**PFAUWADEL Mathias** 

## **DIDT SYSTEM**





#### <u>Summary</u>

- Introduction
- Theory
- Specification
- Implementation
- Measurements
- DidtBox
- Conclusion



### Theory : Purpose

• Evaluate the loss of the BEAM using the beam intensity.

Trigger the dumping when there is too much losses











## Theory

- Sum all the amplitudes during one turn
- Calculate the average for 1,4,16,64,256,1024 turns
- Calculate the loss for 1,4,16,64,256,1024 turns
- Compare the loss to threshold which are depending of energy





- Box in aluminum (4x45x65mm)
- 2 Channels for BEAM1, BEAM2
- Critical part only in Hardware
- Acquisition of data by Ethernet
- Remote programming of the FPGA by Ethernet









#### Implementation : NIOS Software



#### Implementation : Software



#### **Measurements**

#### **Bunch Amplitude** Amplitude(bits) Time(us)

#### 1 revolution of LHC ≈ 90 us



#### **Measurements**



#### 1 revolution of LHC ≈ 90 us



#### **Measurements**

#### **Bunch Amplitude**





#### **DIDT BOX**











#### **DIDT BOX**





### <u>Planning</u>

- Analyze the Bunch result using FESA class (1<sup>st</sup> October)
- Modified the FPGA firmware to add a second channel (15 October)
- Install two boxes. (7<sup>th</sup> November)
- Storage data in a timber database (End of November)
- Final System (February)



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION QUESTIONS?