

16th Varenna Conference on Nuclear Reaction Mechanisms

Global description in the $^{18}\text{O}+^{48}\text{Ti}$ collision
within the NUMEN project



Onoufrios Sgouros
for the NUMEN collaboration
University of Catania and INFN-LNS

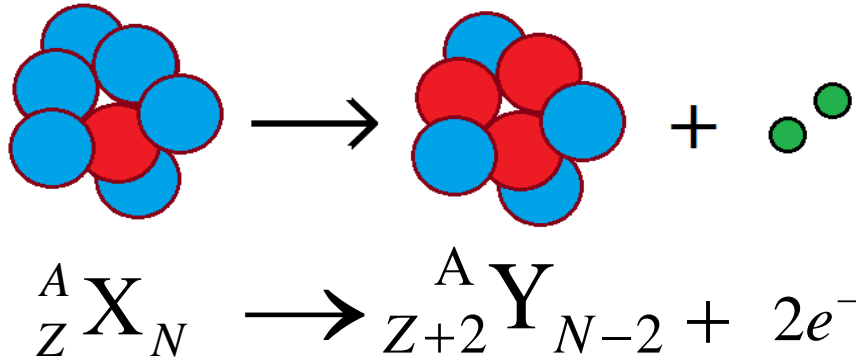


11-16 June 2023, Villa Monastero, Varenna, Italy

Outline

- Introduction
 - Neutrinoless double beta decay
 - The NUMEN project
 - A global approach in the $^{18}\text{O}+^{48}\text{Ti}$ collision at 275 MeV
- Experimental details - The MAGNEX facility
- Particle identification
- Data reduction
 - $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{18}\text{O})^{48}\text{Ti}$ elastic scattering reaction
 - $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{19}\text{F})^{47}\text{Sc}$ and $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})^{49}\text{Ti}$ single-nucleon transfer reactions
 - $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{20}\text{Ne})^{46}\text{Ca}$ two-proton transfer reaction
 - $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{18}\text{Ne})^{48}\text{Ca}$ double charge exchange reaction
- Summary - Conclusions

Neutrinoless double beta ($0\nu\beta\beta$) decay



E. Majorana, *Il Nuovo Cimento* 14, 171 (1937)

W. H. Furry, *Phys. Rev.* 56, 1184 (1939)

- Forbidden by the Standard model
- Not observed yet
- Prominent probe of neutrino nature and mass

Decay rate of $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

$$T_{1/2}^{-1} = G_{0\nu} |M_{0\nu\beta\beta}|^2 |f(m_i)|^2$$

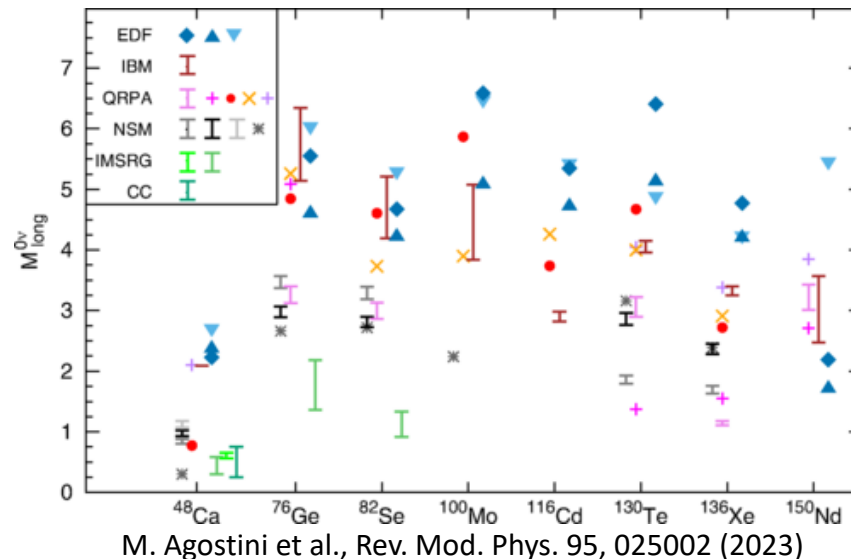
Accessible through experiment

$$M_{0\nu\beta\beta} = \langle \phi_f | \hat{O}^{0\nu\beta\beta} | \phi_i \rangle$$

Nuclear Matrix Element (NME)

Accessible through theoretical calculations

Large discrepancies between the various structure models!!



Talk by
M. Colonna

The NUMEN project



NUclear
Matrix
Elements for
Neutrinoless
double beta decay

F. Cappuzzello et al.,
EPJA 54, 72 (2018)



Access information on the Nuclear Matrix Elements (NMEs) of the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay through the study of the Double Charge Exchange (DCE) reactions induced by heavy ions.

H. Lenske et al.,
Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys.
109, 103716 (2019)

F. Cappuzzello et al.,
Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 128,
103999 (2023)



$0\nu\beta\beta$ decay

DCE reaction

Mediated by weak interaction

Mediated by strong interaction

So, why DCE reactions?

Talks by
H. Lenske and
M. Colonna

$$M_{0\nu\beta\beta} = \langle \underline{\phi}_f | \hat{O}^{0\nu\beta\beta} | \underline{\phi}_i \rangle$$

$$M_{DCE} = \langle \underline{\phi}_f | \hat{O}^{DCE} | \underline{\phi}_i \rangle$$

Important analogies between the two processes

Both processes probe the same **initial** and **final** state wave functions
The transition operators "O" have a similar mathematical structure

The NUMEN project



NUclear
Matrix
Elements for
Neutrinoless
double beta decay

F. Cappuzzello et al.,
EPJA 54, 72 (2018)

NUMEN review article
F. Cappuzzello et al.,
Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 128, 103999 (2023)



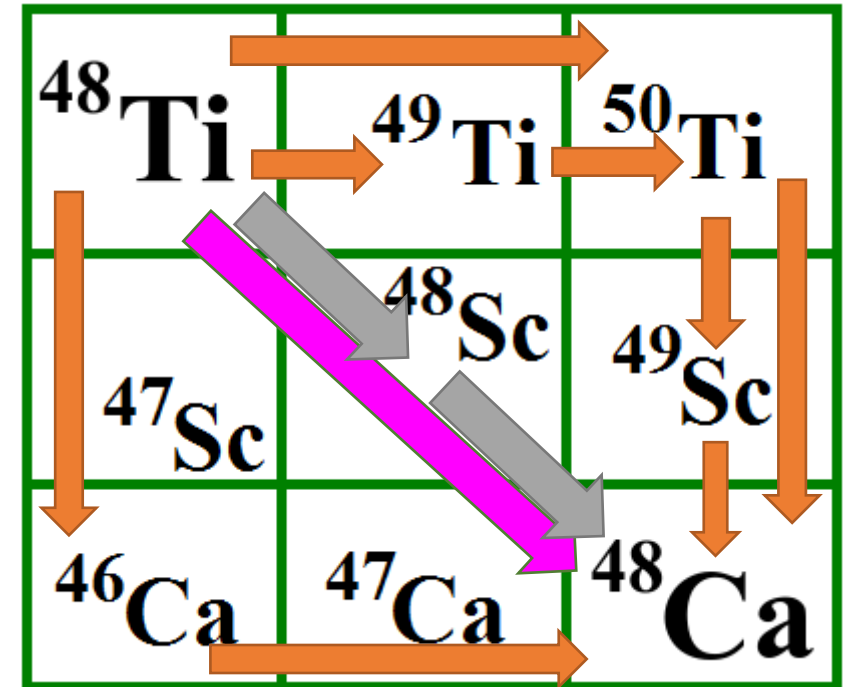
Access information on the Nuclear Matrix Elements (NMEs) of the $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay through the study of the Double Charge Exchange (DCE) reactions induced by heavy ions.



Transfer reactions: Competing processes leading to the same final states as DCE reaction.



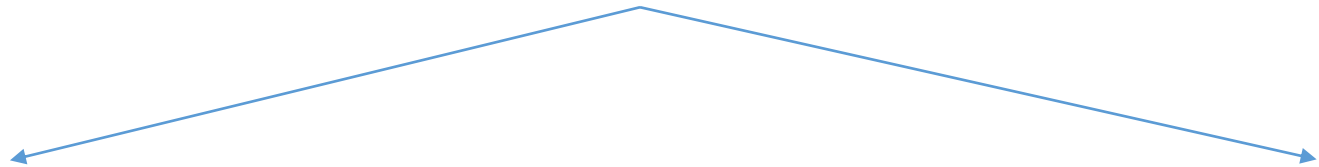
Measure the complete net of reaction channels that may contribute to the measured DCE cross-section.



The multi-channel approach within the NUMEN project

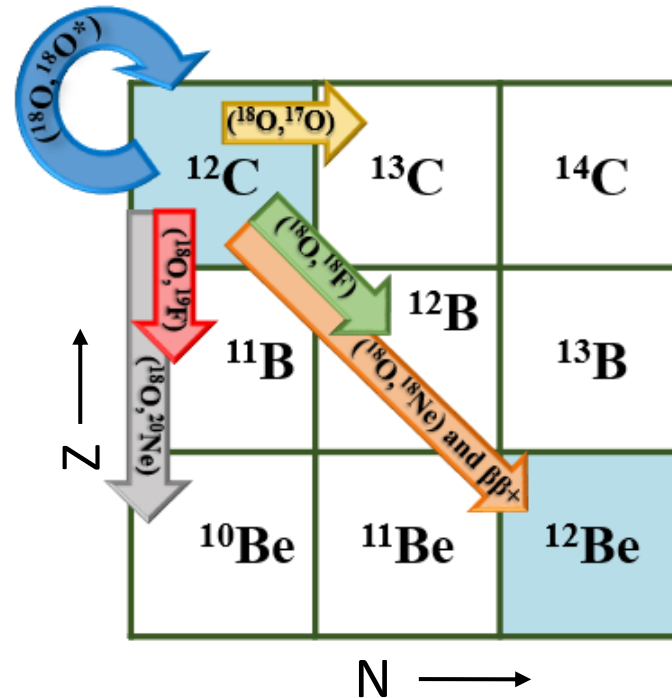


Measuring all the available reaction network under the same experimental conditions



Suppression of systematic errors in the data analysis

Provides the appropriate constraints in the adopted reaction and nuclear structure models



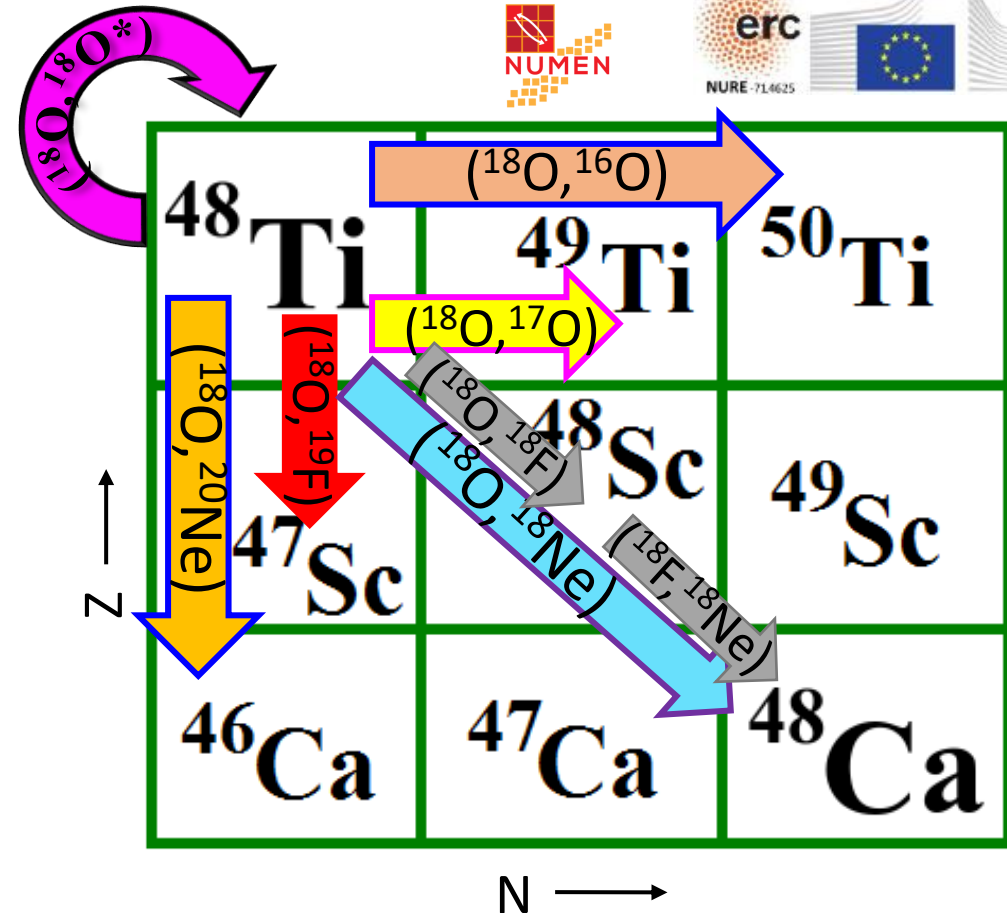
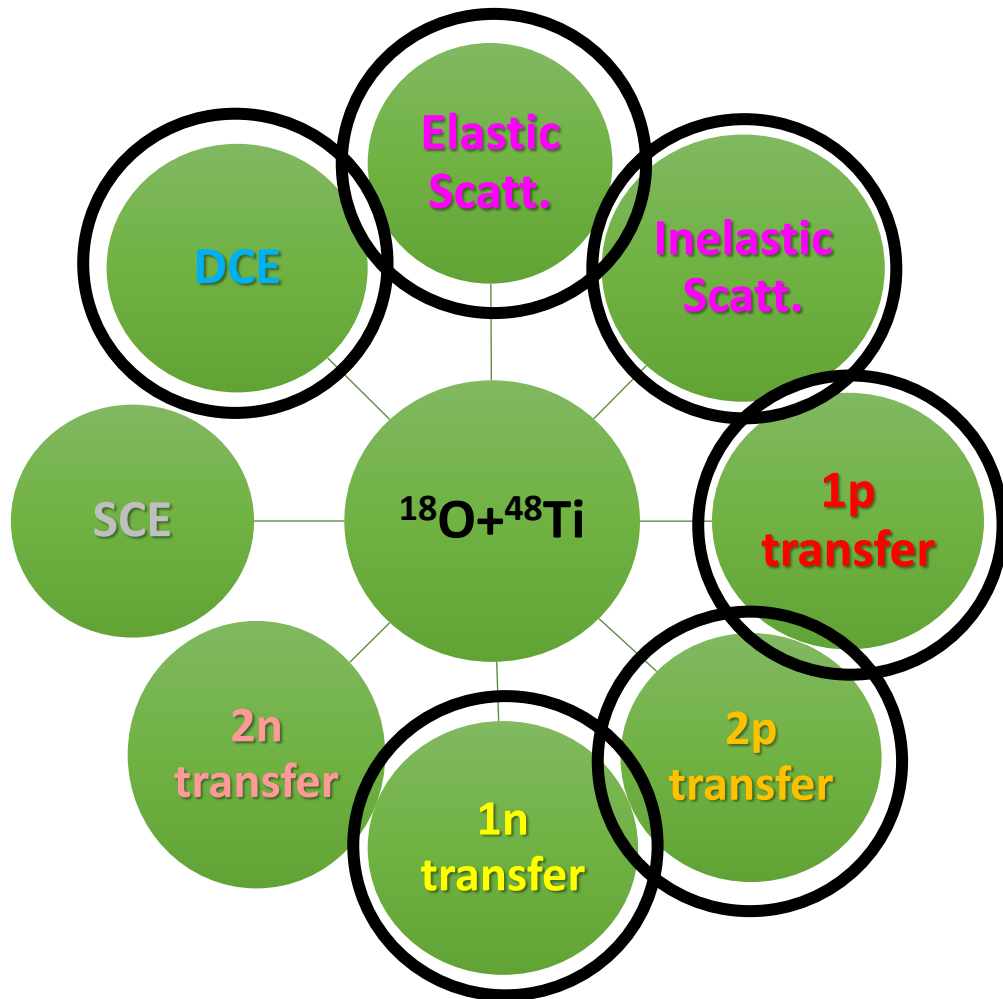
A. Spatafora et al., PRC 107, 024605 (2023)

Talk by
A. Spatafora

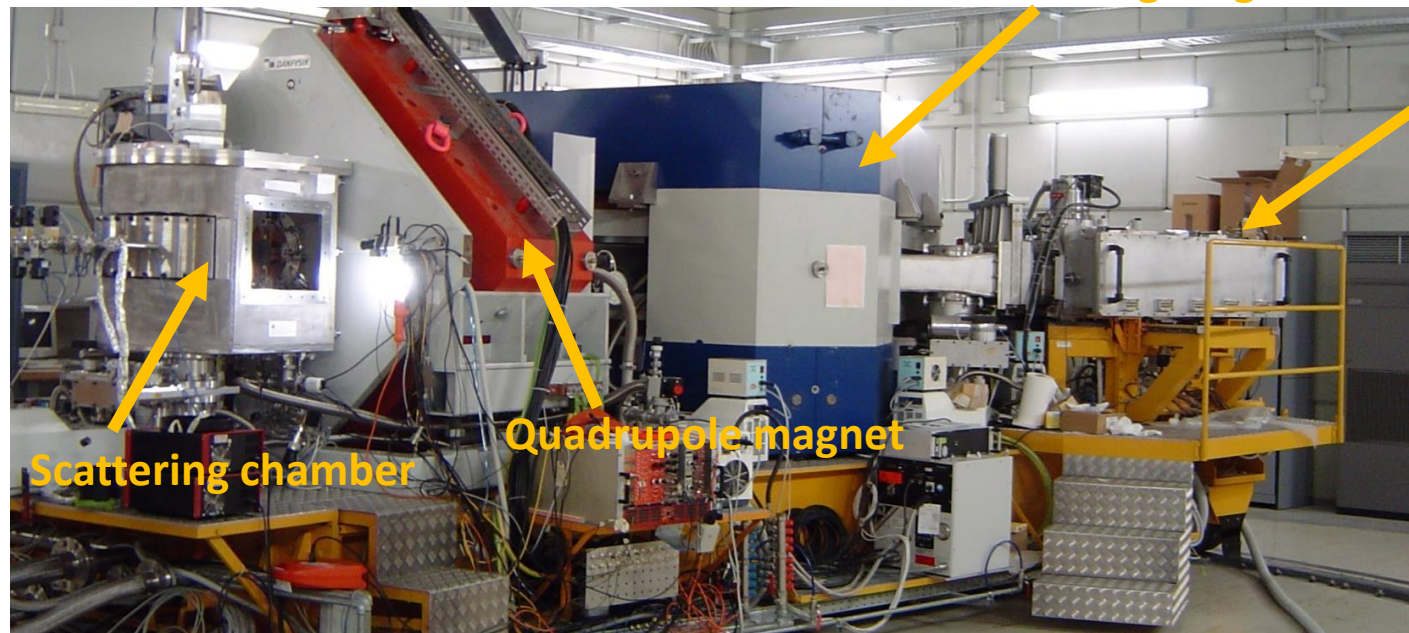
A global description of the $^{18}\text{O}+^{48}\text{Ti}$ collision @ 275 MeV

- Taking into consideration all the above, the study of the $^{18}\text{O}+^{48}\text{Ti}$ collision at the energy of 275 MeV was pursued by measuring the complete net of the available reaction channels as a part of NUMEN and NURE projects.

NURE: M. Cavallaro et al.,
PoS (BORMIO 2017), 015 (2017)



The MAGNEX large acceptance spectrometer



Bending magnet

Focal Plane Detector

Quadrupole magnet

Scattering chamber

Measurements in a wide mass range
(from protons up to ^{75}Zn)!!

MAGNEX characteristics

Max. Magnetic rigidity	1.8 Tm
Solid angle	50 msr
Momentum acceptance	-14%, +10%
Covered angular range	-20°, +85°

Achieved resolutions

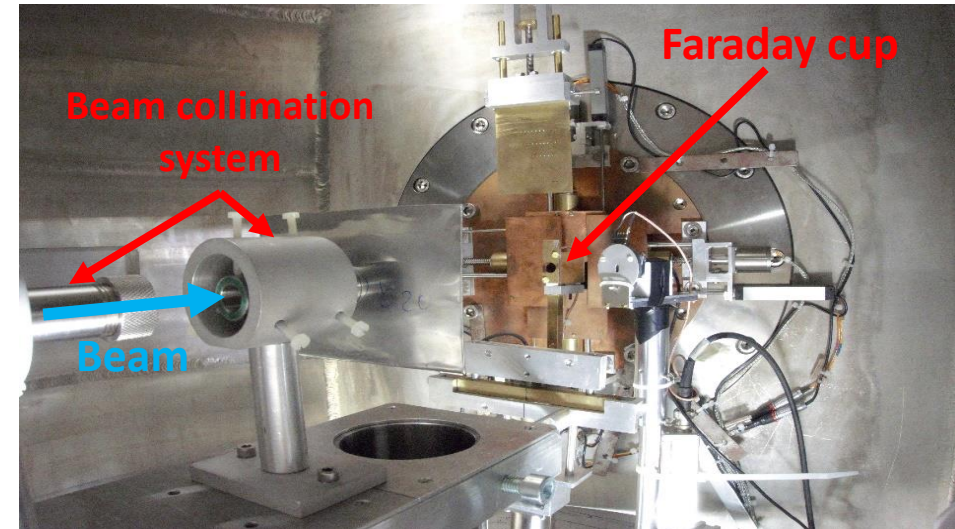
Energy $\Delta E/E$: 1/1000

Angular: 0.2°

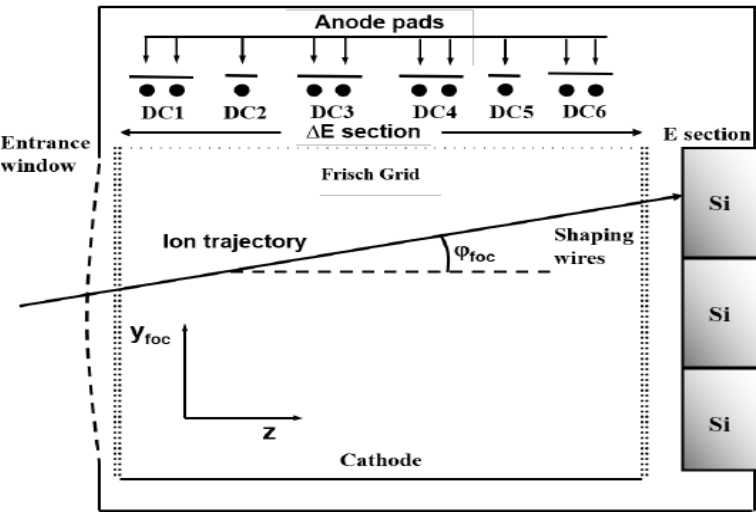
Mass $\Delta m/m$: 1/300

Experimental Details

- Beam: $^{18}\text{O}^{8+}$ accelerated by SC cyclotron at 275 MeV.
- Target: TiO_2 evaporated onto a thin ^{27}Al foil.
- Background estimation: 2 additional runs with a WO_3 and an ^{27}Al target.
- Detection system: The reaction ejectiles were detected by the MAGNEX Focal Plane Detector (FPD).

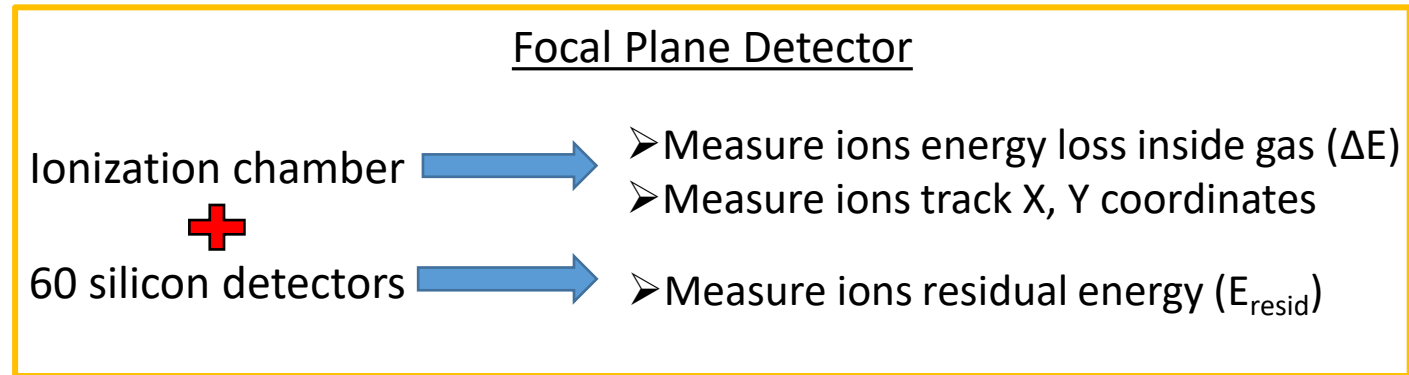


Inner part of the scattering chamber

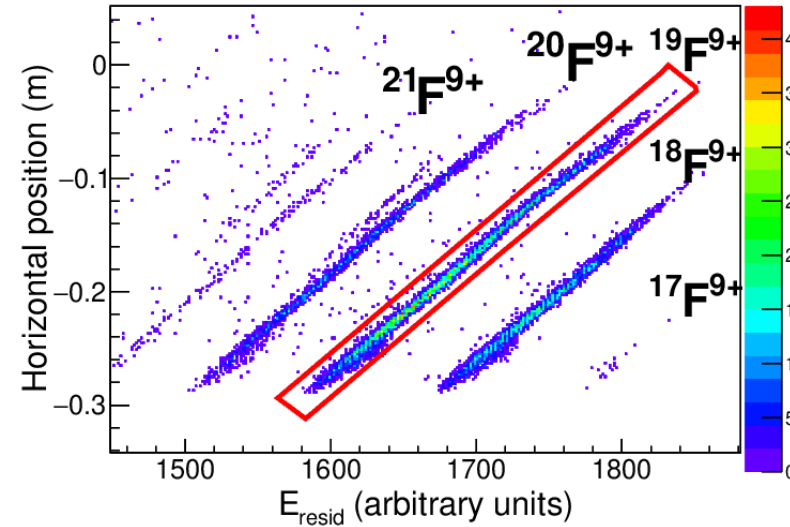
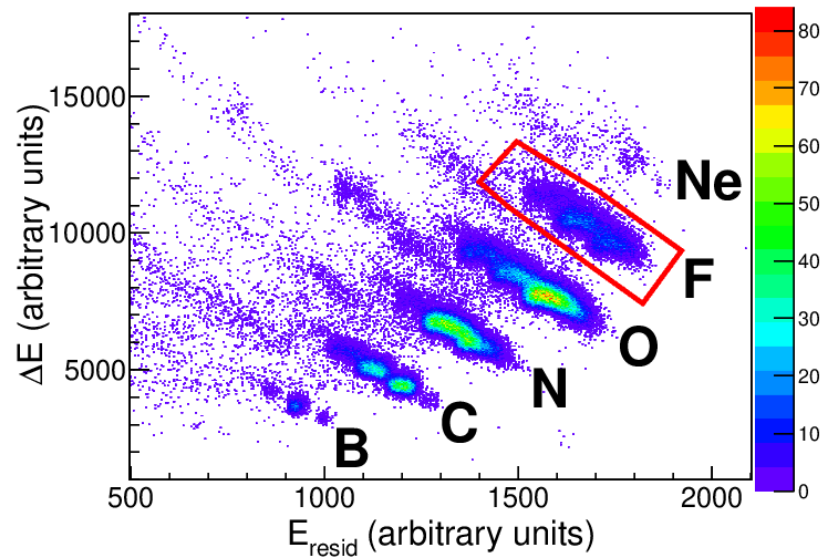


Lateral view of the MAGNEX FPD

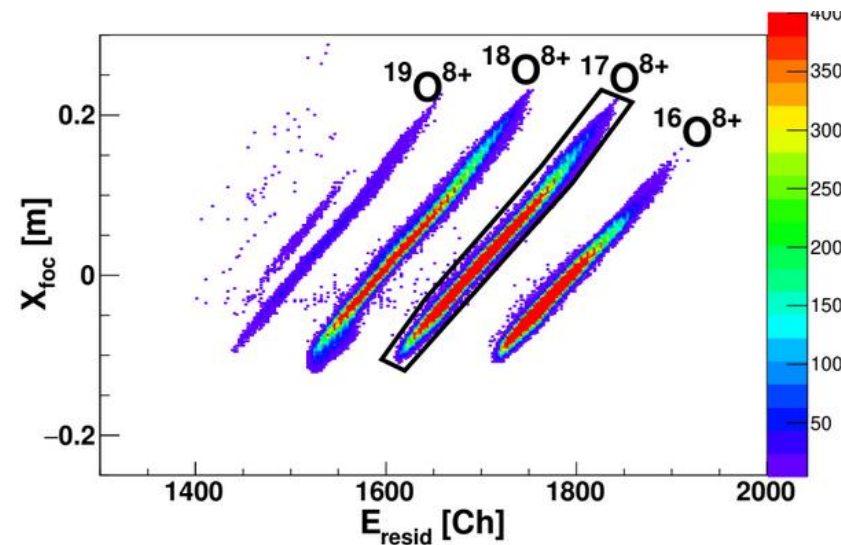
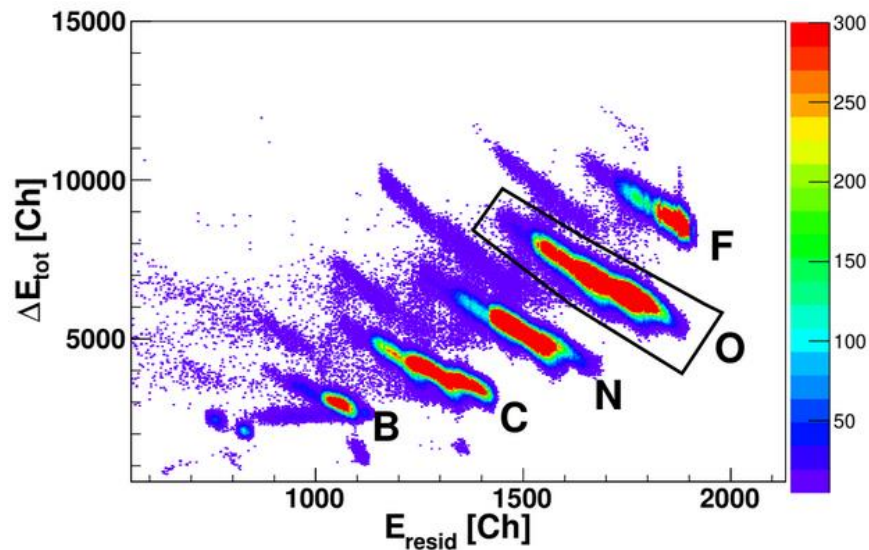
D. Torresi et al., NIM A 989, 164918 (2021)



Examples of particle identification spectra

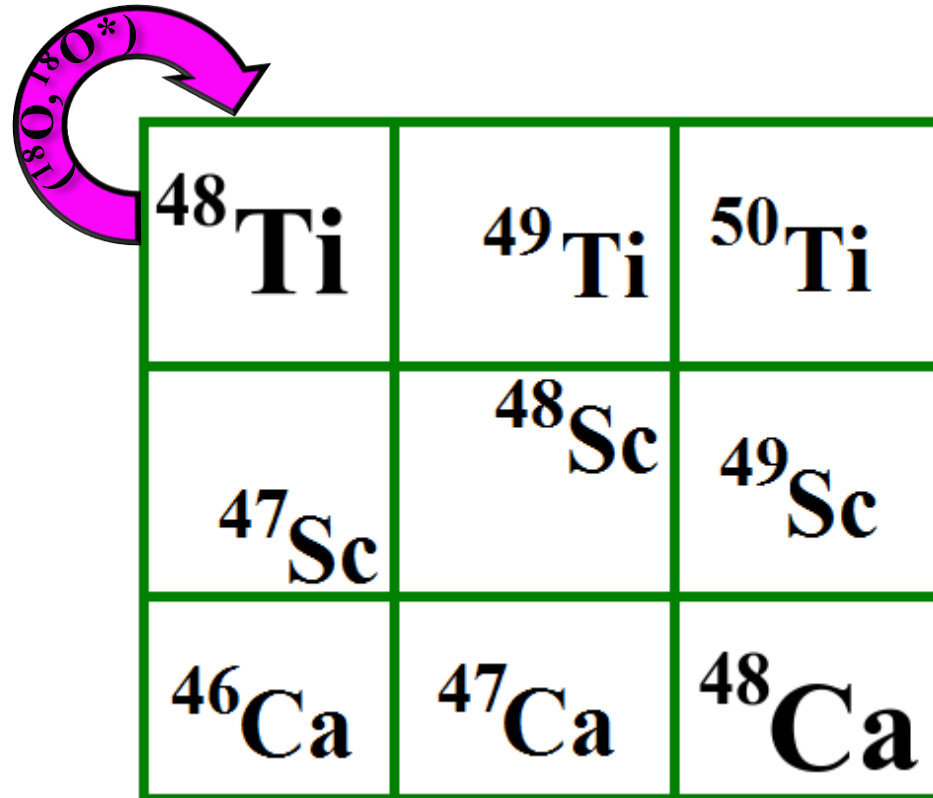


One-proton transfer channel
 $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{19}\text{F})^{47}\text{Sc}$

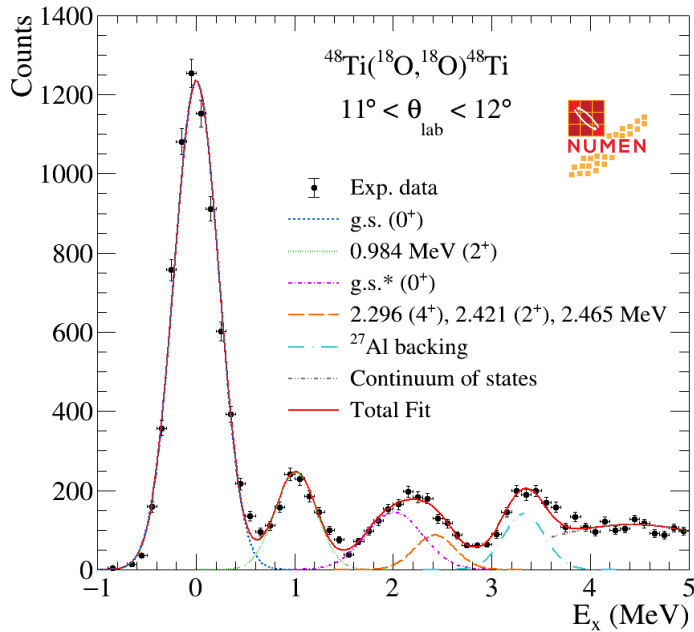


One-neutron transfer channel
 $^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{17}\text{O})^{49}\text{Ti}$

Elastic and inelastic scattering channels



Elastic and inelastic scattering channels



Energy resolution \approx 500 keV (FWHM)

G. A. Brischetto, PhD Thesis
 UNICT 2023

G. A. Brischetto et al. (in preparation)

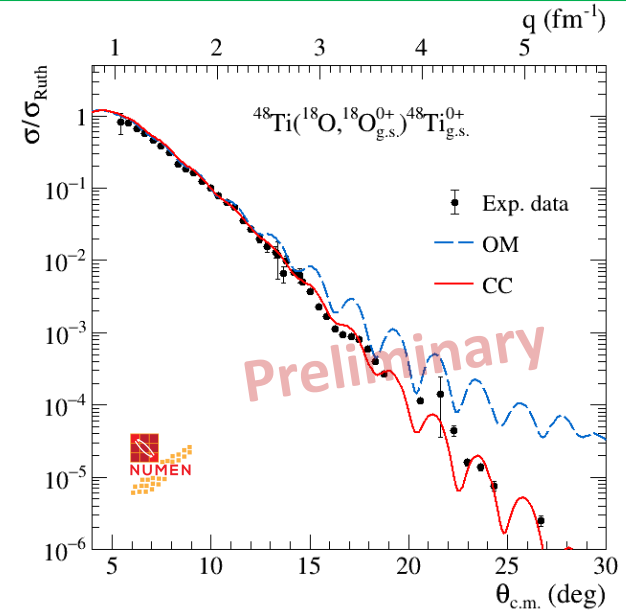
Optical Model

$$U_{nucl} = (N_R + iN_I)V_{SPP}$$

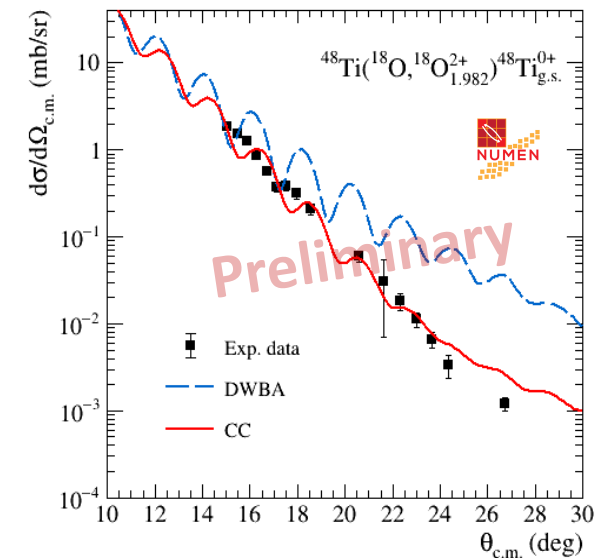
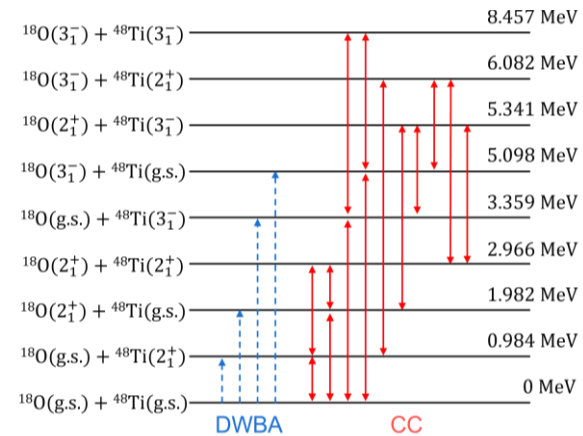
SPP: L. C. Chamon et al.,

PRC 66 (2002) 014610

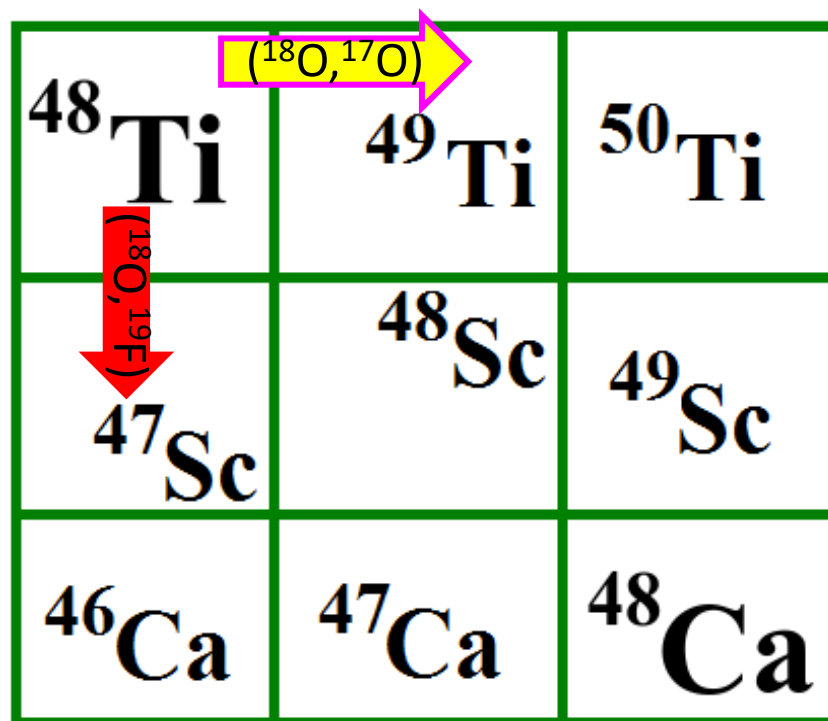
Calculation	N_R	N_I
OM/DWBA	1.0	0.78
CC	1.0	0.60



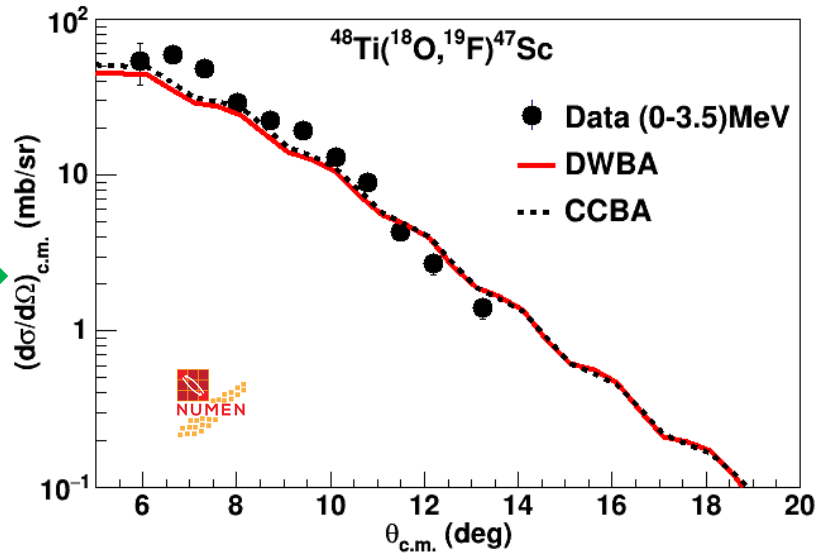
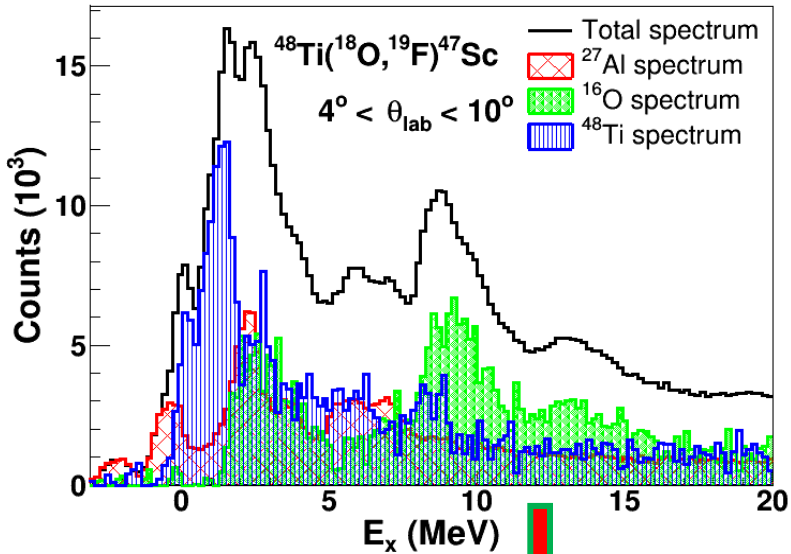
Coupling scheme



Single-nucleon transfer reactions



$^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{19}\text{F})^{47}\text{Sc}$ reaction

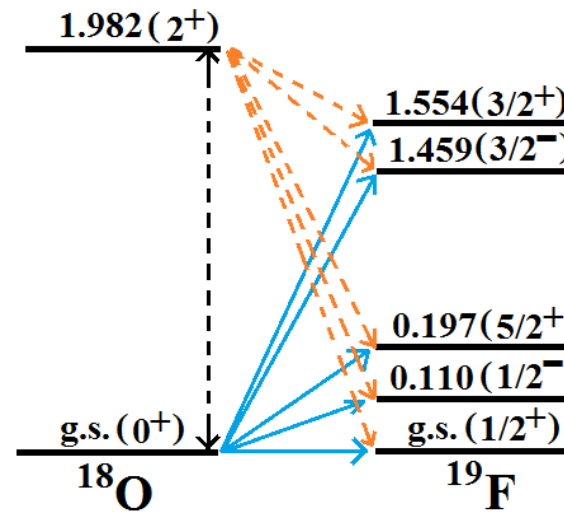
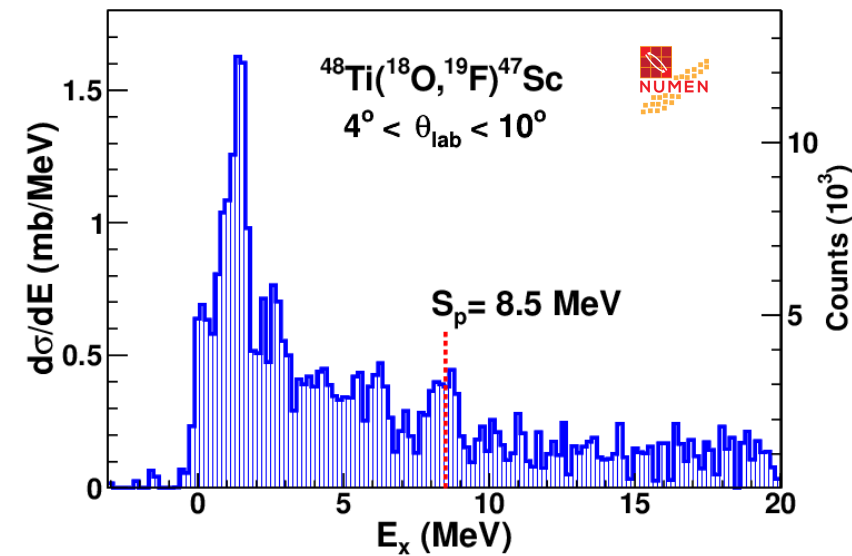


DWBA/CCBA ingredients

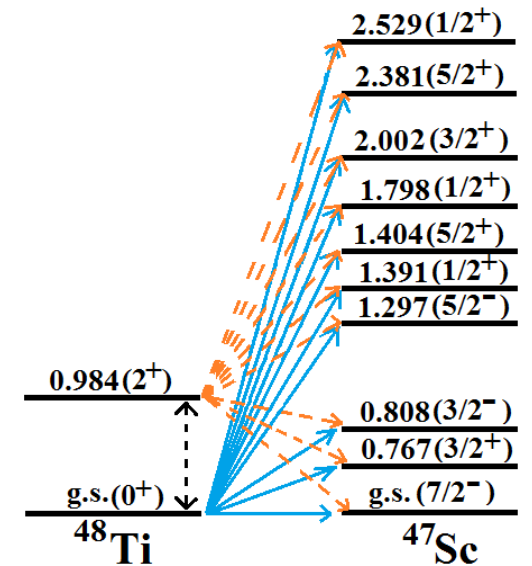
Overlaps	Interaction	Core	Nucleon orbitals
$\langle ^{19}\text{F} ^{18}\text{O} \rangle$	P-SD-MOD	^4He	1p, 1d, 2s
$\langle ^{47}\text{Sc} ^{48}\text{Ti} \rangle$	SDPF-MU	^{16}O	1d, 2s, 1f, 2p

ISI: Constrained from the analysis of the elastic scattering!

O. Sgouros et al., PRC 104, 034617 (2021)

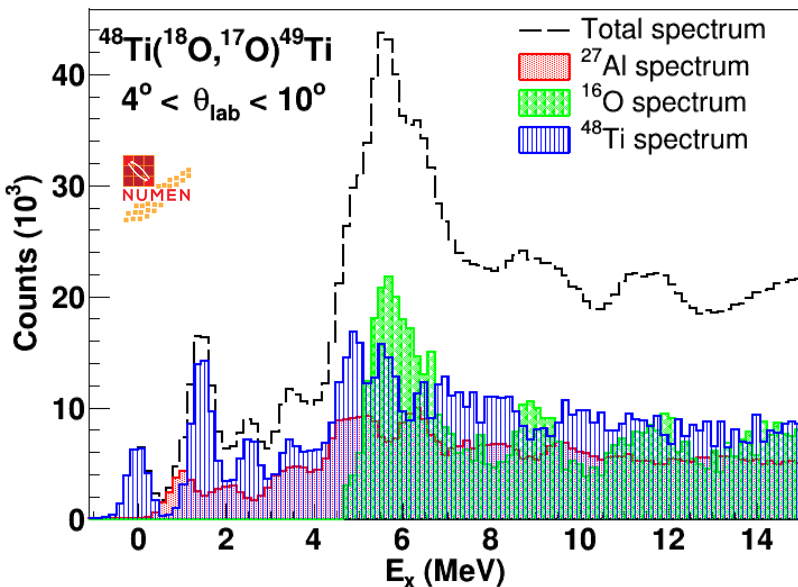


Projectile Overlaps



Target Overlaps

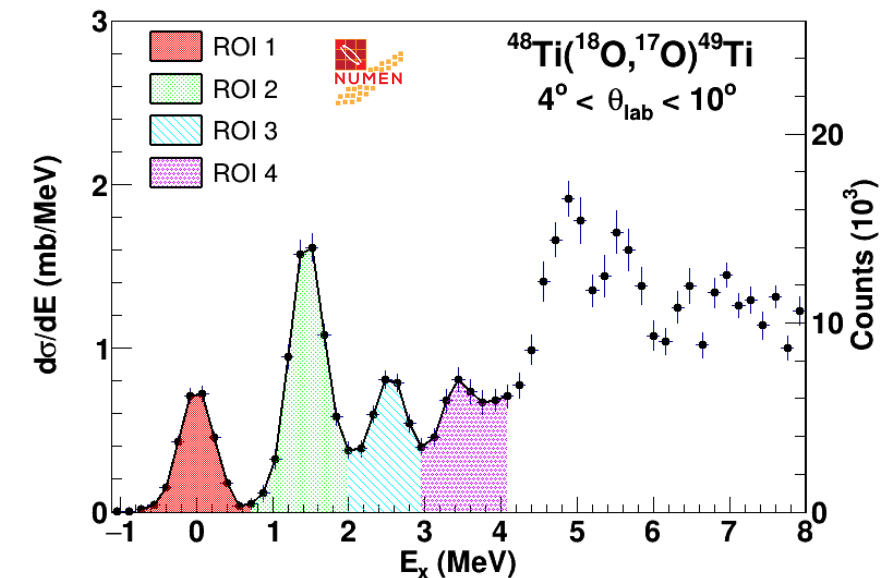
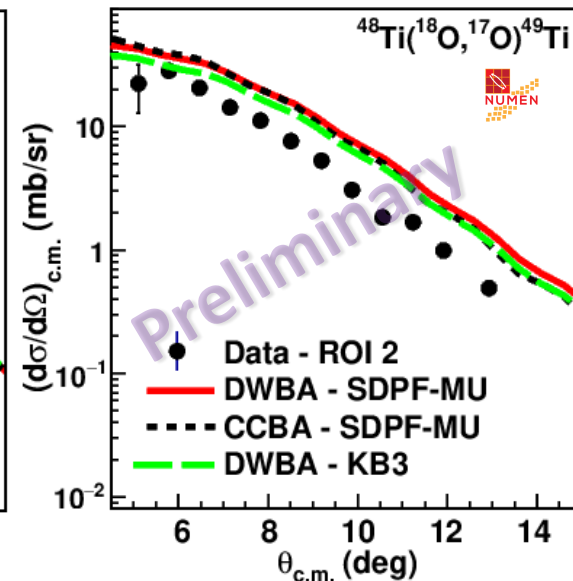
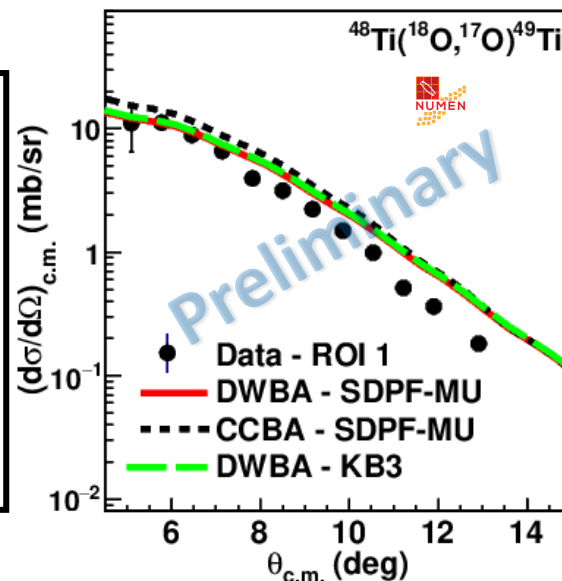
$^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O},^{17}\text{O})^{49}\text{Ti}$ reaction



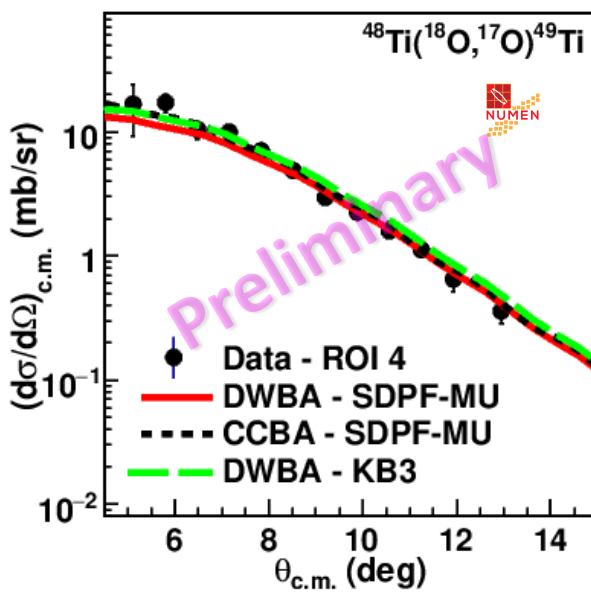
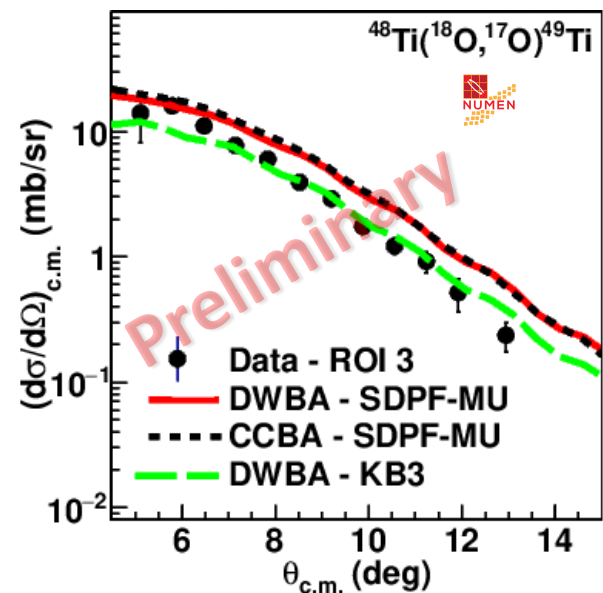
DWBA/CCBA ingredients

Overlaps	Interaction	Core	Nucleon orbitals
$\langle ^{17}\text{O} ^{18}\text{O} \rangle$	P-SD-MOD	^4He	1p, 1d, 2s
$\langle ^{49}\text{Ti} ^{48}\text{Ti} \rangle$	SDPF-MU	^{16}O	1d, 2s, 1f, 2p
$\langle ^{49}\text{Ti} ^{48}\text{Ti} \rangle$	KB3	^{40}Ca	1f, 2p

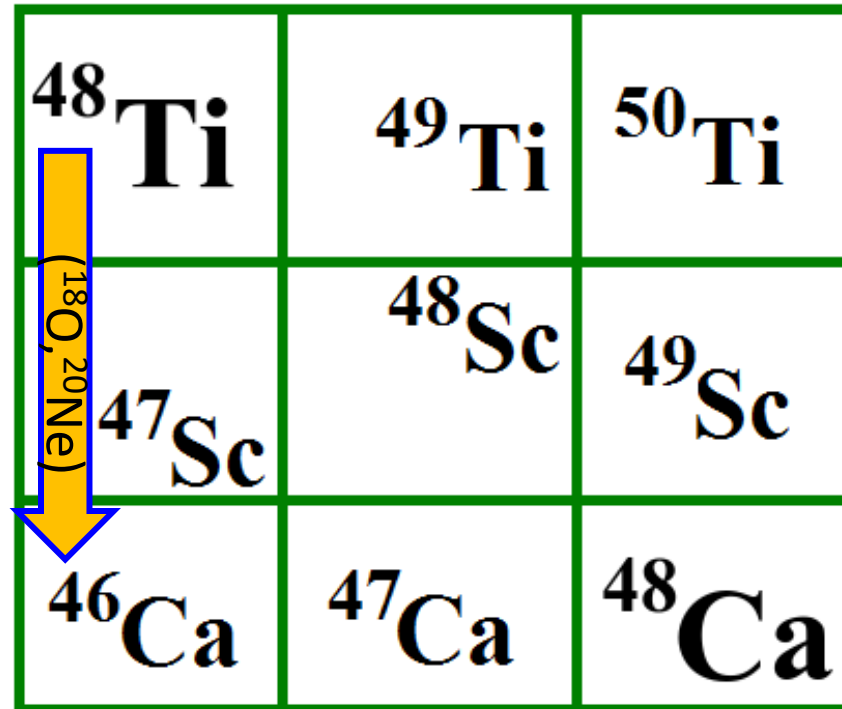
ISI: Constrained from the analysis of the elastic scattering!



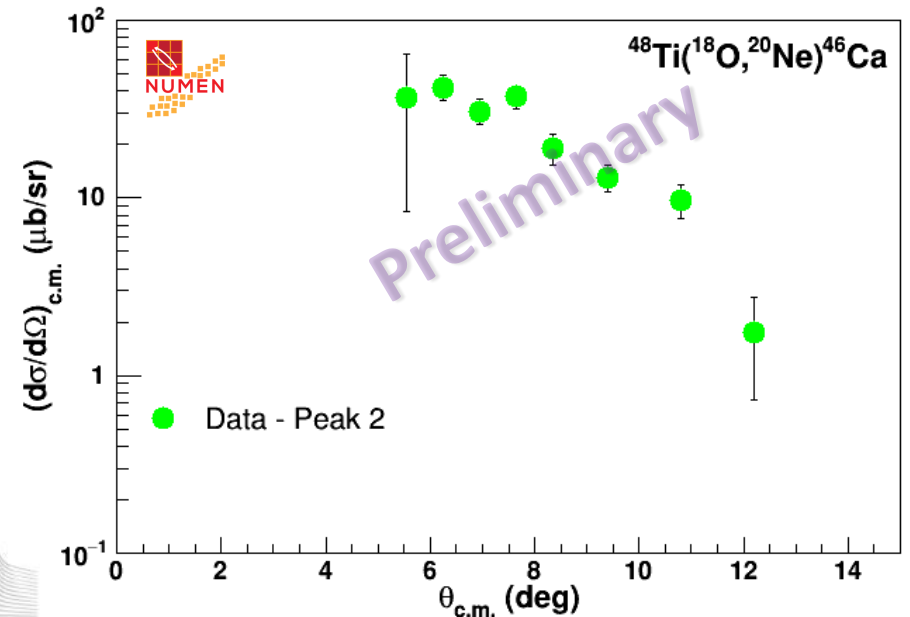
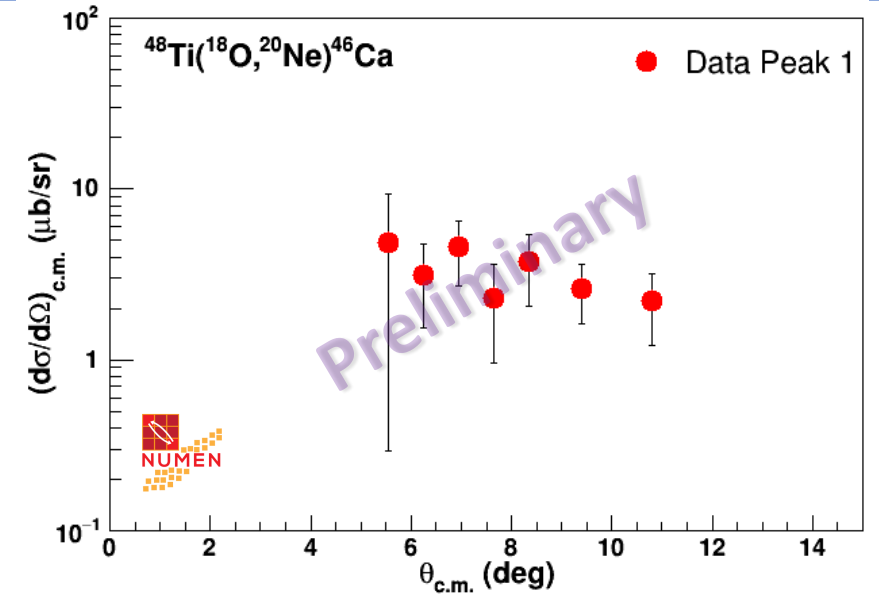
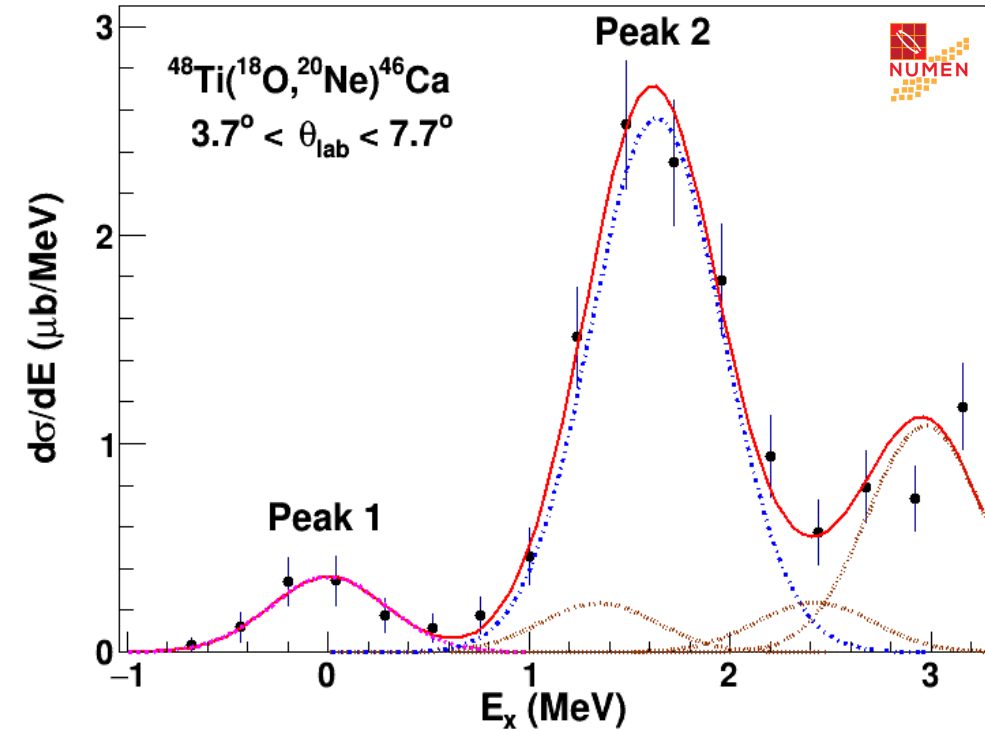
O. Sgouros et al.
(in preparation)



Two-proton transfer reaction



$^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{20}\text{Ne})^{46}\text{Ca}$ reaction – Differential cross-section determination



O. Sgouros, Il Nuovo Cimento 45C, 70 (2022)

^{20}Ne states

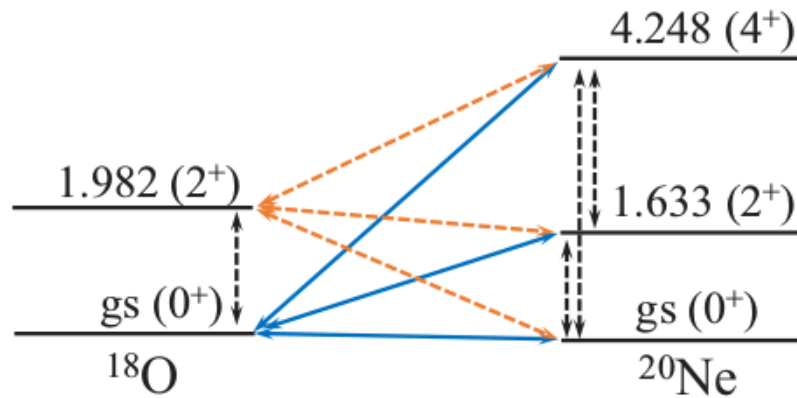
Energy (MeV)	Spin (J^π)
0.0	0^+
1.634	2^+
4.247	4^+

^{46}Ca states

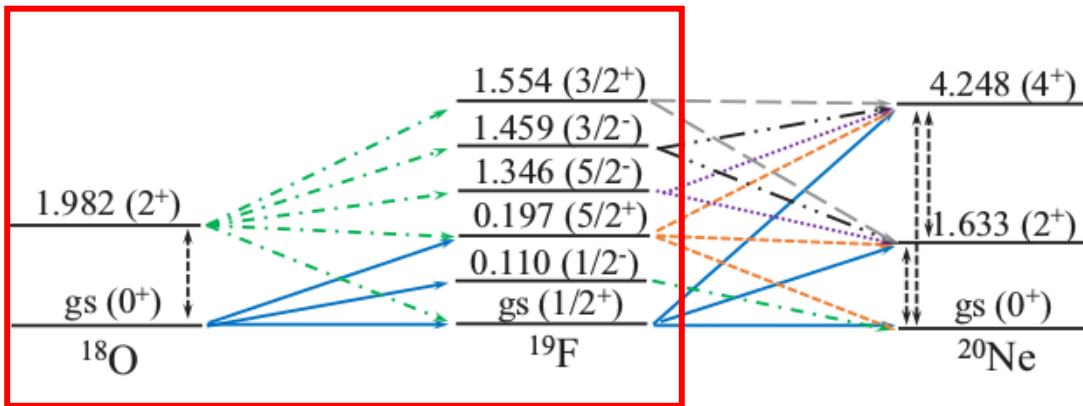
Energy (MeV)	Spin (J^π)
0.0	0^+
1.346	2^+
2.423	0^+
2.575	4^+
2.974	6^+



Projectile overlaps



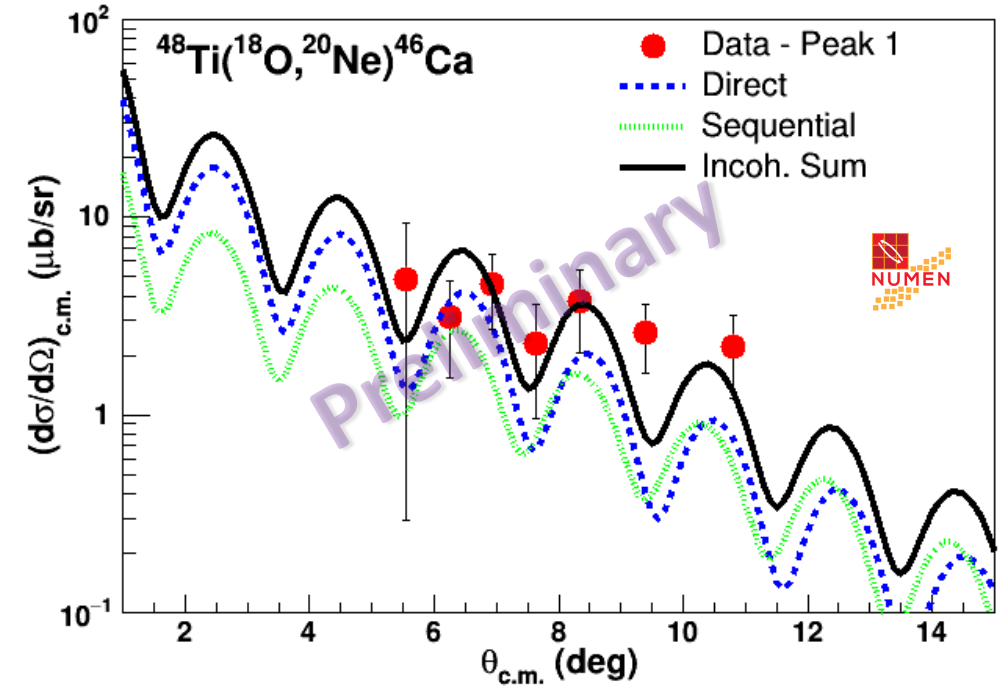
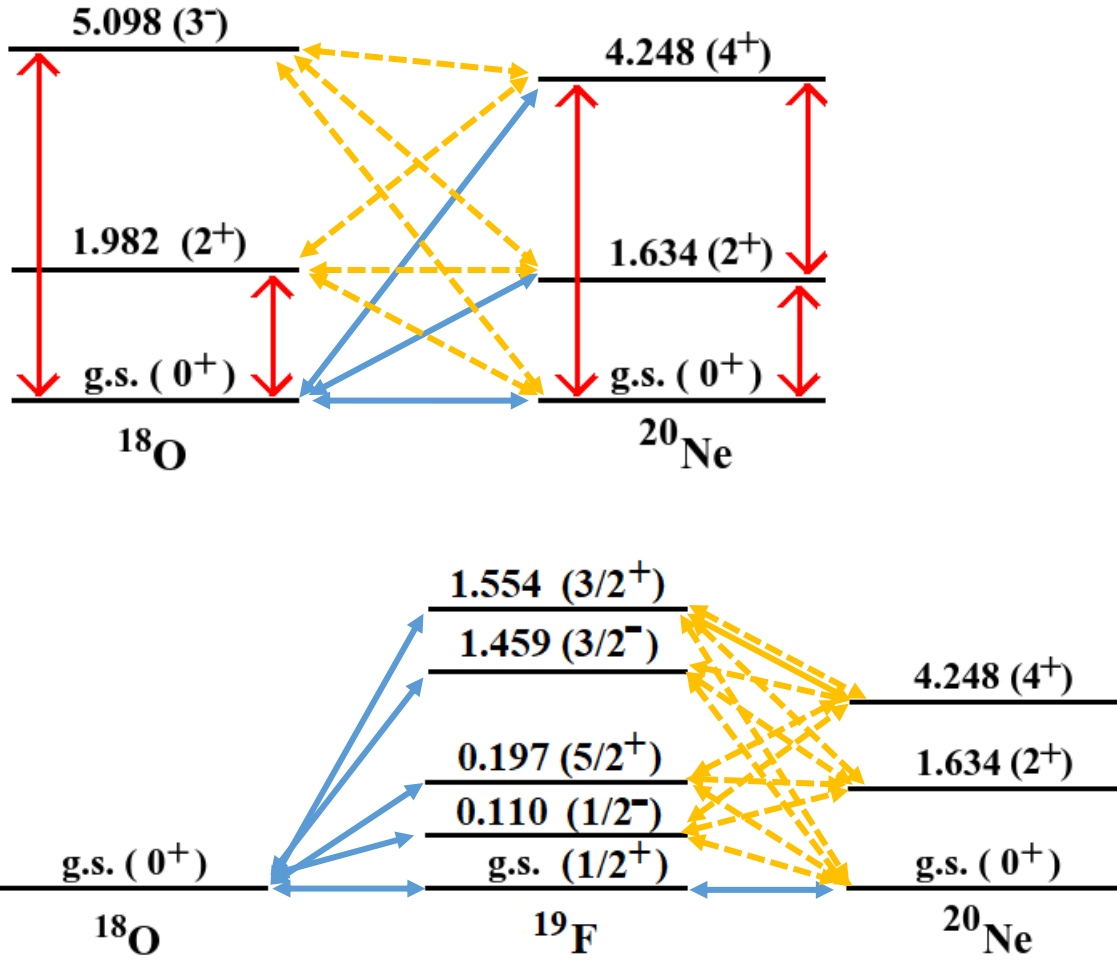
Direct transfer of 2 protons



Sequential transfer of protons

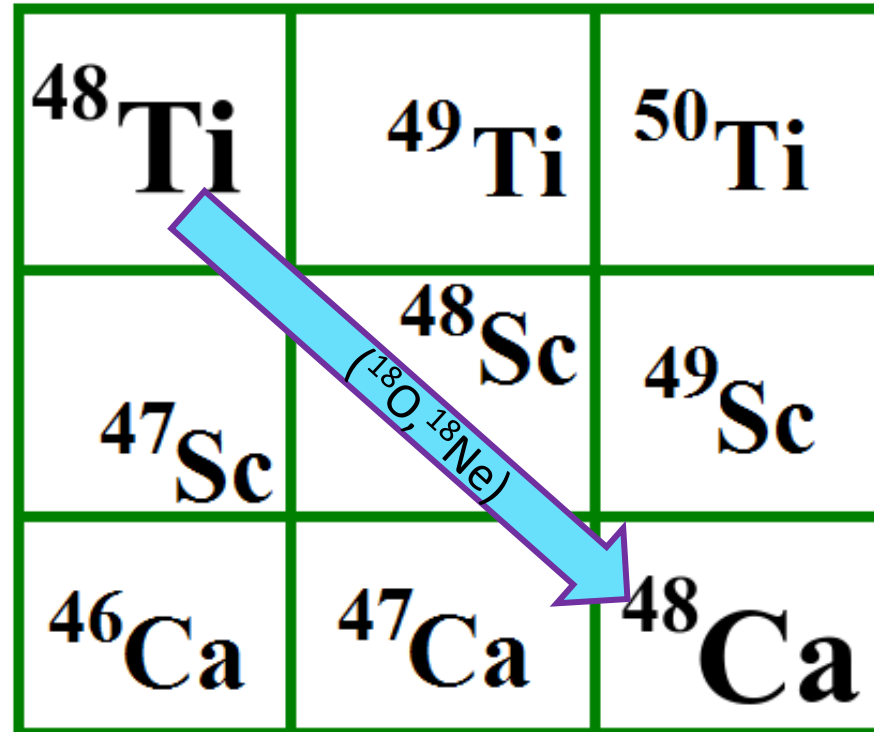
Experimentally constraint from the analysis of one-proton transfer reaction!!

Preliminary coupling scheme

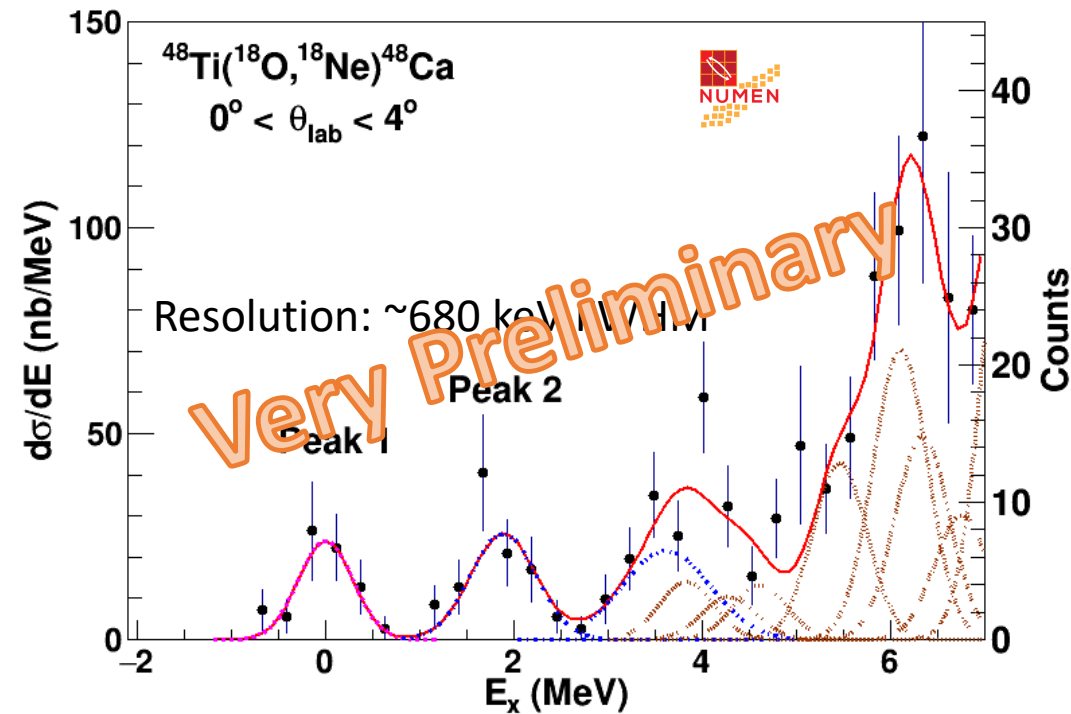
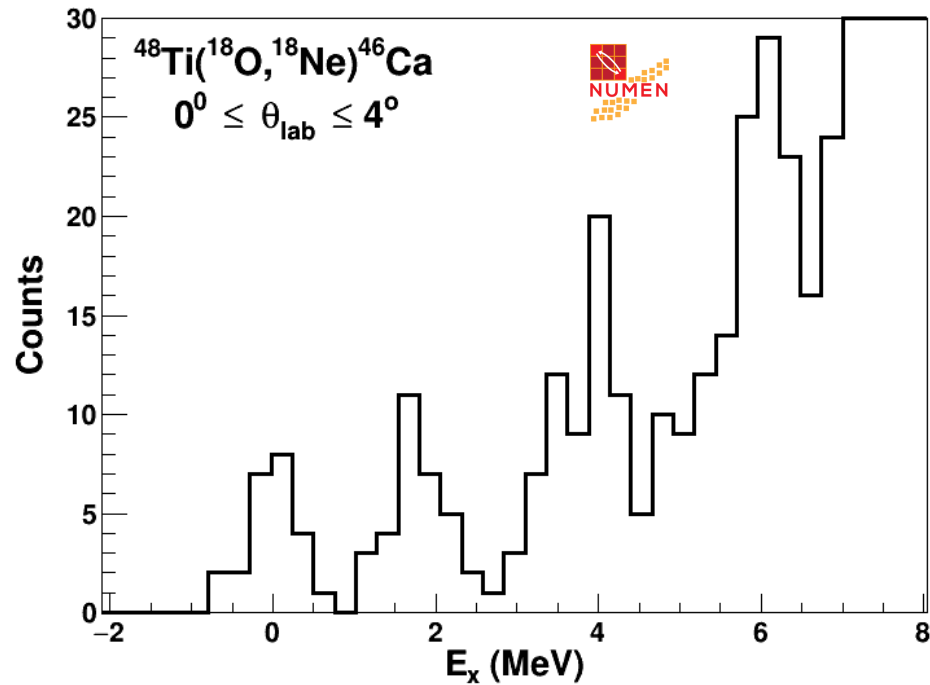


Calculations were performed according to the prescription reported in **PRC 103, 054604 (2021)** - J. L. Ferreira: Private communication

Double charge exchange reaction



$^{48}\text{Ti}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{18}\text{Ne})^{48}\text{Ca}$ reaction



^{18}Ne states

Energy (MeV)	Spin (J^π)
0.0	0^+
1.887	2^+
3.376	4^+

^{48}Ca states

Energy (MeV)	Spin (J^π)
0.0	0^+
3.832	2^+
4.284	0^+

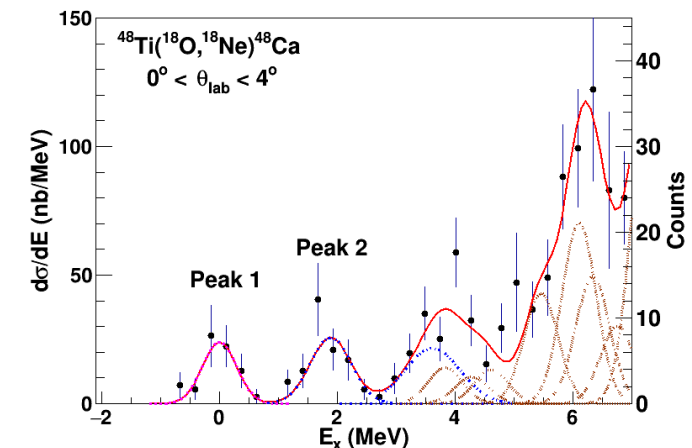
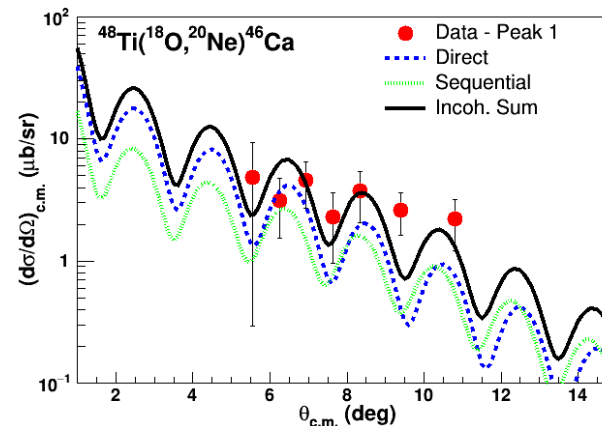
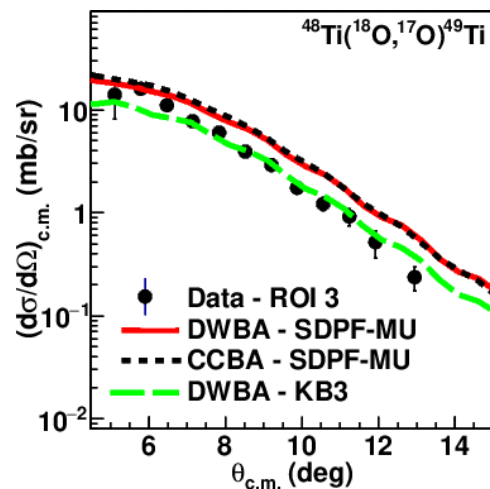
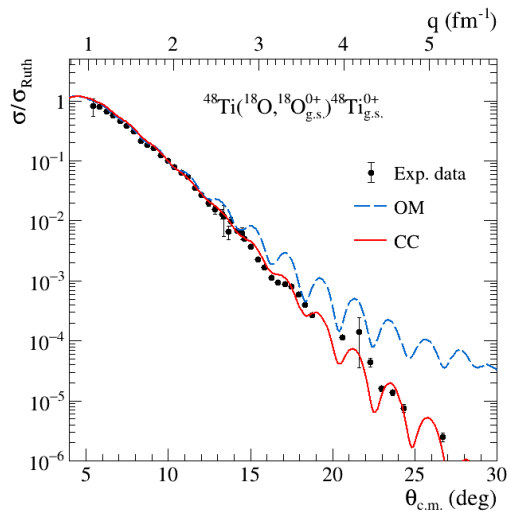
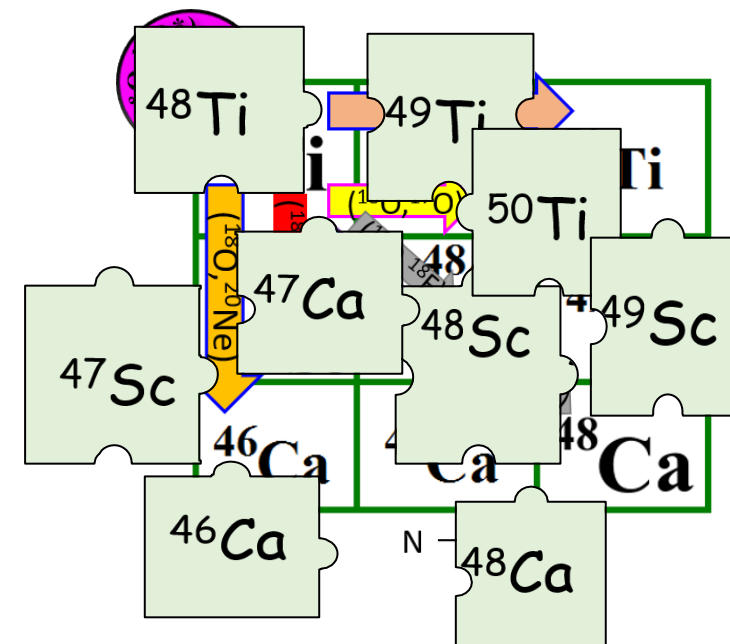
Peak label	Integrated yield (Counts)	Int. cross section (nb)
1	14	20 ± 4
2	32	28 ± 5

➤ NUMEN is an ambitious project aiming at accessing information on the NMEs of $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay through the study of heavy-ion induced double charge exchange reactions.

• A **multi-channel study** of the $^{18}\text{O}+^{48}\text{Ti}$ collision was performed by measuring the complete net of the available reaction channels:

- ✓ Elastic Channel
- ✓ Single-nucleon transfer
- ✓ Two-proton transfer
- ✓ Double charge exchange channel

Next step: Completion of the analysis for the rest reaction channels and description of all data set under a unique coupled channels framework!

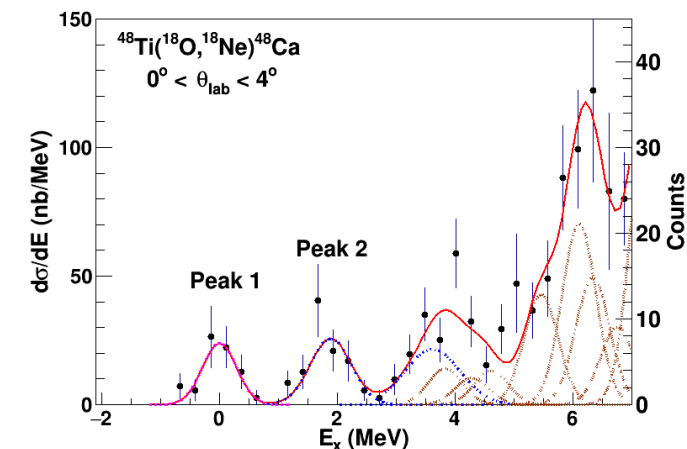
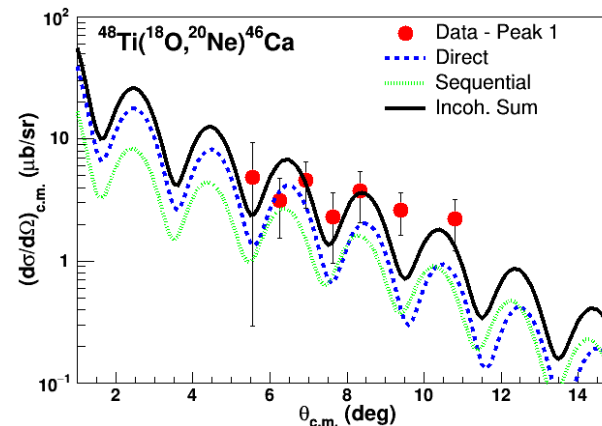
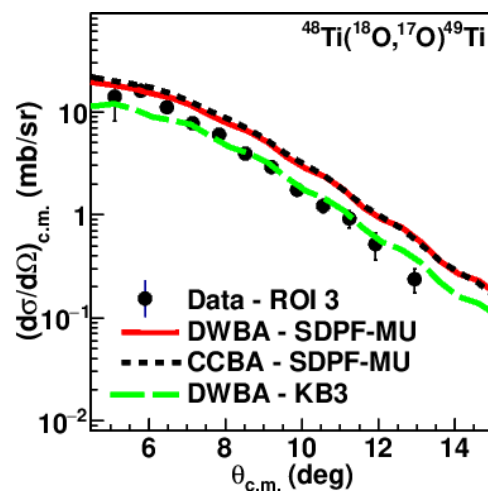
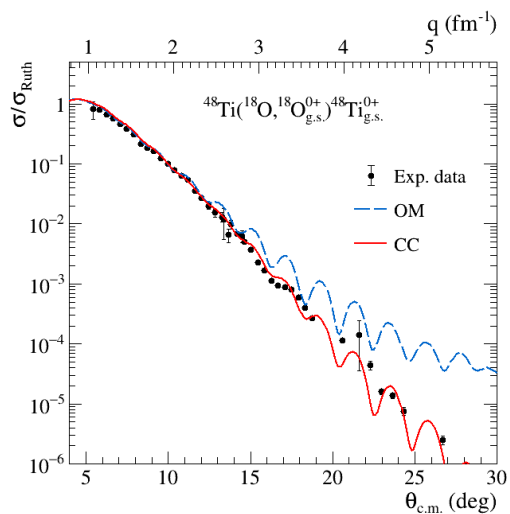
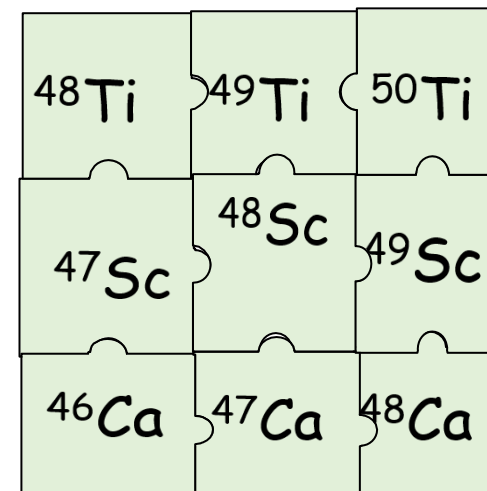


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Thank you for your attention