

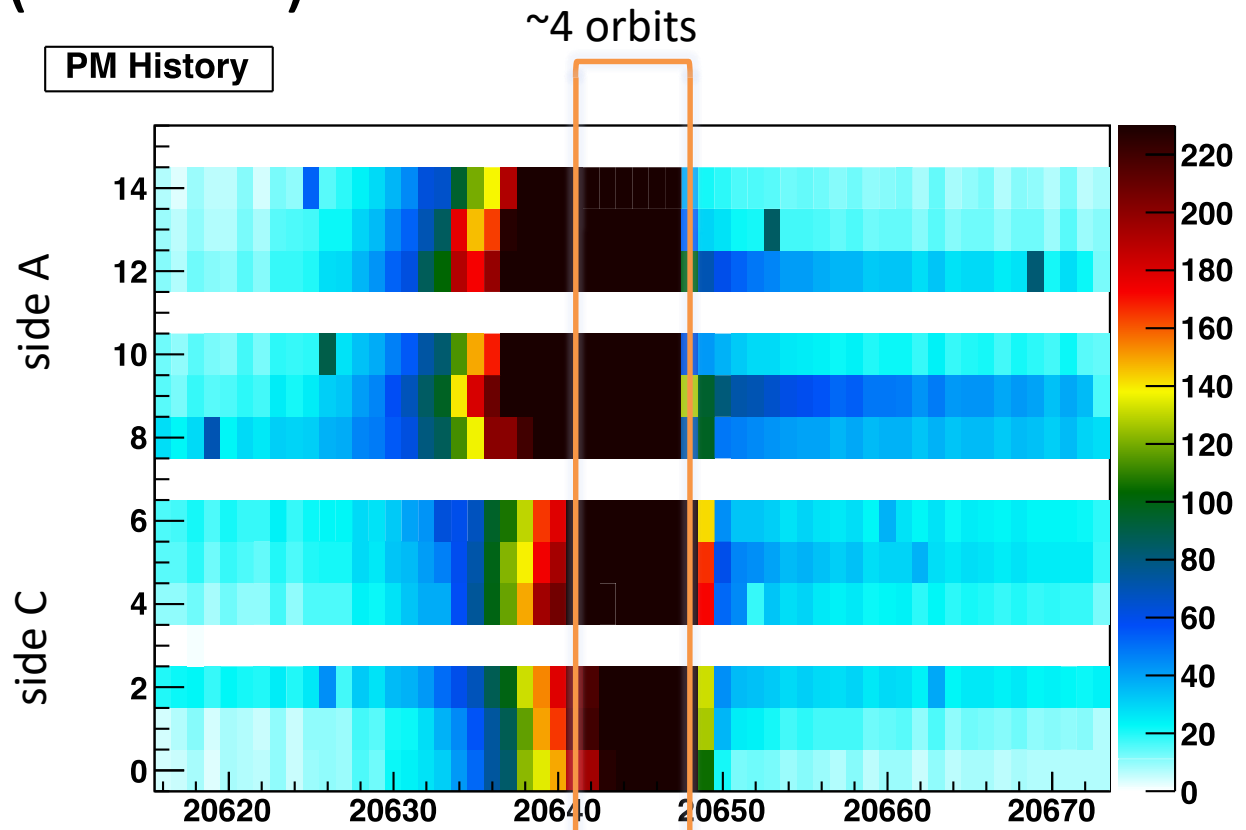
ATLAS July 31st, 2011 BLM Beam Abort Report

Beam Dump

- ATLAS BLM (Beam Loss Monitor)
- BCM (Beam Conditions Monitor)
- Beam was dumped on Sunday (31-07-2011) morning at 6:47 am.
- Spike was seen on all BLM channels and also in the beam 2 rates for BCM.

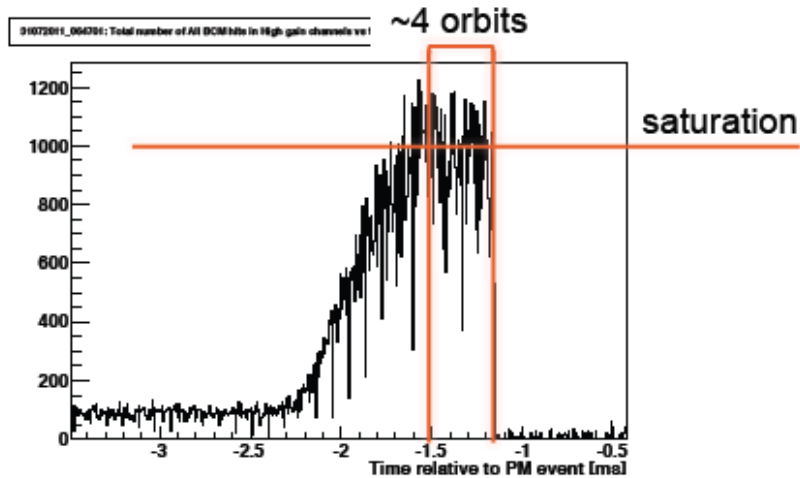
Abort Threshold

- 230 hits on both sides and simultaneous in 2 channels (i.e. 2+2)

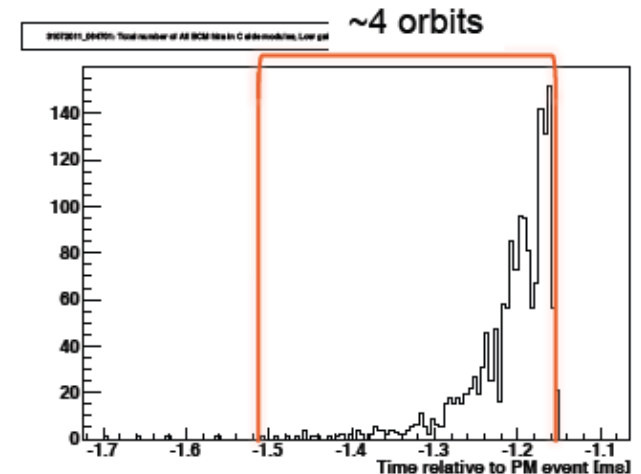


BCM PM Buffer

- High gain channels – saturate at $\sim 1\text{k}$ in $5\mu\text{s}$ bin

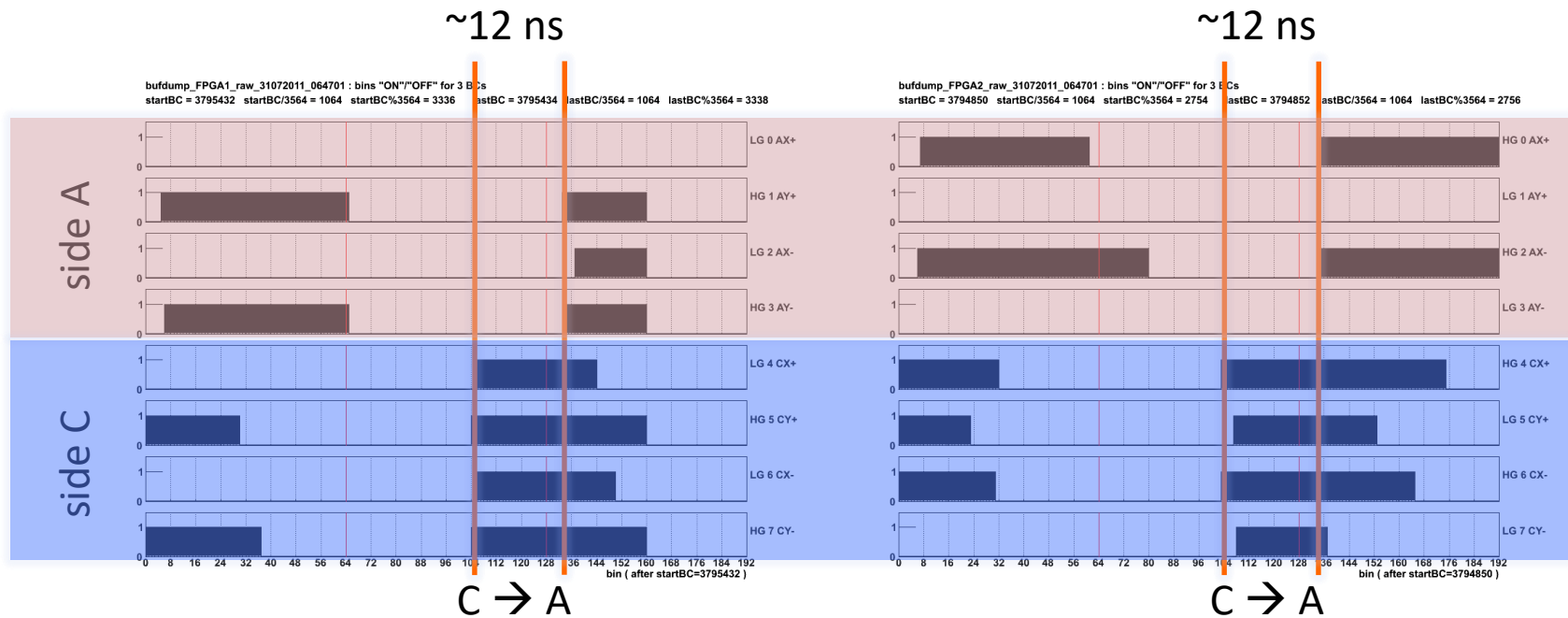


- Low gain channels – far from saturation but substantial signal which looks to be exponentially increasing before beams were extracted ($\sim 140/1\text{k}$).



BCM Timing

- It appears that most events correspond to C->A (beam 2).



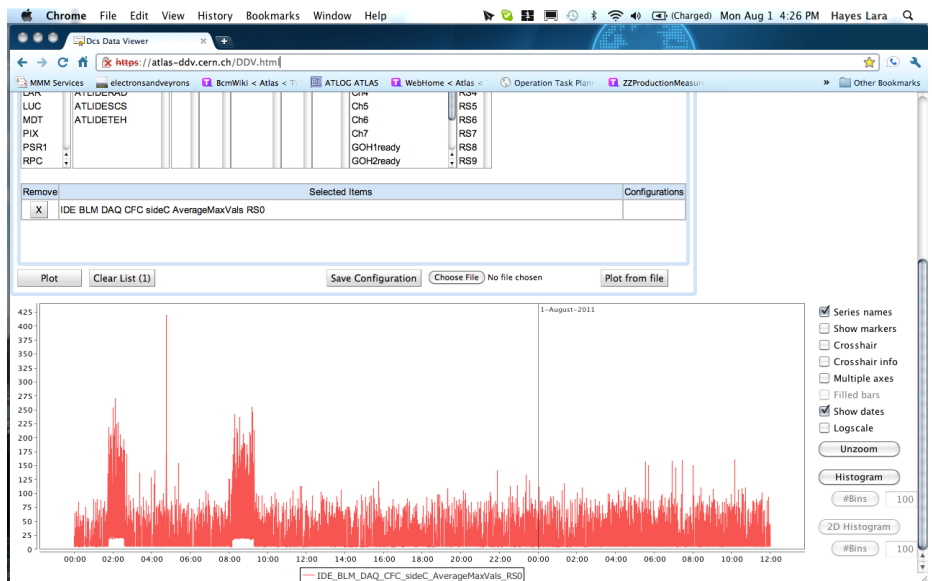
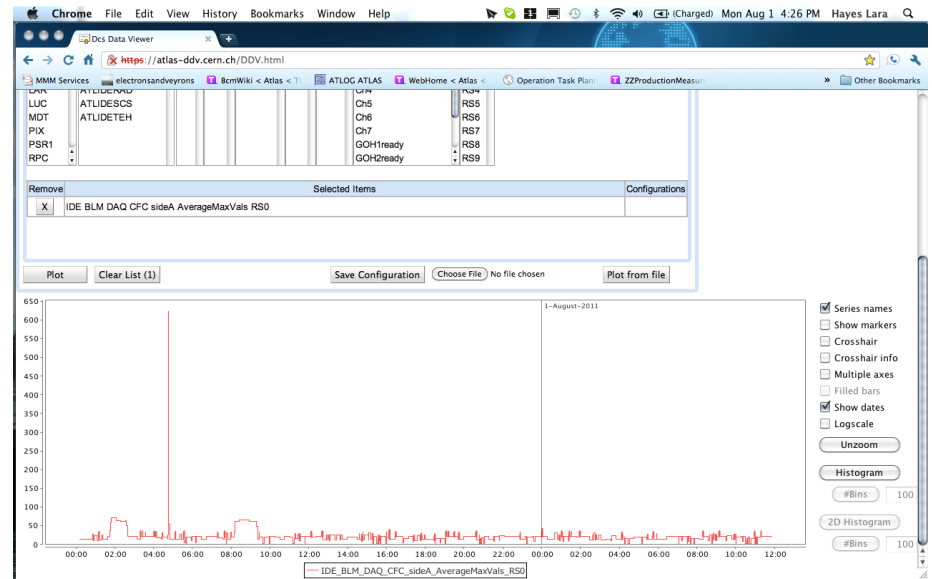
Extra Slides

BLM Threshold

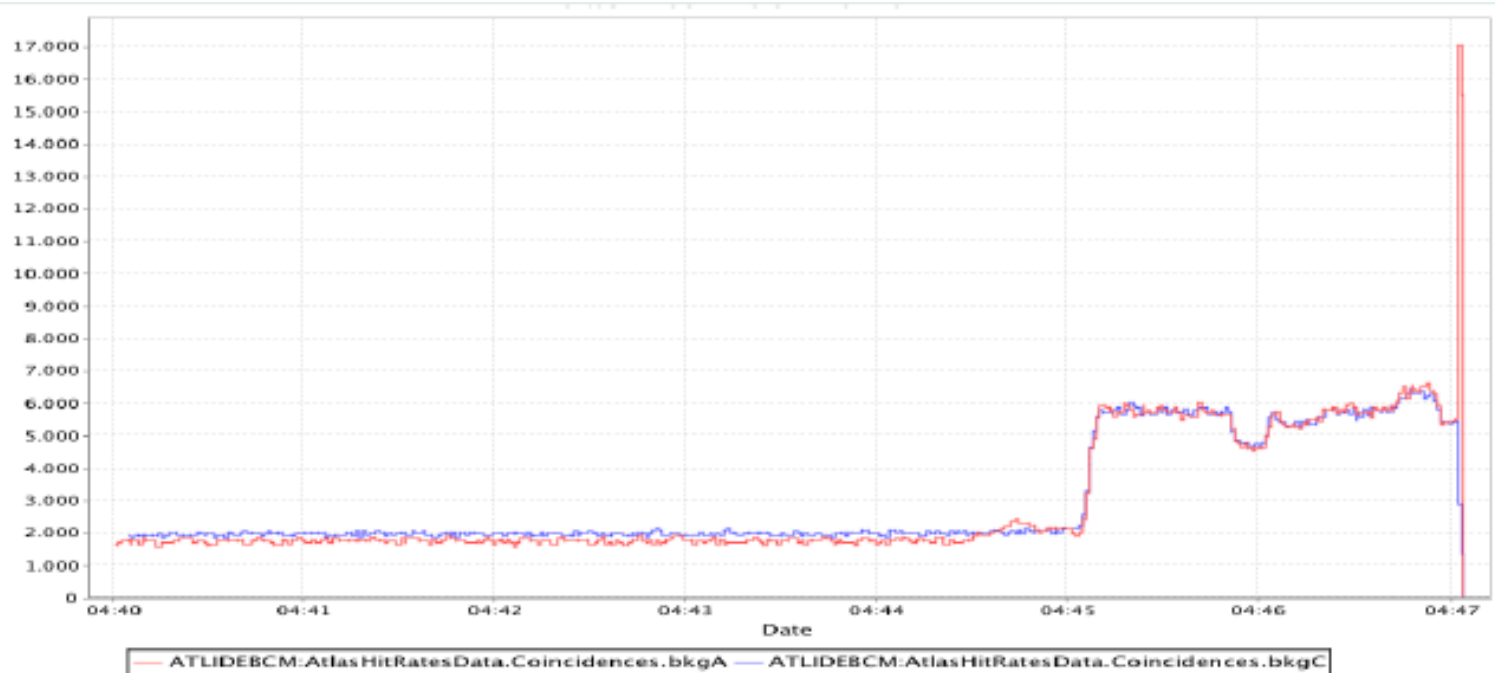
- For loosing IP require that 2/6 channels exceed threshold within 40 μ s on A or on C side. BP is lost when A and C side lower IP simultaneously
- 1 MIP in BLM diamond sensor (~ 1 fC charge) in 40 μ s causes equivalent current of ~ 25 pA.
- BLM thresholds set to:
 - ~ 500 nA (= 230 bits) in 40 μ s integration channels.
 - 230 bits \rightarrow **37 kMIP/cm²** within 40 μ s
 - In addition requiring 2 out of 6 channels to meet this condition within 40 μ s either on A or on C side to drop IP.
 - And in addition requiring this on both (A and C) sides simultaneously to drop BP.
- SCT remains on at low voltage during beam adjust.
 - BLM threshold motivated by SCT occupancy damage threshold.
 - [doi:10.1016/j.nima.2006.04.086](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2006.04.086)

BLM Activity

- Top: Side A BLM activity.
- Bottom: Side C BLM activity.
- Large spikes correspond to activity at the time of abort.
- The spike on both sides exceeds the 230 hits/bin threshold.
- Simultaneous -> Beam Abort



BCM Background Rates



- BCM background rates during the fill that show the adjusting of the beams and ultimately the spike in background activity.