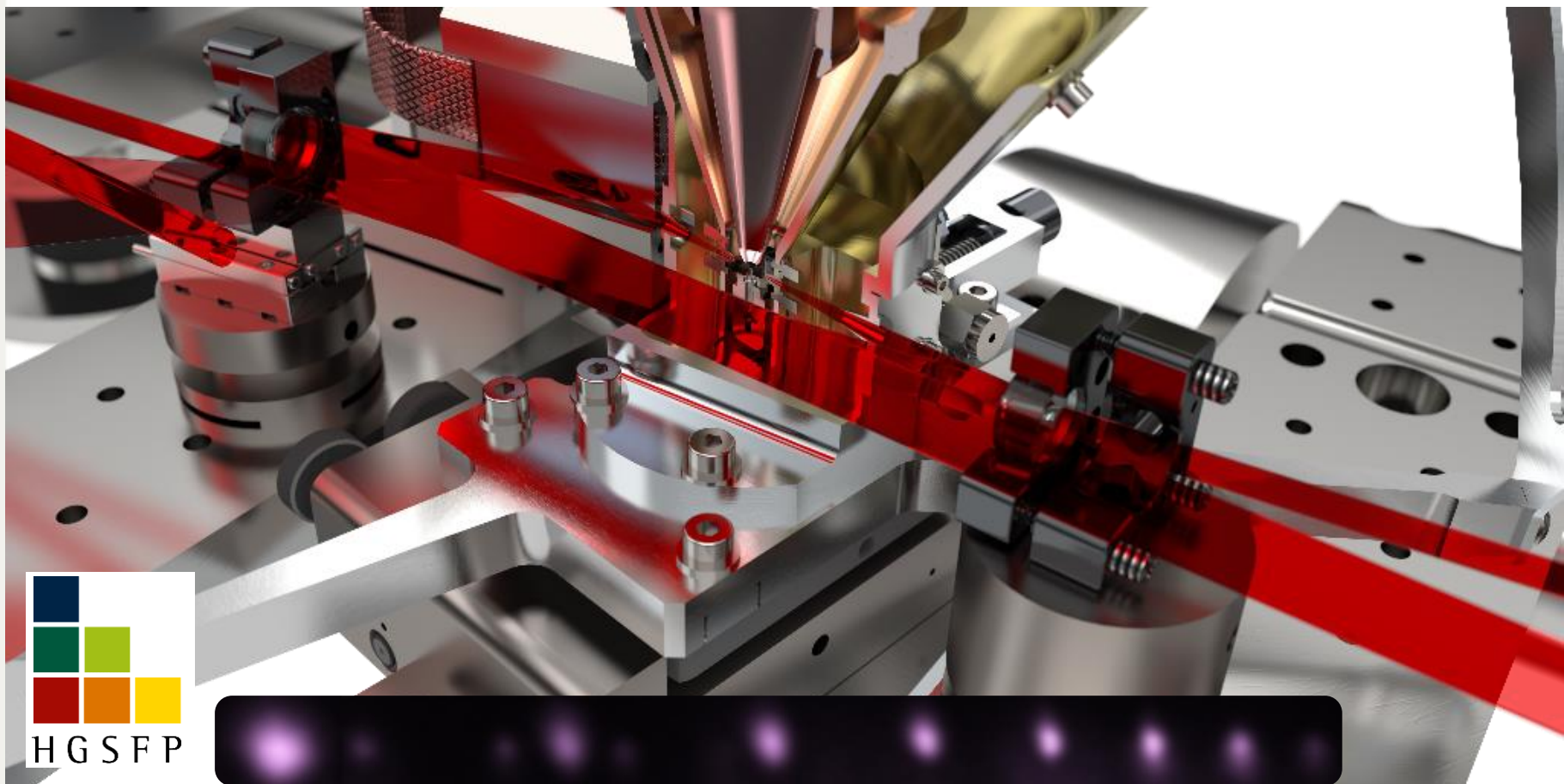




# An extreme ultraviolet frequency comb for highly charged ion metrology

MAX-PLANCK-INSTITUT FÜR KERNPHYSIK



Janko Nauta

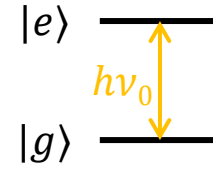
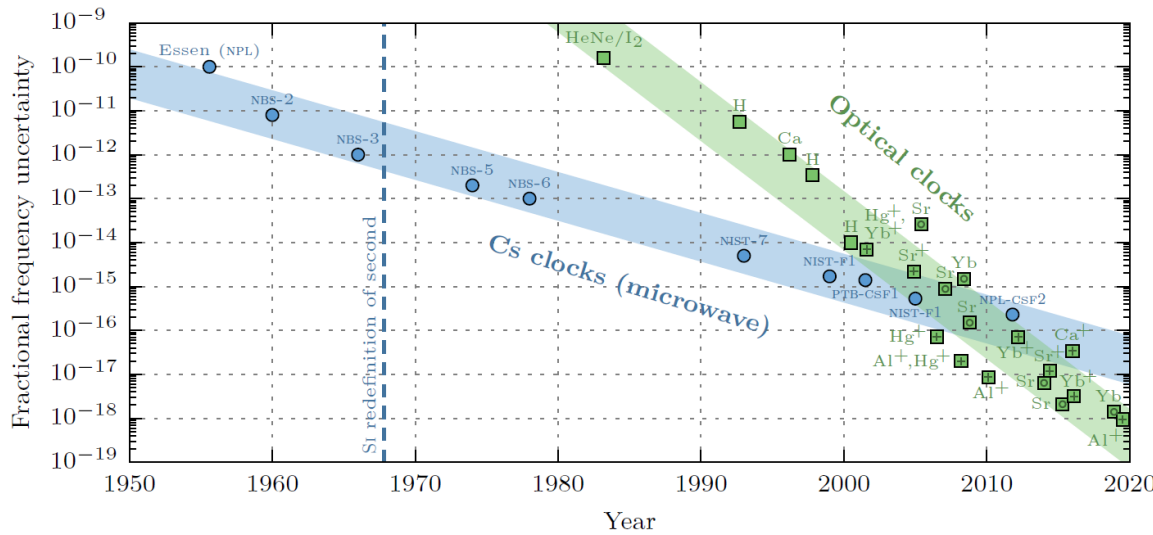
Max-Planck-Institut für Kernphysik, Heidelberg, Germany

Currently part of:

ALPHA collaboration, Department of Physics, Swansea University Swansea, UK



# Frequency determinations



Nowadays:  
 $\Delta\nu/\nu < 10^{-18}$

Alan deviation:  $\sigma_y \propto \frac{1}{\nu_0 \sqrt{NT_R t}}$

Transition frequency  $\nu_0$  ———

$N$  – number of references  
 $t$  – total measurement time  
 $T_R$  – probe time

Goal: **perform first ultra-high precision laser spectroscopy in the extreme ultraviolet (XUV) region**

Requirements:

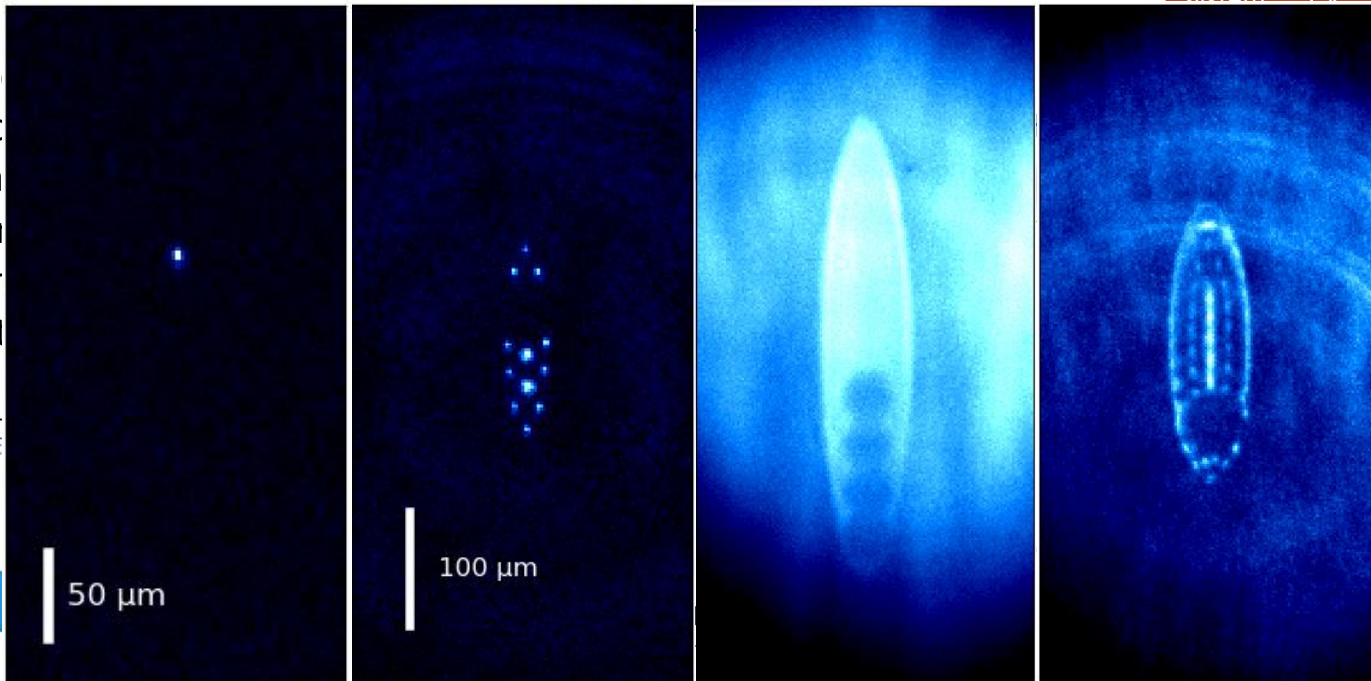
1. Atomic system that withstands such high energy radiation: Highly Charged Ions (HCI)
2. Coherent XUV source: XUV frequency comb

# Highly Charged Ions (HCI) for frequency metrology

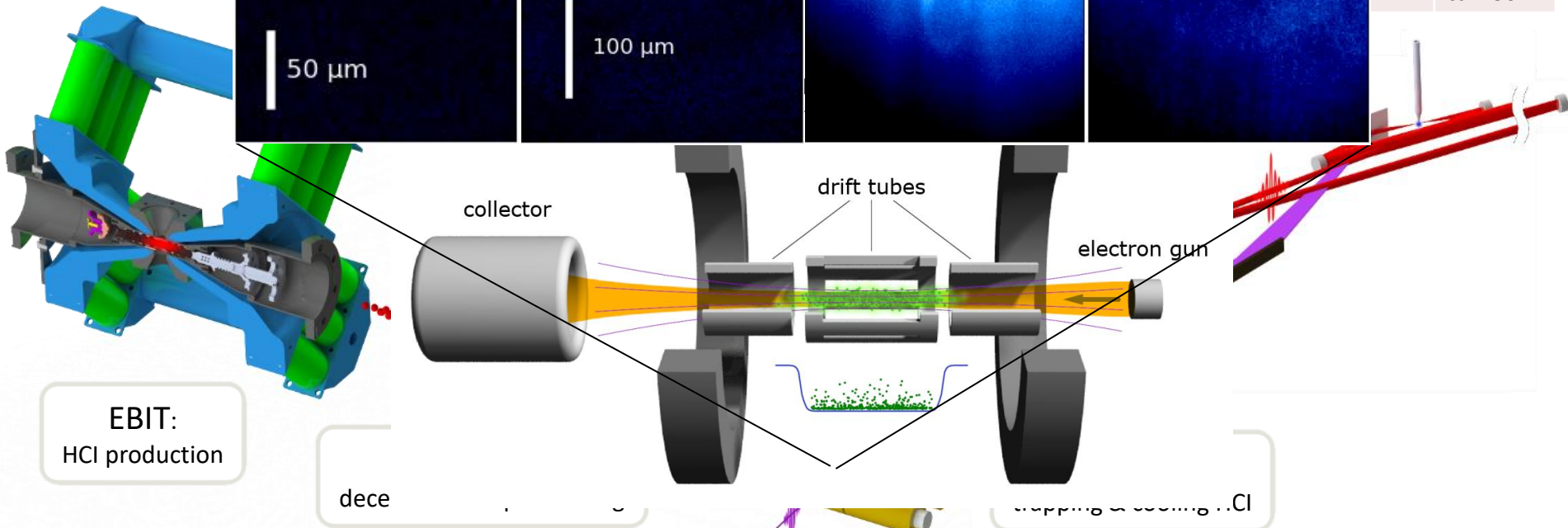
HCI:

- Propose standard
- inaccurate
- Most sensitive
- variation
- constant

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0}$$



System	K	λ (nm)
		699
		436
		467
		281.5
		267
		ca. 280
		ca. 1980
		ca. 775
		ca. 535
		ca. 150



EBIT:  
HCI production

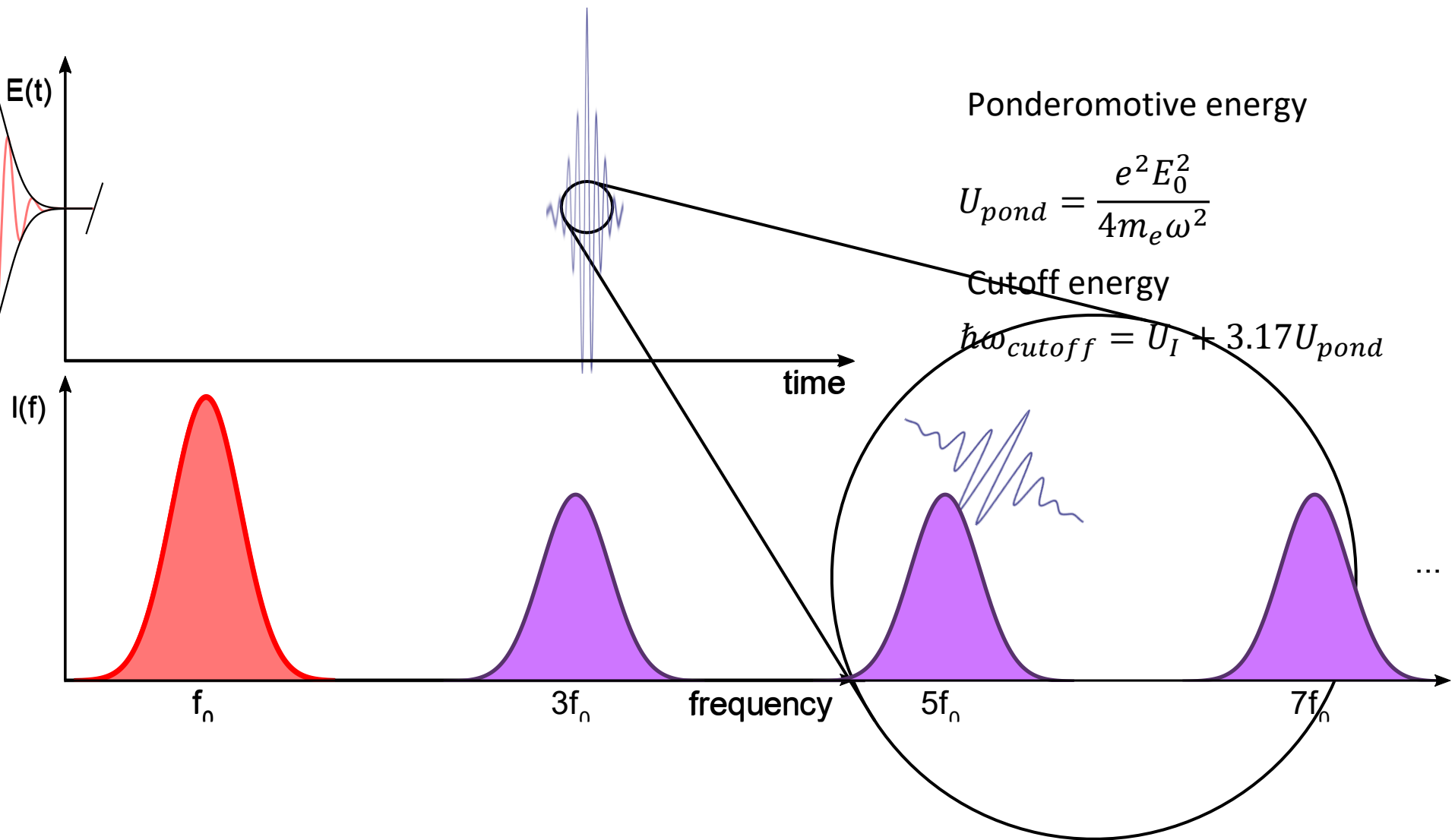
dece  
trapping & cooling HCI

P. Micke et al., Nature **578**, 60 (2020)  
J. Stark et al., RSI **92**, 083203 (2021)

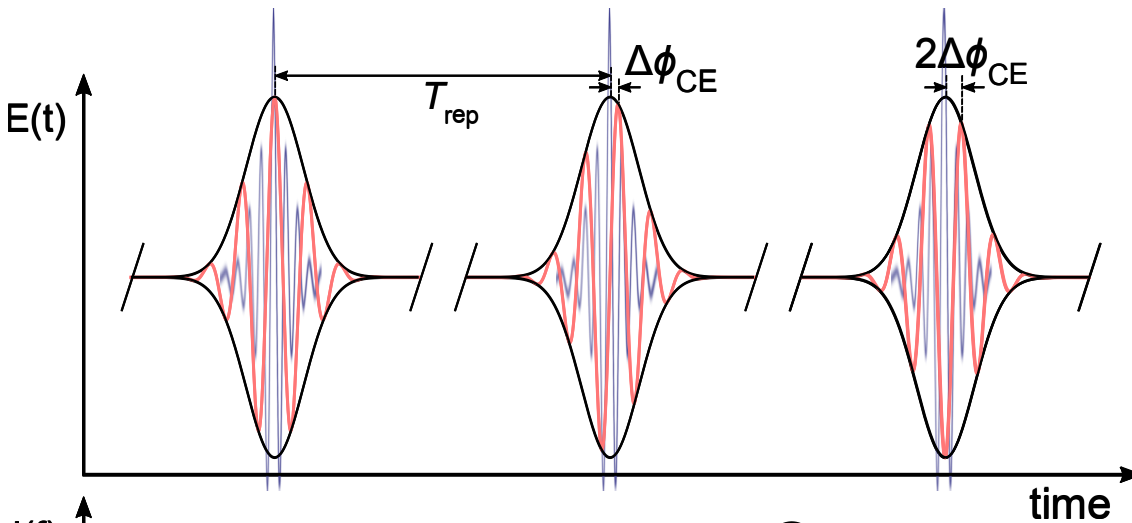
M. Safronova et al., RMP **90**, 025008 (2018)  
L. Schmöger et al., Science **347**, 6227 (2015)



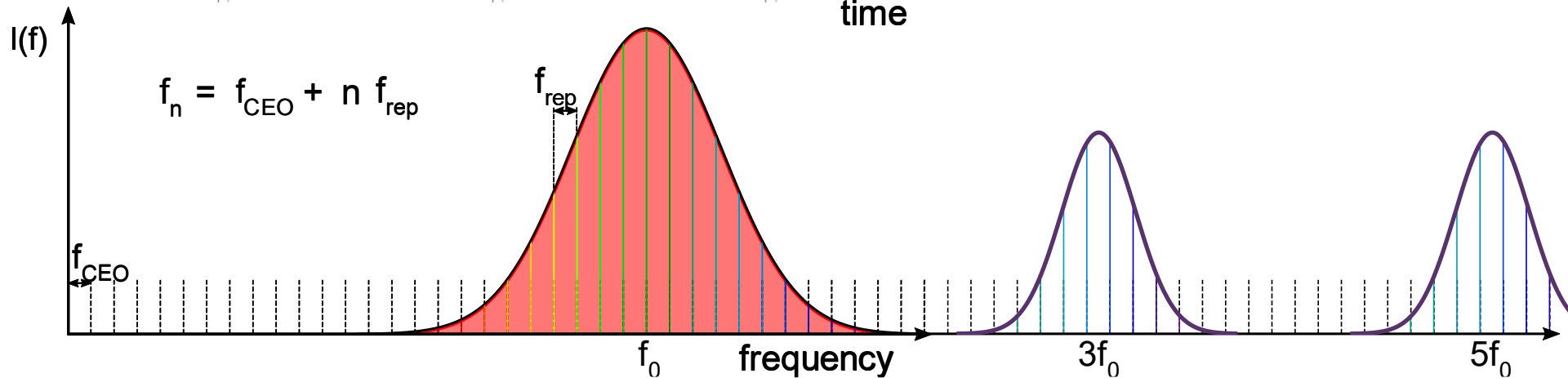
# High harmonic generation (HHG)



# HHG of a pulse train: XUV frequency comb

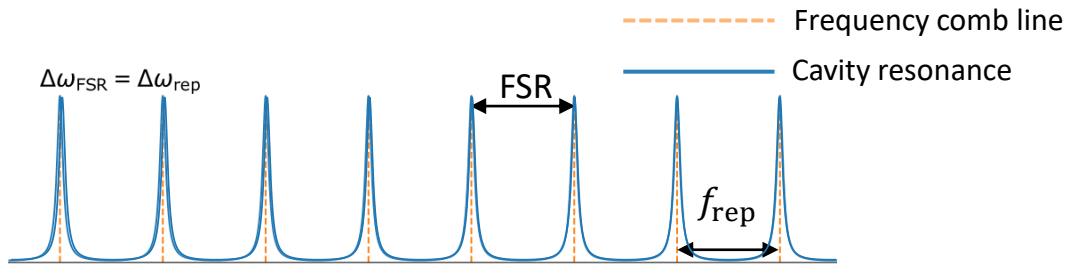


- Generate odd higher harmonics of fundamental light
- Phase coherent transfer of IR comb to XUV

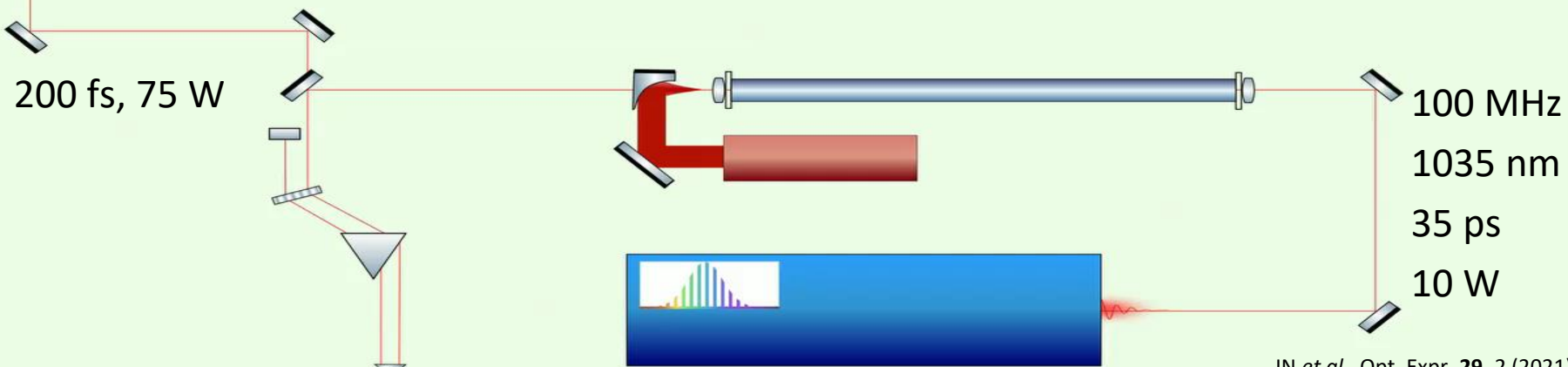
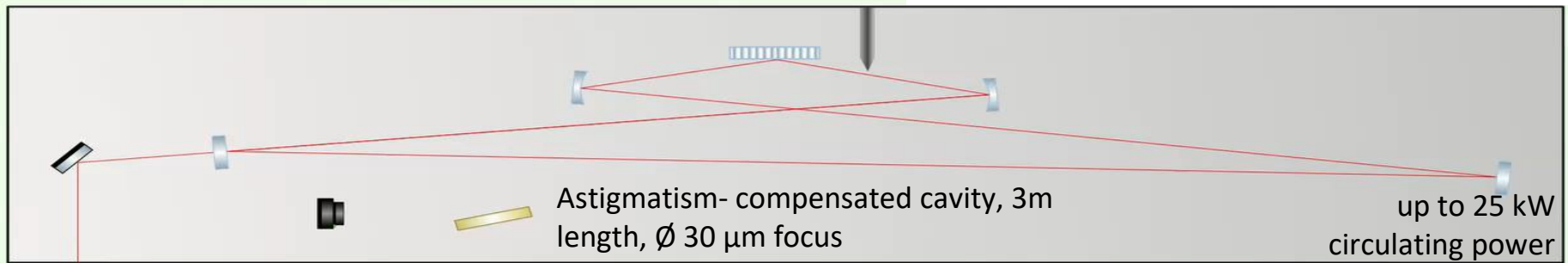
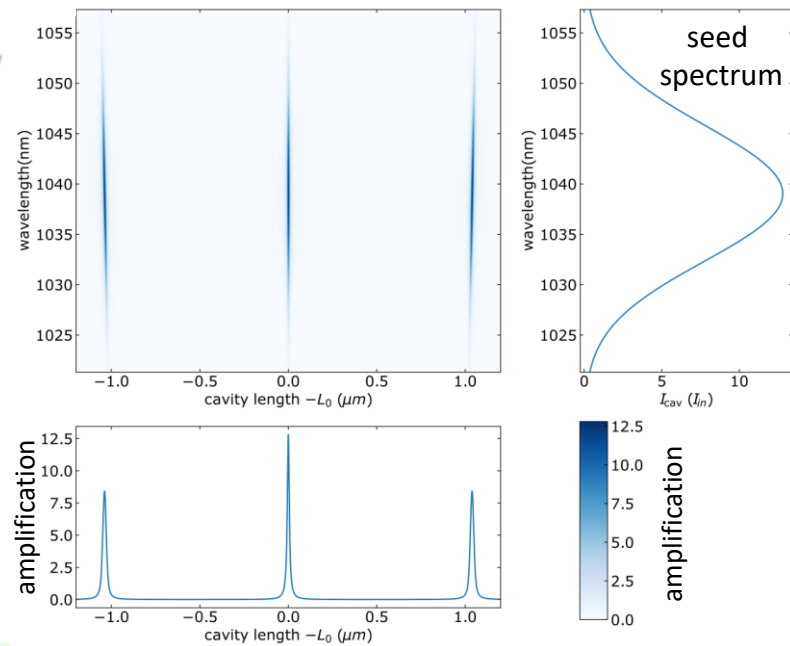


- Laser intensity  $> 10^{13}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup> needed in every pulse
  - usually achieved by kHz laser systems, but spectroscopy requires  $f_{\text{rep}} \gg 1$  MHz
  - additional amplification necessary

# Femtosecond enhancement cavity

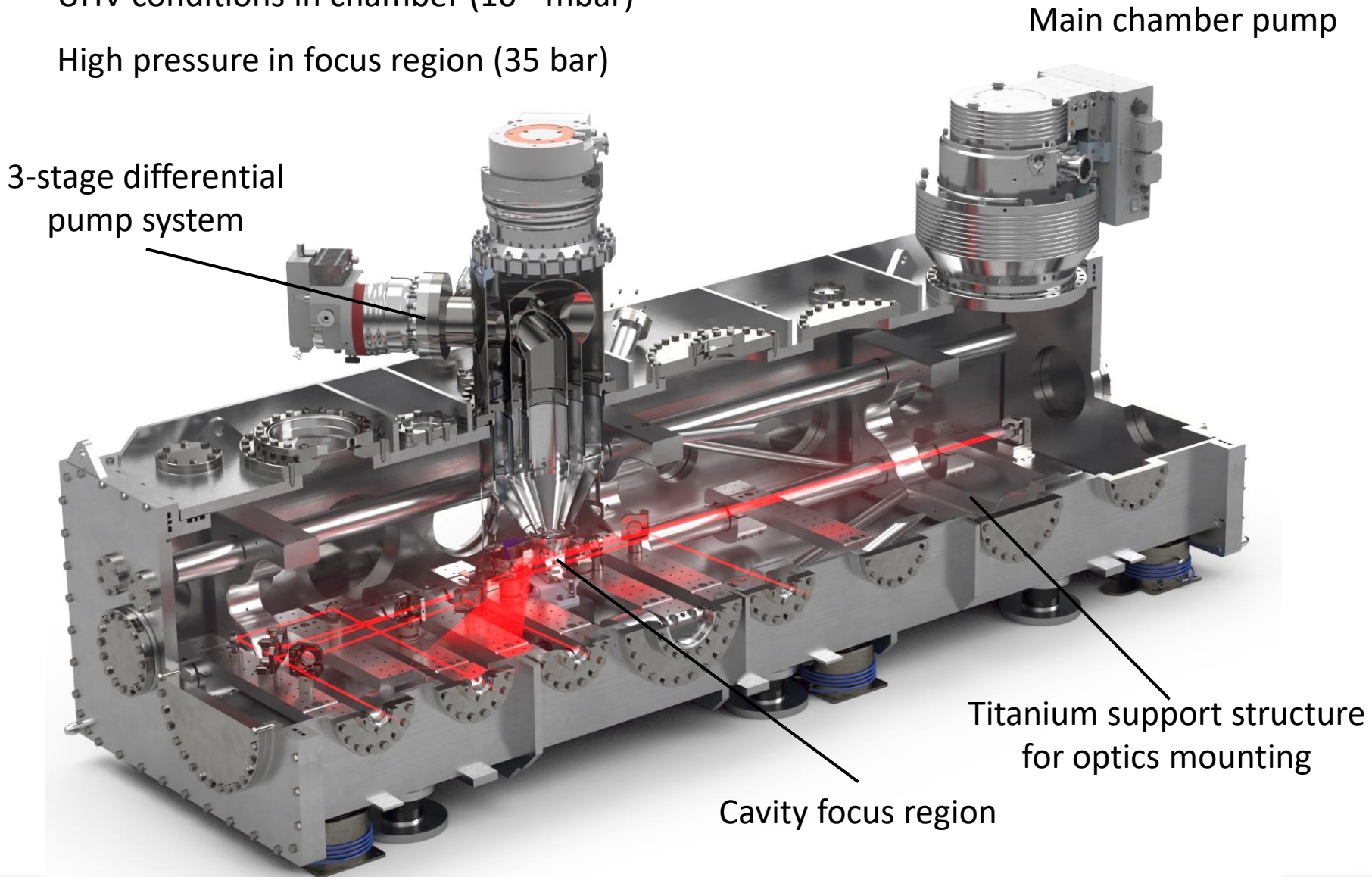


- Frequency comb repetition rate has to match cavity free spectral range
- Frequency comb offset phase has to match cavity roundtrip phase

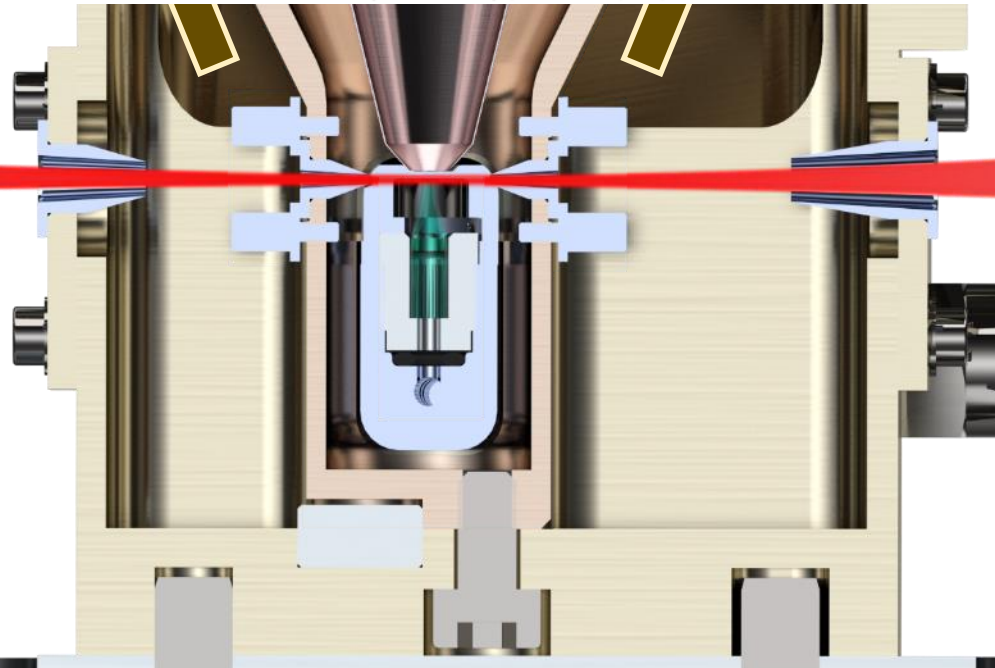
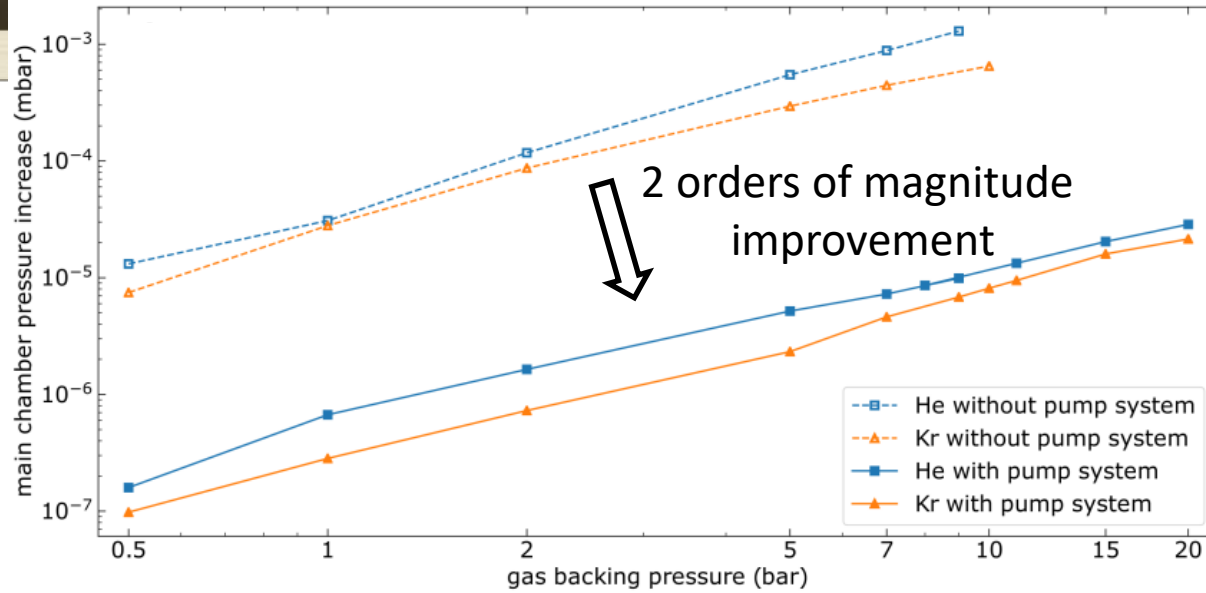


# Vacuum system

- UHV conditions in chamber ( $10^{-8}$  mbar)
- High pressure in focus region (35 bar)



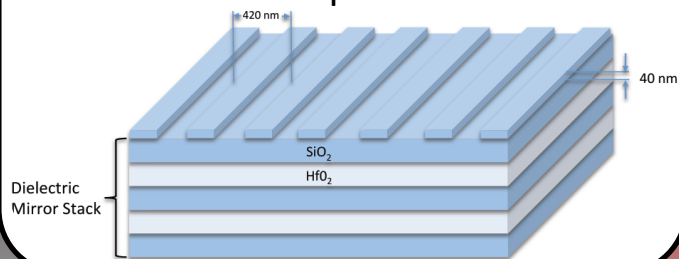
# Differential pump structure



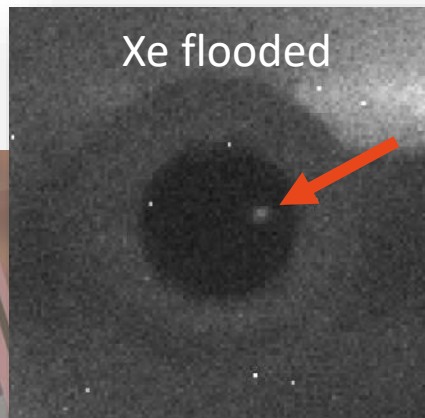


# XUV generation & detection

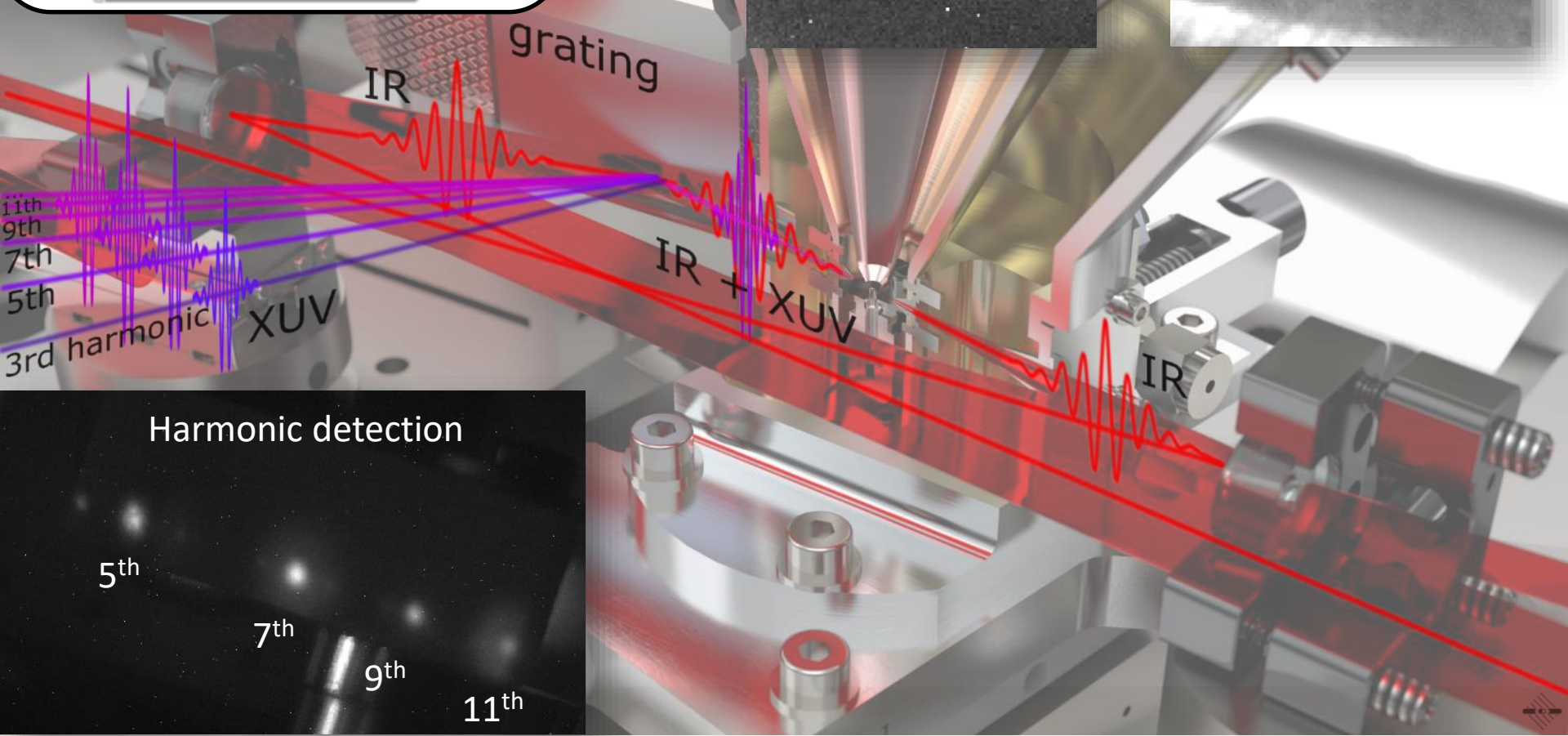
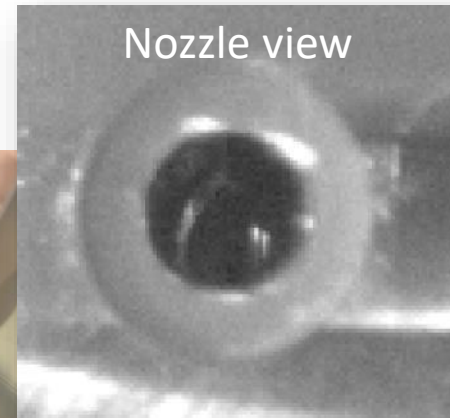
Nanograting etched in top layer of HR mirror separates XUV & IR



Xe flooded



Nozzle view



Harmonic detection

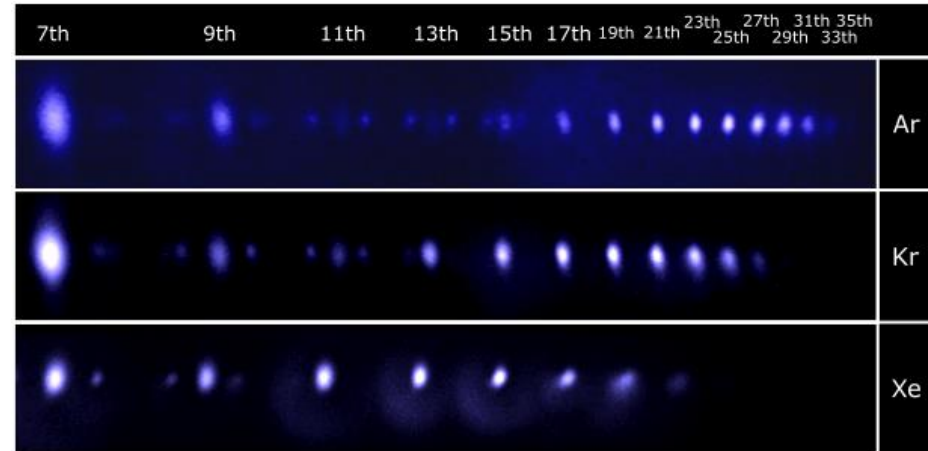
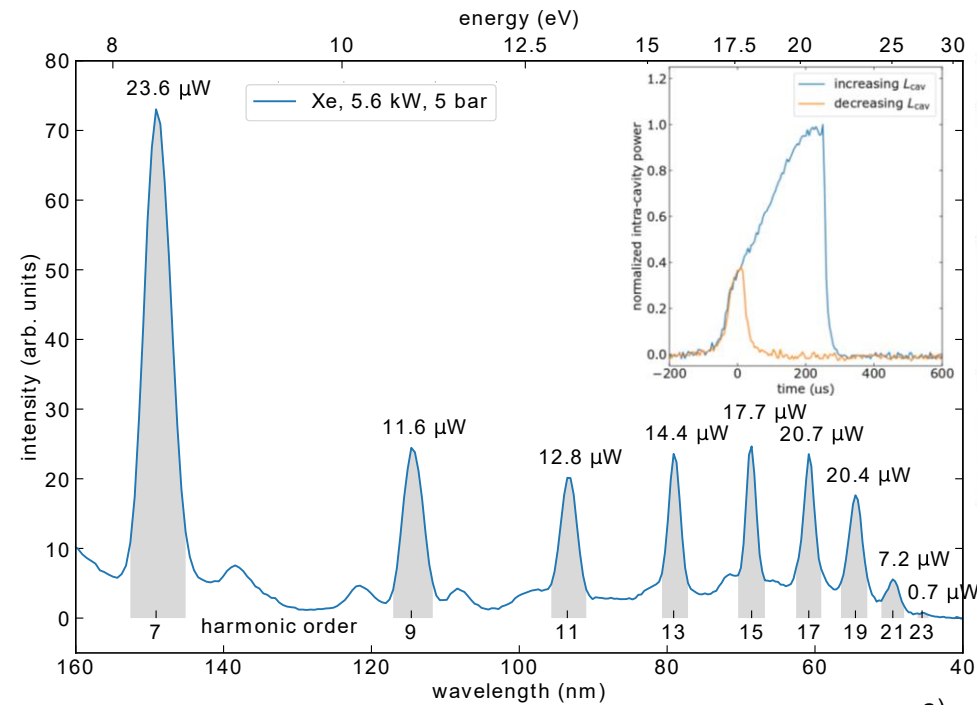
5<sup>th</sup>

7<sup>th</sup>

9<sup>th</sup>

11<sup>th</sup>

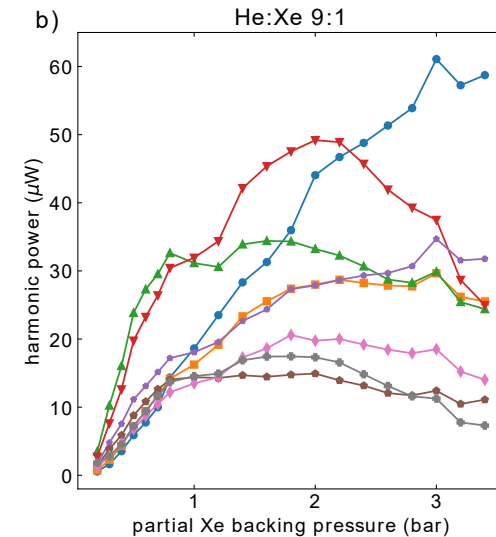
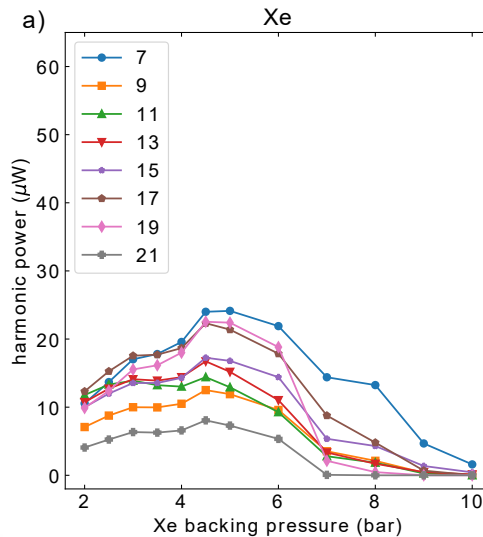
# Harmonic generation & phase-matching improvements



$$\Delta \mathbf{k} = \Delta \mathbf{k}_g + \Delta \mathbf{k}_d + \Delta \mathbf{k}_n + \Delta \mathbf{k}_p = 0$$

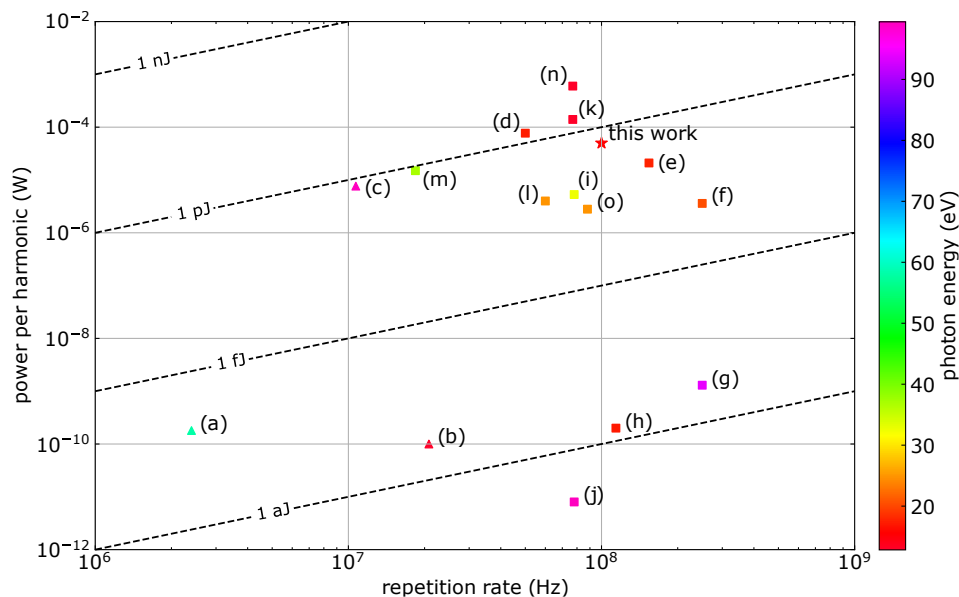
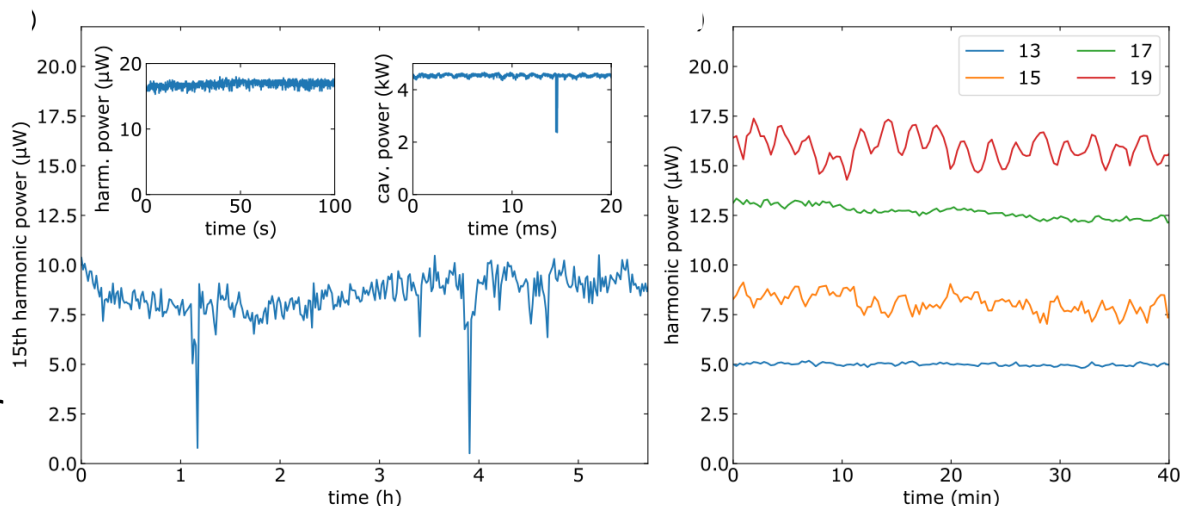
$$v_{\text{gas}} = \sqrt{5RT/M_{\text{avg}}}$$

- Cut-off energy increases with ionization potential
- 35<sup>th</sup> harmonic visible using Argon at 42 eV (30 nm)
- Large steady-state plasma fraction at cavity focus
- Increasing the gas speed by using a He:Xe mixture reduces the amount of plasma
- XUV yield significantly improved



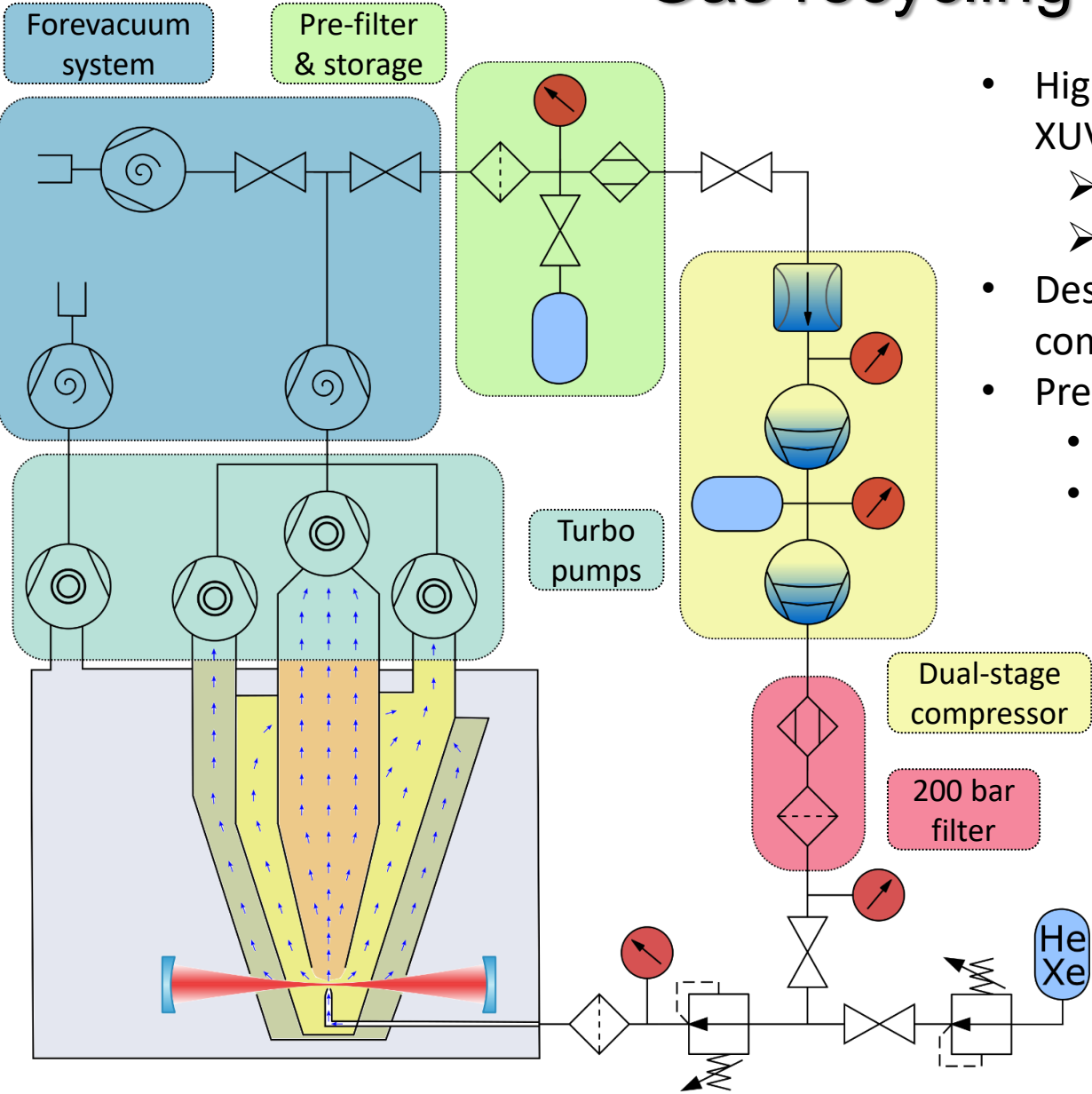
# Continuous XUV output

- Continuous operation over 5 hours demonstrated
- No signs of cavity mirror degradation observed
- Newly built system is among the most powerful worldwide
- Sufficient power & stability for first XUV spectroscopy on HCI

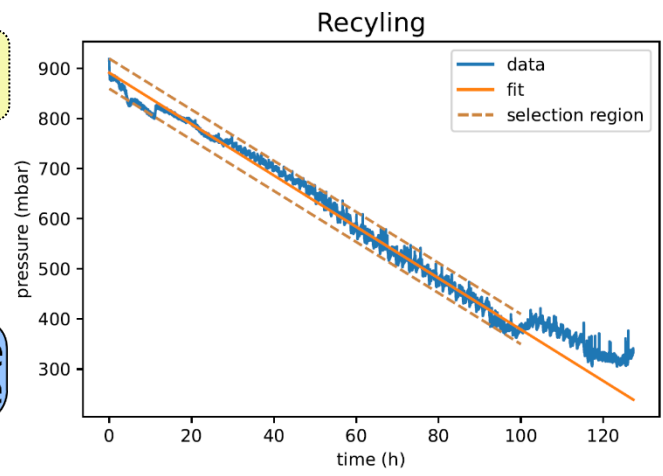


- (a) Emaury *et al.*, *Optica* **2**, 980 (2015)
- (b) Vernaleken *et al.*, *Opt. Lett.* **36**, 3428 (2011)
- (c) Hädrich *et al.*, *Light. Sci. Appl.* **4**, e320 (2015)
- (d) Lee *et al.*, *Opt. Express* **19**, 23315-23326 (2011)
- (e) Cingöz *et al.*, *Nature* **482**, 68-71 (2012)
- (f) and (g) Carstens *et al.*, *Optica* **3**, 366 (2016)
- (h) Gohle *et al.*, *Nature* **436**, 234-237(2005)
- (i) and (j) Pupeza *et al.*, *Nat. Photonics* **7**, 608-612 (2013)
- (k) Porat *et al.*, *Nat. Photonics* **12**, 387-391 (2018)
- (l) Mills *et al.*, *Rev. Sci. Instrum.* **90**, 083001 (2019)
- (m) Saule *et al.*, *Nat. Commun.* **10**, 458 (2019)
- (n) Zhang *et al.*, *arXiv: 2003.02429v1* (2020)
- (o) Corder *et al.*, *Struct. Dyn.* **5**, 054301 (2018)

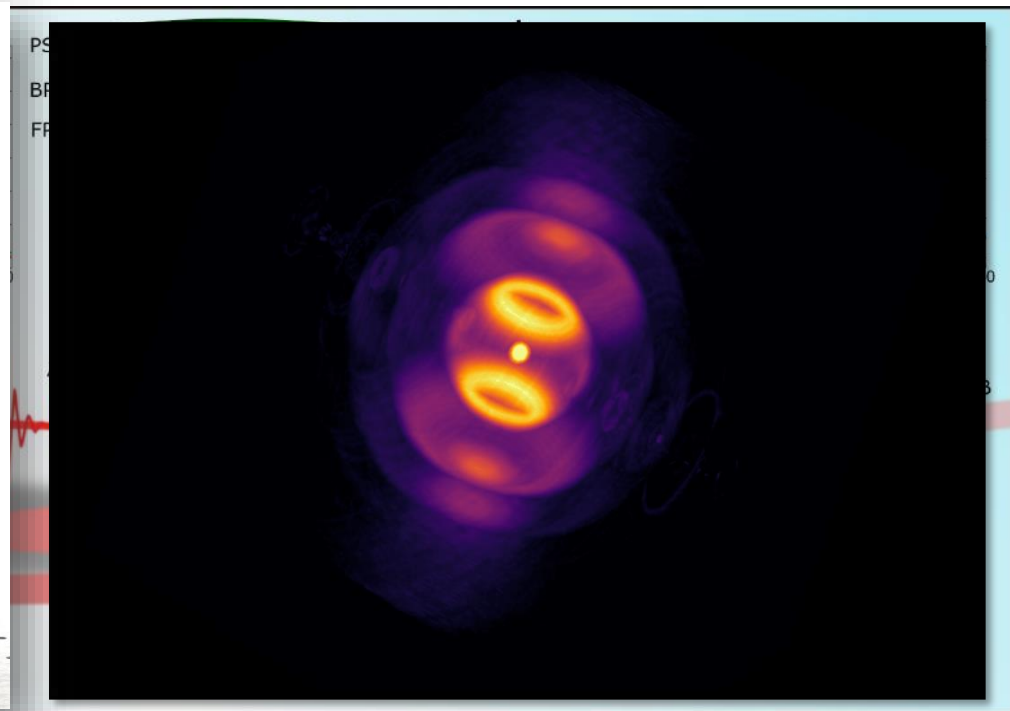
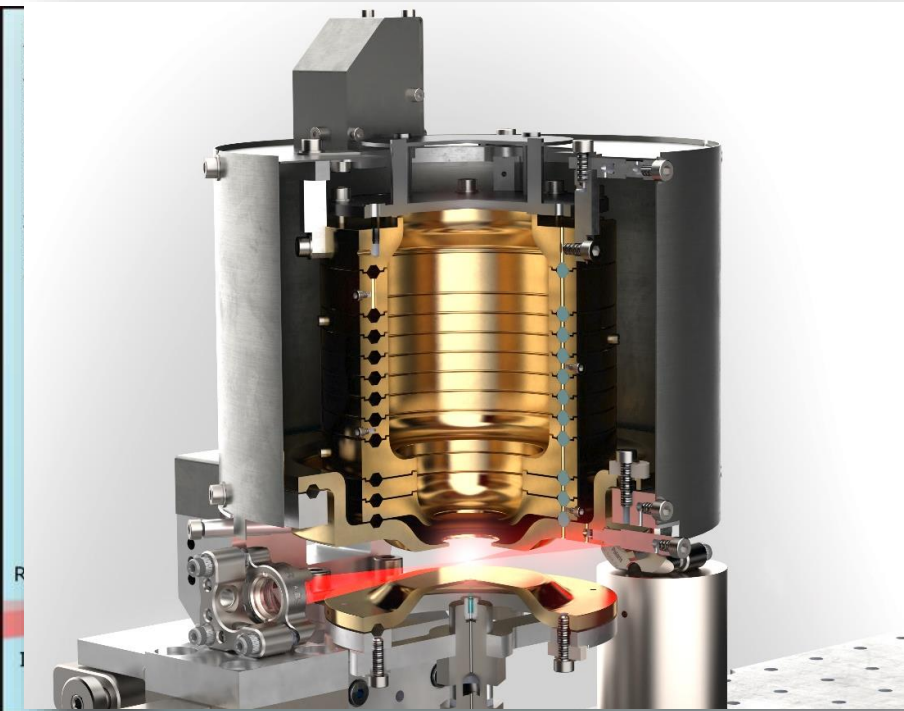
# Gas recycling



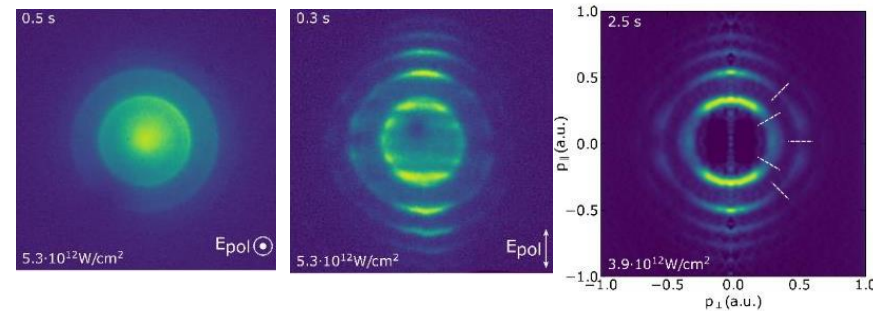
- High Xe pressure needed for large XUV yield
  - Xe consumption: 5 L/hour
  - 10-day measurement: €17.000
- Designed gas recycling system with compression of Xe
- Preliminary results
  - Xe consumption: 0.1 L/hour
  - 10-day measurement: €430



# Cavity-enhanced comb application: Velocity Map Imaging (VMI)



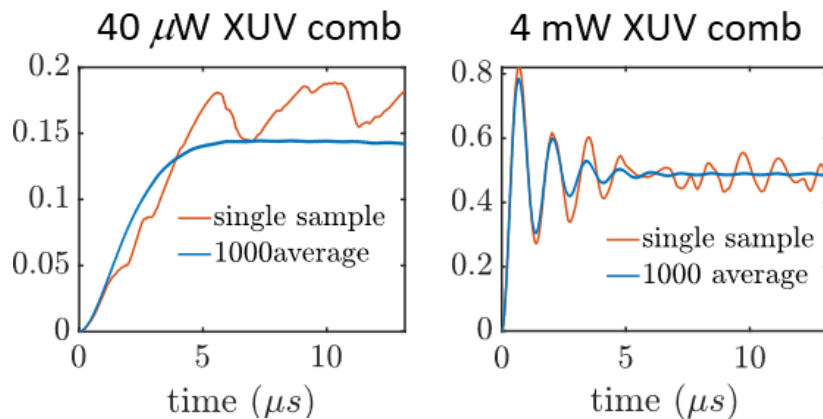
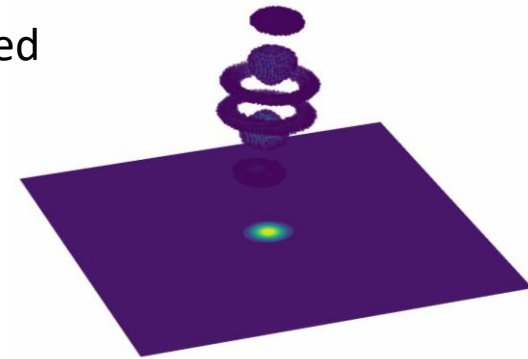
- Imaging of Xenon electrons ionized by absorption of many IR photons in the cavity focus region
- First VMI at a repetition rate of 100 MHz, much higher count-rate compared to kHz laser systems
- Allows for studies at lower intensities and at higher precision
- Dedicated enhancement cavity for VMI has been designed and built
- Rotating polarization allows 3D electron tomography



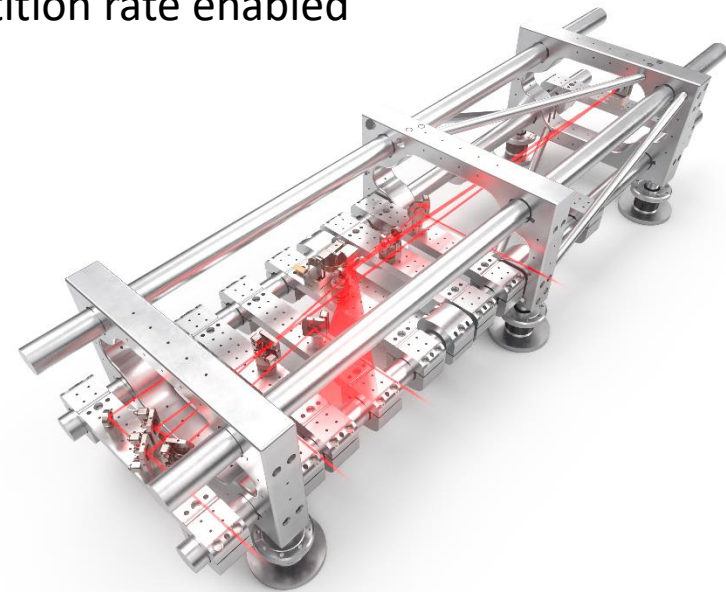
JN *et al.*, *Opt. Lett.* **8**, 2156 (2020)

# Summary & Outlook

- A new, unique XUV frequency comb system has been developed
- High harmonics up to the 35<sup>th</sup> order were observed at an energy of 42 eV (30 nm)
- Stable operation for many hours demonstrated
- Yield of 50  $\mu\text{W}$  is sufficient for driving HCl transitions with kHz excitation rates
- Important milestone towards the very first HCl metrology in the XUV region
- As an interesting new avenue, the high repetition rate enabled multi-photon studies at a very low intensity



Lyu *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **125**, 093201 (2020)



# Thanks for your attention!

José Crespo López-Urrutia & Thomas Pfeifer

## XUV comb

- Tobias Heldt
- Lennart Guth
- Nick Lackmann
- Matthias Berg
- Roman Hector
- Stepan Kokh
- Hannah Unold
- Simon Angstenberger
- Patrick Knauer
- Ronja Pappenberger
- Valentin Wössner
- Alexander Ackermann

## CryPTEx & EBIT

- Elwin Dijck
- Julia Eff
- Christian Warnecke
- Malte Wehrheim
- Andrea Graf
- Ruben Henninger
- Moto Togawa
- Kostas Georgiou
- Claudia Volk
- Lakshmi Kozhiparambil Sajith
- Christopher Mayo
- Alvaro Garmendia
- Michael Karl Rosner
- Julian Stark
- Steffen Kühn
- Peter Micke

