ZeroMQ Online ROOT-Output Storage and Express-Reconstruction System for the Belle II Experiment

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on behalf of the Belle II DAQ group

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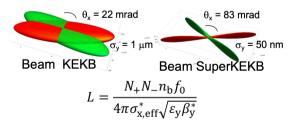


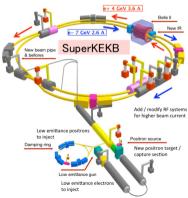
23rd Virtual IEEE Real Time Conference



SuperKEKB

- Electron-positron collider with 7 GeV *e*⁻ and 4 GeV *e*⁺
 - Focused on $\Upsilon(nS)$, mainly $\Upsilon(4S)$
- Aiming at 50 ab^{-1} of data (= 50× Belle) \rightarrow Achieved 424 fb^{-1}
- Aiming at $6.5 \times 10^{35} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ of peak lumi (= $30 \times \text{ KEKB}$) $\rightarrow \text{Achieved } 4.7 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
 - corresponding to 30 kHz L1 trigger rate
 - 1/20 of beam size (nanobeam scheme)
 - ▶ 150% of beam current





KL and μ detector μ-ID: π,K fake rate 2-1%

at $\epsilon = 95\%$

Belle II detector

- Increased beam background
 - → Upgraded sub-detectors and trigger
- βγ=0.28 (vs 0.42 @KEKB)
 - →Reduced boost requires improved vertex reconstruction:

ectors at ε=95% (B) e- (7 GeV) uires Vertex detector Vertex resolution: 15 μm

EM Calorimeter

Energy resolution 4%-1.6%

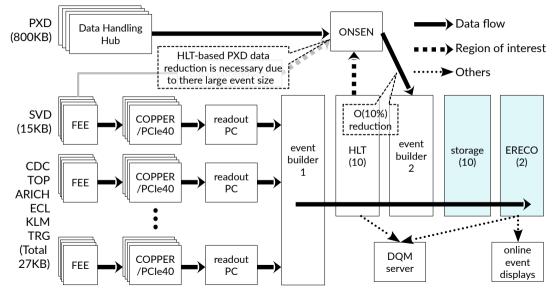
e-ID: π.K fake rate 1-0.01%

• Solid angle coverage >90%

→ High hermeticity for missing energy measurement Central Drift Chamber Spatial resolution: 100 μm *dE/dx* resolution: 5% p_T resolution: 0.4% Particle Identification K/ π -ID: π fake rate 1.8% at ϵ (K)=95%

e+ (4 GeV)

DAQ data flow



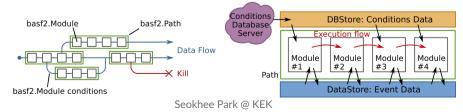
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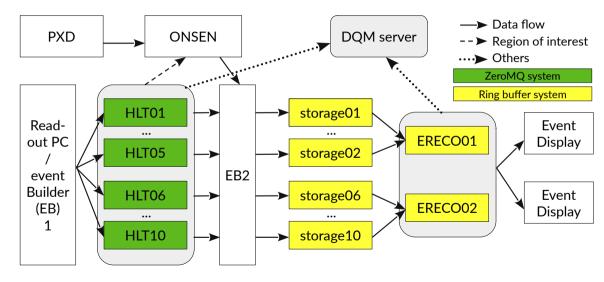
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Introduction

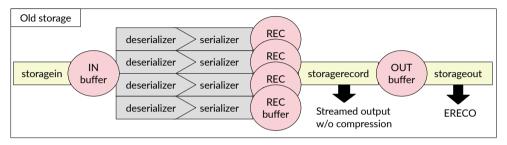
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- Items to be shown
 - ► Storage: online raw data storage, 32-48 threads CPU with three ~40 TB RAID units × 10
 - ERECO: Express-reconstruction system for online data quality monitoring (DQM), especially for vertex detectors and physics features
 - Till 2022: 2 ERECO consist of input, output (= control), and 8 worker nodes
 - ERECO has ~640 threads CPU \rightarrow 10 times smaller than HLT (~6400 threads)
- ZeroMQ library: embeddable networking library to give sockets that carry atomic messages across various transports like in-process, inter-process, TCP, and multicast
- BASF2: Belle II Analysis Software Framework





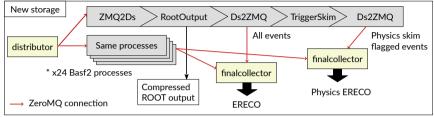
storage: Old



Old storage

- Ring buffer + socket event distributor w/o HLT skim results
- Streamed output without compression, single output
- Pros: Small CPU usage for recording, no merging for reducing the number of output files, easy file salvage in case of troubles
- Cons: Large file size, additional ROOTization from the offline side

storage: New

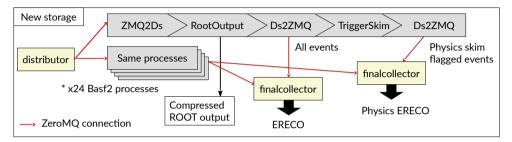


New storage

- ZeroMQ connections with HLT skim flags
- Normal ROOT format with compression, multiple outputs
- Events categorization by the HLT results for ERECO
- Pros: Small file size, no additional offline processing
- Cons: Large CPU usage for compression, requiring online side small-sized file merging, additional broken file salvage

• With higher input rate, the pros of new storage is more important.

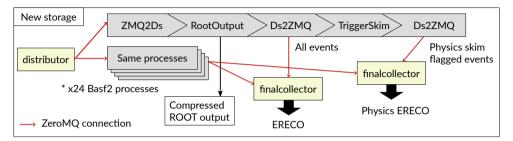
ZeroMQ connections



Three types of input/output connections

- Load-balanced: 1 (input) / N (output) clients
- Confirmed: N (input) / 1 (output) clients
- Raw: 1 (input) / N (output) clients, for non-ZMQ applications

ZeroMQ connections

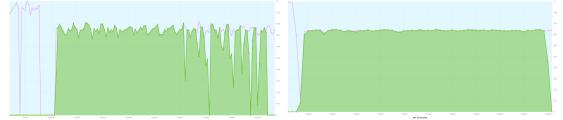


Combinations of the input/output connections create ZMQ applications

- distributor: Raw input + load-balanced output
- finalcollector: Confirmed input + Raw output
- ZMQ2Ds module: Load-balanced input to BASF2 DataStore
- Ds2ZMQ module: Confirmed output from BASF2 DataStore

ROOT output: Performance test

- We measured CPU consumption and disk usage using the real storage server.
 - Compression algorithm: Zstandard
 - 1-proc can store 150 Hz events without event drop.
 - 24-proc can easily store the maximum rate of events from the Belle II detector.
 - Total disk I/O per second for Poisson trigger 3kHz is 93 MB/s = 327 GB/h.
 - Far away from the limit of the disk I/O

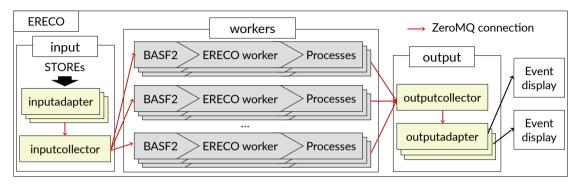


Test results of 200 (left) and 150 (right) Hz input rate. The pink line is the input rate, and the green colored region is the output rate.

ROOT output: After Processing Tool

- After creating raw ROOT output files, the After Processing Tool performs additional treatment:
 - Recovering incomplete output files caused by unknown errors
 - Merging small-size files
 - Checksum calculation
 - Making the final file list to be transferred
 - Updating the number of events / output files and "ready to be sent" flag into the run information DB
 - Getting the file transfer status and removing the completed files

ERECO overview

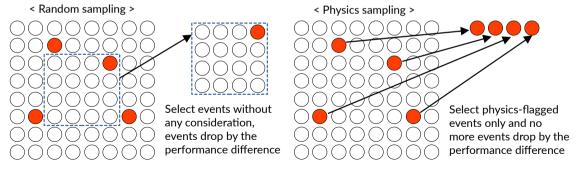


■ Functionality is the same with the current ring buffer + socket ERECO.

- However, the new ERECO gives better maintainability and stability.
 - No more shared memory-related issues
- ERECO allows events to drop, unlike the HLT or storage.
- From the HLT result based selection, dedicated ERECO for physics is possible.

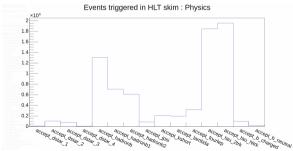
HLT result based selection for ERECO

- **#** of ERECO is smaller than HLT, therefore only a part of events can be processed.
- The less performance ERECO occurs random event selection caused by event drops.
- We want more statistics of physics features while keeping the random sampling.
 - The random sampling is also important, especially for the pixel detector, since the pixel detector information is not in HLT.



HLT result based selection for ERECO

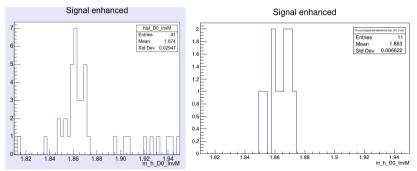
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The number of events for each physics skims from 4.7M events.

HLT result based selection for ERECO

- Simple ratio calculation for accept_dstar_1 events
 - ▶ Random sampling: 41 D^0 from D^* events with 4.7M inputs $\rightarrow 8.7 \times 10^{-6}$
 - ▶ HLT result based selection: 11 D^0 from D^* events with 46K inputs $\rightarrow 2.4 \times 10^{-4}$
 - Roughly, over 25 times statistics for the physics flagged events

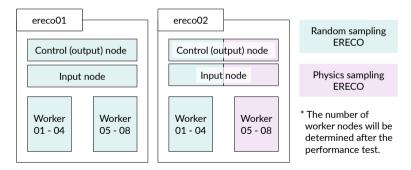


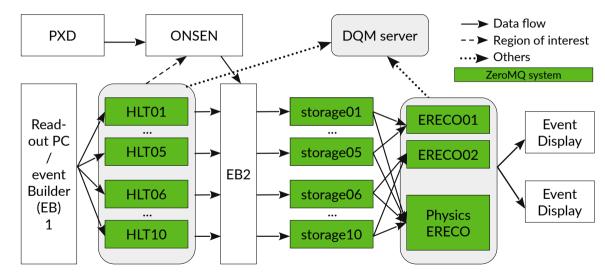
 D^0 from D^* invariant mass histogram of 4.7M random sampling data (left) and 46K HLT result based sampling data (right).

Physics ERECO

• The physics ERECO and one of normal ERECO share the same farm.

- ▶ Both ERECO share input and output (control) nodes.
- A few worker nodes are dedicated to physics ERECO.
- The number of physics ERECO worker nodes will be decided by the performance test and physics trigger menu.





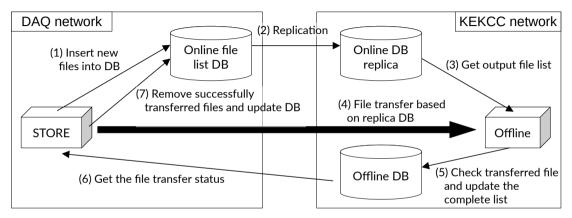
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Conclusion

- Belle II is a long shutdown period, and this is the chance to upgrade our storage and ERECO.
- Storage and ERECO will use the ZeroMQ framework, the same as HLT.
 - Better maintainability and stability
- storage will have new features:
 - Direct ROOT output with compression
 - HLT result based sampling for ERECO
- Dedicated physics ERECO will be used for more statistics of physics events from online data quality monitoring.

Backup

ROOT output: File list sharing b/w online and offline

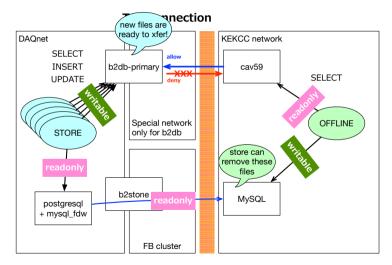


DAQ network and KEKCC network are basically disconnected.

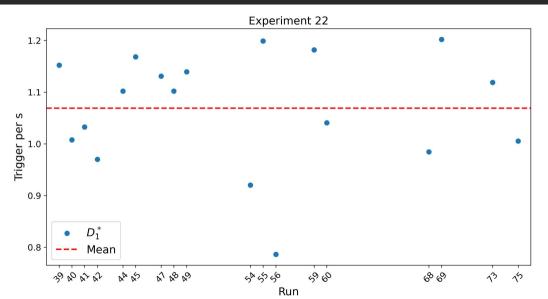
Only the special connection is allowed for security reasons.

■ The overall design is still under discussion, including the online file list DB contents. RT2022 Seokhee Park @ KEK 21/19

File list sharing: Detail



accept_dstar_1 trigger rate



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