# Tracking Studies - TOOLS

# D1 tripping: recent check of linear tracking results with MAD-X

□ Insertion IR1 – Aperture Model

# Tracking Results for D1 Tripping (normal conducting D1 of IR1 and IR5)

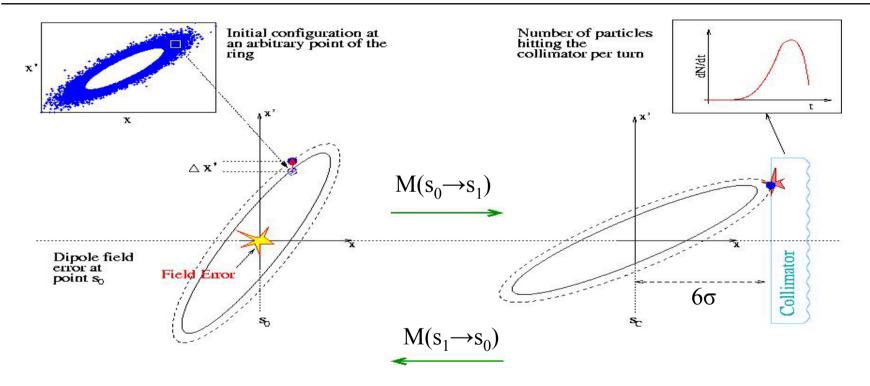
- □ Time constants for beam loss rates in IR7 obtained so far with linear trackings.
- Only collimators in IR7 were taken into account

#### Remaining Questions:

- □ What about non-linearities? Have they to be taken into account for these studies?
- What about other collimators and absorbers close to the beam (IR3, TCL, TCDQ).



#### Linear Tracking ...



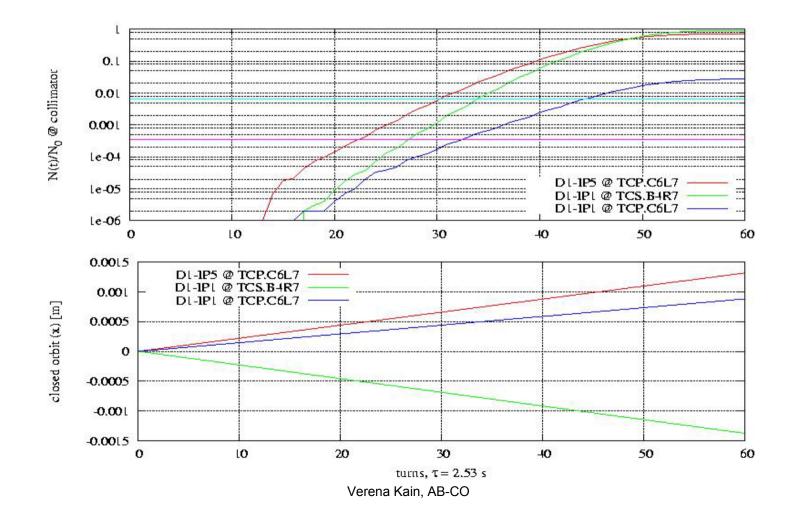
 $\Box$  B(t)=B<sub>0</sub>·e<sup>-t/T</sup> T=2.53s

□ Gaussian bunches: N=10<sup>6</sup>, p=7TeV/c, sequence: V6.4,  $Q_x$ =64.31

## Results with Linear Tracking

	Т		10 <sup>-5</sup> ·N <sub>0</sub>	$3.5 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot N_0$	$6.7 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot N_0$
D1 of	[s]	(a)	[turns]	[turns]	[turns]
IP1	2.53	TCS.B4R7	20	27	33
	1.5	TCS.B4R7	11	17	20
	5	TCS.B4R7*	34	52	64
IP5	2.53	TCP.C6L7	14	22	30
	1.5	TCP.C6L7	8	13	18
	5	TCP.C6L7	27	43	57

#### Results with Linear Tracking



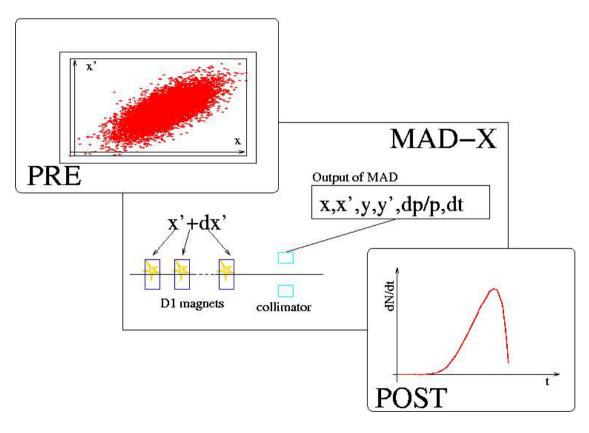
#### ... and MAD-X

- □ No full aperture model in the LHC sequence
  → " observation points": collimators in IR7 and IR3, TCL, TCDQ.
- Dipole fields and MAD: own MAD-X table, particle identities.
- □ Pre-processing, post-processing
- □ Just cross check: simulations were run with maximum 10<sup>4</sup> particles

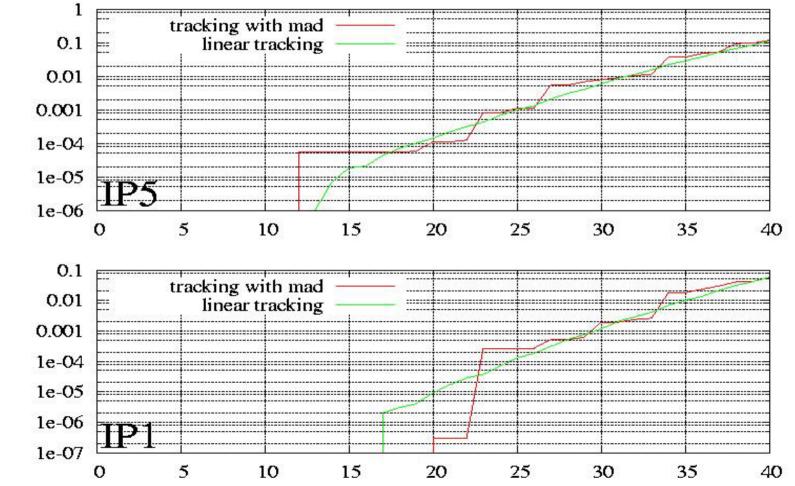
# Tracking with MAD-X

Preprocessing for initial particle coordinates

Postprocessing to calculate loss rates



#### Comparison of Results ...



N(t)/N<sub>0</sub> @ TCP.C6L7

N(t)/N<sub>0</sub> @ TCS.B4R7

### Conclusions – Check with MAD-X

- □ The results of the **linear tracking** look **reasonable**.
- □ The fast linear tracking program might be used for other studies too.
- A tracking with MAD-X has been set up for decaying magnet fields, which might be useful for other simulations.
- Resulting time constants: start of beam loss after 5 to 15 turns for D1@IP5, 10 to 20 turns for D1@IP1

# Details on Apertures in IR1

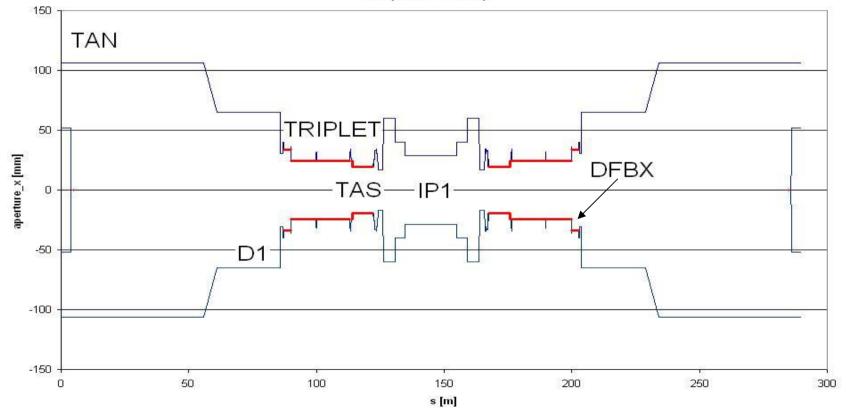
- □ What for:
  - In general: full aperture model of LHC needed for tracking studies
    - □ Simulations of failure scenarios
    - □ Equipment specifications (BLMs, ...)
  - IR1 and IR5: aperture bottleneck at triplet: possible protection masks/tertiary collimators
- Complete data on apertures of TAN-IP1-TAN now available

# Apertures in IR1 ...

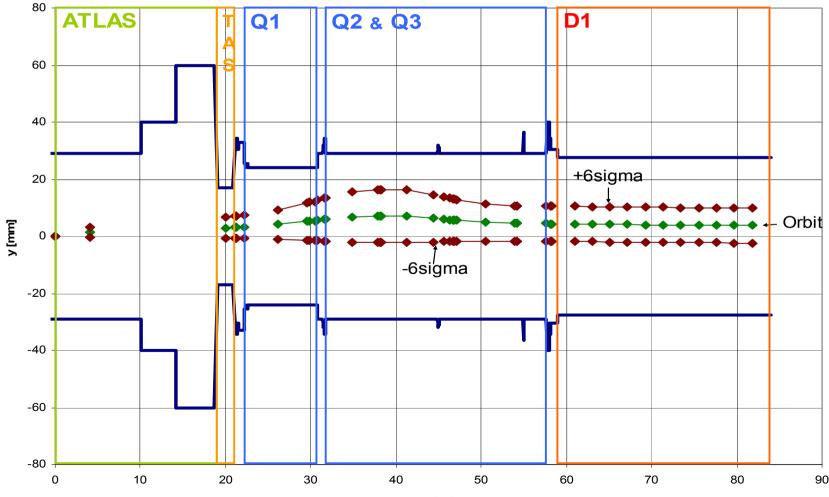
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	-							Transition between Q1 and Q2

## Apertures in IR1(horizontal plane)

IR1 (TAN-IP1-TAN)

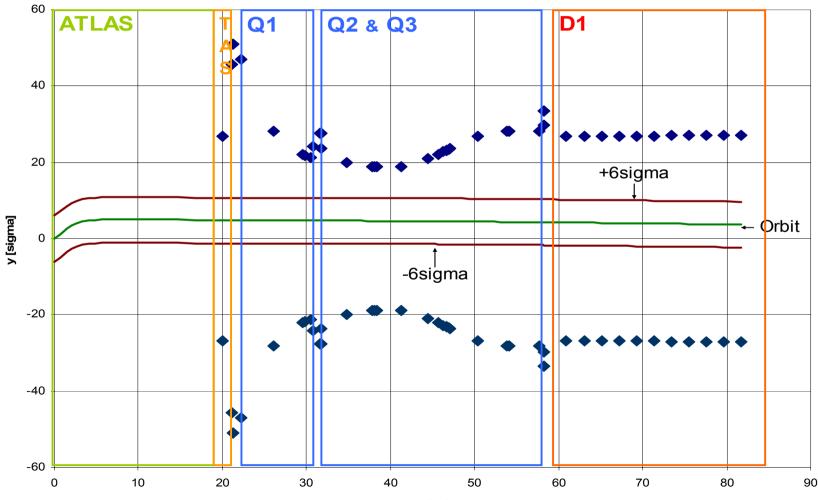


# Apertures in IR1: vertical plane, orbit, nominal crossing angle



s [m]

# Apertures in IR1: vertical plane, orbit, nominal crossing angle



s [m]

# Tracking with Apertures

- $\Box \quad \text{Apertures} \rightarrow \text{MAD-sequence:}$ 
  - Magnets, collimators, absorbers,...: "easy", aperture is an element attribute
  - beam-pipes, cold-warm-transitions, interconnects: arbitrary "drifts" in MAD: → "Markers" have to be introduced
  - Simplified aperture model: in general markers every e.g.
    2m with smallest aperture within this length
  - Possible additional markers for special locations (e.g. big angles of beam at interaction regions)

### Conclusion

- Comprehensive data file on apertures for IR1 (TAN-IP1-TAN) is now available.
  - Not everything is defined yet. Some apertures are still being modified.
  - The data file is being checked by colleagues of the Vacuum Group. New information on apertures will be included.
- □ The file can be used as basis for the aperture data of IR5.