



Impact of nuclear structure on nuclear responses to WIMP elastic scattering



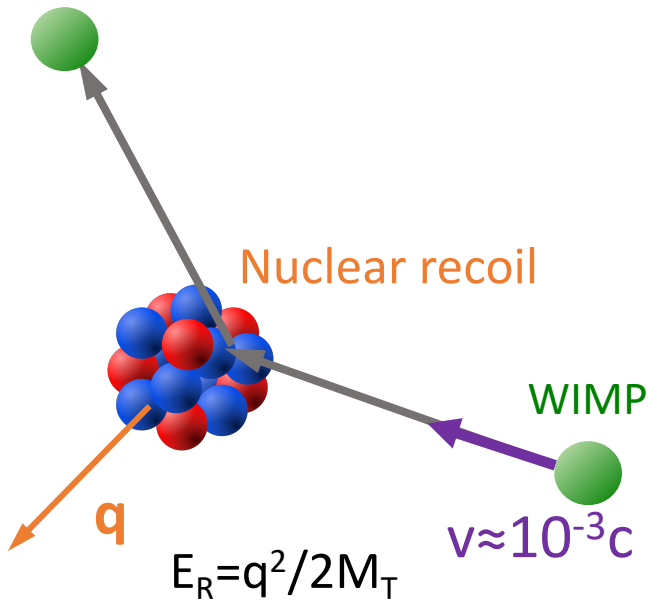
Raghdha Abdel Khaleq, Cedric Simenel, Andrew Stuchbery

ANU Research School of Physics



WIMP Direct Detection

Elastic scattering of a WIMP with a target nucleus



$$\underbrace{\frac{dR}{dE_R}}_{\text{Differential scattering (interaction) rate}} \propto \int v d^3v \sum_{ij} \sum_{N,N'=p,n} \underbrace{f_v(\vec{v})}_{\text{DM Velocity Distribution}} \underbrace{R(\vec{v}, q)_{ij}^{(N,N')}}_{\text{Particle Physics}} \underbrace{F(q)_{ij}^{(N,N')}}_{\text{Nuclear Structure}}$$

Differential scattering
(interaction) rate

DM Velocity
Distribution

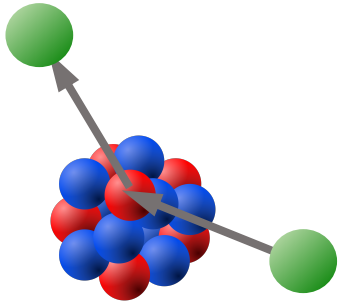
Particle
Physics

Nuclear
Structure

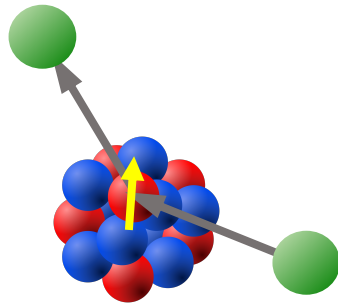
Nuclear response functions

Interaction channels

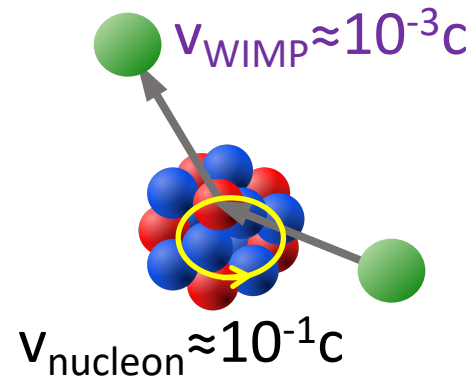
Spin Independent



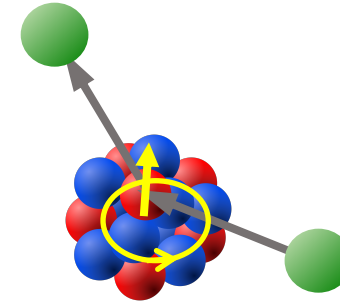
Spin Dependent



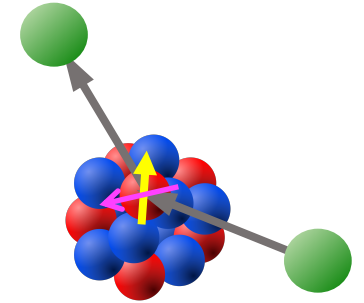
Orbital angular momentum



Spin-orbit



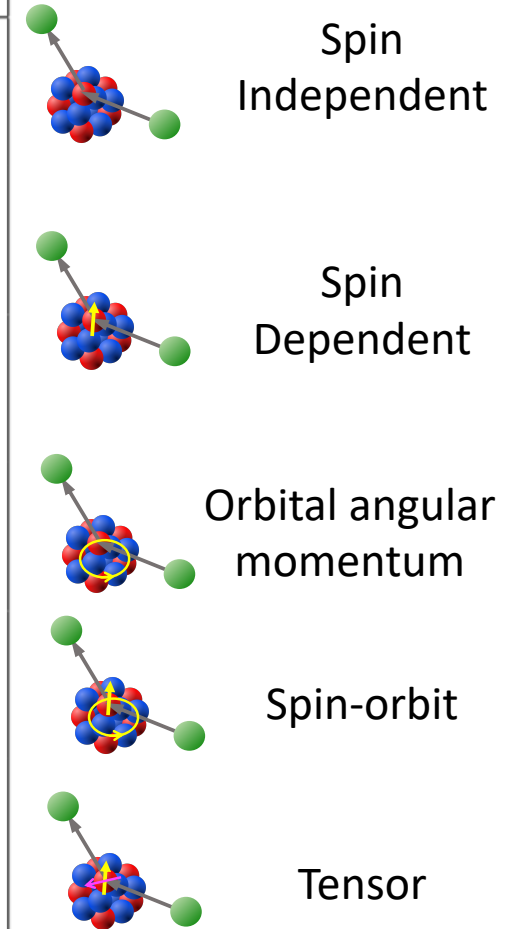
Tensor



NREFT

Response $\times \left[\frac{4\pi}{2J_i+1} \right]^{-1}$	Leading Multipole	Long-wavelength Limit	Response Type
$\sum_{J=0,2,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i M_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$M_{00}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{4\pi}} 1(i)$	M_{JM} : Charge
$\sum_{J=1,3,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i \Sigma''_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$\Sigma''_{1M}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{3\pi}} \sigma_{1M}(i)$	L_{JM}^5 : Axial Longitudinal
$\sum_{J=1,3,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i \Sigma'_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$\Sigma'_{1M}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{6\pi}} \sigma_{1M}(i)$	$T_{JM}^{\text{el}5}$: Axial Transverse Electric
$\sum_{J=1,3,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i \frac{q}{m_N} \Delta_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$\frac{q}{m_N} \Delta_{1M}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$-\frac{q}{2m_N\sqrt{6\pi}} \ell_{1M}(i)$	T_{JM}^{mag} : Transverse Magnetic
$\sum_{J=0,2,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i \frac{q}{m_N} \Phi''_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$\frac{q}{m_N} \Phi''_{00}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$-\frac{q}{3m_N\sqrt{4\pi}} \vec{\sigma}(i) \cdot \vec{\ell}(i)$	L_{JM} : Longitudinal
	$\frac{q}{m_N} \Phi''_{2M}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$-\frac{q}{m_N\sqrt{30\pi}} [x_i \otimes (\vec{\sigma}(i) \times \frac{1}{i} \vec{\nabla})_1]_{2M}$	
$\sum_{J=2,4,\dots}^{\infty} \langle J_i \frac{q}{m_N} \tilde{\Phi}'_{JM} J_i \rangle ^2$	$\frac{q}{m_N} \tilde{\Phi}'_{2M}(q\vec{x}_i)$	$-\frac{q}{m_N\sqrt{20\pi}} [x_i \otimes (\vec{\sigma}(i) \times \frac{1}{i} \vec{\nabla})_1]_{2M}$	T_{JM}^{el} : Transverse Electric

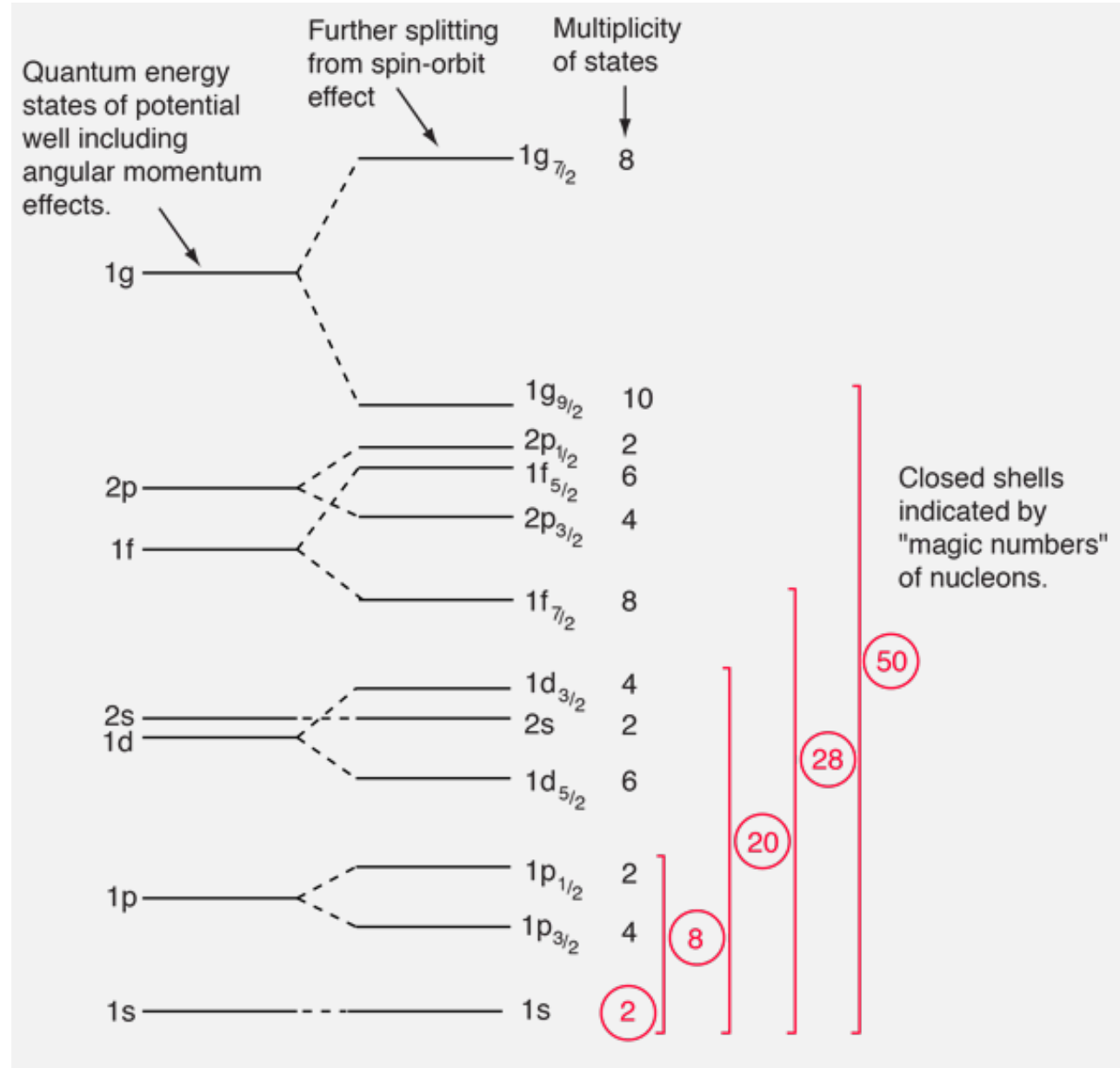
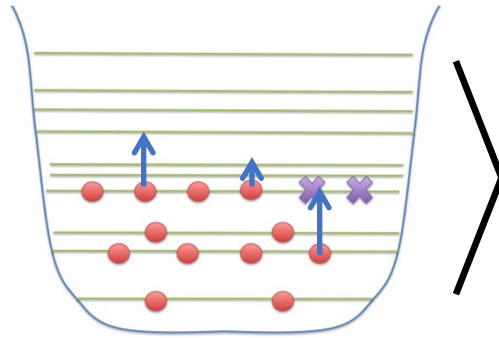
Nuclear ground-state



Nuclear Shell-Model

Configuration interaction

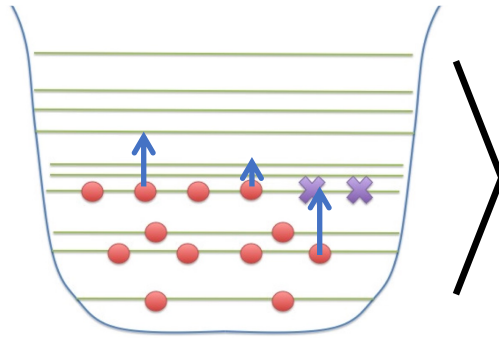
$$|g.s.\rangle = \sum_{\alpha} C_{\alpha} | \dots \rangle$$



Nuclear Shell-Model

Configuration interaction

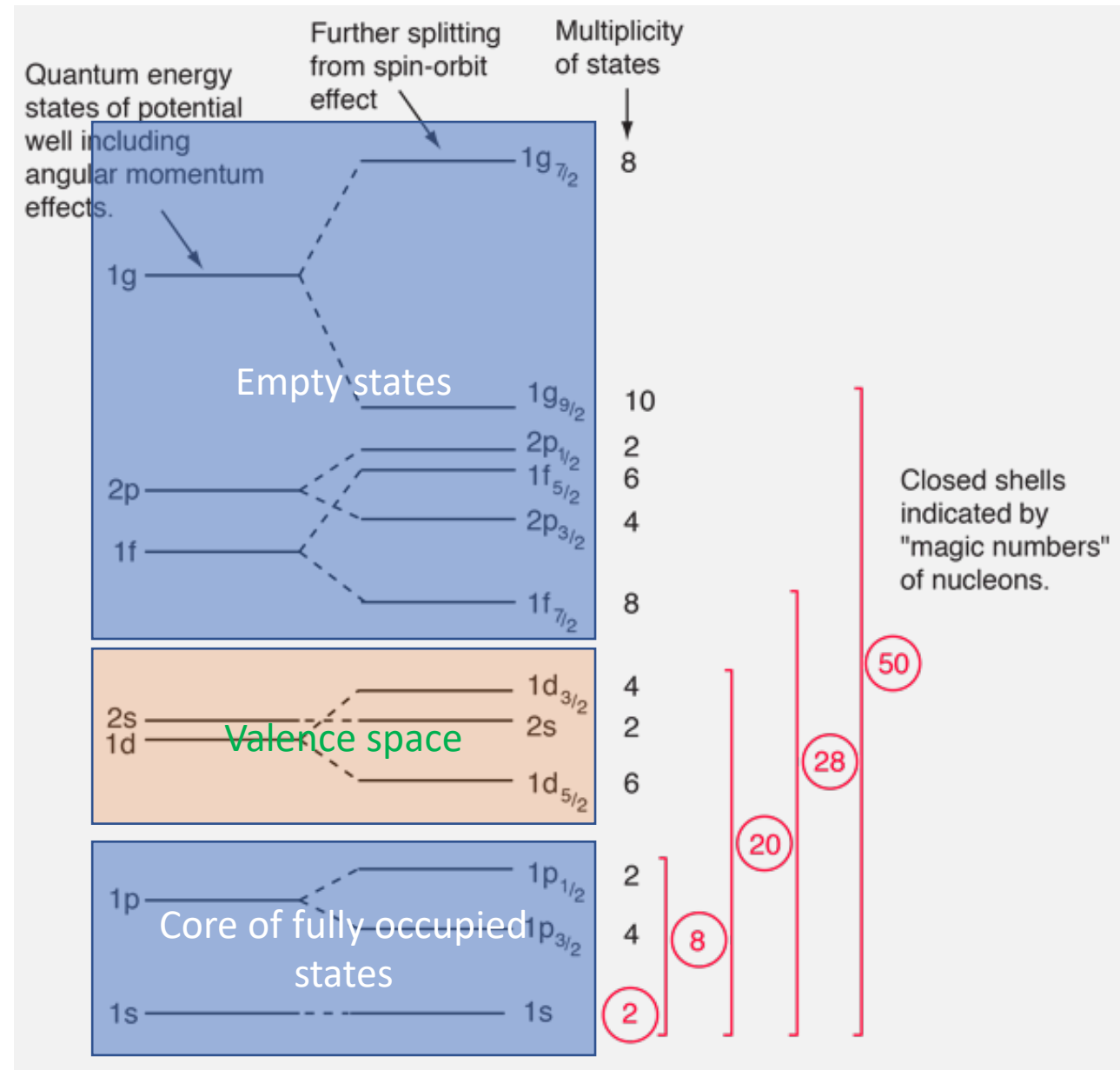
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Uncertainties due to

- Valence space
- Nuclear Hamiltonian

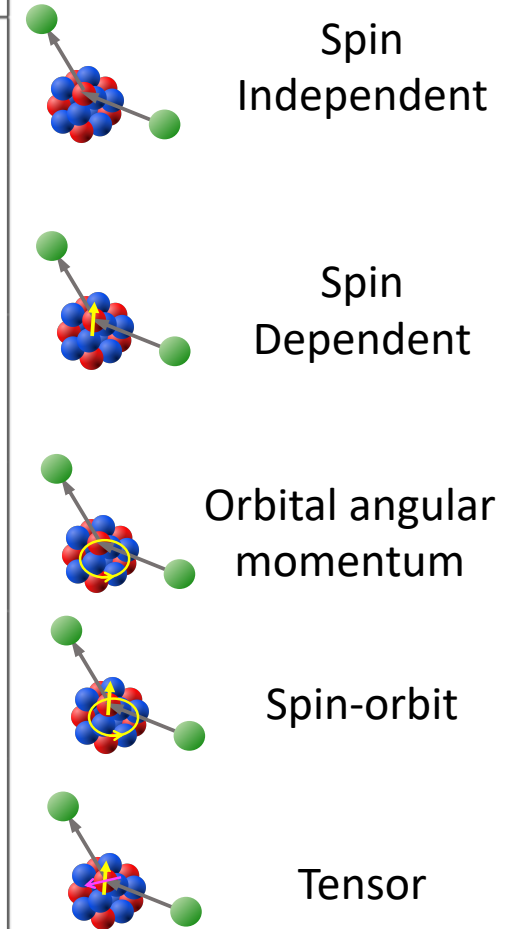
How do they affect nuclear response functions for WIMP Direct Detection?



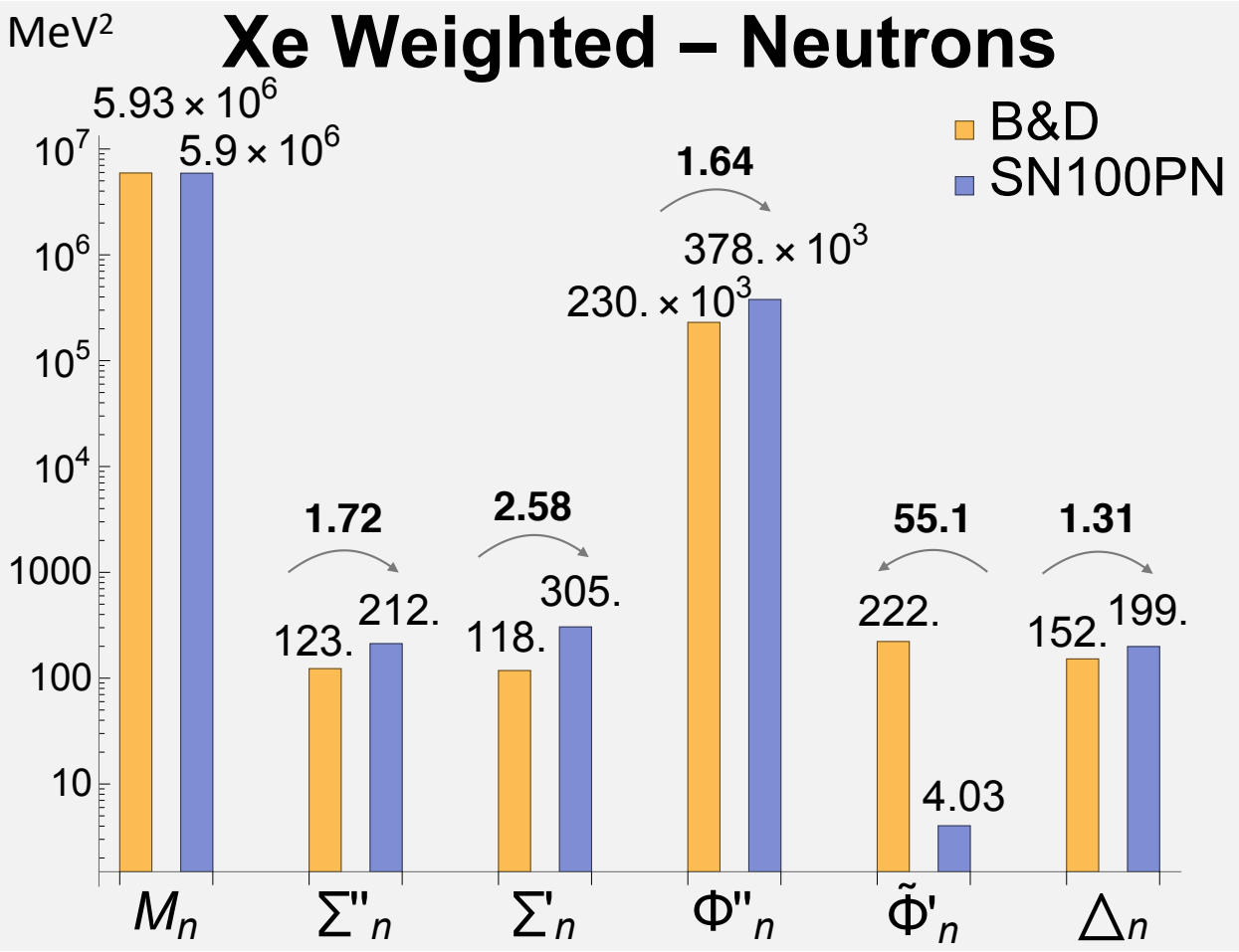
NREFT

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Nuclear ground-state



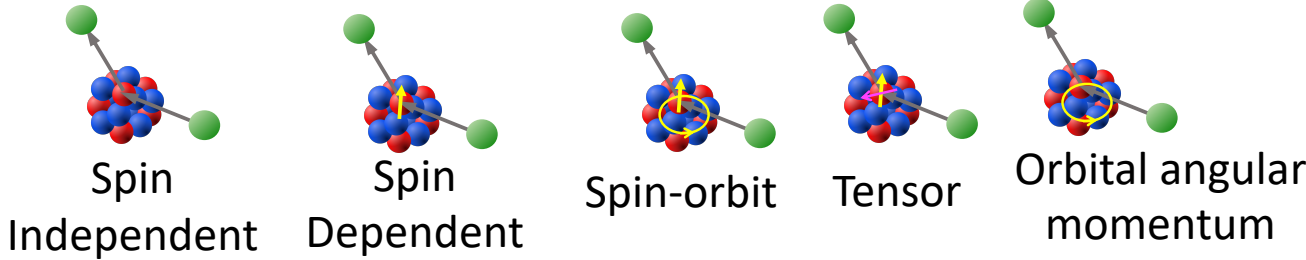
Nuclear response functions



$$\int_0^{100 \text{ MeV}} \frac{q dq}{2} \frac{4\pi}{2J_i + 1} \sum_{J=0}^{2J_i+1} |\langle J_i || X_{J,N} || J_i \rangle|^2$$

$$X \equiv M, \Sigma', \Sigma'', \phi'', \tilde{\phi}', \Delta \quad N \equiv p, n$$

128,129,130,131,132,134,136Xe
 Weighted by isotopic abundance



Conclusions and future work

- Role of ground-state nuclear structure in WIMP-nucleus interaction with Shell-Model (configuration interaction)
- Orbital angular momentum and spin-orbit contributions (in addition to SI and SD)
- Uncertainty in sub-dominant channels due to nuclear Hamiltonian
- Effect on 2-body currents (Sam Thompson)
- Rate calculations for BSM models (Nav Krishnan, Raghda A. Khaleq)
- (Beyond) Mean-Field description instead of Shell Model (Raghda A. Khaleq)



R.A. Khaleq



S. Thompson



N. Krishnan



A. Stuchbery

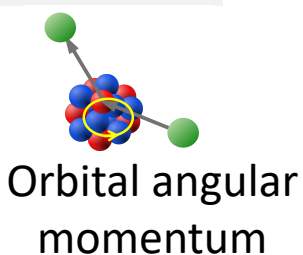
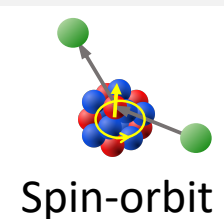
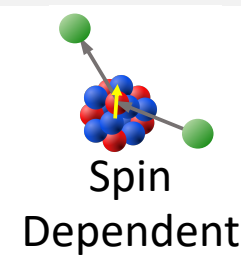
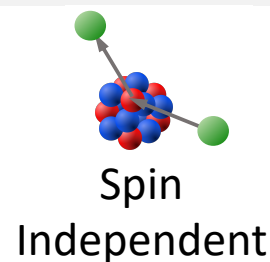
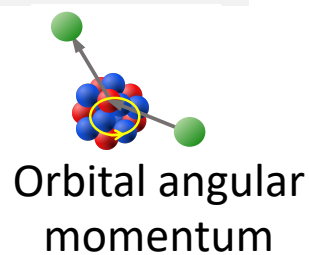
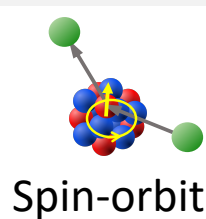
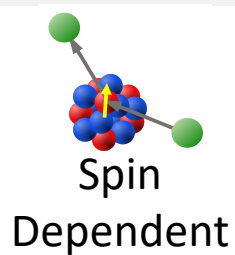
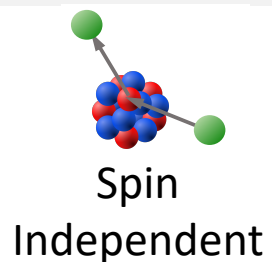
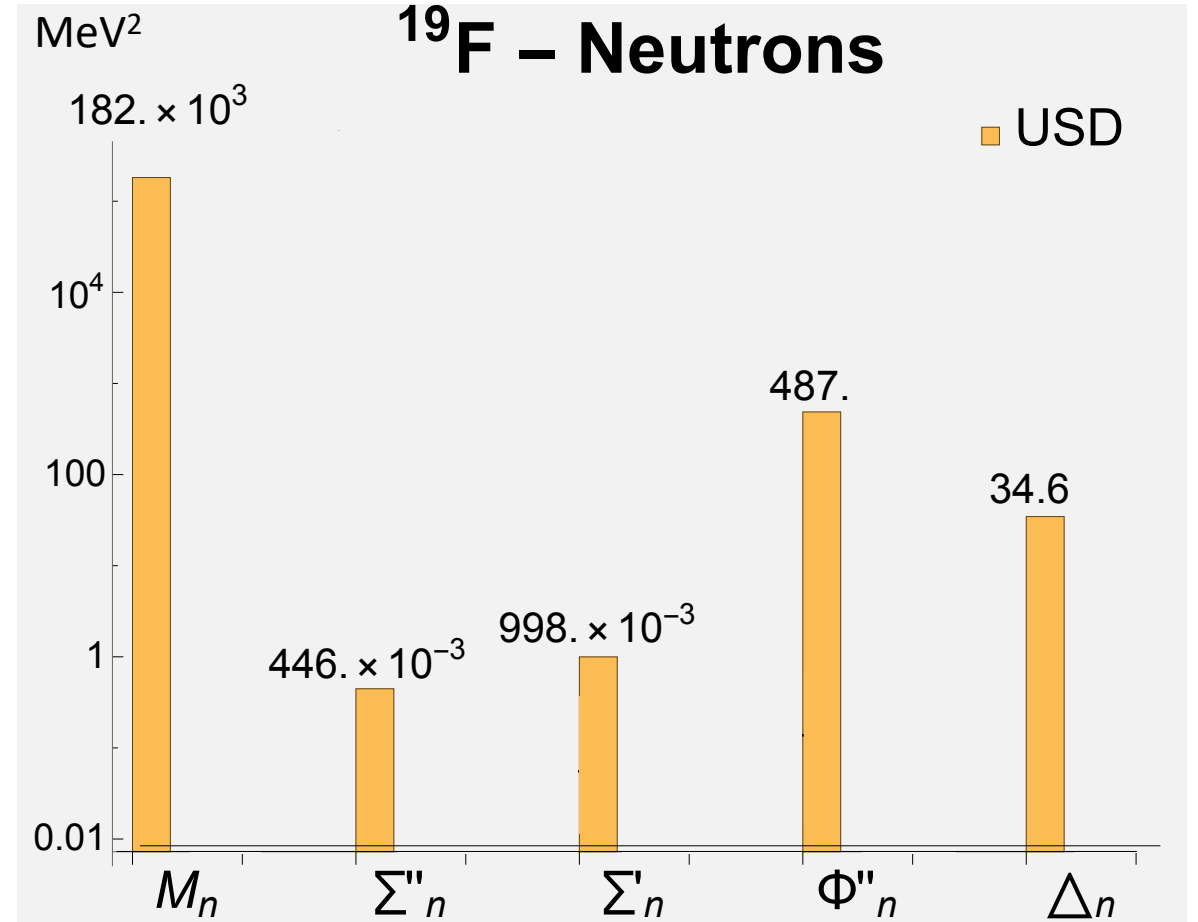
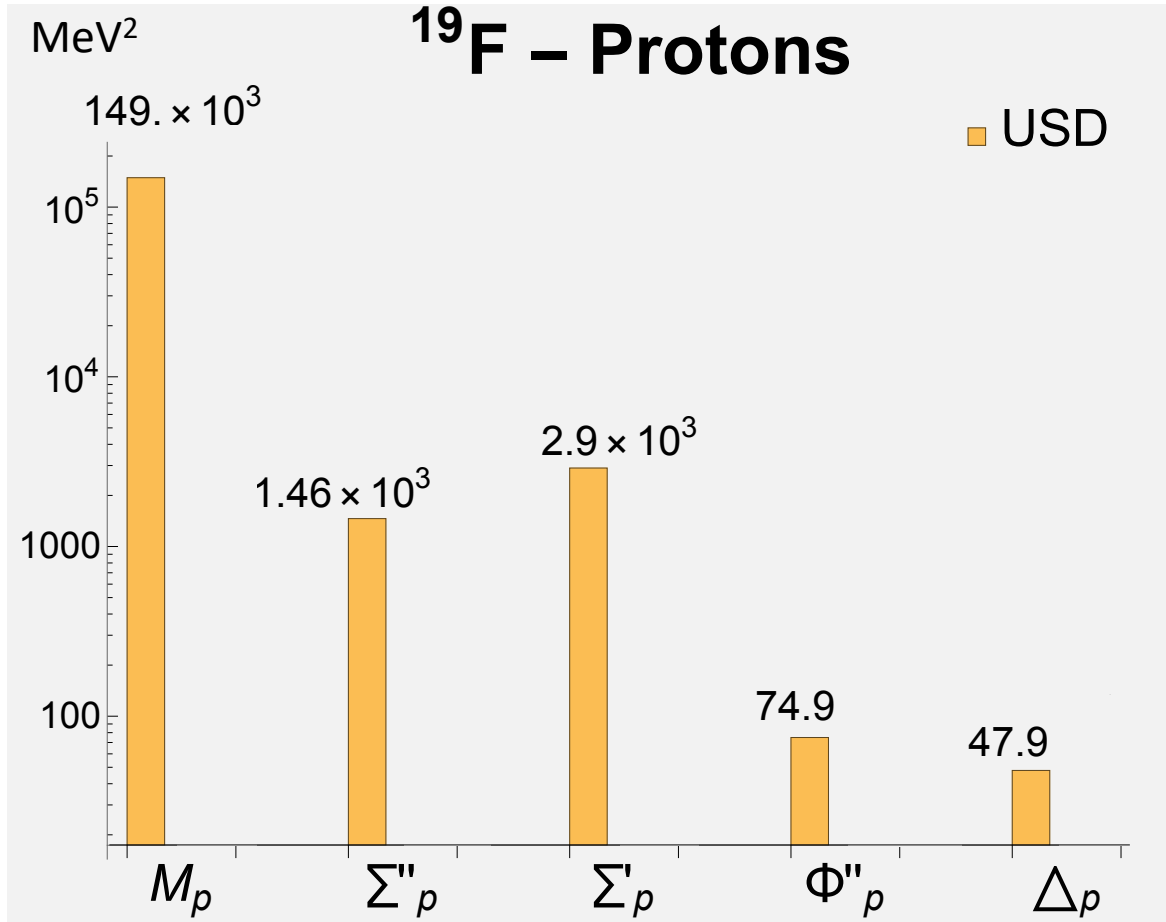


G. Busoni

Nuclear response functions

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Nuclear response functions

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