## Electroweak global analysis

Impact of recent M<sub>W</sub> and m<sub>t</sub> measurements on precision fits of the Standard Model



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Based on work in collaboration with: J. de Blas, A. Goncalves, M. Pierini, L. Silvestrini, and members of the collaboration.

arXiv:2112.07274, arXiv:2204.04204



## The role of electroweak global fits

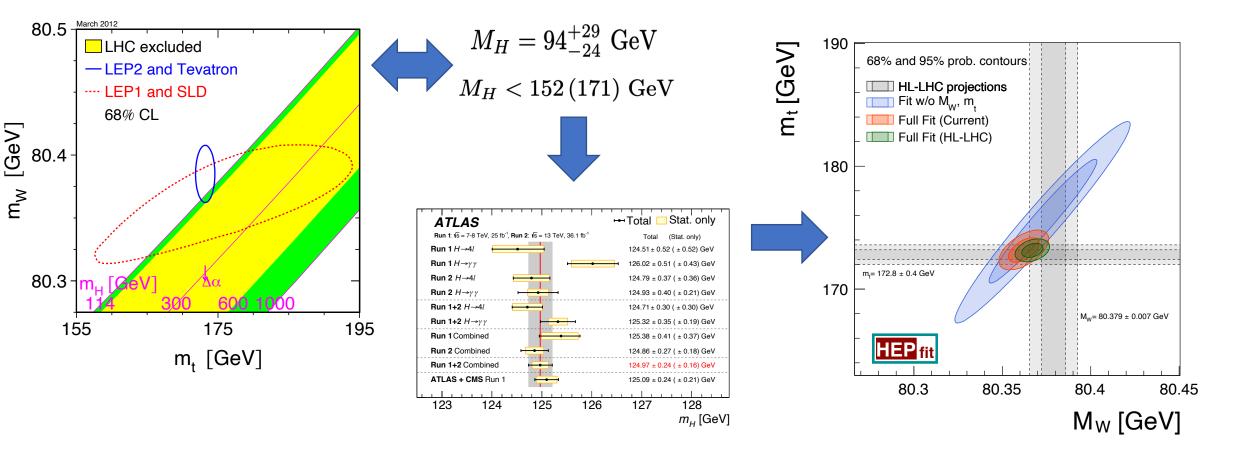
■ The symmetry structure of the Standard Model defines specific relations among couplings and masses.

- The renormalizability of the theory assures that tree-level relations are modified by finite calculable corrections.
- Precision measurements of masses and couplings:
  - Test the consistency of the theory at the quantum level
  - Indirectly probe new physics via virtual effects

A comprehensive program of EW precision physics combined with emerging precision programs (top, Higgs) can be a very powerful tool to explore physics beyond the Standard Model

### A very successful history

Global fits of precision EW observables gave us strong indications of where to find the SM Higgs boson and we now use its mass as one of the EW precision observables of the EW global fit to constrain new physics.



### EW Global fit: general framework

- Set of input parameters ( $\alpha$  scheme):
  - <u>Fixed</u>: G<sub>F</sub>, α
  - Floating:  $M_z$ ,  $M_H$ ,  $m_t$ ,  $\alpha_s(M_z)$ ,  $\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}$
- Compute EW Precision observables (EWPO), including all known higher-order SM corrections:
  - Z-pole observables (LEP/SLD):  $\Gamma_{\rm Z}$ ,  $\sin^2\theta_{\rm eff}$ ,  $A_{\rm I}$ ,  $A_{\rm FB}$ , ...
  - W observables (LEP II, Tevatron, LHC):  $M_W$ ,  $\Gamma_W$
  - $m_t$ ,  $M_H$ ,  $\sin^2\theta_{eff}$  (Tevatron/LHC)
- Perform best fit to EW precision data (EWPD) through different fitting procedures and compare with experimental measurements.
- Parametrize new physics effects on EWPO (tree-level) and constrain deviations in terms of chosen parameters:
  - Oblique parameters : S,T, U
  - Effective interactions: SMEFT
  - **=** ....

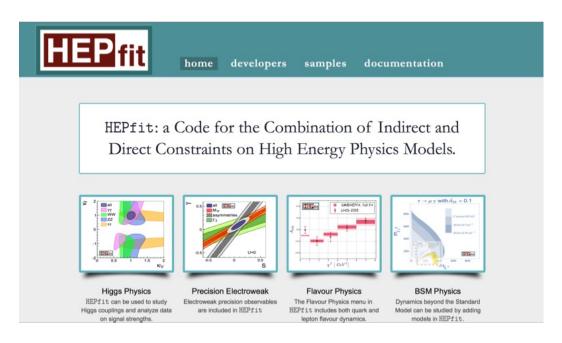
#### Framework we used

Open-source tool

Statistical framework based on a Bayesian MCMC analysis as implemented in BAT (Bayesian Analysis Toolkit)
Caldwell et al., arXiv:0808.2552

Supports SM (fully implemented) and BSM models (some already implemented)

Includes EW, Higgs, flavor, top observables



http://hepfit.roma1.infn.it

#### For these papers/talk: fit limited to EW precision observables

<u>arXiv:2112.07274</u>: De Blas et al., *Global analysis of electroweak data in the Standard Model* (update of arXiv:1608:01509) <u>arXiv:2204.04204</u>: De Blas et al., *Impact of recent measurements of the top-quark and W-boson mass on electroweak precision fits* 

The second paper updates  $m_t$  and  $M_W$  and study the impact of the new measurements.

## **Experimental inputs**

- Input parameters:  $\alpha$ ,  $G_{F_{,}}\alpha_{s}(M_{Z})$ ,  $M_{Z}$ ,  $M_{H}$ ,  $m_{t}$ ,  $\Delta\alpha_{had}^{(5)}$
- To get  $\alpha(M_Z) \longrightarrow \Delta \alpha_{had}^{(5)}$ : from Lattice QCD + perturbative running
- For m<sub>t</sub> we combine:
  - 2016 Tevatron combination
  - ATLAS Run 1 and Run2 results
  - CMS Run 1 and Run 2 results
  - Recent CMS I+j measurement  $[m_{t}=(171.77\pm0.38) \text{ GeV}]$

previous average  

$$m_t$$
=172.58  $\pm 0.45$  GeV

mew average  
 $m_t$ =171.79  $\pm 0.38$  GeV  
"standard"

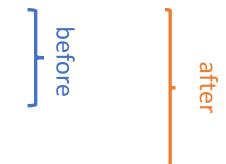
new average m<sub>t</sub>=171.79 ±1.00 GeV **\*** "conservative"

New CMS measurement dominates "standard" average but shows  $3.5\sigma$  tension with respect to Tevatron average (m<sub>t</sub> = 174.34  $\pm$  0.64 GeV)  $\longrightarrow$  consider "conservative" scenario as well

### **Experimental inputs**

#### ■ For M<sub>w</sub> we combine:

- All LEP 2 measurements
- Previous Tevatron average
- ATLAS and LHCb measurements
- Recent CDF measurement  $[M_W=(80.4335\pm0.0094)]$  GeV



$$M_W = 80.379 \pm 0.012 \text{ GeV} \longrightarrow M_W = 80.4133 \pm 0.0088 \text{ GeV} \quad M_W = 80.4133 \pm 0.015 \text{ GeV}$$

new average

$$M_W = 80.4133 \pm 0.0088 \text{ GeV}$$

"standard"

new average

$$M_W = 80.4133 \pm 0.015 \text{ GeV}$$

"conservative"

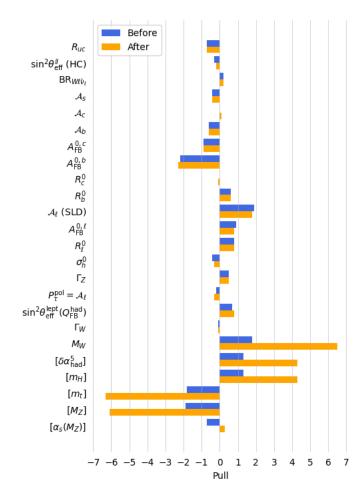
New CDF results dominates standard average but tensions between LEP 2, Tevatron, and LHC results → consider "conservative" scenario

From global SM fit, omitting the experimental information on MW (previous pull:  $1.8 \sigma$ )



Model	Pred. $M_W$ [GeV] Pull	Pred. $M_W$ [GeV] Pull			
	standard average	conservative average			
$\overline{\text{SM}}$	$80.3499 \pm 0.0056$ 6.5 $\sigma$	$80.3505 \pm 0.0077$ $3.7 \sigma$			

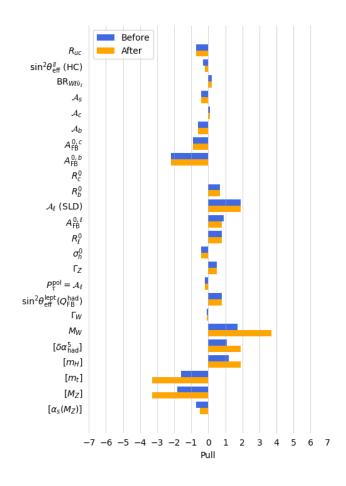
# Results of global fit



``standard'' scenario

	Measurement	Posterior	Indirect/Prediction	Pull	Full Indirect	Pull	Full Prediction	Pull
$\alpha_s(M_Z)$	$0.1177 \pm 0.0010$	$0.11762 \pm 0.00095$	$0.11685 \pm 0.00278$	0.3	$0.12181 \pm 0.00470$	-0.8	$0.1177 \pm 0.0010$	_
(5)		[0.1157 <mark>6</mark> , 0.11946]	[0.11145, 0.12233]		[0.1126, 0.1310]		[0.1157, 0.1197]	
$\Delta lpha_{ m had}^{(5)}(M_Z)$	$0.02766 \pm 0.00010$	I		4.3	$0.028005 \pm 0.000675$	-0.5	$0.02766 \pm 0.00010$	_
		[0.027349, 0.027726]	[0.025522, 0]026826]		[0.02667, 0.02932]		[0.02746, 0.02786]	
$M_Z$ [GeV]	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	$91.1911 \pm 0.0020$	$91.2314 \pm 0.0069$	-6.1	$91.2108 \pm 0.0390$	-0.6	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	_
		[91.187 <mark>2</mark> , 91.1950]	[91.2178, 9 <mark>1.2447]</mark>		[91.136, 91   288]		[91.1834, 91.1916]	
$m_t \; [\mathrm{GeV}]$	$171.79 \pm 0.38$	$172.36 \pm 0.37$	$181.45 \pm 1.49$	-6.3	$187.58 \pm 9.52$	-1.7	$171.80 \pm 0.88$	_
[67.77]	107 01 1 0 10	[171.64, 173.09]	[178.53, 184.42]	4.0	[169.1, 206.1]	0.0	[171.05, 172.54]	
$m_H$ [GeV]	$125.21 \pm 0.12$	$125.20 \pm 0.12$	$93.36 \pm 4.99$	4.3	$247.98 \pm 125.35$	-0.9	$125.21 \pm 0.12$	_
M [C M]	00.4100   0.0000	[124.97, 125.44]	[82.92, 102.89]	0.5	[100.8, 640 4]	0.1	[124.97, 125.45]	0.5
$M_W$ [GeV]	$80.4133 \pm 0.0080$	$80.3706 \pm 0.0045$	$80.3499 \pm 0.0056$	6.5	$80.4129 \pm 0.0080$	0.1	$80.3496 \pm 0.0057$	6.5
T [C V]	$2.085 \pm 0.042$	[80.3617, 80.3794]	[80.3391, 80.3610]		[80.3973, 80.4284]	0.0	[80.3386, 80.3608]	0.0
$\Gamma_W$ [GeV]	$2.085 \pm 0.042$	$2.08903 \pm 0.00053$	Describe of the of		$2.09430 \pm 0.00224$	-0.2	$2.08744 \pm 0.00059$	0.0
· 2 alepta	a a riba a la tal	[2.08800, 2.09006]	Result of the f	Iτ	[2.0900, 2.0988]	0.0	$\frac{[2.0]}{0.23}$ Prediction	าร บรม
$\sin^2  heta_{ m eff}^{ m lept}($	perimental	$0.231471 \pm 0.000055$	not using the		$0.231460 \pm 0.000138$	0.8	0.20	15 4511
ppol 4 Val	ues used as	[0.231362, 0.231580]	not using the	_	[0.23119, 0.23173]		$\frac{[0.23]}{0.1}$ measuren	nents
$P_{ au}^{ m pol}=\mathcal{A}$ Val	ues useu as	$0.14742 \pm 0.00044$	corresponding		$0.14750 \pm 0.00108$	-0.3	0.1	
n G vi inn	uts	[0.14656, 0.14827]	corresponding	<b>5</b>	[0.1454, 0.1496]	0.0	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 2.4 \end{bmatrix}$ SM param	neters
$\overline{\Gamma_{Z} \; [{ m GeV}]} \; \; { m Inp}$	iuts	$2.49455 \pm 0.00065$	measurement	-	$2.49530 \pm 0.00204$	0.0	2.4	
0 [ 1 ]	41 400   0.000	[2.49329, 2.49581]	measurement	•	[2.4912, 2.4993]		[2.49262, 2.49531]	0.4
$\sigma_h^0$ [nb]	$41.480 \pm 0.033$	$41.4892 \pm 0.0077$	[41 4757 41 5070]	<del>-0.3</del>	4 Decult of the	~ c:r	$1923 \pm 0.0080$	-0.4
$R_\ell^0$	20.767   0.025	[41.4741, 41.5041]	[41.4757, 41.5070]	0.8	Result of th	епт	4766, 41.5081	0.7
$\kappa_\ell$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	$20.7487 \pm 0.0080$	$20.7451 \pm 0.0087$	0.8	1 not using a	<b></b>	$7468 \pm 0.0087$	0.7
40.ℓ	0.0171   0.0010		[20.7281, 20.7621]	0.8	not using a	ııy	7298, 20.7637	1.0
$A_{ m FB}^{0,\ell}$	$0.0171 \pm 0.0010$	Results of the	$0.016291 \pm 0.000096$	0.8	measureme	nts	of $615 \pm 0.00011$	1.0
$\mathcal{A}_{\ell}$ (SLD)	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$	alabal £:	$ \begin{array}{c} [0.016102, 0.016480] \\ 0.14745 \pm 0.00045 \end{array} $	1.8		21163	OT $1594, 0.01636$ ] $675 \pm 0.00049$	2.1
$\mathcal{A}_{\ell}$ (SLD)	$0.1313 \pm 0.0021$	global fit	$[0.14745 \pm 0.00045]$	1.0	SM parame	ters	4580, 0.14770	2.1
$R_b^0$	$0.21629 \pm 0.00066$	$0.215892 \pm 0.000100$	$0.215886 \pm 0.000102$	0.6	0.2	CCIS	$591 \pm 0.00010$	0.6
$r_b$	0.21023 ± 0.00000	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.215692 \pm 0.000100 \\ [0.215696, 0.216089] \end{bmatrix}$	[0.215688, 0.216086]	0.0	[0.21469, 0.21611]		[0.21571, 0.21611]	0.0
$R_c^0$	$0.1721 \pm 0.0030$	$0.172198 \pm 0.000054$		-0.1	$0.172404 \pm 0.000183$	-0.1	$0.172189 \pm 0.000054$	L =0 1
$I \iota_C$	0.1721 ± 0.0000	$ \begin{bmatrix} 0.172190 \pm 0.000094 \\ [0.172093, 0.172302] \end{bmatrix} $	$[0.172197 \pm 0.000004]$	0.1	$[0.172404 \pm 0.000109]$	0.1	$[0.172103 \pm 0.000054]$	
$A_{ m FB}^{0,b}$	$0.0996 \pm 0.0016$	$0.10335 \pm 0.00030$	, ,	-2.3	$0.10338 \pm 0.00077$	-2.1	$0.10288 \pm 0.00034$	-2.0
<sup>1</sup> FB	0.0000 ± 0.0010	[0.10276, 0.10396]	[0.10275, 0.10400]	2.0	[0.10189, 0.10490]	2.1	[0.10220, 0.10354]	2.0
$A_{ m FB}^{0,c}$	$0.0707 \pm 0.0035$	$0.07385 \pm 0.00023$	$0.07387 \pm 0.00023$	-0.9	$0.07392 \pm 0.00059$	-0.9	$0.07348 \pm 0.00025$	-0.8
<sup>2</sup> FB	0.0101 ± 0.0000	[0.07341, 0.07430]	[0.07341, 0.07434]	0.5	[0.07275, 0.07507]	0.5	[0.07298, 0.07398]	0.0
$\mathcal{A}_b$	$0.923 \pm 0.020$	$0.934770 \pm 0.000039$	,	-0.6	$0.934593 \pm 0.000166$	-0.6	, ,	-0.6
	0.020 ± 0.020	[0.934693, 0.934847]	[0.934693, 0.934849]	0.0	[0.93426, 0.93491]	0.0	[0.934642, 0.934801]	
$\mathcal{A}_c$	$0.670 \pm 0.027$	$0.66796 \pm 0.00021$	$0.66797 \pm 0.00021$	0.1	$0.66817 \pm 0.00054$	0.1	$0.66766 \pm 0.00022$	0.1
	0.0.0	[0.66754, 0.66838]	[0.66755, 0.66839]		[0.66712, 0.66922]		[0.66722, 0.66810]	
$\overline{\mathcal{A}_s}$	$0.895 \pm 0.091$	$0.935678 \pm 0.000039$	, ,	-0.4	$0.935716 \pm 0.000098$	-0.5	$0.935621 \pm 0.000041$	-0.5
		[0.935600, 0.935755]	[0.935599, 0.935754]		[0.935523, 0.935909]	- 0	[0.935541, 0.935702]	
$\mathrm{BR}_{W \to \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	$0.10860 \pm 0.00090$	$0.108388 \pm 0.000022$	, ,	0.2	$0.108291 \pm 0.000109$	0.3	$0.108386 \pm 0.000023$	
_		[0.108345, 0.108431]	[0.108345, 0.108431]		[0.10808, 0.10851]		[0.108340, 0.108432]	
$\sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^{\rm lept}$ (HC)	$0.23143 \pm 0.00025$	1 .	$0.231474 \pm 0.000056$	-0.2	,	-0.1		
еп		[0.231362, 0.231580]	[0.231363, 0.231584]		[0.23119, 0.23173]		[0.231436, 0.231679]	
$R_{uc}$	$0.1660 \pm 0.0090$	$0.172220 \pm 0.000031$	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-0.7	$0.172424 \pm 0.000180$	-0.7	$0.172212 \pm 0.000032$	2 - 0.7
==		[0.172159, 0.172282]	[0.172159, 0.172282]		[0.17209, 0.17279]	- '	[0.172149, 0.172275]	
	I	11	11		[			

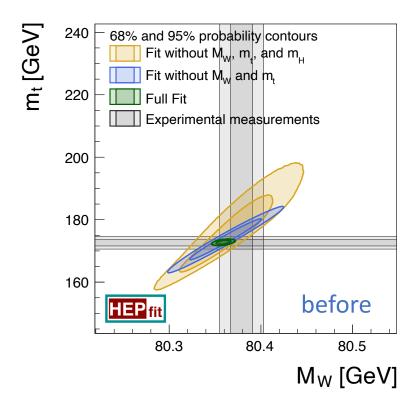
# Results of global fit



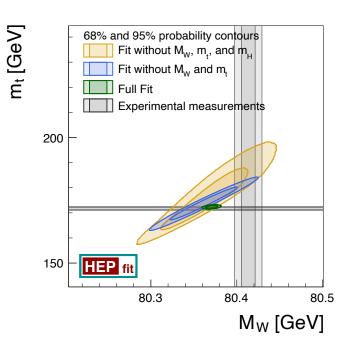
"conservative" scenario

$lpha_s(M_Z)$ $\Delta lpha_{ m had}^{(5)}(M_Z)$	$0.1177 \pm 0.0010$	$0.11786 \pm 0.00095$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
$\Delta lpha_{ m had}^{(5)}(M_Z)$		$0.11760 \pm 0.00095$	$0.11930 \pm 0.00281$	-0.5	$0.12174 \pm 0.00473$	-0.8	$0.1177 \pm 0.0010$	
$\Delta \alpha_{\rm had}^{(5)}(M_Z)$		[0.11603, 0.11972]	[0.11371, 0.12482]		[0.1126, 0.1311]		[0.1157, 0.1197]	
	$0.02766 \pm 0.00010$	$0.027614 \pm 0.000097$	$0.026895 \pm 0.000394$	1.9	$0.027987 \pm 0.000699$	-0.5	$0.02766 \pm 0.00010$	_
nau v		[0.027422, 0.027804]	[0.026123, 0.027677]		[0.02661, 0.02935]		[0.02747, 0.02786]	
$M_Z$ [GeV]	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	$91.1887 \pm 0.0021$	$91.2227 \pm 0.0105$	-3.3	$91.2111 \pm 0.0390$	-0.6	$91.1875 \pm 0.0021$	_
		[91.1847, 91.1927]	[91.2024, 91.2434]		[91.135, 91.289]		[91.1834, 91.1916]	
$m_t \; [\text{GeV}]$	$171.8 \pm 1.0$	$173.12 \pm 0.92$	$180.10 \pm 2.25$	-3.3	$187.16 \pm 9.83$	-1.6	$171.8 \pm 1.0$	_
		[171.30, 174.92]	[175.66, 184.55]		[167.9, 206.4]		[169.8, 173.8]	
$m_H [GeV]$	$125.21 \pm 0.12$	$125.21 \pm 0.12$	$102.19 \pm 9.79$	1.9	$245.25 \pm 125.35$	-0.9	$125.21 \pm 0.12$	_
		[124.97, 125.45]	[87.01, 127.30]		[98.1, 640.4]		[124.97, 125.45]	
$M_W$ [GeV]	$80.413 \pm 0.015$	$80.3634 \pm 0.0068$	$80.3505 \pm 0.0077$	3.7	$80.4116 \pm 0.0146$	0.0	$80.3497 \pm 0.0079$	3.7
		[80.3500, 80.3769]	[80.3355, 80.3655]		[80.383, 80.440]		[80.3342, 80.3653]	
$\Gamma_W [{ m GeV}]$	$2.085 \pm 0.042$	$2.08859 \pm 0.00066$	$2.08859 \pm 0.00066$	-0.1	$2.09426 \pm 0.00245$	-0.2	$2.08743 \pm 0.00073$	0.0
		[2.08731, 2.08988]	[2.08732, 2.08988]		[2.0894, 2.0990]		[2.08601, 2.08889]	
$\sin^2  heta_{ ext{eff}}^{ ext{lept}}(Q_{ ext{FB}}^{ ext{had}})$	$0.2324 \pm 0.0012$	$0.231491 \pm 0.000059$	$0.231490 \pm 0.000059$	0.8	$0.231461 \pm 0.000136$	0.8	$0.231558 \pm 0.000068$	0.7
		[0.231376, 0.231608]	[0.231374, 0.231607]		[0.23119, 0.23173]		[0.231426, 0.231691]	
$P_{\tau}^{\text{pol}} = \mathcal{A}_{\ell}$	$0.1465 \pm 0.0033$	$0.14725 \pm 0.00046$	$0.14727 \pm 0.00047$	-0.2	$0.14750 \pm 0.00108$	-0.3	$0.14674 \pm 0.00053$	-0.1
·		[0.14634, 0.14817]	[0.14635, 0.14820]		[0.1454, 0.1496]		[0.14570, 0.14779]	
$\Gamma_Z$ [GeV]	$2.4955 \pm 0.0023$	$2.49453 \pm 0.00066$	$2.49434 \pm 0.00070$	0.5	$2.49528 \pm 0.00205$	0.1	$2.49396 \pm 0.00072$	0.6
		[2.49324, 2.49584]	[2.49295, 2.49572]		[2.4912, 2.4993]		[2.49257, 2.49538]	
$\sigma_h^0$ [nb]	$41.480 \pm 0.033$	$41.4908 \pm 0.0077$	$41.4929 \pm 0.0080$	-0.4	$41.4616 \pm 0.0304$	0.4	$41.4924 \pm 0.0080$	-0.4
		[41.4757, 41.5059]	[41.4772, 41.5087]		[41.402, 41.522]		[41.4767, 41.5083]	
$R_\ell^0$	$20.767 \pm 0.025$	$20.7491 \pm 0.0080$	$20.7458 \pm 0.0086$	0.8	$20.7589 \pm 0.0218$	0.2	$20.7470 \pm 0.0087$	0.8
		[20.7333, 20.7649]	[20.7287, 20.7627]		[20.716, 20.802]		[20.7297, 20.7638]	
$A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	$0.0171 \pm 0.0010$	$0.01626 \pm 0.00010$	$0.01625 \pm 0.00010$	0.8	$0.01631 \pm 0.00024$	0.8	$0.01615 \pm 0.00012$	1.0
1.5		[0.01606, 0.01647]	[0.01605, 0.01646]		[0.01585, 0.01679]		[0.01592, 0.01638]	
$\mathcal{A}_{\ell}$ (SLD)	$0.1513 \pm 0.0021$	$0.14725 \pm 0.00046$	$0.14728 \pm 0.00049$	1.9	$0.14750 \pm 0.00108$	1.6	$0.14674 \pm 0.00053$	2.1
		[0.14634, 0.14817]	[0.14632, 0.14824]		[0.1454, 0.1496]		[0.14570, 0.14779]	
$R_b^0$	$0.21629 \pm 0.00066$	$0.21587 \pm 0.00010$	$0.21586 \pm 0.00011$	0.7	$0.21542 \pm 0.00037$	1.2	$0.21591 \pm 0.00011$	0.6
		[0.21566, 0.21607]	[0.21565, 0.21607]		[0.21467, 0.21613]		[0.21570, 0.21611]	
$R_c^0$	$0.1721 \pm 0.0030$	$0.172210 \pm 0.000054$	$0.172210 \pm 0.000054$	0.0	$0.172400 \pm 0.000185$	-0.1	$0.172190 \pm 0.000055$	-0.1
		[0.172102, 0.172316]	[0.172103, 0.172317]		[0.17205, 0.17277]		[0.172082, 0.172297]	
$A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,b}$	$0.0996 \pm 0.0016$	$0.10324 \pm 0.00033$	$0.10325 \pm 0.00035$	-2.2	$0.10338 \pm 0.00076$	-2.1	$0.10287 \pm 0.00037$	-2.0
		[0.10259, 0.10388]	[0.10258, 0.10393]		[0.10188, 0.10489]		[0.10214, 0.10361]	
$A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,c}$	$0.0707 \pm 0.0035$	$0.07377 \pm 0.00024$	$0.07377 \pm 0.00026$	-0.9	$0.07391 \pm 0.00059$	-0.9	$0.07348 \pm 0.00028$	-0.8
r b		[0.07328, 0.07425]	[0.07327, 0.07428]		[0.07275, 0.07507]		[0.07293, 0.07403]	
$A_b$	$0.923 \pm 0.020$	$0.934746 \pm 0.000040$	$0.934746 \pm 0.000040$	-0.6	$0.934594 \pm 0.000169$	-0.6	$0.934721 \pm 0.000041$	-0.6
		[0.934668, 0.934825]	[0.934668, 0.934826]		[0.93426, 0.93492]		[0.934640, 0.934802]	
$A_c$	$0.670 \pm 0.027$	$0.66789 \pm 0.00023$	$0.66789 \pm 0.00023$	0.1	$0.66816 \pm 0.00054$	0.1	$0.66766 \pm 0.00024$	0.1
		[0.66743, 0.66834]	[0.66743, 0.66835]		[0.66712, 0.66922]		[0.66718, 0.66814]	
$A_s$	$0.895 \pm 0.091$	$0.935663 \pm 0.000043$	$0.935663 \pm 0.000043$	-0.4	$0.935714 \pm 0.000099$	-0.5	$0.935622 \pm 0.000045$	-0.5
		[0.935580, 0.935746]	[0.935580, 0.935746]		[0.935522, 0.935909]		[0.935533, 0.935709]	
$\mathrm{BR}_{W \to \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	$0.10860 \pm 0.00090$	$0.108382 \pm 0.000022$	$0.108382 \pm 0.000022$	0.2	$0.108293 \pm 0.000110$	0.3	$0.108386 \pm 0.000023$	0.2
ŧ.		[0.108339, 0.108425]	[0.108339, 0.108425]		[0.10808, 0.10851]		[0.108340, 0.108432]	
$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}^{\text{lept}}$ (HC)	$0.23143 \pm 0.00025$	$0.231491 \pm 0.000059$	$0.231496 \pm 0.000061$	-0.2	, ,	-0.1	$0.231558 \pm 0.000068$	-0.5
en ( -/)		[0.231376, 0.231608]	[0.231376, 0.231616]		[0.23119, 0.23173]		[0.231426, 0.231691]	
$R_{uc}$	$0.1660 \pm 0.0090$	$0.172231 \pm 0.000033$	$0.172231 \pm 0.000033$	-0.7	. /	-0.7		-0.7
		[0.172167, 0.172295]	[0.172168, 0.172296]	- 1	[0.17208, 0.17279]	- •	[0.172145, 0.172277]	- •

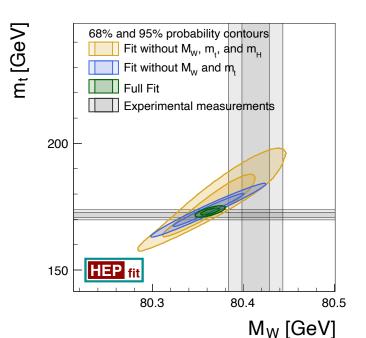
# Interplay between m<sub>t</sub> and M<sub>W</sub>



Custodial SU(2) violated by Yukawa interactions  $\rho=M_W^2/M_Z^2c_W^2=1$  tree-level prediction modified by loop corrections  $\propto G_F m_t^2$ .

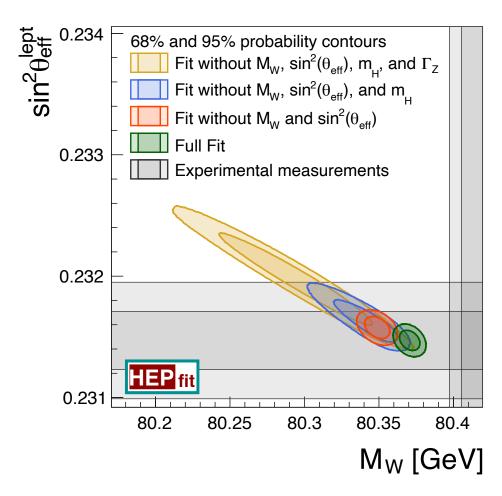


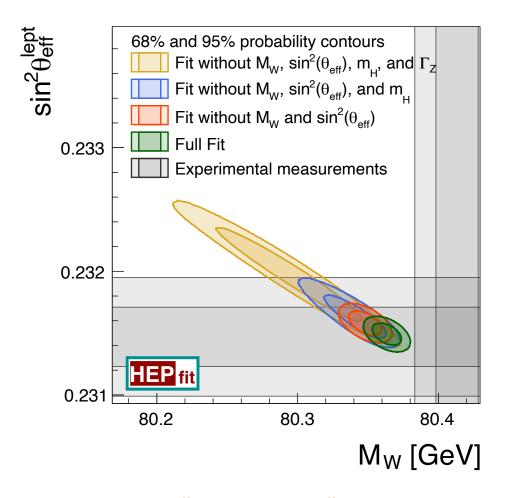
after "standard"



after "conservative"

## Interplay between $M_W$ and $sin^2\theta_{eff}$





"standard" scenario

"conservative" scenario

#### Theory and parametric errors

#### Theory intrinsic uncertainties on input parameters

$$\delta_{th}M_W = 4 \text{ MeV}$$
,  $\delta_{th}\sin^2 q_W = 5 \times 10^{-5}$ 

$$\delta_{\text{th}}\Gamma_{\text{Z}}$$
 = 0.4 MeV,  $\delta_{\text{th}}\sigma^{0}_{\text{had}}$  = 6 pb

$$\delta_{\text{th}} R^0_{\ \ \ \ \ \ } = 0.0005$$
  
 $\delta_{\text{th}} R^0_{\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ } = 0.0001$ 

Still small compared to experimental uncertainties. Small impact on fit's outcome.

#### Parametric uncertainties

					standard	scenario	conservati	ve scenario
	Prediction	$\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$	$\Delta \alpha_{ m had}^{(5)}(M_Z^2)$	$M_Z$	$m_t$	Total	$m_t$	Total
$M_W$ [GeV]	80.3545	$\pm 0.0006$	$\pm 0.0018$	$\pm 0.0027$	$\pm 0.0027$	$\pm 0.0042$	$\pm 0.0060$	$\pm 0.0069$
$\Gamma_W$ [GeV]	2.08782	$\pm 0.00040$	$\pm 0.00014$	$\pm 0.00021$	$\pm 0.00021$	$\pm 0.00052$	$\pm 0.00047$	$\pm 0.00066$
$\mathrm{BR}_{W \to \ell \bar{\nu}_{\ell}}$	0.108386	$\pm 0.000024$	$\pm 0.000000$	$\pm 0.000000$	$\pm 0.000000$	$\pm 0.000024$	$\pm 0.000000$	$\pm 0.000024$
$\sin^2 \theta_{\rm eff}^{ m lept}$	0.231534	$\pm 0.000003$	$\pm 0.000035$	$\pm 0.000015$	$\pm 0.000013$	$\pm 0.000041$	$\pm 0.000030$	$\pm 0.000048$
$\Gamma_Z$ [GeV]	2.49414	$\pm 0.00049$	$\pm 0.00010$	$\pm 0.00021$	$\pm 0.00010$	$\pm 0.00056$	$\pm 0.00023$	$\pm 0.00060$
$\sigma_h^0$ [nb]	41.4929	$\pm 0.0049$	$\pm 0.0001$	$\pm 0.0020$	$\pm 0.0003$	$\pm 0.0053$	$\pm 0.0007$	$\pm 0.0053$
$R_\ell^0$	20.7464	$\pm 0.0062$	$\pm 0.0006$	$\pm 0.0003$	$\pm 0.0002$	$\pm 0.0063$	$\pm 0.0004$	$\pm 0.0063$
$A_{ m FB}^{0,\ell}$	0.016191	$\pm 0.000006$	$\pm 0.000060$	$\pm 0.000026$	$\pm 0.000023$	$\pm 0.000070$	$\pm 0.000052$	$\pm 0.000084$
$\mathcal{A}_{\ell}^{^{1}}$	0.14692	$\pm 0.00003$	$\pm 0.00028$	$\pm 0.00012$	$\pm 0.00010$	$\pm 0.00032$	$\pm 0.00023$	$\pm 0.00038$
$R_b^0$	0.215880	$\pm 0.000011$	$\pm 0.000001$	$\pm 0.000000$	$\pm 0.000015$	$\pm 0.000019$	$\pm 0.000034$	$\pm 0.000035$
$R_c^0$	0.172198	$\pm 0.000020$	$\pm 0.000002$	$\pm 0.000001$	$\pm 0.000005$	$\pm 0.000020$	$\pm 0.000011$	$\pm 0.000023$
$A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,b} \ A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.10300	$\pm 0.00002$	$\pm 0.00020$	$\pm 0.00008$	$\pm 0.00007$	$\pm 0.00023$	$\pm 0.00016$	$\pm 0.00027$
$A_{\mathrm{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.07358	$\pm 0.00001$	$\pm 0.00015$	$\pm 0.00006$	$\pm 0.00006$	$\pm 0.00018$	$\pm 0.00013$	$\pm 0.00021$
$\mathcal{A}_b^{^{\Gamma}B}$	0.934727	$\pm 0.000001$	$\pm 0.000023$	$\pm 0.000010$	$\pm 0.000003$	$\pm 0.000025$	$\pm 0.000007$	$\pm 0.000026$
$\mathcal{A}_c$	0.66775	$\pm 0.00001$	$\pm 0.00012$	$\pm 0.00005$	$\pm 0.00005$	$\pm 0.00014$	$\pm 0.00011$	$\pm 0.00017$
$\mathcal{A}_s$	0.935637	$\pm 0.000002$	$\pm 0.000022$	$\pm 0.000010$	$\pm 0.000009$	$\pm 0.000026$	$\pm 0.000020$	$\pm 0.000031$
$R_{uc}$	0.172220	$\pm 0.000019$	$\pm 0.000002$	$\pm 0.000001$	$\pm 0.000005$	$\pm 0.000020$	$\pm 0.000011$	$\pm 0.000023$

## Beyond the SM

Very broadly, two main options:

■ Add new physics that breaks residual  $SU(2)_V$  custodial symmetry and allows  $\rho \neq 1$  at tree level  $\longrightarrow$  not considered here

- Add heavy new physics that decouples and leaves virtual effects:
  - Mainly in gauge boson propagators: "Oblique corrections" ("oblique" models)
    - S,T,U parameters
  - In a complete set of gauge-invariant higher dimension effective operators

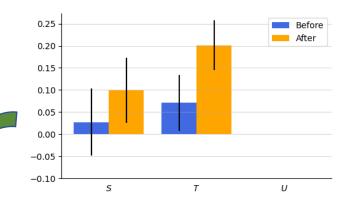
$$m{ ilde{L}_{eff}}=\mathcal{L}_{SM}+\sum_{i,d}rac{C_i^{(d)}}{\Lambda^{d-4}}\mathcal{O}_i^{(d)}$$

#### Beyond the SM: {S,T,U}

$$S = -16\pi\Pi_{30}^{\text{\tiny NP}}{}'(0) = 16\pi[\Pi_{33}^{\text{\tiny NP}}{}'(0) - \Pi_{3Q}^{\text{\tiny NP}}{}'(0)]$$

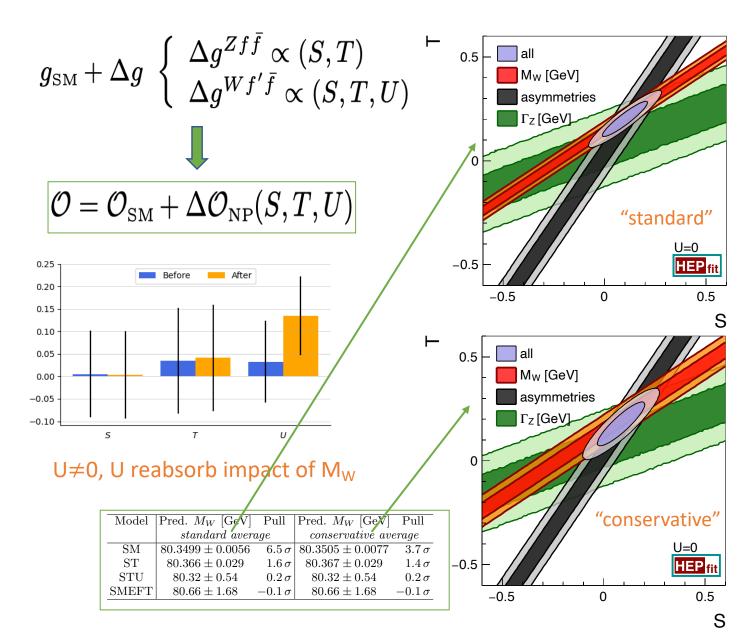
$$T = rac{4}{s_W^2 c_W^2 M_Z^2} [\Pi_{11}^{ ext{NP}}(0) - \Pi_{33}^{ ext{NP}}(0)]$$

$$U = 16\pi [\Pi_{11}^{NP\prime} - \Pi_{33}^{\text{NP}\prime}(0)]$$

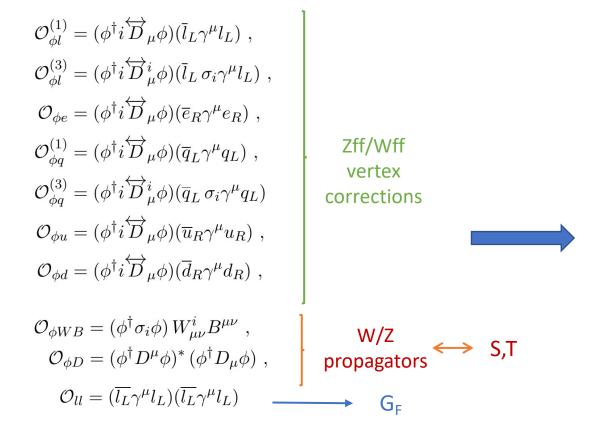


U=0, (S,T) reabsorb impact of M<sub>W</sub>

	Result	Correlation	Result	Correlation				
	$(IC_{ST}/IC_{SM} =$		$(IC_{STU}/IC_{SM} = 25.3/80.2)$					
$\overline{S}$	$0.100 \pm 0.073$	1.00	$0.005 \pm 0.096$	1.00				
T	$0.202 \pm 0.056$	0.93 1.00	$0.040 \pm 0.120$	0.91 1.00				
U	_		$0.134 \pm 0.087$	-0.65 $-0.88$ $1.00$				



## Beyond the SM: SMEFT (d=6)



#### Very loose prediction of $M_W$ from $\Gamma_W(M_W)$

Model	Pred. $M_W$ [GeV	] Pull	Pred. $M_W$ [GeV	] Pull		
	standard ave	rage	$conservative \ average$			
SMEFT	$80.66 \pm 1.68$	$-0.1\sigma$	$80.66 \pm 1.68$	$-0.1 \sigma$		

#### Only 8 independent combinations enter EWPO

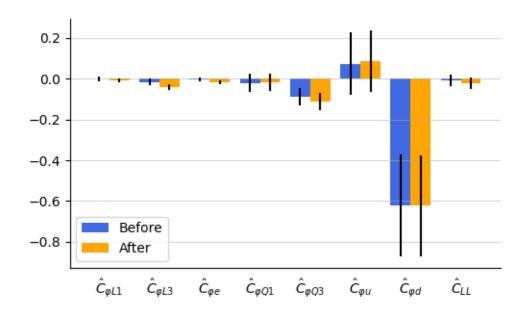
$$\hat{C}_{\varphi f}^{(1)} = C_{\varphi f}^{(1)} - \frac{Y_f}{2} C_{\varphi D}, \quad f = l, q, e, u, d,$$

$$\hat{C}_{\varphi f}^{(3)} = C_{\varphi f}^{(3)} + \frac{c_w^2}{4s_w^2} C_{\varphi D} + \frac{c_w}{s_w} C_{\varphi WB}, \quad f = l, q,$$

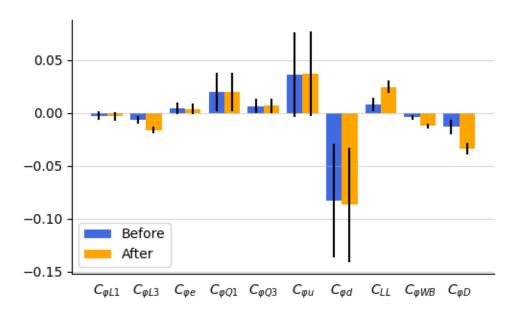
$$\hat{C}_{ll} = \frac{1}{2} ((C_{ll})_{1221} + (C_{ll})_{2112}) = (C_{ll})_{1221},$$

	$C_{\varphi D}$	$C_{\varphi WB}$	$C_{\varphi L}^{(3)}$	$C_{LL}$	$C_{\varphi L}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi e}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$	$C_{\varphi u}$	$C_{\varphi d}$
$M_W$	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$						
$\sin^2 \theta_{eff,l}$	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓				
$\Gamma_W$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			✓
:										
$\Gamma_Z$	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	✓

#### Global fit of all coefficients



#### Fit of individual coefficients



No substantial impact of new mt and MW measurements, within uncertainty of the fit.

Adding Higgs and top observables will lift the degeneracy



All 10 coefficients constrained independently by the global fit

	$C_{\varphi D}$	$C_{\varphi WB}$	$C_{\varphi L}^{(3)}$	$C_{LL}$	$C_{\varphi L}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi e}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(1)}$	$C_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$	$C_{\varphi u}$	$C_{\varphi d}$
$M_W$	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$						
$\sin^2 \theta_{eff,l}$	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓				
$\Gamma_W$	✓	✓	✓	$\checkmark$	✓		✓			✓
:										
$\Gamma_Z$	<b>√</b>	✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>

#### Conclusions

- EW global fits stress-test the SM and provide a very strong indirect constraint on new physics.
- New measurement of  $M_W$  (and  $m_t$ ) taken at face value implies a 6.5 $\sigma$  discrepancy with the SM global fit.
- Oblique corrections can reabsorb it with NP at the electroweak scale if loop-mediated (excluded) and at the TeV scale if tree-level.
- A more conservative averaging procedure greatly reduces the tension and the need for a NP explanation.

New independent measurements of M<sub>W</sub> (and m<sub>t</sub>) become crucial!