

Caltech

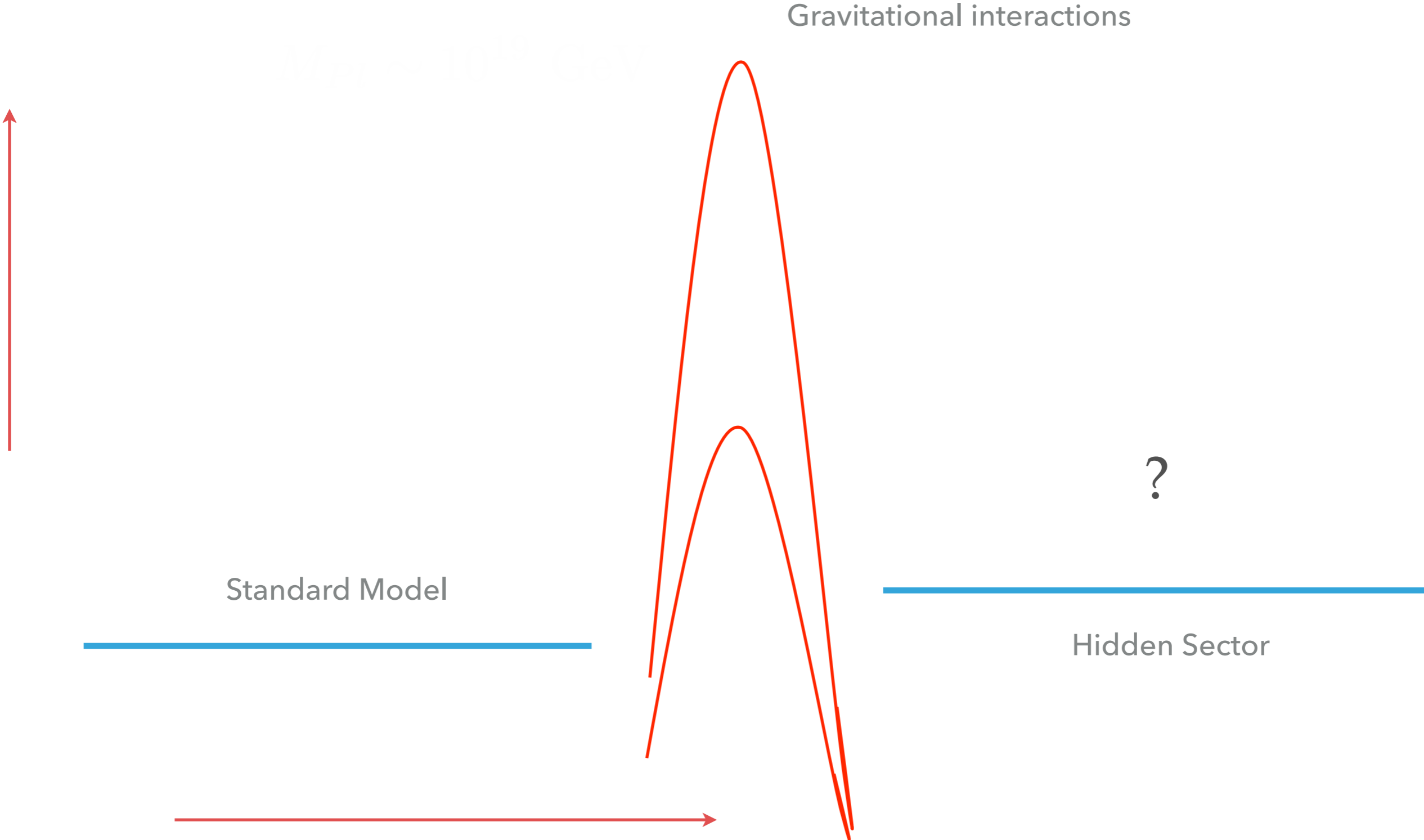


K. ZUREK

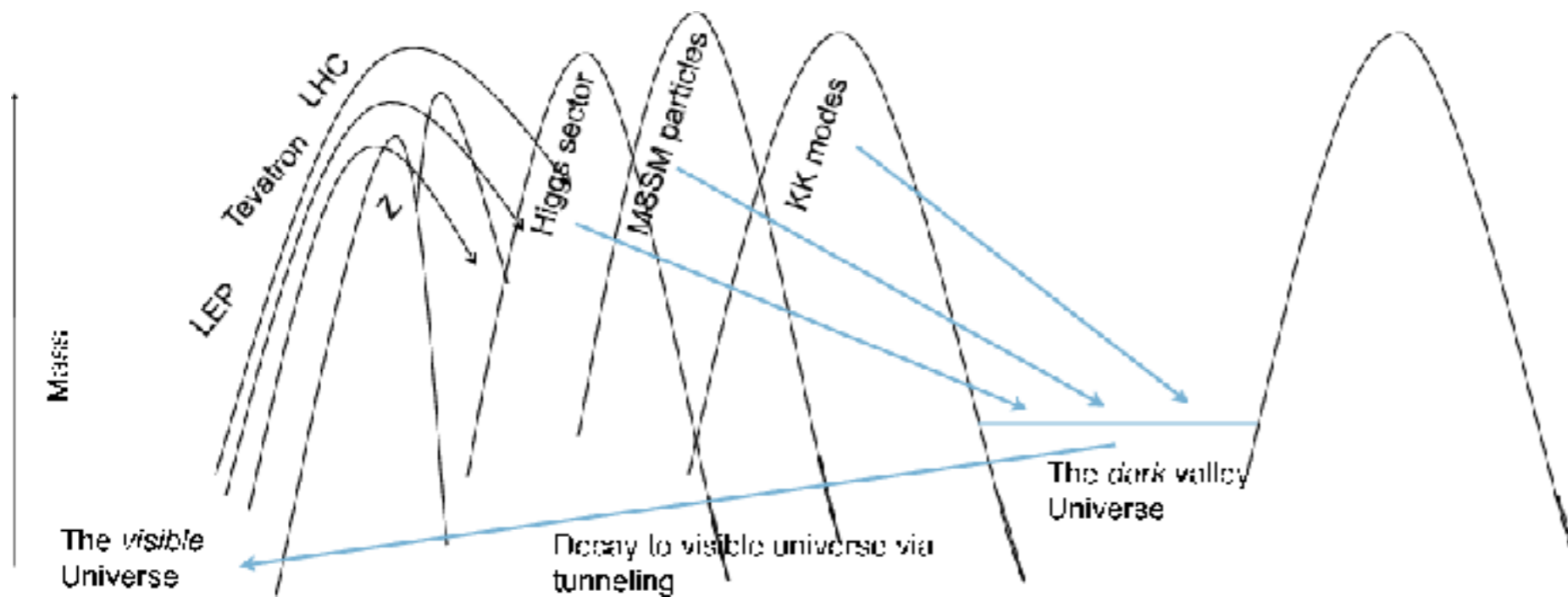
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# THE FIP/HIDDEN SECTOR/VALLEY PARADIGM: OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES

# SUPER-WEAKLY INTERACTING



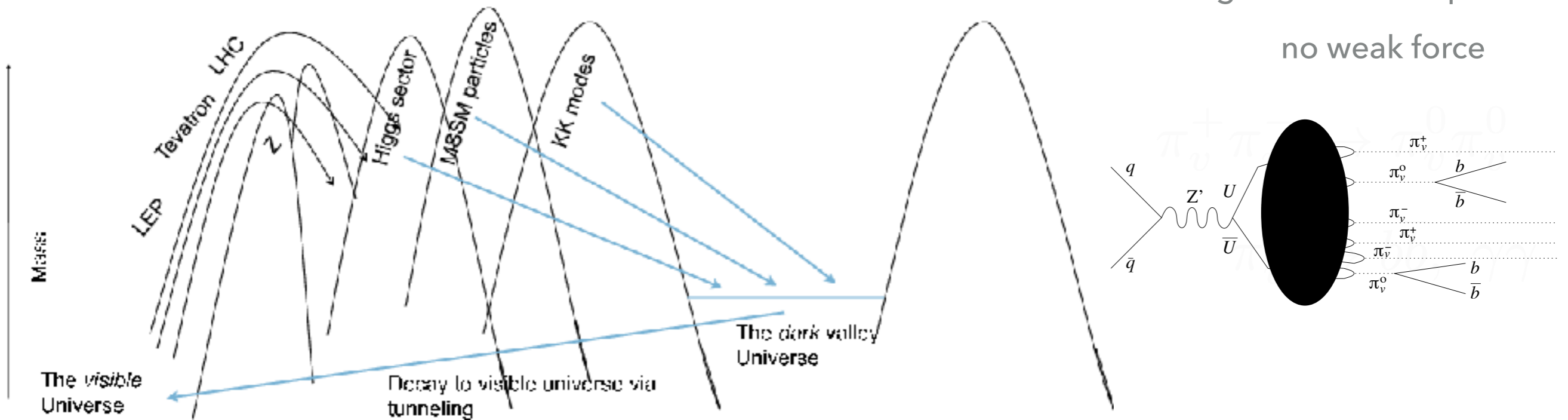
## A SHIFT AWAY FROM FOCUS ON EVER HIGHER ENERGIES



Hidden Valley Paradigm

## TOWARDS LIGHTER STATES

A Hidden Sector Need Not Solve the SM's Problems  
But naturally provides a DM candidate



Hidden Valley Paradigm

# Hidden Sectors

Standard Model

Connector

Hidden Valley

e: electric charge  
p: baryon number  
nu: lepton number

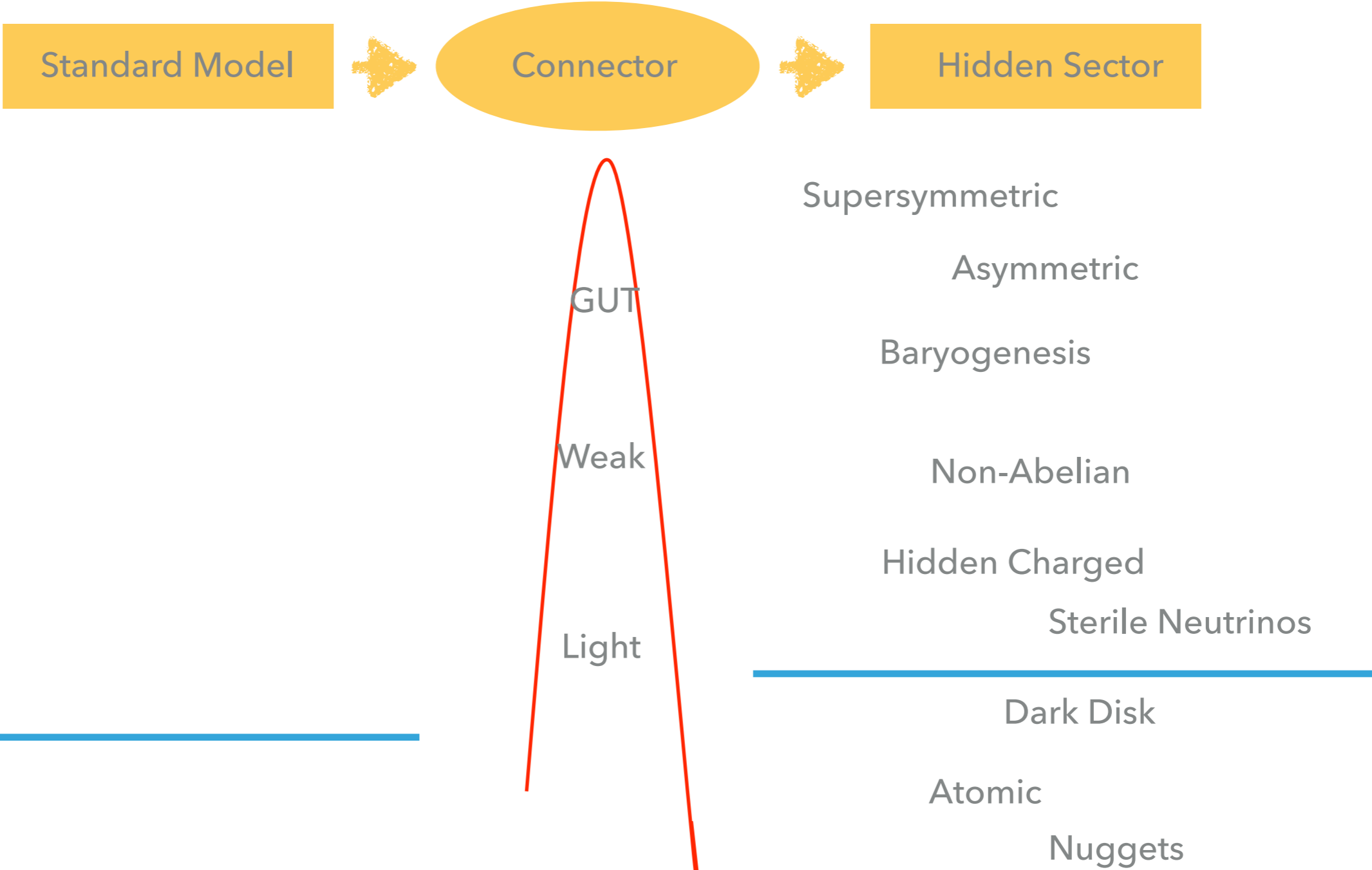
$Z'$   
Leptoquarks  
SUSY Particles  
Higgs  
X-Dims

Strongly or Weakly  
Coupled

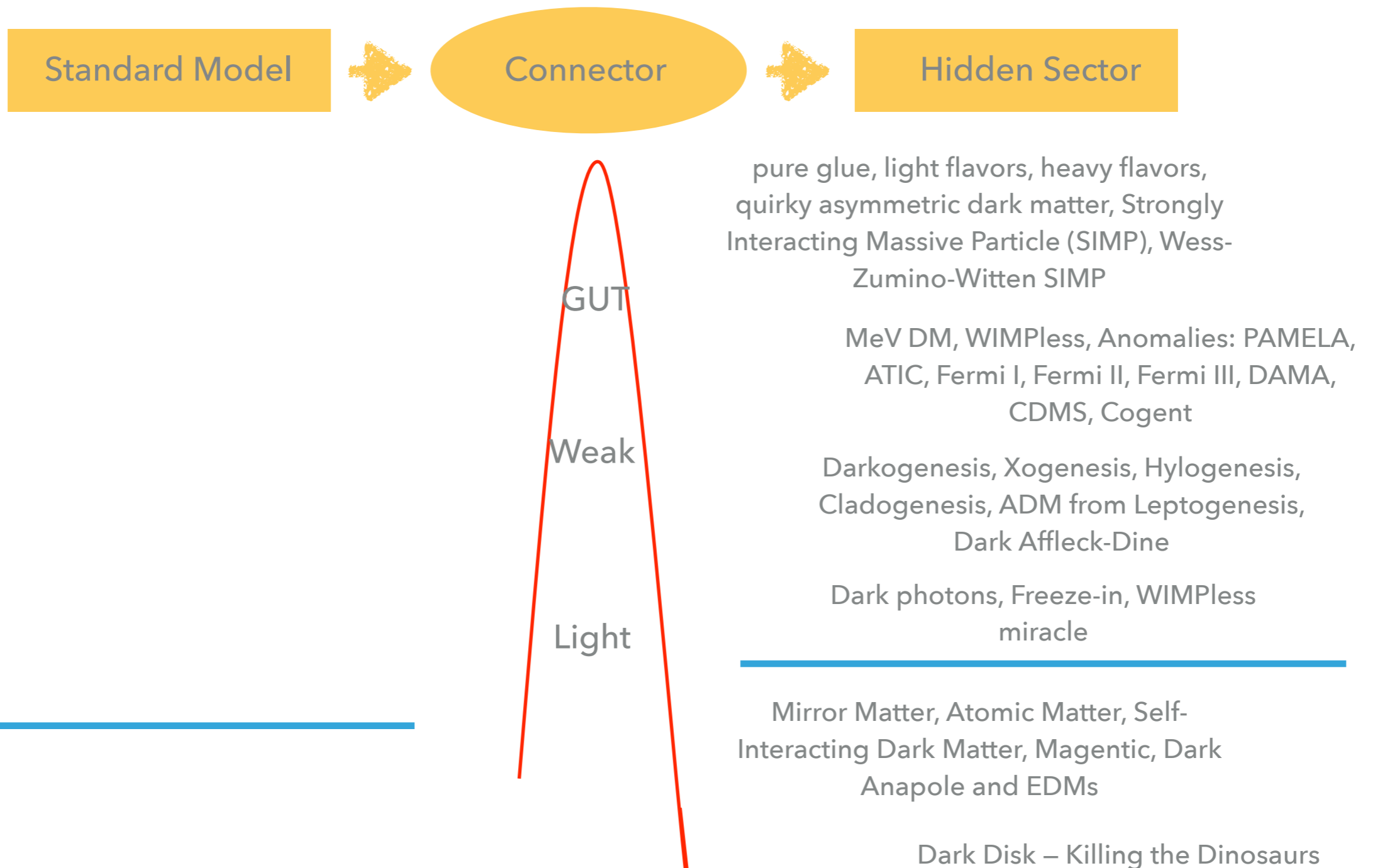
Dark Photons  
Dark Higgs  
Dark SU(N)  
N flavors  
ADM  
Sterile Neutrinos

When a Hidden Sector Particle is (quasi-)Stable,  
there is (potential for) a dark matter candidate

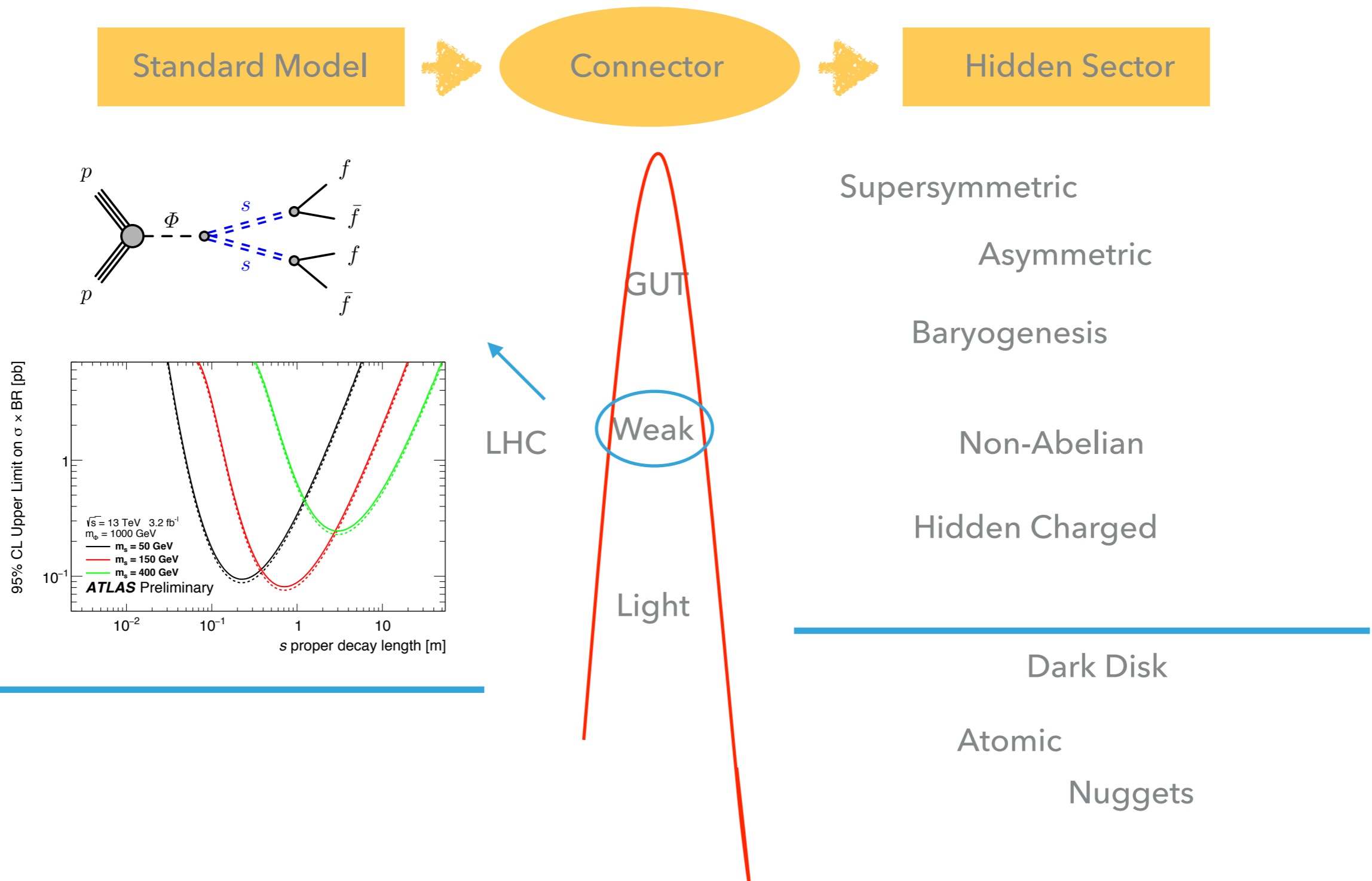
# BROAD RANGE OF MODELS



## BROAD RANGE OF MODELS

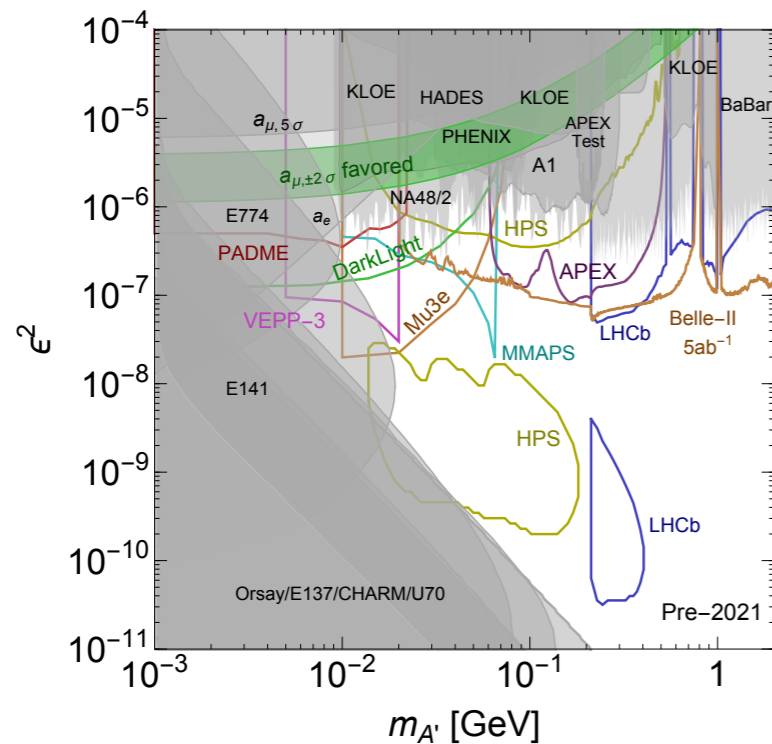


## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES





## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES



Low Energy / Intensity

Light

GUT  
Weak

Supersymmetric

Asymmetric

Baryogenesis

Non-Abelian

Hidden Charged

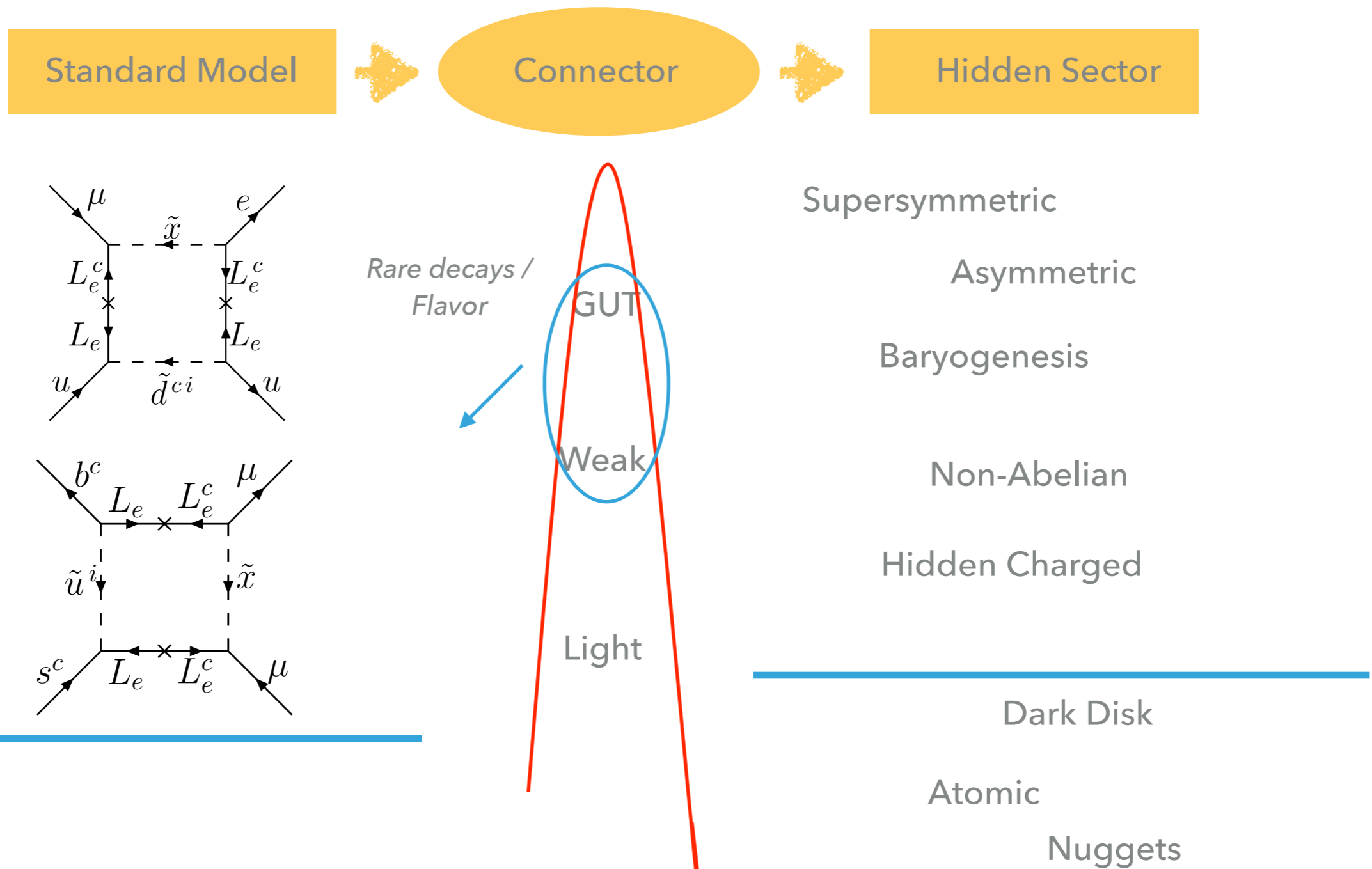
Dark Disk

Atomic

Nuggets

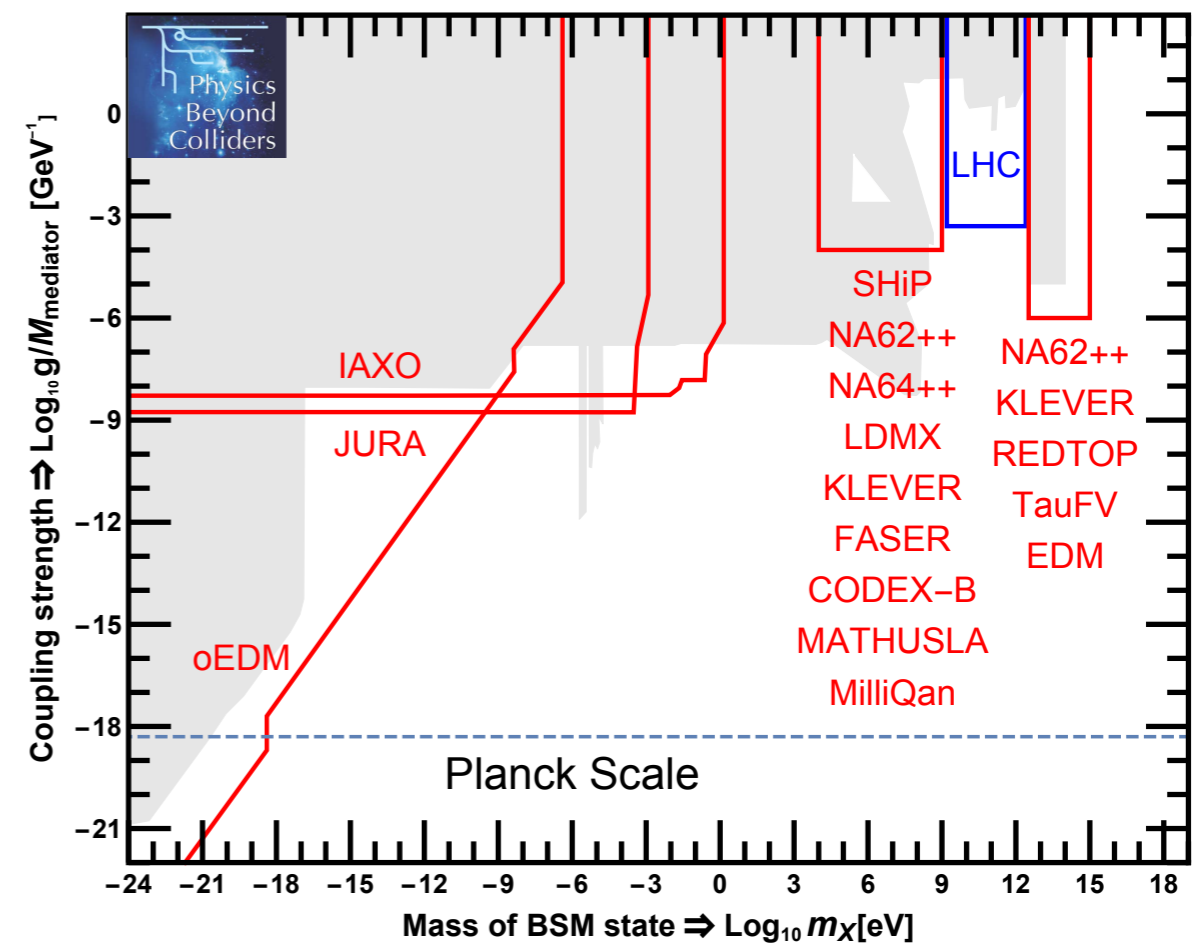
Dark Sectors community report 1608.08632

## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES



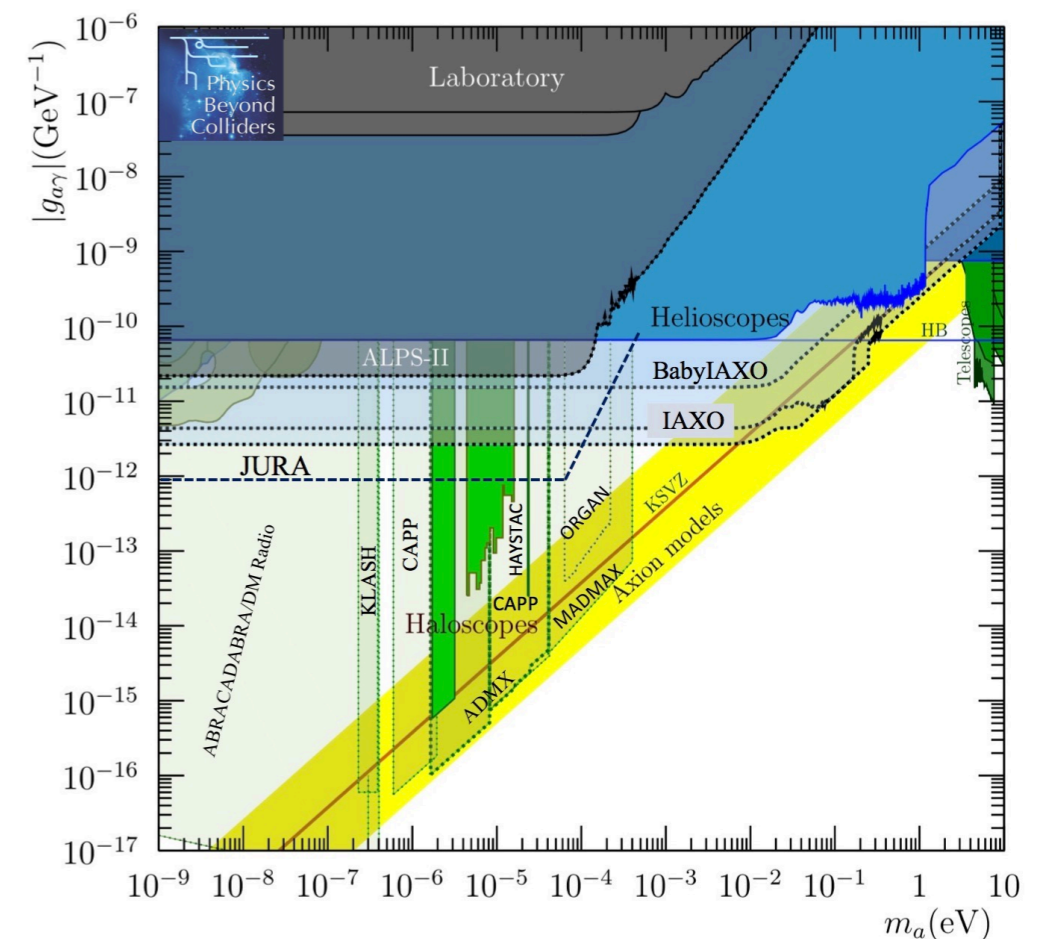
## RELAXING THE MOTIVATION....

- ▶ To focus on new states at the weak scale, as solutions to the hierarchy problem
- ▶ Where do we look?



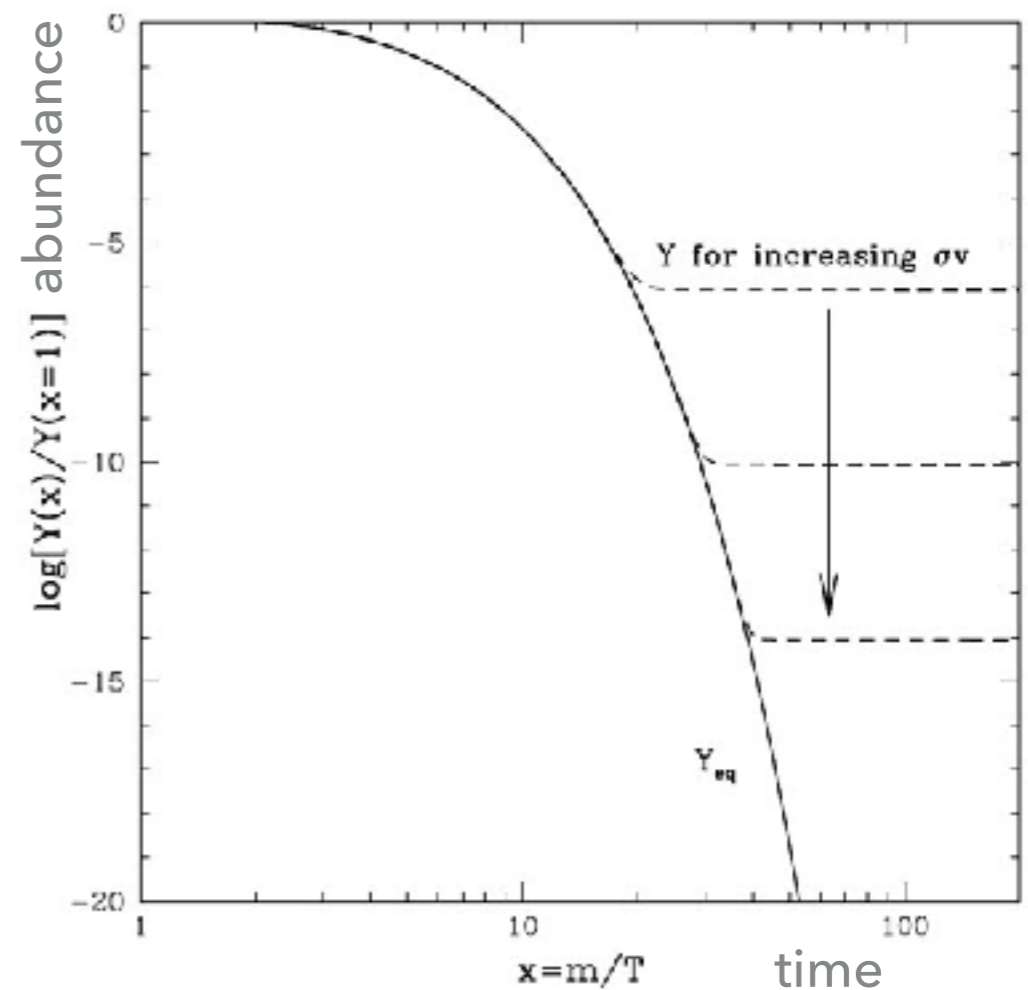
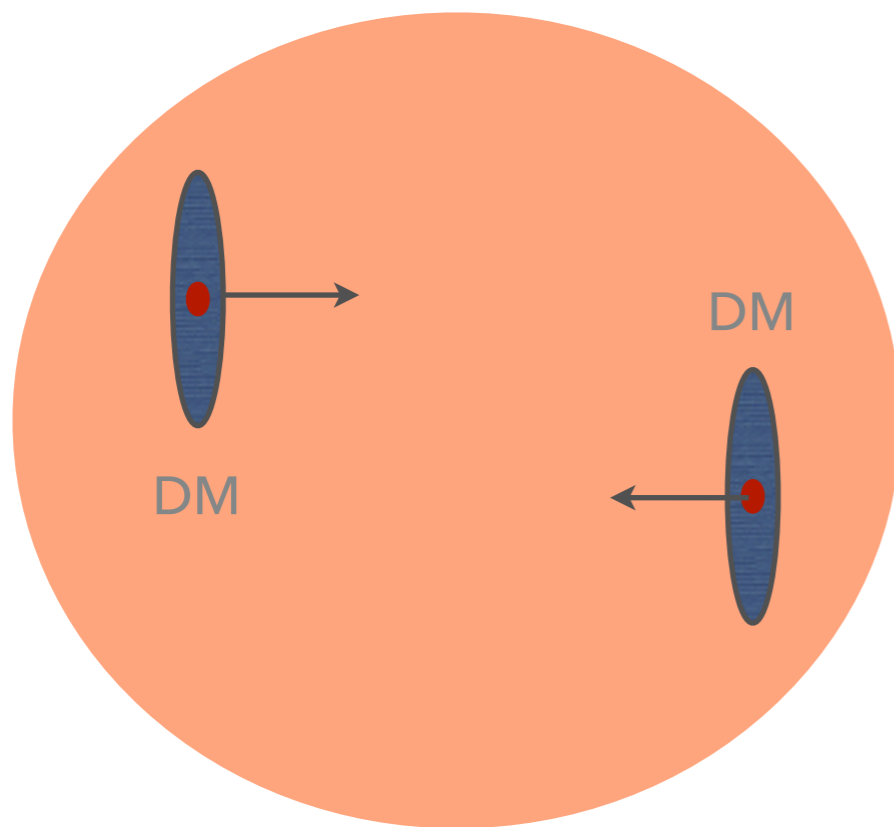
## RELAXING THE MOTIVATION....

- ▶ To focus on new states at the weak scale, as solutions to the hierarchy problem
- ▶ Where do we look?
- ▶ One powerful motivation is dark matter, and its relic density
- ▶ And, to satisfy cosmological constraints on dark sectors



## NEW IDEAS IN DARK MATTER THEORY

- ▶ Old paradigm: weak scale dark matter (with relic density fixed by freeze-out)

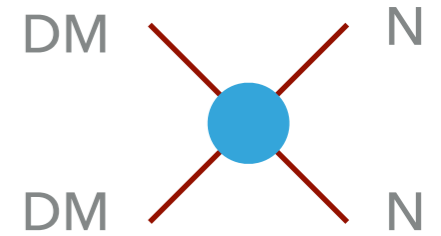


$$\rho_{DM} = \rho_{obs} \Rightarrow \langle \sigma v \rangle \approx \frac{n \langle \sigma v \rangle = H(T_{fo})}{(20 \text{ TeV})^2} \approx \frac{g_{wk}^+}{4\pi(2 \text{ TeV})^2}$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \simeq 3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

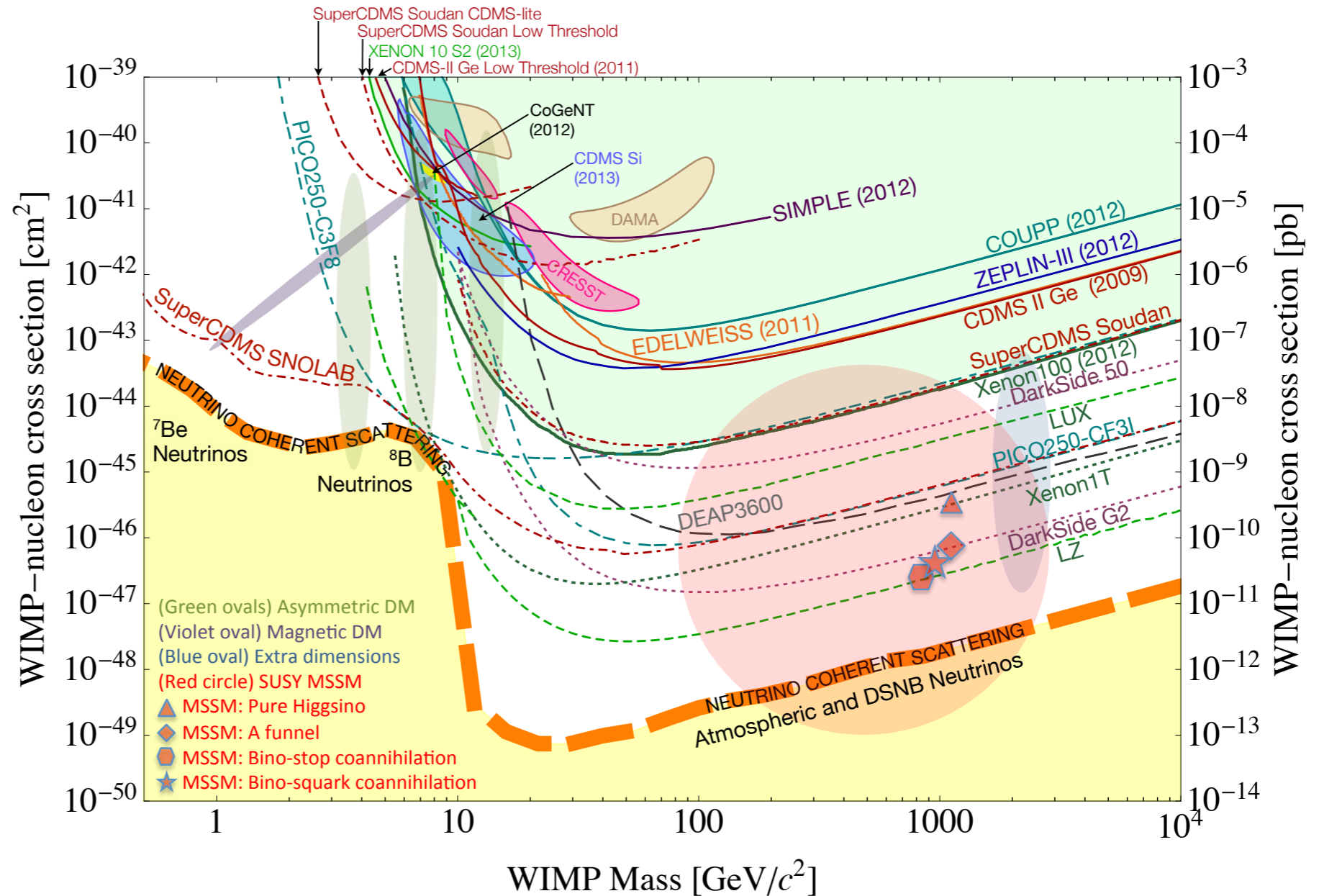
Kolb and Turner

# WEAK SCALE PARADIGM: PREDICTIVE TARGETS



Z-boson interacting dark matter: ruled out

Higgs interacting dark matter: active target



# LIGHT HIDDEN SECTOR/VALLEY DARK MATTER

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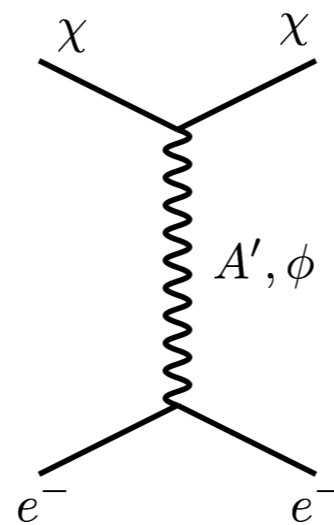


- ▶ Abundance may still be set by (thermal) population from SM sector

$$\sigma_{wk} v_{fo} \simeq \frac{g_{wk}^4 \mu_{XT}^2}{4\pi m_Z^4} \frac{c}{3} \simeq 10^{-24} \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{s}} \left( \frac{100 \text{ GeV}}{M} \right)^2$$

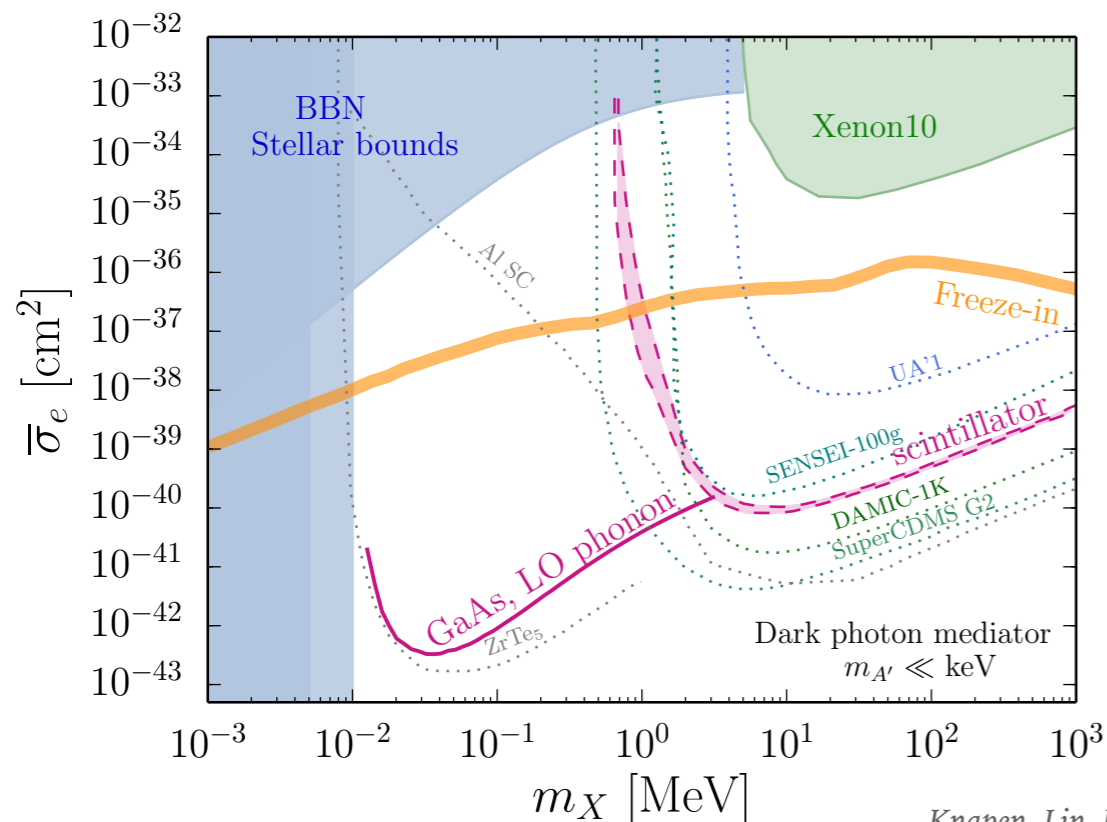
# LIGHT HIDDEN SECTOR/VALLEY DARK MATTER

- ▶ Utilize DM Abundance and crossing symmetry as guide for interaction rates

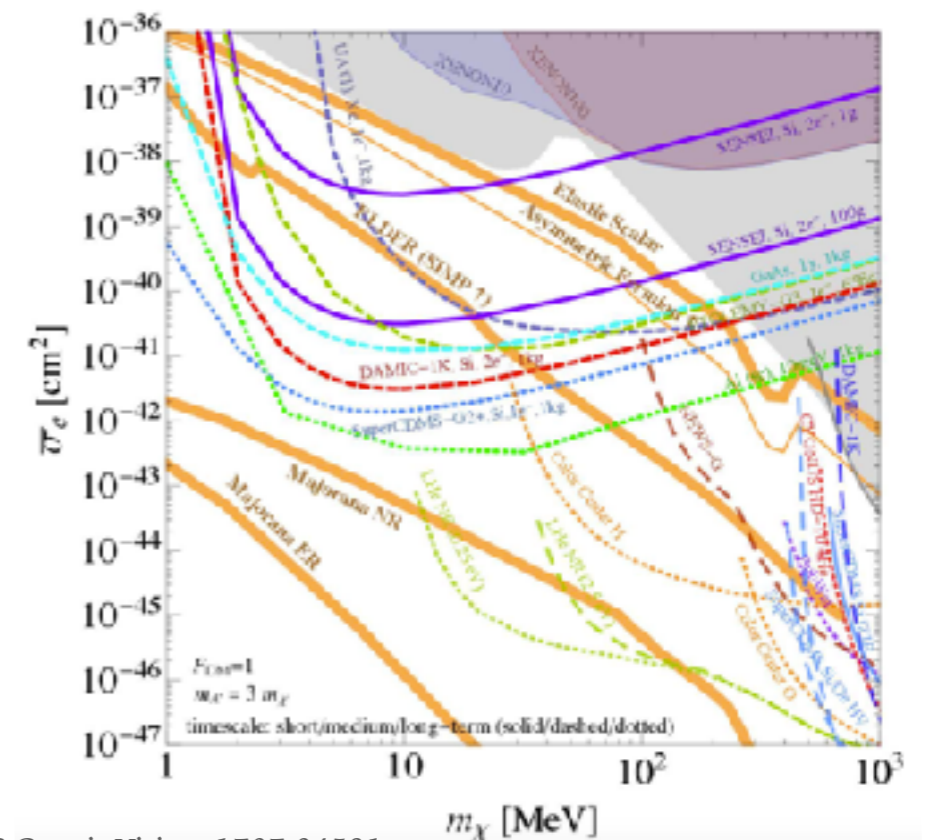


Freeze-in

Asymmetric Dark Matter



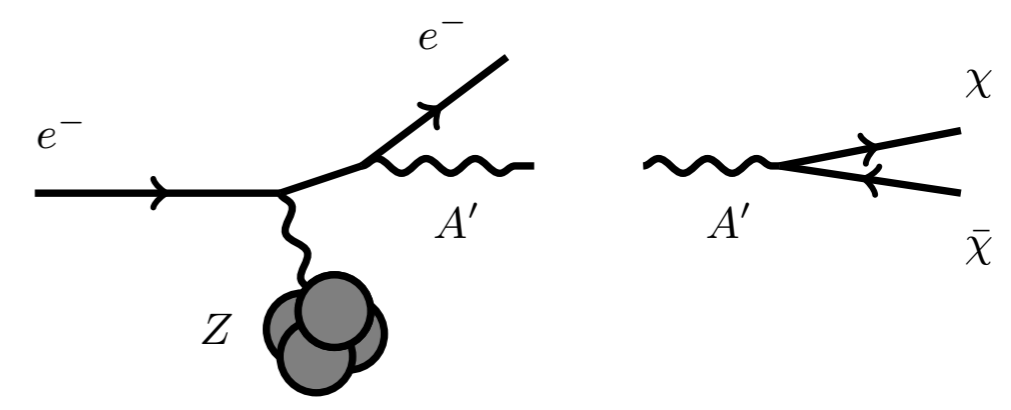
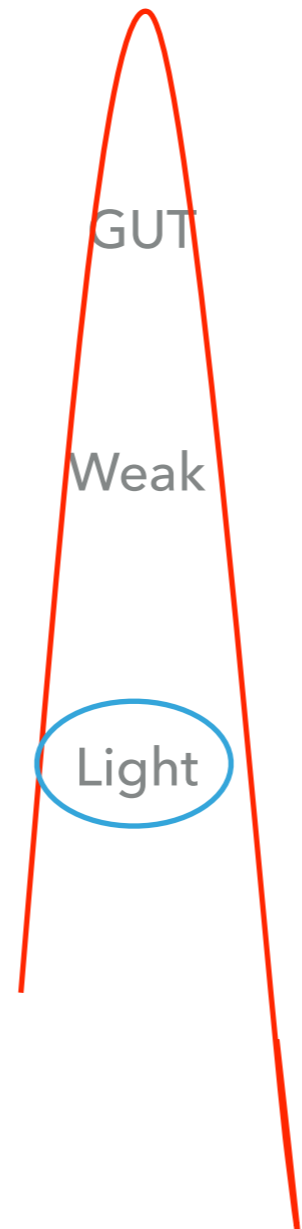
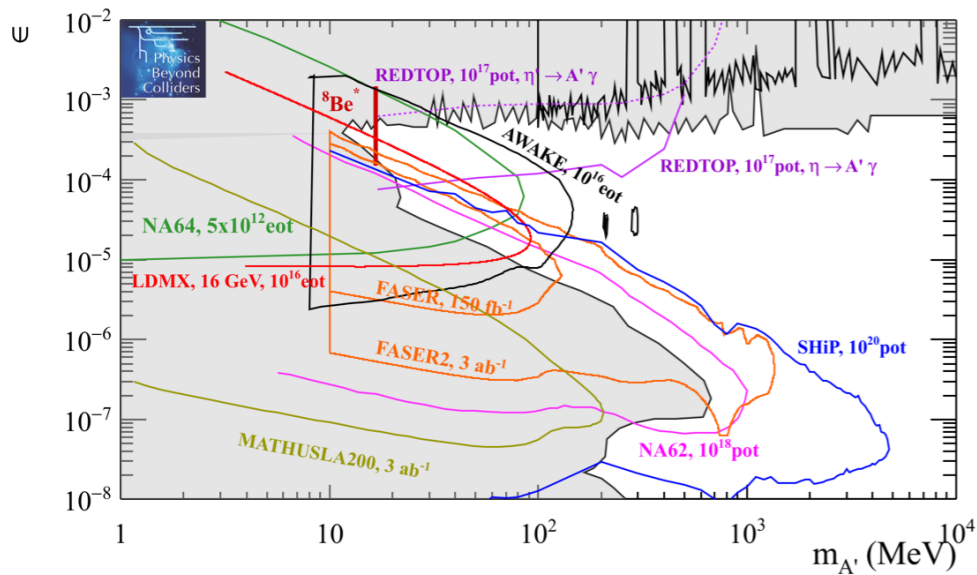
Knapen, Lin, Pyle KZ 1712.06598



US Cosmic Visions 1707.04591

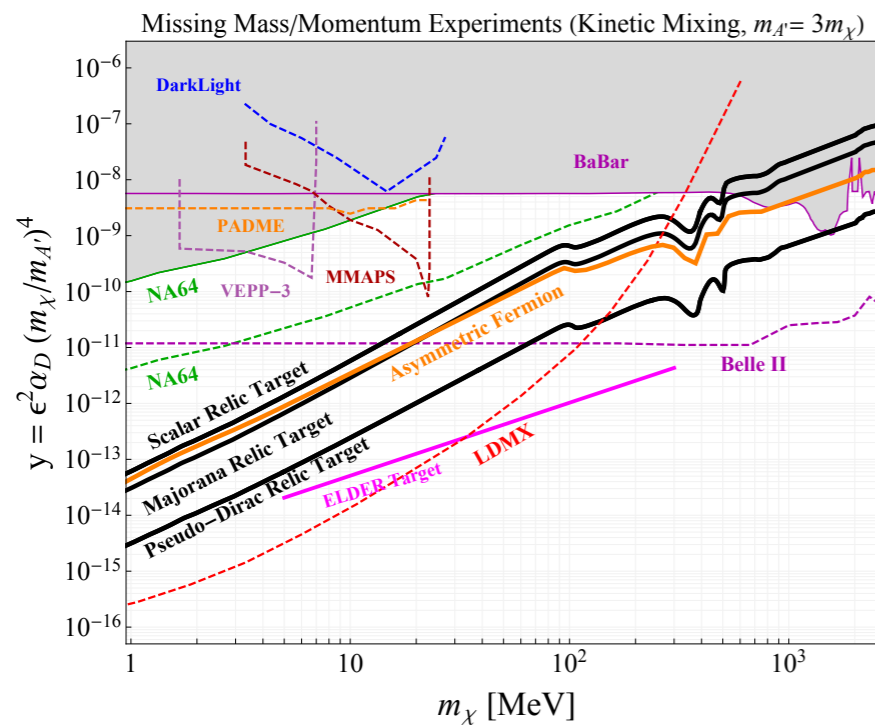


## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES

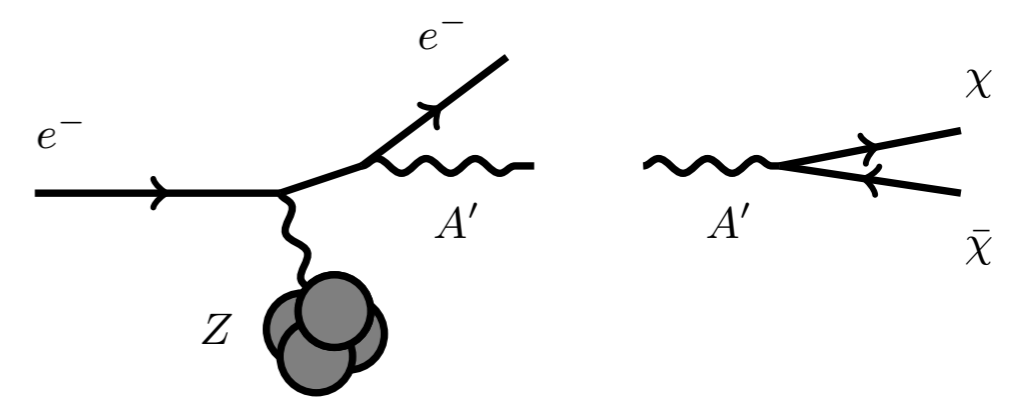
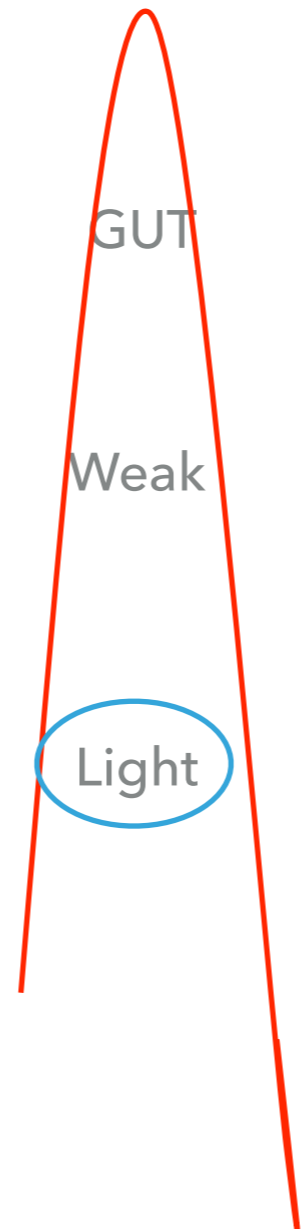


Light mediators yield large scattering cross-sections in direct detection

## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES

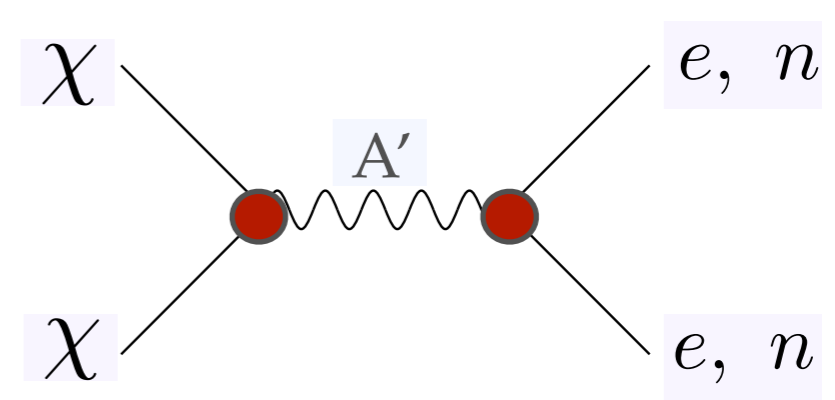
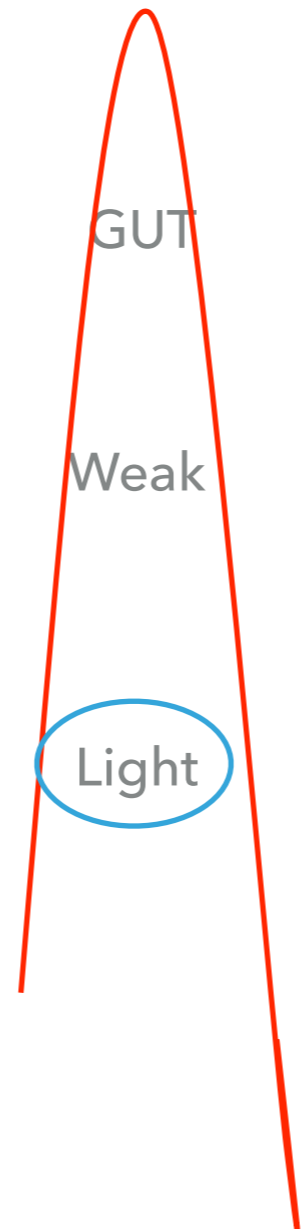
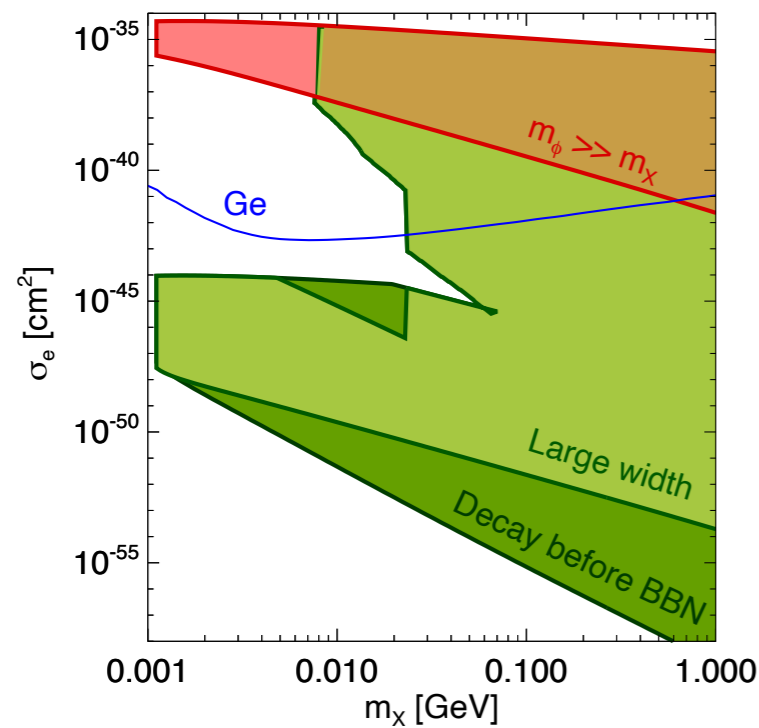


Izaguirre, Krnjaic, Schuster, Toro



Light mediators yield large scattering cross-sections in direct detection

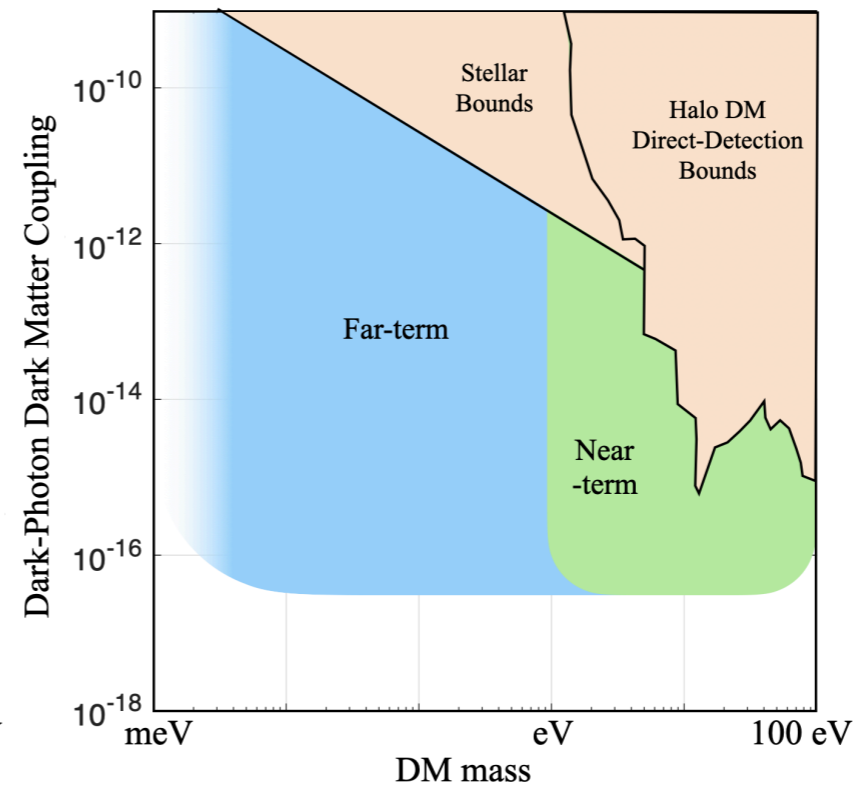
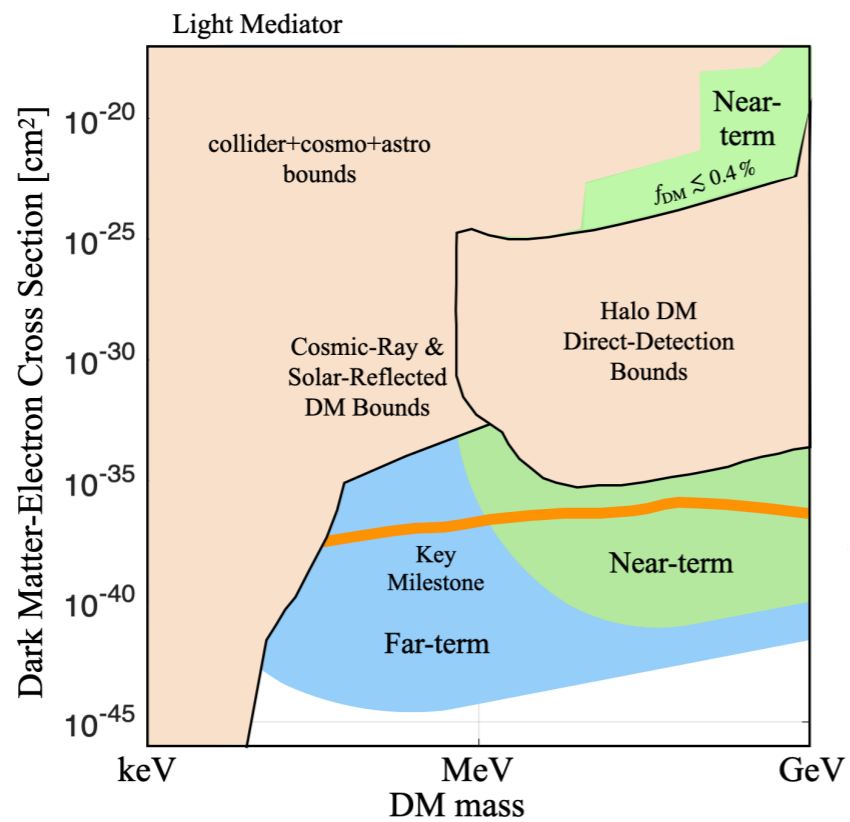
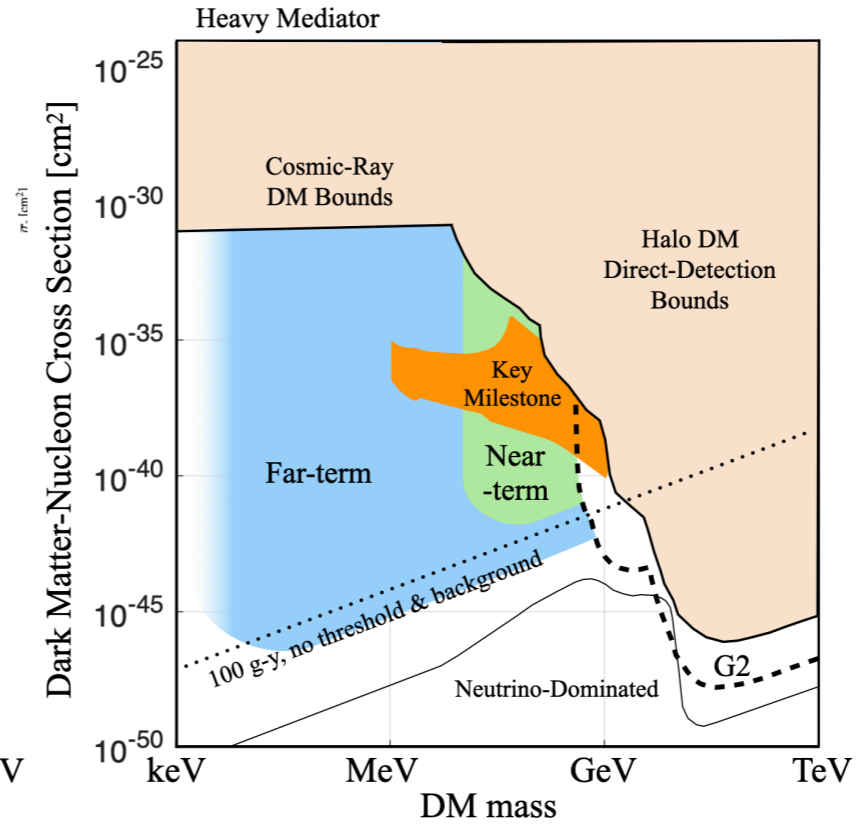
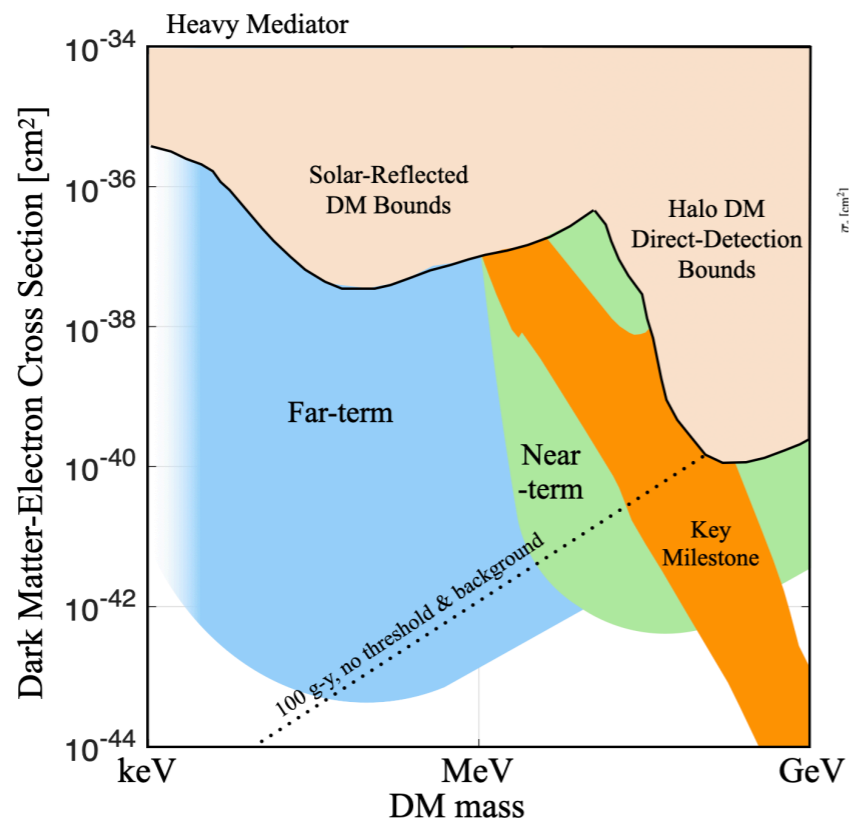
## BROAD RANGE OF SIGNATURES



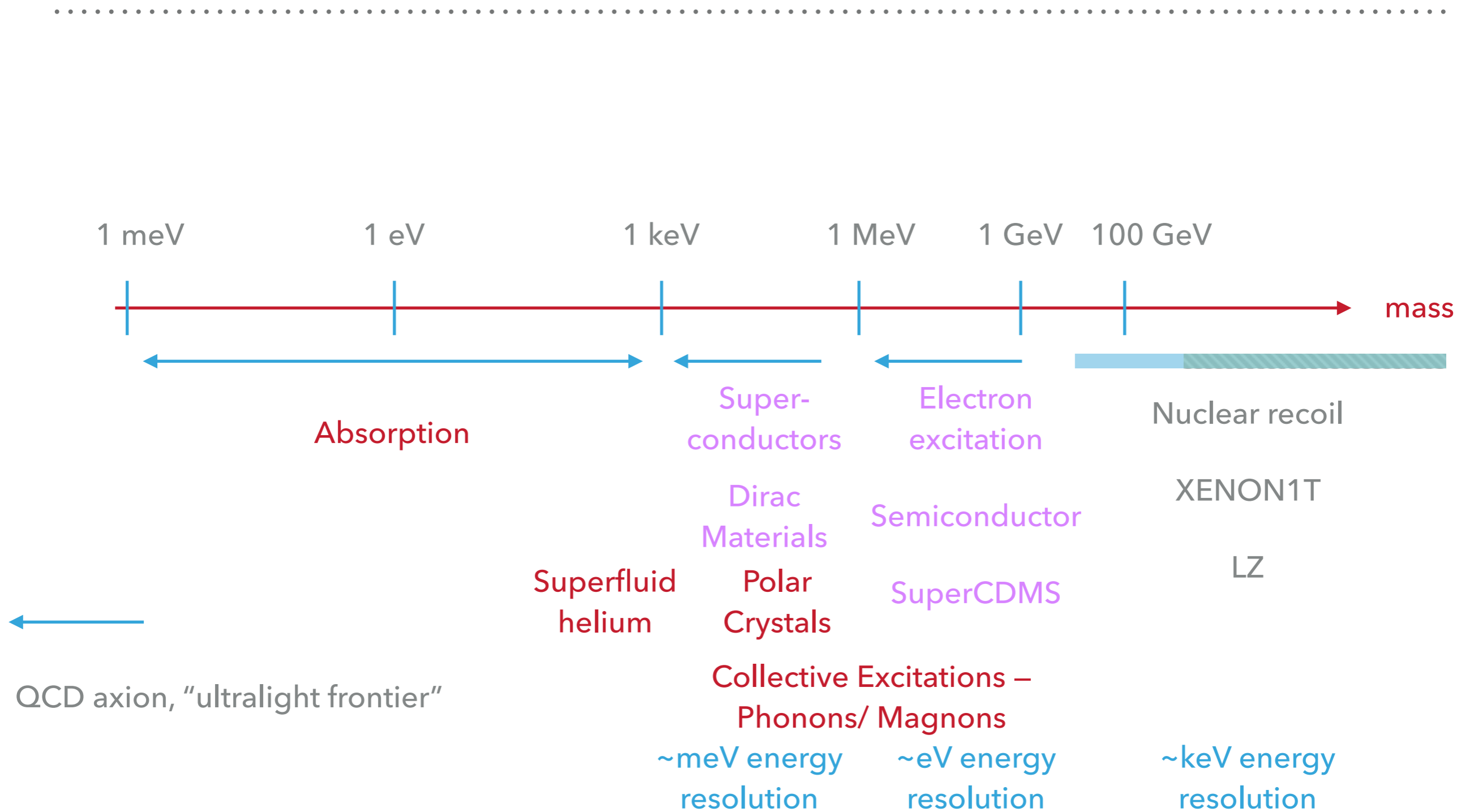
Lin, Yu, KZ 1111.0293

Light mediators yield large scattering cross-sections in direct detection

# SUITE OF EXPERIMENTS TO SEARCH FOR LIGHT DARK MATTER IN DIRECT DETECTION

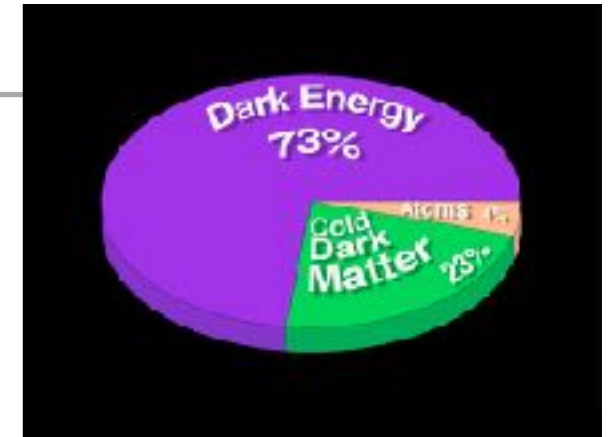


# SUITE OF EXPERIMENTS TO SEARCH FOR LIGHT DARK MATTER IN DIRECT DETECTION

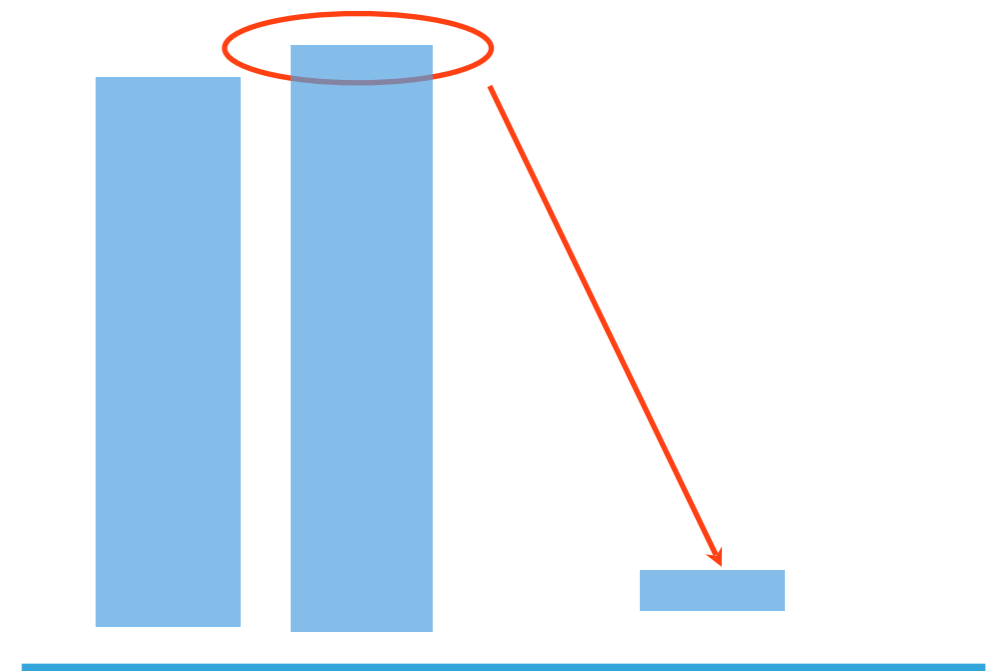
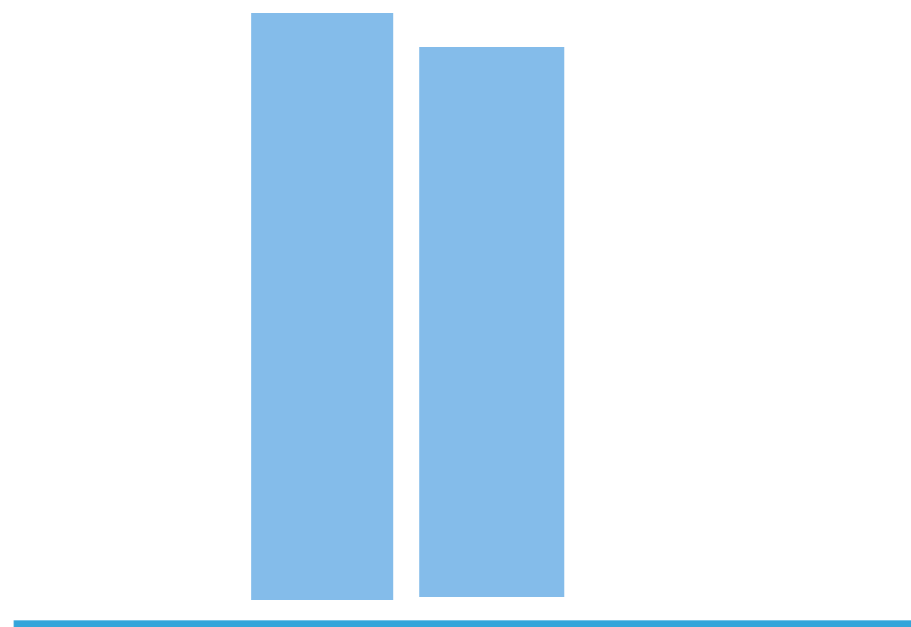


# ASYMMETRIC DARK MATTER

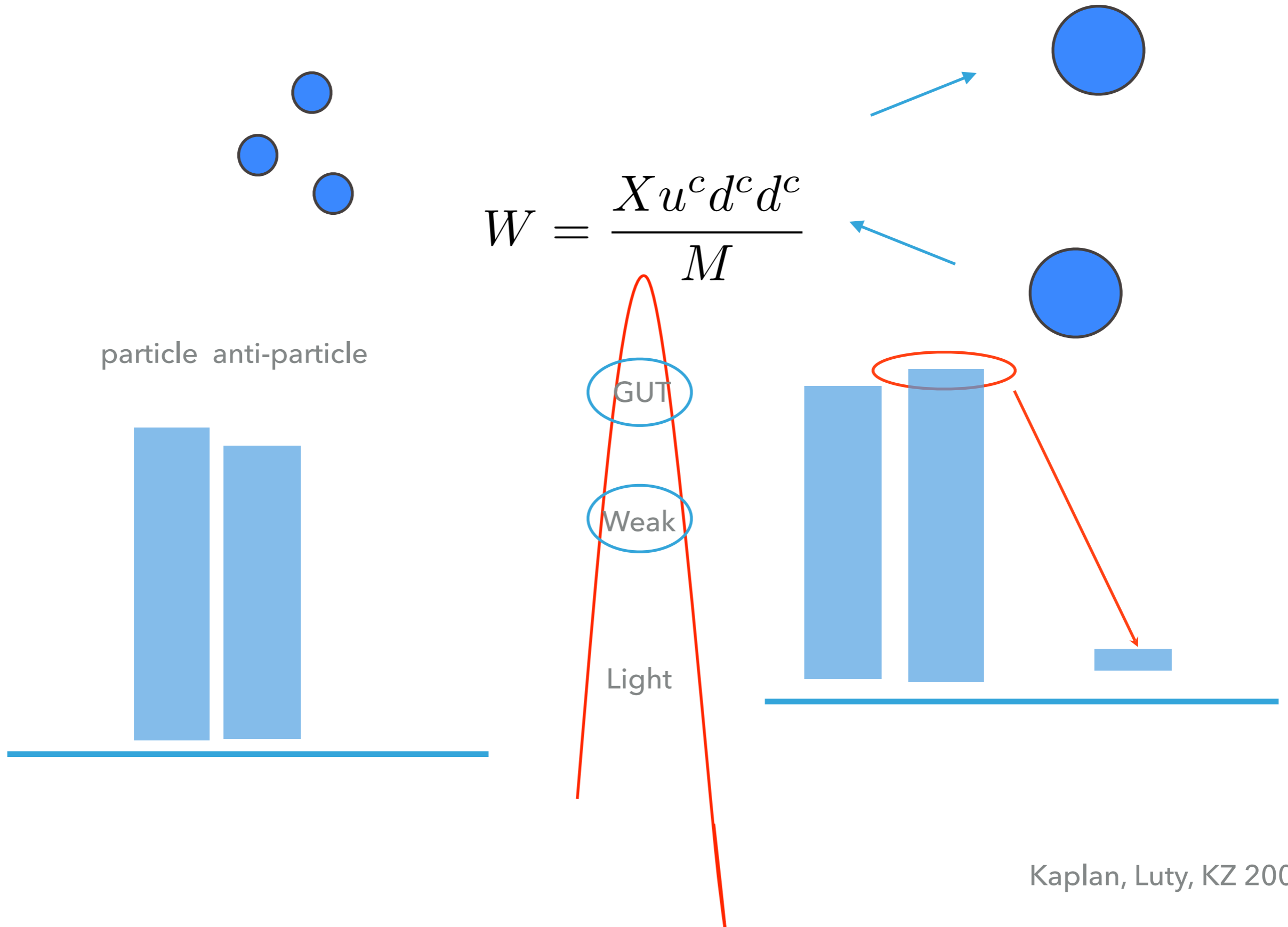
A concrete model of DM gives rise to a broad range of signals from a single, UV complete model

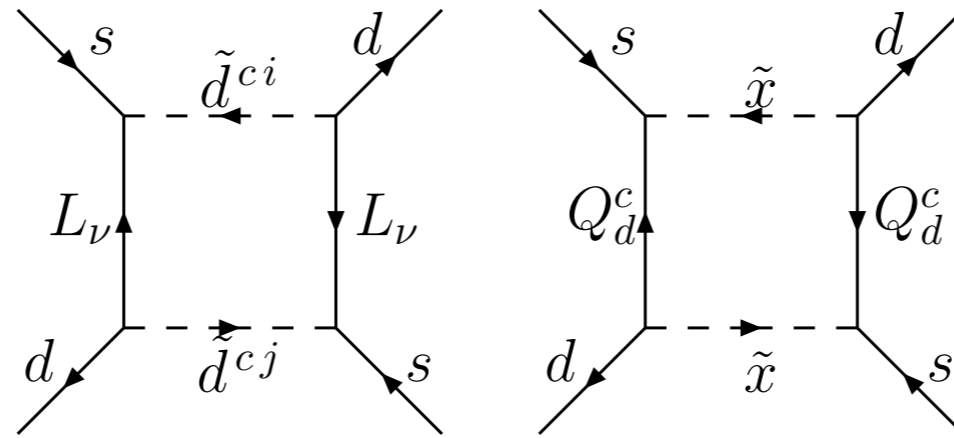


particle anti-particle

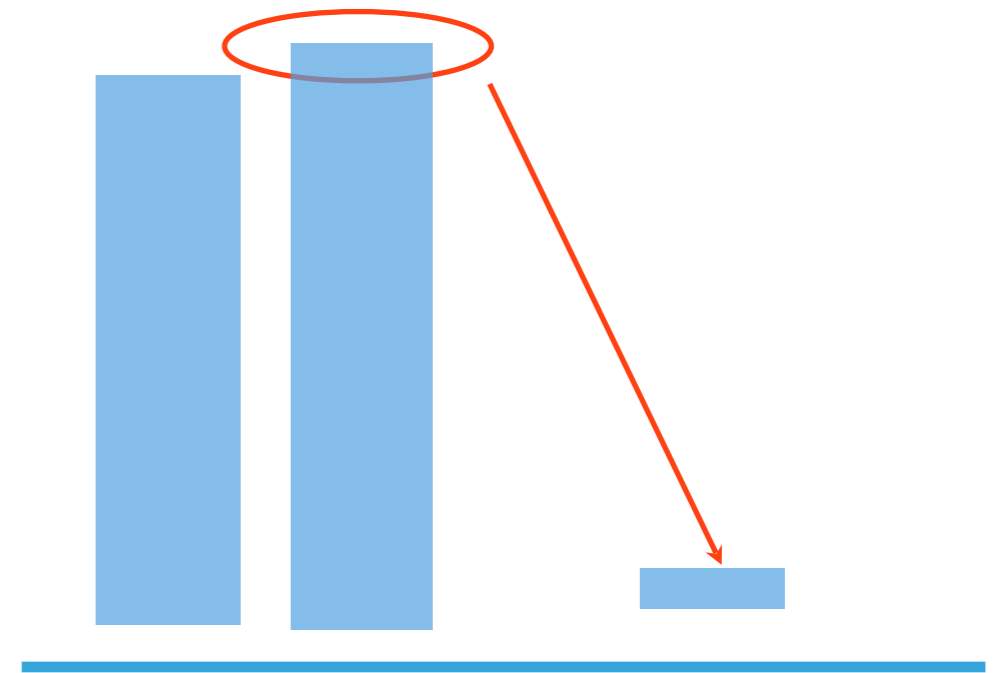
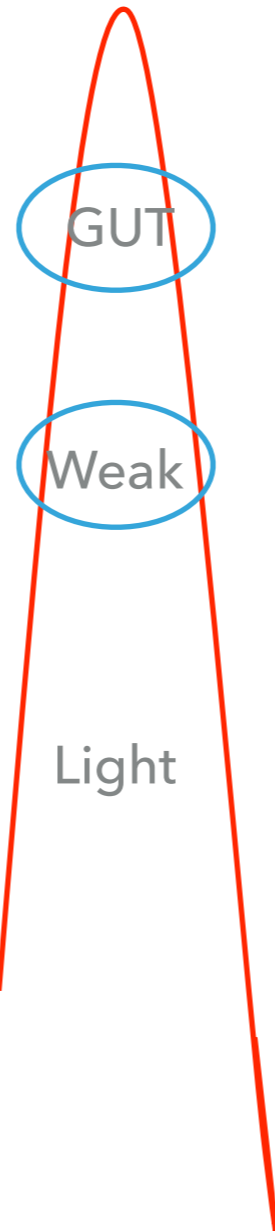
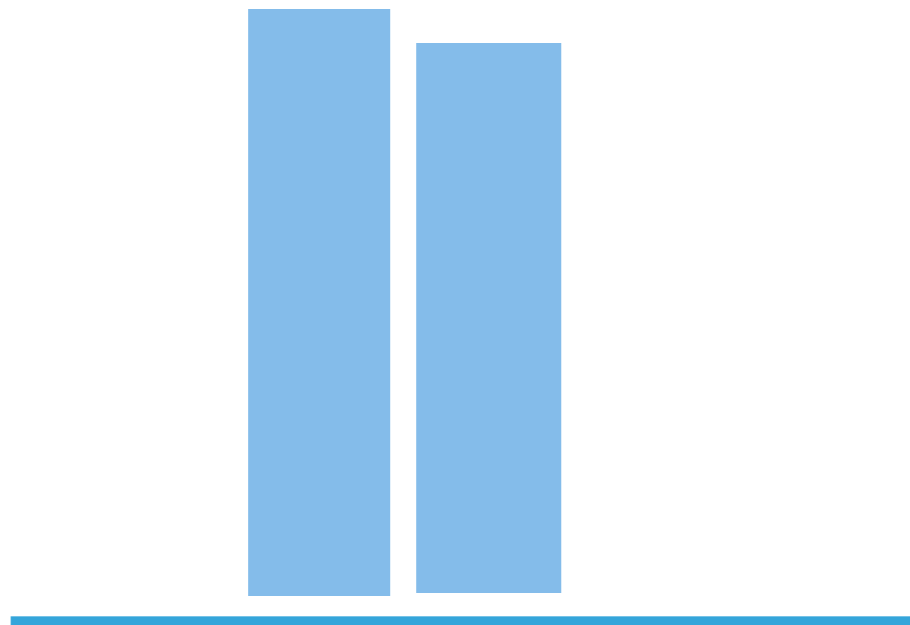


# ASYMMETRIC DARK MATTER



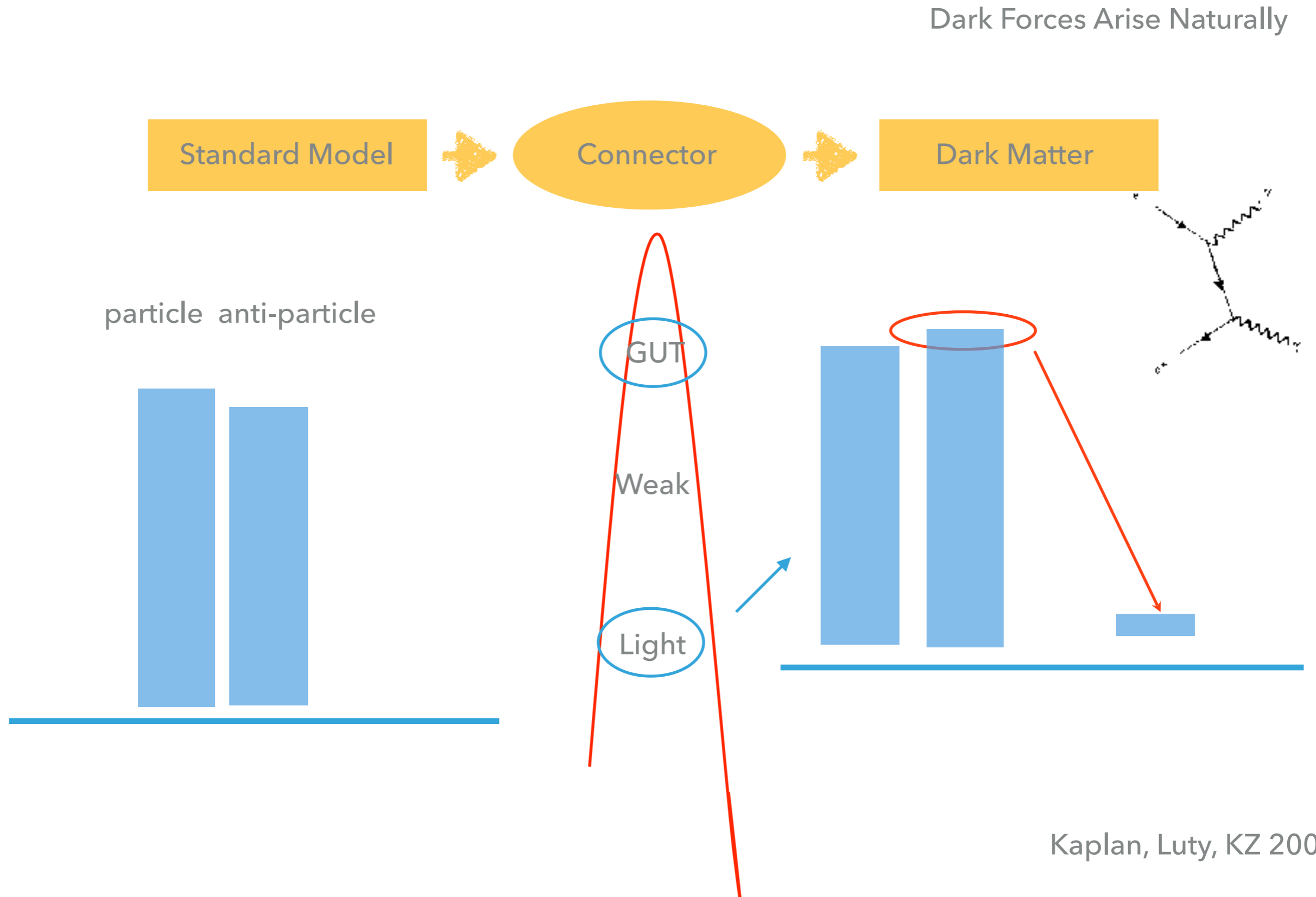


particle anti-particle



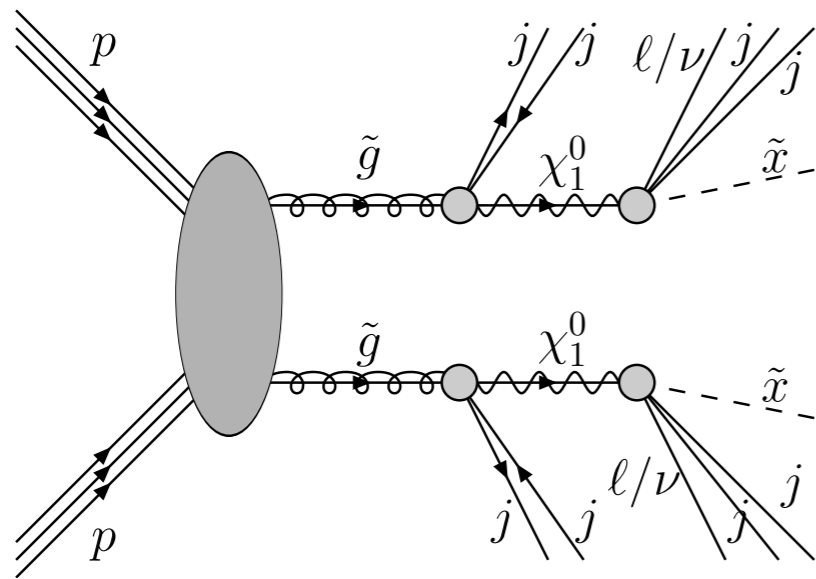


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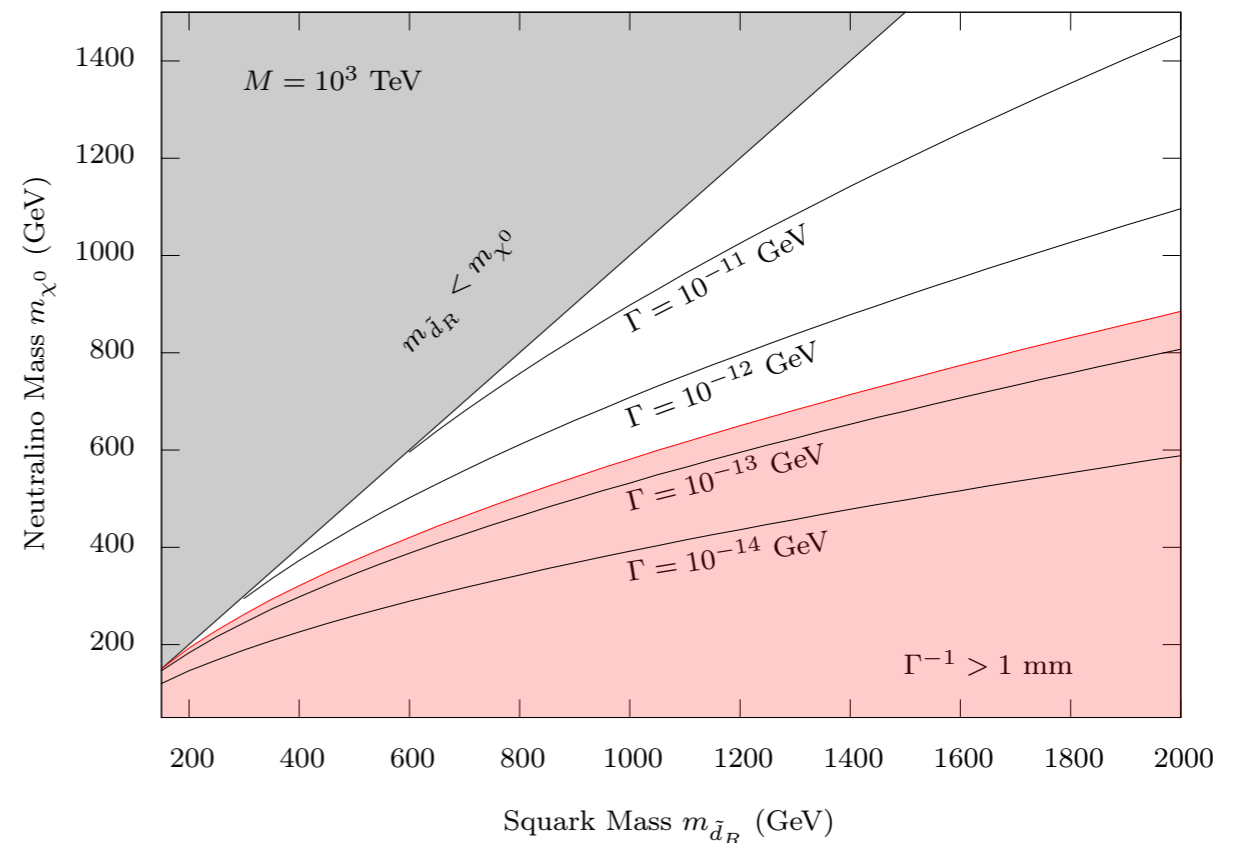


# GENERIC IR MODEL PRODUCES A PLETHORA OF SIGNALS

- ▶ At many mass scales
- ▶ In multiple different types of experiments



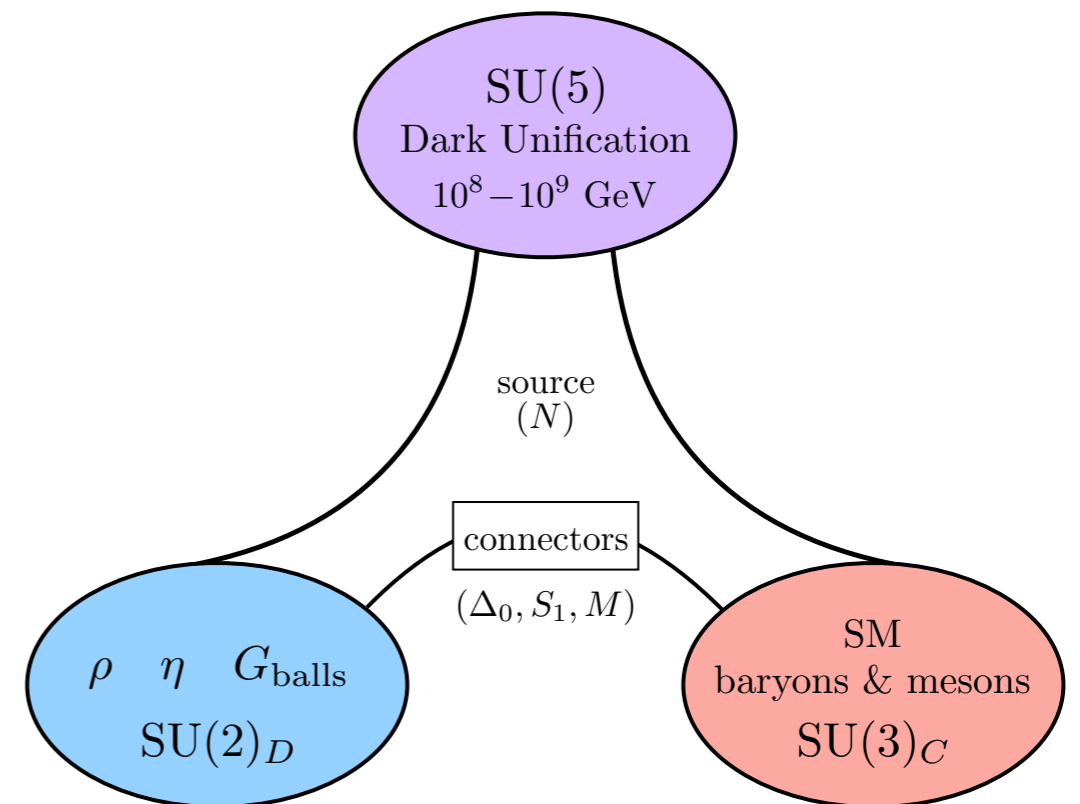
Kim, KZ 1310.2617



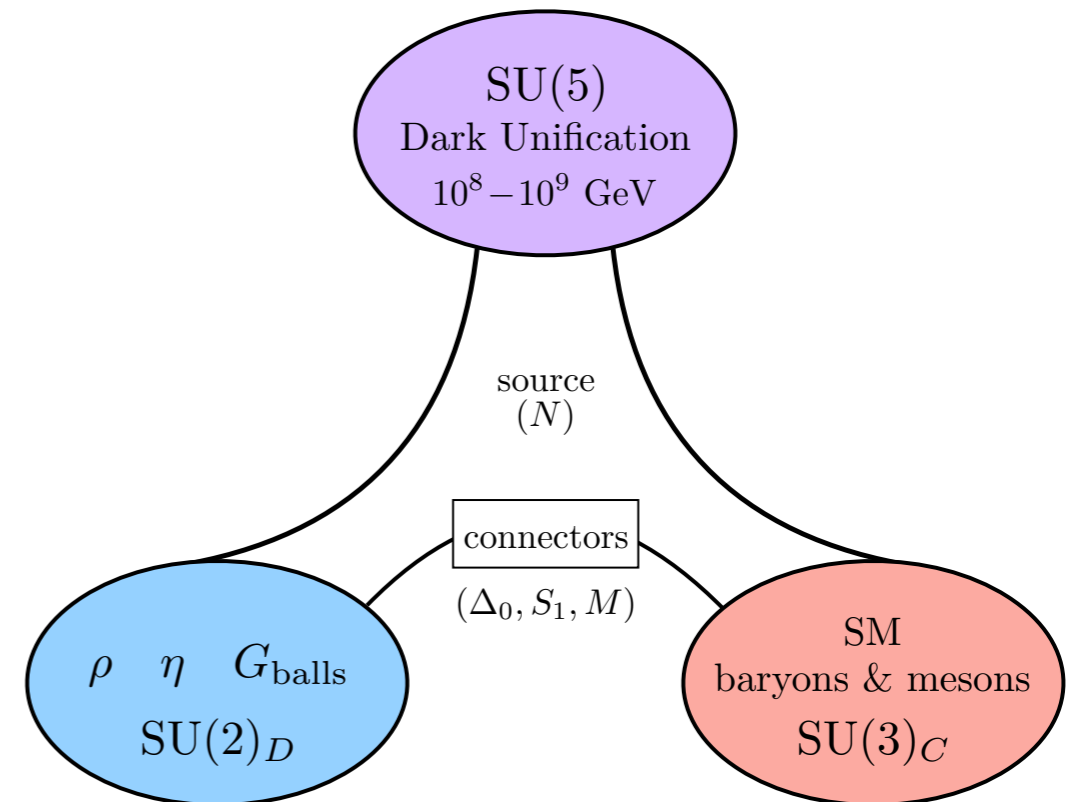
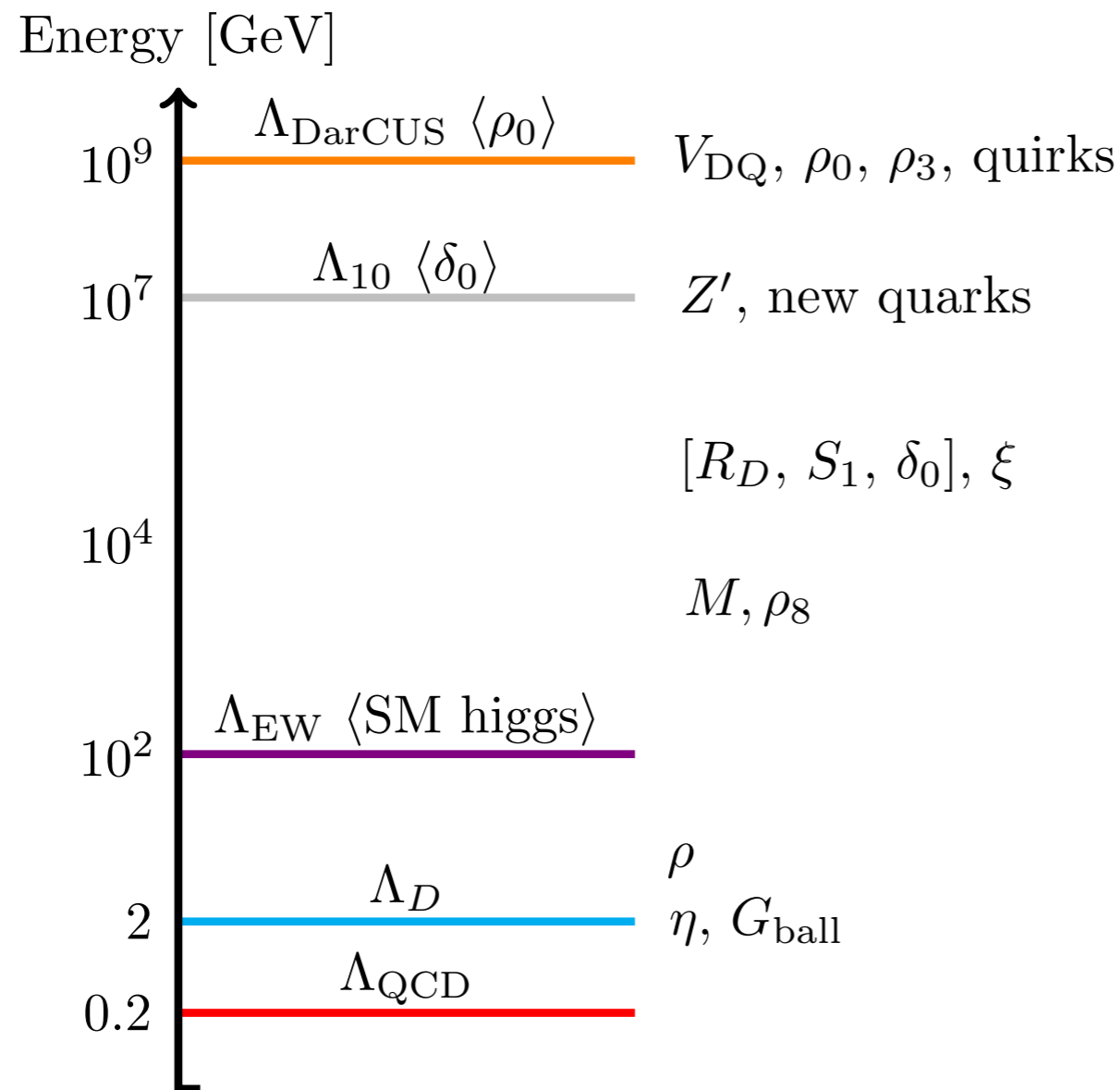
(a)  $M = 1000$  TeV

# A UV COMPLETE THEORY OF ASYMMETRIC DARK MATTER

- ▶ In order to solve the cosmic coincidence problem, the DM mass should be close to the proton mass
- ▶ This is not explained in the standard theories of ADM
- ▶ One natural way to do it is to have a common origin for both dark and visible mass scales, which suggests unification



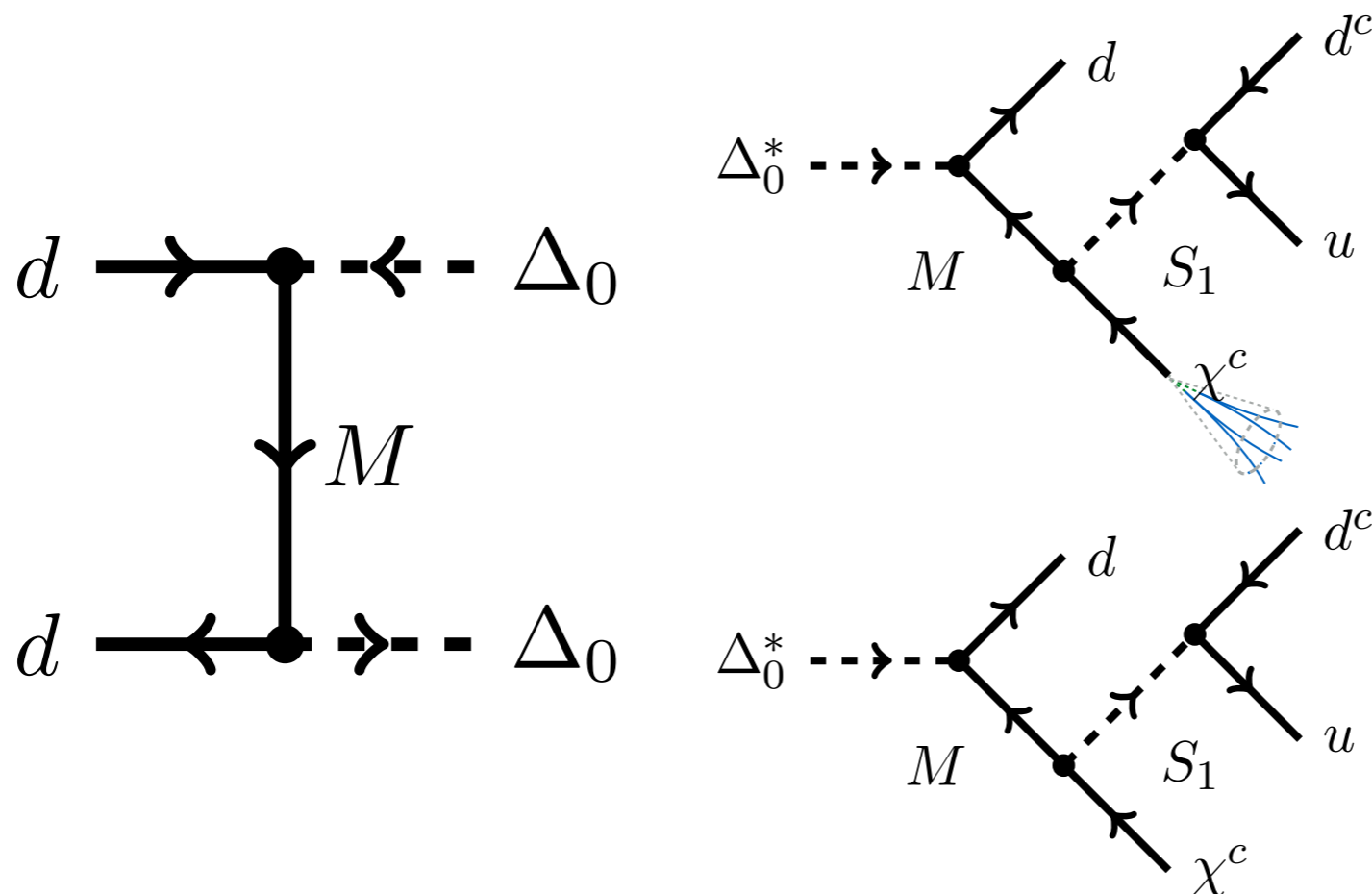
# A UV COMPLETE THEORY OF ASYMMETRIC DARK MATTER



Multiple mass scales and states

## HIDDEN VALLEYS WERE MOTIVATED TOP DOWN BUT ENGINEERED BOTTOM UP

- ▶ Here, we generate the whole panoply
- ▶ Connector particles that decay promptly to MET + jets, Pairs of displaced vertices, as well as semi-visible jets



# CONCLUSIONS

- ▶ There is no *single* way to search for signatures of hidden sectors
- ▶ In general, UV complete models feature multiple signatures
  - ▶ Light dark matter detection, prompt and displaced decays at collider, searches for light states at intensity machines, flavor, even extending to gravitational wave signatures
  - ▶ Moving forward, we are working to optimize reach from existing experiments