Remote setting of LHC BLM thresholds?

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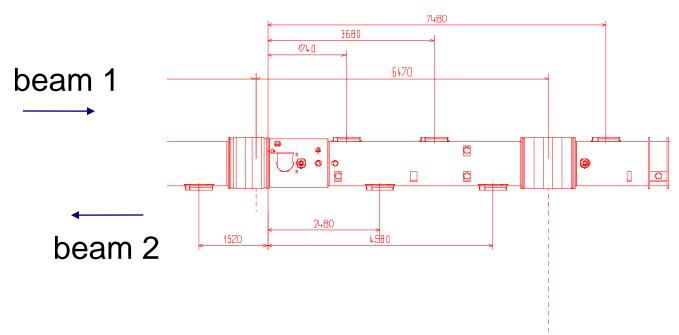
Outlines

- Overview of the system
- Need of changing the thresholds
- Proposed solution
- conclusions

1. Recall: overview of the system

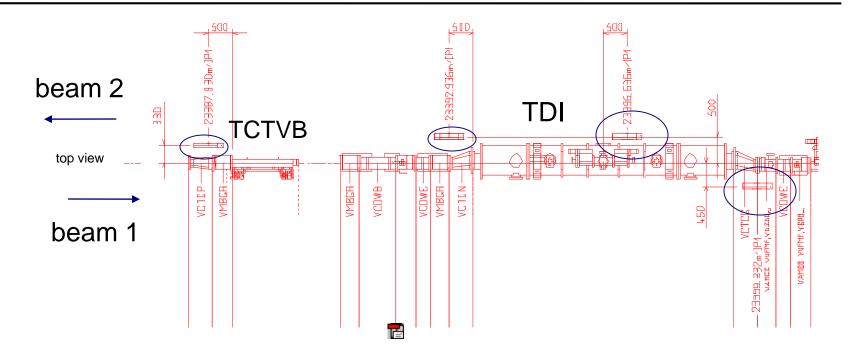
- Some 4000 monitors: mainly ionization chambers + SEM (for higher beam loss intensities)
- All BLMs are interlocked and send a beam dump request if signal over threshold via the BIS
- 12 running sums (time windows) and 32 energy levels per monitor to cover the different loss durations
- Speaking about changing thresholds, I would distinguish 2 main BLMs families:
 - BLM on cold element for quench protection (quad, main dip)
 - BLM on warm elements (for coll, injection, dump system...)

BLMs for quench protection



- BLMQI at the Quads (3 monitors per beam) + cold dipoles in LSS
- Beam dump threshold set to 30 % of the quench level (to be discussed with the uncertainty on quench level knowledge)
- Thresholds derived from loss maps (coll. team), secondaries shower simulations (BLM team), quench level simulations and measurements (D. Bocian)

BLMs for warm elements



- BLM in LSS :at collimators, warm magnets, MSI, MSD, MKD, MKB, all the masks...
- Beam dump threshold set to 10 % of equipment damage level (need equipments experts to set the correct values

2. Remotely changing the thresholds?

Questions addressed for preliminary discussions:

- 1. reasons to change the thresholds?
- 2. How often do we expect to have to change?
- 3. What can be implemented?
- 4. Consequences on the system reliability?
- 5. Who can do the change?

=> First set of comments are presented in the following

Reasons to change the thresholds? How often?

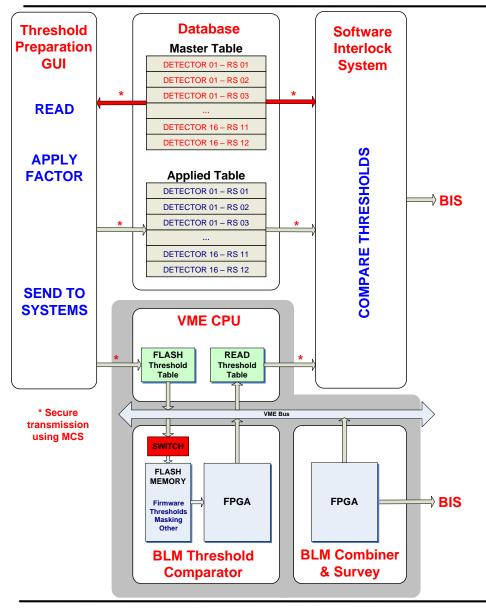
- 1) to check Machine Protection functionalities of BLMs (interlocks): decrease the thresholds in order to provoke a dump with low intensity
 - frequency: during the commissioning, after each shut-down (?), for a set of detectors
 - Will be a planned procedure

- 2) study/check of quench levels ("quench and learn" strategy?): implies dedicated MD time, post-mortem data analysis, could be related to check the correct setting of the thresholds
 - Frequency: ? Probably during shut-down
 - Note :for HERA, only one change since the start-up

- 3) commissioning of individual systems (MSI, LBDS, collimators) : to get a loss picture of a region, to give "warning" levels
 - adjust thresholds after studies of the systems to optimize the operational efficiency vs. the irradiation level
 - frequency: 1 or 2 iterations after determination of the thresholds and localized in space (injection region, IR7...)
- 4) To match quench level during commissioning (operational efficiency):
 - Probably few iterations

- → the needed flexibility is for decreasing thresholds
- → would help operation but is it an absolute need?

3. Proposed implementation



- Threshold GUI
 - Reads the "master" table
 - Applies a factor (<1)
 - Saves new table to DB
 - Sends new table to CPU
- CPU flashes table if allowed (onboard switch)
- Thresholds are loaded from the memory on the FPGA at boot.
- Combiner initiated test allows CPU to read 'current' table.
- SIS receives all tables
 - Compares tables
 - Notifies BIS (if needed)

Note: possible upgrade by adding a comparison with master table on the board BUT feasibility and reliability have to be checked

Consequences on the reliability of the system?

- We can chose to open/close the switch
 - > If we choose to have remote loading of the table, what does it mean for reliability?
 - » what about access to maskable/unmaskable table, enable/disable monitors

=> Problem of disabling monitors if no flexibility on thresholds adjustment

4. Conclusions

- Flexibility given by changing remotely the thresholds has to be balanced with the loss of reliability of the system
- The proposed implementation allows both possibilities
- But the remote access will have to be validated by machine protection experts when more detailed implementation of MCS and comparator are available (by the beginning of summer?).