

artemide updates

LHC EW precision sub-group meeting (pT W/Z benchmarking)

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	Sudakov	Non-Sudakov	Matching	Non-perturbative
arTeMiDe	$\mu_f, \mu_{\text{OPE}} (c_2, c_4)$?	no matching	f_{NP}
Cute-MCFM	μ, μ_h, r	μ_R, μ_F (?)	Parameters of damping func. (?)	-
DYTURBO	Q	μ_R, μ_F	Parameters of Damping func.	f_{NP} (?)
NangaParbat	Q, μ_b	μ_R, μ_F	Still none (damping func.)	f_{NP}
RadISH	Q	μ_R, μ_F	Parameters of Damping func.	-
ResBos	C_1, C_2, C_3	μ_R, μ_F (?)	Damping func. (?)	f_{NP} (?)
Resolve	μ_S	μ_R, μ_F	Parameters of Damping func.	f_{NP} (?)
SCETlib	Δ_{resum}	Δ_{FO}	Profile scale Δ_{match}	(Cutoff variations) Δ_{Λ}

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to compare

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Scales in TMD factorization

$$d\sigma \sim |C_V(\mu_f, Q)|^2 R^2[(\mu_f, \zeta_f) \rightarrow (\mu_i, \zeta_i), \mathcal{D}] F_1(\mu_i, \zeta_i) F_2(\mu_i, \zeta_i) \quad (1)$$

Factorization scales

Scale	"usual choice"	variation constant
μ_f	Q	C_2
ζ_f	$\zeta_f = Q$	-
μ_i	μ_b	C_3
ζ_i	μ_b^2	C_3

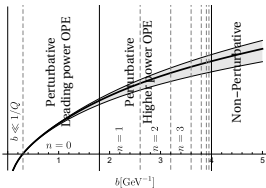


Scales in TMD factorization

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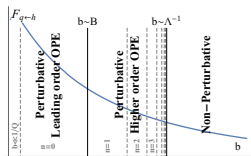
Extra scales due to small-b implementation

CS-kernel



$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{D}(b) &= \frac{-1}{2} K(b) = \underbrace{\widetilde{\mathcal{D}}^{(0)}}_{\sim \langle 1 \rangle} + \underbrace{b^2 \widetilde{\mathcal{D}}^{(1)}}_{\sim G_2} + b^4 \mathcal{D}^{(2)} + \dots \\ &= \mathcal{D}^{(0)}(b^*) + \mathcal{D}_{NP} \end{aligned}$$

TMDs



$$\begin{aligned} F(b) &= \underbrace{\widetilde{F}^{(0)}}_{\sim f(x)} + \underbrace{b^2 \widetilde{F}^{(1)}}_{\sim tw-4} + b^4 F^{(2)} + \dots \\ &= F^{(0)}(b^*) f_{NP} \end{aligned}$$

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Extra scales due to small- b implementation

Scale	"usual choice"	variation constant
μ_0	μ_b	C_1
μ_{OPE}	μ_b	C_3

Synopsis

Total: 3 factorization scales + 2 extra (due to implementation)

NangaParbat (to my b.und.): $\mu_f, \mu_i = \sqrt{\zeta_i} = \mu_0 = \mu_{OPE}$

ResBos (to my b.und.): $\mu_f, \mu_i = \sqrt{\zeta_i} = \mu_{OPE}, \mu_0$

Scales in artemide

Factorization scales

Scale	"usual choice"	variation constant	aTMDe central	aTMDe variation
μ_f	Q	C_2	Q	C_2
ζ_f	$\zeta_f = Q$	-	$\zeta_f = Q$	-
μ_i	μ_b	C_3	μ (any reasonable)	" \tilde{c} "
ζ_i	μ_b^2	C_3	ζ_μ	$\zeta_{\tilde{c}\mu}$

- ▶ The dependence on μ is absent **exactly**, by definition of ζ_μ .
- ▶ The variation band over \tilde{c} is exactly null, by definition of ζ_μ .



Scales in artemide

Extra scales due to small-b implementation

Scale	"usual choice"	variation constant	aTMDe central	aTMDe variation
μ_0	μ_b	C_1	μ_b (effectively)	-
μ_{OPE}	μ_b	C_3	$\mu_{OPE} = \frac{2e^{-\gamma E}}{b} + 2\text{GeV}$	C_4



Scales in artemide

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Resummed expression for CS-kernel

$$\mu^2 \frac{d}{d\mu^2} \mathcal{D}(b, \mu) = \frac{\Gamma_{\text{cusp}}}{2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathcal{D}(b, \mu) = \int_{\mu_0}^{\mu} \frac{d\mu'}{\mu'} \Gamma_{\text{cusp}}(\mu') + \mathcal{D}(b, \mu_0)$$

Fixed order:
$$\mathcal{D}(b, \mu) = 2a_s C_F \mathbf{L}_\mu + a_s^2 \left(\frac{\Gamma_1}{2} \mathbf{L}_\mu^2 + \dots \right) + \dots = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_s^n \sum_{k=0}^n \mathbf{L}_\mu^k d^{(n,k)}$$

"Resummed":
$$\mathcal{D}(b, \mu) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_s^n \sum_{k=0}^n (a_s \mathbf{L}_\mu)^k d^{(n+k,k)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_s^n d_n(a_s \mathbf{L})$$

$$d_0 = -\frac{\Gamma_0}{2\beta_0} \ln(1 - \beta_0 a_s \mathbf{L}_\mu)$$

Scales in artemide

Extra scales due to small- b implementation

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Resummed expression for CS-kernel

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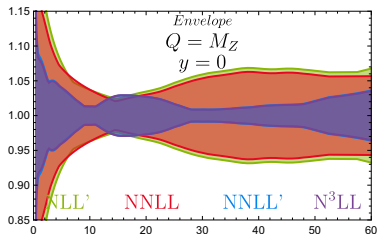
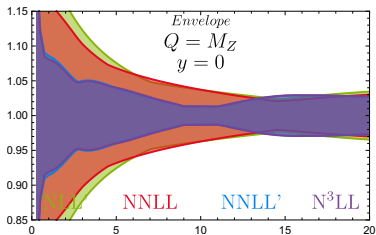
“Resummed”:
$$\mathcal{D}(b, \mu) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_s^n \sum_{k=0}^n (a_s \mathbf{L}_\mu)^k d^{(n+k, k)} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_s^n d_n(a_s \mathbf{L})$$

- ▶ “resummation” corresponds to evolution to $\mu_0 = 2e^{-\gamma_E}/b$ (such that $\mathbf{L}_{\mu_0} = 0$)
- ▶ At large values of b $b \rightarrow b^*$
- ▶ **Pro:** very fast computation
- ▶ **Cons:** no variation constant

Scales in artemide

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Scale	"usual choice"	variation constant	aTMDe central	aTMDe variation
μ_0	μ_b	C_1	μ_b (effectively)	no
μ_{OPE}	μ_b	C_3	μ_{OPE}	C_4

Variation over 8 points, $c_i \in [1/2, 2]$ (details in PT/W Feb 2021)

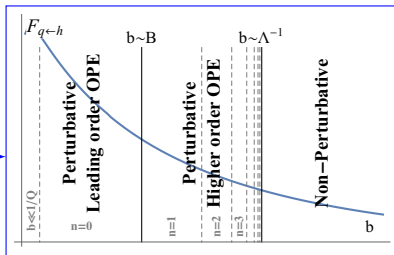
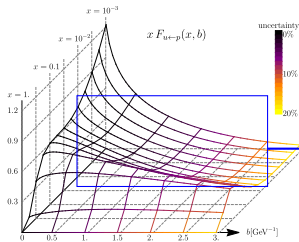


- ▶ Biggest contribution from μ_{OPE} (C_3)
- ▶ Envelope shown (to be symmetrized)

Uncertainties due to PDF [2201.07114]



TMD distributions are nonperturbative 3D functions
 However, they match 1D PDFs at $b \rightarrow 0$ boundary



$$F(x, b) = [q(x) + \alpha_s (p(x) \ln(b^2 \mu^2) + \dots) + \alpha_s^2 \dots] + b^2 \dots + \dots$$

Lead.power OPE

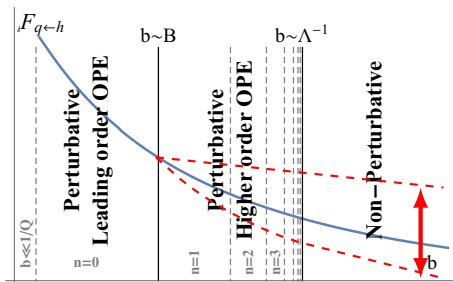
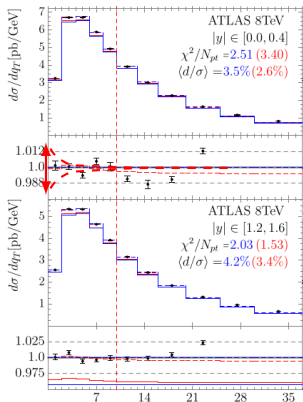
Higher power OPE

$$F(x, b) = C(x, b) \otimes q(x) f_{NP}(x, b)$$



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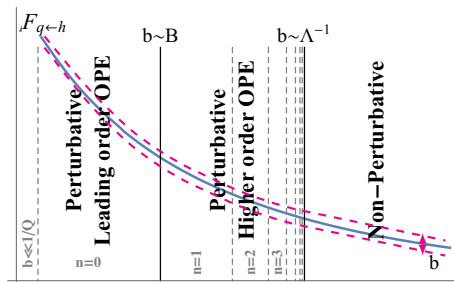
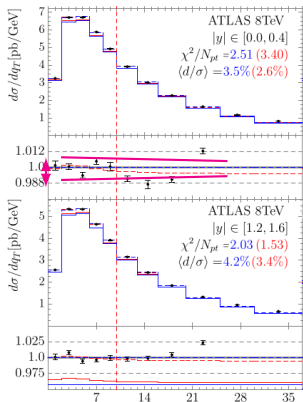
The matching to PDF is important
 But it is also a trap \Rightarrow PDF-bias



Enormous variation of f_{NP}
 gives minor change in cross-section.
 But **tiny modification of PDF shifts full curve.**



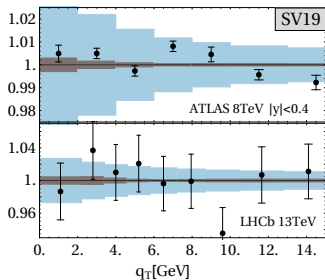
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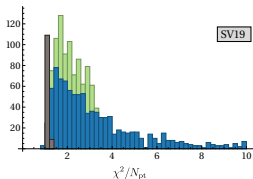
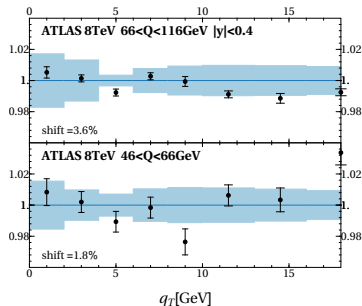
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PDF-uncertainty (NNPDF 1000 replicas)



Scale variation



PDF	χ^2_{DY}/N_{pt}
HERA20	0.97
NNPDF3.1	1.17
MMHT14	1.34
CT14	1.59
PDF4LHC15	1.53
MSHT20	1.25
CT18	1.26
CJ15	1.82

- ▶ Inadequate χ^2 -distribution
- ▶ Large dependence on PDF



SOLUTION: make f_{NP} flavor dependent

$$f_{NP}^f(x, b) = \exp\left(-\frac{\lambda_1^f + x\lambda_2^f}{\sqrt{1 + \lambda_0 x^2 b^2}} b^2\right), \quad f = u, d, \bar{u}, \bar{d}, \text{rest}$$

DY only (457 points)

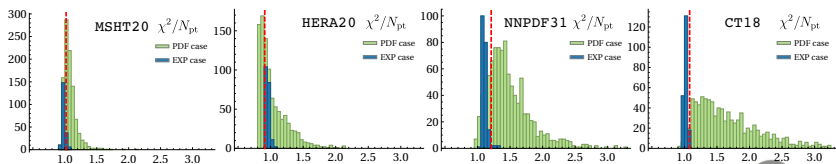
SV19 model

input PDF .	χ^2/N_{pt}
HERA20	0.97
NNPDF31	1.14
CT18	1.26
MSHT20	1.39



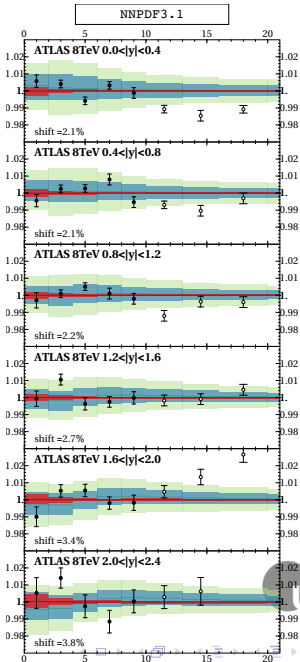
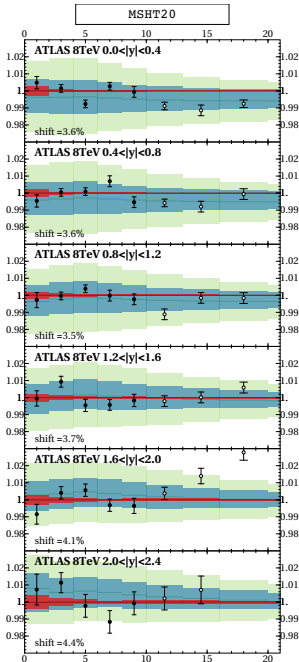
DY only (457 points)
flavor-dependent model

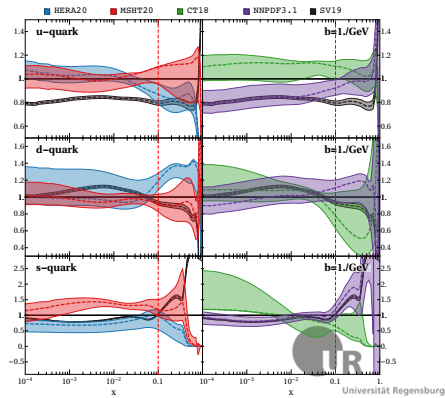
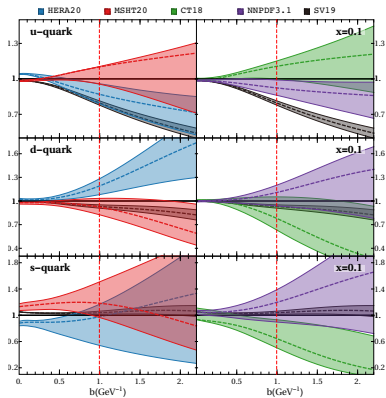
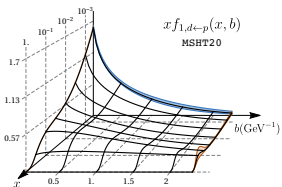
input PDF .	χ^2/N_{pt}
HERA20	0.91
NNPDF31	1.17
CT18	1.08
MSHT20	1.12



Similar fit-quality for different PDFs!







PDF-bias problem in TMD extraction

- ▶ PDF uncertainty is the **largest** one, in extraction and in predictions
- ▶ Flavor dependence of f_{NP} is needed for consistent extraction
 - ▶ Is it true NP flavor dependence of TMDs?
 - ▶ Is it a compensation of tensions within PDFs?

