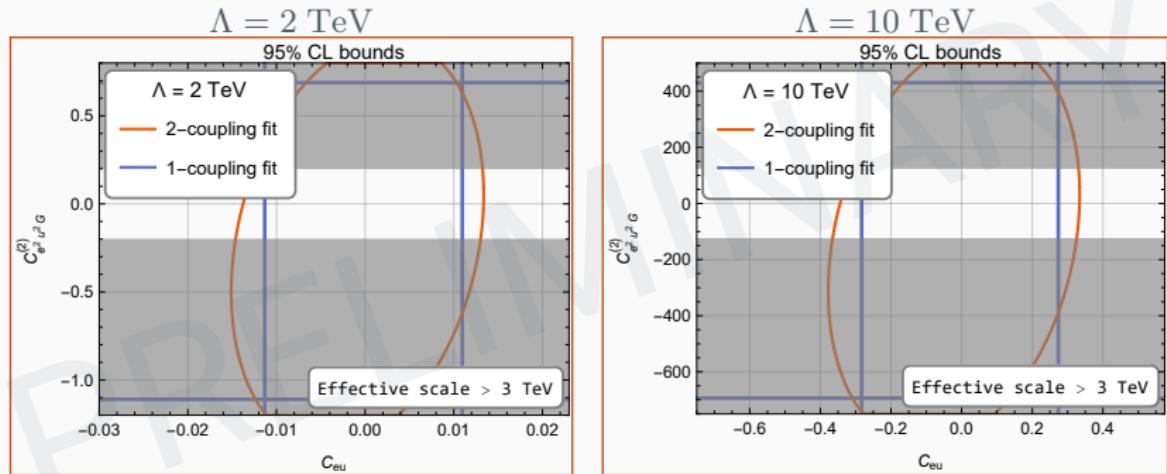


Fit to data with <10% error



- $C_{eu}$  &  $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$  are almost uncorrelated
- Can independently determine  $C_{eu}$  with  $m_{ll}$  and  $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$  with  $p_T$  spectra
- Tighter bounds from “<10%” dataset

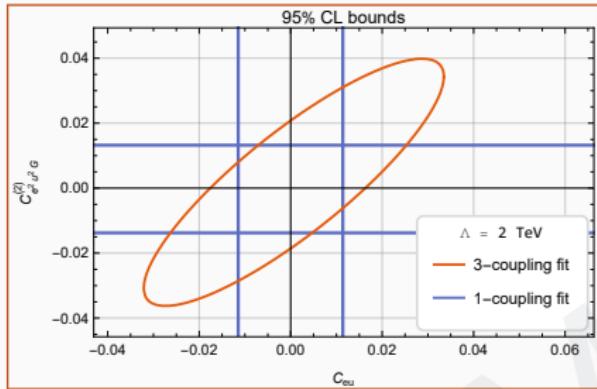
## 2-COUPLED FITS $C_{eu}$ & $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$ w/ “<10%” error dataset



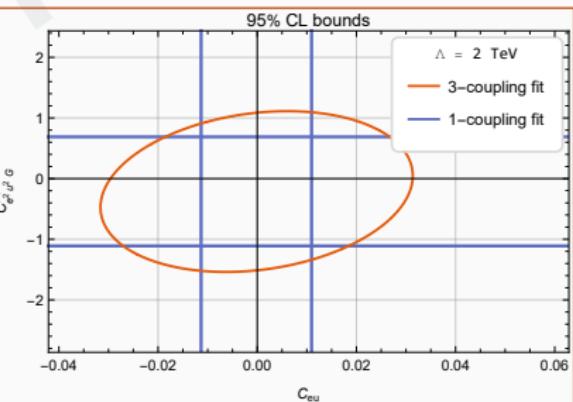
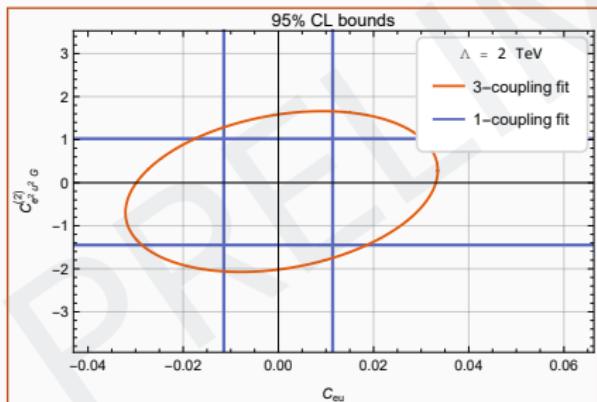
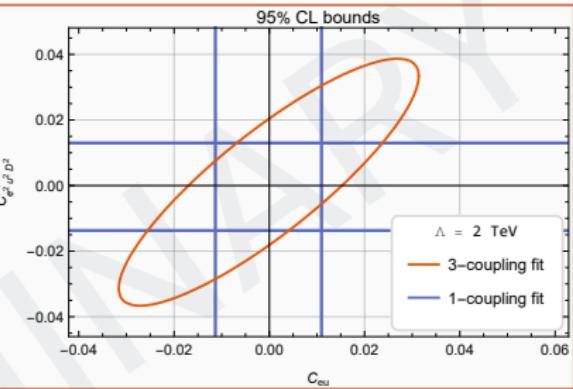
- Shaded area: effective scale  $\Lambda/\sqrt{C_6}$  or  $\Lambda/\sqrt[4]{C_8}$  smaller than the set scale 3 TeV

# 3-COUPLING FITS project to 2-d

Fit to data with <5% error

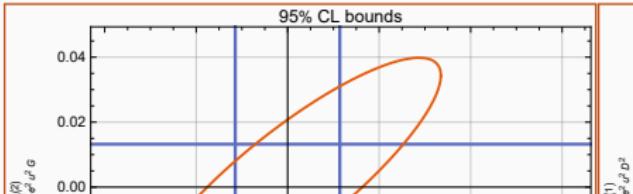


Fit to data with <10% error

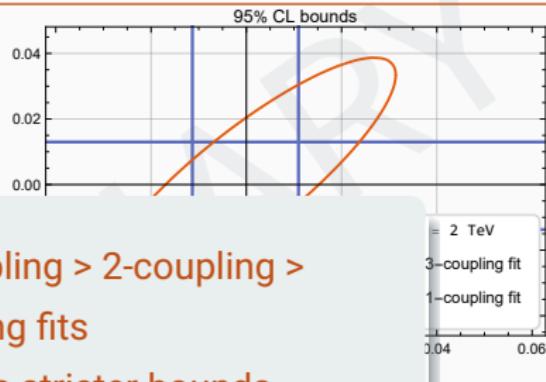


### 3-COUPLING FITS project to 2-d

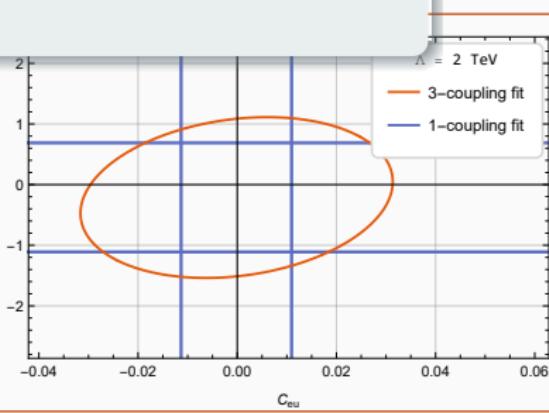
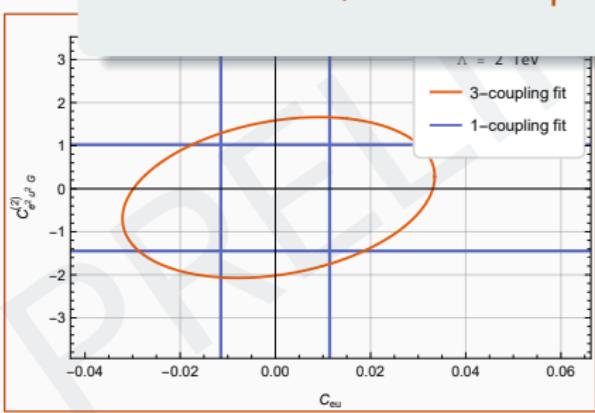
Fit to data with <5% error



Fit to data with <10% error

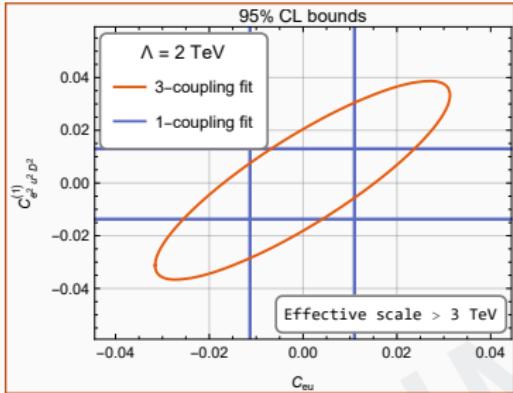


Bounds are loosen: 3-coupling > 2-coupling >  
single-coupling fits  
data w/ <10% error poses stricter bounds

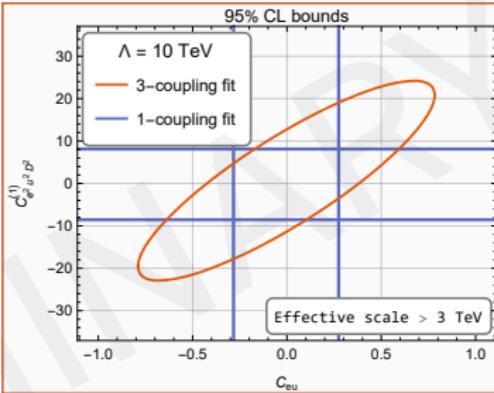


# 3-COUPLED FITS w/ <10% error dataset

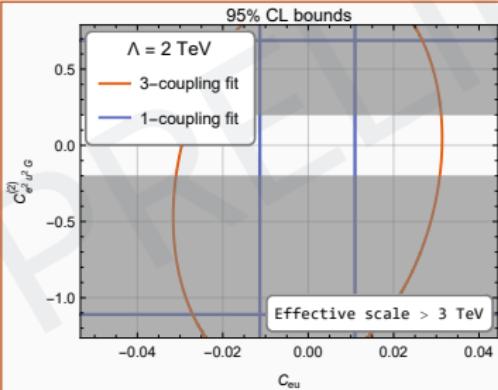
$\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$



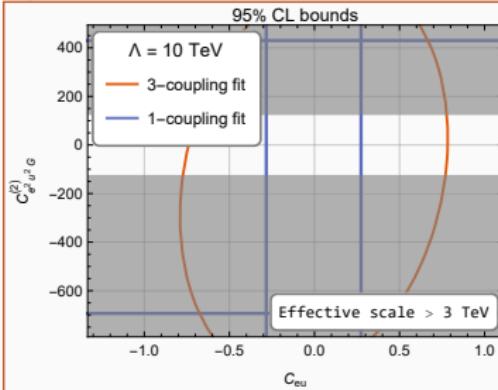
$\Lambda = 10 \text{ TeV}$



95% CL bounds



95% CL bounds



# Summary

- Included  $\mathcal{O}(1/\Lambda^4)$  effects
  - Analyzed scaling in high energy limit: justified to only include operators with  $\mathcal{O}(s/\Lambda^2)$  or  $\mathcal{O}(s^2/\Lambda^4)$  scaling
  - Effects of those dim-8 operators with highest scaling can not be neglected
- 
- Study on Drell-Yan  $m_{ll}$  and  $p_T$  spectra both indicate strong correlation between  $C_{eu}$  &  $C_{e^2 u^2 D^2}^{(1)}$ :  
flat direction; calls for other experiments such as low-energy PVES
  - Study on Drell-Yan  $p_T$  spectra reveals nearly no correlation between  $C_{eu}$  &  $C_{e^2 u^2 G}^{(2)}$

*Thanks for your attention!*

# Backup