

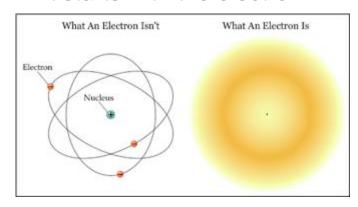
# **Electrical Safety**

Simon Marsh 23<sup>rd</sup> September 2022

**EDMS** reference

# Electricity

It starts with the electron...



 $\hat{H}(r, heta,arphi)\psi(r, heta,arphi)=E\psi(r, heta,arphi)$ Schrödinger Equation for the hydrogen atom

 $U = R \times I$ 

• Ohm's law

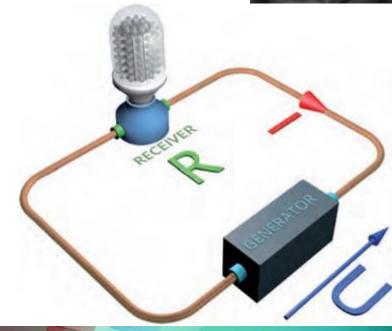
U = Voltage [V]

I = Current [A]

 $R = Resistance [\Omega]$ 



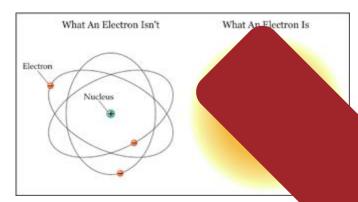






# Electricity

It starts with the electron...



 $\hat{H}(r, heta,arphi)\psi(r, heta,arphi)=E_{arphi}$ Schrödinger Equation for the

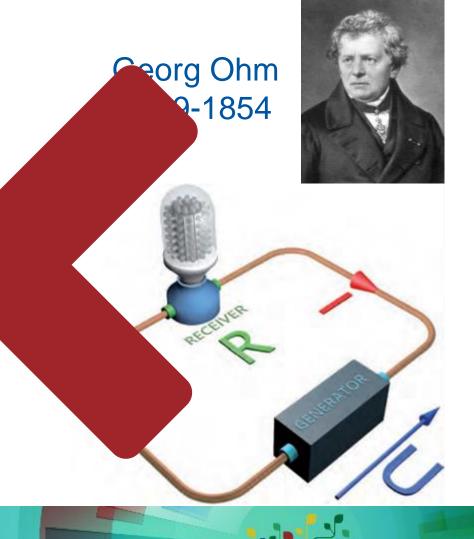
U = R

Ohm

U = Voltage

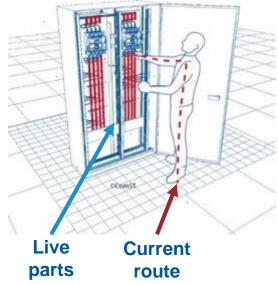
I = Current [A]

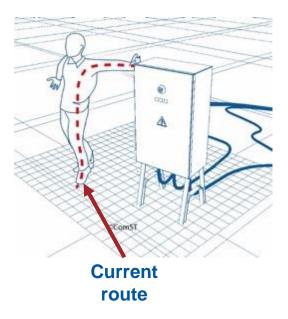
 $R = Resistance [\Omega]$ 





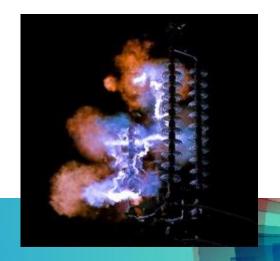
Types of risk





Electric contact
Direct / Indirect





Electric Arc



## Direct contact

#### Incident at CERN:

- IP2X cover removed from device.
- A person accidentally put their hand inside the device.
- They received an electrical shock.



Always check your equipment before performing any work.

If you find an unsafe condition – report it immediately !!

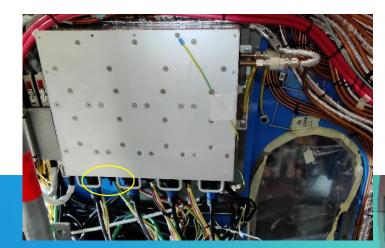




## Direct contact

#### Incident at CERN:

- 300 V DC cable connected via plug to distribution box.
- Worker had mis-understood that it was powered off.
- Removed plug and started to disassemble the connector.
- Worker received electrical shock from direct contact, with current flowing between touching an exposed conductor and the metal scaffolding they were standing on.
- Followed up by medical service after shock.



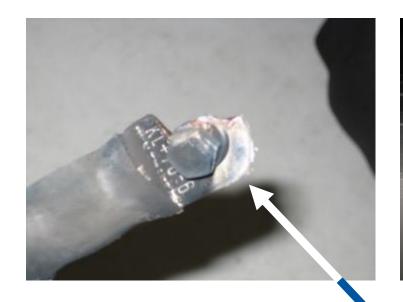




## Electrical arc

#### Incident at CERN:

- By touching a cable to the battery, a short circuit was produced.
- It created an electric arc which burned the victim's right hand.





Cable and battery in short circuit





## Non-electrical work

Non-electrical work can also lead to electrical accidents!

Incident at CERN: Drilling through a live cable.



When working near electricity, there is always a risk, which depends on the:

- type of activity;
- proximity.

If the electrical risk cannot be eliminated a "Habilitation Electrique" title is required.





Consequences





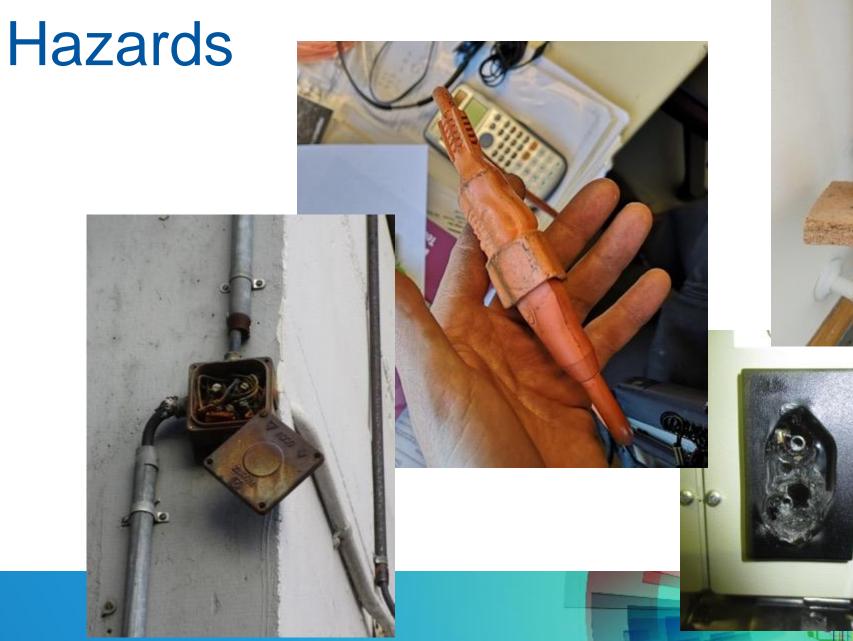
# Hazards







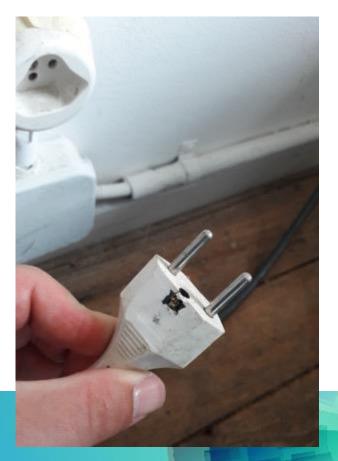






# Hazards





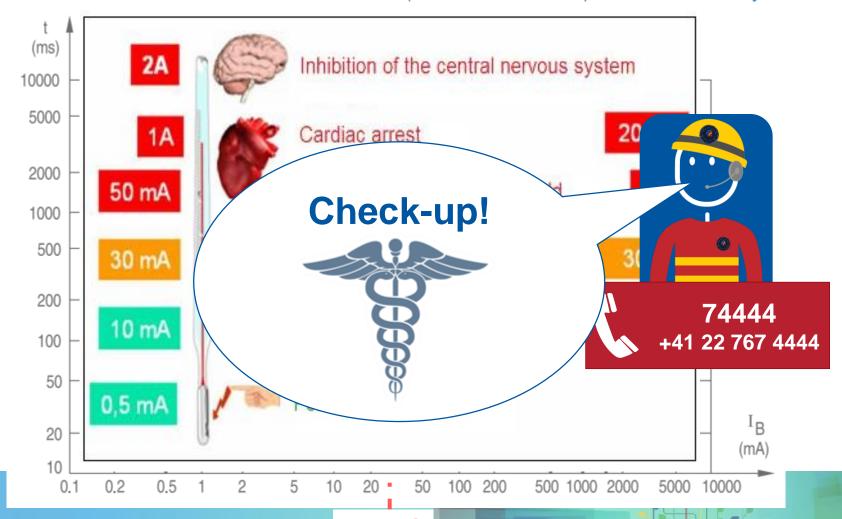






# Consequences

Time / current zones of effect of AC current (15 Hz to 100 Hz) on human body

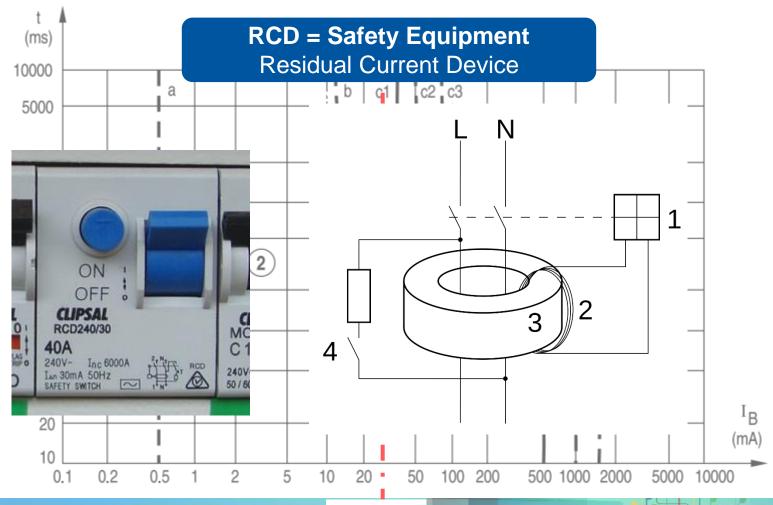




Source: IEC 60479-1

## Residual Current Devices

Time / current zones of effect of AC current (15 Hz to 100 Hz) on human body





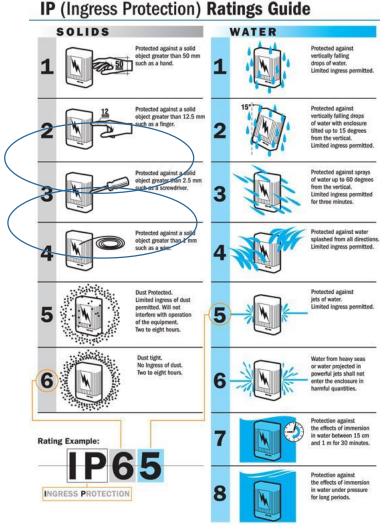
Source: IEC 60479-1

# Ingress protection

#### Preventing direct contact:

- For low voltage equipment, IP2X is required.
   This means you cannot touch a live part with your finger.
- For high voltage equipment, IP3X is required. This means you cannot touch a live part with a finger or a tool.
- The X means that any water rating is ok, since we do not normally expect water in our experiments.









## Rules



As an intergovernmental organisation, CERN establishes its own safety rules as necessary for its functioning taking into account relevant Host States, as well as European and International regulations and standards.



Electrical Safety Code C1





