

XENONnT Dark Matter Experiment Recent Status and Latest Results

Yajing Xing on behalf
of XENON collaboration
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DSU2022@Sydney



XENONnT Dark Matter Experiment Recent Status and Latest Results

XENONnT Upgrades

First Science Data

Probe of XENON1T Excess

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DSU2022@Sydney





XENON

XENON Collaboration

More than 180 scientists, 27 institutions, 12 countries

Yajing Xing | DSU2022 @ Sydney | 5th Dec. 2022

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AMERICA

- UC San Diego
 - San Diego
- Houston
- THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
 - Chicago
- COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY
 - New York City
- PURDUE UNIVERSITY
 - Lafayette

Main goal:

Direct dark matter detection with a dual-phase liquid xenon TPC

EUROPE

Zurich	KIT Karlsruhe Institute of Technology	WWU Münster	UNIFreiburg	JGU Mainz	Heidelberg	Nikhef Amsterdam	Stockholm University Stockholm
Coimbra	Subatech	LPNHE PARIS	INFN TORINO	Bologna	L'Aquila	INFN ASSERGI	Napoli

ASIA

- 清华大学
Tsinghua University
Beijing
- 東京大学
The University of Tokyo
Tokyo
- 名古屋大学
NAGOYA UNIVERSITY
Nagoya
- 神戸大学
KOBE UNIVERSITY
Kobe

MIDDLE EAST

- מכון ויצמן למדע
WEIZMANN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE
Rohovot
- معهد أبو ظبي للعلوم والتكنولوجيا
NYU / ABU DHABI
Abu Dhabi



XENON Collaboration

More than 180 scientists, 27 institutions, 12 countries

XENON



XENON



XENON



Collaboration meeting @ Torino, July 2022
First post-COVID in-person meeting!

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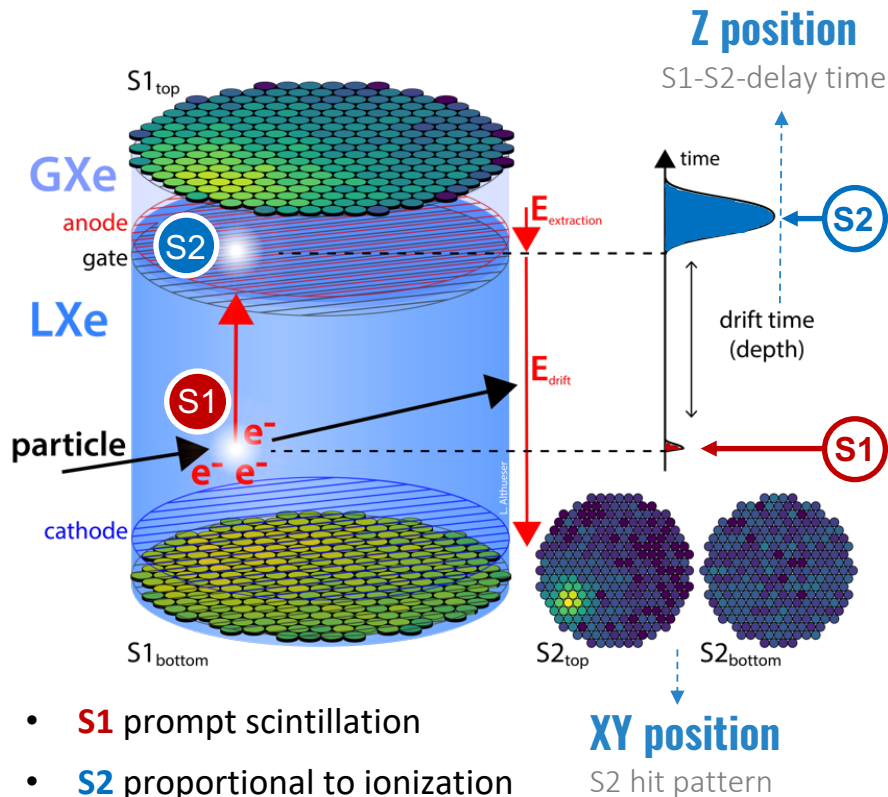
MIDDLE EAST

- Rohovot
- NYU / ABU DHABI
- Abu Dhabi

ASIA

- 清华大学
Tsinghua University
- Beijing
- 東京大学
The University of Tokyo
- Tokyo
- 名古屋大学
NAGOYA UNIVERSITY
- Nagoya
- KOBUE
UNIVERSITY
- Kobe

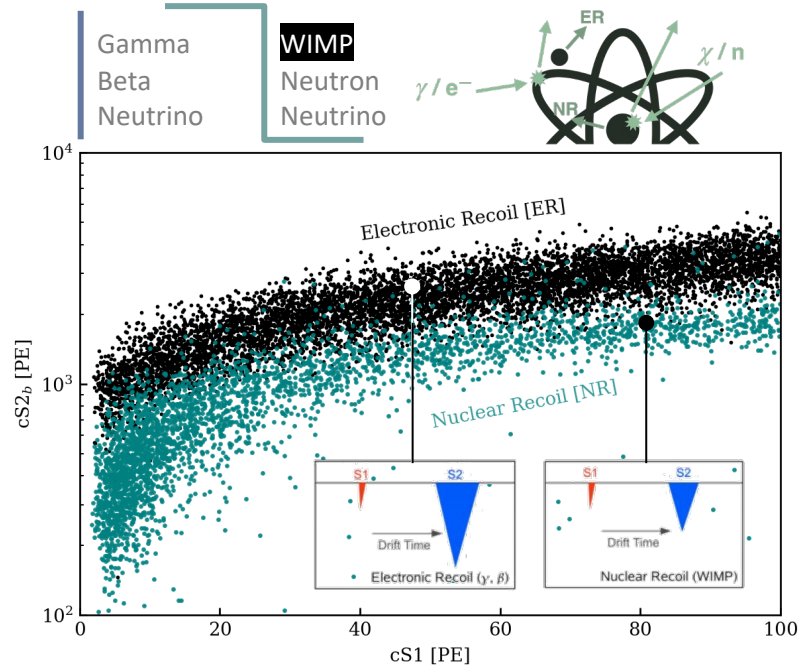
Dual-phase XENON TPC



- **S1** prompt scintillation
- **S2** proportional to ionization

Combination of **S1** and **S2** signals allows for:

- 3D Position reconstruction
- Energy reconstruction
- ER/NR discrimination through **S1/S2** ratio

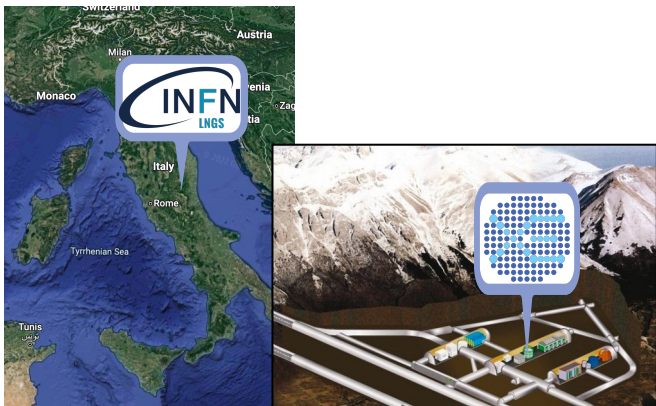




XENON Dark Matter Project

Dark matter direct detection experiments
Located in the Gran Sasso laboratories

Underground Laboratory
1400 m overburden (3600 m.w.e)



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* ↑ Projections

Sensitivity Improvements

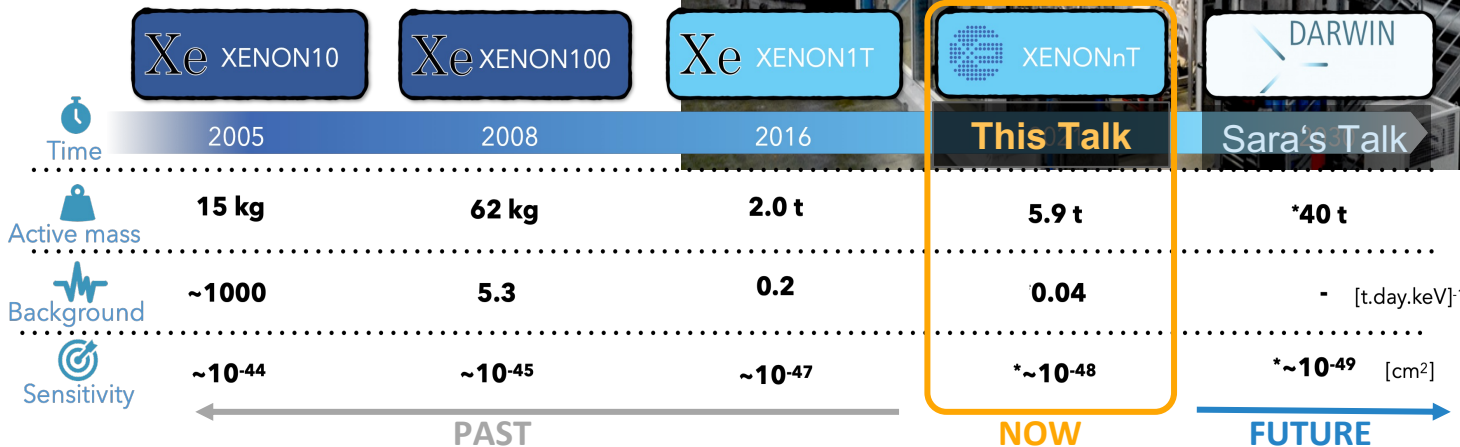
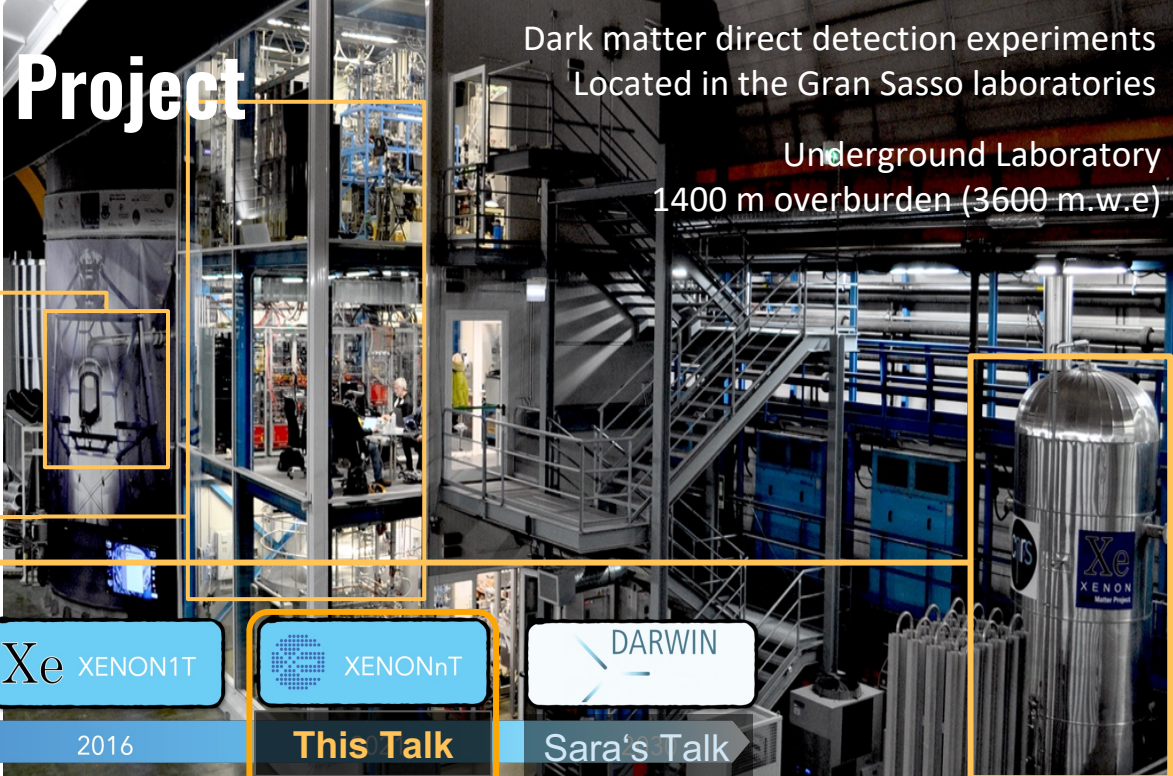
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From XENON1T to XENONnT

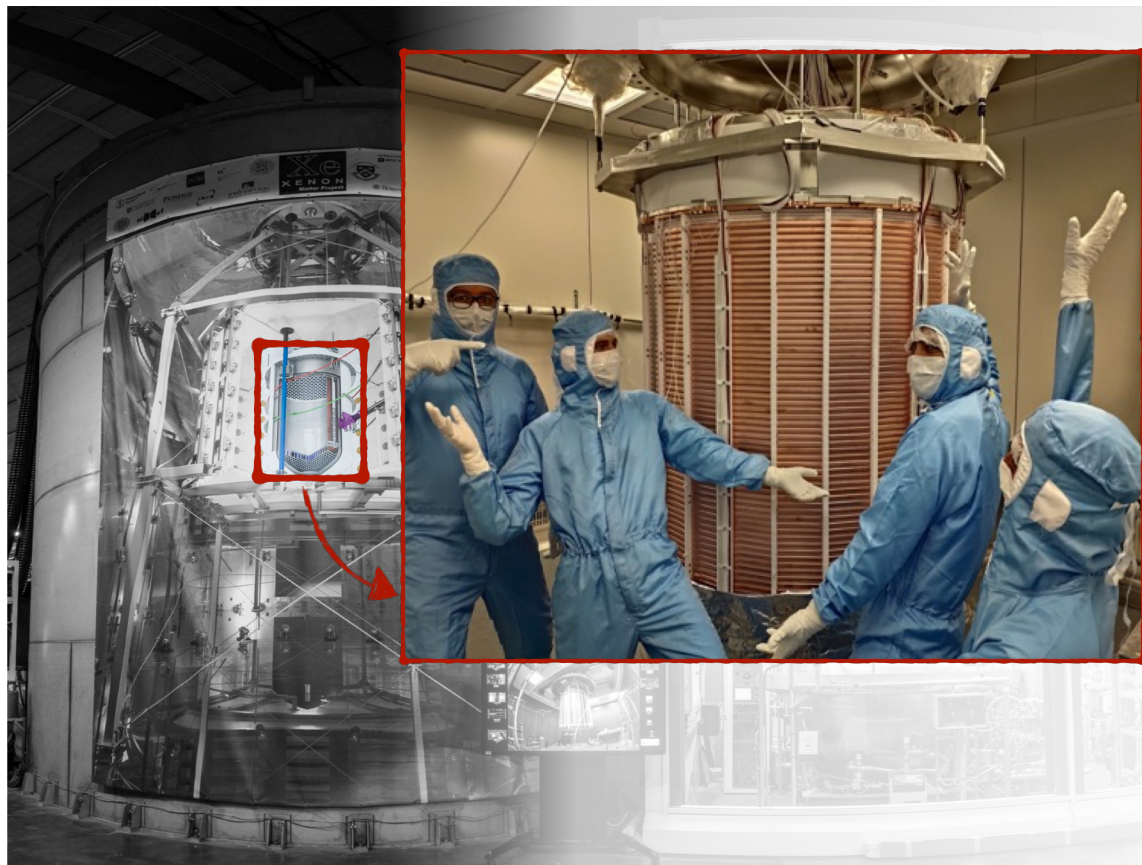
- Larger TPC
- Neutron Veto
- Rn distillation
- Liquid purification
- DAQ & Slow Control
- ReStoX-II



Sensitivity Improvements

* ↑ Projections

From XENON1T to XENONnT – Larger TPC



3.2t → 8.6t LXe

x2.5

Total Masse

2t → 5.9t LXe

x3

Active Volume

1m → 1.5m

x1.5

Drift Length

248 → 494

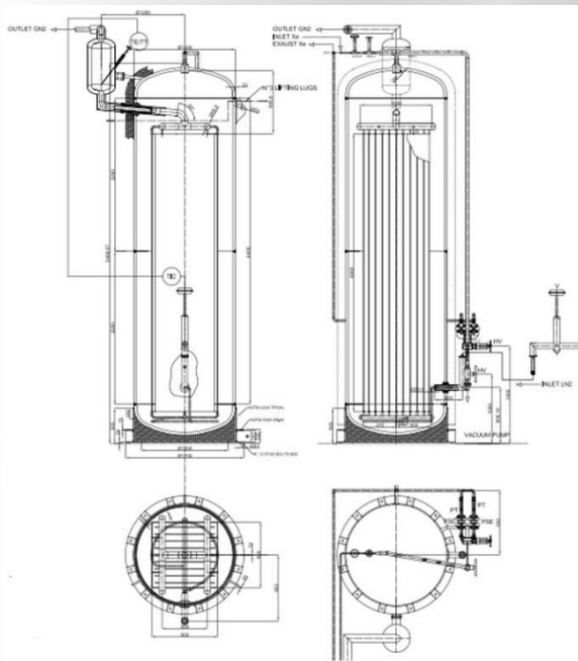
x2

Num. of PMTs

Carefully selected materials to **minimize backgrounds** (Eur. Phys. J. C (2022) 82:599)



From XENON1T to XENON_nT – ReStoX-II



Keep LXe Safe !

ReStoX-II

→ **fast xenon recovery system** through xenon crystallisation (500 kg/h)

6 m high, **up to 10 t of xenon** cooled by liquid nitrogen (LN₂)

Designed and funded by **Subatech** and **LPNHE** (+ LAL) → **100% French contribution**

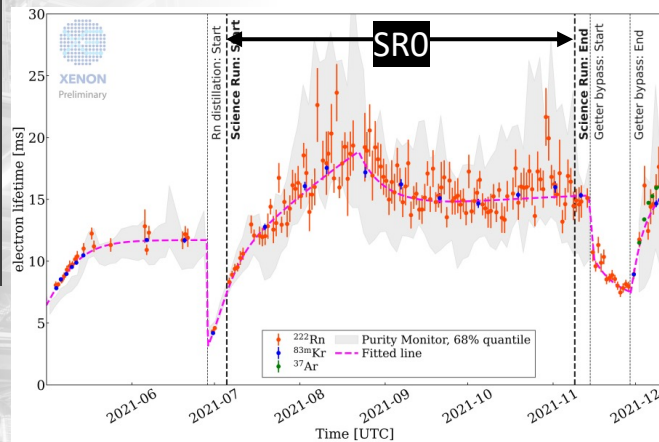


From XENON1T to XENONnT - Liquid Xenon Purification



Electron lifetime > 10 ms in science run (~ 5x Max. drift time)

Purity
x10
than XENON1T



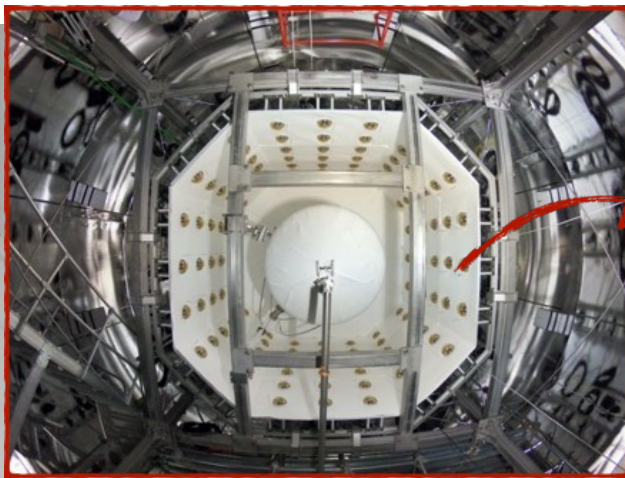
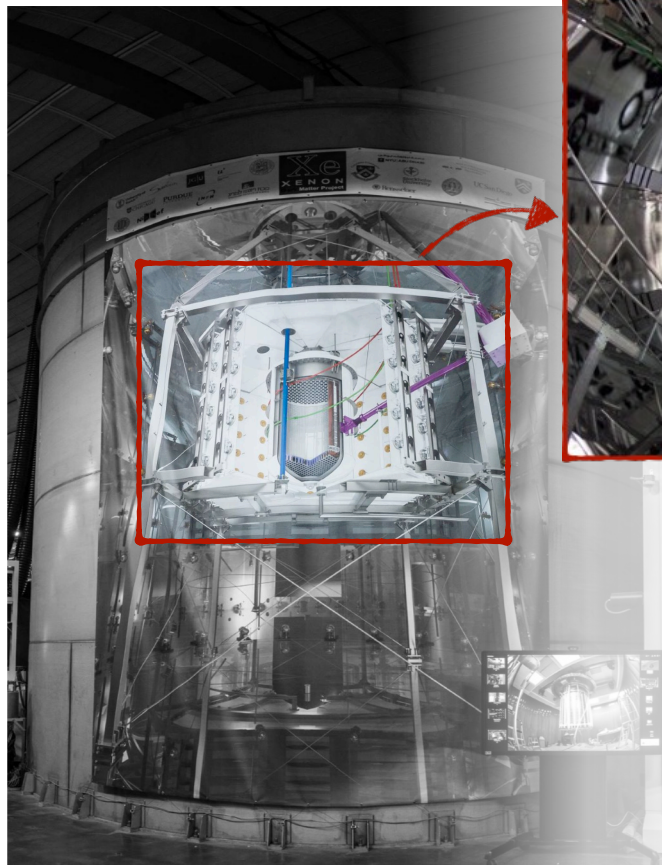
New liquid xenon purification technique with replaceable filter units + extremely low Rn emanation [EPJC 82 860 (2022)]

High-flux purification at 2 L/min LXe
 ⇒ reach very high purity in **< 1 week**
 ⇒ **18 h** to exchange the entire volume



	Max. drift time	Electron lifetime	e ⁻ survival @ max. drift length
1T	0.67 ms	0.65 ms	30%
nT	2.2 ms	> 10 ms	> 90%

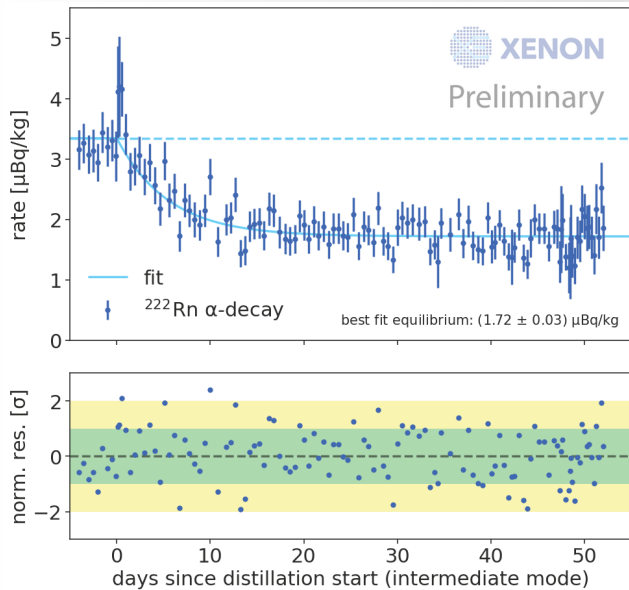
From XENON1T to XENONnT - Neutron Veto



- Active neutron veto filled with **pure water** around the TPC
Gd-doping planned
- 120 PMTs high-reflectivity walls to contain light
→ **Cherenkov detector** seeking neutron captures
- Crucial to **Enhance the WIMP Sensitivity** by tagging neutrons

68% efficiency now (pure water), 87% expected with Gd

From XENON1T to XENONnT - Radon Distillation Column



Newly Rn distillation column handles large Xe flows using Rn-free compressors and heat exchangers [arXiv:2205.11492]

^{222}Rn reduction

x7

XENON1T [SR1]

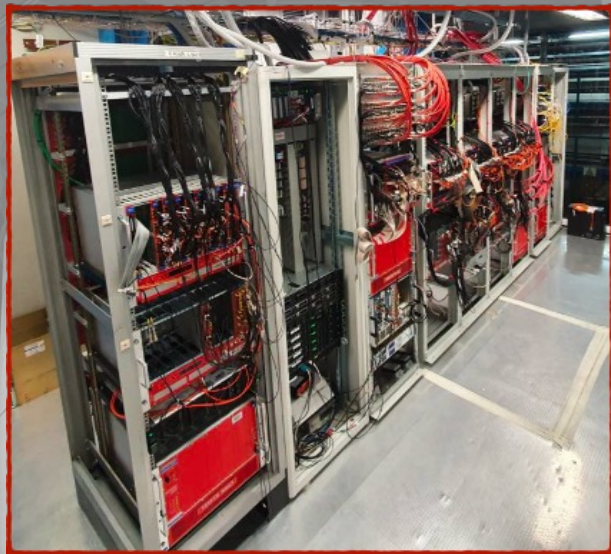


^{214}Pb dominant in low energy \rightarrow originated from ^{222}Rn in Xe

GXe-only mode during SR0 \rightarrow ^{222}Rn reduction down to **$1.7 \mu\text{Bq/kg}$**

Reaching goal of **$1 \mu\text{Bq/kg}$** with **LXe mode** (next science runs)

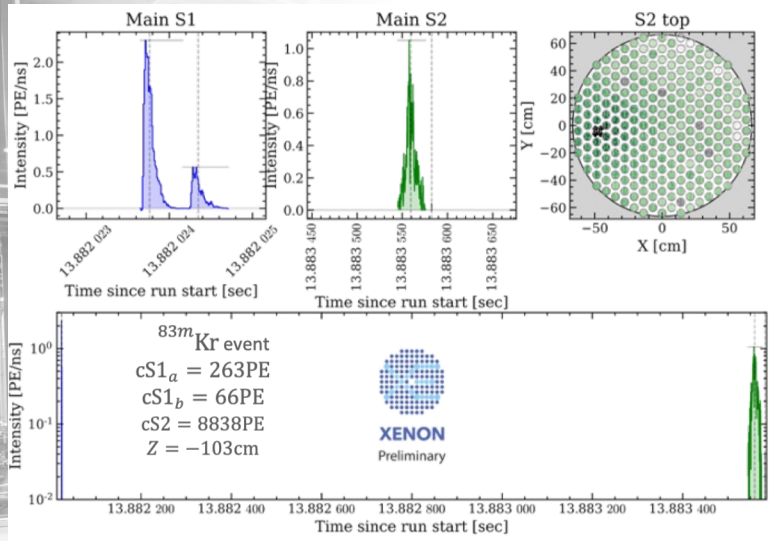
From XENON1T to XENONnT - Data Acquisition BACK-UP



Triggerless: all data above per channel threshold stored long term
Fully live processing
Open-source software: strax + straxen ([straxen@github](https://github.com/straxen))



Predecessors
 $\times 10^2$
faster than 1T

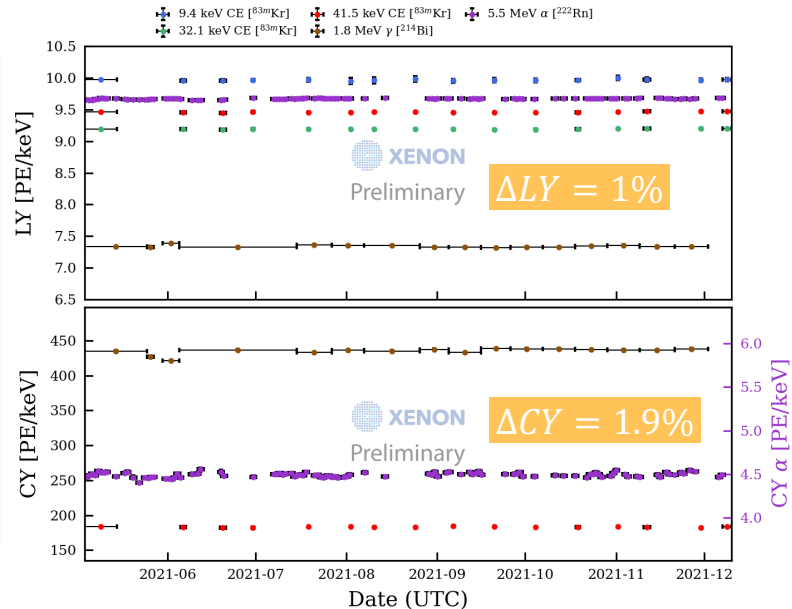
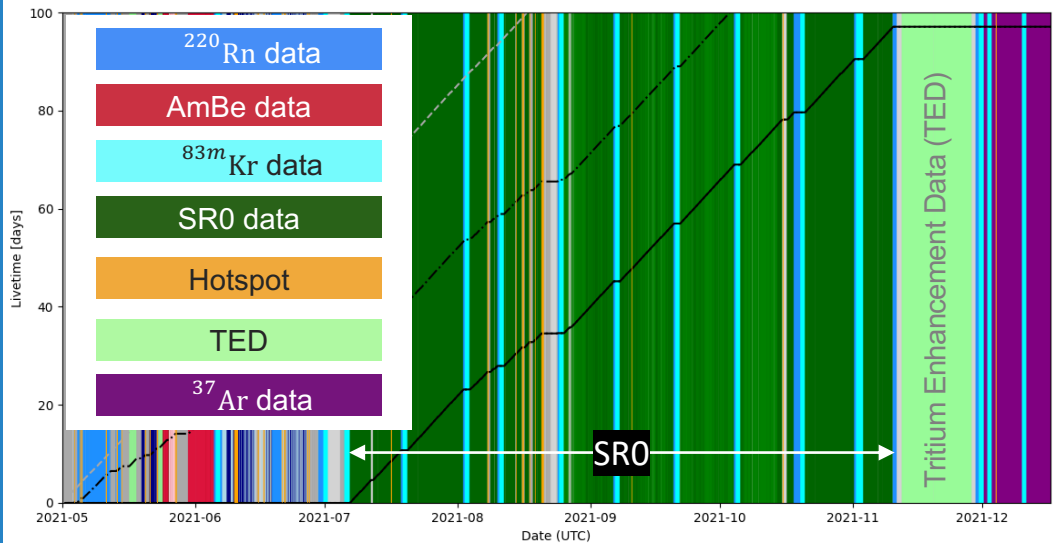




XENON

First Science Run - XENONnT SRO

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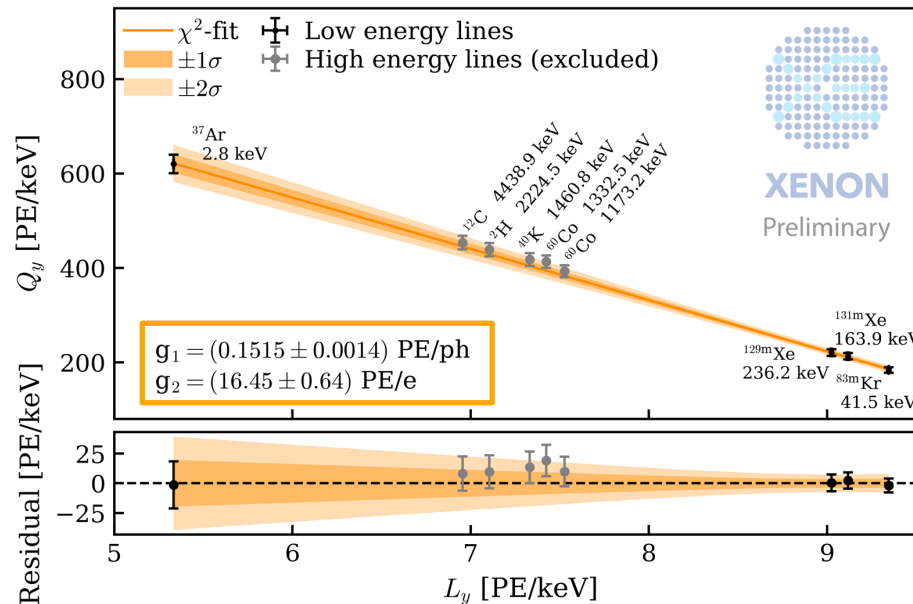
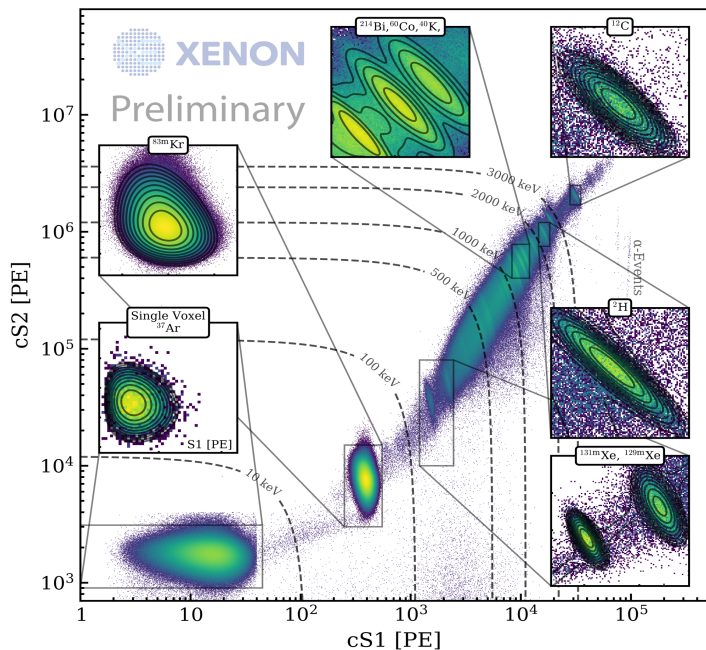
- **97.1 days of science livetime** from July 6th-Nov 11th 2021
- **Hot-spots:** localized, high-rate, bursts of electrons → Anode Ramp-down
- **High stability overall** (**light and charge yields $\pm 2\%$, PMT gain $\pm 3\%$**), **monitored with regular calibrations** (bi-weekly ^{83m}Kr) and **remaining internal radioactivity** (^{222}Rn α , materials γ)

ER and NR blinded analysis



Energy reconstruction

BACK-UP



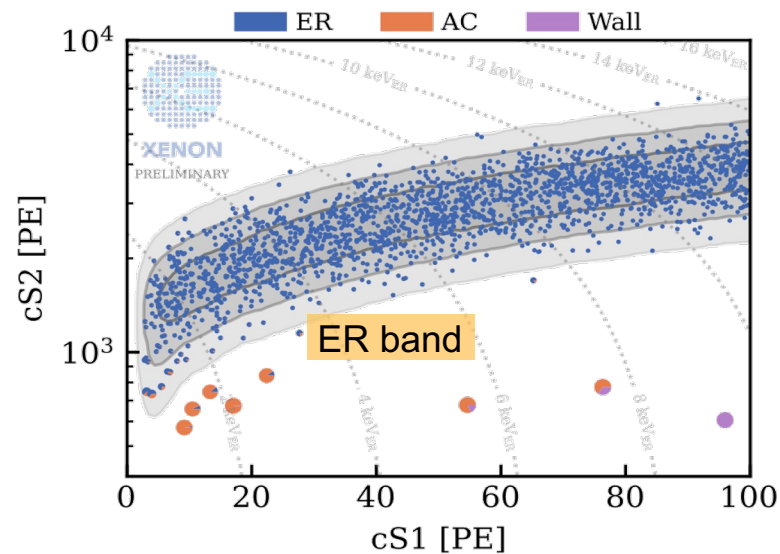
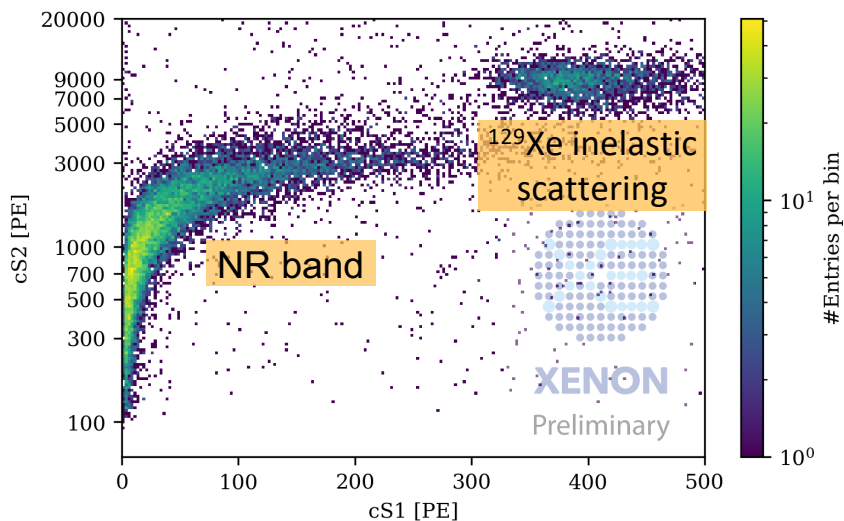
- Energy reconstruction: $E = W \cdot \left(\frac{cS1}{g1} + \frac{cS2}{g2} \right)$
- Observed **1-2%** bias in reconstructed energy used as **systematic uncertainty** in modeling.
- Four low-energy calibration points: ^{37}Ar , $^{83\text{m}}\text{Kr}$, $^{129\text{m}}\text{Xe}$ and $^{131\text{m}}\text{Xe}$

Characterization of NR/ER Response

NR calibration: neutrons provided by **AmBe source**, deployed in the calibration tubes around the TPC

ER calibration at low energy:

- ^{212}Pb from ^{220}Rn** \rightarrow roughly flat β -spectrum, **estimating cut acceptances and validating threshold**
Also used to define our **blinding region**, check **detector response**

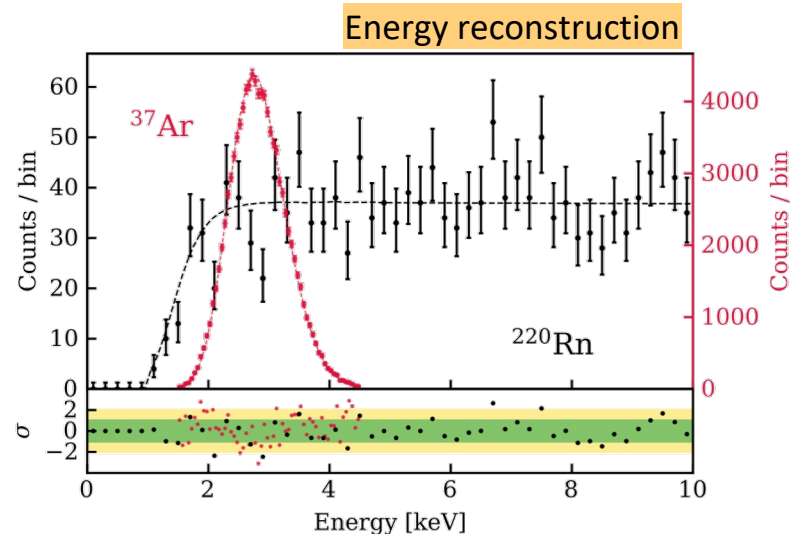
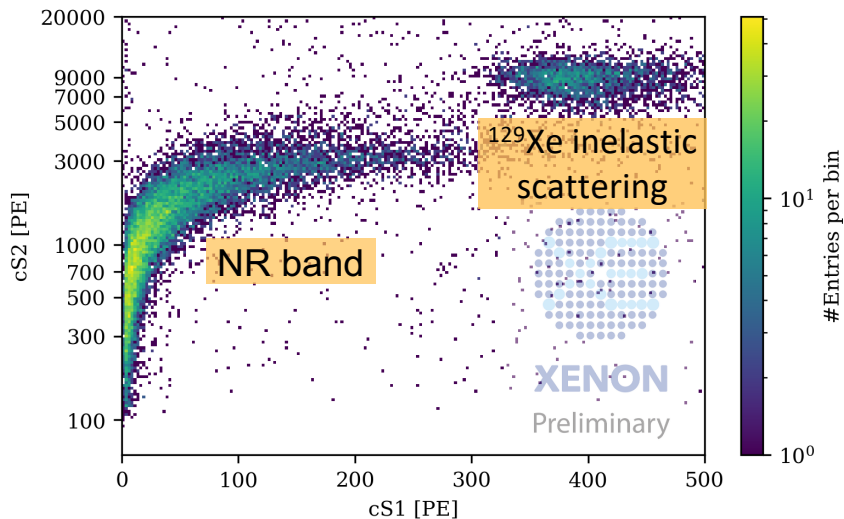


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ER calibration at low energy:

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Also used to define our **blinding region**, check **detector response**
- **^{37}Ar** \rightarrow 2.82keV peak, **anchoring response model at low energy** with high statistic [[arXiv:2211.14191](https://arxiv.org/abs/2211.14191)]

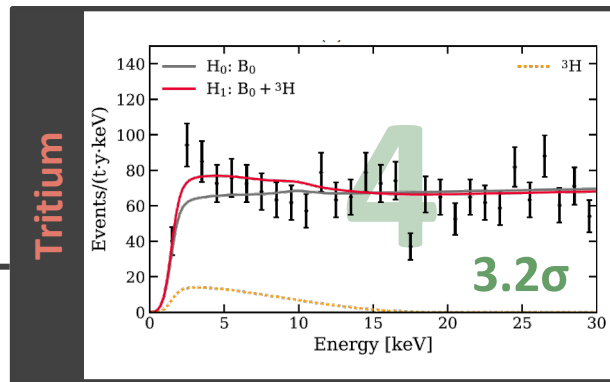
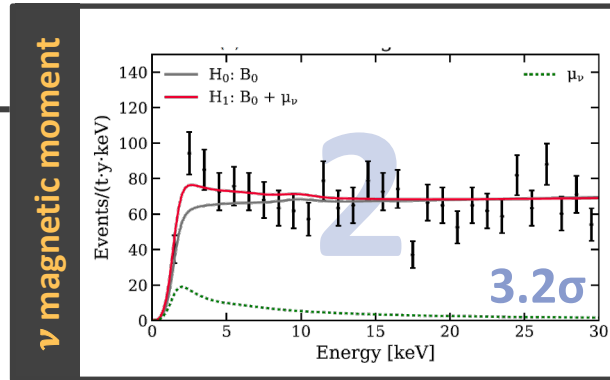
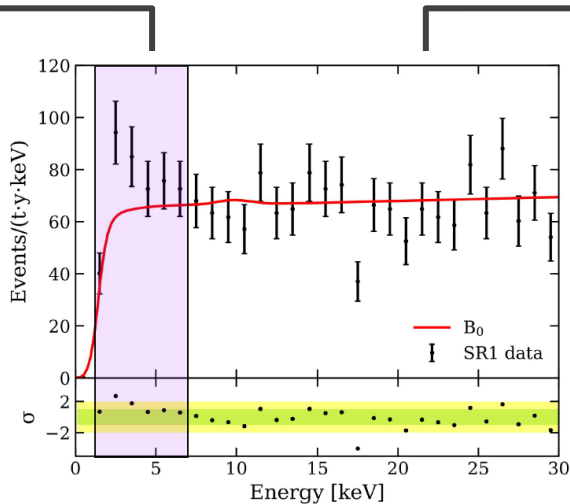
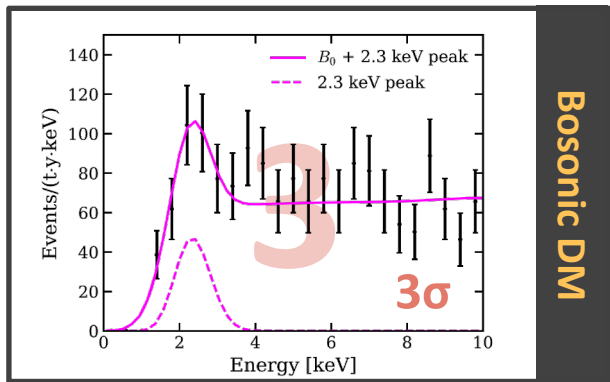
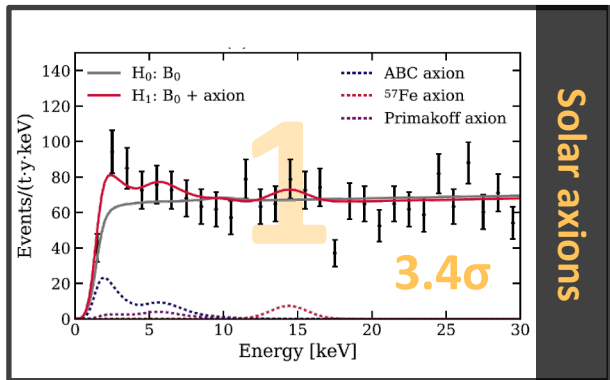


The XENON1T LowER Excess

~3 σ excess fit in electronic recoil data at 2.3keV

Phys. Rev. D 102, 072004 (2020)

→ compatible with **new physics** models (up to 3.4 σ) or a **tritium background** (3.2 σ)



XENONnT Low-Energy ER Spectrum

Energy range (1, 140) keV, exposure 1.16 ty

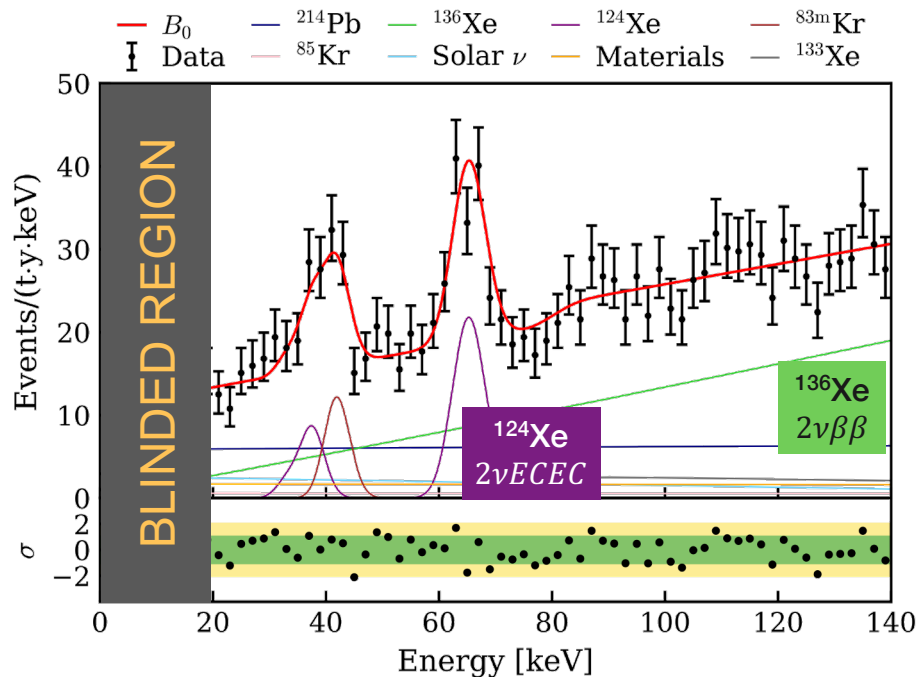
Blind analysis (energy region < 20 keV)

Initial background estimates based on

- **external measurements**
- data-driven accidental coincidence model
- Verification in side-band

Double weak processes
dominating the backgrounds

PRL 129 (2022) 161805





XENONnT Low-Energy ER Spectrum

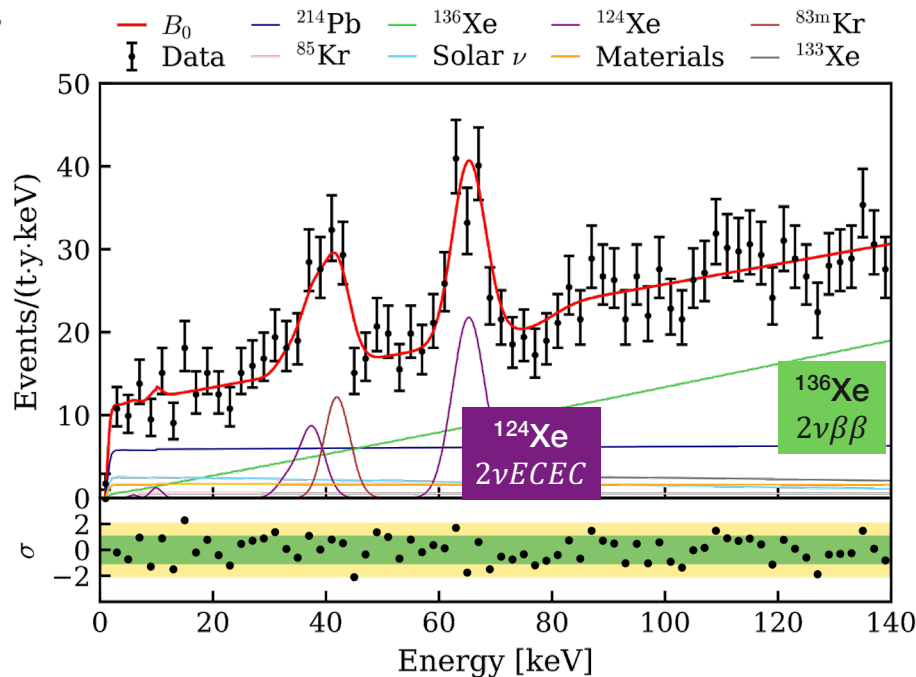
Various stages of unblinding: 10-20 keV side band, accidental coincidence, wall sample, full range

Component	Constraint	Fit
^{214}Pb	(570, 1200)	960 ± 120
^{85}Kr	90 ± 60	90 ± 60
Materials	270 ± 50	270 ± 50
^{136}Xe	1560 ± 60	1550 ± 50
Solar neutrino	300 ± 30	300 ± 30
^{124}Xe	-	250 ± 30
AC	0.70 ± 0.04	0.71 ± 0.03
^{133}Xe	-	150 ± 60
$^{83\text{m}}\text{Kr}$	-	80 ± 16

Excellent data-model agreement over the whole energy range, even at low energy

No excess observed

PRL 129 (2022) 161805





XENON1T vs XENONnT

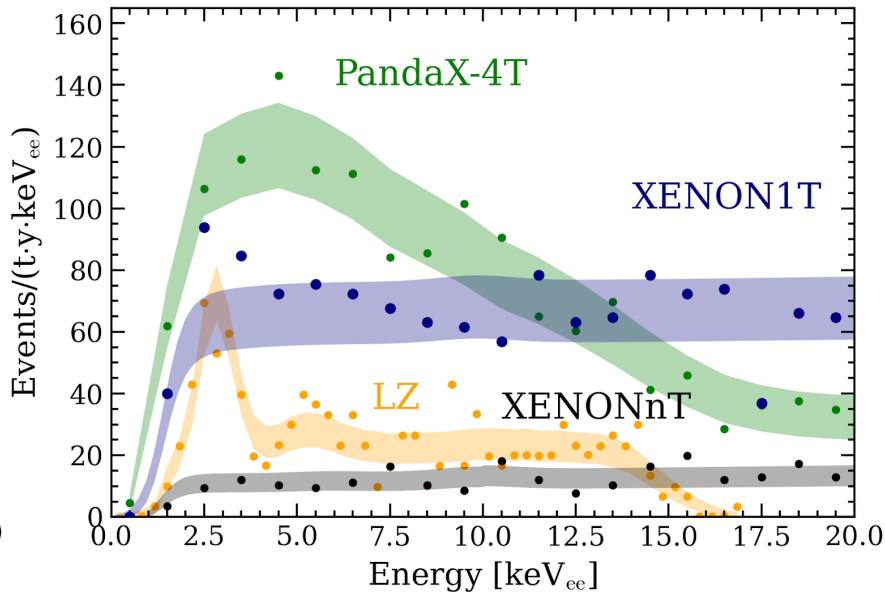
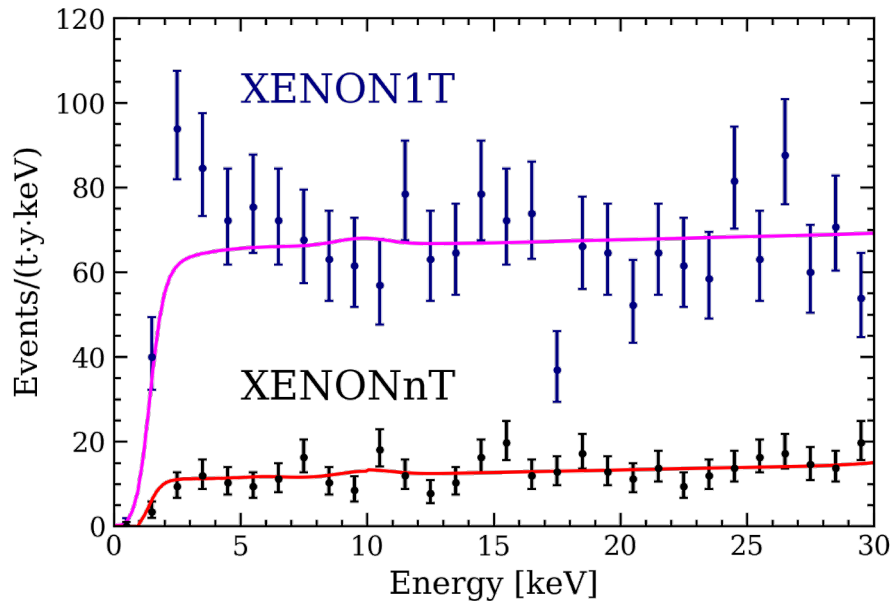
- **Outstanding 5× reduction** compared to XENON1T
→ (16.1 ± 1.3) events/(t x yr x keV)
- **No excess below 5 keV** found: 8.6σ exclusion on XENON1T excess
→ XENON1T excess likely caused by a small **tritium contamination** (further investigations underway), **not by BSM physics**

[PRL 129, 161804 \(2022\)](#)

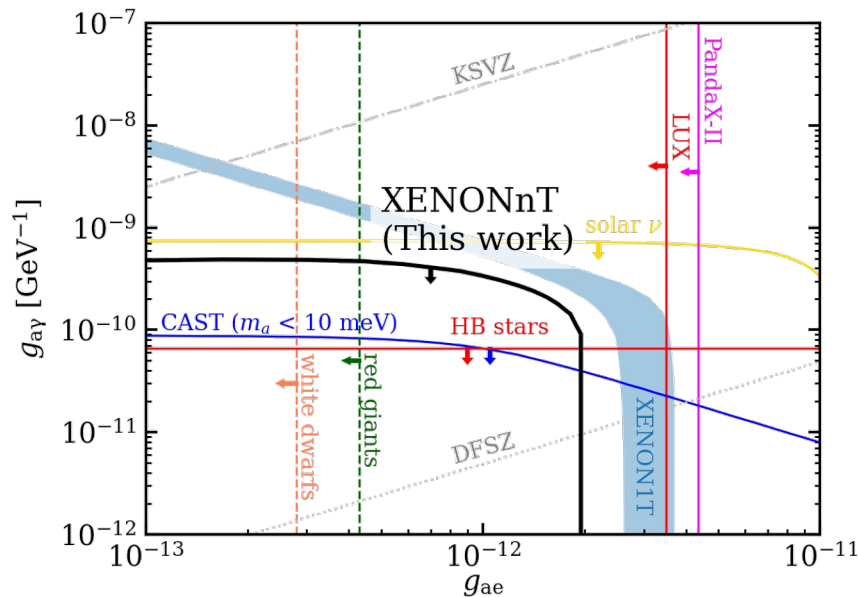
[PRD 102, 072004 \(2020\)](#)

[arXiv:2207.03764](#)

[PRL 129, 161805 \(2022\)](#)



Solar axions



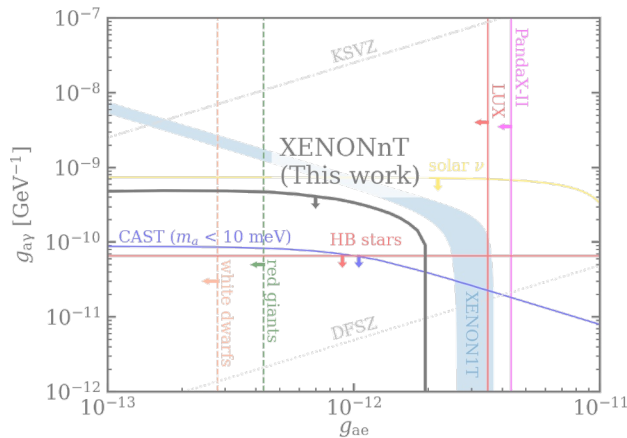
Set new limits on solar axions couplings
 g_{ae} and g_{ay}

Limit on **14.4 keV** peak for ^{57}Fe solar axions is **< 20 events/(t*y)**

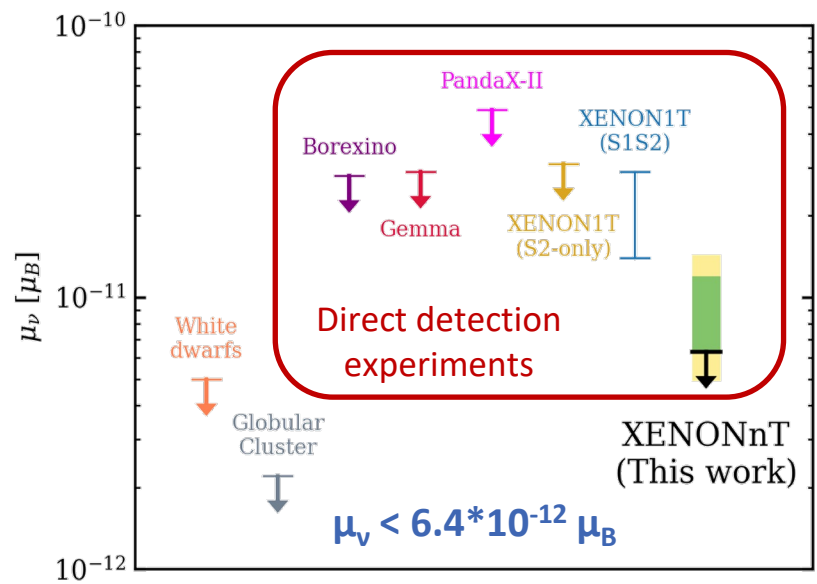
nT LowER Results – Limits on New Physics

PRL 129 (2022) 161805

Solar axions



ν magnetic moment

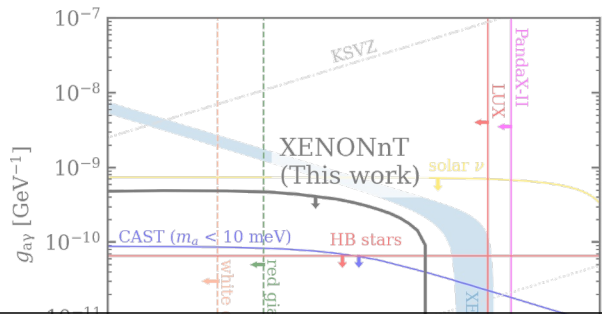


The most stringent limit in any direct detection experiment



nT LowER Results – Limits on New Physics

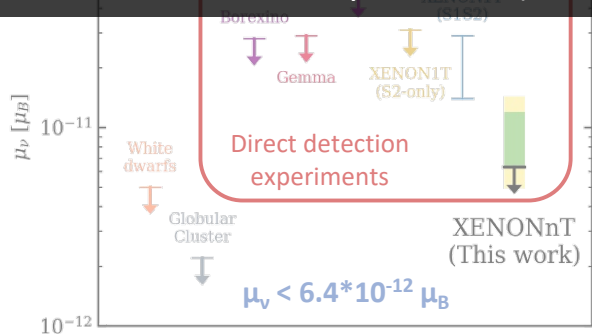
Solar axions



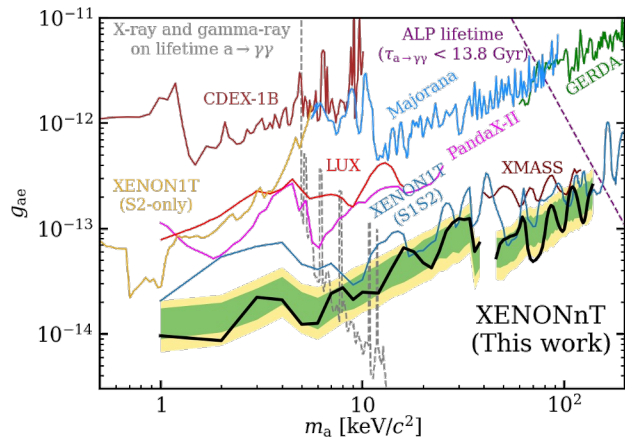
Bosonic DM: ALPs and Dark photons

- **New stringent limits** over a large ALP and dark photon mass range (**1–140 keV/c²**)
- **Unconstrained normalization of ^{83m}Kr** → no limit/sensitivity between (39, 44) keV/c²

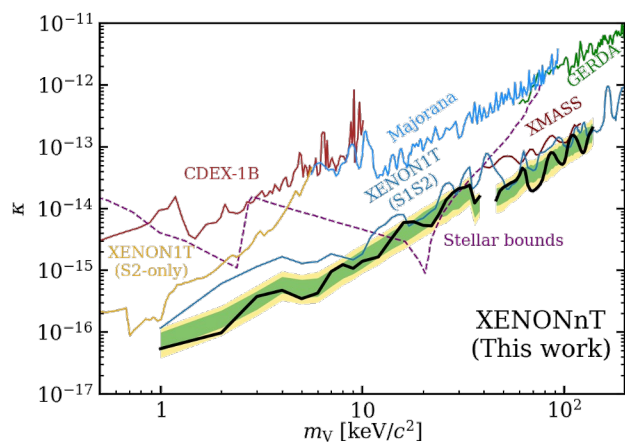
ν magnetic moment



Axion-Like Particle



Dark photon



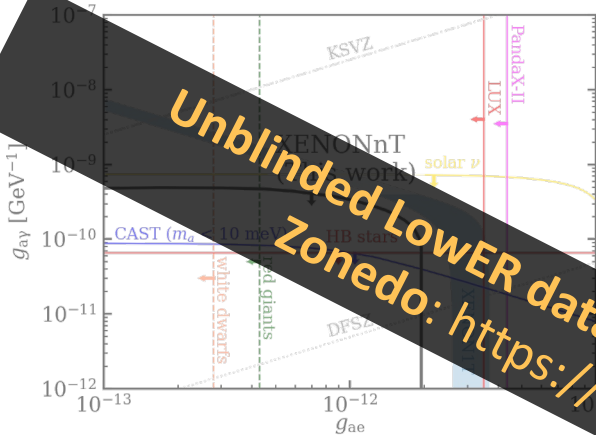


XENON

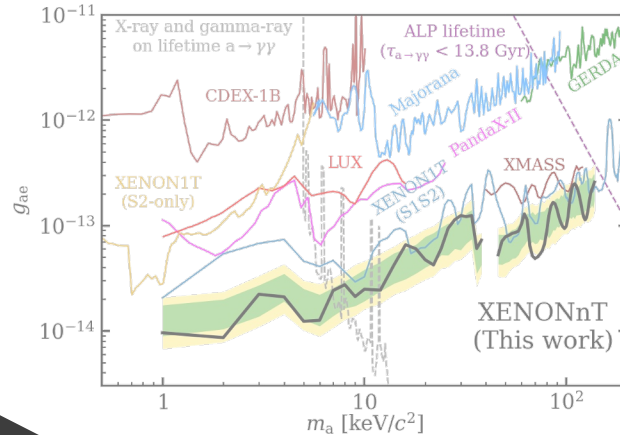
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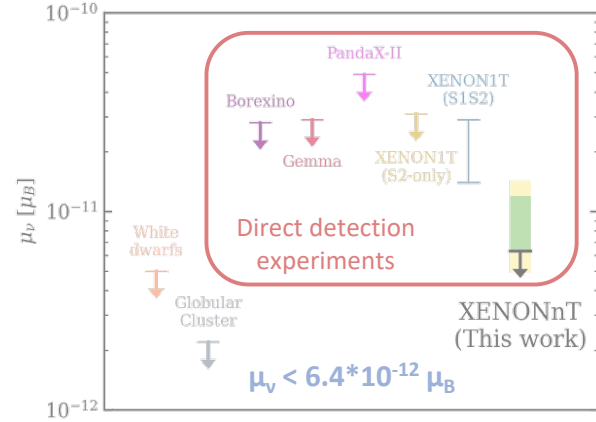
Solar axions



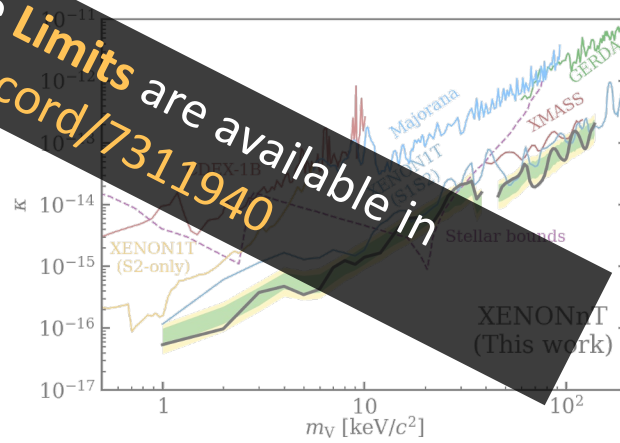
Axion-Like Particle



ν magnetic moment



Dark photon



Unblinded LowER data as well as the Limits are available in <https://zenodo.org/record/7311940>

Summary

XENONnT SR0

- Electron lifetime of > 10 ms
- $\sim 5\times$ lower background w.r.t. 1T

First results

- Blinded electronic recoil (ER) search
- No excess observed \rightarrow limits on new physics (2207.11330)

In progress

- NR WIMP unblinding analysis
- SR1 with factor $2\times$ lower radon

**Stay tuned, WIMPs
search results to come!**



xenonexperiment.org



xenon_experiment



XENONexperiment



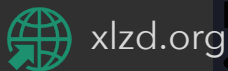
XENONexperiment



XLZD consortium

Joining forces toward a next-generation Dark Matter experiment

(white paper: [arXiv:2203.02309](https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.02309))



Sara's Talk



XENON

Currently operating with 8.5 tonnes of liquid Xenon at Gran Sasso in Italy



LUX-ZEPLIN

Currently operating with 10 tonnes of liquid Xenon at SURF in South Dakota



DARWIN

Leading many R&D projects designing a future 50 tonnes liquid Xenon detector

Thank you!

Backup

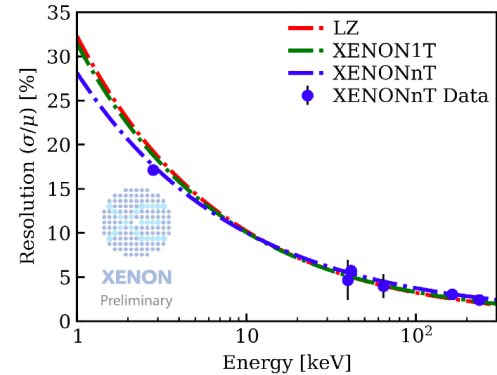
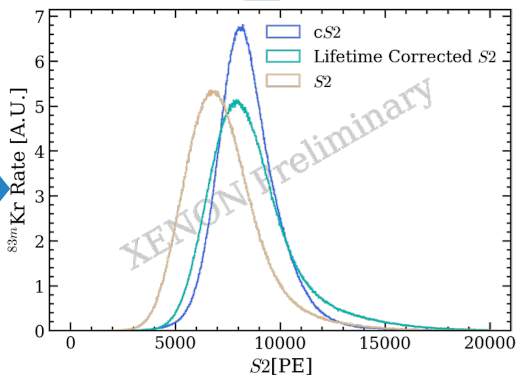
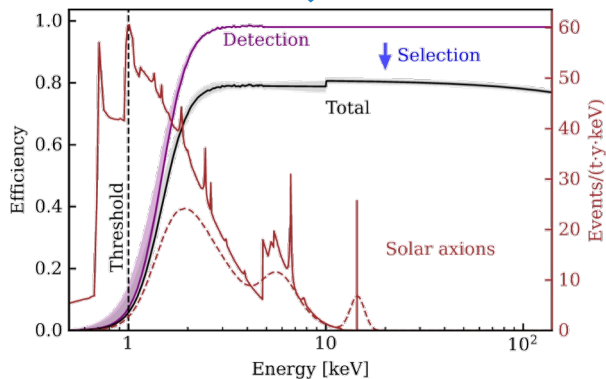
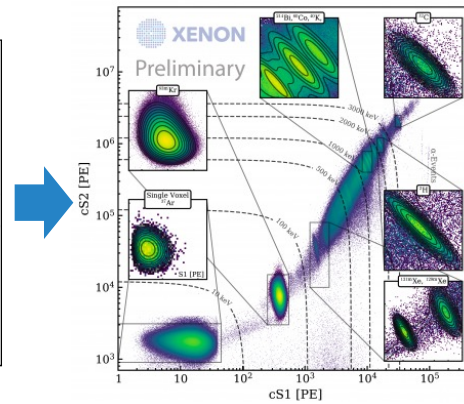
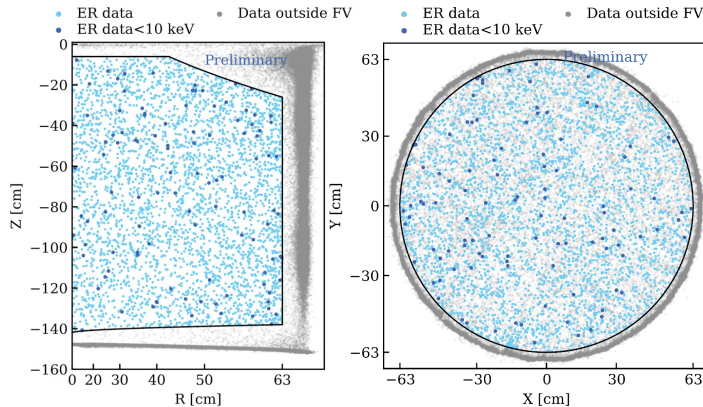
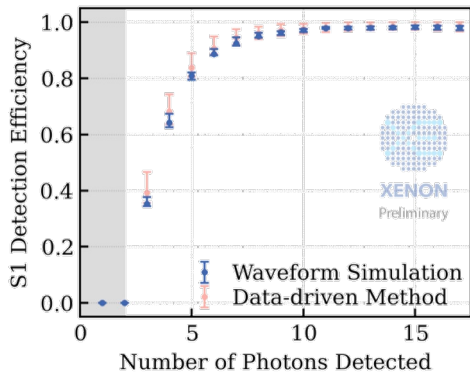


SRO Analysis

XENON

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BACK-UP



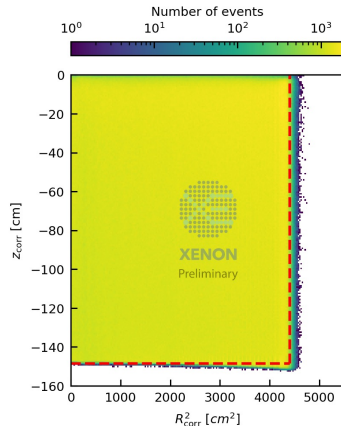
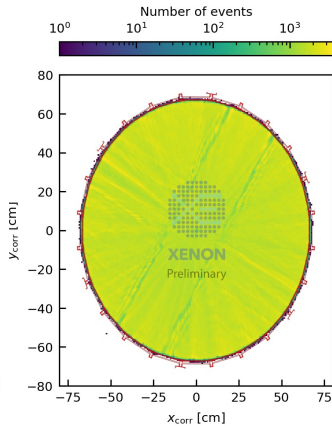
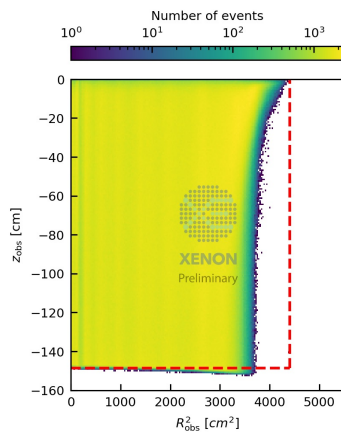
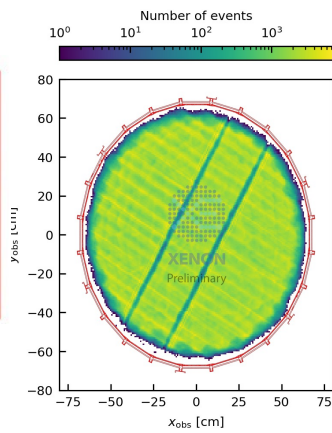
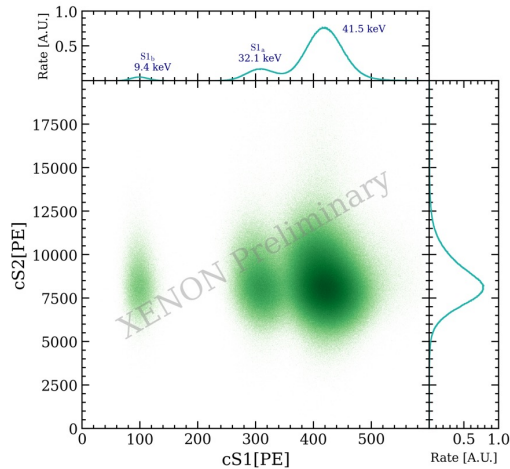
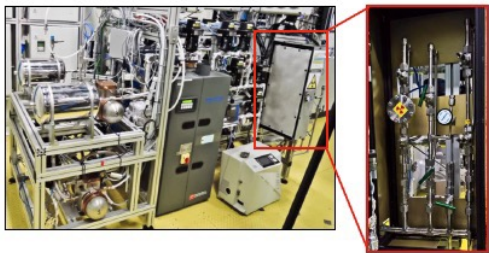
Average data-quality cut acceptance ~86 %



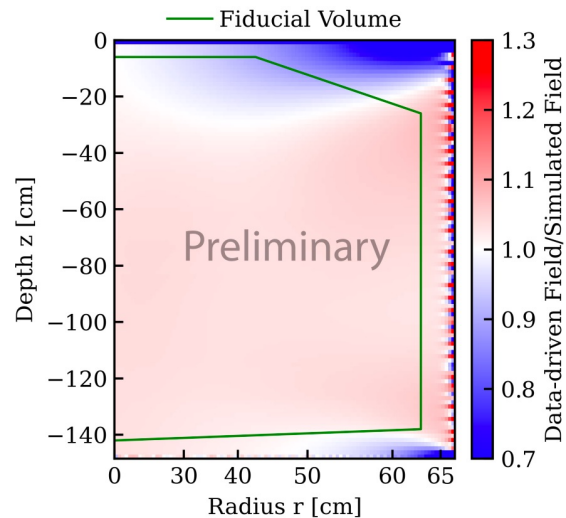
83mKr Calibration

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Detector uniformity and electric field validation



BACK-UP

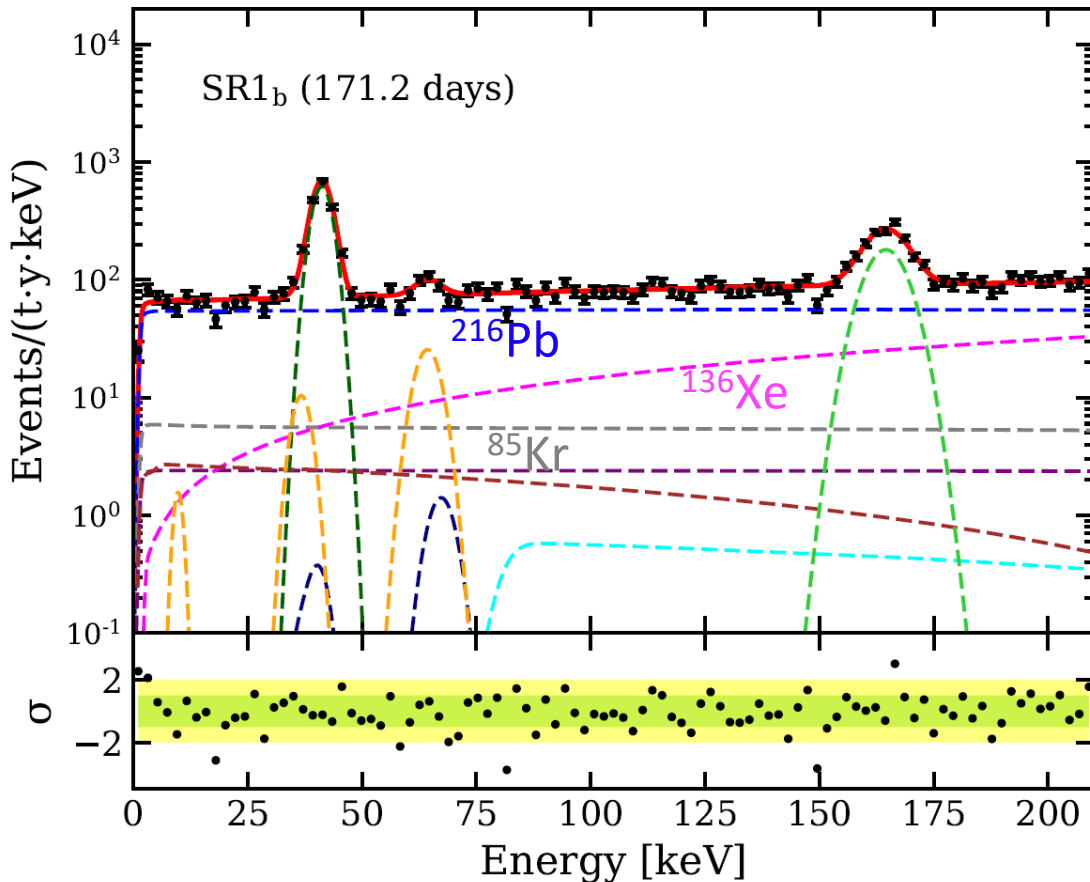
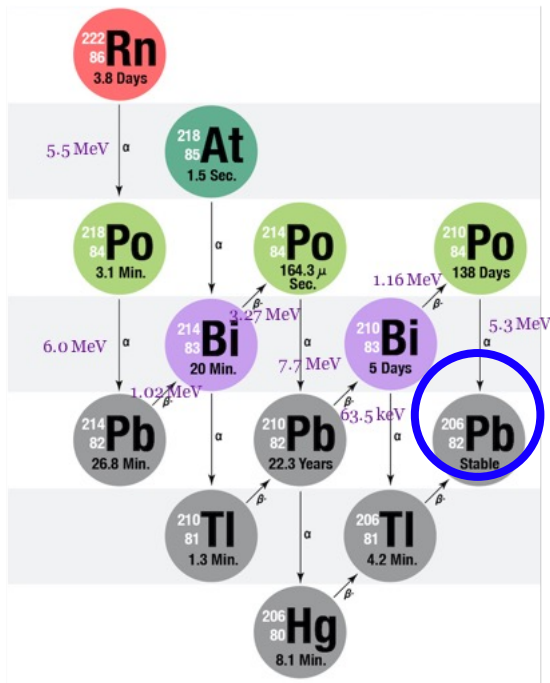


XENON

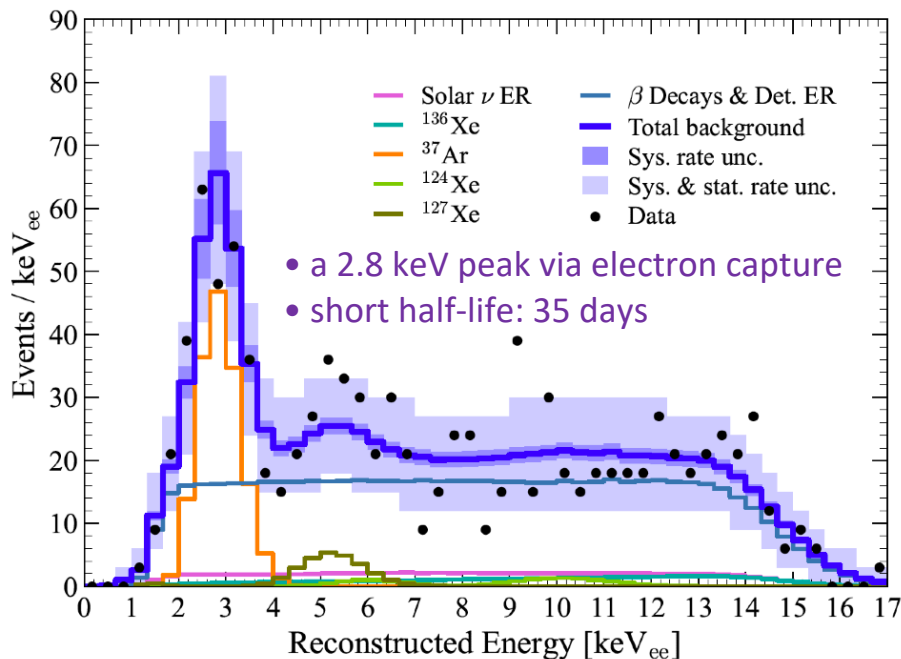
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ER Backgrounds in XENON1T

BACK-UP



Why Not Include ^{37}Ar Background?



^{37}Ar is observed in the LZ experiment due to cosmogenic activation during transportation above ground

Why ^{37}Ar is not possible in XENONnT?

Cosmogenic activation

- Xenon in the XENONnT detector has been underground for years
- Before taking SR0 data, the entire xenon inventory was cryogenically distilled by the Kr-removal system underground, which is also effective in removal.

XENON Collaboration, PTEP 2022, 053H01.

➡ **Cosmogenic activation (or any initial presence of after distillation) is not possible**

Leak

- 'leak' size is small using the conservative estimation of nat-Kr variation
- combined with the measured activity in the lab air, the amount 'leaked' into the detector is negligible

➡ **leak during the SR0 operation is not possible**

Tritium (^3H) as possible explanation for the XENON1T excess

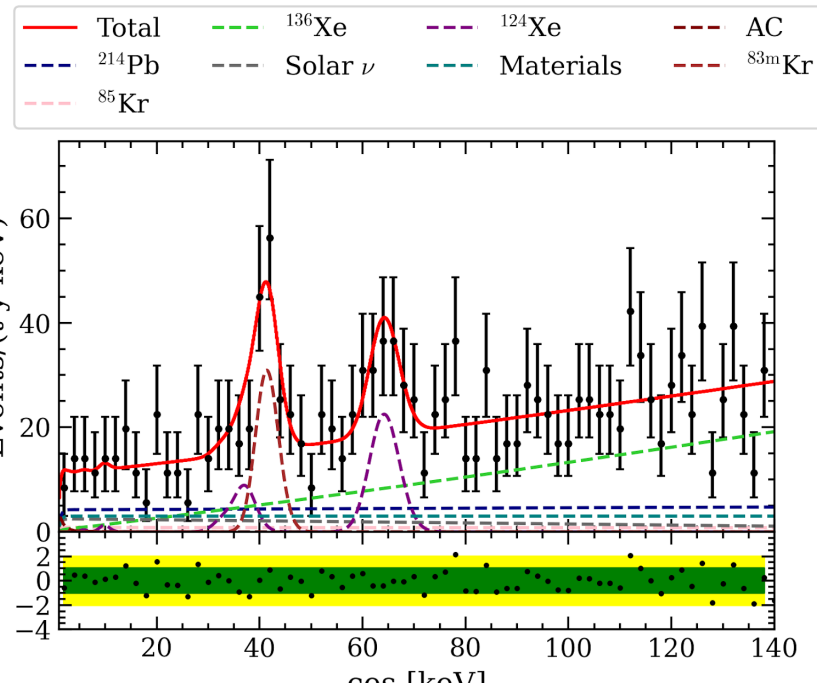
Additional contamination control in XENONnT:

- 3 months of detector outgassing
- 3 weeks of GXe (warm) cleaning with hot getters
- All Xe inventory circulated in advance through Kr-removal system
- GXe purified with hot getters when filling the TPC

14.3 days of special data-taking mode after SR0:

- “Tritium-enhanced” data (TED) bypassing getters
- Conservative estimate for ^3H enhancement of at least x10

Results of blind TED analysis: **no significant ^3H levels in SR0**



XENONnT WIMP Projection/Unblinding

