



Hadron-hadron QCD interactions with ALICE

Georgy Kornakov on behalf of the
ALICE Collaboration



WARSAW UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY

u d content

s c b content

Scattering experiments

Exotic atoms and hypernuclei

Chiral effective field theories

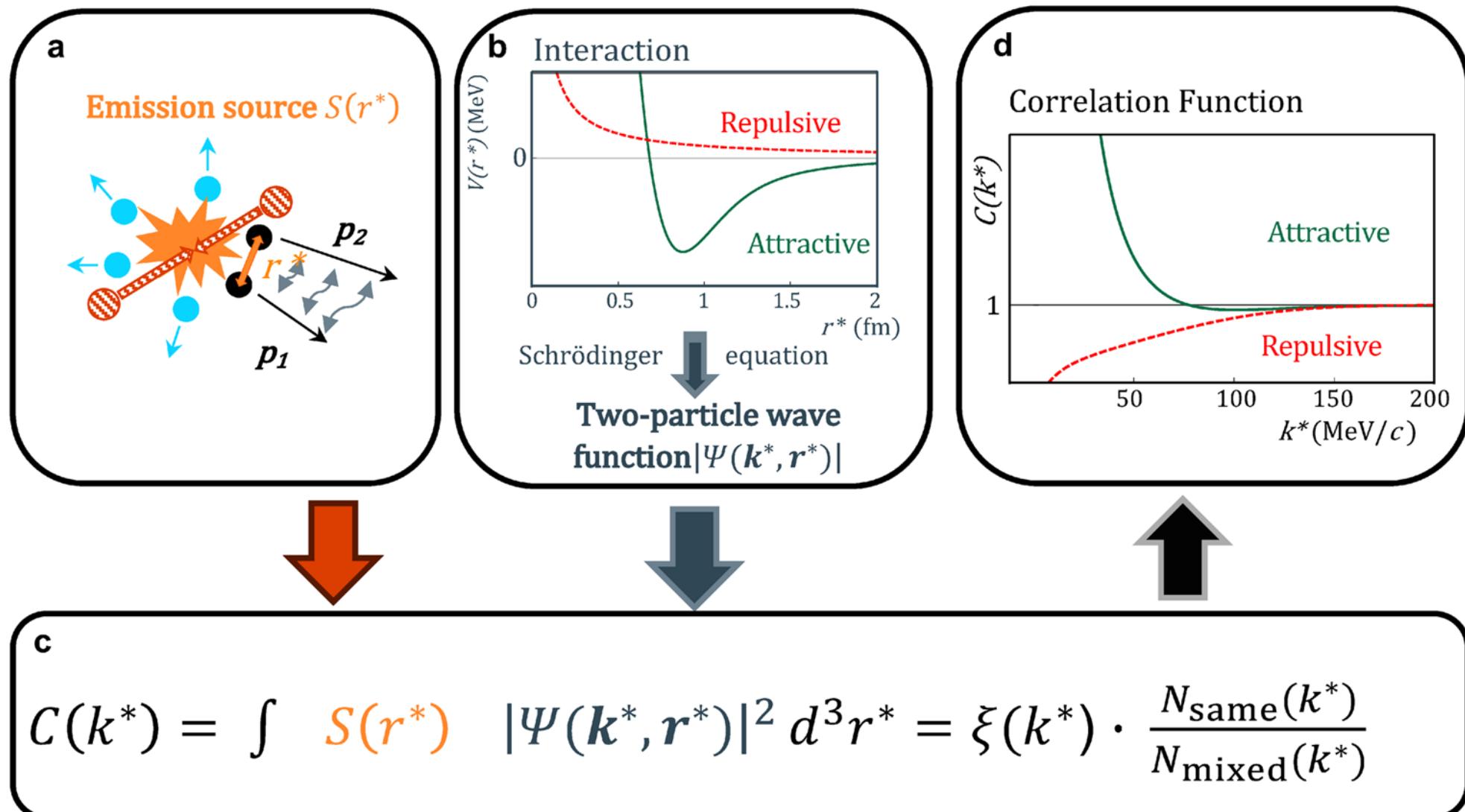
Lattice QCD

Final State Interactions of
hadrons produced in pp, pA
and AA collisions

Correlation
analysis

Exceptional reconstruction
and PID capabilities of ALICE

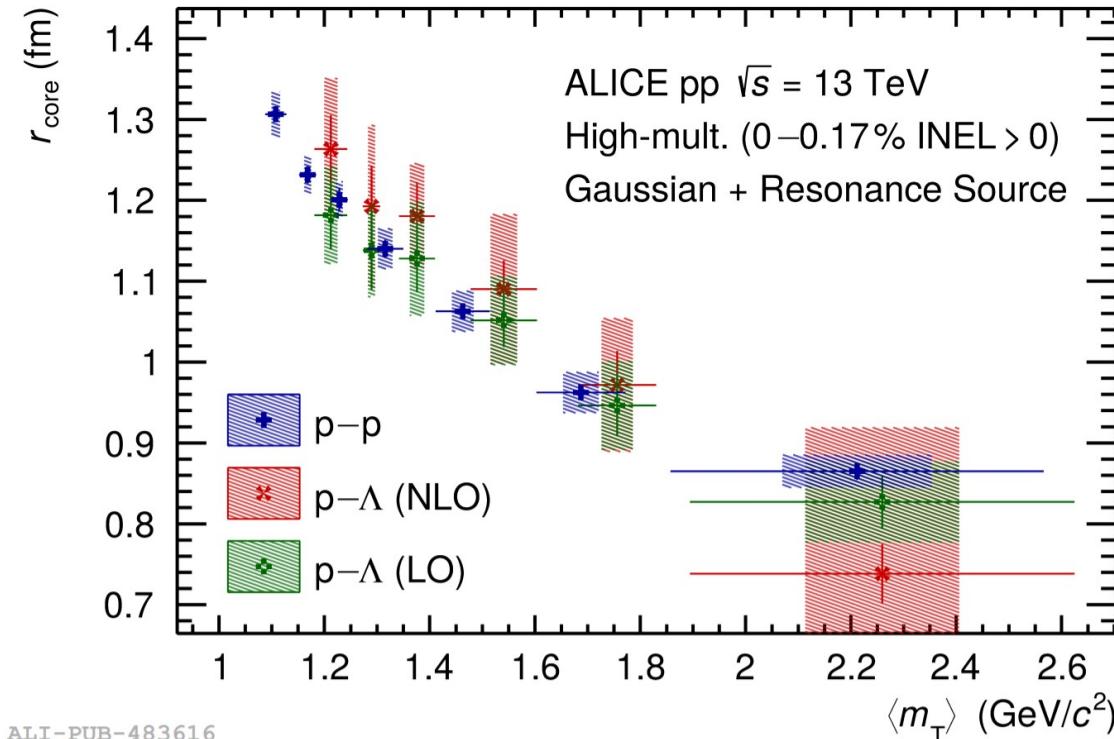
Correlation measurement of the strong interaction



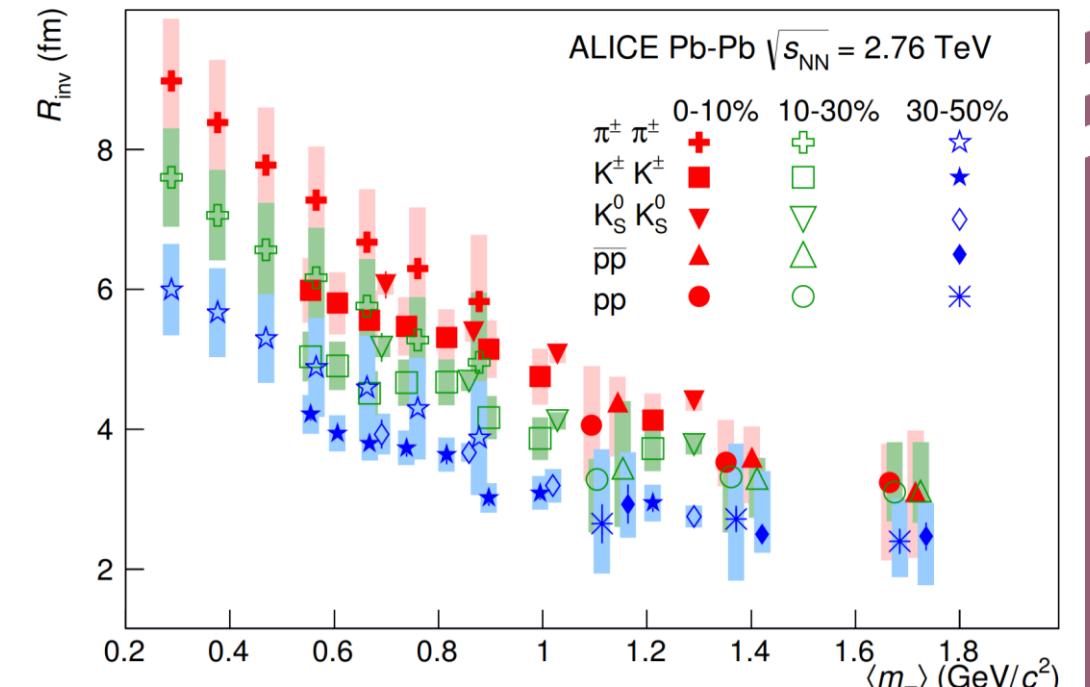
ALI-PUB-483391

The source

Phys. Lett. B 811 (2020) 135849
[arXiv:2004.08018](https://arxiv.org/abs/2004.08018)



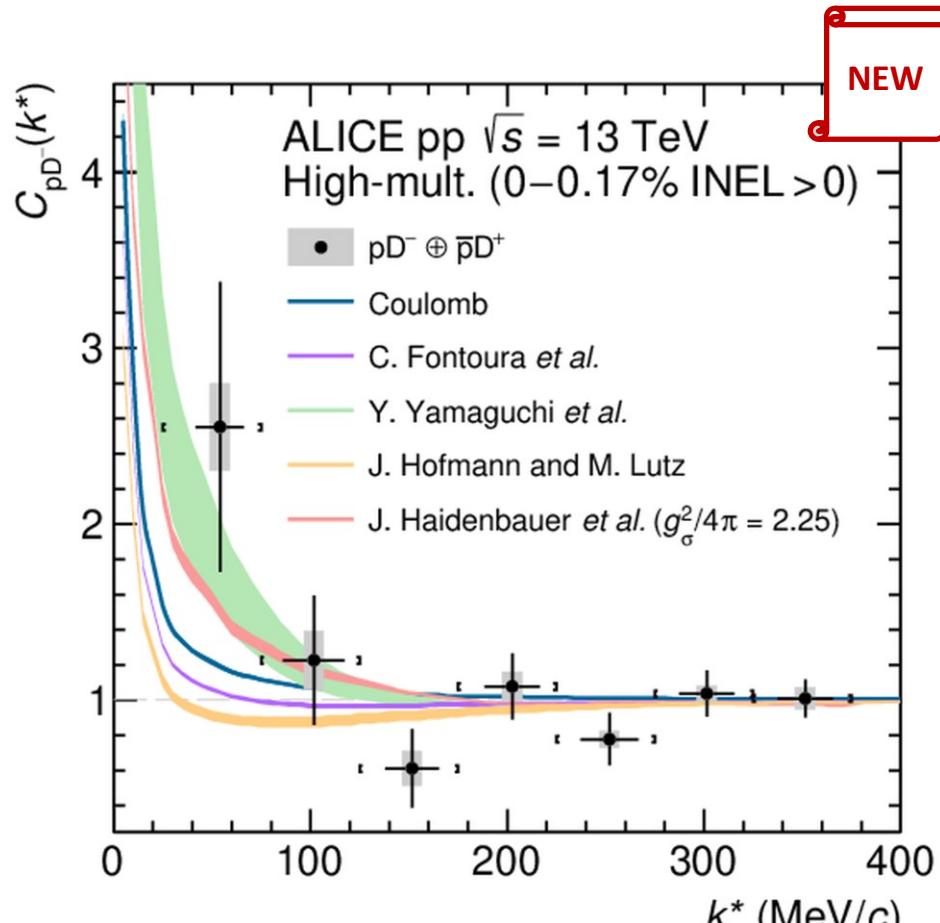
$$C(k^*) = \int |S(r^*)| |\Psi(\mathbf{k}^*, \mathbf{r}^*)|^2 d^3r^* = \xi(k^*) \cdot \frac{N_{\text{same}}(k^*)}{N_{\text{mixed}}(k^*)}$$



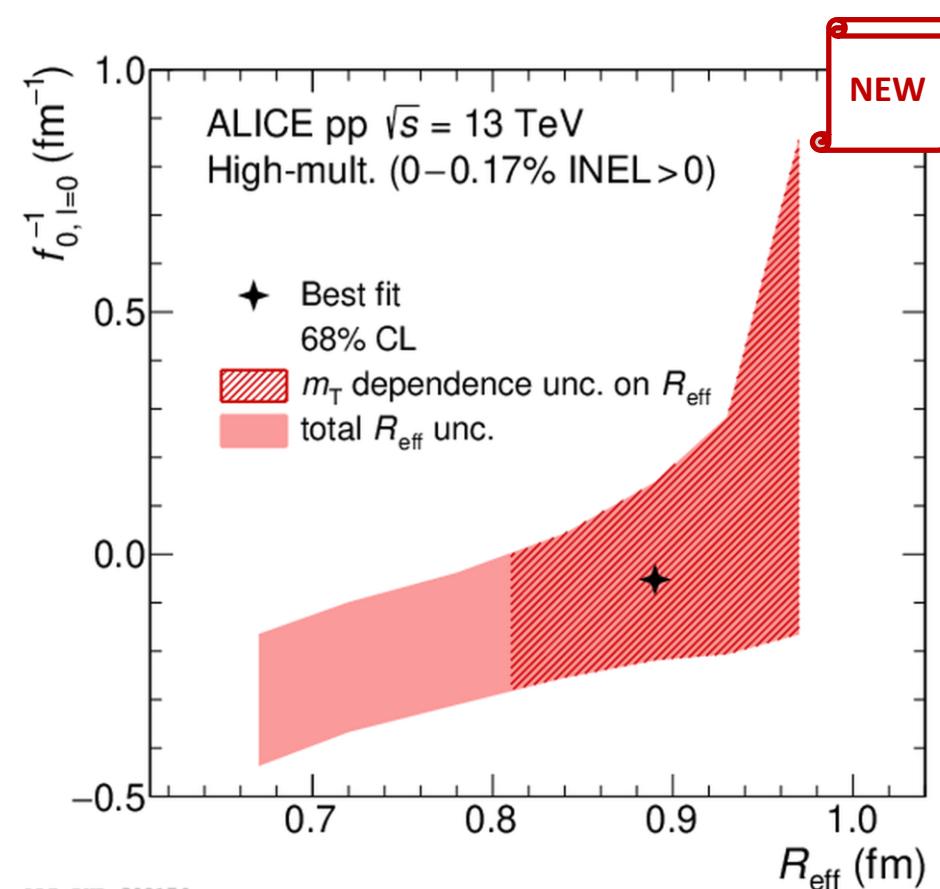
Phys. Rev. C 92 (2015) 054908
[arXiv:1506.07884](https://arxiv.org/abs/1506.07884)

First measurements of D mesons with light flavour hadrons (p, π , K)

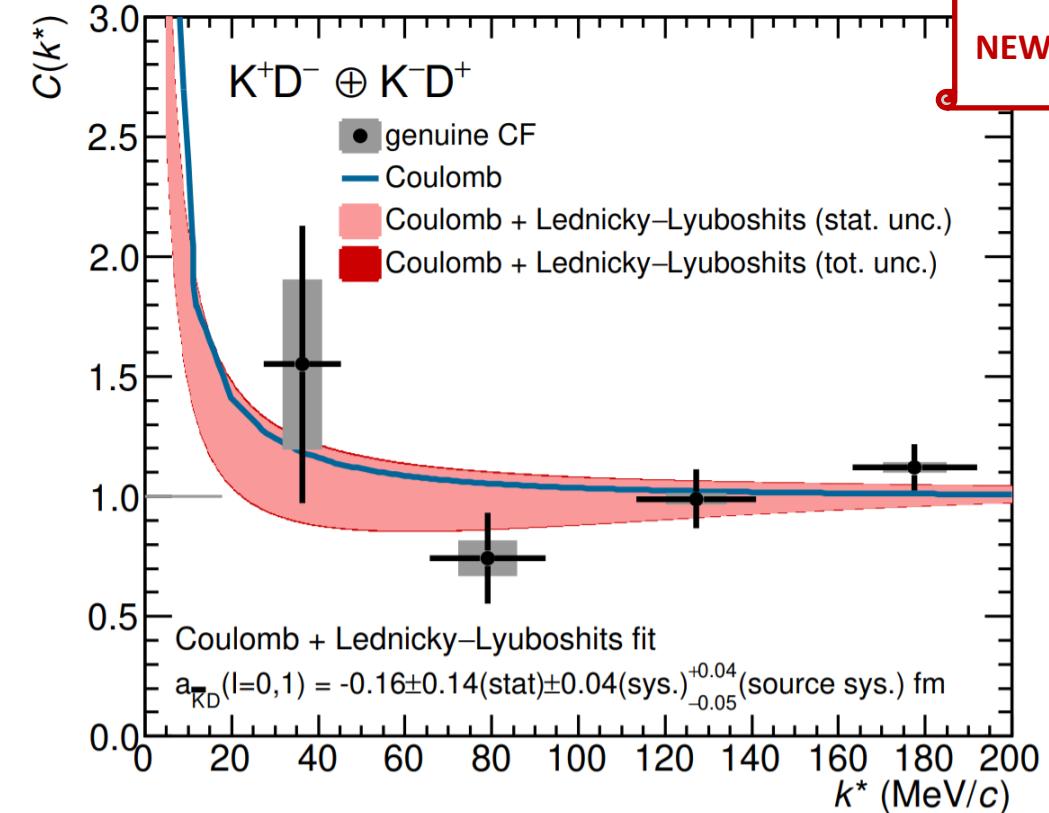
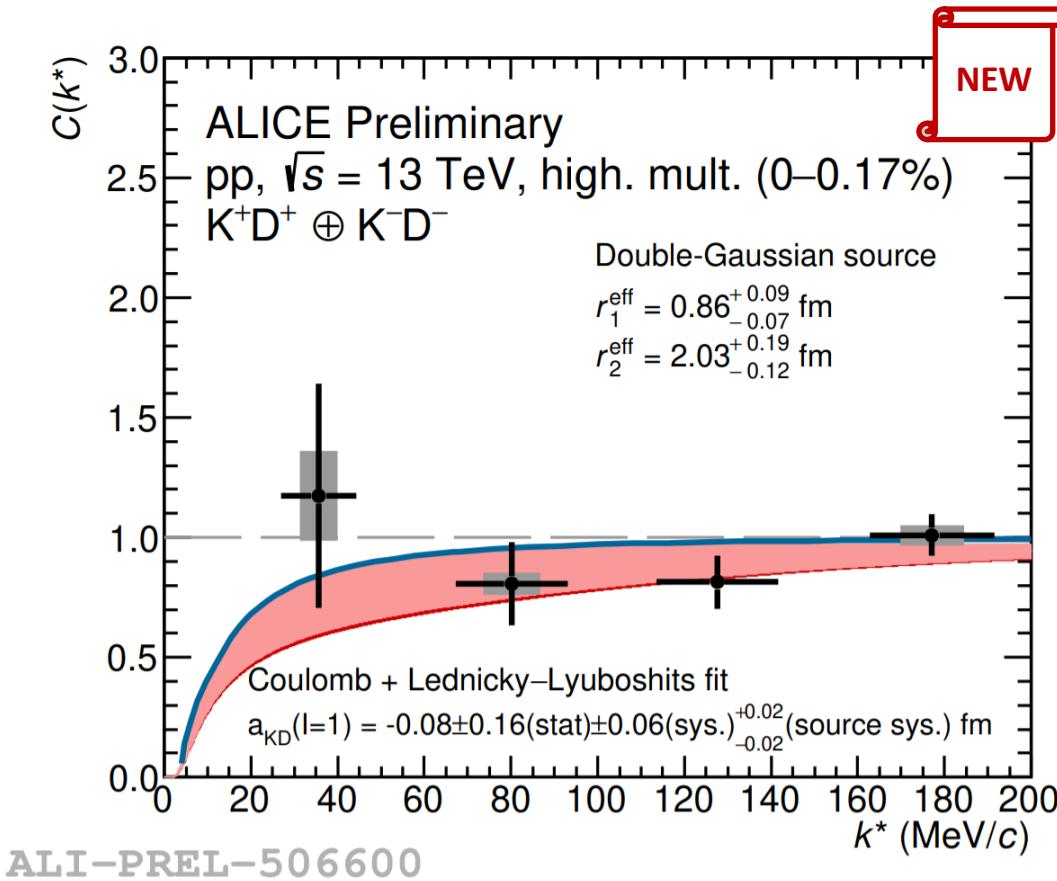
[arXiv:2201.05352](https://arxiv.org/abs/2201.05352)



ALI-PUB-502166



First measurements of D mesons with light flavour hadrons (p, π, K)

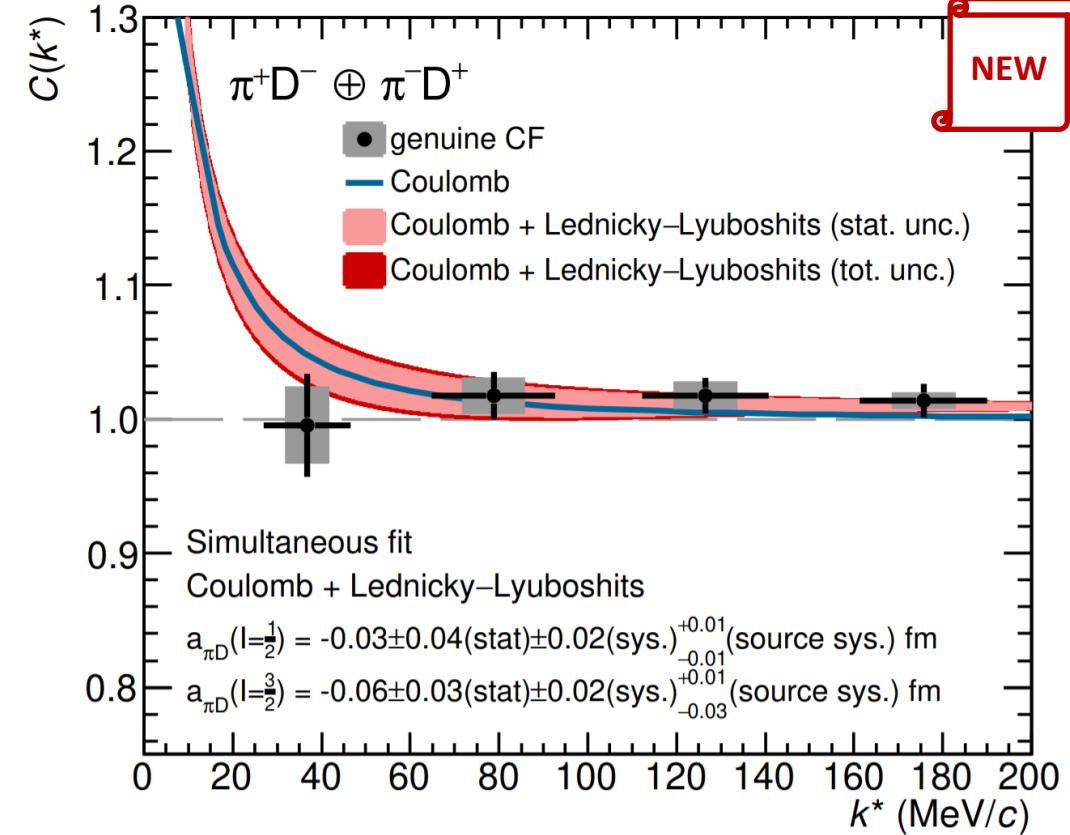
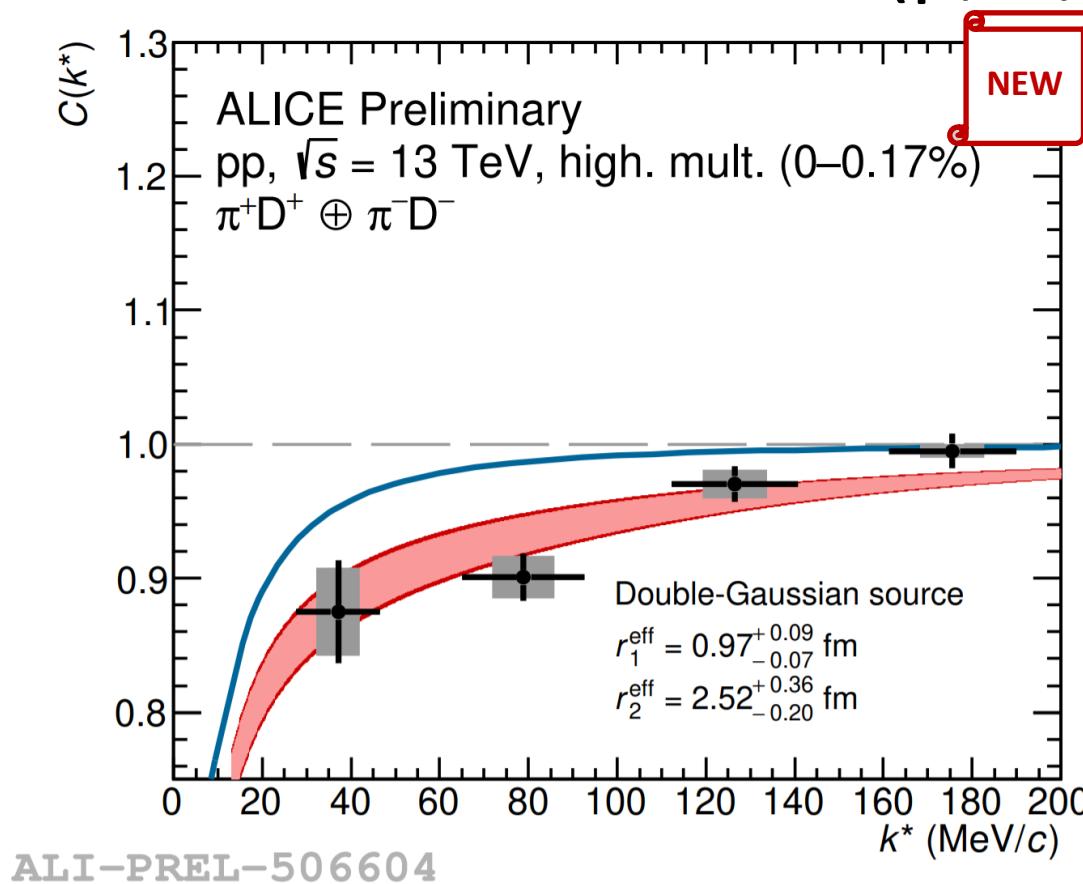


Shallow interaction between D mesons and kaons

First measurements of D mesons with light flavour hadrons (p, π, K)



ALICE

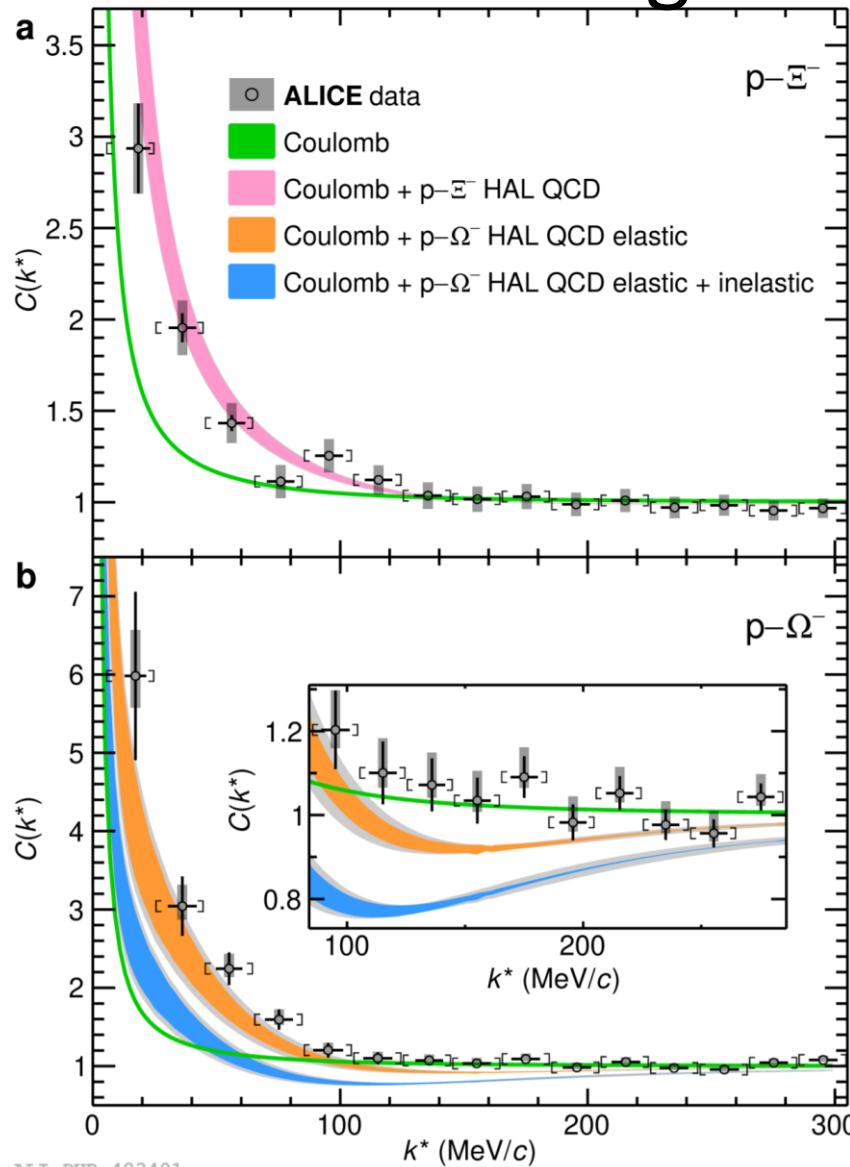


- Simultaneous fit to both channels:
 - π^+D^+ only $l=3/2$
 - π^+D^- $l=3/2$ (33%) and $l=1/2$ (66%)
- First studies show a shallow interaction between D mesons and light mesons
- Heavy flavour not affected significantly by rescattering

Measurements of hadron-hadron interaction with strangeness



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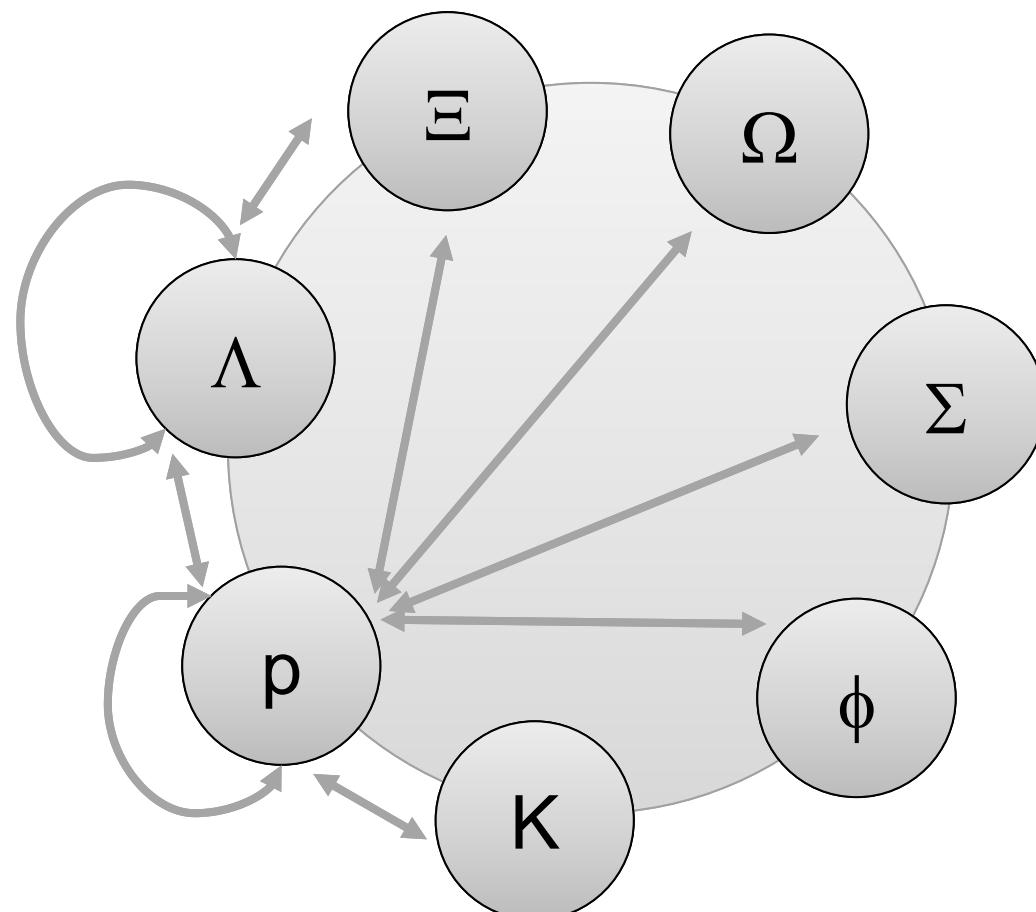


ALI-PUB-483401

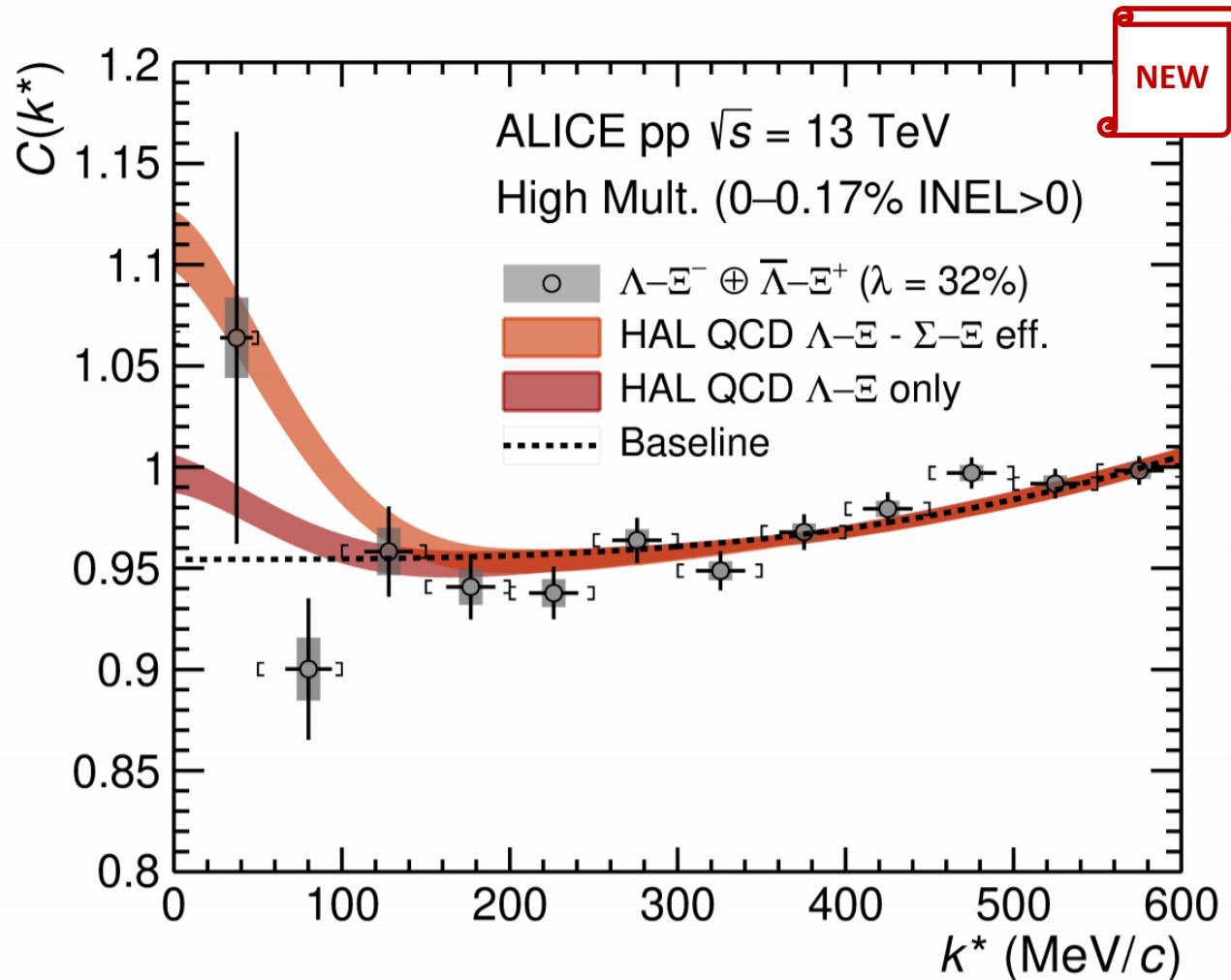
Hadron-hadron QCD interactions – LHCPh2022

Nature 588 (2020) 232-238
[arXiv:2005.11495](https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.11495)

$S = 1, 2, 3$ and hidden



Measurements of hadron-hadron interaction with strangeness



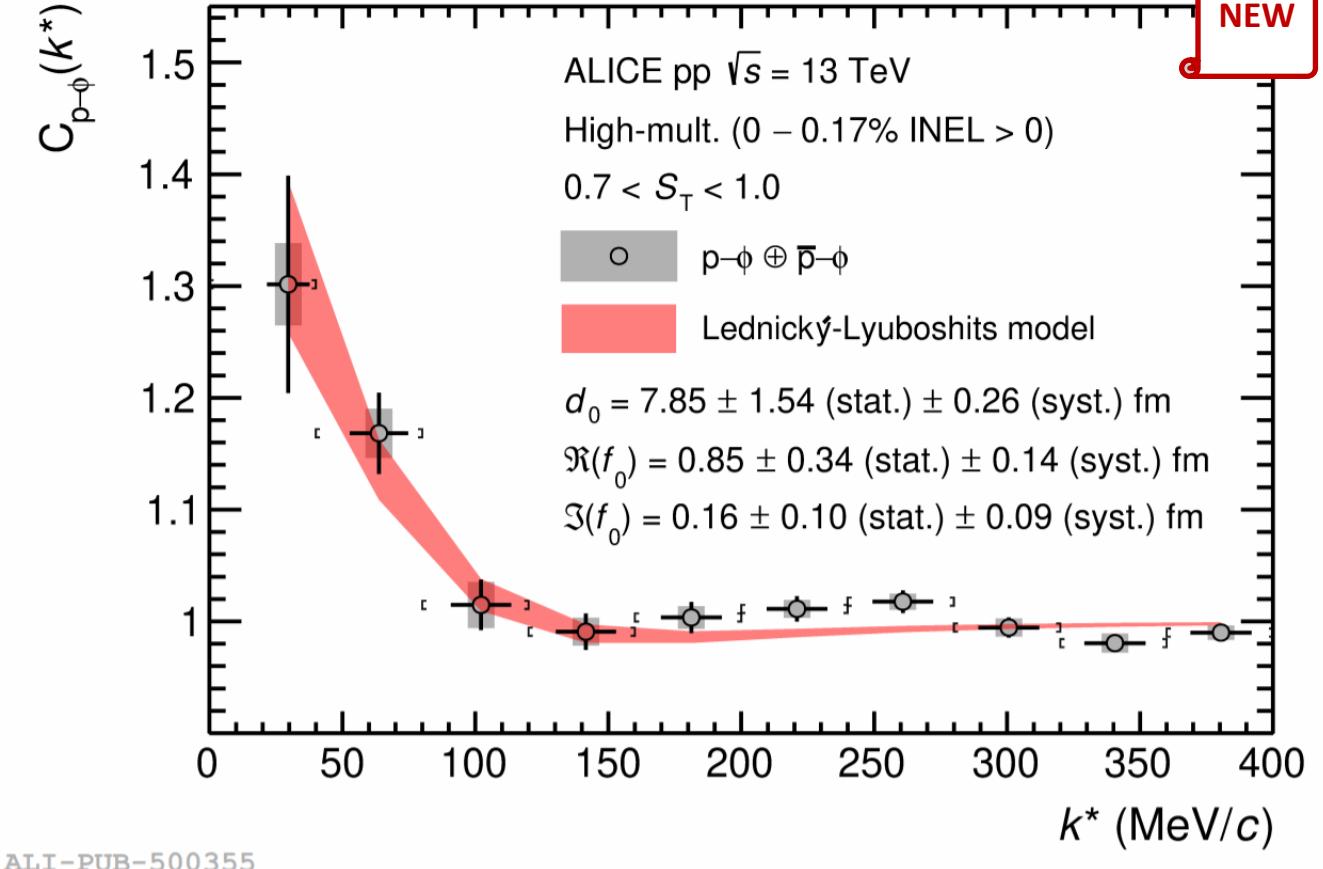
[arXiv:2204.10258](https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.10258)

First measurement of the $\Lambda\Xi^-$ interaction
constraints for lattice QCD calculations and chiral potentials

Measurements of hadron-hadron interaction with strangeness

PRL 127 (2021) 172301
[arXiv:2105.05578](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05578)

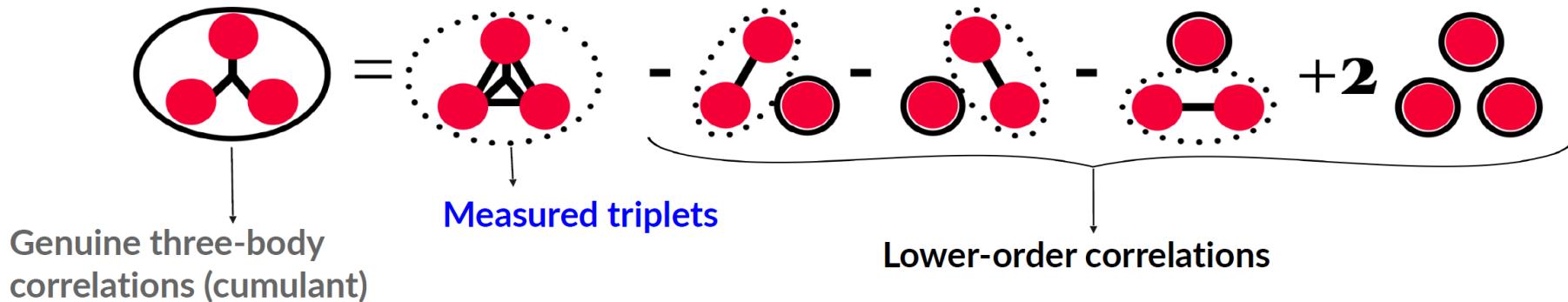
- The imaginary contribution to the scattering length vanishes indicating insignificant inelastic processes
- The p- ϕ interaction in vacuum is attractive and dominated by elastic scattering





ALICE

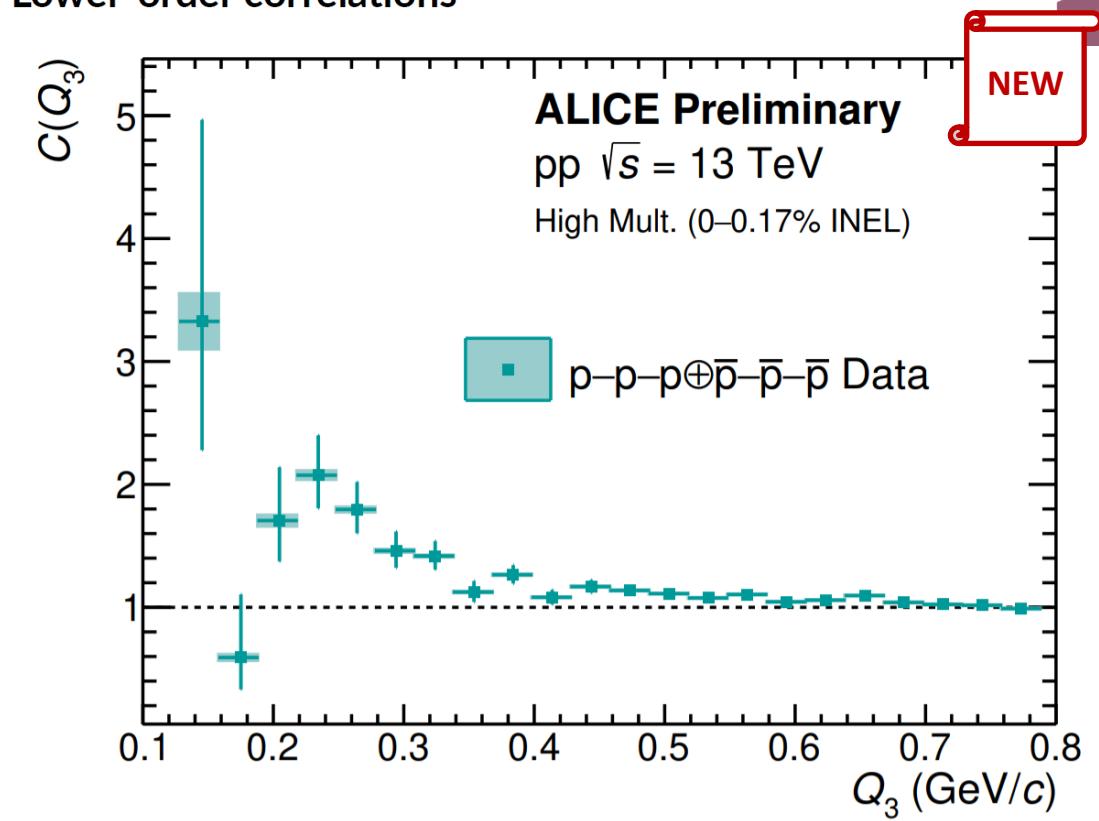
3 body



R. Del Grande et al., Eur. Phys. J. C 82, 244 (2022)
[arXiv:2107.10227](https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.10227)

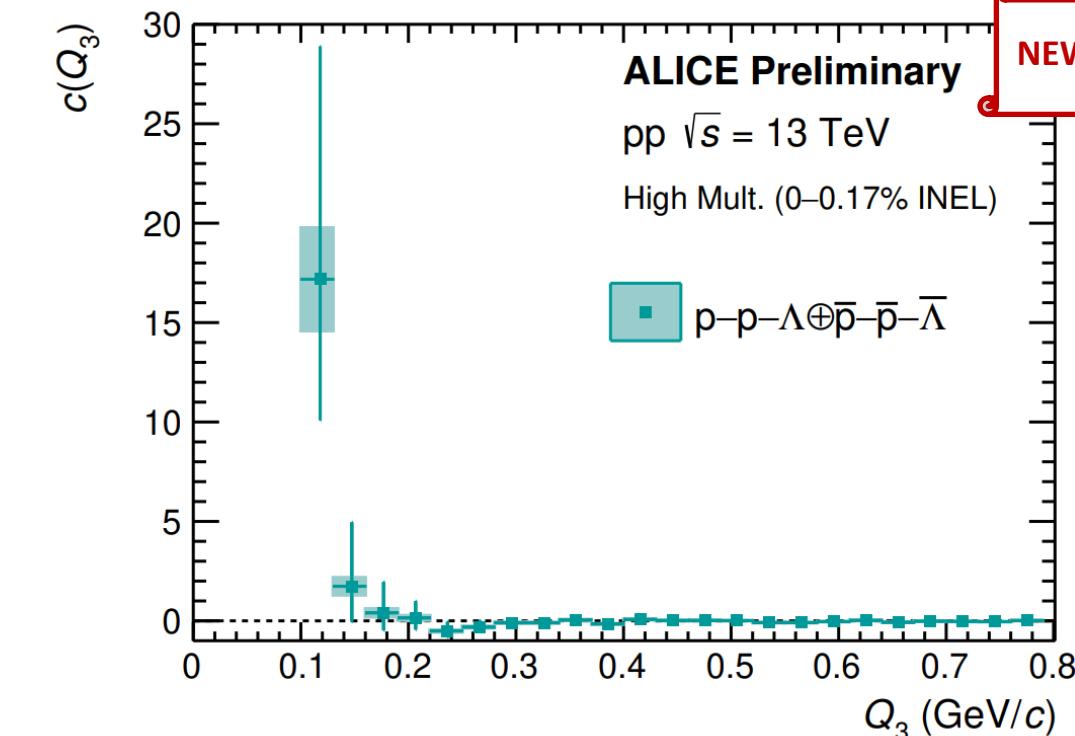
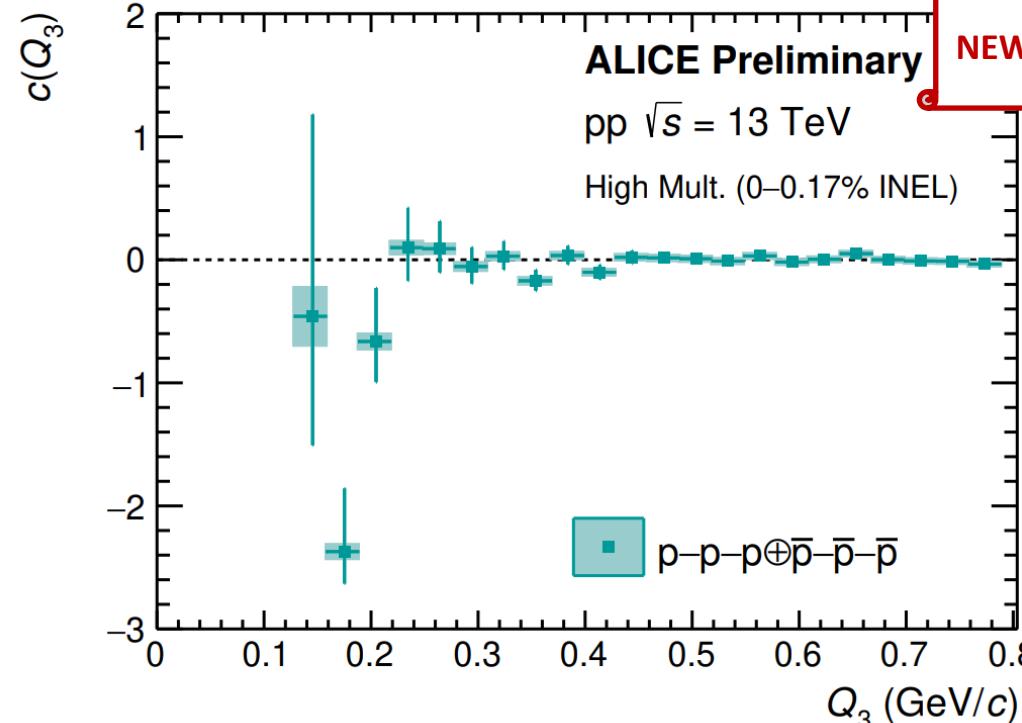
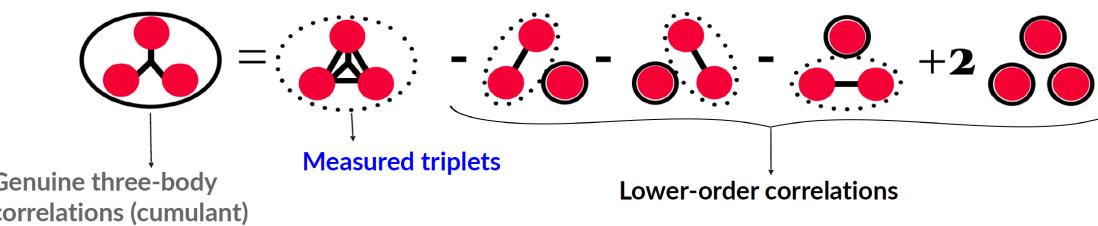
- ALICE is pioneering new methods to explore the three body interactions
- First measurement of the genuine three-body interactions via cumulants

$$Q_3 = \sqrt{-q_{12}^2 - q_{23}^2 - q_{31}^2}$$



ALI-PREL-487109

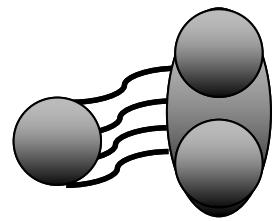
3 body ppp/ Λ



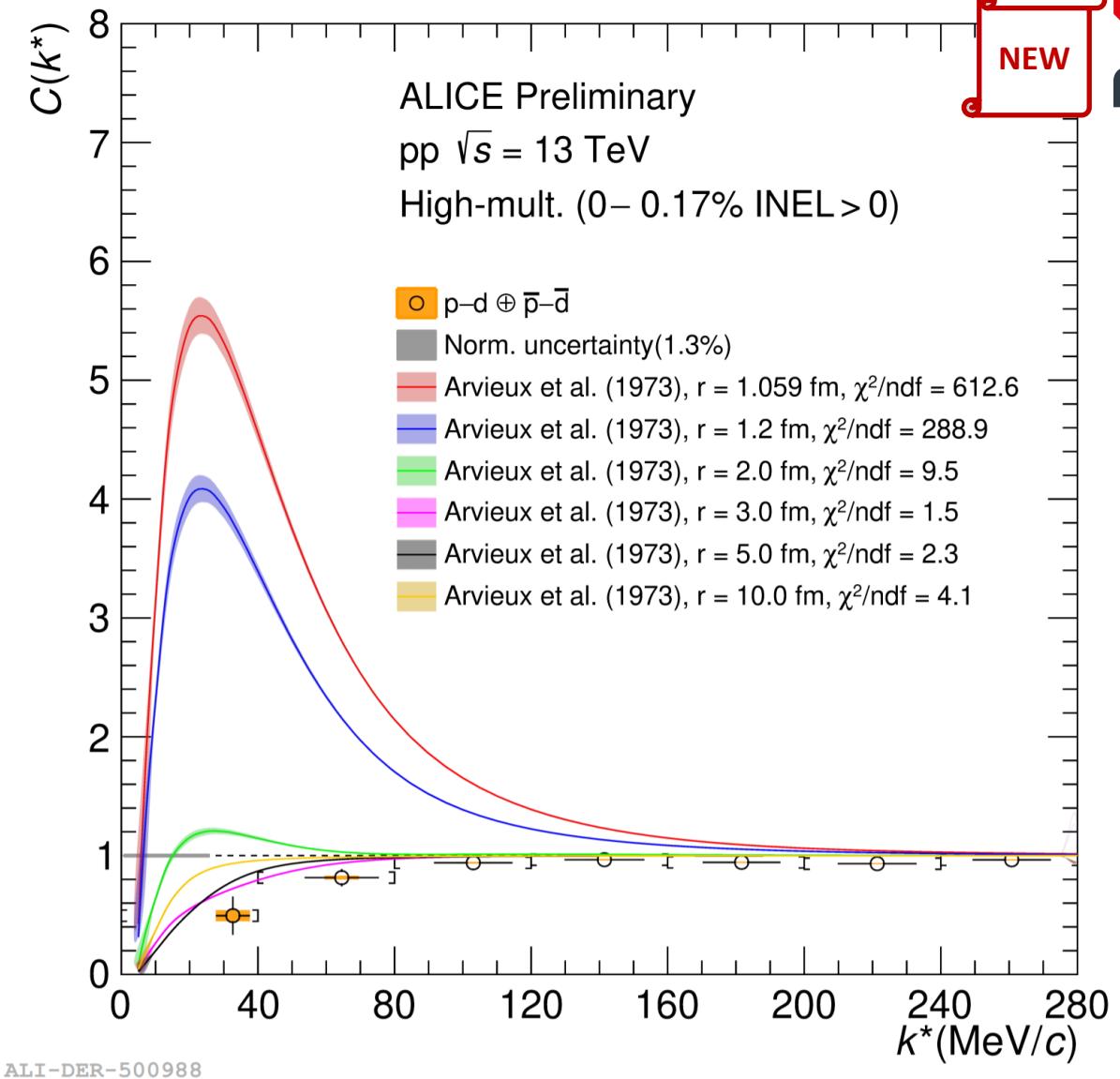
- Three-body effect in ppp; could be due to:**
- Pauli blocking at the three-particle level
 - long-range Coulomb interaction effects
 - three-body strong interaction

$pp\Lambda$ no significant deviation observed from the null hypothesis

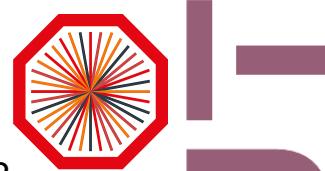
3 body; pd



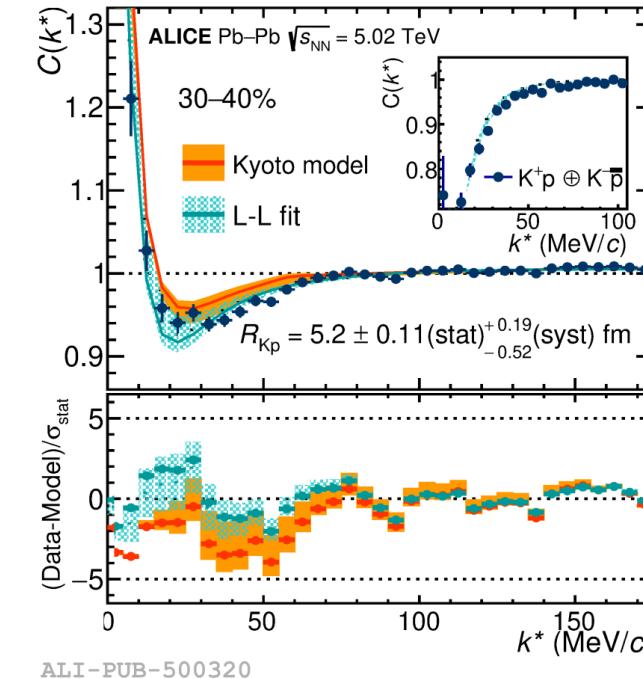
- Discrepancy between the measured correlation function and the Lednický-Lyuboshits formalism prediction for small source radii
 - The agreement improves with larger source sizes. Compatible with the delayed formation of deuterons in hadron-hadrons collisions



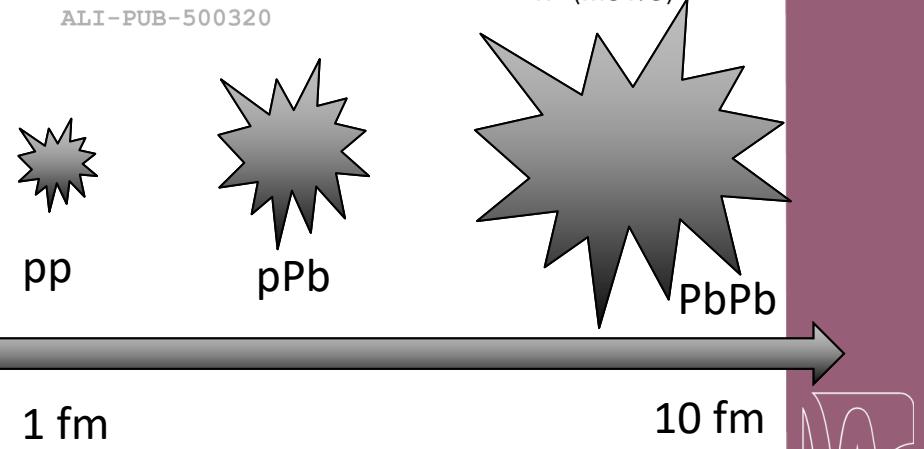
Explore the interaction for different radii



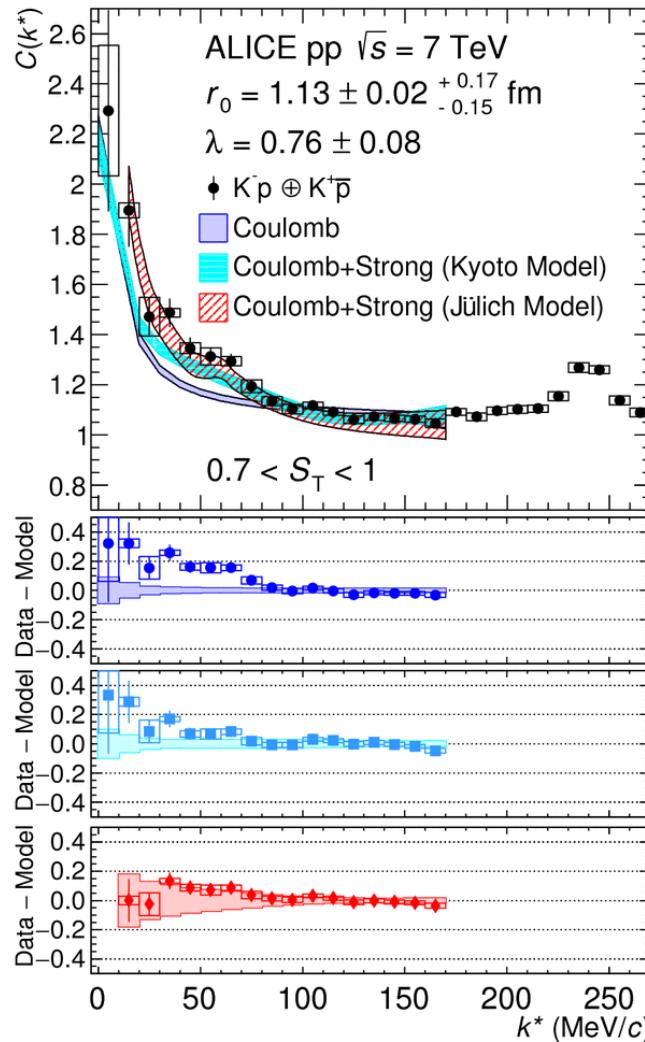
Phys. Lett. B 822 (2021) 136708
[arXiv:2105.05683](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05683)



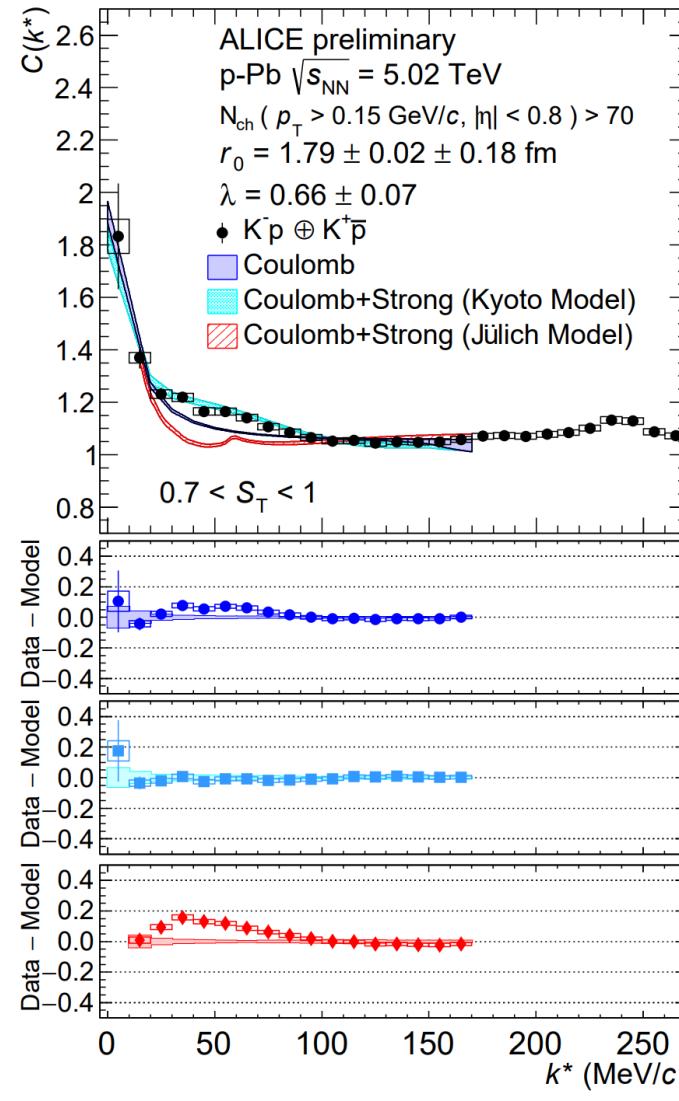
ALI-PUB-500320



Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 092301 (2020)
[arXiv:1905.13470](https://arxiv.org/abs/1905.13470)



ALI-PUB-322449



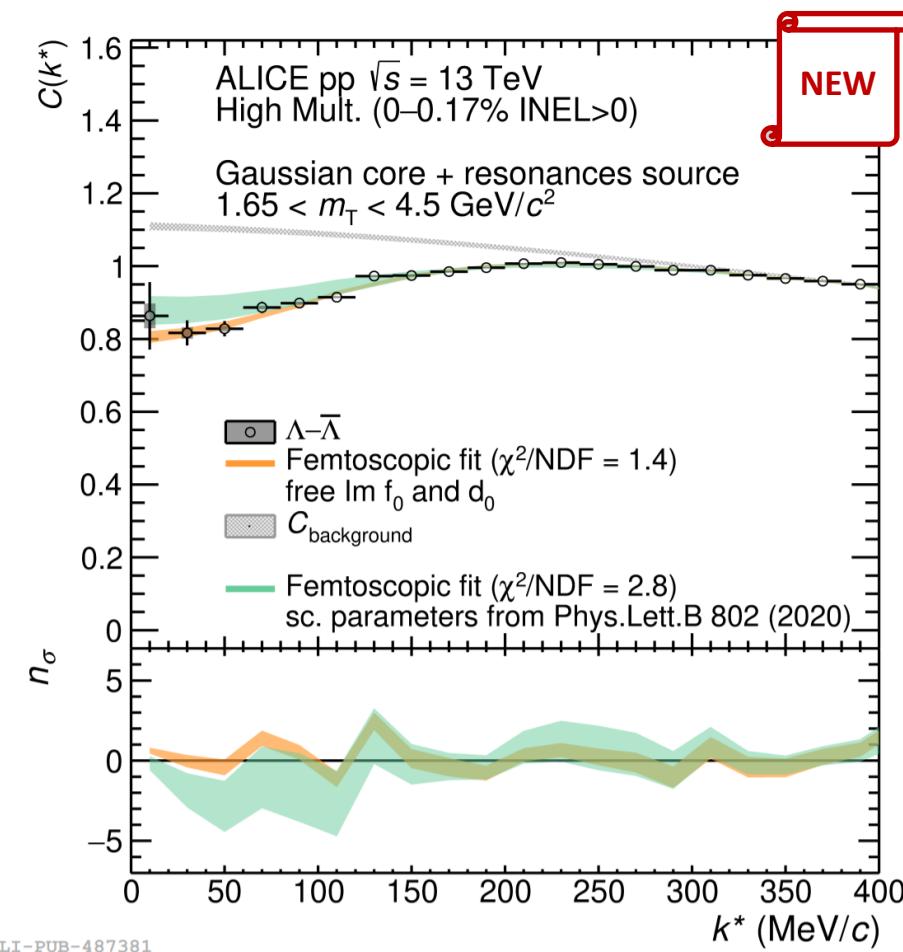
ALI-PREL-316315



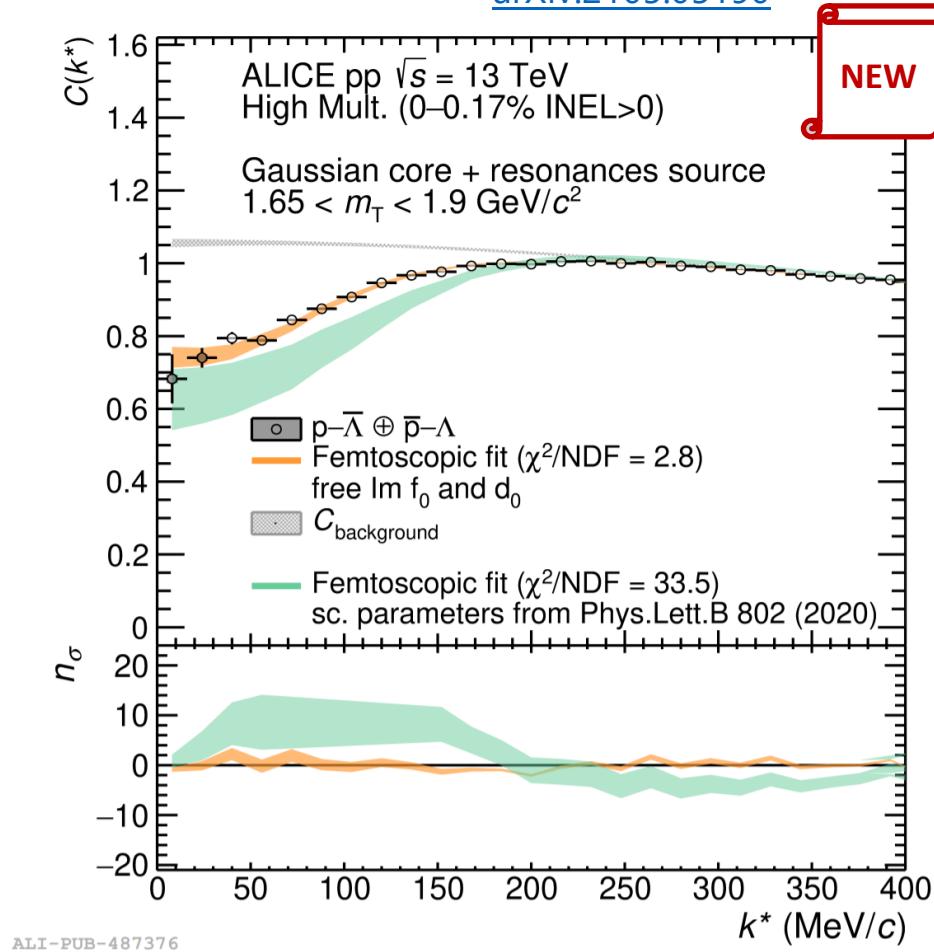
ALICE

Baryon antibaryon correlations

Phys. Lett. B 829 (2022) 137060
[arXiv:2105.05190](https://arxiv.org/abs/2105.05190)



$\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ correlation as observed with large radii in PbPb



$p\bar{\Lambda}$ correlation needs an increased $\text{Im}(f_0)$ with respect to PbPb

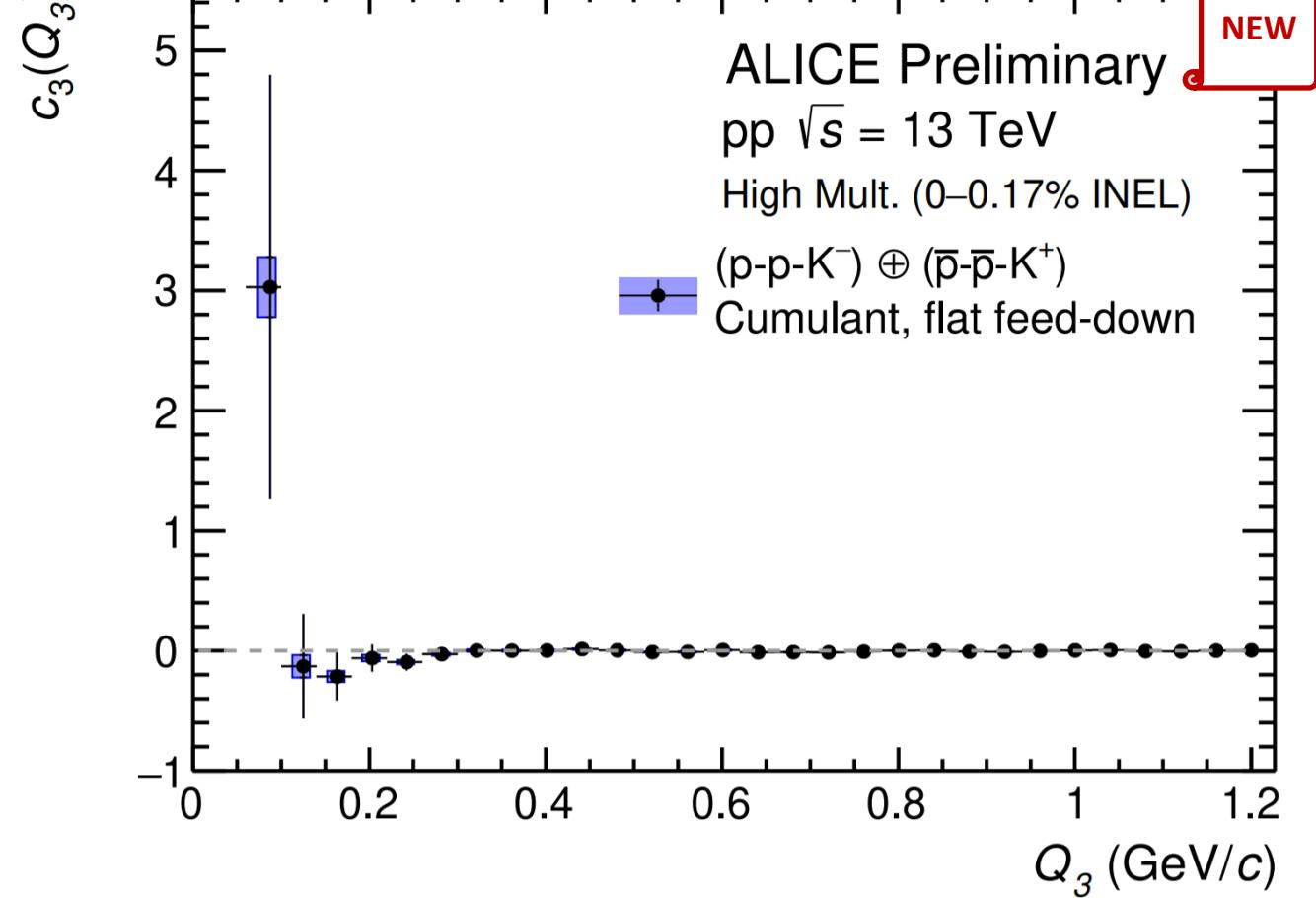
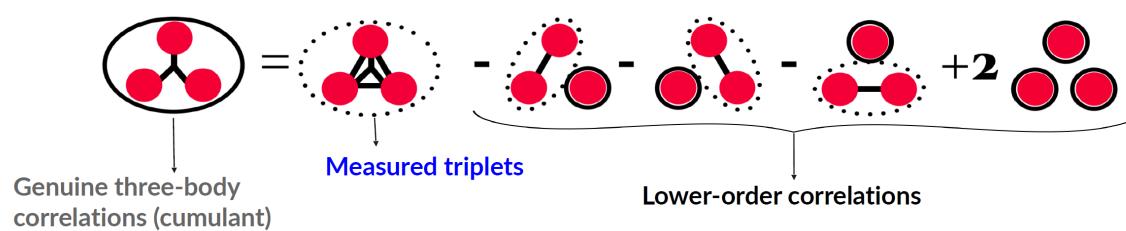
Conclusions and outlook

- The exceptional reconstruction and PID capabilities of ALICE enable the precise measurement of the residual strong force between hadrons using femtoscopy
- First measurement of charm hadron interaction with mesons and baryons
 - Shallow interaction between charm mesons and nucleons
- Measurement of a genuine 3-body interaction
 - $p\text{-}p\text{-}p$: negative cumulant
 - $p\text{-}p\text{-}\Lambda$: no significant deviation from 0 in Run 2 data
 - $p\text{-}p\text{-}K^+$ and $p\text{-}p\text{-}K^-$: cumulants compatible with 0
- Precise control of the source allows one to observe couplings in great detail
- More precision studies within reach in Run 3 and 4!

Thank you!



3 body ppK



- three-body effects are found to be not significant in systems
- three-body strong interaction is not relevant in the formation of the exotic kaonic bound states

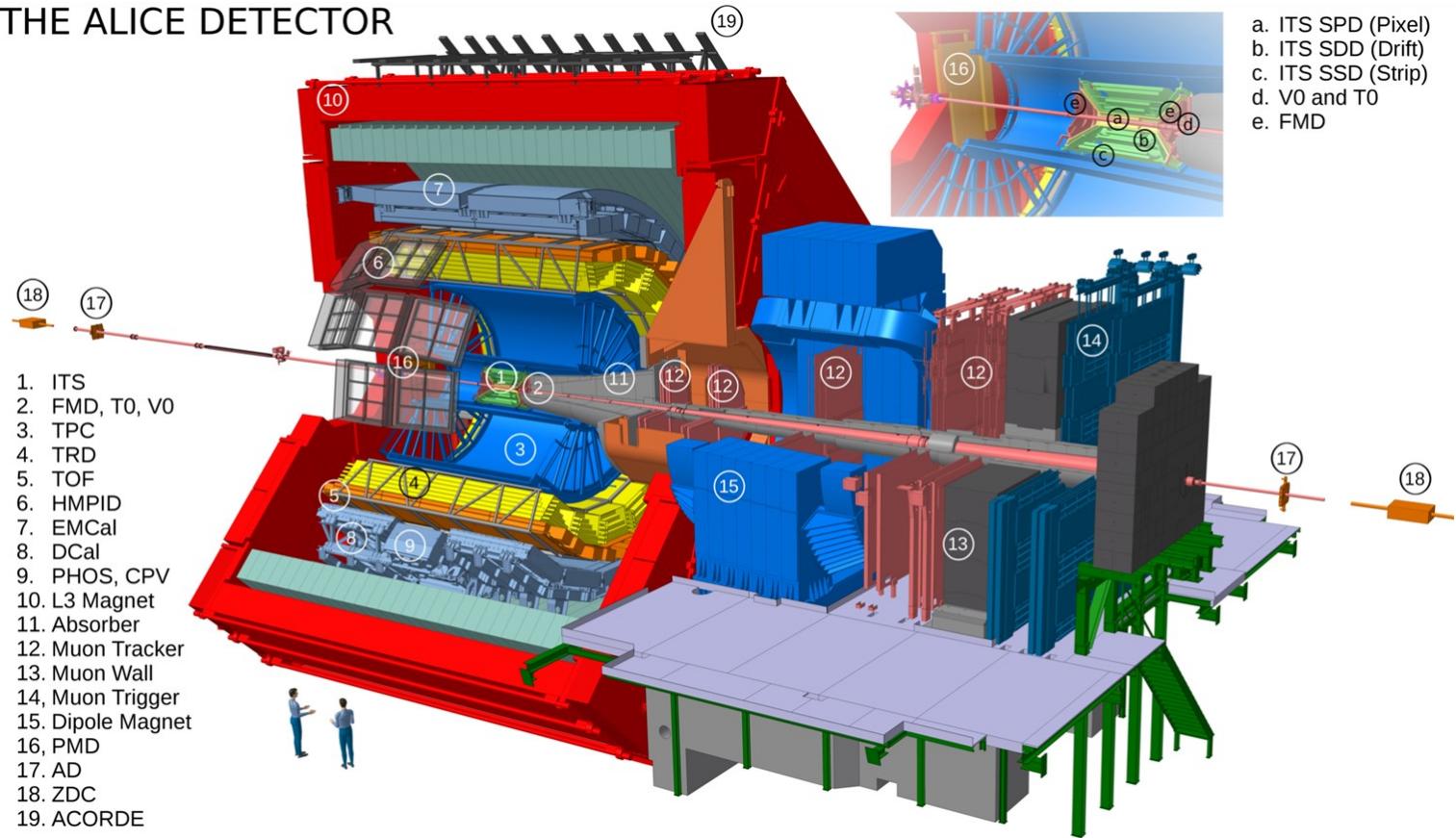
ALI-PREL-513634

Data analysis



ALICE

THE ALICE DETECTOR



1. ITS
 2. FMD, T0, V0
 3. TPC
 4. TRD
 5. TOF
 6. HMPID
 7. EMCal
 8. DCal
 9. PHOS, CPV
 10. L3 Magnet
 11. Absorber
 12. Muon Tracker
 13. Muon Wall
 14. Muon Trigger
 15. Dipole Magnet
 16. PMD
 17. AD
 18. ZDC
 19. ACORDE

