

# Recent Developments in 3d Flat Space Holography

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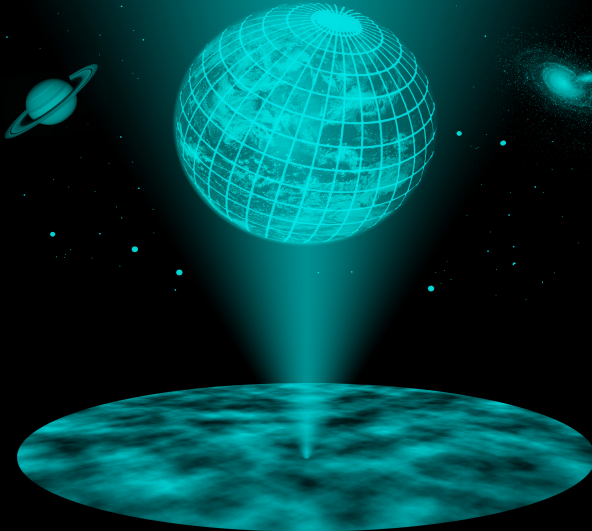
Humboldt Kolleg  
Kitzbühel

Jun. 30<sup>th</sup>, 2022

Based on [2106.07649]

# Introduction

The Holographic Principle



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The Holographic Principle



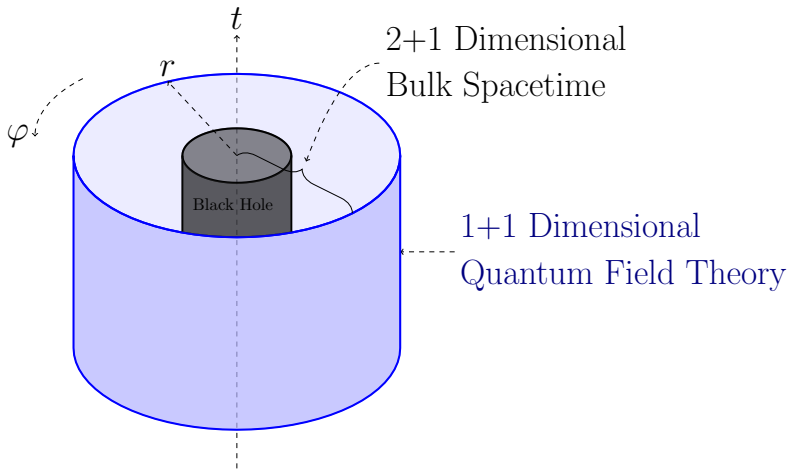
$(\text{Quantum})\text{gravity } (d+1) \Leftrightarrow \text{QFT } (d)$

# Introduction

AdS<sub>3</sub>/CFT<sub>2</sub>



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# Introduction

Realistic Black Holes



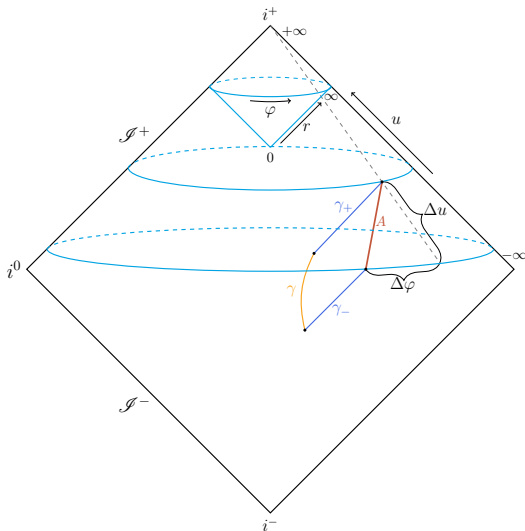


# Go beyond AdS/CFT!



# Flat Space Holography

Example: Holographic Entanglement Entropy





## Chaos in Classical Systems

$$\{x(t), p(0)\} = \frac{\partial x(t)}{\partial x(0)} \sim \sum_n e^{\lambda_L^{(n)} t}$$





System in Thermal Equilibrium at Inverse Temperature  $\beta$

$$-\langle [W(t), V(0)]^2 \rangle_{\beta} \sim \sum_n e^{\lambda_L^{(n)} t}$$



## Lyapunov Exponent

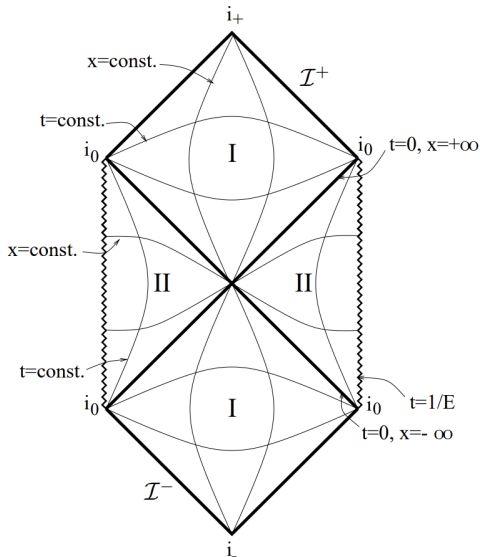
$$\lambda_L = \frac{2\pi}{\beta}$$

# Chaos and Cosmological Holography

## Flat Space Cosmologies

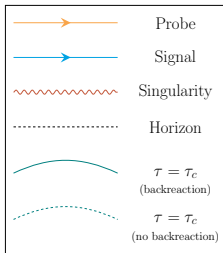


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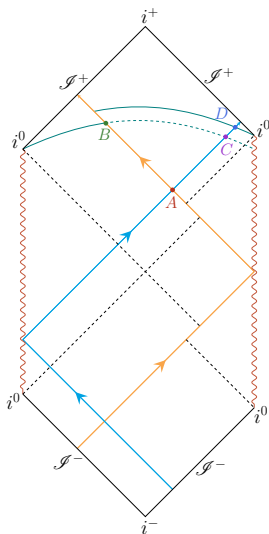


# Chaos and Cosmological Holography

## Shockwaves in a Contracting and Expanding Universe



$\mathcal{I}^+$ : Future null infinity  
 $\mathcal{I}^-$ : Past null infinity  
 $i^+$ : Future timelike infinity  
 $i^-$ : Past timelike infinity  
 $i^0$ : Spacelike infinity



# Chaos and Cosmological Holography

Shockwaves in a Contracting and Expanding Universe



Shift

$$\Delta_{C \rightarrow D} \approx e^{\frac{2\pi}{\beta}} \Delta_{B \rightarrow C}$$



## Shift

$$\Delta_{C \rightarrow D} \approx e^{\frac{2\pi}{\beta}} \Delta_{B \rightarrow C}$$

## Lyapunov Exponent

$$\lambda_L = \frac{2\pi}{\beta}$$

Thank you for your attention!

