Dark Sector Production via Proton Bremsstrahlung

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Outline

- Motivation to new physics BSM and dark sectors
- Dark Sectors Production via Proton Bremsstrahlung
- Gluon-coupled ALP production at proton beam facilities
- Hunting for millicharged particles at the LHC
- Probing Neutrino EM properties at the LHC

Motivation for BSM

- Dark mater evidence
 - Electrically neutral (dark!)
 - Cold (structure formation)
 - Non-baryonic (BBN)

Neutrino mass and mixing



- Particle physics puzzles
 - anomalies in data e.g., $(g-2)_{\mu}$

WIMP Searches

- Weakly Interacting Massive Particles:
 - Minimal & linked to EWSB
 - Cosmological abundance generated via thermal freeze-out
- Different Strategies to search for DM non-gravitational interactions





Sub-GeV DM: $m_e < m_{DM} < m_{had}$ Direct detection sensitivity drops due to recoil thresholds A high intensity relativistic beam is advantageous!

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Dark Sectors Paradigm

 Viable thermal relic density for a sub-GeV WIMP requires new annihilation channels through light states as part of a hidden sector

 $\Omega_{\chi} h^2 \propto rac{1}{\langle \sigma v \rangle} , \ \sigma_{\mathrm{ann}} \propto rac{m_{\mathrm{DM}}^2}{M_{\mathrm{mediator}}^4}$

[Boehm & Silk et al.] [Pospelov, Ritz, Voloshin '07]

• Dark Sector: a collection of particles that are neutral under the SM forces



Portals to Dark Sectors

2022-06-07

• EFT for a DS:
$$\mathcal{L}_{mediation} = \sum_{n=k+l-4} \frac{\mathcal{O}_k^{(\mathrm{SM})} \mathcal{O}_l^{(\mathrm{med})}}{\Lambda^n} \sim \mathcal{O}_{\mathrm{portals}} + \mathcal{O}(\frac{1}{\Lambda})$$

Generic interactions are irrelevant (dimension > 4), but there are three UV-complete relevant or marginal "*portals*" to a neutral hidden sector

• Vector portal
[Okun; Holdom; Foot et al.] $\frac{\epsilon}{2}B^{\mu\nu}A'_{\mu\nu}$ Dark Photon A'• Higgs portal
[Patt, Wilczek] $H^{\dagger}H(AS + \lambda S^2)$ Dark Higgs S• Neutrino portal $y\overline{L}HN$ Sterile neutrino?• Axion portal (dim-5) $\frac{1}{\epsilon} \operatorname{tr}(G^{\mu\nu}\tilde{G}_{\mu\nu})a$ Axions & ALPs

Proton-Beam Fixed Target Probes

- Production of a high intensity "new weakly coupled light mediator beam" followed by the decay or recoil in the detector
- Production channels: proton bremsstrahlung, and secondary meson decays



• Past, existing and near Future neutrino experiments:

LSND, CHARM, MiniBooNE, MicroBooNE, MINOS, NOvA, SBND, SeaQuest, SHIP, ...

[Batell, Pospelov, Ritz '09] [McKeen, deNiverville, Ritz '14] [Krnjaic, Kahn et al '17]

Dark Sector in the far-forward region @ LHC

- LHC Higgs factory: new physics searches focus on the central region. (high- p_T)
- But light particles mainly directed in the **forward region**! (Energetic, low p_T)

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[Feng, Batell, Kling, Trojanowski, et al.]

FPF experiments provide sensitive and complementary probes of models of light DS: $_{2022-0}$ long-lived particles, dark matter, millicharged particles + neutrinos (~TeV) $_{8}$



DS production via proton bremsstrahlung

Search for gluon-coupled ALP

Millicharged particle hunt @ FPF

Neutrino EM properties @ FPF

Higgs portal @ LSND



Revisiting Proton Bremsstrahlung

- Primary production channel for dark sector mediators with mass ~ [0.5,1.5] GeV at proton beam facilities
- Important regime near vectors ($ho, \omega, ...$), and scalar ($f_0, ...$) meson resonances



ISR and FSR in Quasi-Elastic scattering

• Modeling forward *pp* scattering with Pomeron Donnachie & Landshoff model [D&L '82, '84, '11, '13]



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Observe the large cancellation between ISR & FSR in quasi-elastic scattering



Radiation in Non-Single Diffractive Topologies

- The dominant contribution comes from ISR in non-single diffractive scattering.
- Quasi-Real Approx.: Intermediate p' near on-shell

$$d\sigma^{pp_t \to Df}(s) \approx d\mathcal{P}_{p \to p'D} \times \sigma_{pp}^{\text{NSD}}(s')$$

- Transition (Off-Shell) form factor: [Feuster & Mosel '98]
- Accounts for the suppression when the intermediate p'goes far off-shell $\Gamma = (p'^2) = \Lambda_p^4$

$$F_{pp^{\star}D}(p'^2) = \frac{\Lambda_p}{\Lambda_p^4 + (p'^2 - m_p^2)^2}$$

- Time-like nucleon form factor: [Faessler et al '09]
- Mixing with meson resonances





DS production via proton bremsstrahlung

Gluon-coupled ALP

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Axion Portal

m_{ALP} (GeV)

- Axion are theoretically well-motivated:
 - solution to the Strong CP problem; $\theta \sim a/f_a$
 - viable candidate for dark matter
 - Axion acquires a small mass from mixing with the pion

[Peccei,Quinn 77; Weinberg 78]

th



• Axion-Like Particles (ALPs) are weakly interacting light pseudoscalars mass & coupling are independent! [Wilczek 82; Berezhiani, Khlopov 90]

Focus of this talk
2022-06-07
$$\begin{bmatrix} Bauer, Neuber, Thamm et al. '17 '21 \end{bmatrix} - \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \frac{C_{ag}}{f_a} a G^b_{\mu\nu} \tilde{G}^{b,\mu\nu} - \frac{\alpha}{8\pi} \frac{C_{a\gamma}}{f_a} a F_{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{C_{af}}{f_a} \partial_{\mu} a \overline{\psi}_f \gamma^{\mu} \gamma_5 \psi_f$$

$$a - - - \phi^{\mu\nu} g \qquad a - - - \phi^{\mu\nu} f \qquad a - - - \phi^{\mu\nu} f$$

Axion Portal (gluon coupling)

- Perform Chiral rotation: eliminate the $aG\tilde{G}$ term in favor of ALP coupling to quarks
- Axial-vector currents and coupling to nucleons:

$$J_{\mu 5} = \frac{1}{2} \delta_I J_{\mu 5}^3 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{3}} J_{\mu 5}^8 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} J_{\mu 5}^0$$
$$\langle N(p') | J_{\mu 5}^i | N(p) \rangle$$

- ALP mixing with pseudoscalar mesons π^0, η, η'
- Axial Form Factors probe the axial structure of the nucleon: axial vector mesons a_1, f_1, f_1' resonances 2022-06-07





DS production via proton bremsstrahlung

Search for gluon-coupled ALP

Millicharged particle hunt @ FPF

Neutrino EM properties @ FPF



Higgs portal @ LSND

Millicharged Particles

• mCPs could arise from vector portal **Kinetic Mixing** in a massless phase: [Holdom, '85]

$$\mathcal{L}_{\rm MCP} = \bar{\chi} (i \partial - \epsilon' e B - m_{\chi}) \chi$$



SM

Kinetic mixing

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Millicharged Particle Hunting at the LHC



Deposition of energy due to ionization

mCP flux enhancement in the forward direction

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Higgs portal @ LSND

Neutrino EM properties at the FPF

• Non-zero neutrino electromagnetic properties through loops

$$\Lambda^{\alpha}_{kj}(q) = \gamma^{\alpha} \left(Q_{\nu_{kj}} + \frac{q^2}{6} \langle r^2 \rangle_{\nu_{kj}} \right) - i\sigma^{\alpha\beta} q_{\beta} \,\mu_{\nu_{kj}}$$



[Giunti, Studenikiny '15]

• Large flux of neutrinos in the far forward region $E_{\nu} \sim [100 \text{GeV} - \text{few TeV}]$

• Experimental signature: electron **recoiling**

 ν_{α}



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 e^{-}

 ν_{α}

Neutrino EM properties at the FPF

• SM predictions:
$$\mu_{\nu_{kk}}^{\text{Dirac}} \simeq 3 \times 10^{-19} \left(\frac{m_{\nu_k}}{\text{eV}}\right) \mu_{\text{B}} \qquad \langle r^2 \rangle_{\nu_{\alpha}}^{\text{SM}} \sim 10^{-32} \,\text{cm}^2$$



- Bounds: $< r^2 >_{\nu} < \sim 10^{-31} {
 m cm}^2$, $\mu_{\nu_{\tau}} < 4 \times 10^{-8} \mu_B$, $|Q_{\nu}| < \sim 10^{-8} {
 m e}$,
- FLArE-10 can do order of magnitude better than DONUT hep-ex/0102026

Outlook

- The dark sector paradigm is well-motivated and could have connections to other fundamental puzzles in nature.
- Dark Sector Production via Proton Bremsstrahlung as an important production channel is nontrivial to estimate in the forward region as it involves nonperturbative QCD.
- ALP coupling to nucleons in the three-flavour theory is used to estimated the ALP emission rate in proton-nucleus bremsstrahlung
- millicharged Dark sectors could be probed using scintillator-based detector in the LHC forward region providing leading sensitivity in the 100 MeV to 100 GeV mass window.
- Probing Neutrino EM properties like milli-charge, and charge radius at FPF

Image courtesy_of KIPAC/SLAC



"Thank you for your attention"



Back-up Slides

DM Candidates – Thermal WIMP



Decays of Portal Mediators

• Visible and invisible decays of dark mediators



(Minimal) Higgs Portal to the Dark Sector

- Higgs-mediated DM scenario:
 - $m_S < 2m_{DM}$ to avoid strong constrains [Krnjaic '15]
 - dark scalar decay to visible particles
- Induced couplings after EWSB: S mixes with physical Higgs

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -ASH^{\dagger}H \qquad \Rightarrow \theta \frac{m_f}{v}S\overline{f}f + \dots$$



- $\theta \ll 1$ production and decay rates are suppressed relative to SM!
- Light scalars are hugely constraint by rare K and B decays @ E949, NA62 LHCb, Belle,...

Dark Scalar at LSND

- The LSND experiment: 800 MeV proton beam impacting a thick target with ~10²³ POT
- Production modes at LSND:
 - π and Δ are the relevant hadronic dof.
 - K and B mesons are not kinematically accessible!



