



Electrically tuneable terahertz metasurface enabled by a graphene/gold bilayer structure

Dr. Andrew Squires | CSIRO

13 Dec 2022

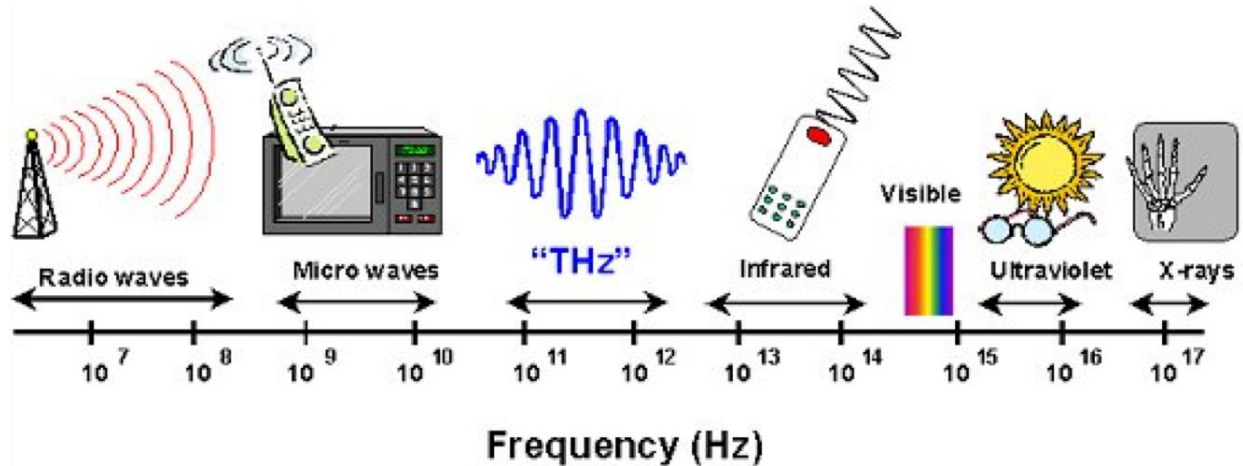


Outline

1. Introduce THz physics and graphene
2. Show where CSIRO operates in this space
3. Present details of gold THz metasurface
4. How graphene tuneability was incorporated
5. Experimental results



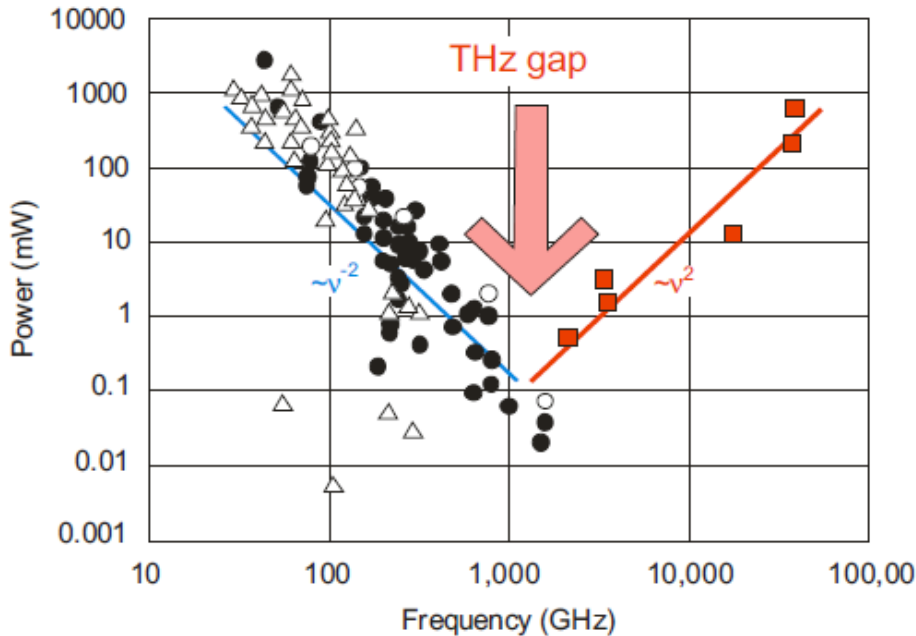
High Frequency (THz) Physics



- Terahertz physics (0.1 – 10THz) represents a technological ‘gap’ between electronics and photonics



The Fabled 'THz Gap'



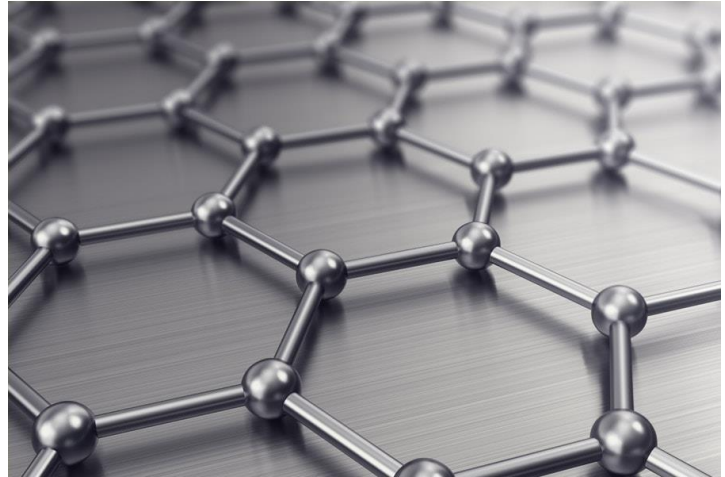
Intrinsic limitations of current technologies requires new materials, like graphene, to access this region and 'bridge the gap' between electronics and optics

<https://www.uwaterahertz.com/terahertz.html>



Graphene for high frequency electronics

- 2D layer of sp^2 hybridized carbon atoms
- First shown experimentally in 2004 by Novoselov and Geim
- Possesses many unique and exciting electrical and electromagnetic properties



<https://www.2dmaterialsmag.com/>

In theory



FANTASTIC



Experimentally



Not so much...



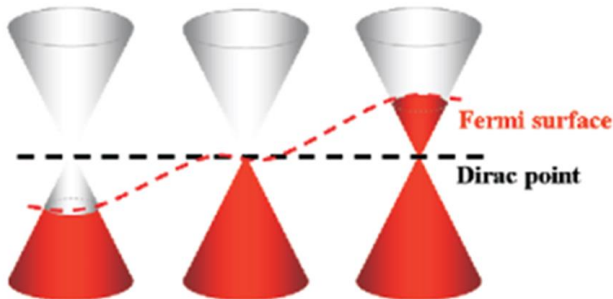


Graphene for high frequency (THz) electronics

High electron mobility



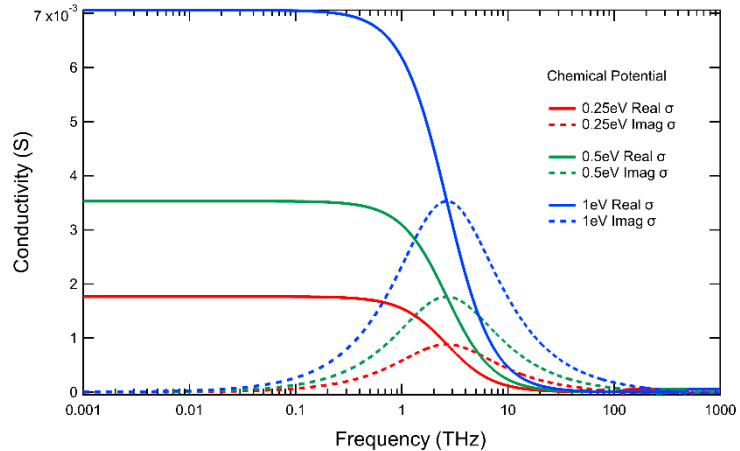
Electrically tuneable conductivity



Bias V



Xu et al. ACS NANO, 2011



Also supports plasmonic modes (not relevant for this talk)



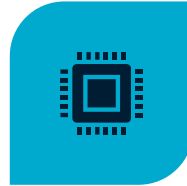
CSIRO's unique position



GRAPHENE



DEVICE DESIGN
AND THEORY



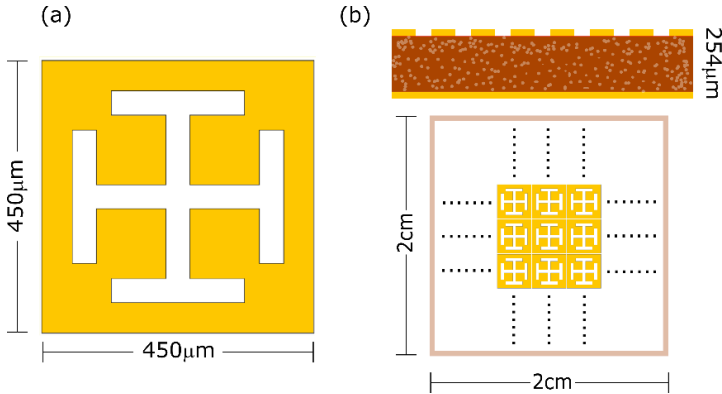
MICRO-
FABRICATION



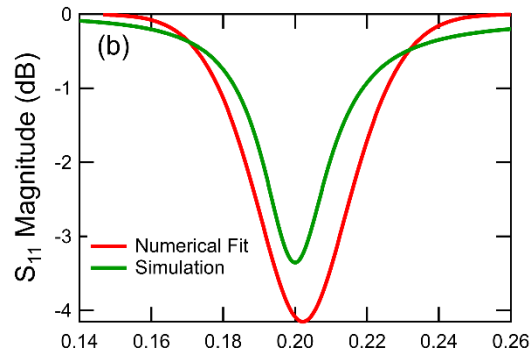
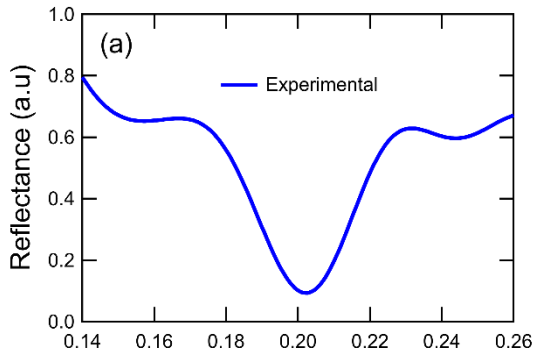
TERAHERTZ
PHYSICS



Base structure: 0.2THz metamaterial absorber



- Designed for strong (frequency selective) resonance at 0.2THz
- Uses flexible PCB board Rogers5880
- Good agreement between theory and experiment



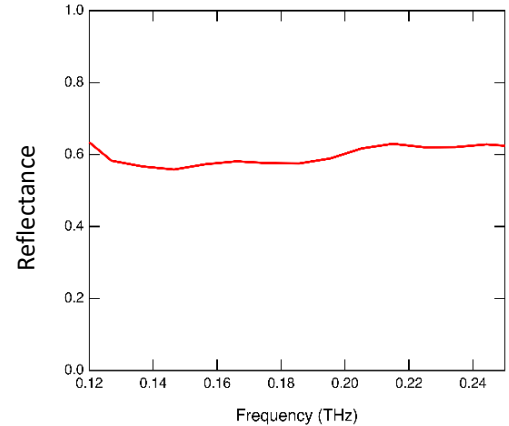
Frequency (THz)



Introducing graphene tuning into absorber

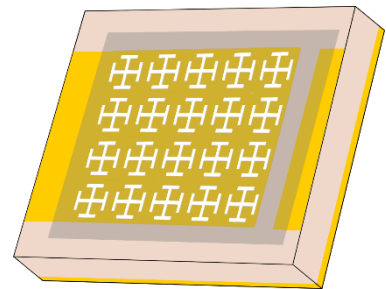
Option 1: Apply graphene sheet

- Simple method
- Severely limiting
- For this device: **poor response**



Option 2: Pattern graphene/gold

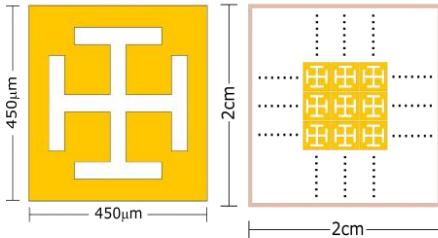
- Very careful in film transfer and photolithography process
- Realisable with alternating Ar and O plasma etch.
- For this device: **Great response**



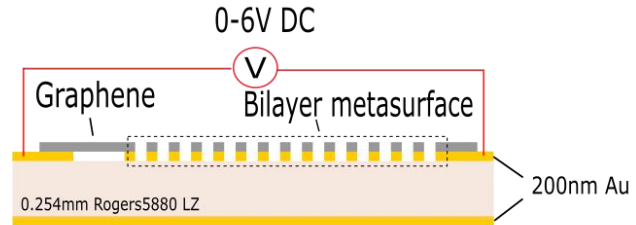
Also attempted graphene-only metasurface – No resonance

Tuneable graphene/gold bilayer

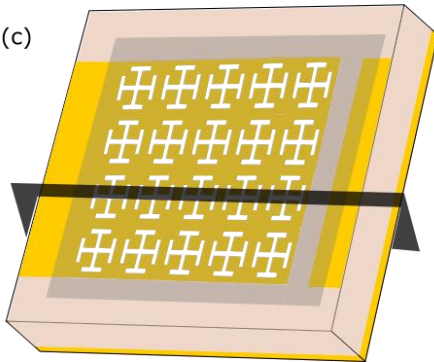
(a)



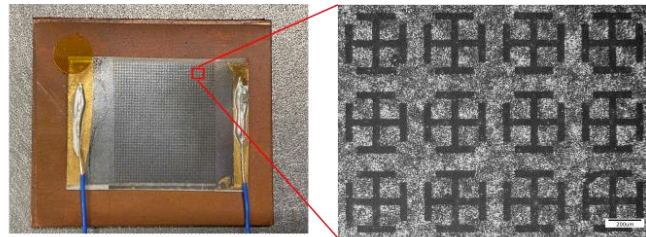
(b)



(c)



(d)



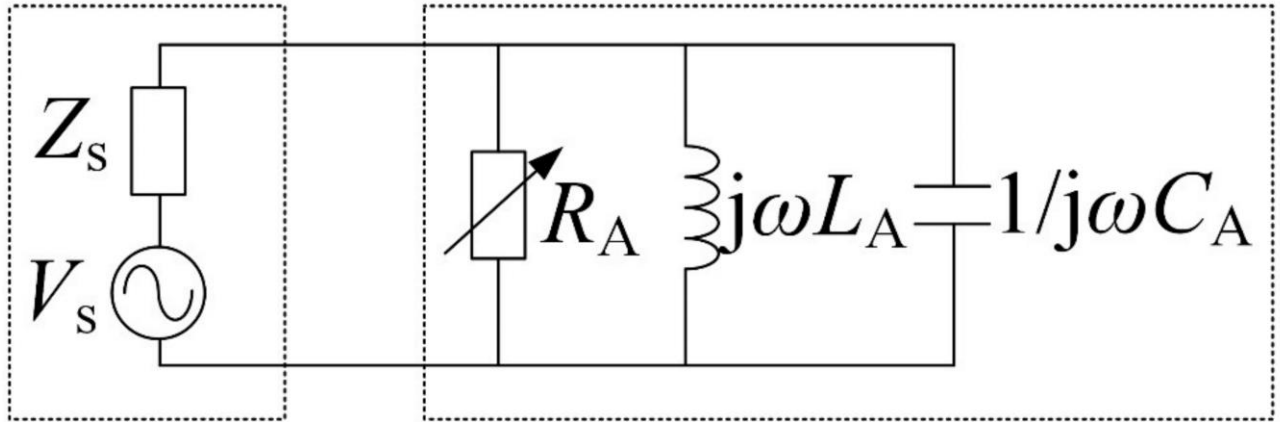
Details in publication: Squires, A.D., Gao, X., Du, J. *et al.* Electrically tuneable terahertz metasurface enabled by a graphene/gold bilayer structure. *Commun Mater* **3**, 56 (2022).
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s43246-022-00279-7>



Equivalent circuit model

Equivalent source circuit

Equivalent load circuit

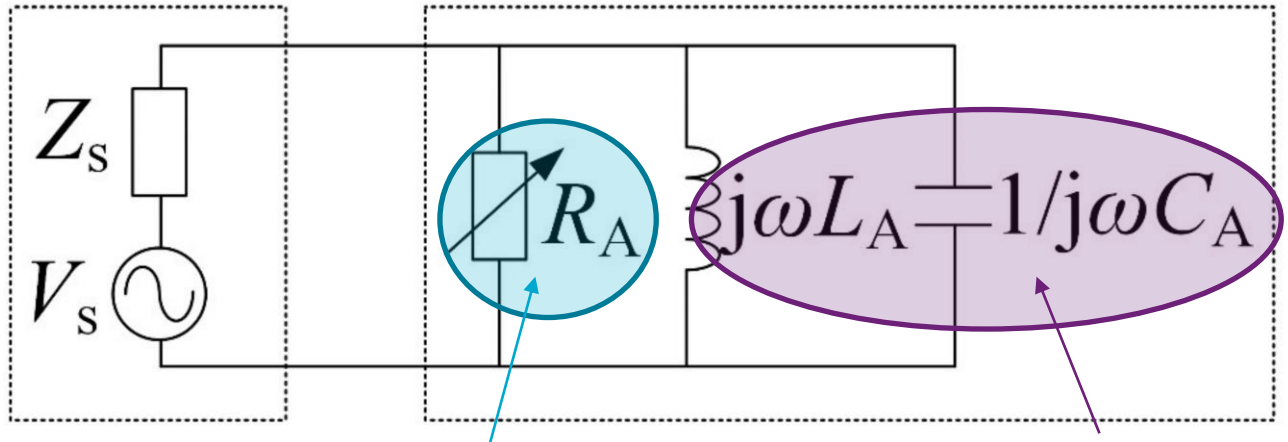




Equivalent circuit model

Equivalent source circuit

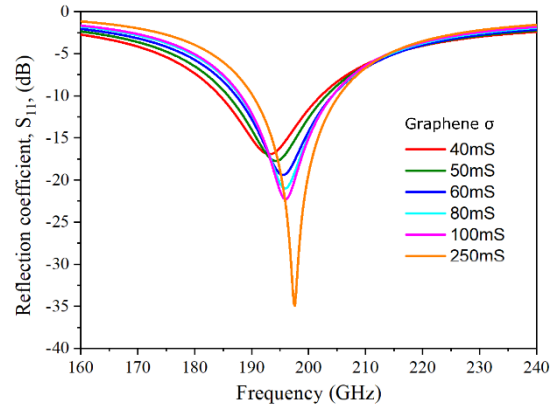
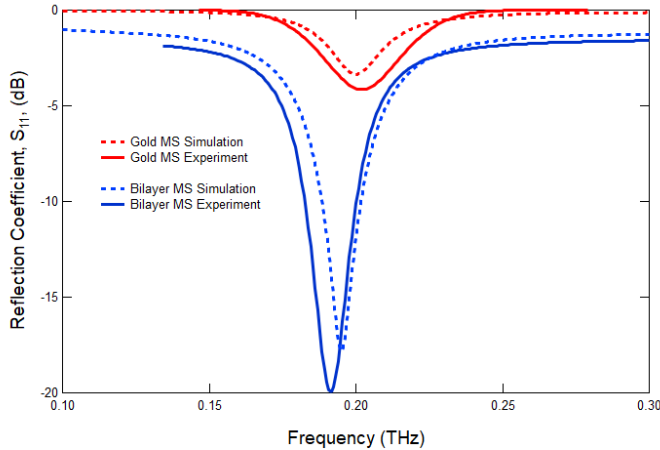
Equivalent load circuit



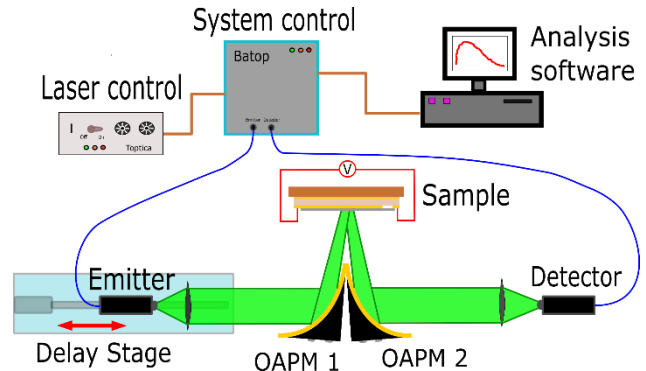
Conductivity of bilayer and dissipation properties of the substrate

Determined by metasurface structure

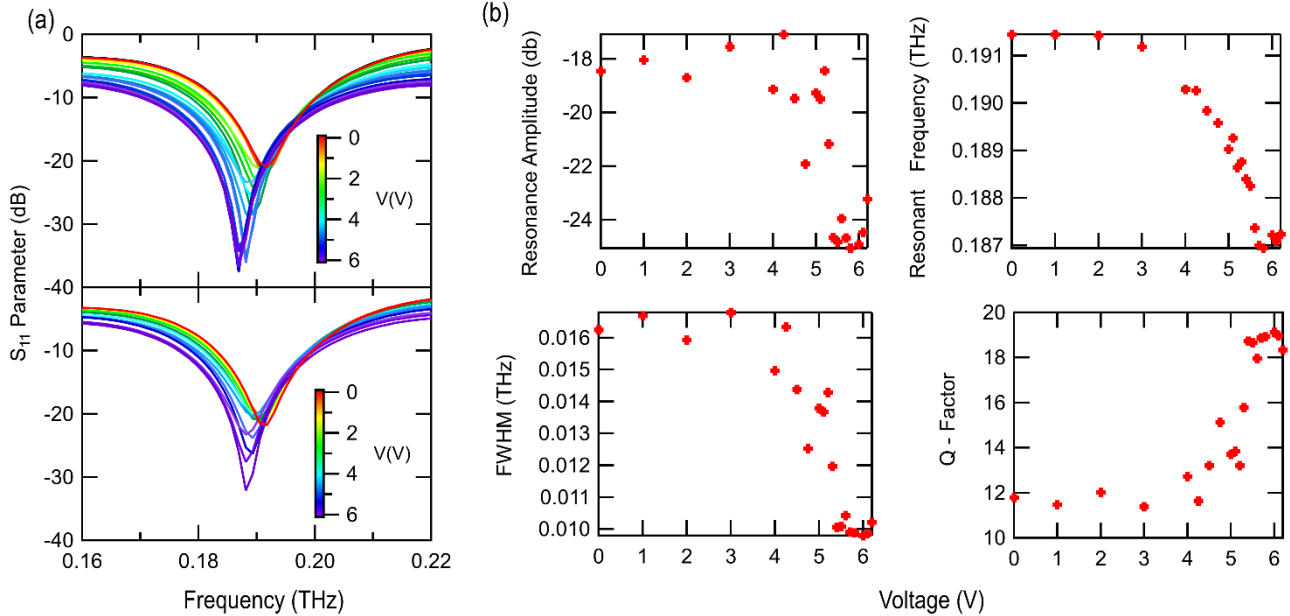
Comparison of simulation and experiment



- ✓ Good agreement from gold MS (red) maintained in bilayer (blue)
- ✓ Tuning function verified theoretically



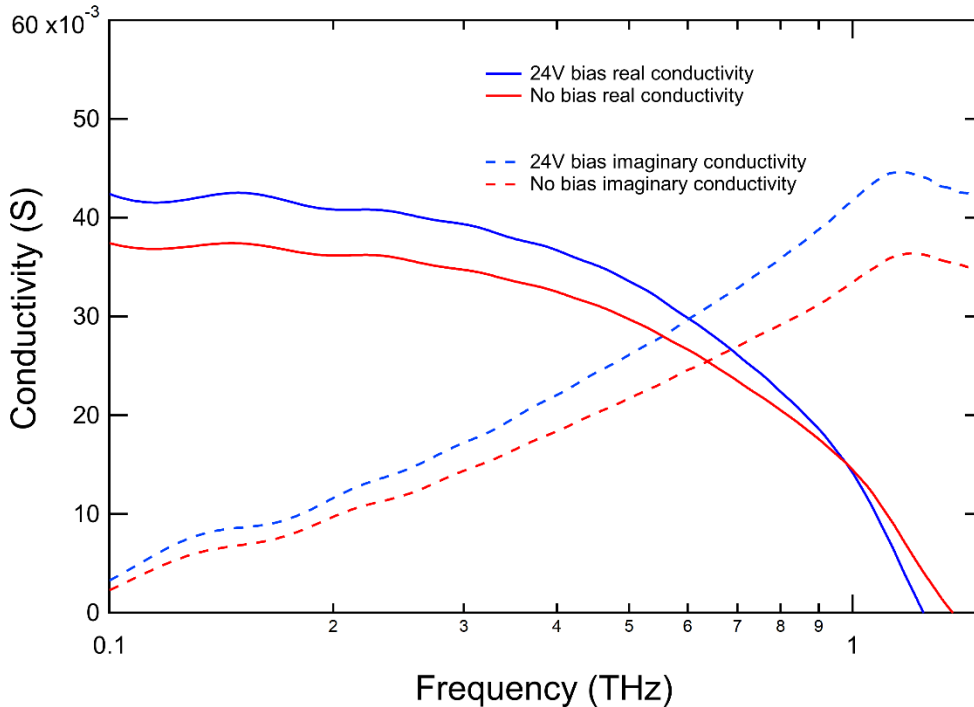
Tuning at 0.2THz



- ✓ 16dB Amplitude tuning for 0-6V bias
- ✓ Benchmark Q-factor up to 19 (for graphene/THz MS)
- ✓ Small frequency tuning (5GHz), opposite of simulation ?

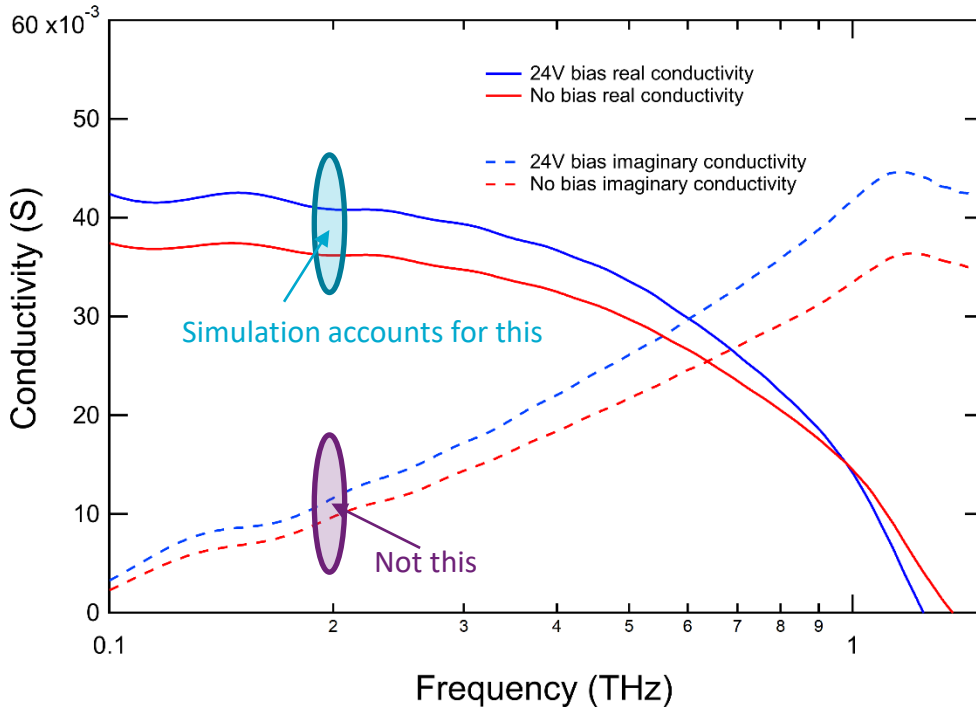


Graphene Conductivity Tuning





Graphene Conductivity Tuning





Tuning Mechanism

ARTICLE

Received 3 Nov 2015 | Accepted 9 Dec 2016 | Published 30 Jan 2017

DOI: [10.1038/ncomms14217](https://doi.org/10.1038/ncomms14217)

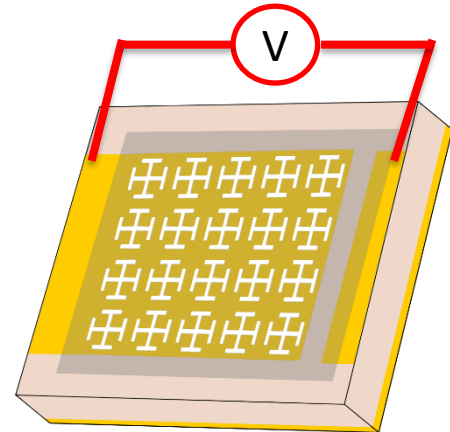
OPEN

Single-step ambient-air synthesis of graphene from renewable precursors as electrochemical genosensor

Dong Han Seo^{1,*}, Shafique Pineda^{1,2,*}, Jinghua Fang³, Yesim Gozukara¹, Samuel Yick¹, Avi Bendavid¹, Simon Kwai Hung Lam¹, Adrian T. Murdock¹, Anthony B. Murphy¹, Zhao Jun Han¹ & Kostya (Ken) Ostrikov^{1,2,4}

Results suggest enhanced tuning in CSIRO GraphAir films

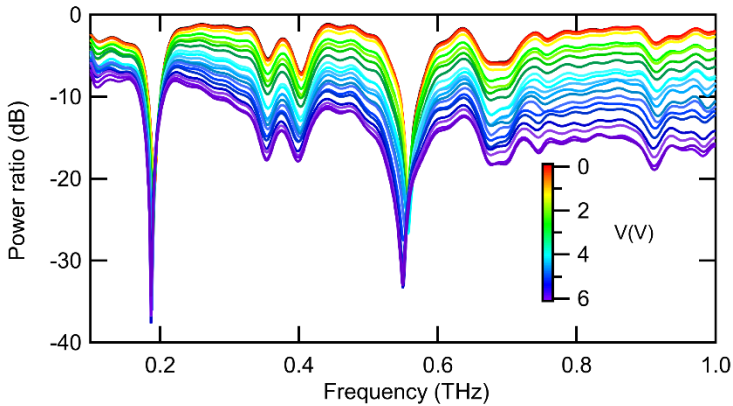
- Still trying to understand this
- CSIRO GraphAir films highly dislocated which decouples layers in the z-direction.





Broadband Response

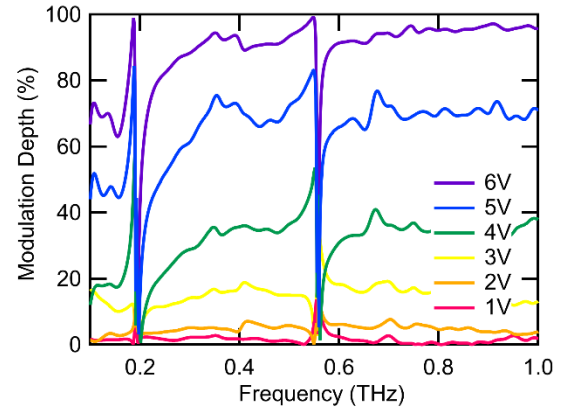
(a)



Auxiliary modes at 0.36THz, 0.40THz and 0.56THz

- Tuneable as per the 0.2THz mode, although not as pronounced

(b)



Broadband modulation

- 0.23 - 0.32THz = 85%
- 0.43 - 0.50THz = 91%
- Above 0.72THz = 95%



Summary

- Introduced graphene and THz region of the electromagnetic spectrum
- Highlighted CSIRO's desirable position in this space
- Showed graphene/gold bilayer are useful method of producing high Q-factor tuneable resonances at THz frequencies
 - 16dB amplitude tuning at 0.2THz resonance
 - High Q-factor (19) resonance
 - Up to 95% broadband modulation



Acknowledgments

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 - Tim van der Laan, Jia Du and Zhaojun Han (supervisors)
 - Michael Seo, Tim Van Der Laan and James Cooper (Graphene production)
 - Jeina Lazar, Wendy Purches and Simon Lam (Fabrication assistance)
 - Avi Bendavid (Mentoring and materials/fabrication assistance)
 - Xiang Gao and Ting Zhang (Device designs)



Thank you

Andrew Squires

CERC Postdoctoral Fellow

t +61 2 9413 7133

e andrew.squires@csiro.au

w www.csiro.au

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www.csiro.au

