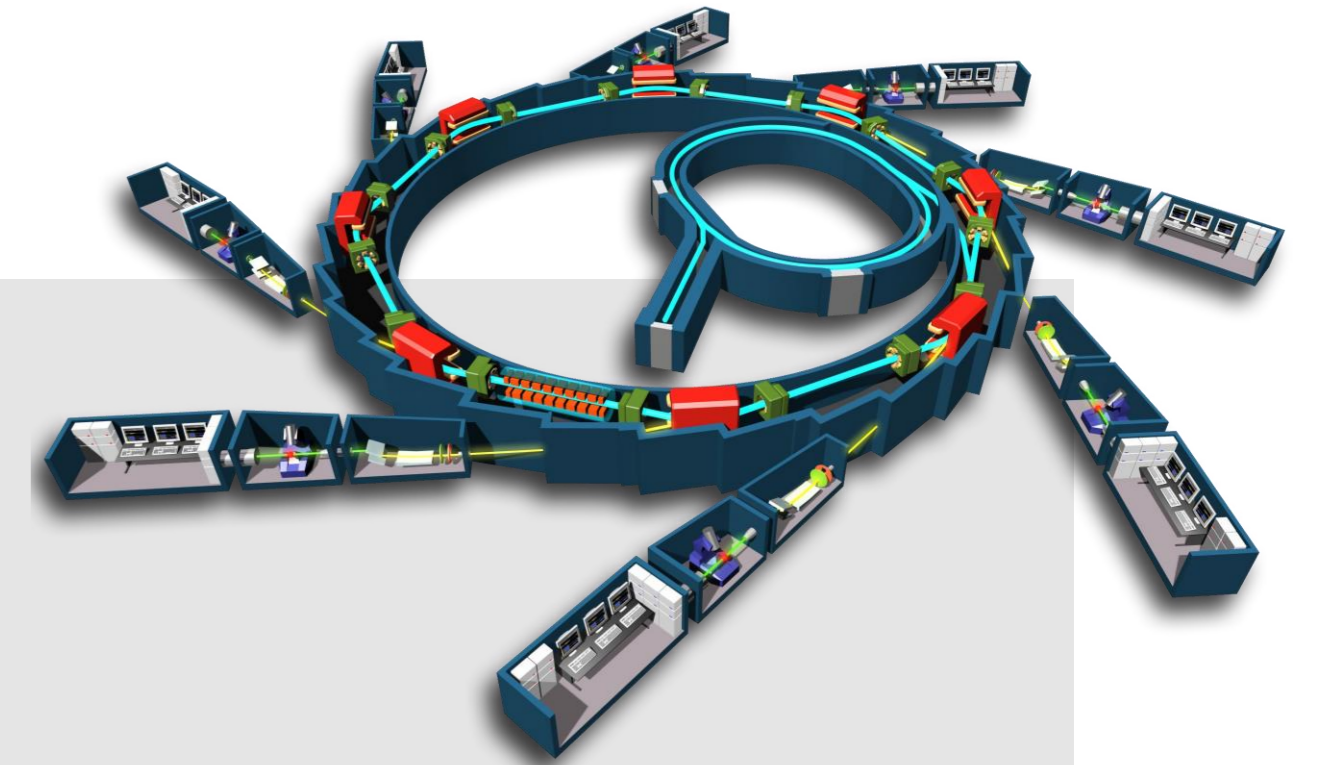


Low-energy x-ray detection with JUNGFRAU

V. Hinger,* R. Barten, F. Baruffaldi, A. Bergamaschi, M. Brückner, M. Carulla, R. Dinapoli, S. Ebner, E. Fröjdh, D. Greiffenberg, S. Hasanaj, J. Heymes, T. King, P. Kozłowski, C. Lopez Cuenca, D. Mezza, K. Moustakas, A. Mozzanica, C. Ruder, B. Schmitt, D. Thattil, J. Zhang

Paul Scherrer Institut (PSI), Photon Science Division Detector Group, CH-5232 Villigen PSI, Switzerland

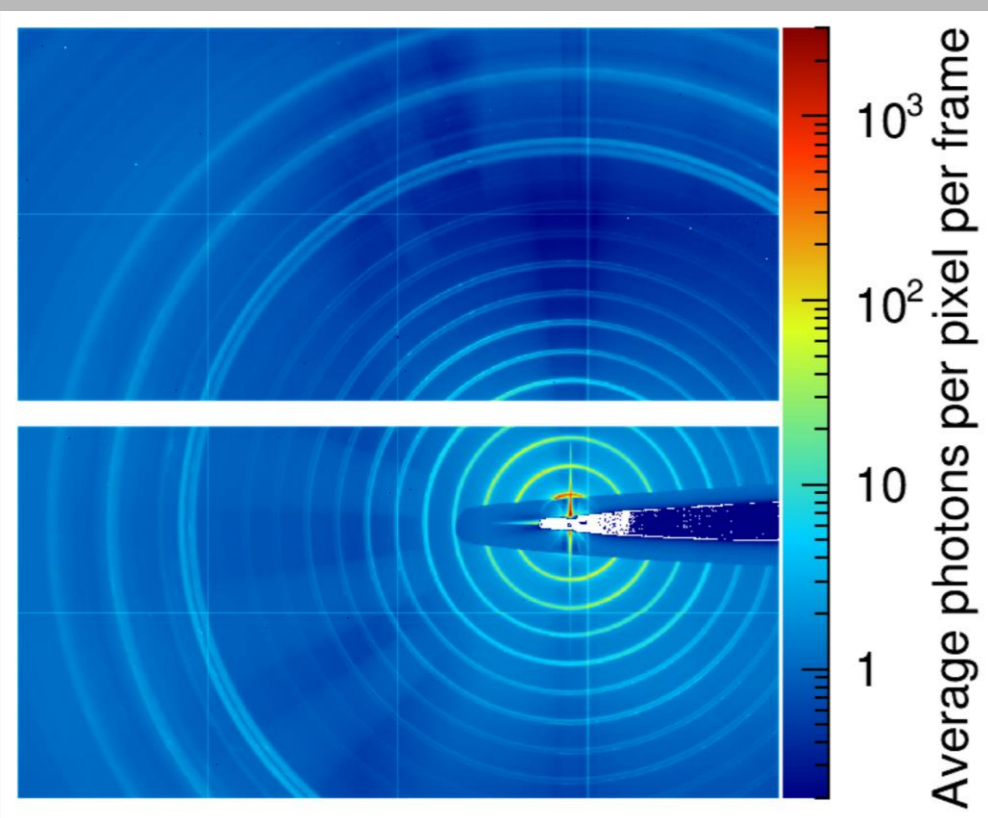
Presented at the 23rd International Workshop on Radiation Imaging Detectors, June 2022, *viktoria.hinger@psi.ch



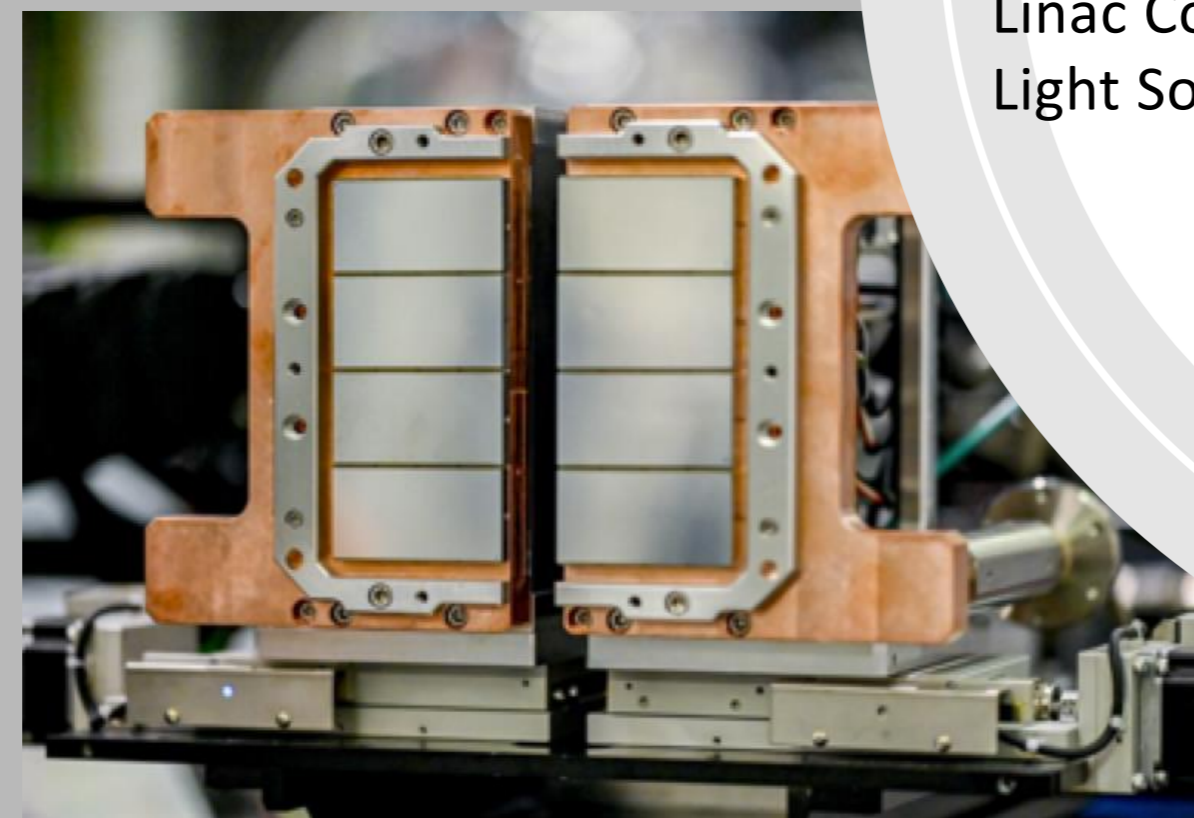
Applications of JUNGFRAU

At free-electron lasers (FEL)

- Original field of application for JUNGFRAU
- Short (fs), intense x-ray pulses
- Observe **ultrafast processes**
- Probe **electronic structure of materials**

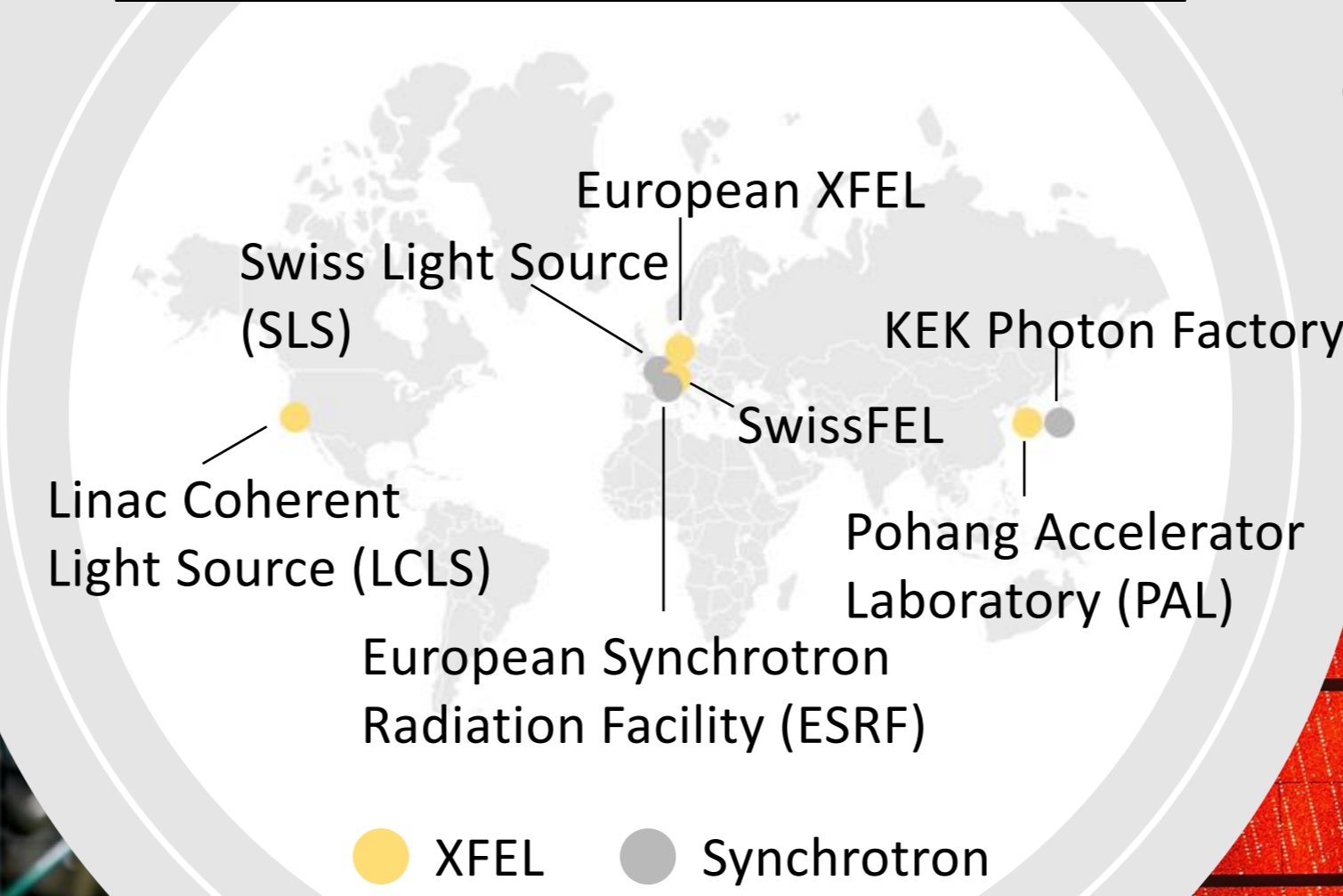


Powder diffraction at LCLS



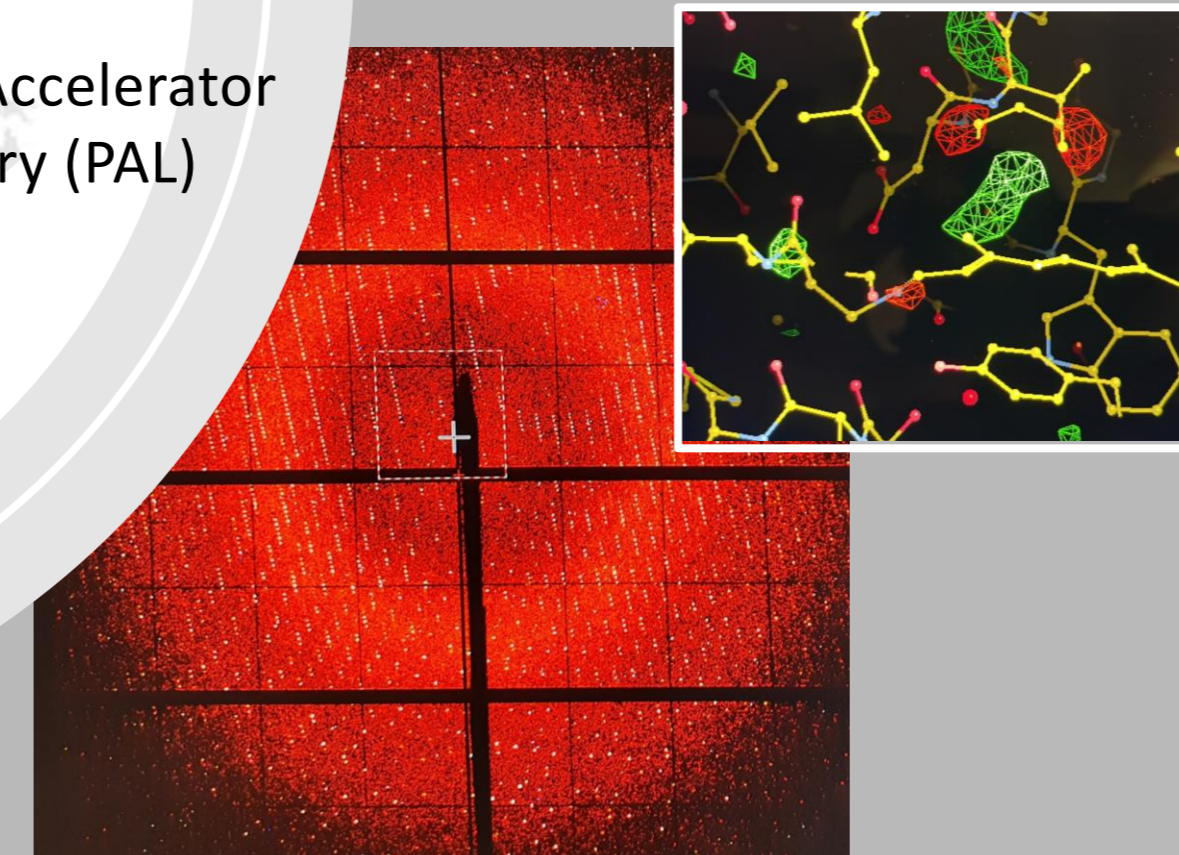
Four-megapixel JUNGFRAU system at EUXFEL SFX beamline

Facilities operating JUNGFRAU

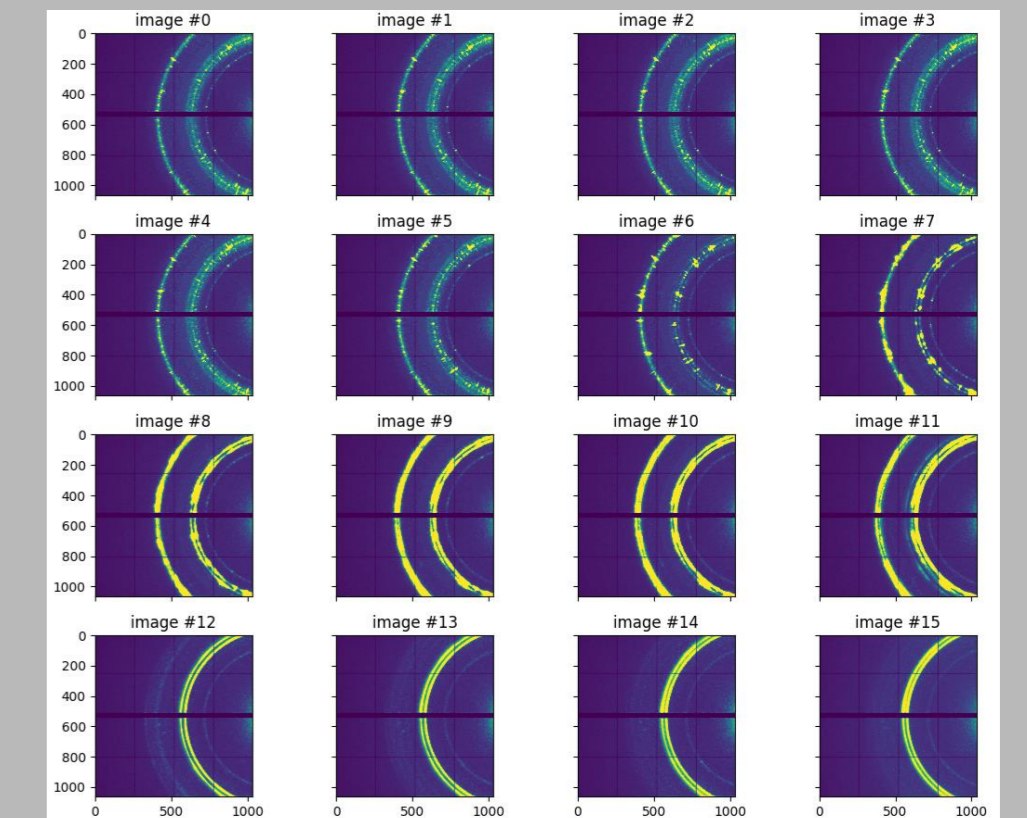


At synchrotrons

- **Fast, time-resolved experiments**
- Applications, for which **charge sharing and pileup** limit the capabilities of photon counting detectors [1]



Serial crystallography with 1 ms time resolution (visiting MAX IV, Sweden)



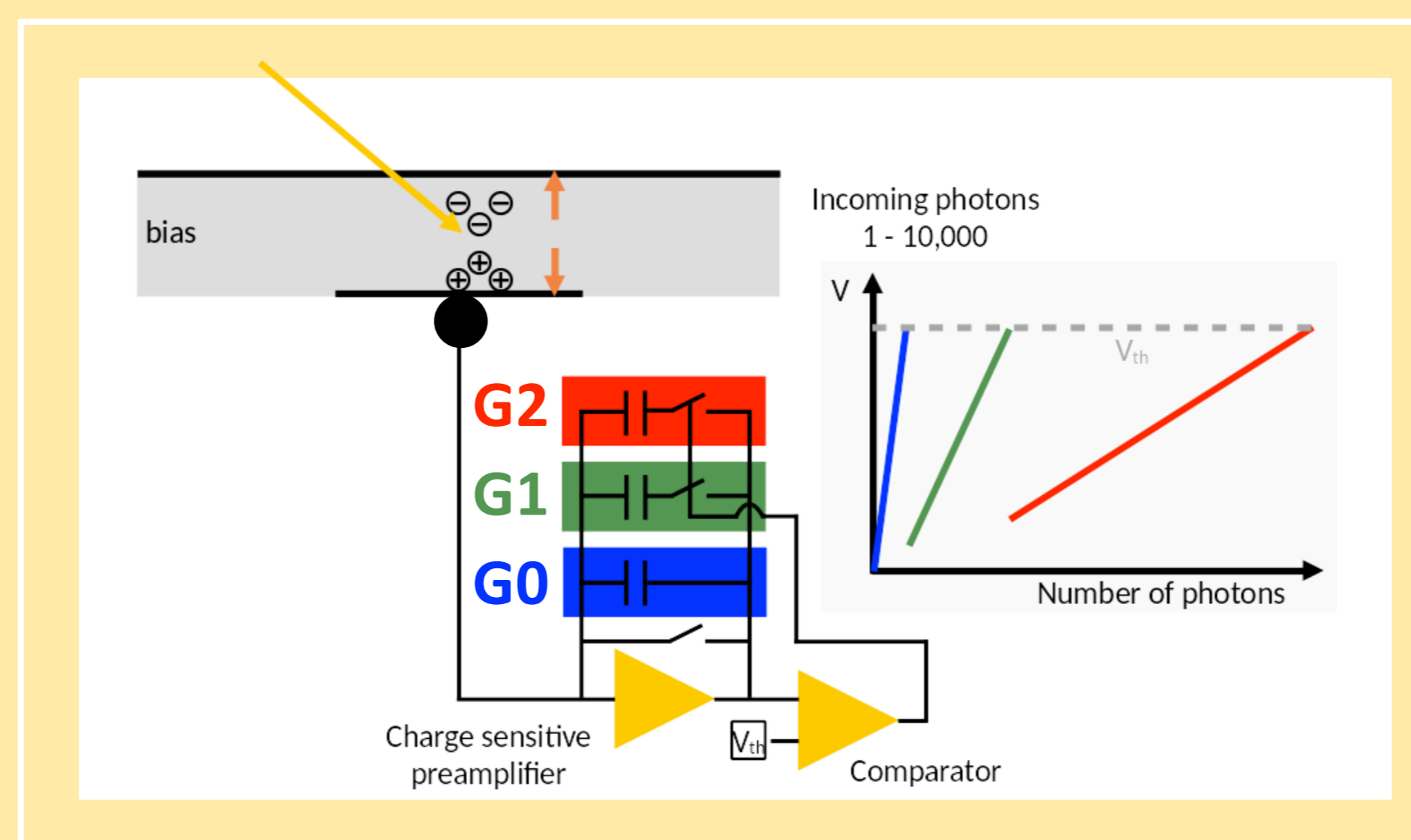
Phase transition of Sn, measured with 7 μs burst mode at ESRF ID09

JUNGFRAU in a nutshell

Sensitive from 1 – 10⁵ photons from 1.2 keV – 12 keV per pixel per image, no matter when the photons arrive

How is it possible?

- **Charge-integrating hybrid pixel detector** (75 × 75 μm²)
- **Three dynamically switching linear gains** per pixel
- **Noise below Poisson limit** over full range
- **Maximum frame rate 2.2 kHz**



JUNGFRAU 1.1

- Newest ASIC version
- Improved **output linearity**
- **Noise reduced** from 52 e⁻ (version 1.0) to < 34 e⁻ in high gain

JUNGFRAU pixel schematic with dynamic gain switching architecture

Poster by M. Carulla

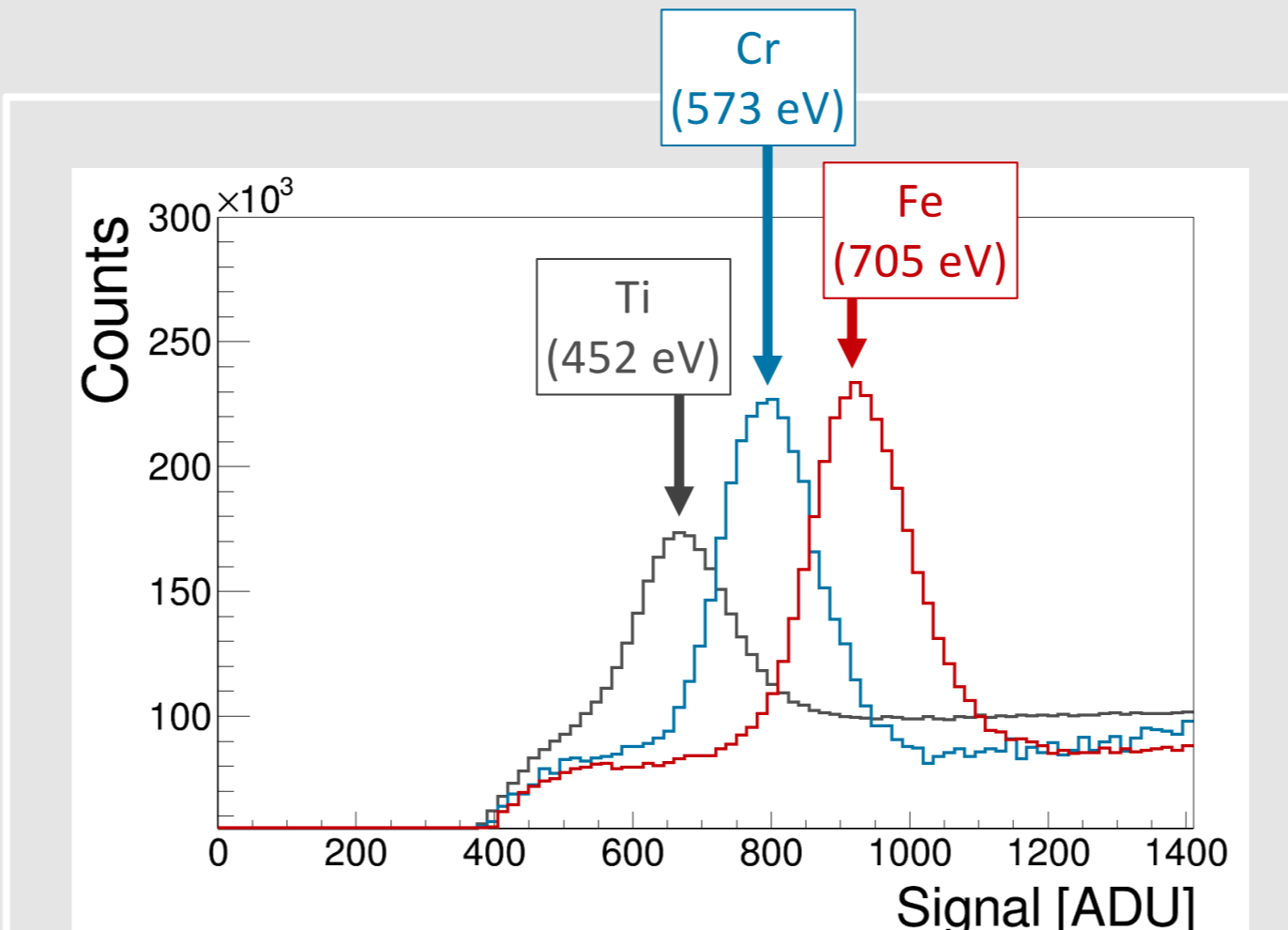
Entering new territory: Soft x-ray detection

Talk by J. Zhang

First results are looking strong!

Thin entrance window (TEW)

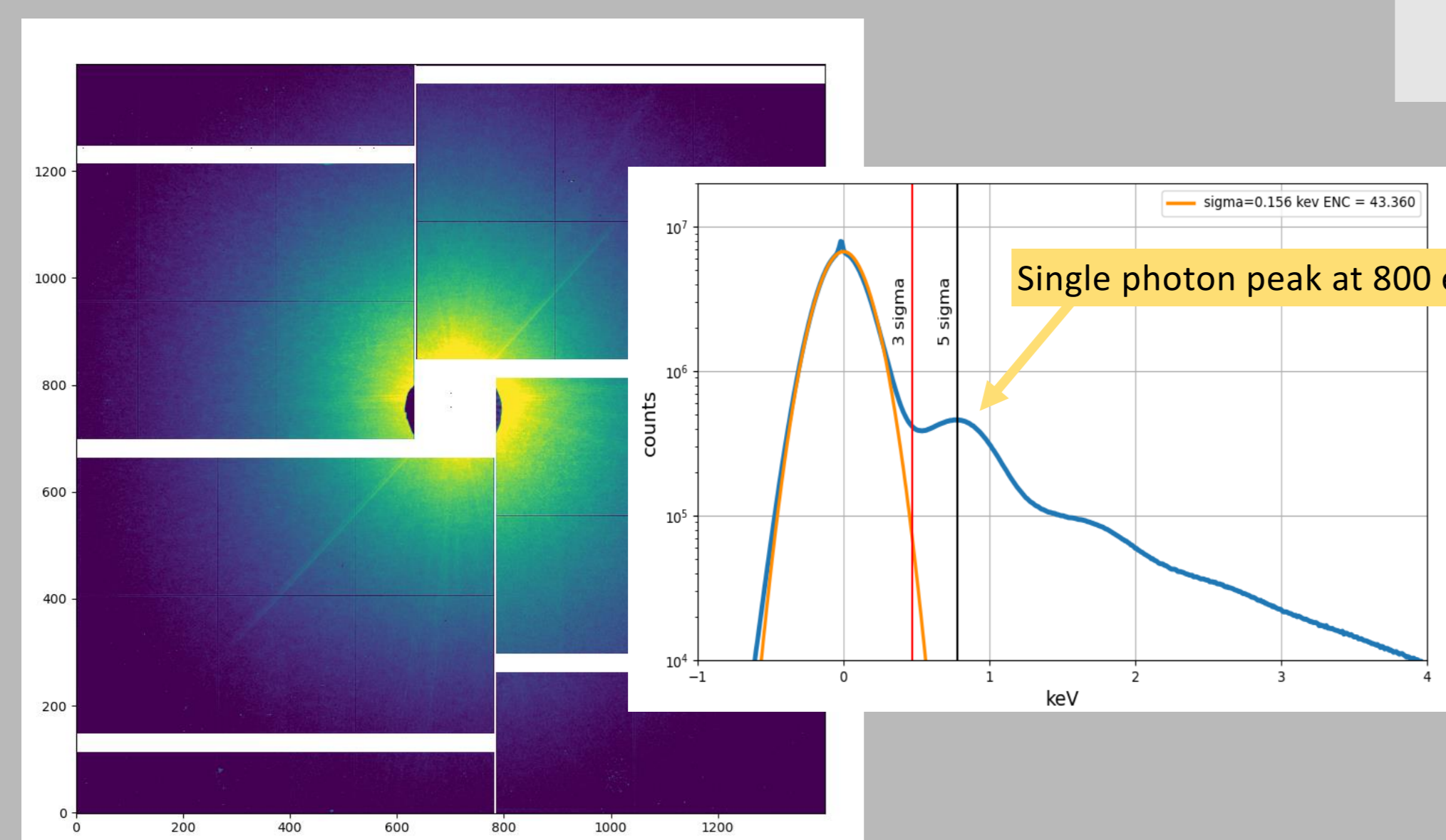
- Improve **quantum efficiency (QE)** at low energies
- First system at **SwissFEL Maloja** using JUNGFRAU 1.1 and TEW sensors
→ Enables **single photon detection** down to 800 eV



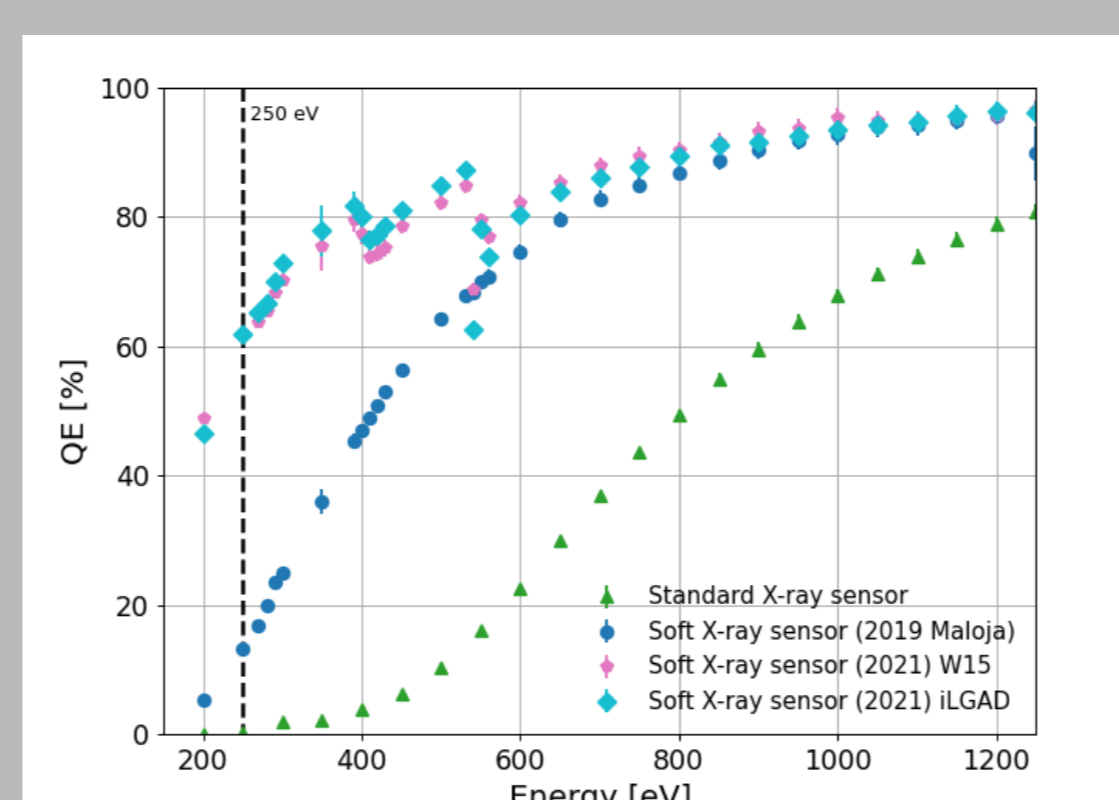
Low-energy L-lines on JUNGFRAU iLGAD in high gain (2×2 clusters, -22°C, 10 μs exposure)

Low gain avalanche diode (LGAD)

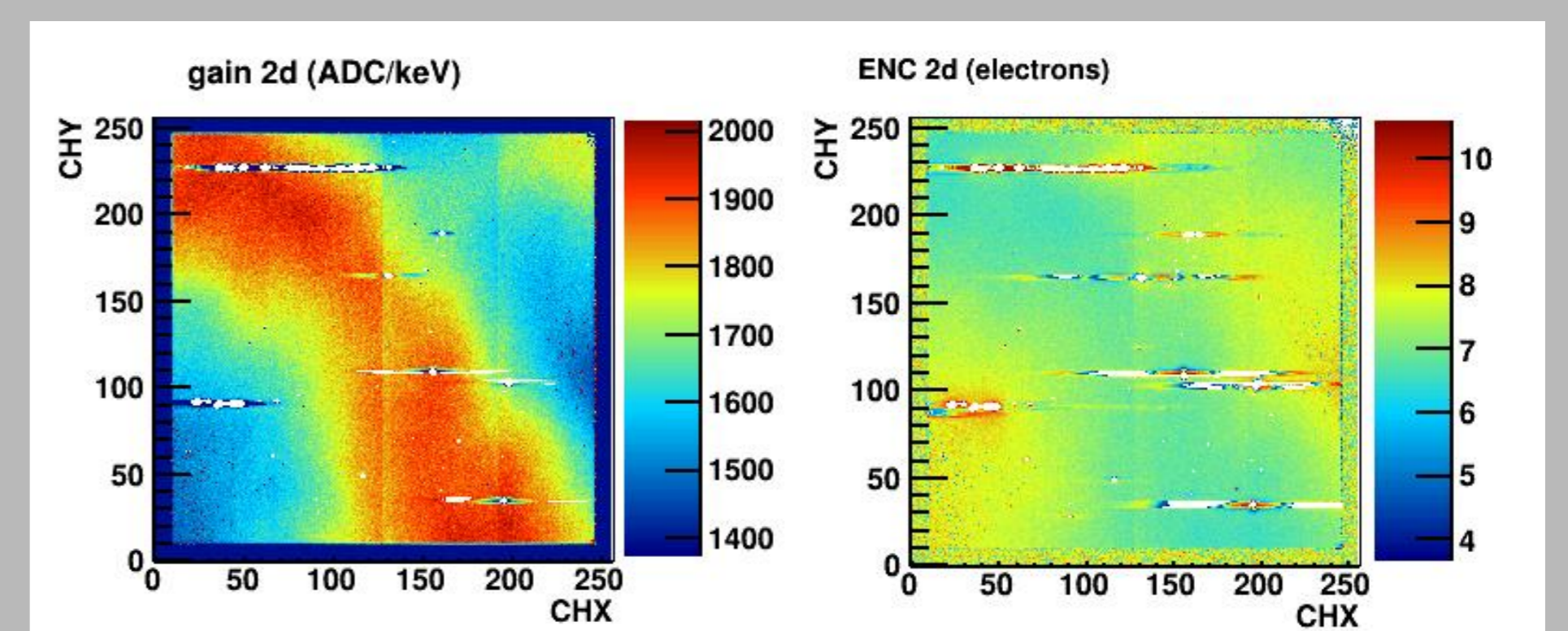
- Sensors with **intrinsic gain ~ 10**
- **Inverse LGAD (iLGAD)** with TEW
→ Cooling required due to leakage current
→ **Noise ~ 5 e⁻** (-20°C, 5 μs exposure)
→ Will enable **single photon detection** down to ~ 250 eV



Scattering of 800 eV x-rays on xenon clusters with JUNGFRAU 1.1 and TEW at SwissFEL Maloja [2]



Comparison of QE for standard and TEW/iLGAD sensors



iLGAD bonded to JUNGFRAU 1.1 ASIC

2D gain and ENC pixel map on JUNGFRAU iLGAD (Ti fluorescence at -22°C, exposure 10 μs)

