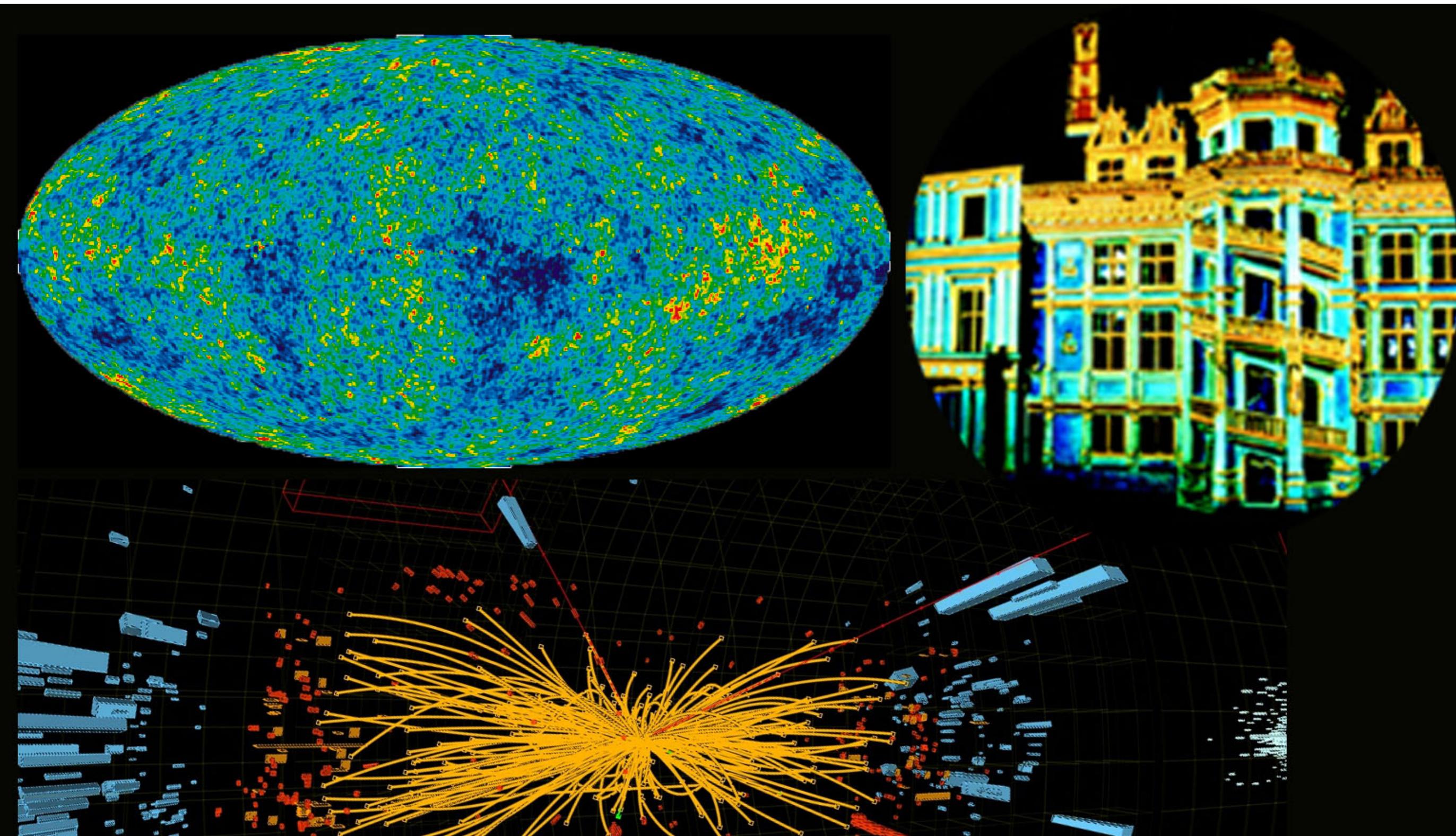


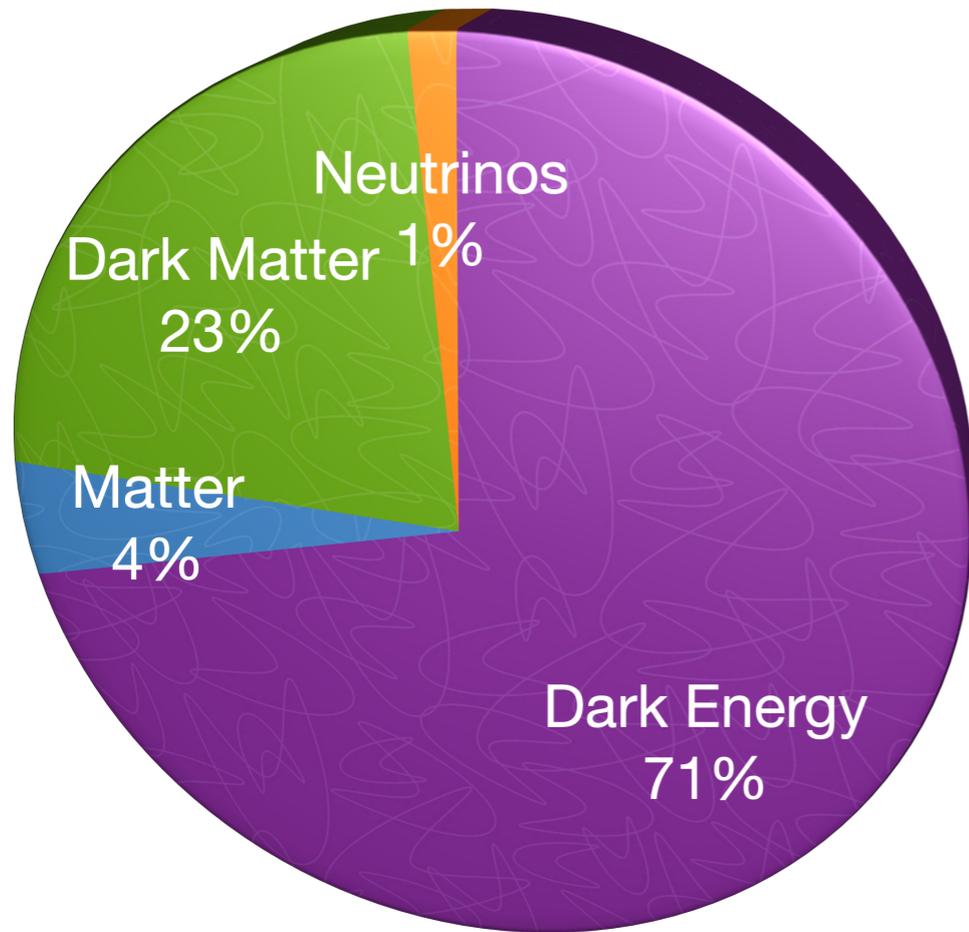
An overview of Leptogenesis

33rd Rencontres de Blois

Jessica Turner, IPPP, Durham University



Universe's Energy Budget



$$\eta_B = (6.02 - 6.18) \times 10^{-10}$$

Planck 1807.06209 (2018)

Sakharov's Conditions



Baryon number violation

Kuzmin, Rubakov & Shaposhnikov
Phys.Lett.B 155 (1985)



C & CP-violation

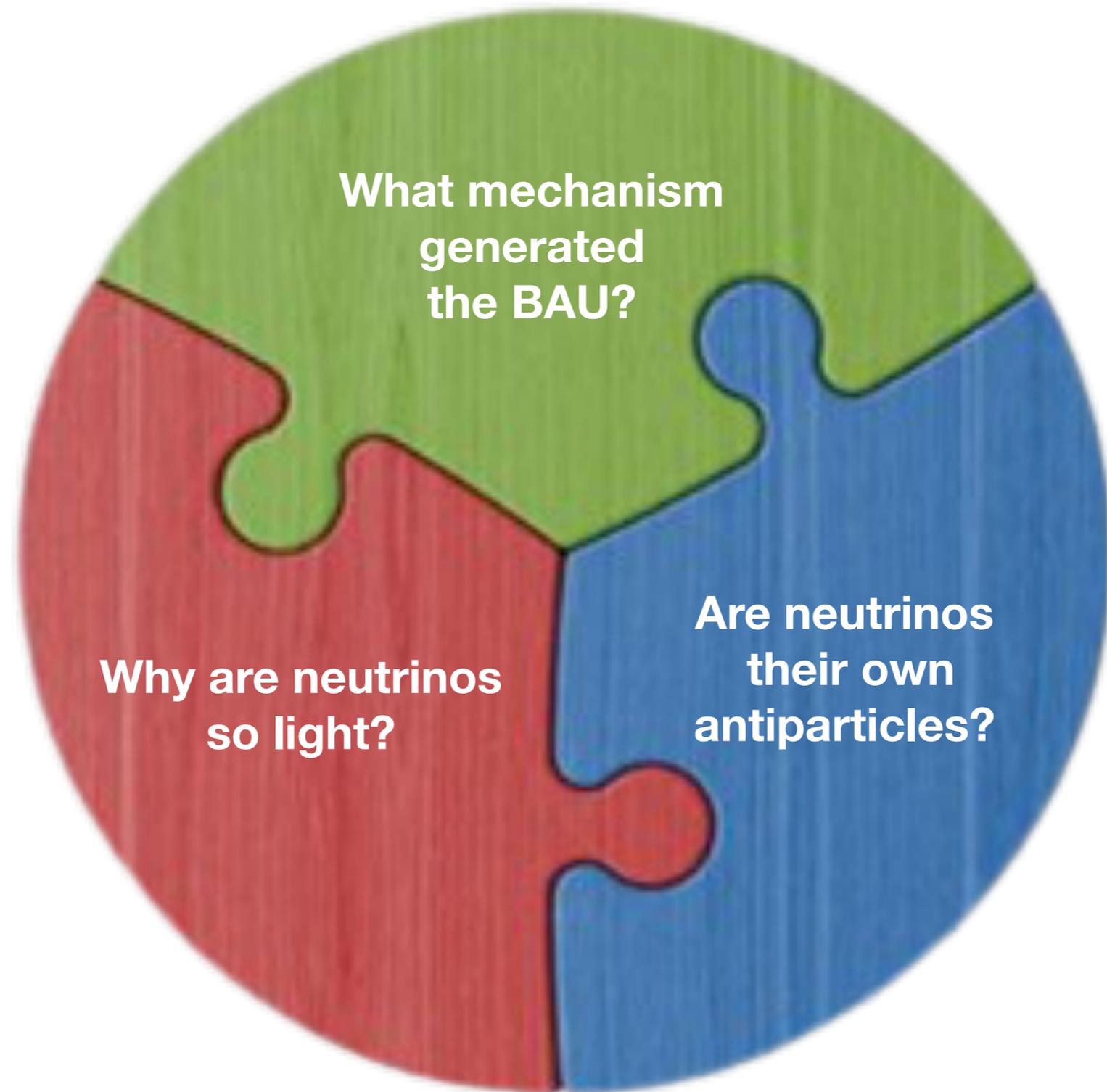
Gavela, Hernandez, Orloff & Pene *Mod.Phys.Lett.*
A9 795-810 (1994) Huet & Sather *Phys.Rev. D*51
379-394 (1994)



Departure from thermal equilibrium

Kajantie, Laine, Rummukainen
& Shaposhnikov *Phys.Rev.Lett.*
77 2887-2890 (1996)

Motivation for Leptogenesis

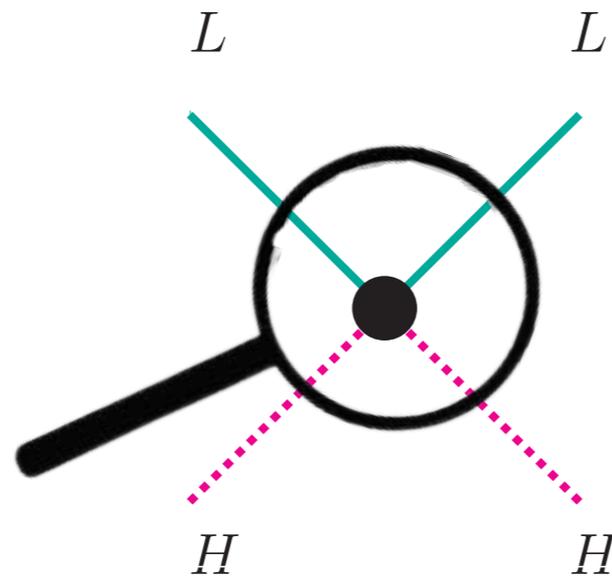


The Seesaw Mechanism

The Standard Model is an effective theory which contains non-renormalisable operators

Weinberg, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 43 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -Y_{ij} \frac{L^i H L^j H}{2M} + \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{1}{M^2} \right) + \text{h.c}$$

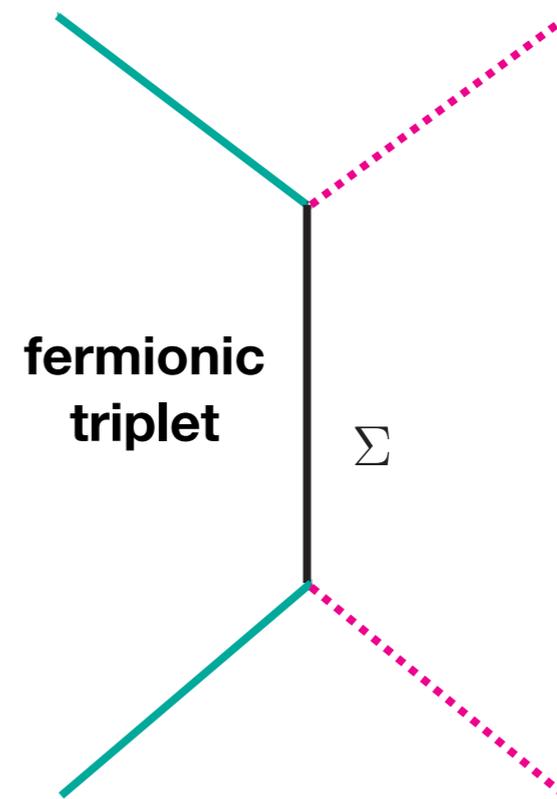
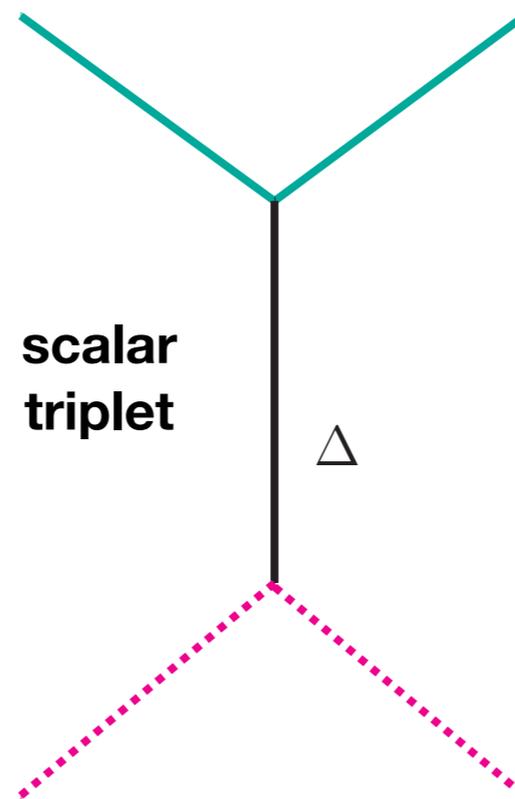
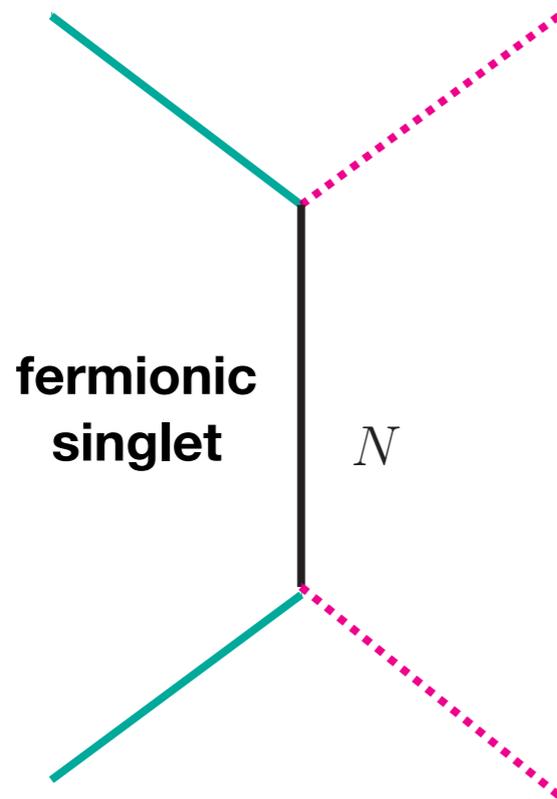


The Seesaw Mechanism

After SSB a Majorana mass is produced for the active neutrinos

Weinberg, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 43 (1979)

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -Y_{ij} \frac{L^i H L^j H}{2M} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{M^2}\right) + \text{h.c}$$



Minkowski, Yanagida, Glashow, Gell-Mann, Ramond, Slansky, Mohapatra, Senjanovic

Magg, Wetterich, Lazarides, Shafi, Mohapatra, Senjanovic, Schechter, Valle

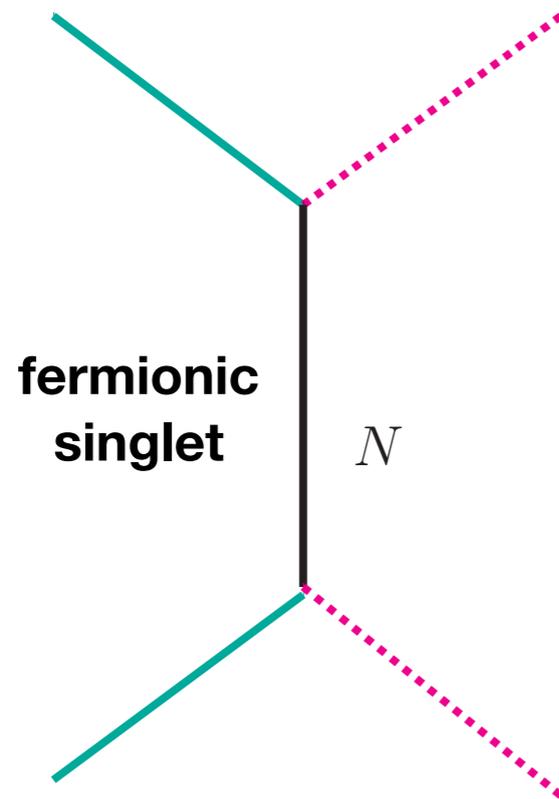
Ma, Roy, Senjanovic, Hambye

The Seesaw Mechanism

After SSB a Majorana mass is produced for the active neutrinos

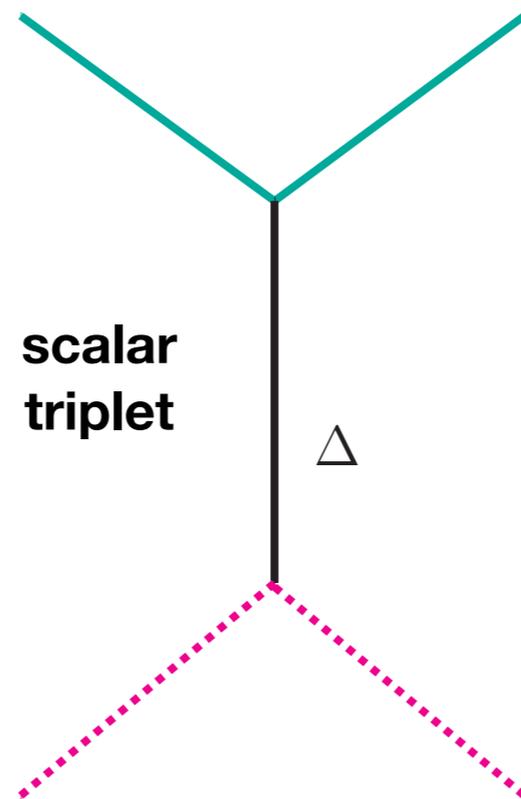
Weinberg, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 43 (1979)

Type-I seesaw



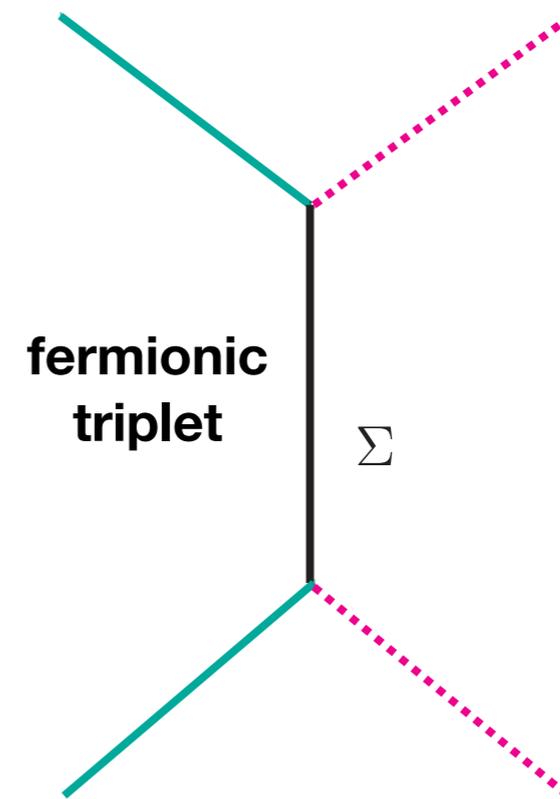
Minkowski, Yanagida, Glashow, Gell-Mann, Ramond, Slansky, Mohapatra, Senjanovic

Type-II seesaw



Magg, Wetterich, Lazarides, Shafi, Mohapatra, Senjanovic, Schechter, Valle

Type-III seesaw

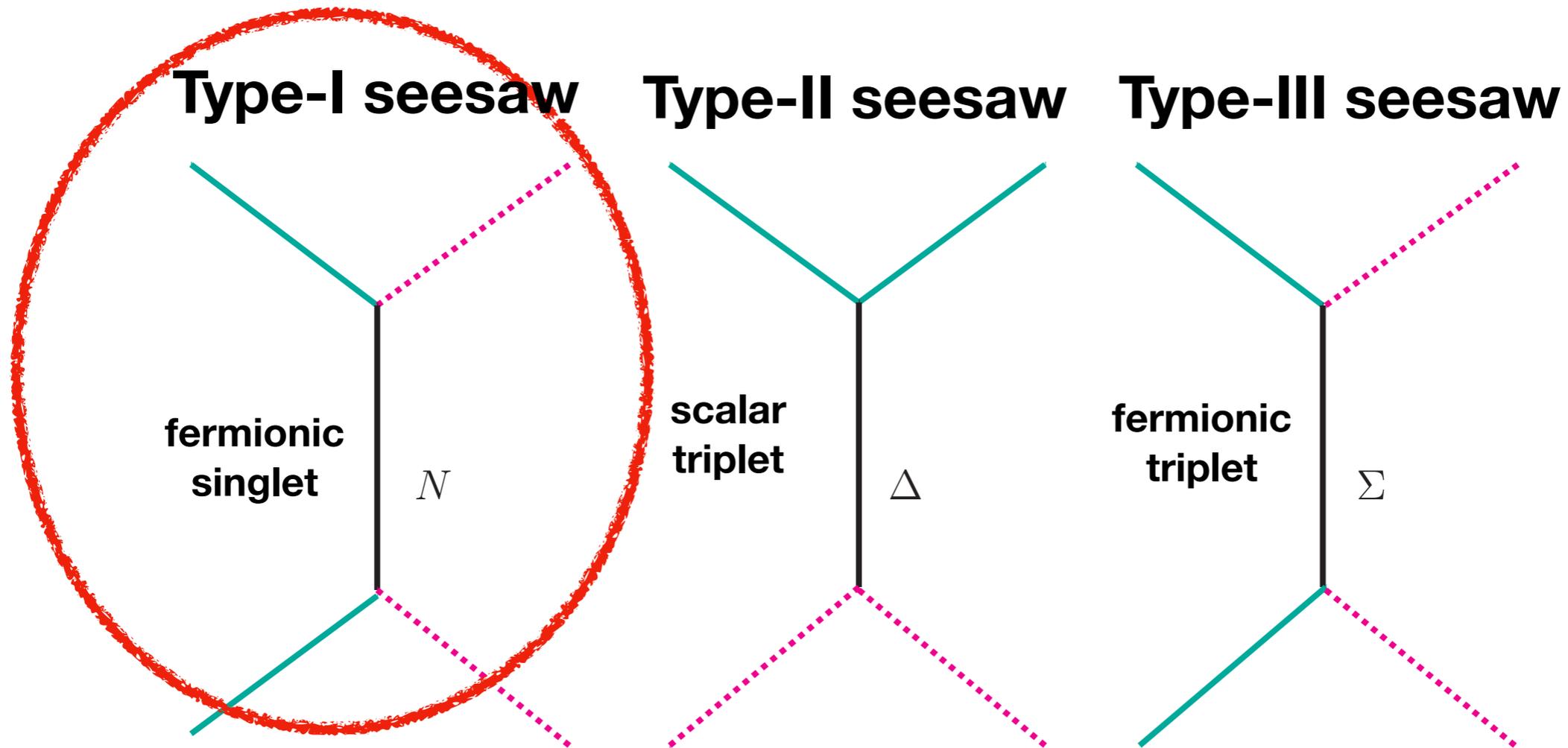


Ma, Roy, Senjanovic, Hambye

The Seesaw Mechanism

After SSB a Majorana mass is produced for the active neutrinos

Weinberg, *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 43 (1979)



Minkowski, Yanagida, Glashow, Gell-Mann, Ramond, Slansky, Mohapatra, Senjanovic

Magg, Wetterich, Lazarides, Shafi, Mohapatra, Senjanovic, Schechter, Valle

Ma, Roy, Senjanovic, Hambye

The Seesaw Mechanism

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\overline{L}_\alpha Y_{\alpha i} N_i \tilde{H} - \frac{1}{2} \overline{N}_i^C M_{N_i} N_i + \text{h.c.}$$

After diagonalising the mass matrix

$$m_\nu \approx \frac{m_D m_D^T}{M_N} = \frac{Y^2 v^2}{M_N}$$

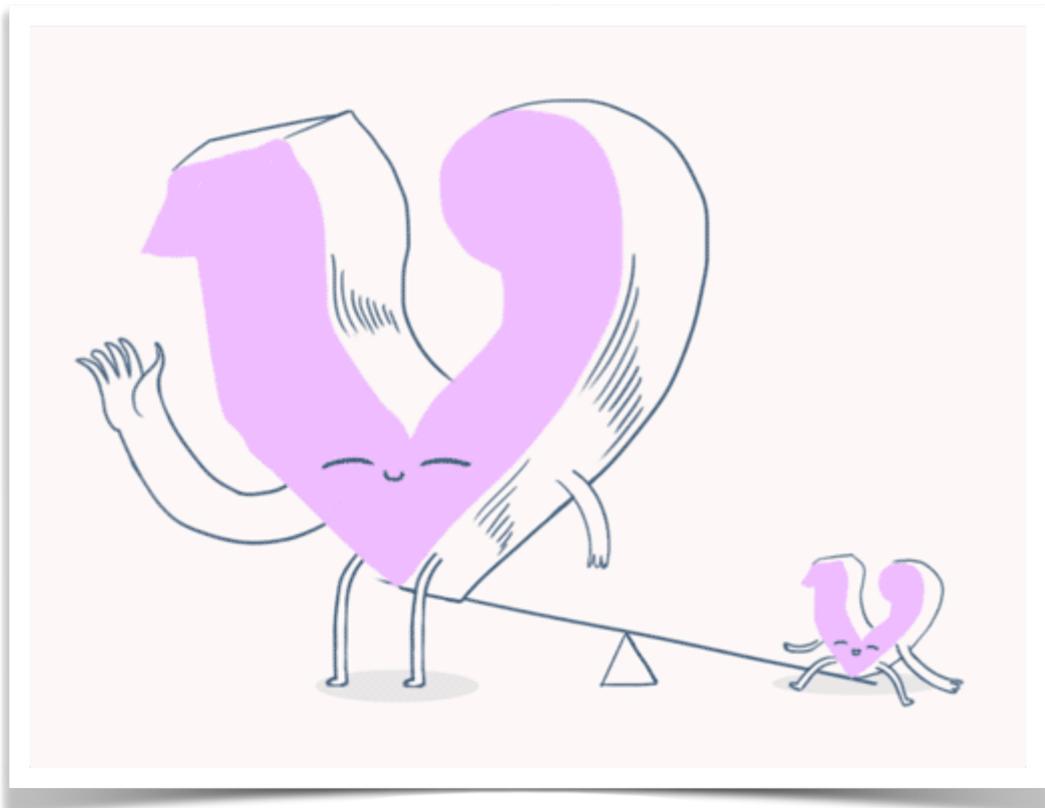
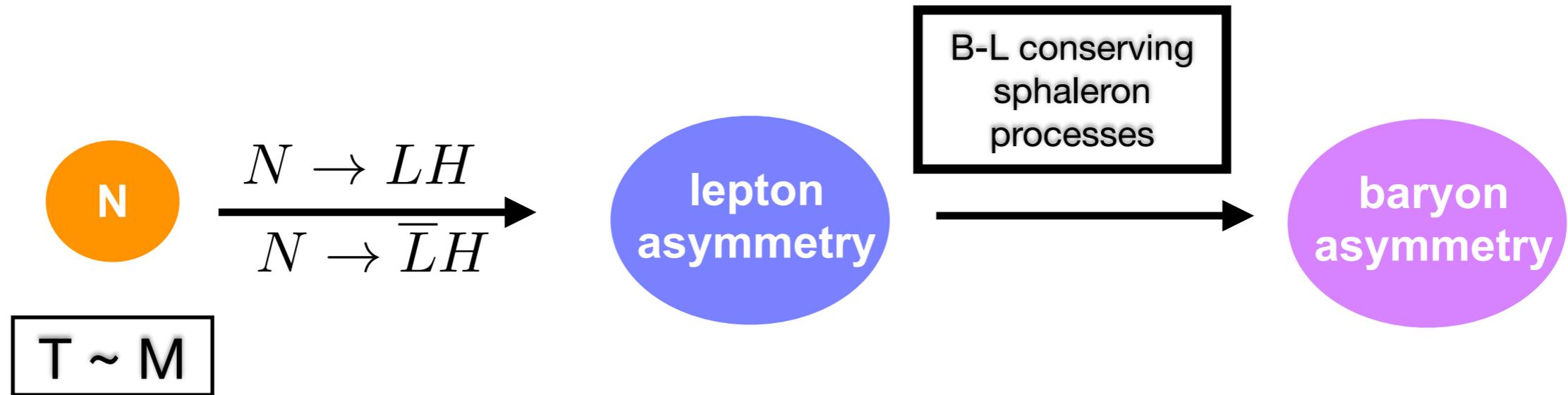


Image courtesy of Symmetry Magazine

Sakharov's Conditions

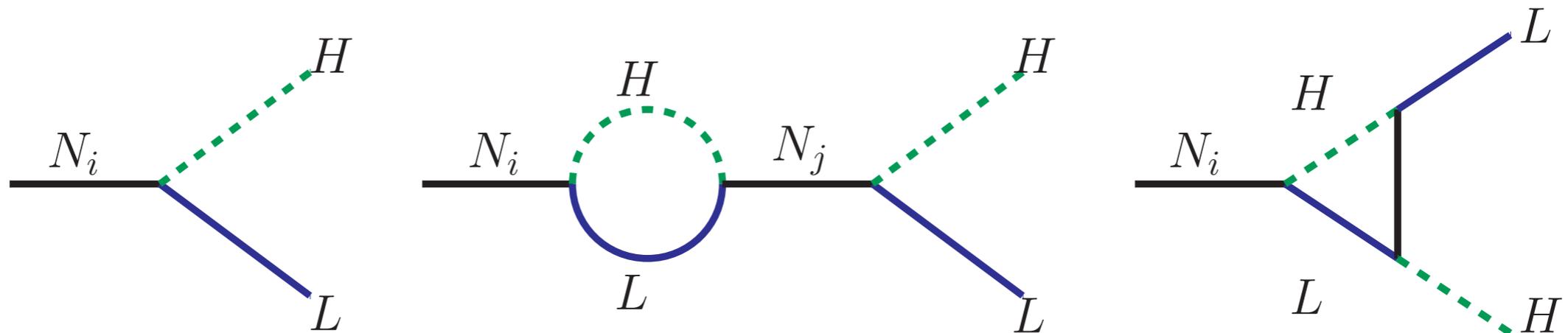
- Baryon number violation
- C & CP-violation
- Departure from thermal equilibrium

Thermal Leptogenesis



Decay asymmetry from interference between tree and loop level diagrams

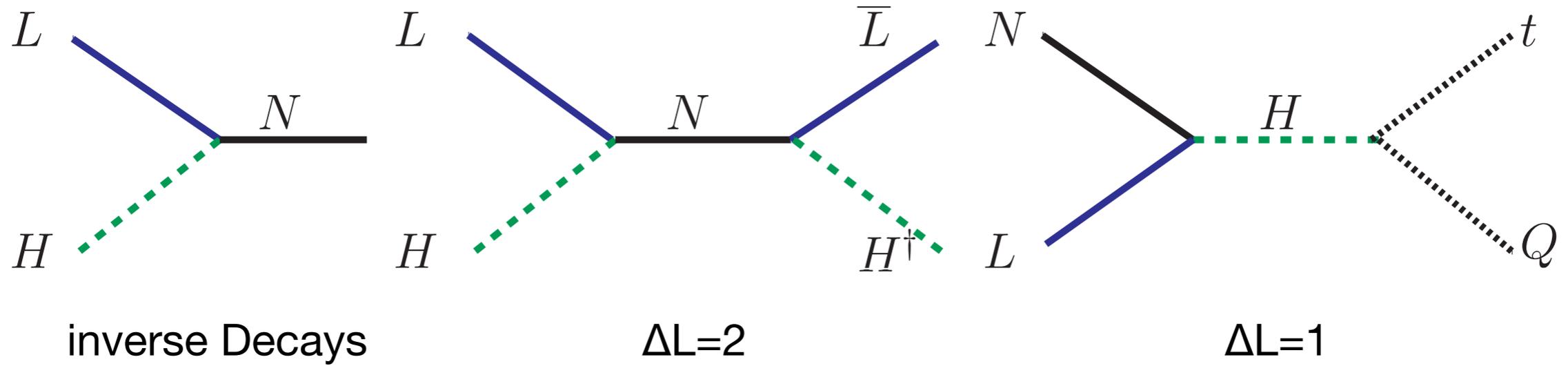
Covi, Roulet, Vissani



$$\epsilon_i = \frac{\Gamma_i - \overline{\Gamma}_i}{\Gamma_i + \overline{\Gamma}_i}$$

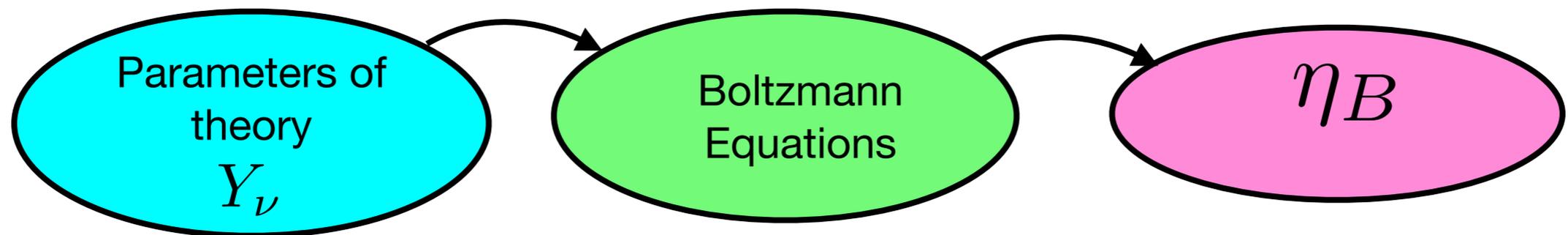
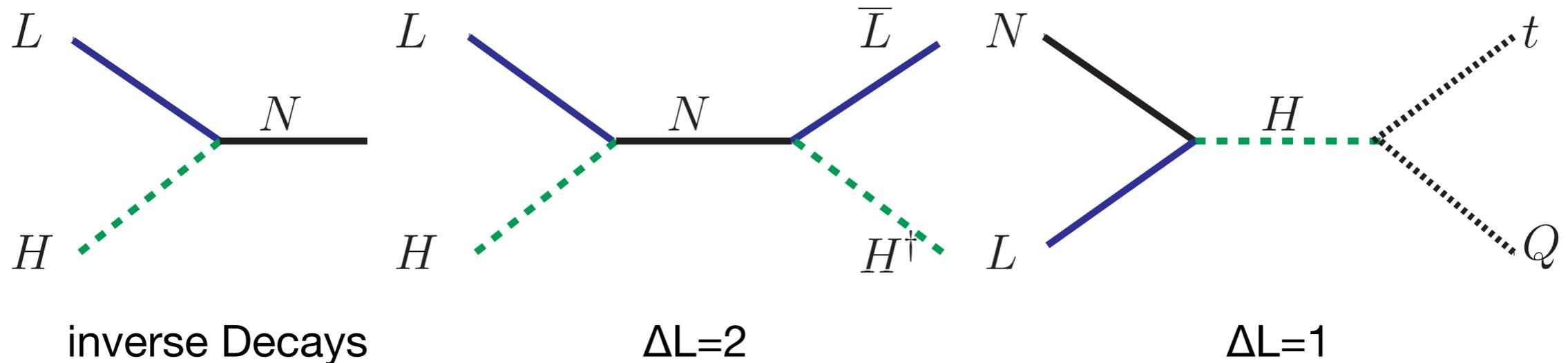
Thermal Leptogenesis

Washout and scattering processes



Thermal Leptogenesis

Washout and scattering processes



$$\frac{dn_{N_i}}{dz} = -D_i(n_{N_i} - n_{N_i}^{\text{eq}}),$$

$$\frac{dn_{B-L}}{dz} = \sum_{i=1}^3 \left(\overset{\text{source}}{\epsilon^{(i)} D_i(n_{N_i} - n_{N_i}^{\text{eq}})} - \overset{\text{sink}}{W_i n_{B-L}} \right).$$

RHN Mass

$\mathcal{O}(10^{12})$ GeV

Fukugida & Yanagida (1986)

$\mathcal{O}(10^6)$ GeV

Moffat, Petcov, Pascoli, Schulz & JT (2018)

$\mathcal{O}(10^3)$ GeV

Pilaftis & Underwood (2004)

$\mathcal{O}(1)$ GeV

Akhmedov, Rubakov & Smirnov (1998), Asaka & Shaposhnikov (2005)

**high-scale
leptogenesis**

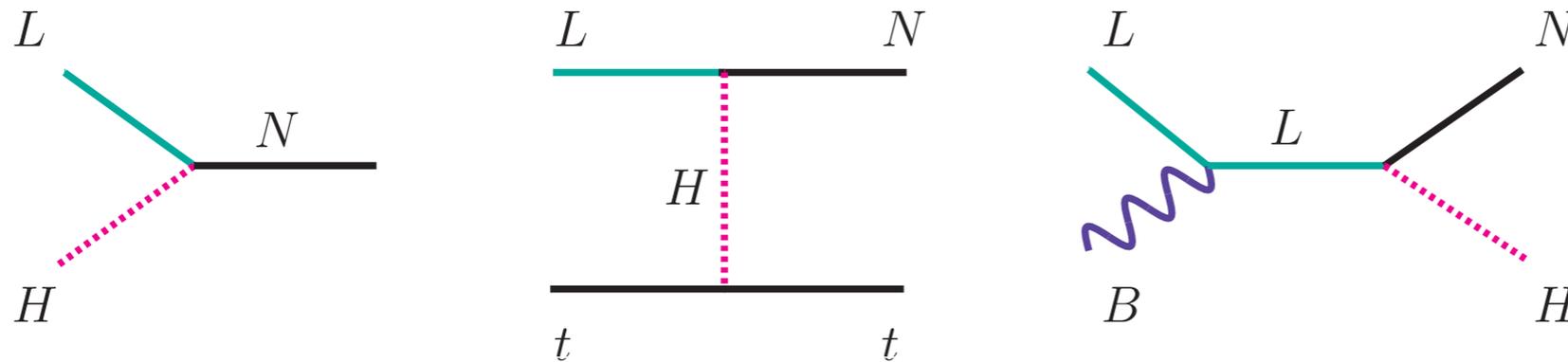
**intermediate
scale leptogenesis**

**resonant
leptogenesis**

**leptogenesis via
oscillations**

Leptogenesis via Oscillations

- highly degenerate RHNs produced via scattering at $T > T_{EW}$



- small Yukawa couplings \rightarrow RHNs may not have equilibrated by the EWPT
- RHNs CP-violating oscillations & decays \rightarrow source of lepton number and flavour asymmetry.

Akhmedov, Rubakov & Smirnov *Phys.Rev.Lett.* 81 1359-1362 (1998)
Asaka & Shaposhnikov *Phys.Lett. B620* 17-26 (2005)

Leptogenesis via Oscillations with 2 RHNs

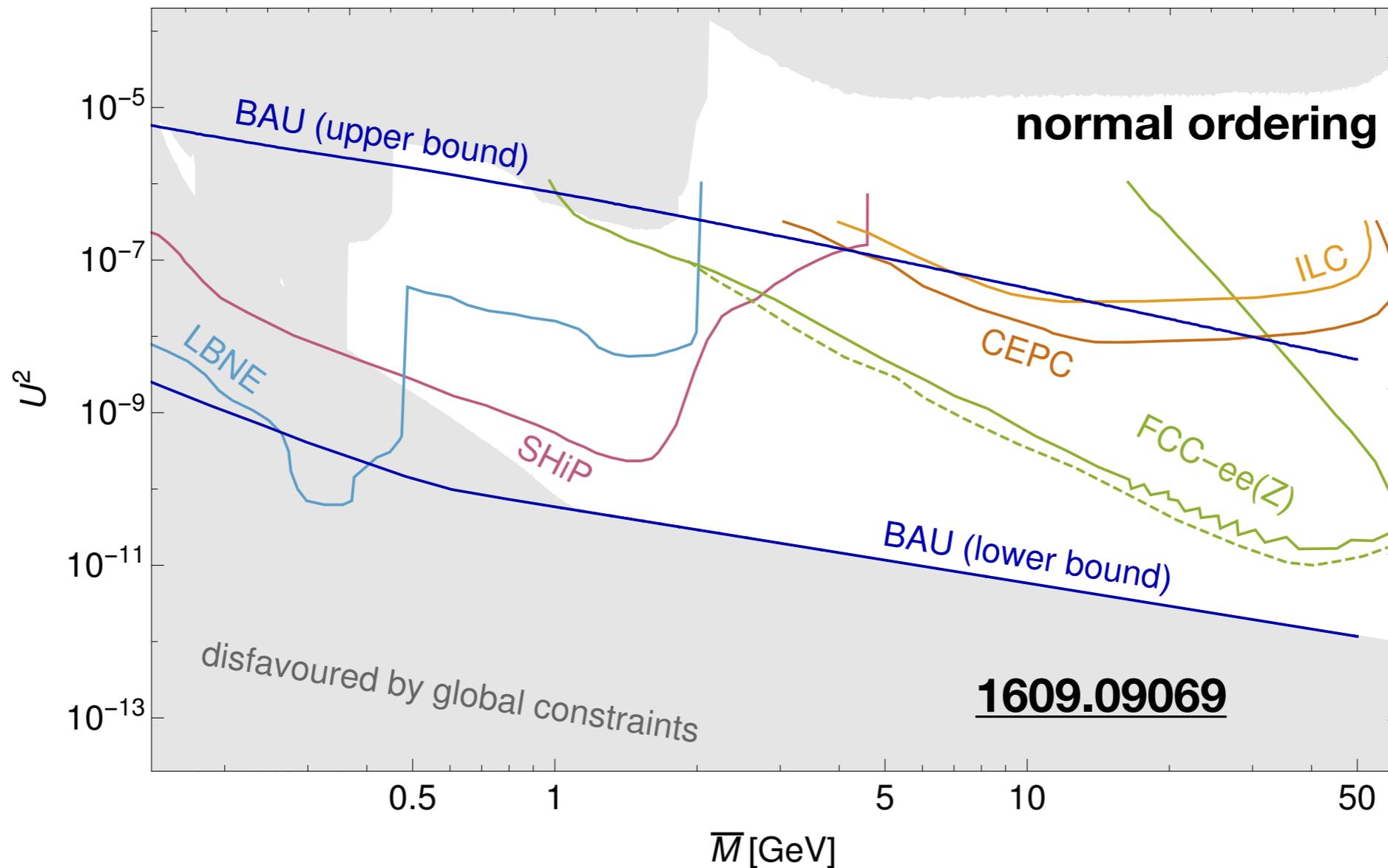
- GeV-scale RHNs → rich phenomenology

$$Y = \frac{1}{v} U \sqrt{m} R^T \sqrt{M}$$

4 masses, 4 angles, 3 phases (2 masses + 3 angles + 1 phase measured)
 (2 masses + 3 angles + 1 phase from oscillation data ⇒ 5 free parameters)

Casas & Ibarra, *Nucl.Phys. B618 (2001) 171-204*

$$\nu_\alpha = U_{\alpha i} \nu_i + \Theta_{\alpha I} N_I^c \quad |U|^2 = \sum_{\alpha I} |\Theta_{\alpha I}|^2 \quad \bar{M} = \frac{M_1 + M_2}{2}$$



Drewes, Garbrecht, Gueter, Klaric *JHEP 1708 (2017) 018*

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$\mathcal{O}(10^6)$ GeV

Moffat, Petcov, Pascoli, Schulz
& JT (2018)

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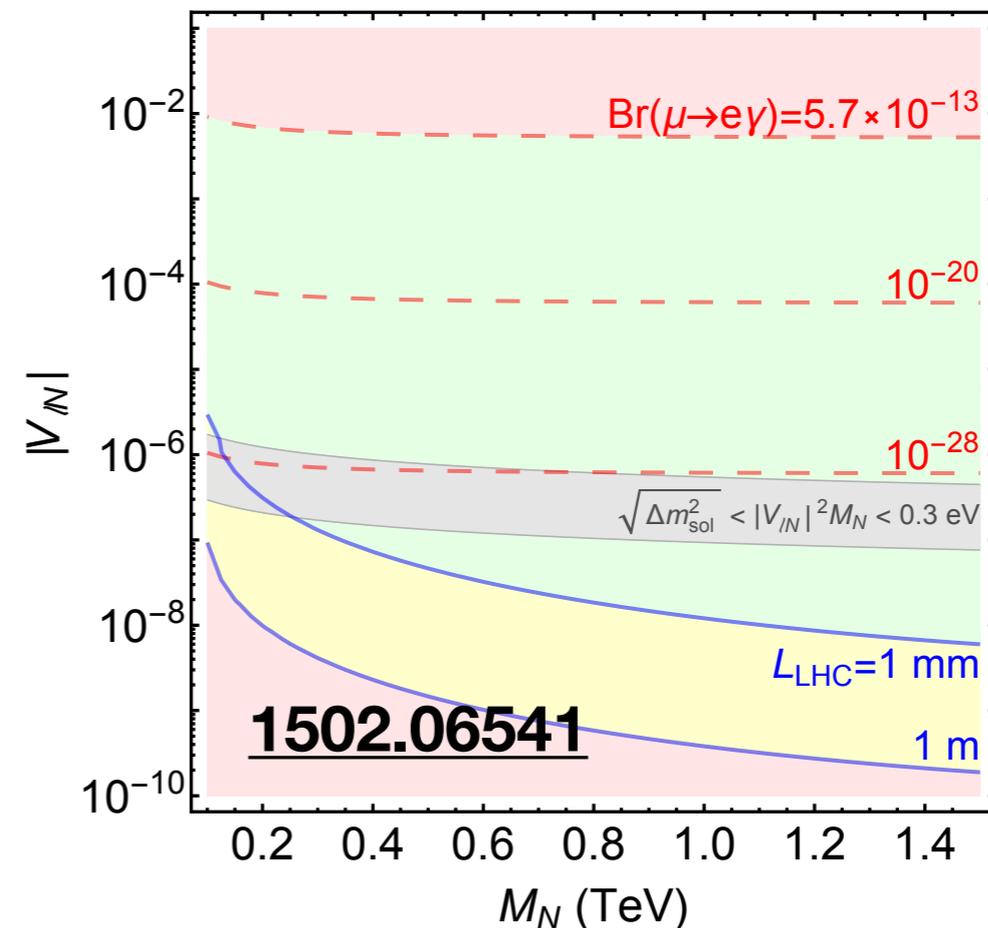
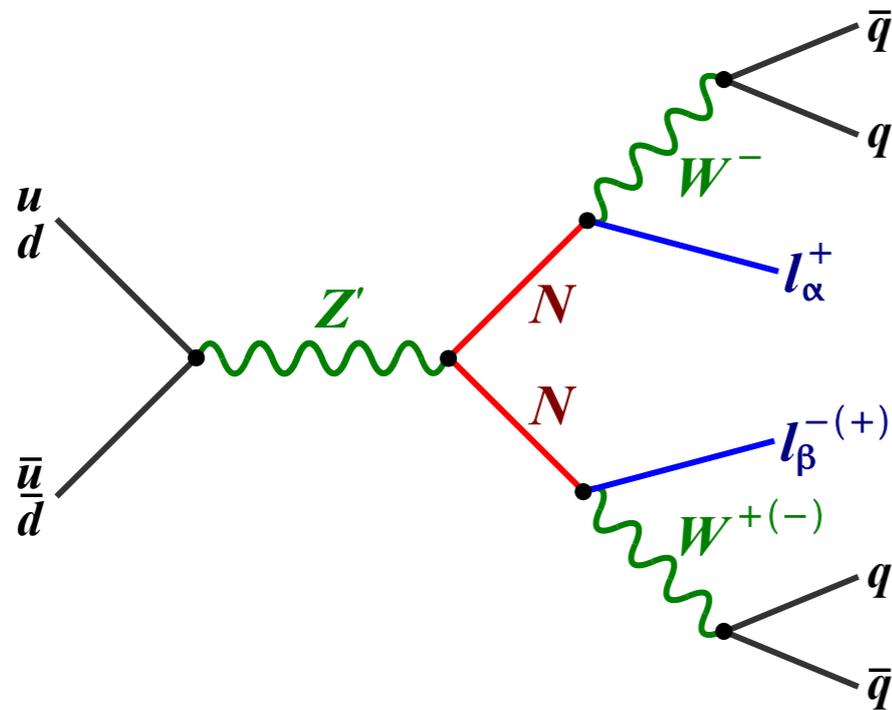
**leptogenesis via
oscillations**

Resonant Leptogenesis

- Regime where RHNs decay width similar to their mass differences. Mass range \sim TeV

Pilaftis & Underwood *Nucl.Phys. B692* 303-345(2004) Abada, Aissaoui, Losada *Nucl.Phys. B728* 55-66 (2005)
 Garny, Kartavtsev & Hohenegger *Annals Phys.* 328 (2013) 26-63,
 Dev, Millington, Pilaftsis, Teresi *Nucl.Phys. B886* (2014) 569-664

- RHN masses explained by additional $U(1)_{B-L}$ symmetry and can be sufficiently long-lived \rightarrow displaced-vertex signature searched for at LHC, MATHUSLA or SHiP.



Deppisch, Dev & Pilaftsis *New J.Phys.* 17 no.7, 075019 (2015)
 Helo, Kovalenko & Hirsch *Phys.Rev. D89* 073005 (2014)
 Gago, Hernández, Jones-Pérez, Losada & Briceño
Nucl.Part.Phys.Proc. 273-275 2693-2695 (2016)
 Antusch, Cazzato & Fischer *JHEP* 1612 007 (2016)

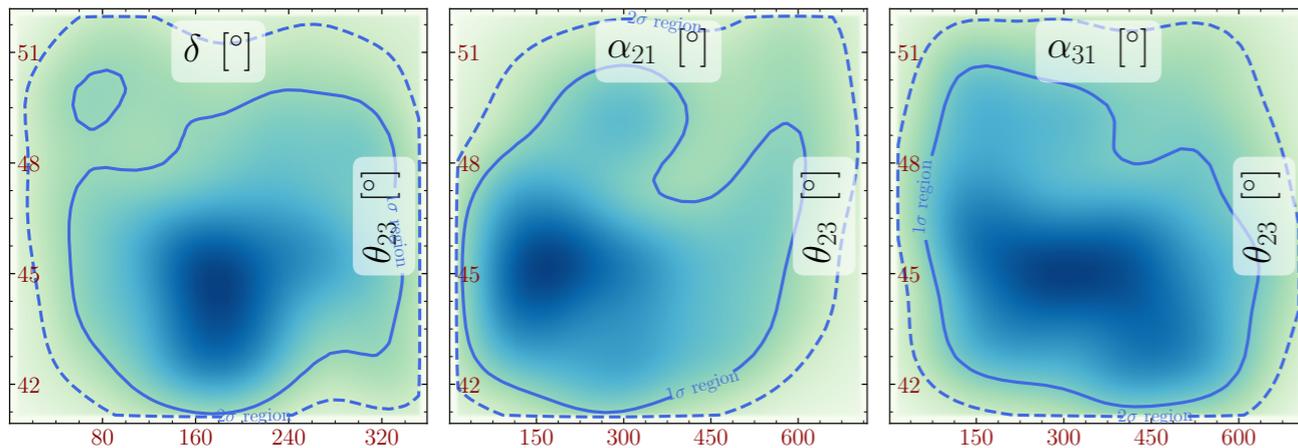
Deppisch, Dev, Pilaftsis, *New J.Phys.* 17 (2015) no.7, 075019

Resonant leptogenesis in the Neutrino Option

- Assume scale invariance about M
- Integrate out TeV scale RHN and RG evolve: Higgs potential produced for $M \sim 10^3$ TeV

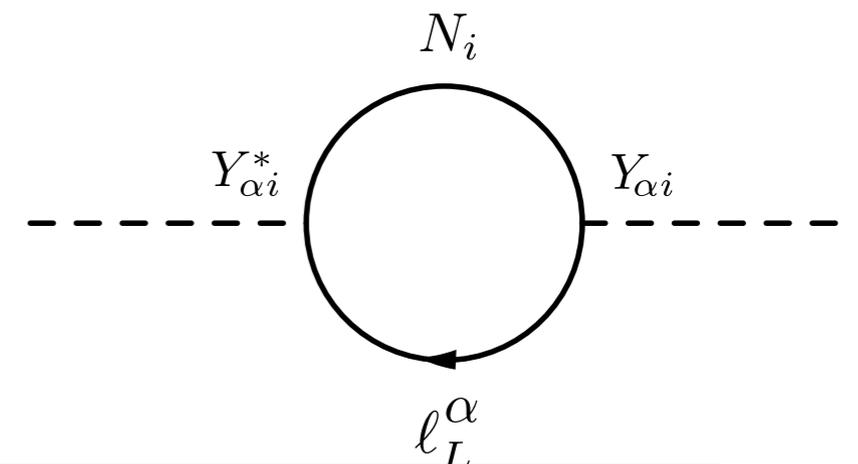
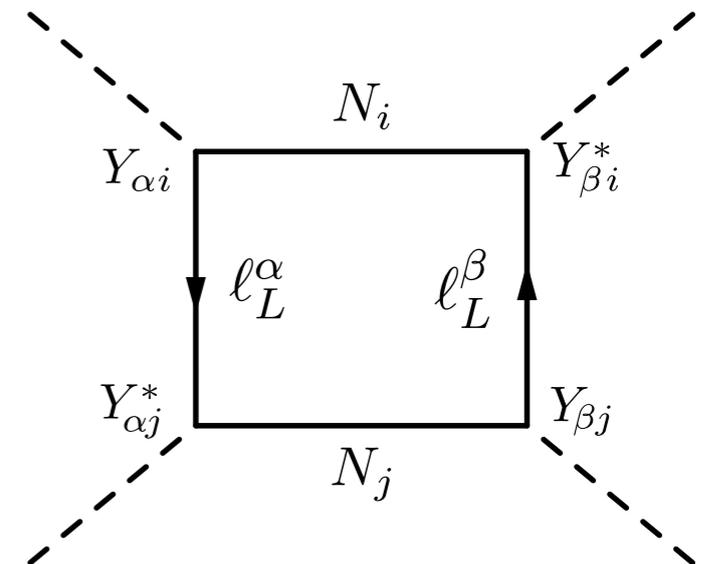
Brdar, Hemboldt, Iwamoto, Schmitz *Phys.Rev. D100 075029* (2019)
 Brivio, Moffat, Pascoli, Petcov, Turner *JHEP 1910 059* (2019)

Normal Ordering



$$\frac{\Delta M}{M} \sim 10^{-8} \quad \overline{M} = 1.2 \times 10^6 \text{ GeV}$$

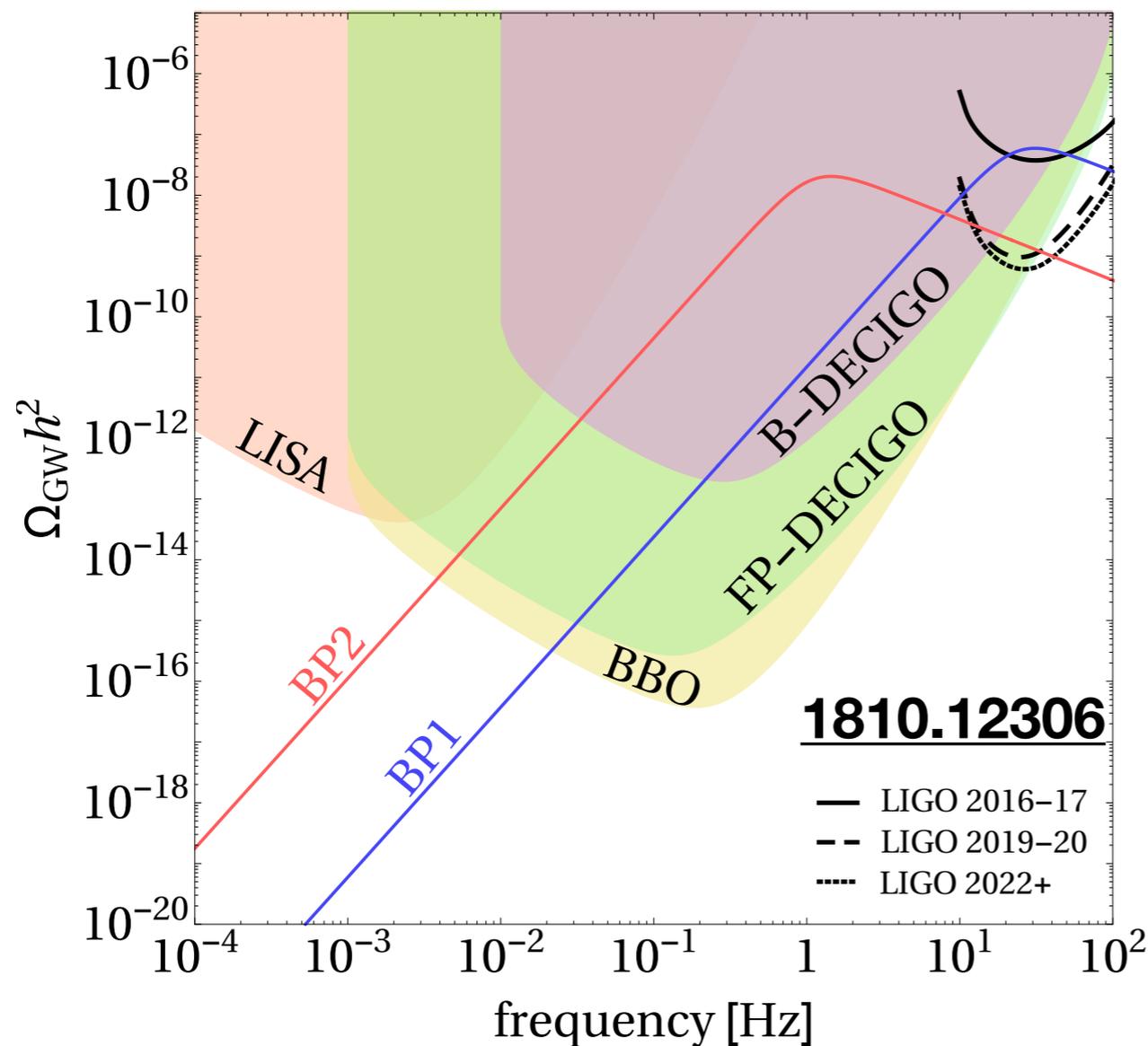
slight preference for
 $\theta_{23} < 45^\circ$ and $\delta \sim 180^\circ$



Scale invariance broken at
 quantum level

Resonant leptogenesis in the Neutrino Option

- UV-completion of Neutrino Option (Brdar, Emonds, Helmboldt, Lindner) minimal renormalisable model based on classical scale invariance
- New scalar breaks scale-invariance → generates mass for RHNs and strong first order phase transition



**Brdar, Emonds, Helmboldt,
Lindner *Phys.Rev. D99 (2019) no.5,
055014***

See also “Probing the seesaw scale
with gravitational waves” Okada &
Seto

1810.12306

— LIGO 2016–17
-- LIGO 2019–20
... LIGO 2022+

RHN Mass

$\mathcal{O}(10^{12})$ GeV

Fukugida & Yanagida (1986)

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Pilaftis & Underwood (2004)

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Akhmedov, Rubakov & Smirnov (1998), Asaka & Shaposhnikov (2005)

**high-scale
leptogenesis**

**intermediate
scale leptogenesis**

**resonant
leptogenesis**

**leptogenesis via
oscillations**

We reviewed results
in **low-scale** and
resonant leptogenesis.

These are the same
mechanism see **Klaric et
al 2008.13771**

RHN Mass

$\mathcal{O}(10^{12}) \text{ GeV}$

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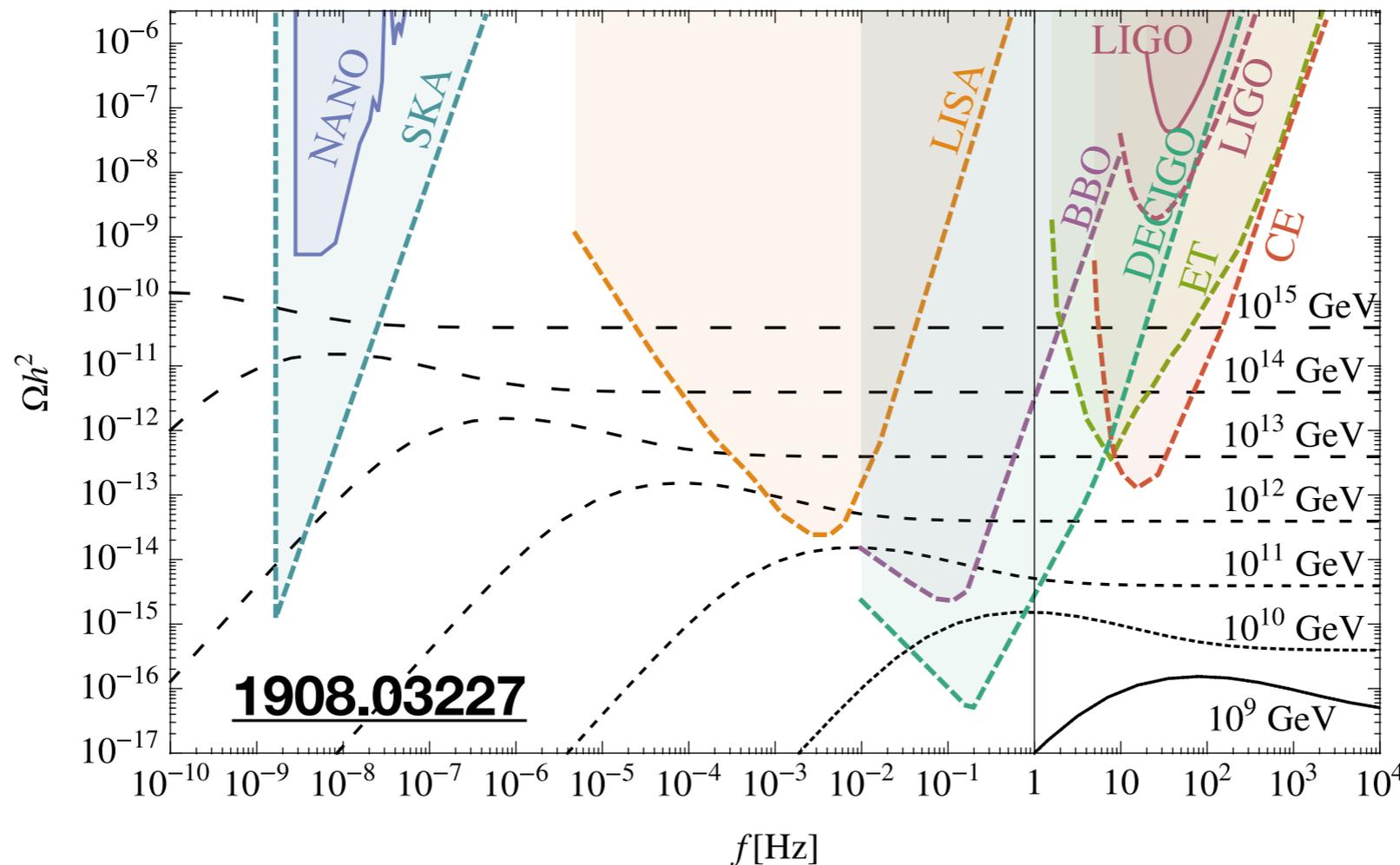
**resonant
leptogenesis**

**leptogenesis via
oscillations**

Difficult to test,
however gravitational
waves offer an additional
telescope on high-scale
leptogenesis

Thermal leptogenesis

- Lepton asymmetry produced by detailed balance between CP-violating decays of heavy ($>10^6$ GeV) RHNs and washout processes
- Highlighted by Dror et al that GWs from cosmic string network generic prediction of seesaw mechanism



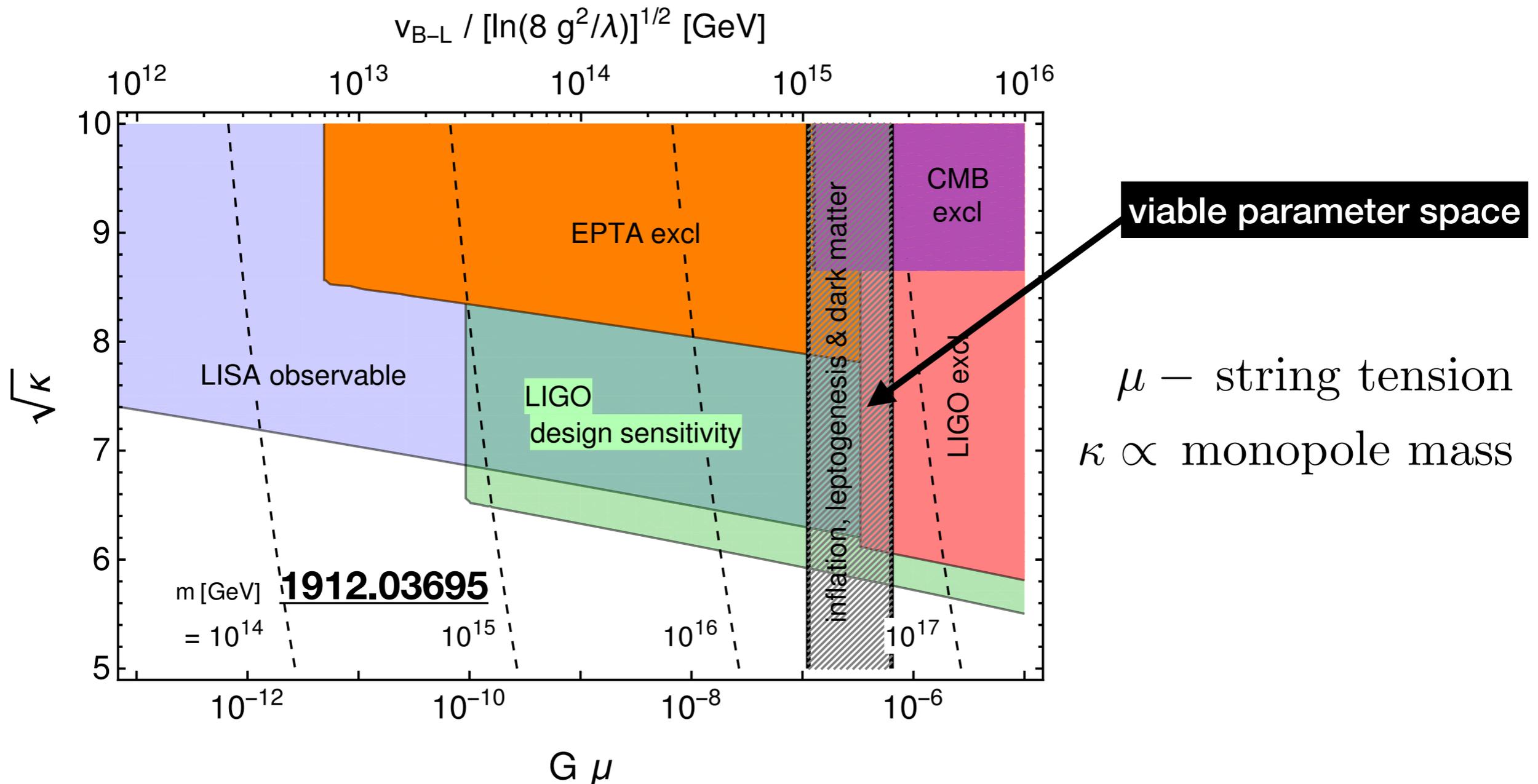
Thermal leptogenesis

- U(1)_{B-L} used to explain inflation, leptogenesis and neutralino (DM).

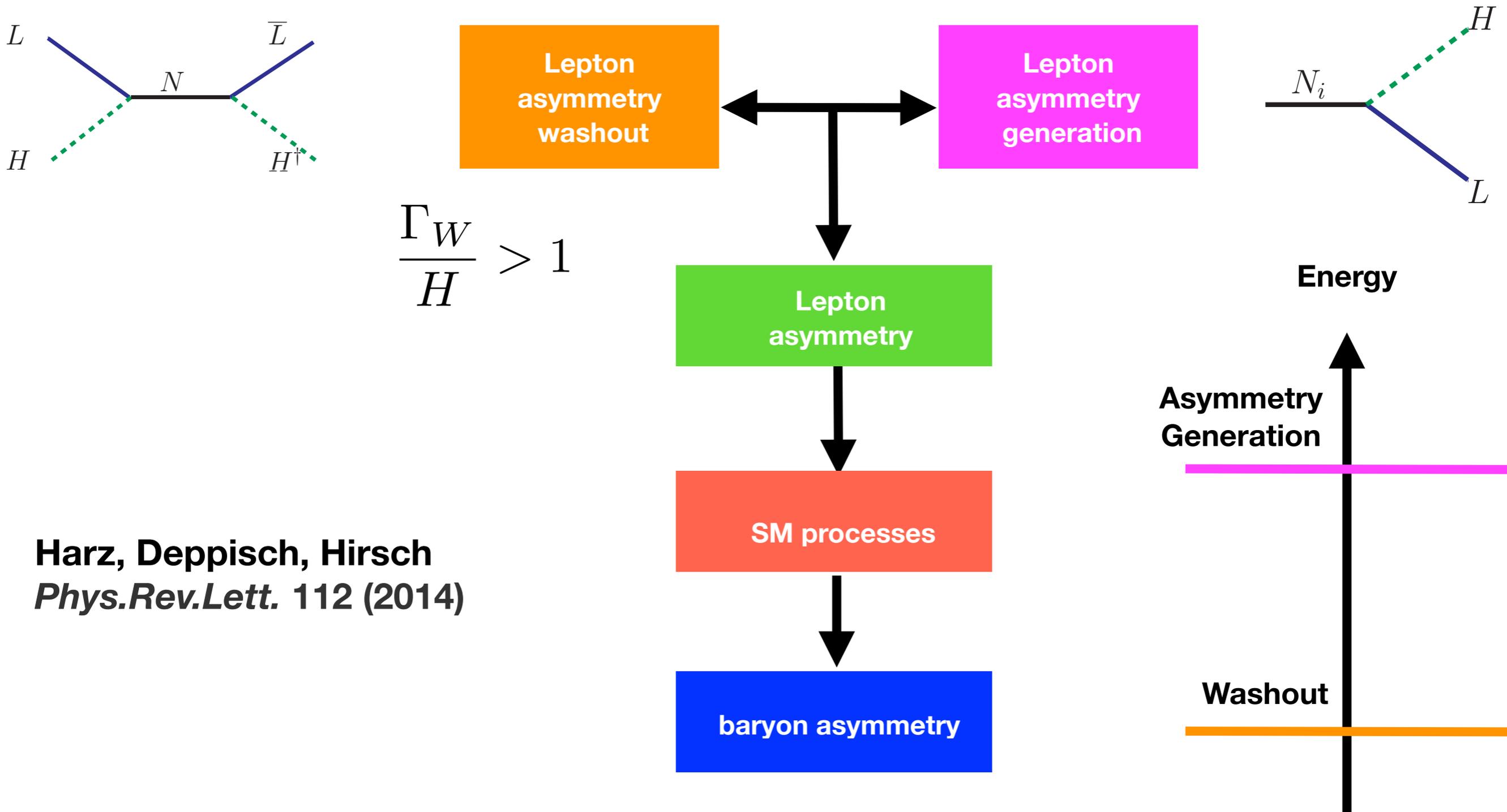
monopoles

cosmic strings

$$SO(10) \longrightarrow G_{SM} \times U(1)_{B-L} \longrightarrow G_{SM}$$



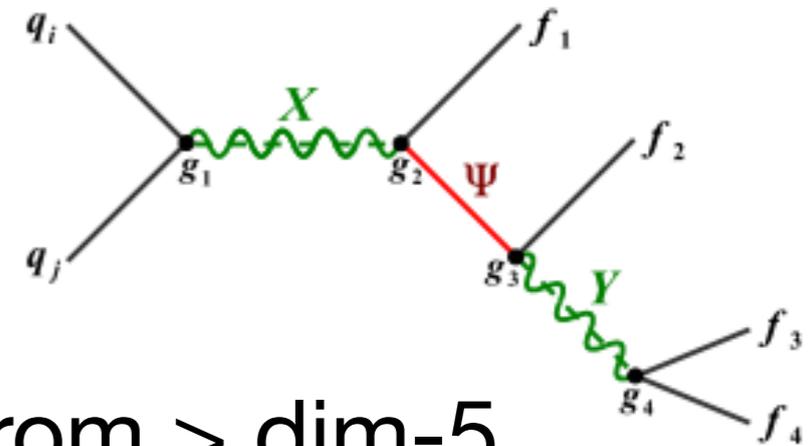
Falsifiability of High-Scale Leptogenesis



If washout processes are large they may be searched for and could possibly falsify leptogenesis

- Observation of LNV washout processes at the LHC would falsify high-scale leptogenesis

Deppisch & Harz (2014)

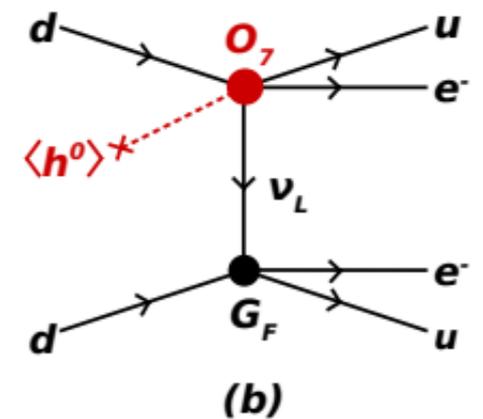


Deppisch, Graf, Harz, Huang (2017)

- Observation of NDBD with new physics from $> \text{dim-5}$ operators would falsify high-scale leptogenesis

- Caveats:

1. NDBD only probes electron flavour so including flavour effects can evade this
2. Dark $U(1)$ symmetry



- Nonetheless, if one observes LNV at the TeV scale \implies high-scale leptogenesis can be falsified.
See [2106.10838](#) for details

Thermal leptogenesis and primordial black holes

- Primordial BHs could have formed in EU (for formation talk see **Y. Goutennaire**)
- If RHNs exist, PBHs would have produced them. In 2010.03565, Yuber Perez-Gonzalez & I studied this interplay

Morrison, Profumo & Yu *JCAP* 1905 (2019) 005

Fujita, Kawasaki, Harigaya & Matsuda *Phys.Rev. D*89 (2014) no.10, 103501

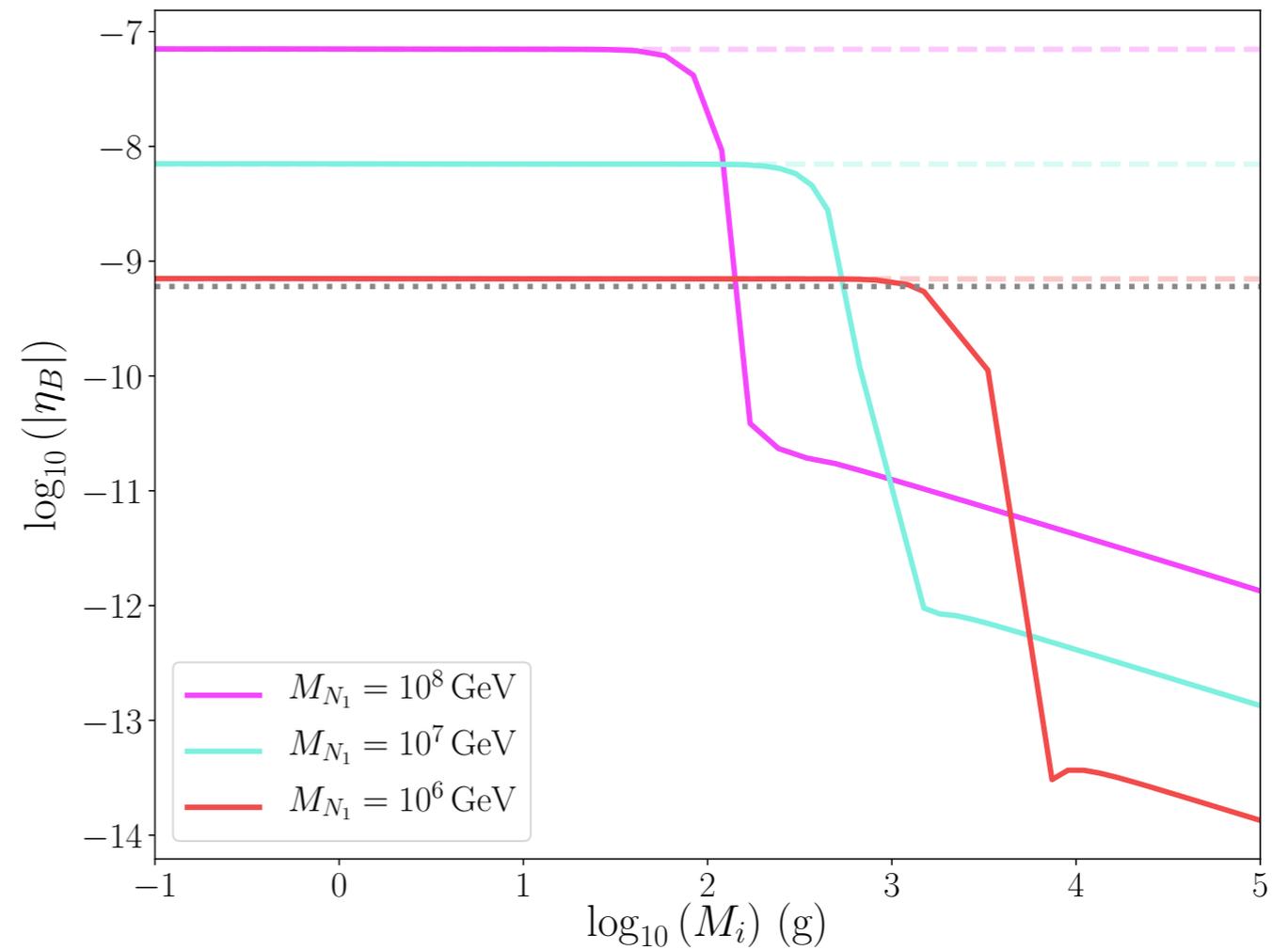
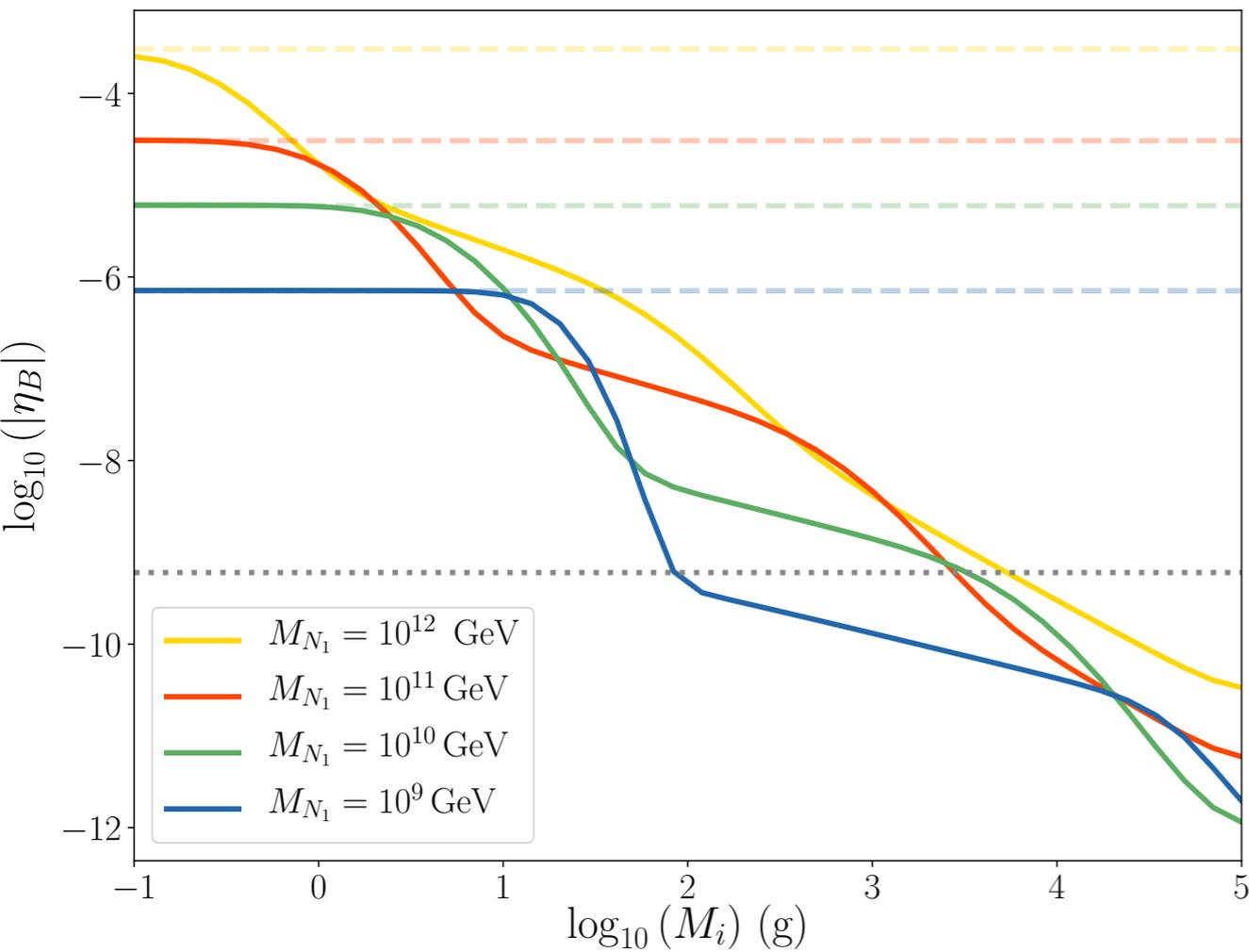
$$aH \frac{dn_{\alpha\beta}^{\text{B-L}}}{da} = \epsilon_{\alpha\beta}^{(1)} \left[(n_{N_1}^{\text{TH}} - n_{N_1}^{\text{eq}}) \Gamma_{N_1}^T + n_{N_1}^{\text{BH}} \Gamma_{N_1}^{\text{BH}} \right] + \mathcal{W}_{\alpha\beta}$$

B-L asymmetry from thermal leptogenesis

B-L asymmetry produced from RHN produced from PBH Hawking radiation

Requires solving Friedmann equations for evolution of comoving energy density radiation and PBHs

Thermal leptogenesis and primordial black holes



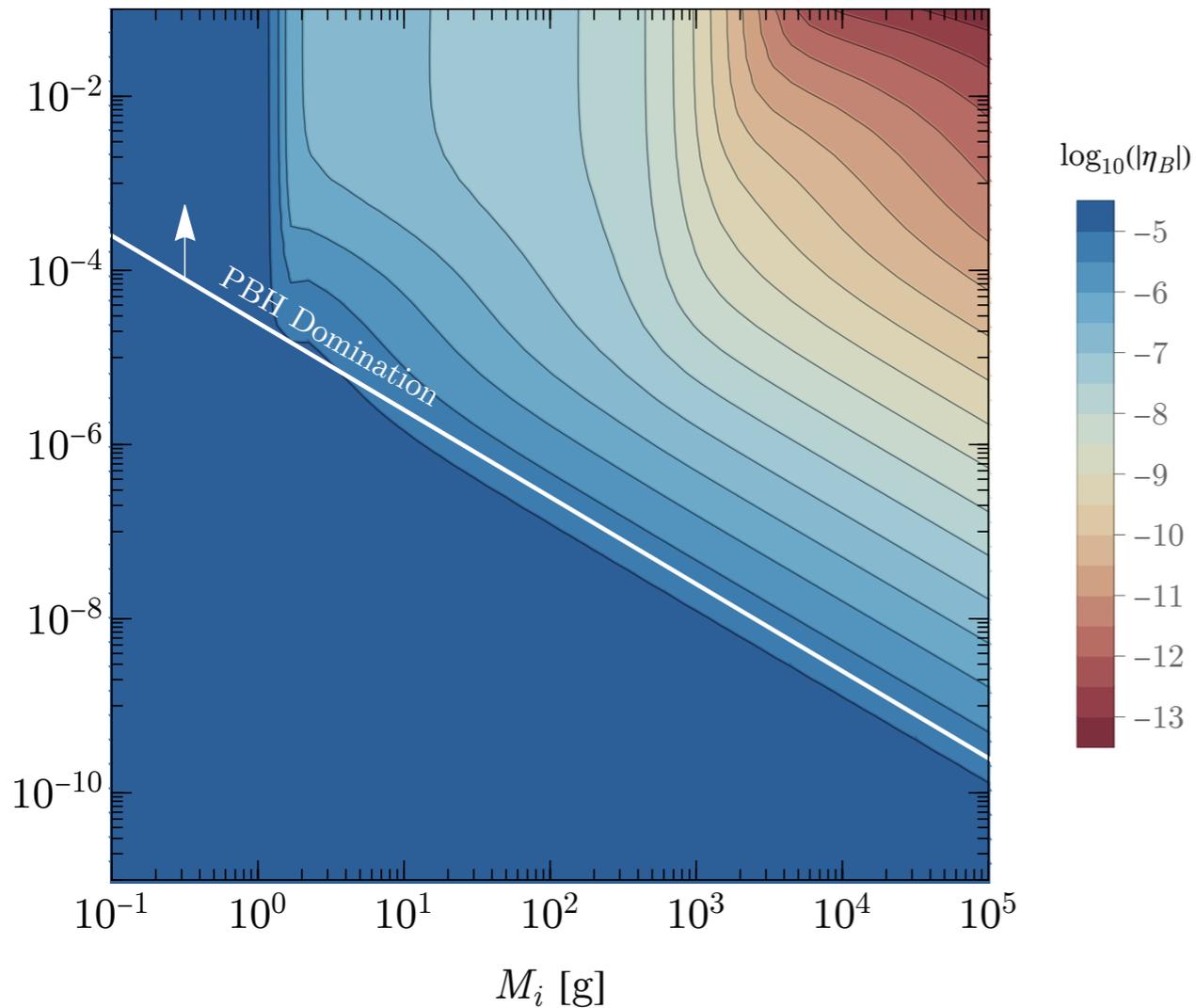
$$\beta' = 10^{-3}$$

Chose Yukawa matrix for maximal baryon asymmetry
 Lines indicates upper bound

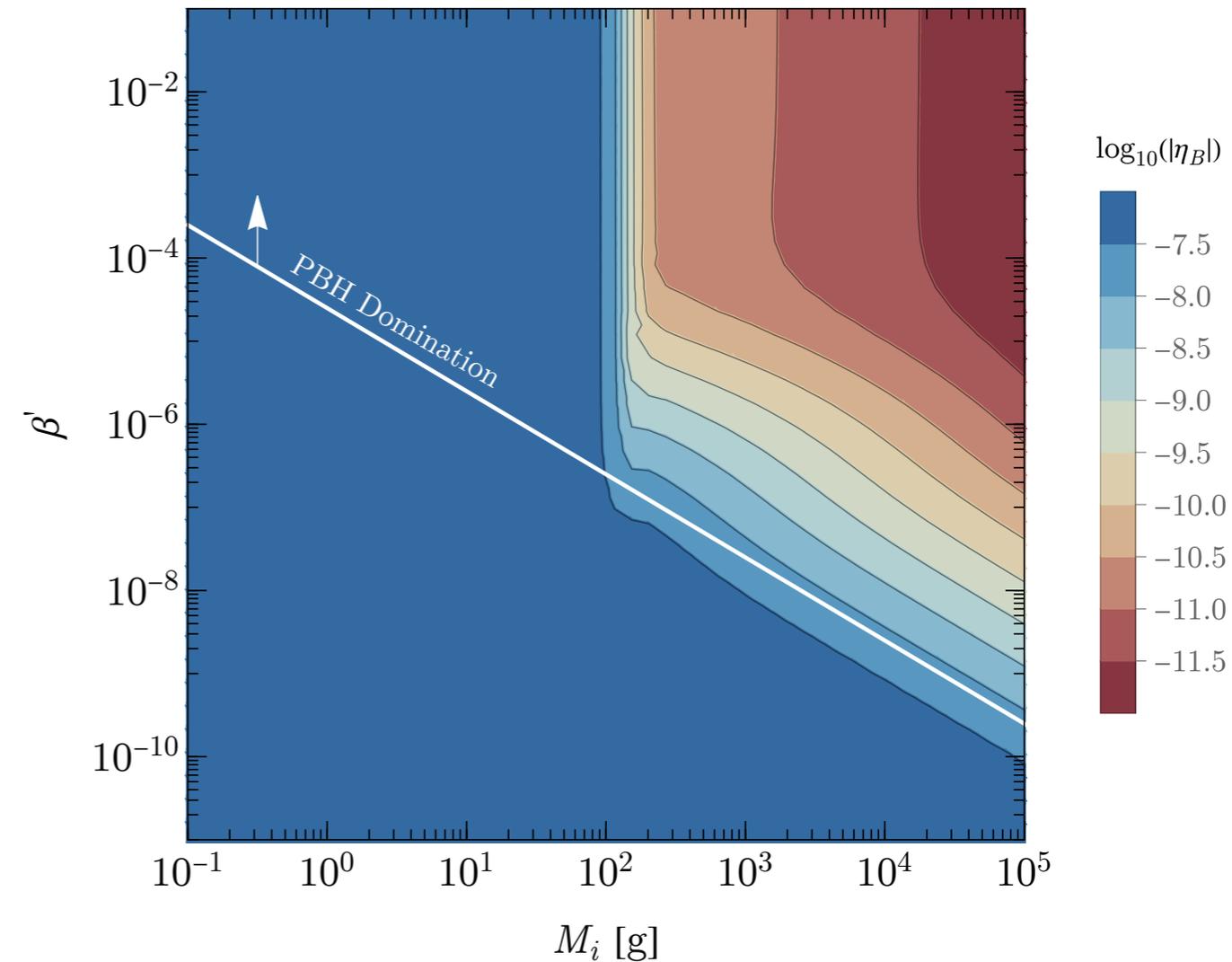
Thermal leptogenesis and primordial black holes

Dilution effect present as long as there is PBH domination

$M_{N_1} = 10^{11}$ GeV



$M_{N_1} = 10^8$ GeV



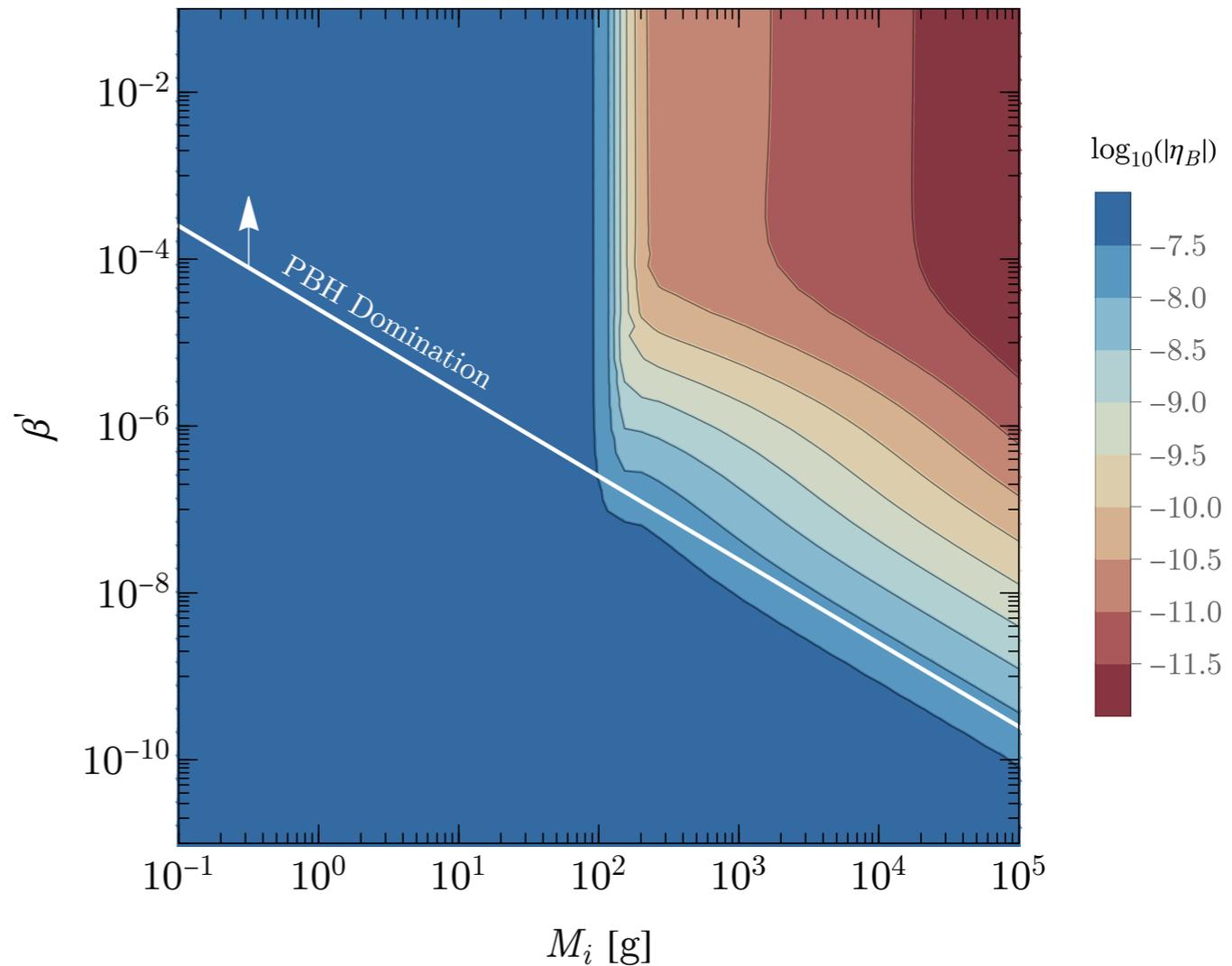
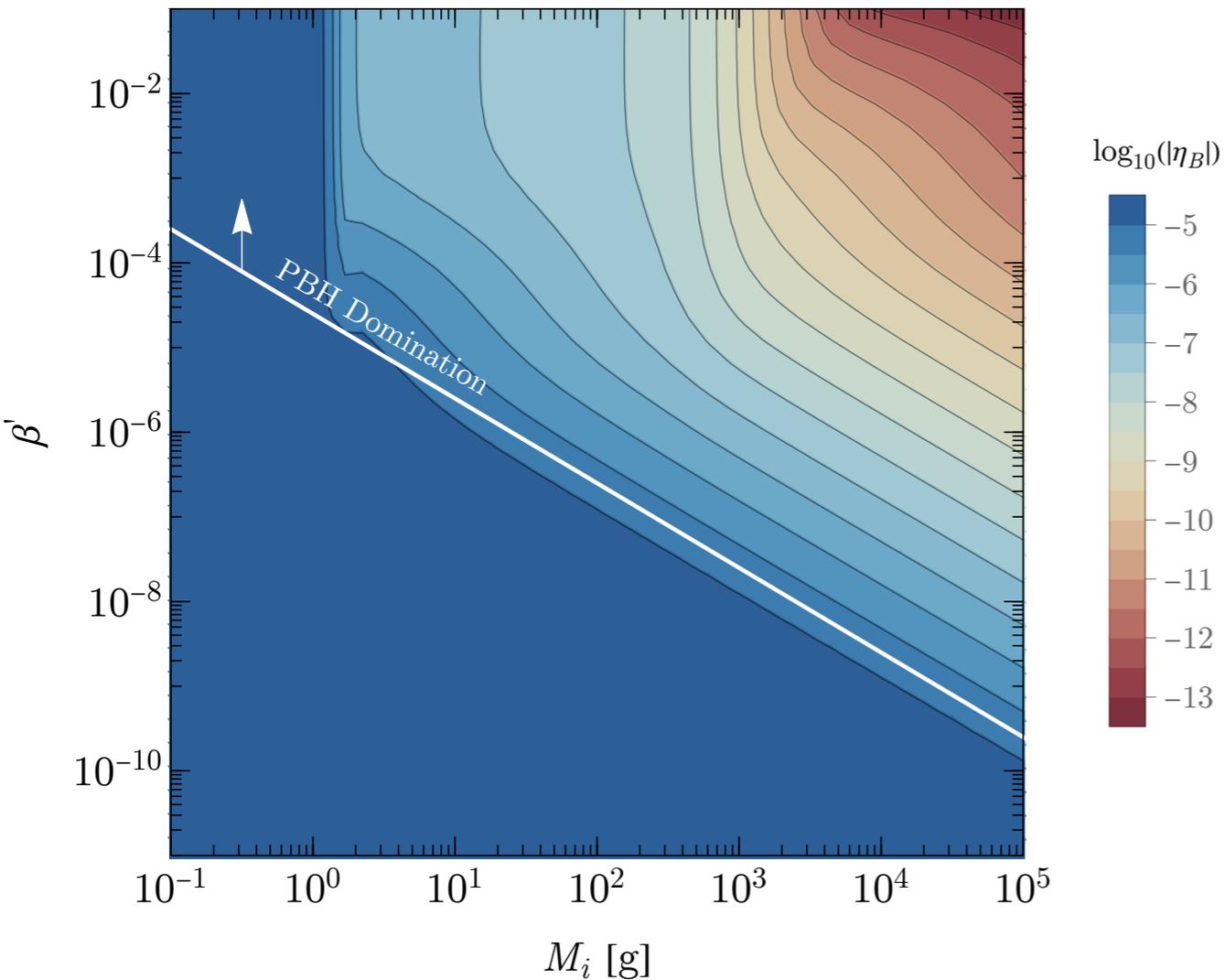
Perez-Gonzalez & JT
***Phys.Rev.D* 104 (2021) 10**

Thermal leptogenesis and primordial black holes

Detection of PBHs in mass range > 0.1 kg would place thermal leptogenesis under serious tension.

$$M_{N_1} = 10^{11} \text{ GeV}$$

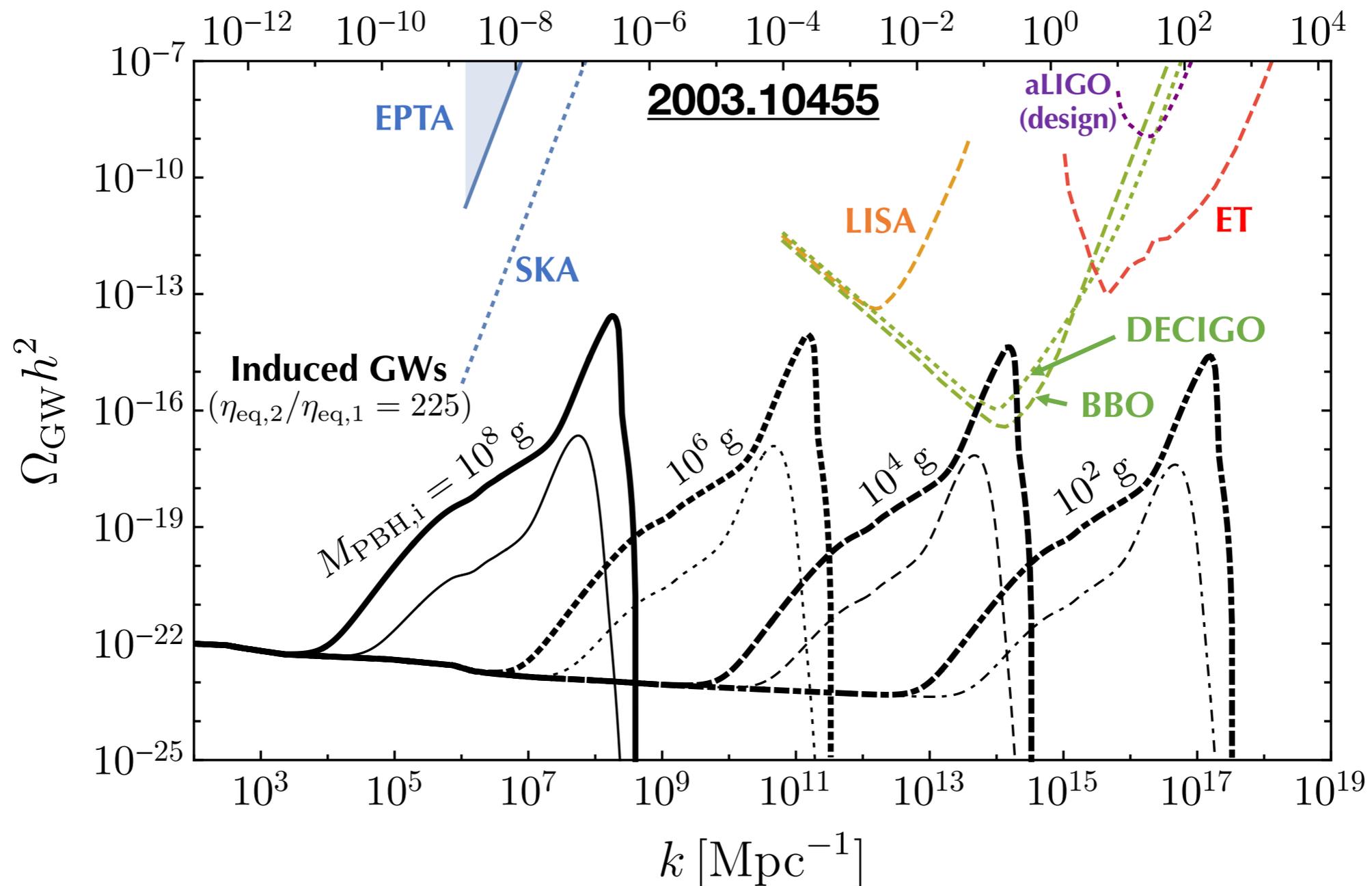
$$M_{N_1} = 10^8 \text{ GeV}$$



Perez-Gonzalez & JT *Phys.Rev.D* 104 (2021) 10

Thermal leptogenesis and primordial black holes

PBHs create scalar perturbations which generate SGWB via the “poltergeist” effect



Inomata, Kawasaki, Mukaida, Terada, Yanagida, *Phys.Rev.D* 101 (2020) 12

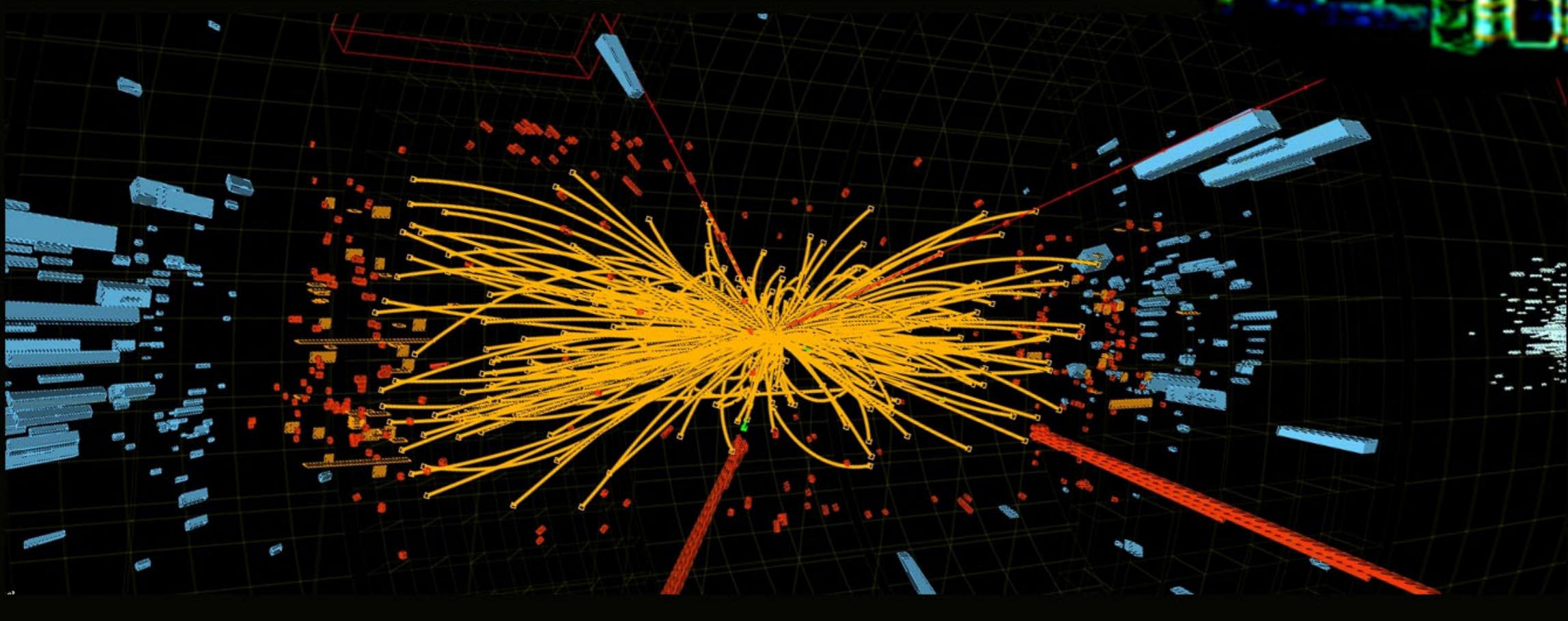
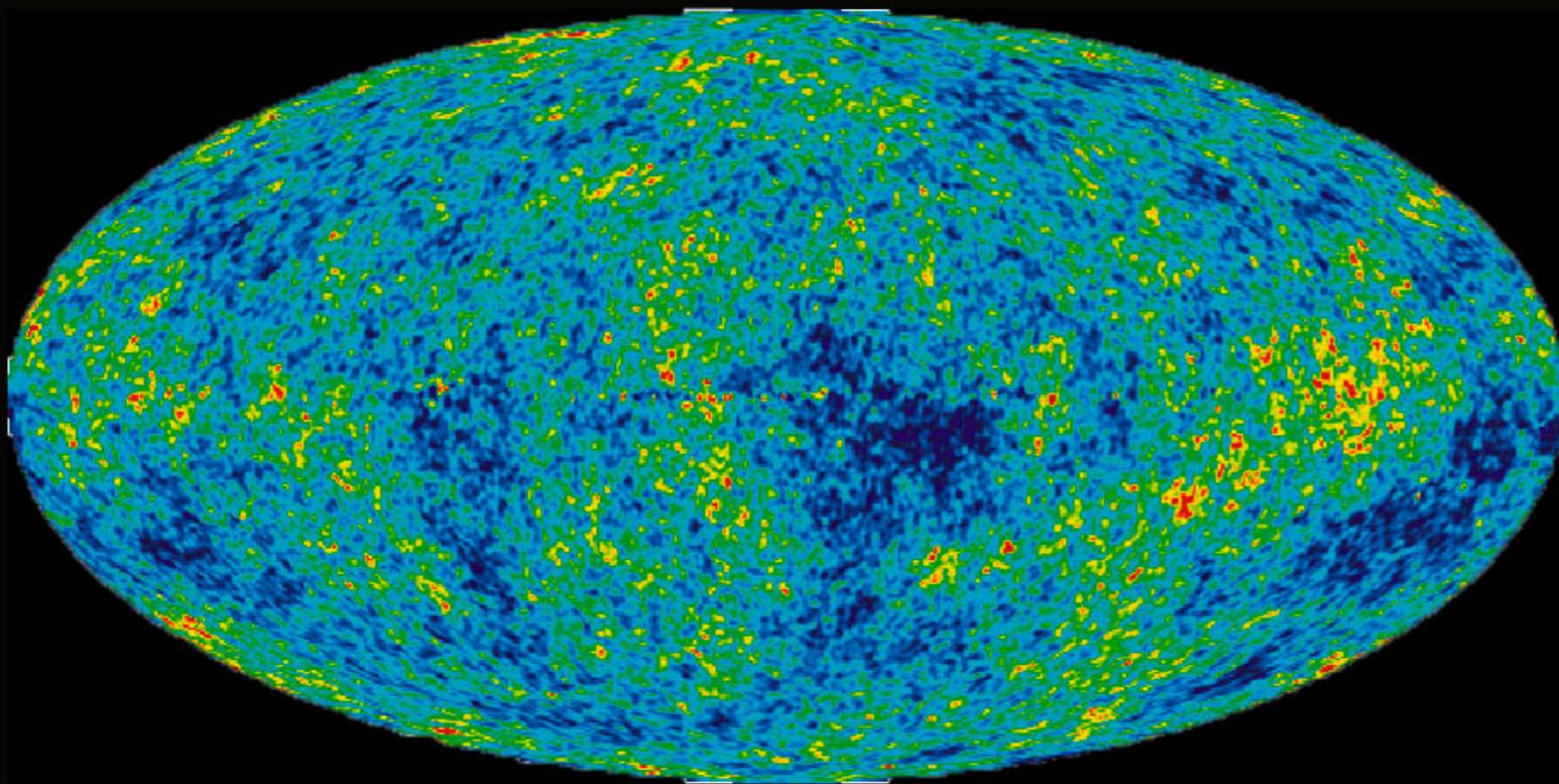
ULYSSES: Universal LeptogeneSiS Equation Solver



- Thermal & resonant with standard & non-standard cosmology
- This summer: evolution of full phase space + quantum statistics & leptogenesis via oscillations (in collaboration with B. Shuve)
- Looking for collaborators!

Summary

- Leptogenesis is a plausible explanation for the smallness of neutrino masses and the observed matter anti-matter asymmetry
- In the type-I seesaw framework for leptogenesis, the mass of the RHN can range from MeV - 10^{13} GeV scale.
- Low-scale (and some regions of resonant) leptogenesis can be probed by a broad range of present and future experimental facilities.
- Gravitational waves are a complementary probe of intermediate and high-scale leptogenesis



Merci!