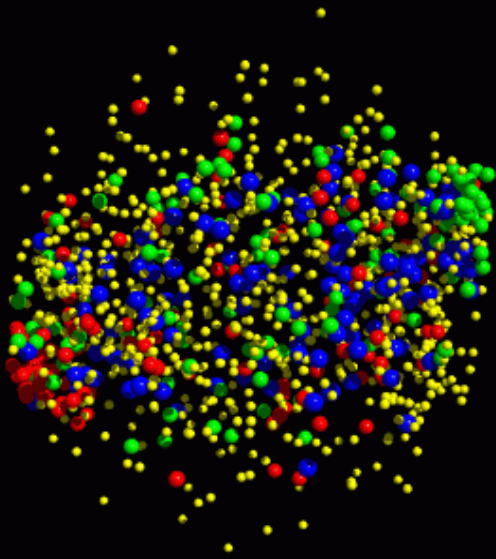


Nuclear Matter at High Baryon Density



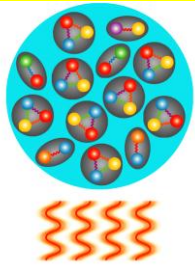
Peter Senger (GSI)



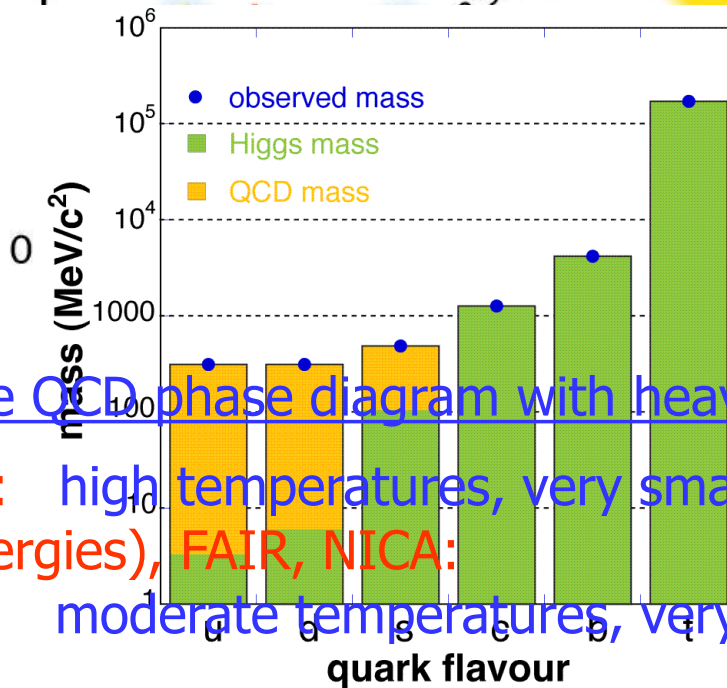
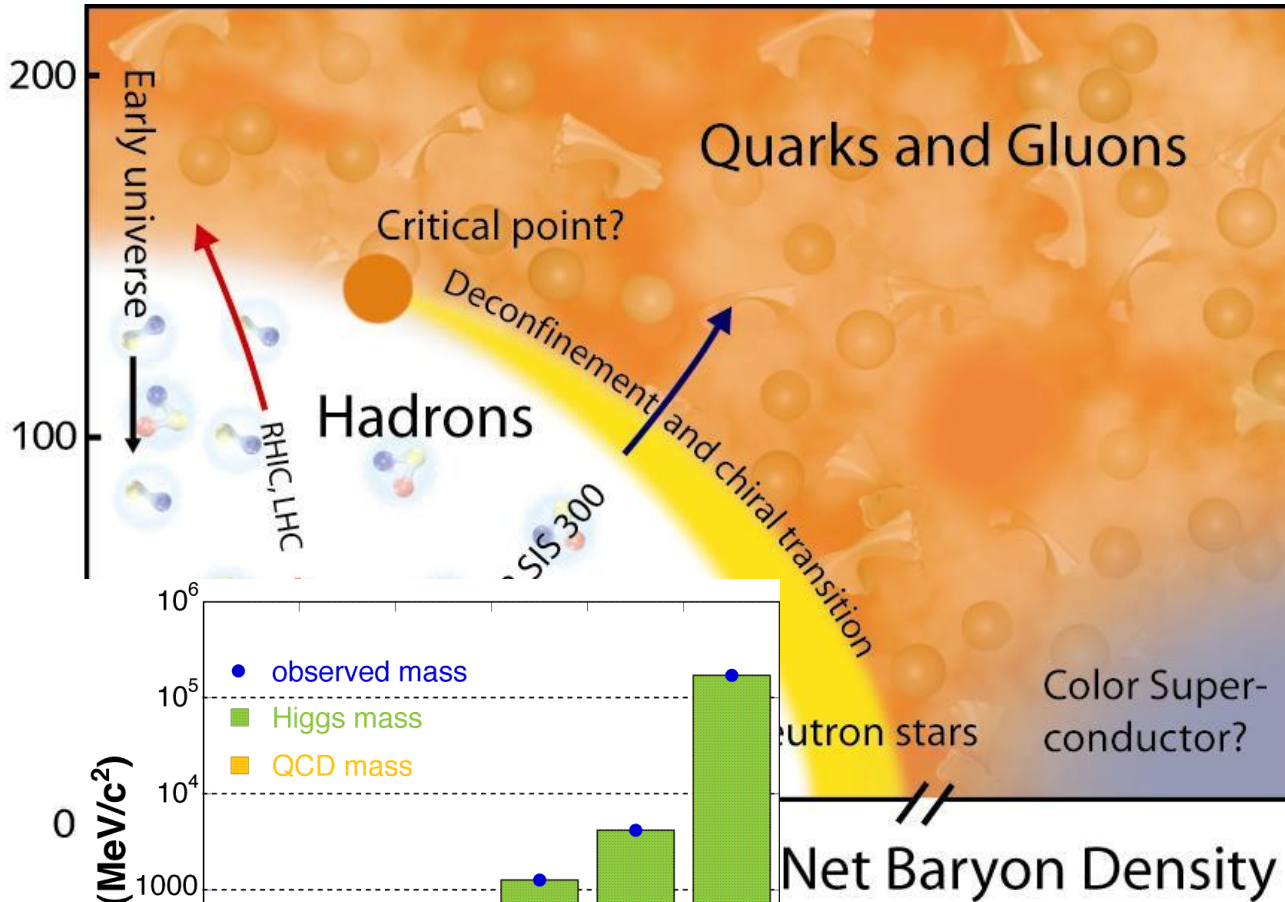
Outline:

- Physics case
- Experimental data (NA49, STAR)
- Future facilities: CBM/FAIR and MPD/NICA

The phase diagram of strongly interacting matter



Temperature T [MeV]

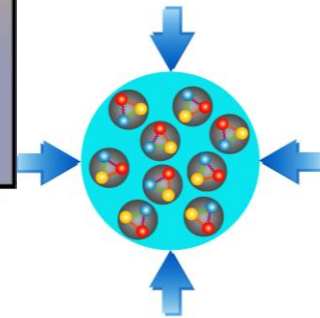


Exploring the QCD phase diagram with heavy-ion collisions:

RHIC & LHC: high temperatures, very small net-baryon density

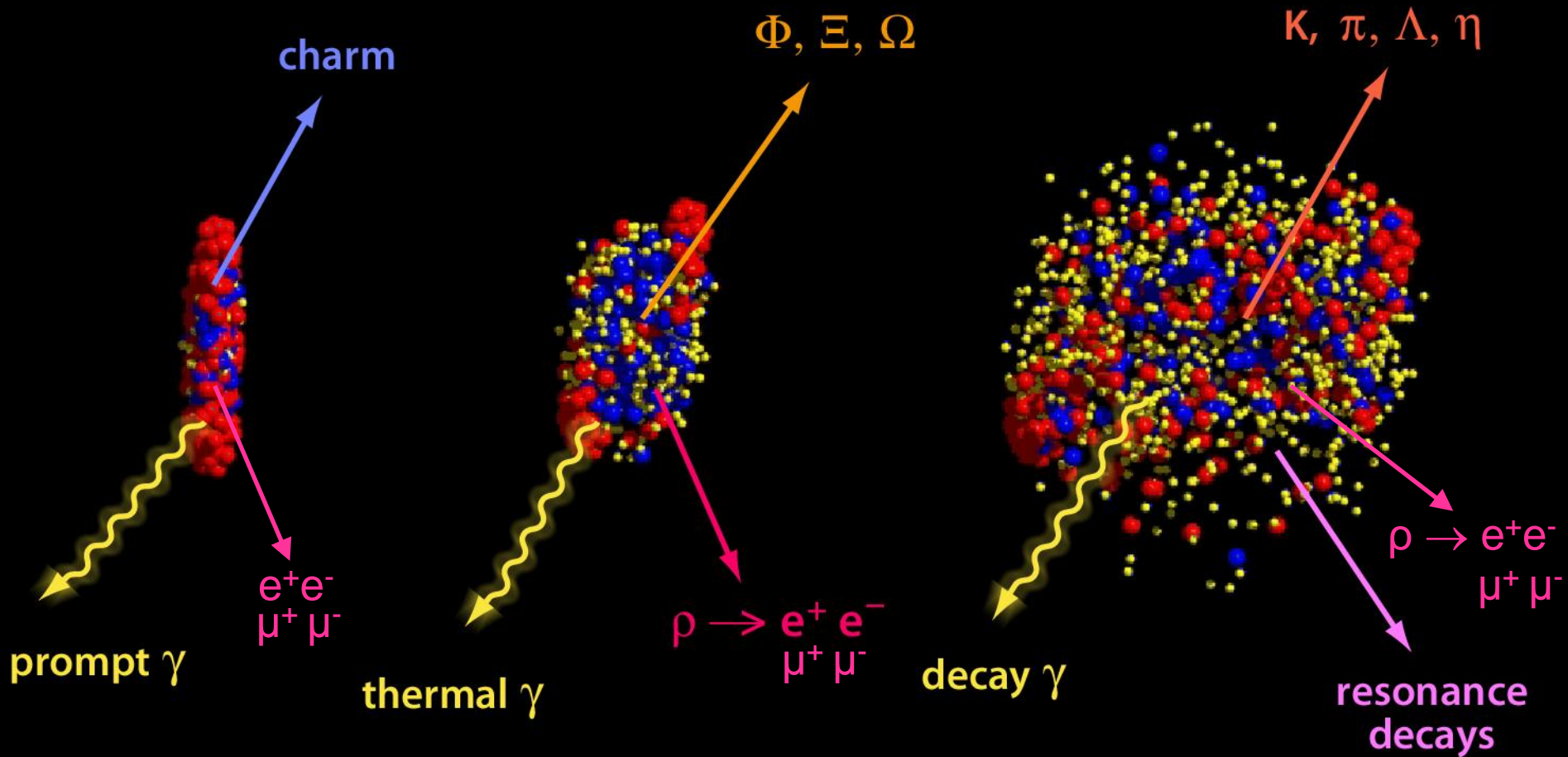
SPS (low energies), FAIR, NICA:

moderate temperatures, very high net-baryon density



Messengers from the dense fireball

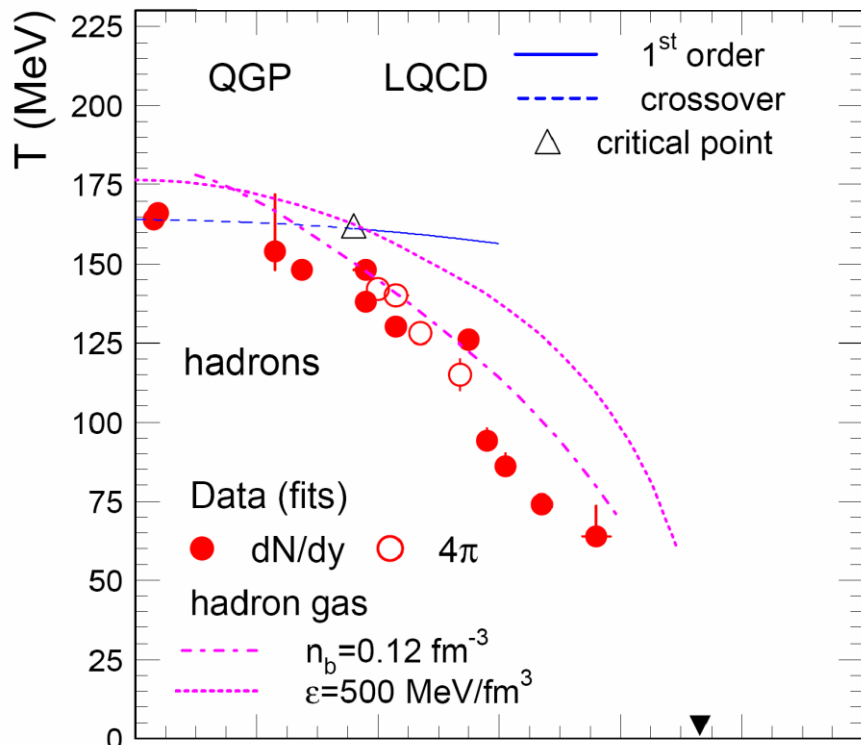
UrQMD transport calculation U+U 23 AGeV



Up to date only freeze-out probes have been measured at energies between 2 and 40 A GeV

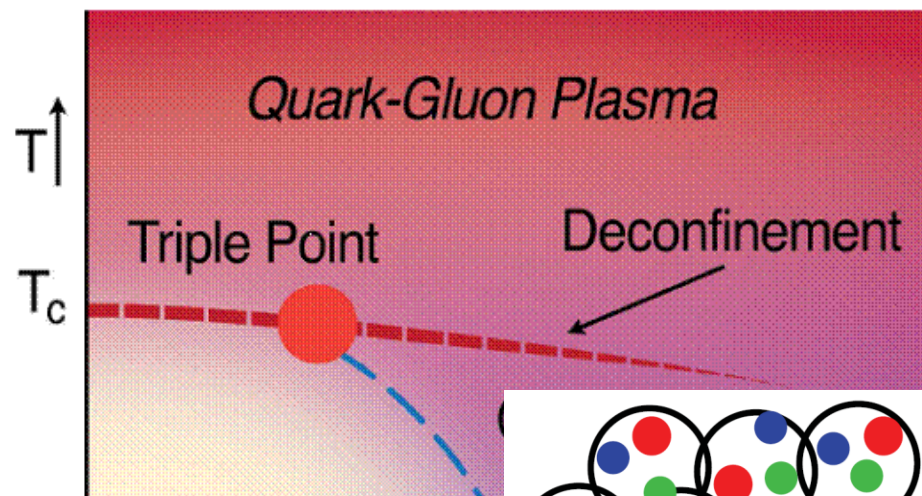
The QCD Phase diagram: facts and speculations

A. Andronic et al., Phys. Lett. B 673 (2009).



Experimental results:

- Freeze-out curve (T, μ_B) with $T_{\text{ch}} \approx 160 \text{ MeV}$ at $\mu_B = 0$
- partonic matter at high T



Experiments scanning the QCD phase diagram at high net-baryon densities:

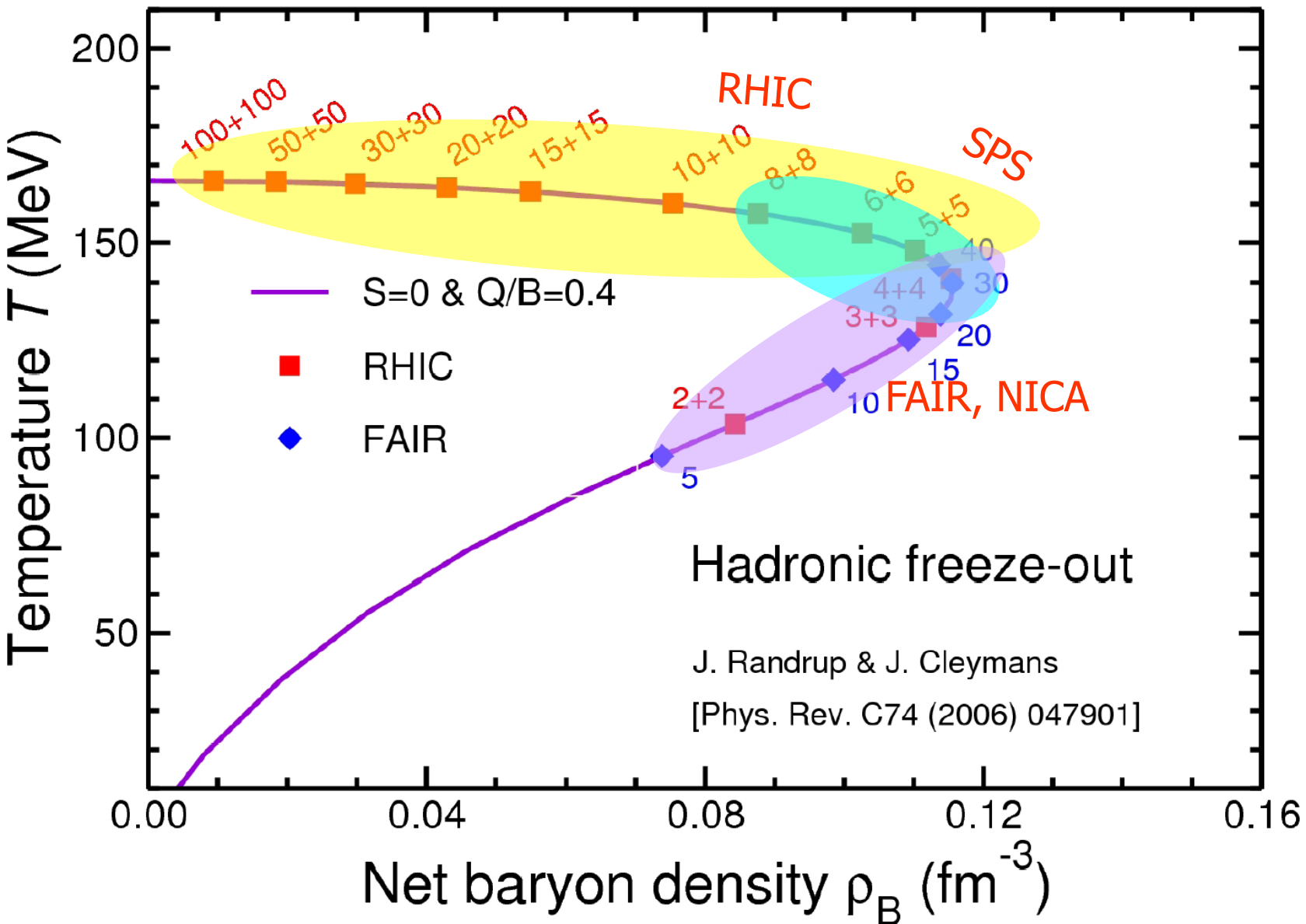
RHIC low-energy scan → bulk observables: yields, spectra, collective flow, fluctuations, and correlations of abundant hadrons

NA49/61@SPS → bulk observables

MPD@NICA → bulk observables

CBM@FAIR → bulk and rare observables like multi-strange (anti-)hyperons, dileptons, open and hidden charm

Freeze-out conditions



Phase transition at high net-baryon densities?

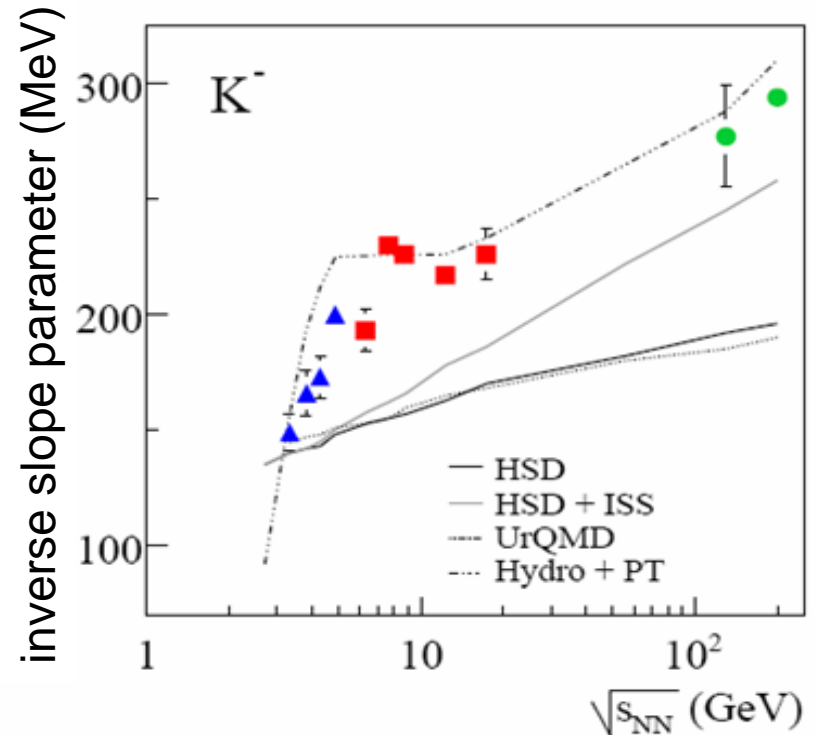
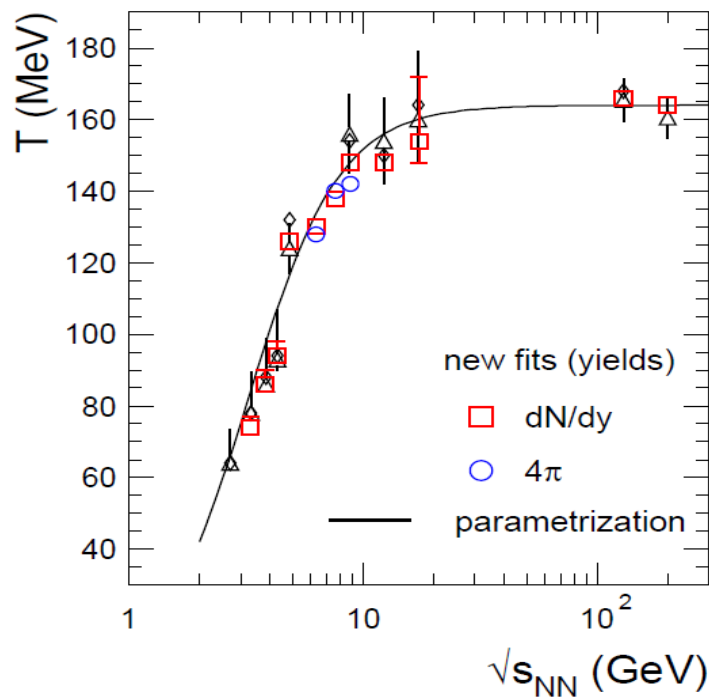
Observations at low SPS energies:

limiting chemical freeze-out temperature

limiting transverse flow

A. Andronic, P. Braun-Munzinger, J. Stachel, arXiv:0901.2909

[NA49, PRC 77, 024903 (2008)]

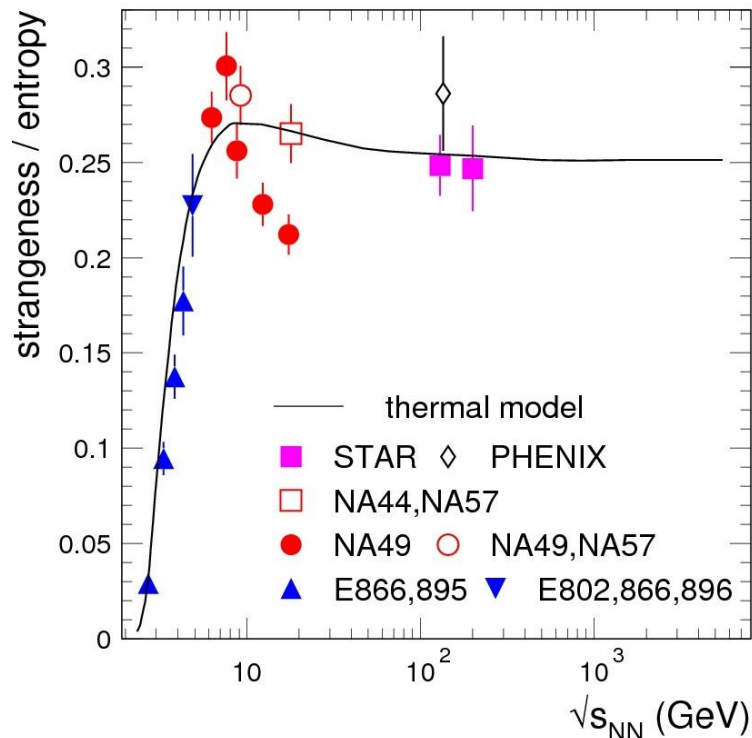


Phase transition at high net-baryon densities?

Observations at low SPS energies:

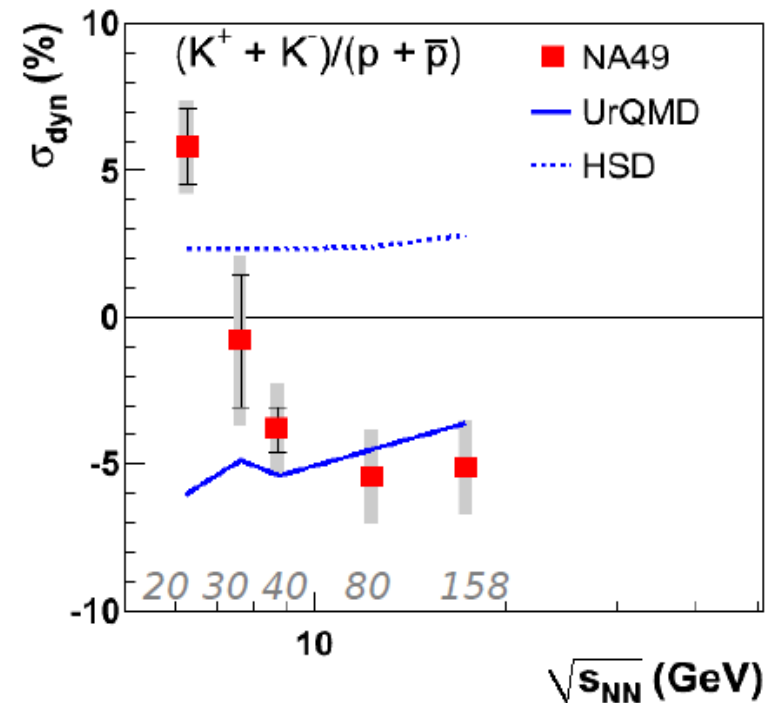
maximum in the
strangeness/entropy ratio

A. Andronic, P. Braun-Munzinger, J. Stachel,
Phys. Lett. B673 (2009)



enhanced dynamical event-by-event
fluctuations

NA49: arXiv:1101.3250



New results from the RHIC beam energy scan



► *Turn off signature of QGP*

NCQ scaling of v_2
suppression of R_{AA}
charge separation w.r.t reaction plane

...

► *QCD critical point*

higher moments of conserved quantities
particle ratio fluctuations

...

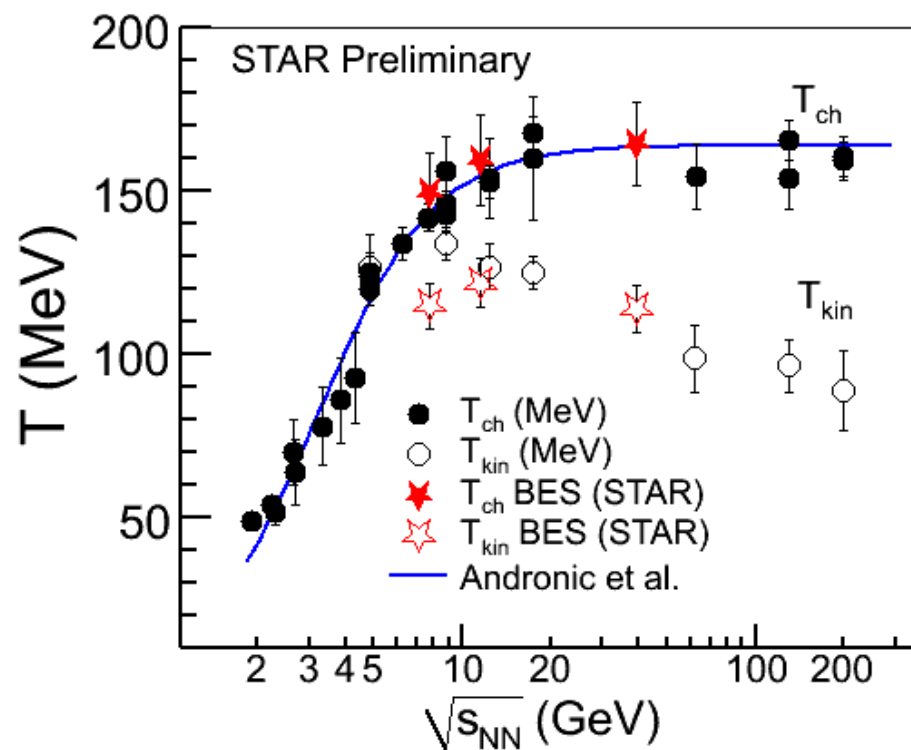
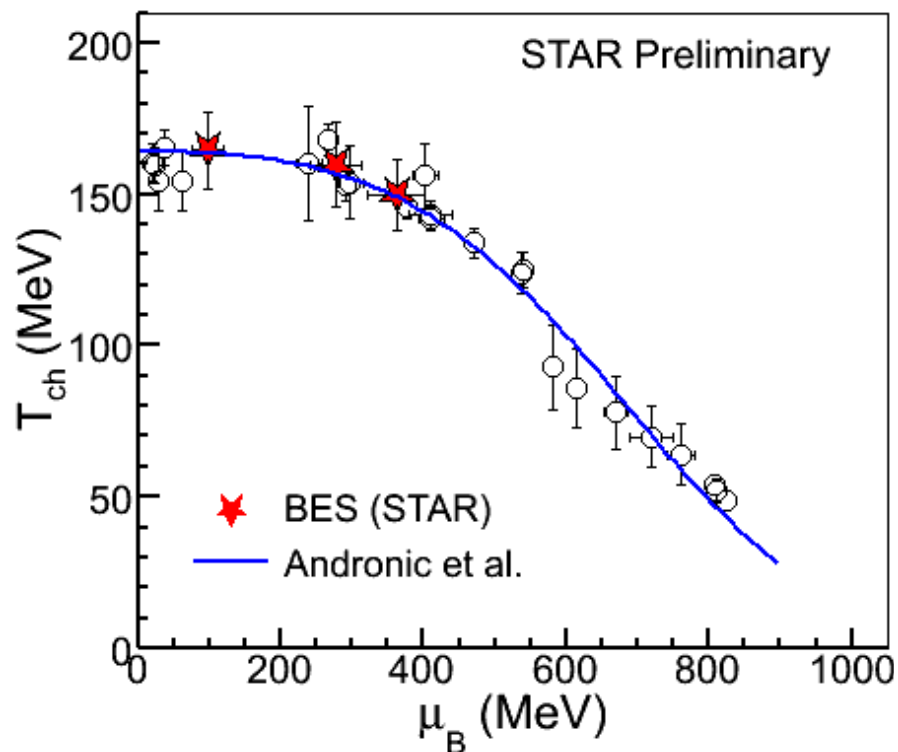
► *Softening of EOS*

azimuthal HBT
azimuthal anisotropy v_1, v_2, \dots

...

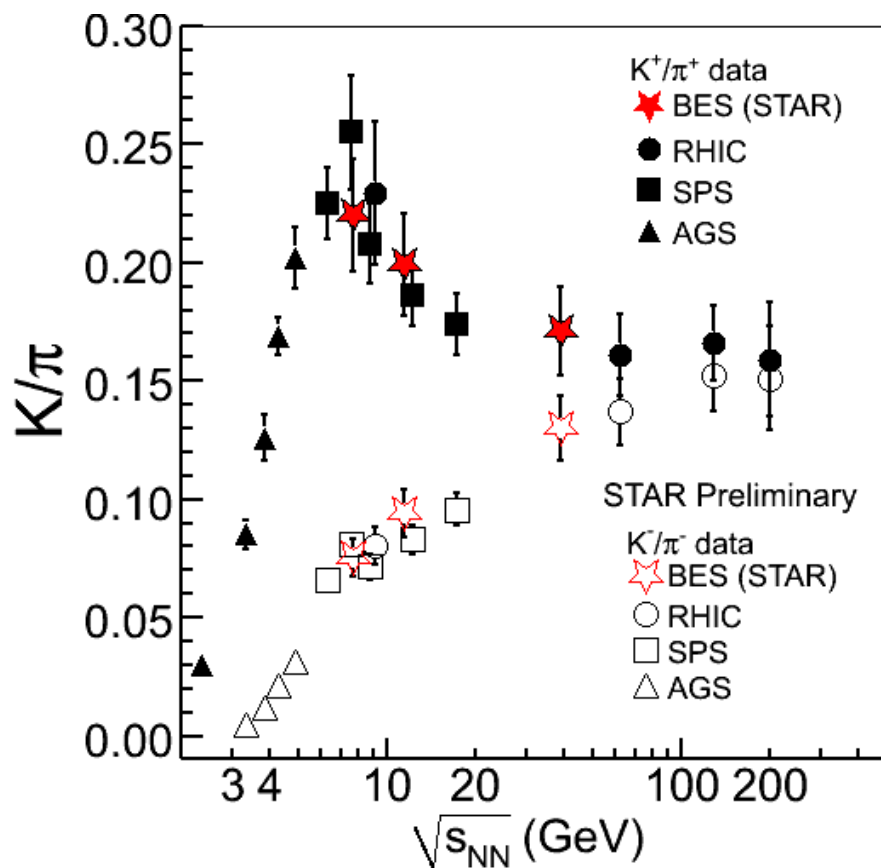
Year	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	# of good events
2010	7.7	~5M
	11.5	~11M
	39	~170M
2011	19.6	~17M
2011	5	-
2012	27	-

Freeze-out conditions

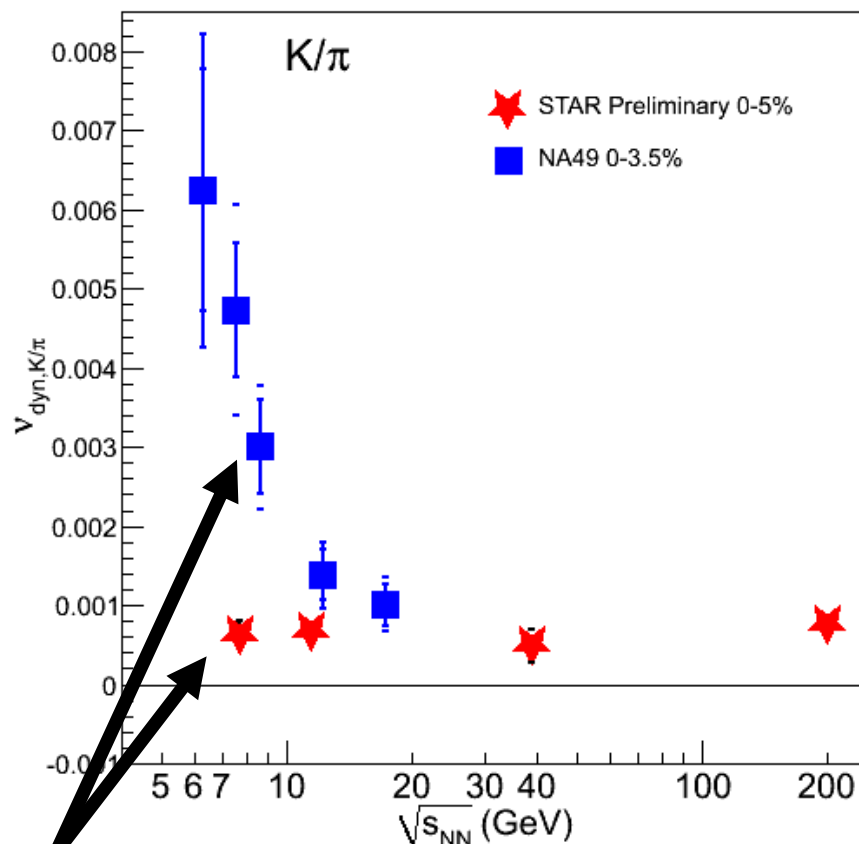


Strange/nonstrange particles: NA49 vs. STAR

integrated yields

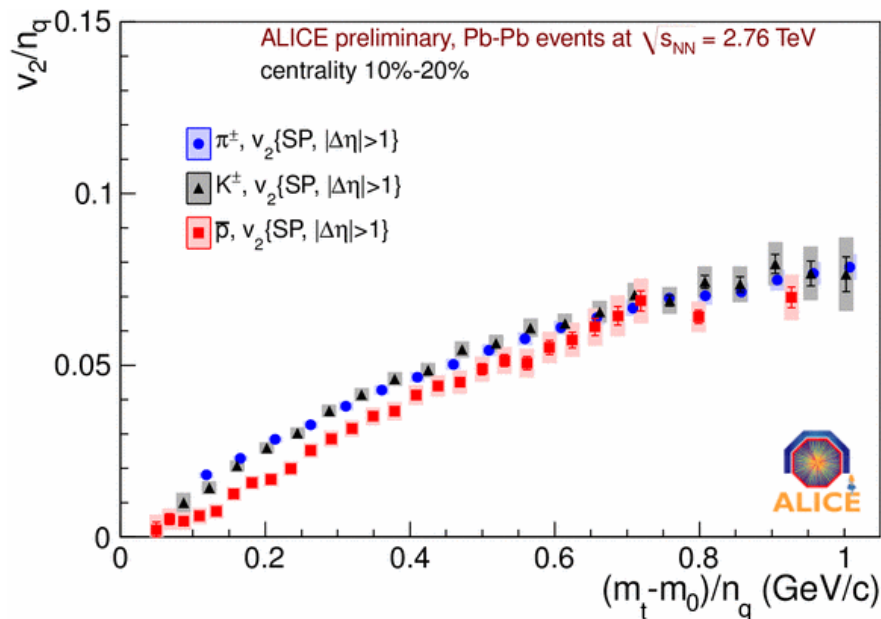
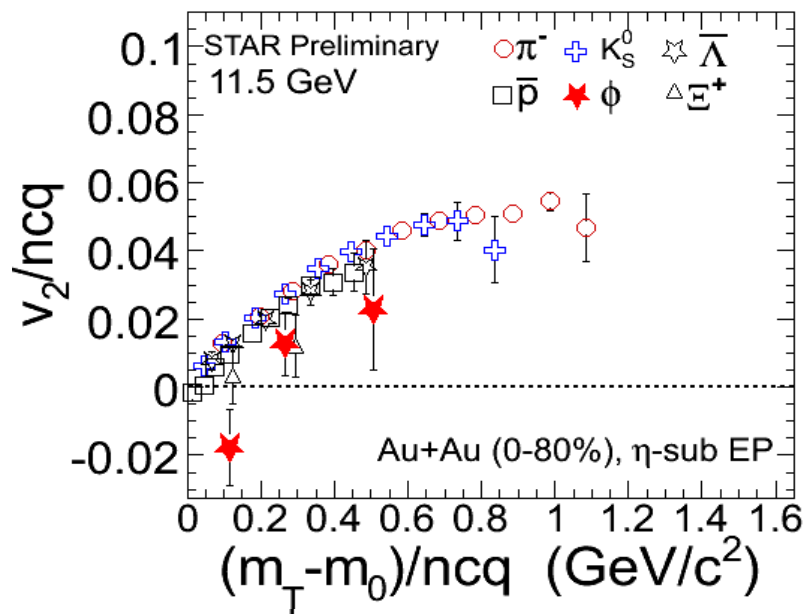
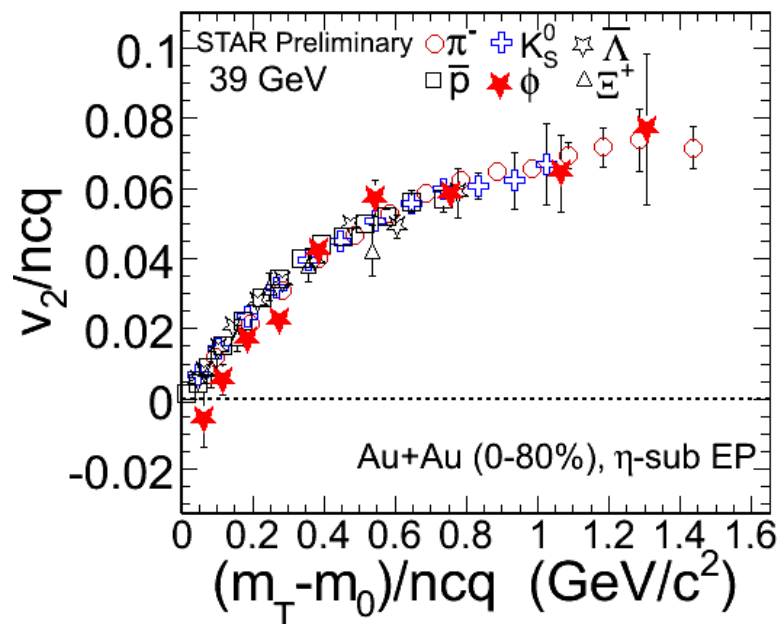


event-by-event dynamical fluctuations

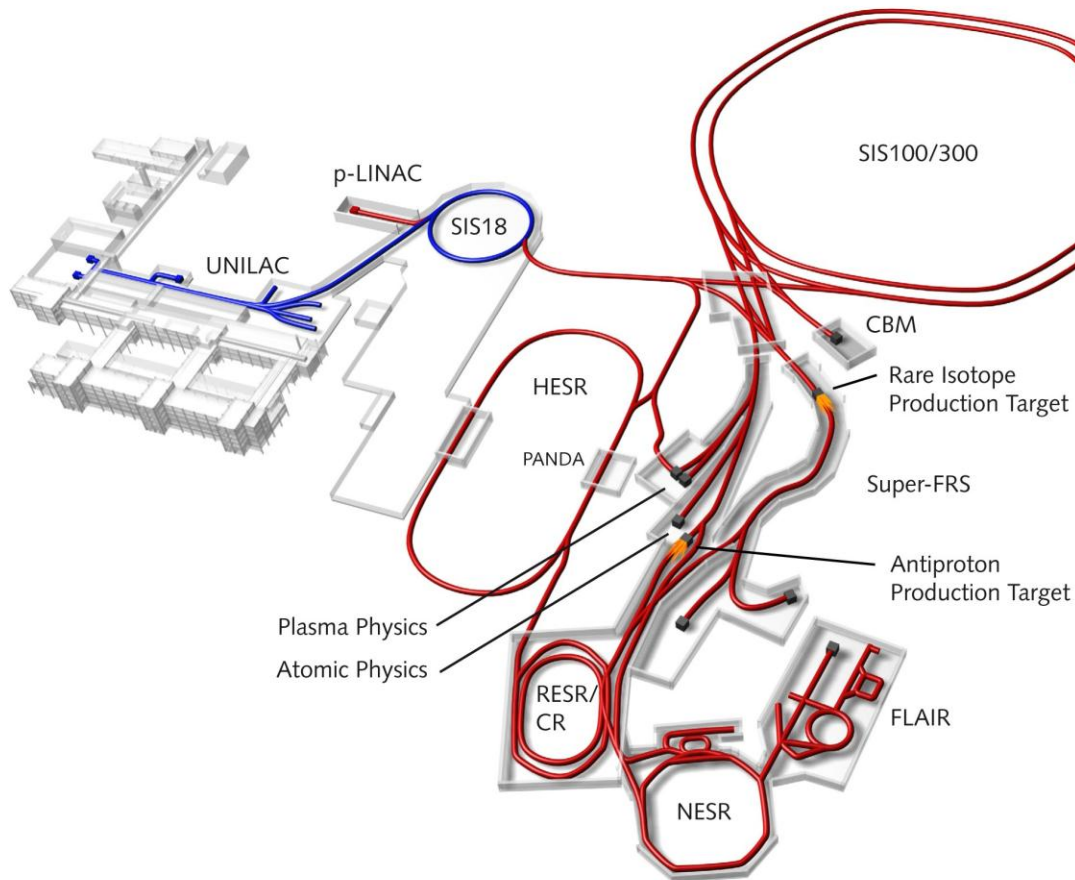


?

Constituent quark number scaling of elliptic flow v_2 : flow generation in the partonic phase?



Facility for Antiproton and Ion Research (FAIR)



primary beams

- $5 \times 10^{11}/s$; 1.5-2 GeV/u; $^{238}\text{U}^{28+}$
- factor 100-1000 increased intensity
- $4 \times 10^{13}/s$ 90 GeV protons
- $10^{10}/s$ ^{238}U 35 GeV/u (Ni 45 GeV/u)

secondary beams

- rare isotopes 1.5 - 2 GeV/u;
factor 10 000 increased intensity
- antiprotons 3(0) - 30 GeV

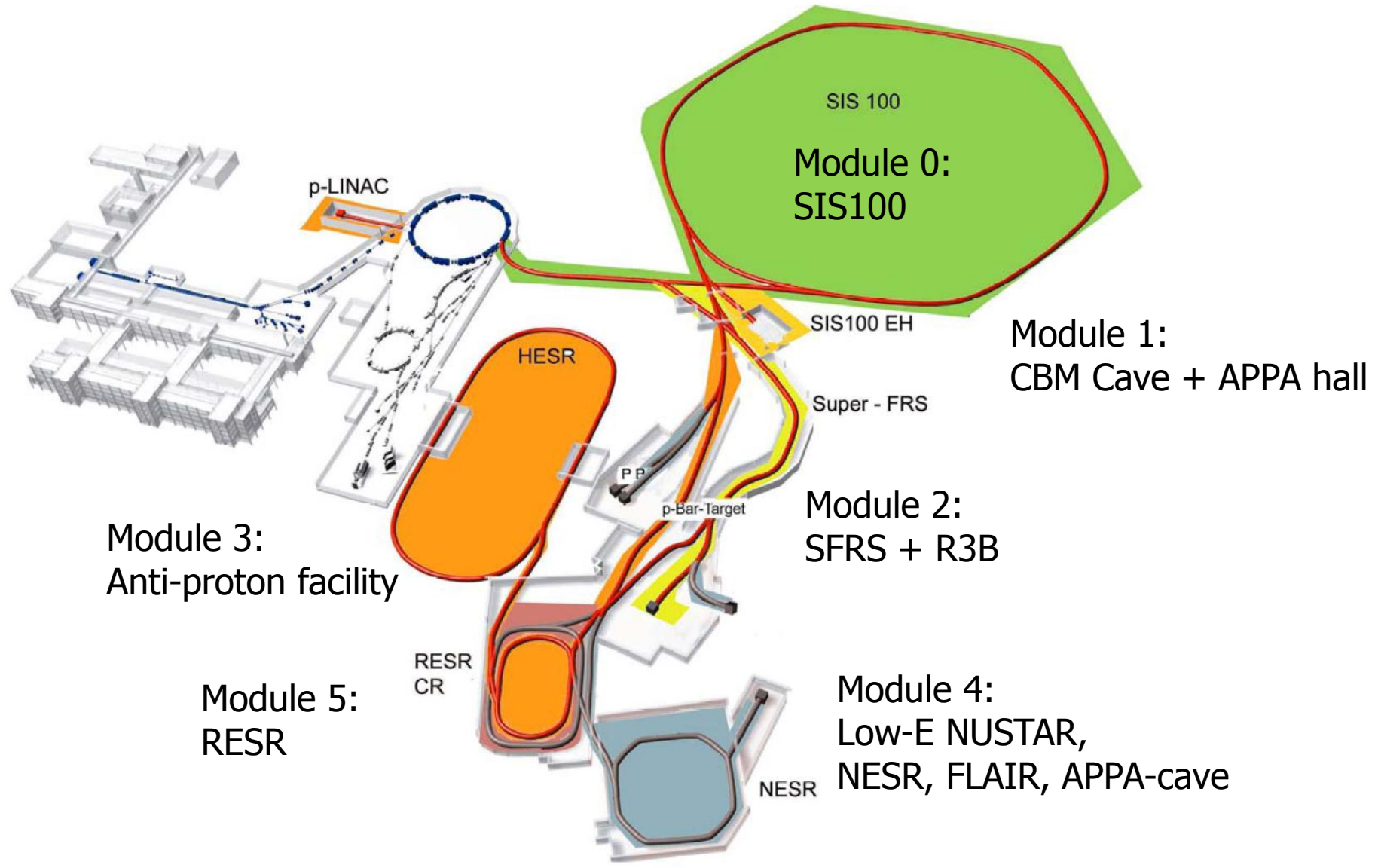
storage and cooler rings

- beams of rare isotopes
- e – A Collider
- 10^{11} stored and cooled antiprotons
0.8 - 14.5 GeV

accelerator technical challenges

- Rapidly cycling superconducting magnets
- high energy electron cooling
- dynamical vacuum, beam losses

The FAIR start version (modules 0 – 3)



Schedule FAIR Accelerators

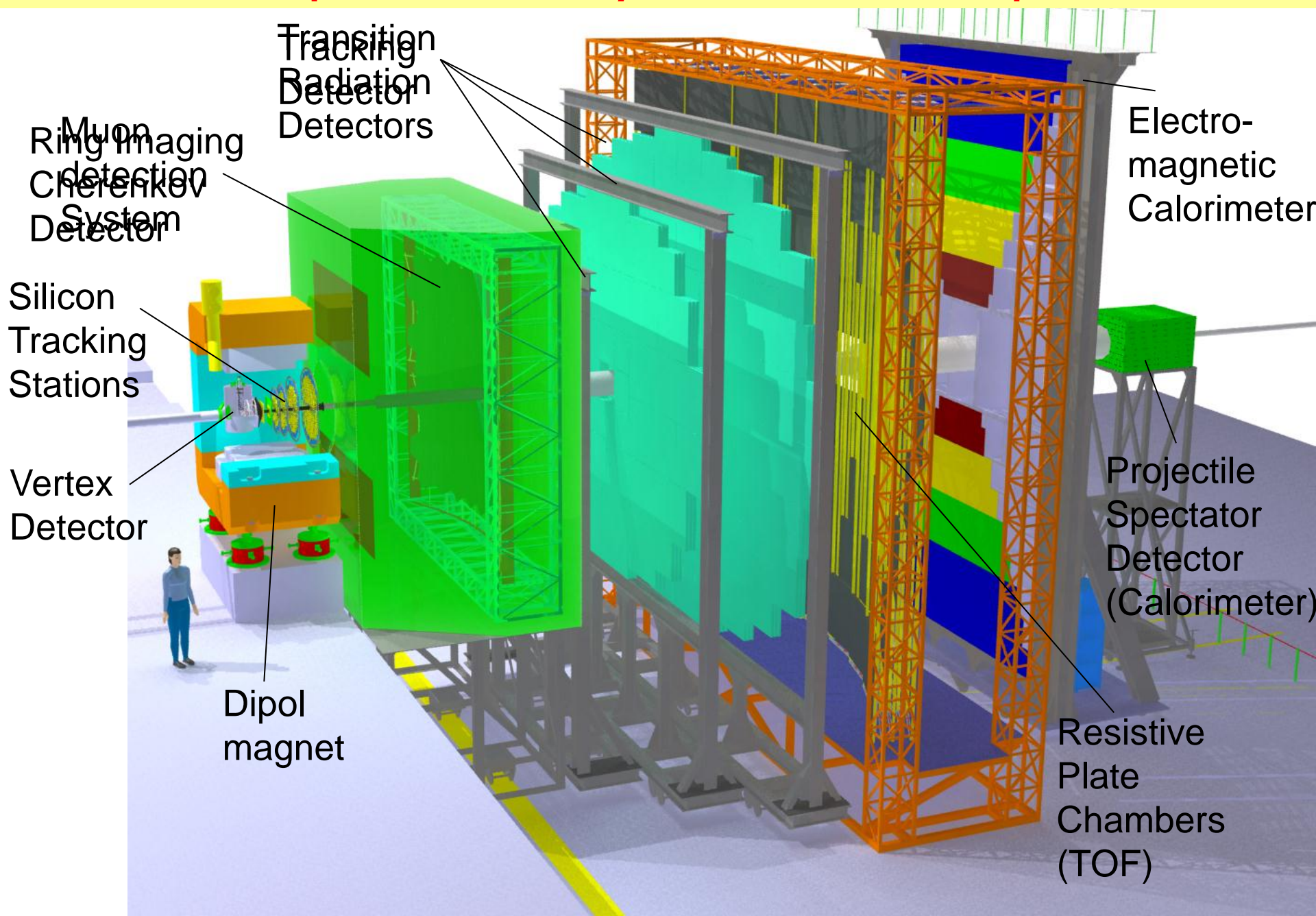
Nr.	Vorgangsname	Anfang	Ende	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
				H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2
1															
2	FAIR Civil Construction	Fr 06.11.09	Mi 09.05.18												
3	Planning, Tendering, Construction of Site and Buildings	Fr 06.11.09	Mi 09.05.18												
4	Ready to move in HEBT Connection SIS18- SIS100	Fr 29.04.16	Fr 29.04.16												
5	Ready to move in HEBT SIS100	Fr 29.04.16	Fr 29.04.16												
6	Ready to move in SIS100	Fr 29.04.16	Fr 29.04.16												
7	Ready to move in HEBT - T1X1 ...	Mo 01.05.17	Mo 01.05.17												
8	Ready to move in Multifunction Caves (CBM, HADES)	Mo 01.05.17	Mo 01.05.17												
9	Ready to move in HEBT -T1F1 ...	Fr 28.10.16	Fr 28.10.16												
10	Ready to move in Super-FRS	Fr 28.10.16	Fr 28.10.16												
11	Ready to move in HEBT TAP1 ...	Mo 23.01.17	Mo 23.01.17												
12	Ready to move in p-bar Target	Mo 23.01.17	Mo 23.01.17												
13	Ready to move in p-LINAC	Fr 29.04.16	Fr 29.04.16												
14	Ready to move in CR	Mo 23.01.17	Mo 23.01.17												
15	Ready to move in HESR	Mo 23.01.17	Mo 23.01.17												
16															
17	FAIR Accelerator for Set-Up Phase	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 28.09.18												
18	Module 0 - 3	Mo 01.06.09	Mo 01.06.09												
19	Systems Block 1 of Mod 0-3	Mo 01.06.09	Do 22.02.18												
20	HEBT Connection SIS18 - SIS100 (T1S1, T1S2, T1S3, T1S4)	Mo 01.06.09	Mi 01.03.17												
103	Super FRS	Mo 01.06.09	Do 22.02.18												
188	Systems Block 2 of Mod 0 - 3	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 28.09.18												
189	HEBT -SIS100 (T8DU)	Mo 01.06.09	Mi 01.03.17												
271	SIS100	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 13.10.17												
372	HEBT - T1X1, T1C1,T1D1-T1C2,TNC1 - T1X2,TXL1,TXL2,TXL3,TXL4,TPP1,1	Mo 01.06.09	Di 03.04.18												
453	Multifunction Caves (CBM HADES)	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 28.09.18												
533	Systems Block 3 of Mod 0 - 3	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 14.09.18												
534	HEBT - T1F1,T1F2,TF1, TSX1, TSF1, FRF, TFC1	Mo 01.06.09	Di 29.08.17												
614	HEBT - TAP1, TAP2, TCR1, THS1	Mo 01.06.09	Do 21.12.17												
694	p-bar Target	Mo 01.06.09	Mi 17.01.18												
774	p-LINAC	Mo 01.06.09	Do 15.02.18												
855	CR	Mo 01.06.09	Mi 25.04.18												
935	HESR	Mo 01.06.09	Fr 14.09.18												

FAIR start version cost coverage

(status April 2011)

Country	Contribution in Mio Euro 2005	Relative Contr. in percent
China*	1,60	0,2%
Finnland	5,00	0,5%
Frankreich	27,00	2,6%
Deutschland	705,00	68,6%
Großbritannien*	5,00	0,5%
Indien	36,00	3,5%
Polen	23,74	2,3%
Rumänien	11,87	1,2%
Rußland	178,05	17,3%
Slowenien	12,00	1,2%
Spanien**	11,87	1,2%
Schweden	10,00	1,0%
Total	1027,13	100,0%

The Compressed Baryonic Matter Experiment



CBM physics topics and observables

The equation-of-state at high ρ_B

- collective flow of hadrons
- particle production at threshold energies (multistrange hyperons, open charm?)

Deconfinement phase transition at high ρ_B

- excitation function and flow of strangeness ($K, \Lambda, \Sigma, \Xi, \Omega$)
- excitation function and flow of charm ($J/\psi, \psi', D^0, D^\pm, \Lambda_c$) (e.g. melting of J/ψ and ψ')
- excitation function of low-mass lepton pairs

QCD critical endpoint

- excitation function of dynamical event-by-event fluctuations

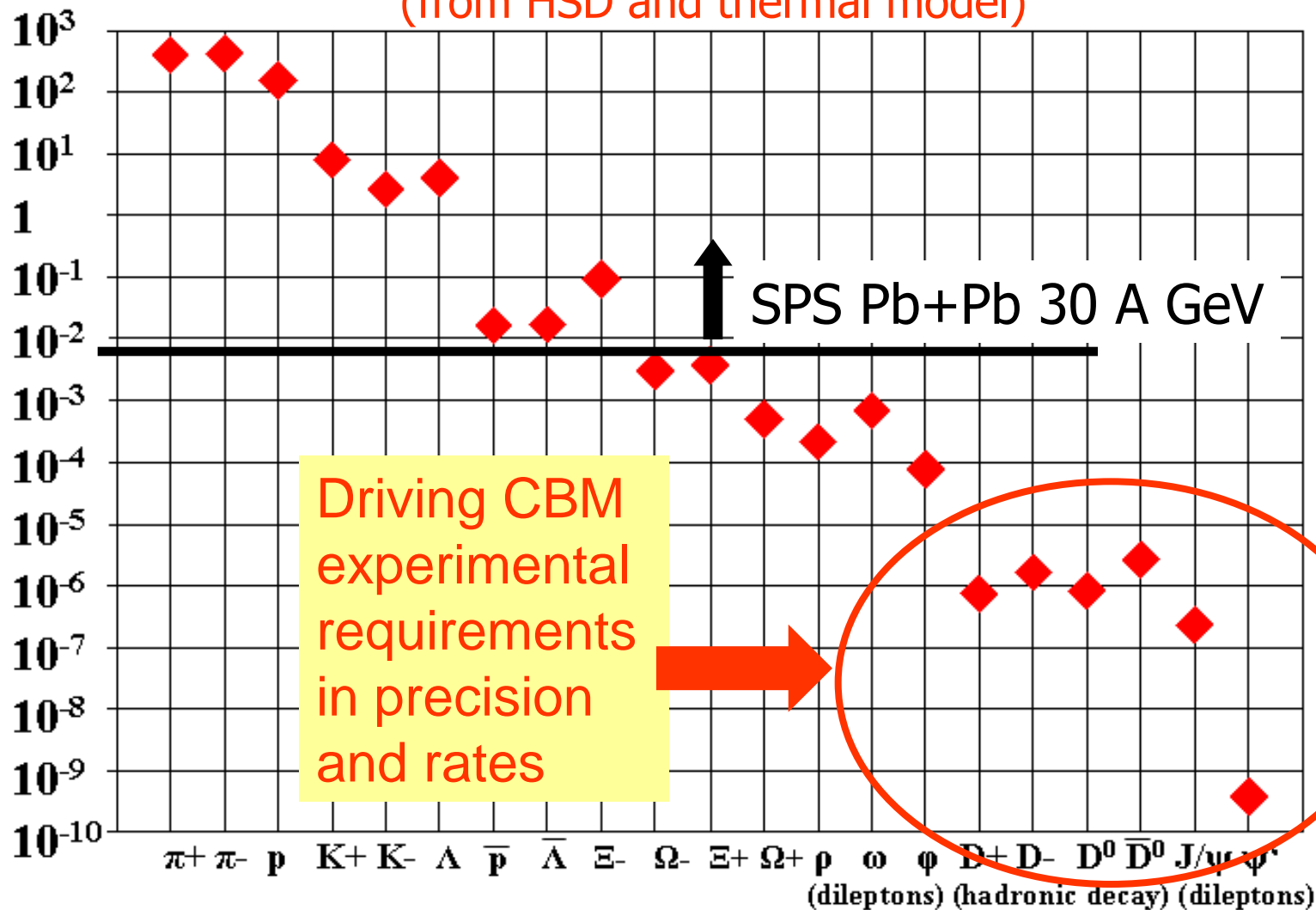
Onset of chiral symmetry restoration at high ρ_B

- in-medium modifications of hadrons ($\rho, \omega, \phi \rightarrow e^+e^-(\mu^+\mu^-), D$)

Experimental challenges

Particle multiplicity x branching ratio
for min. bias Au+Au collisions at 25 A GeV
(from HSD and thermal model)

$M \times BR$



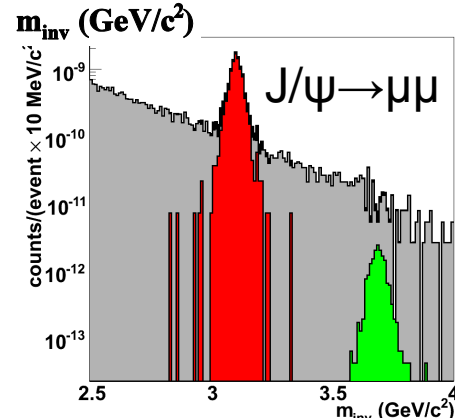
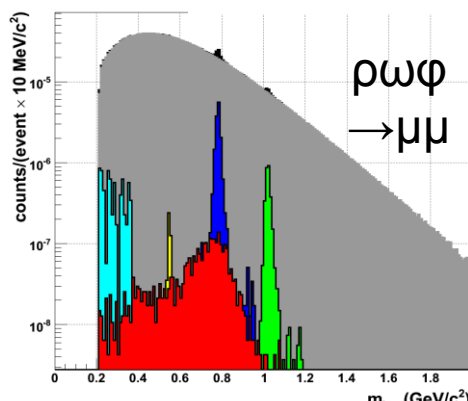
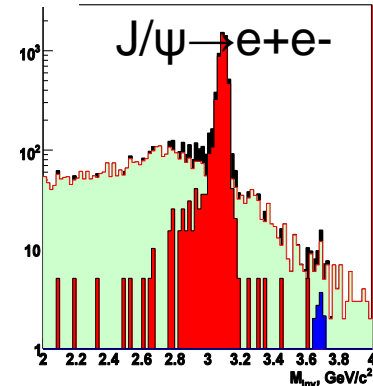
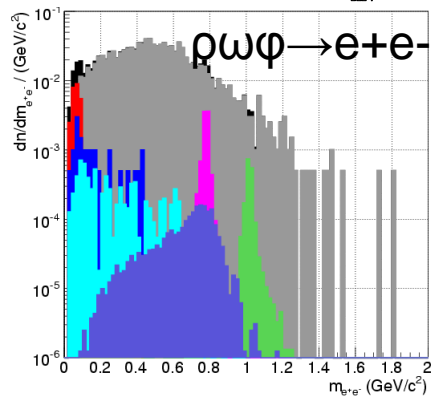
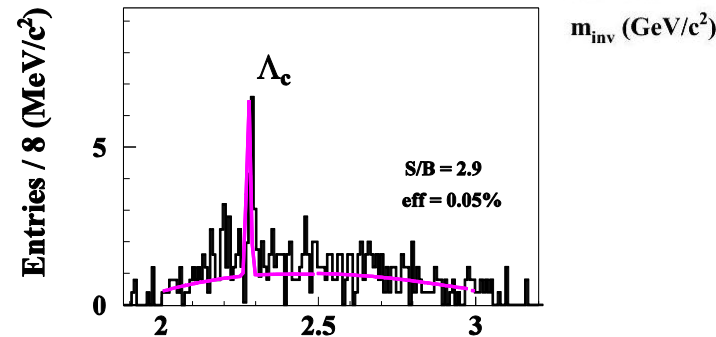
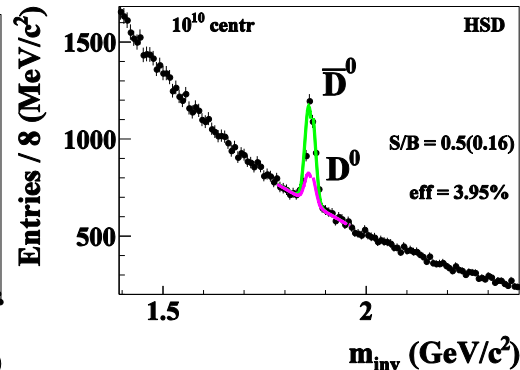
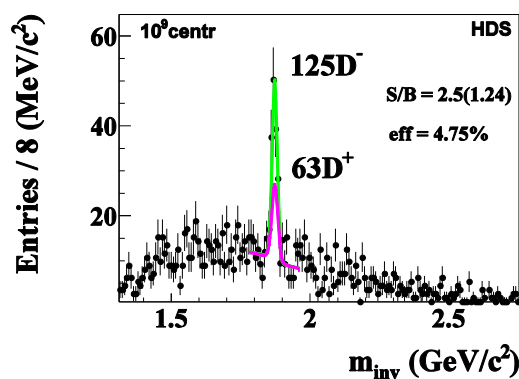
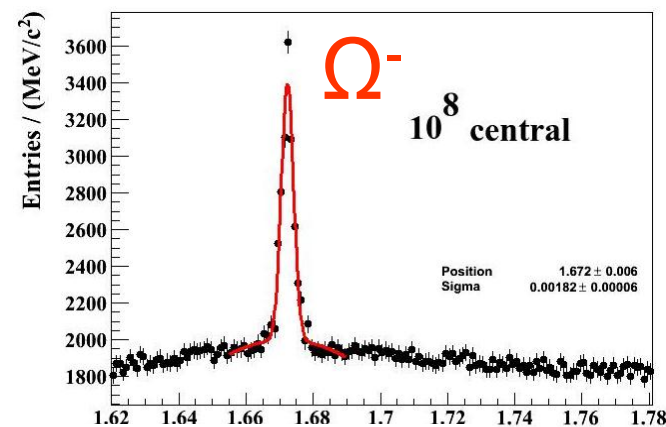
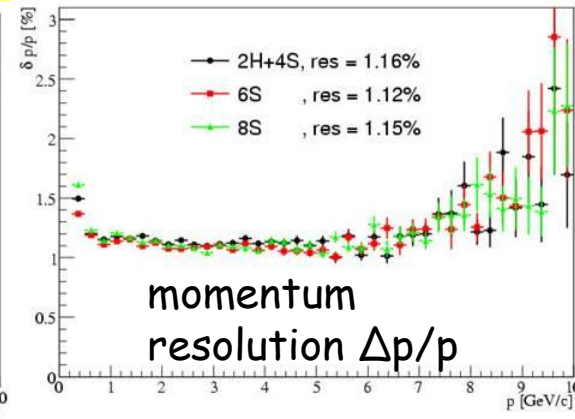
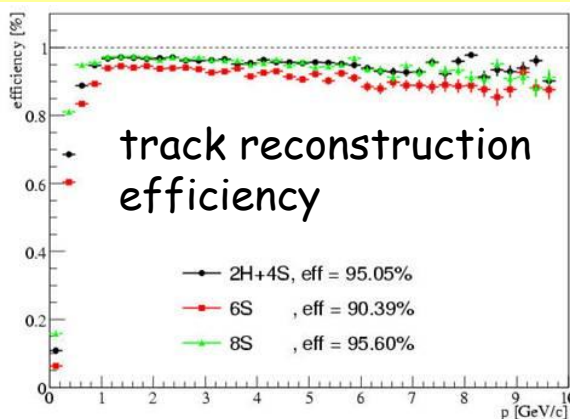
Experimental challenges

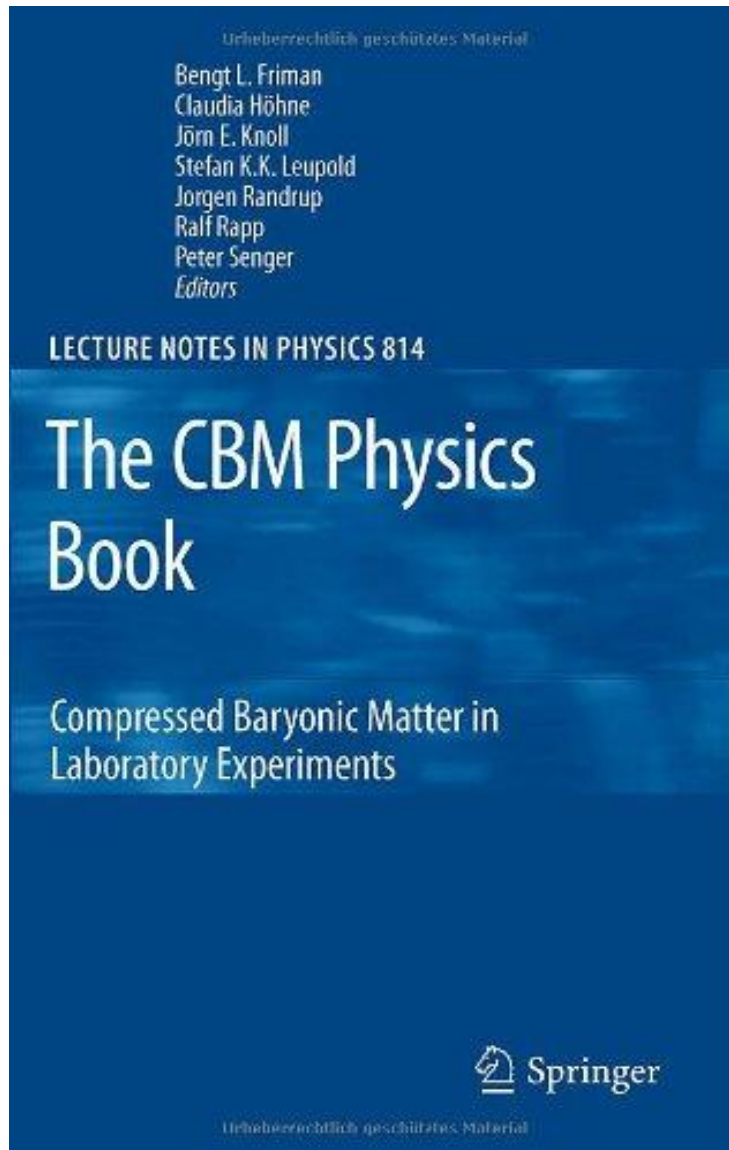
Central Au+Au collision at 25 AGeV (UrQMD + GEANT4):

160 p 400 π^- 400 π^+ 44 K^+ 13 K^-

- $10^5 - 10^7$ Au+Au reactions/sec
- determination of (displaced) vertices ($\sigma \approx 50 \mu\text{m}$)
- identification of leptons and hadrons
- fast and radiation hard detectors
- self-triggered readout electronics
- high speed data acquisition and high performance computer farm for online event selection
- 4-D event reconstruction

Conceptual design and feasibility studies: Au+Au central collisions at 25 A GeV





The CBM Physics Book

Foreword by Frank Wilczek

Springer Series:

Lecture Notes in Physics, Vol. 814

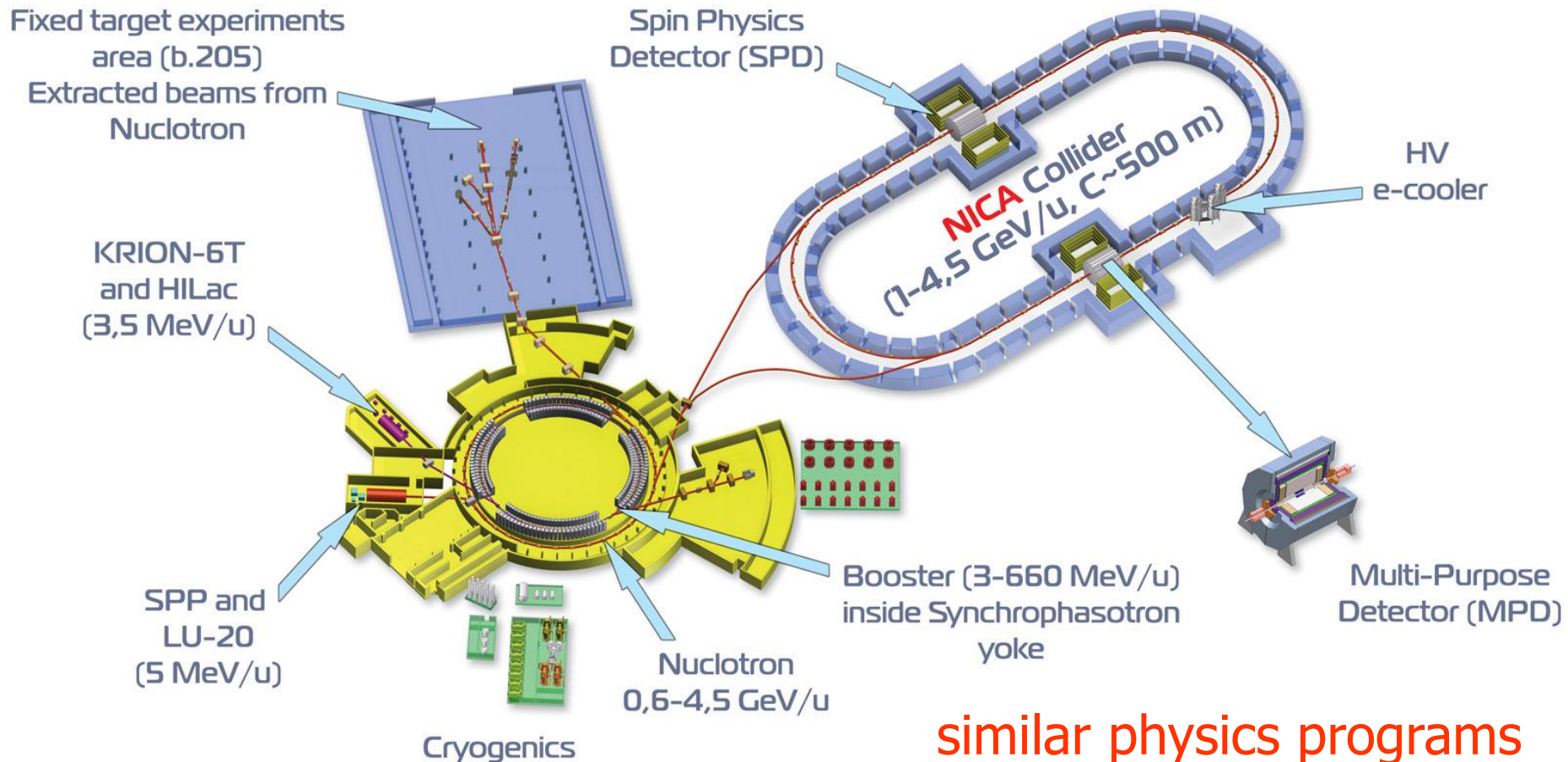
1st Edition., 2011, 960 p., Hardcover

ISBN: 978-3-642-13292-6

Electronic Authors version:

<http://www.gsi.de/documents/DOC-2009-Sep-120-1.pdf>

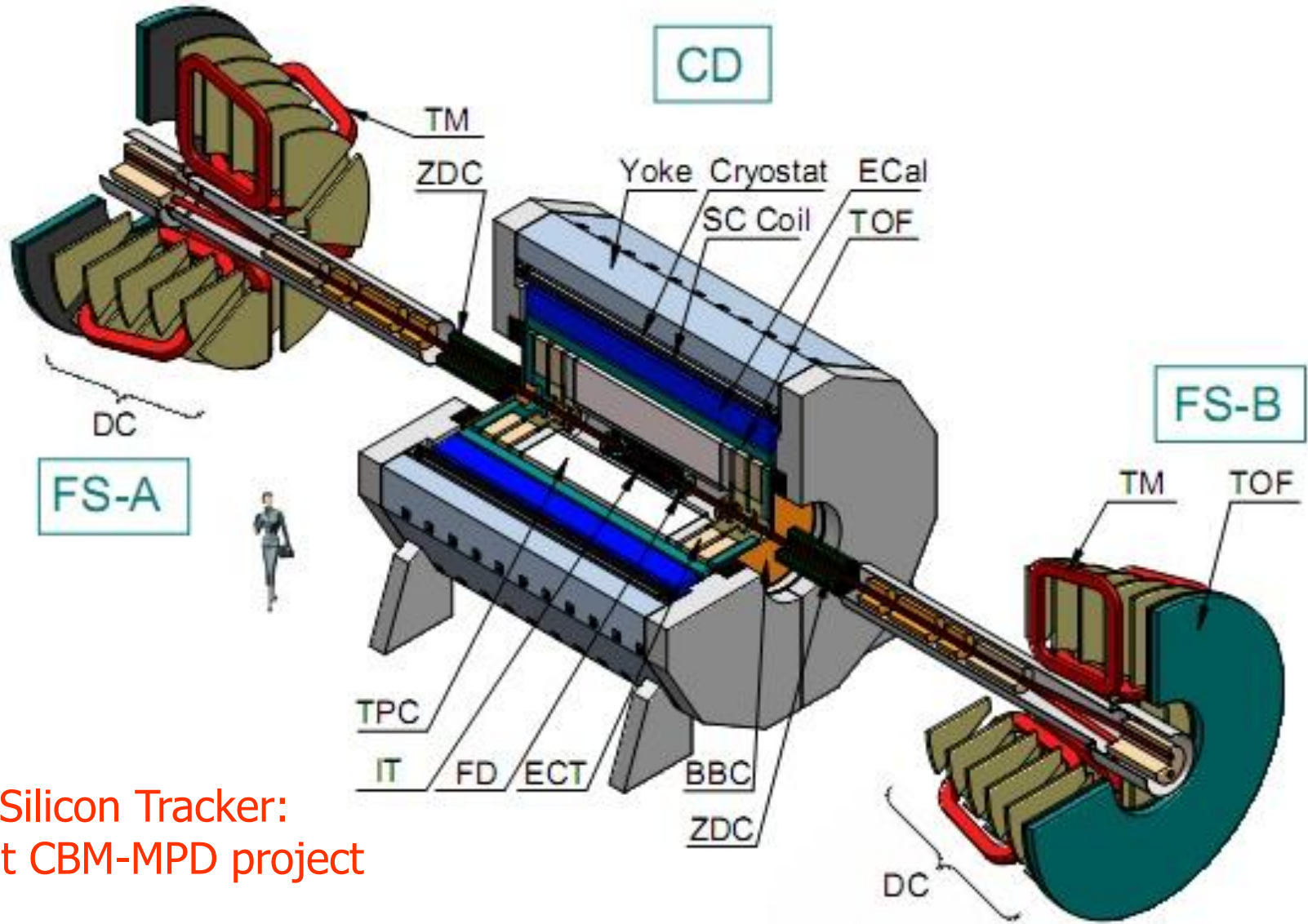
Superconducting accelerator complex **NICA** (**N**uclotron based **I**on **C**ollider **f**Acility)



similar physics programs
of MPD and CBM

NICA homepage: <http://nica.jinr.ru>

The Multi-Purpose Detector (MPD) at NICA



Silicon Tracker:
Joint CBM-MPD project

NICA White Paper: <http://theor.jinr.ru/twiki-cgi/view/NICA/WebHome>

NICA time-line

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
ESIS KRION	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation
LINAC + channel	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation
Booster + channel	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation
Nuclotron-M	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation	operation	operation	operation
NuclotronM→NICA	Design	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation
Channel to collider	Design	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation
Collider	Design	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation
Diagnostics	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation
Powes supply	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation
Control systems	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation
Cryogenics	manufacture	manufacture	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation
MPD	R & D	R & D	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	commis/opr	commis/opr	operation
Infrastructure	Mount.+commis	Mount.+commis	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation	operation	operation

R & D	Design	manufacture	Mount.+commis	commis/opr	operation
-------	--------	-------------	---------------	------------	-----------

Experiments on superdense nuclear matter

Experiment	Energy range (Au/Pb beams)	Reaction rates Hz
STAR@RHIC BNL	$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7 - 200 \text{ GeV}$	1 - 800 (limitation by luminosity)
NA61@SPS CERN	$E_{kin} = 20 - 160 \text{ A GeV}$ $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 6.4 - 17.4 \text{ GeV}$	80 (limitation by detector)
MPD@NICA Dubna	$\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 4.0 - 11.0 \text{ GeV}$	~1000 (design luminosity of $10^{27} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ for heavy ions)
CBM@FAIR Darmstadt	$E_{kin} = 2.0 - 35 \text{ A GeV}$ $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.7 - 8.3 \text{ GeV}$	$10^5 - 10^7$ (limitation by detector)

Experiments on superdense nuclear matter

Experiment	Observables for beam energies at about $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 8$ GeV (high baryon density region)			
	hadrons	correlations, fluctuations	dileptons	charm
STAR@RHIC BNL	yes	yes	no	no
NA61@SPS CERN	yes	yes	no	no
MPD@NICA Dubna	yes	yes	no	no
CBM@FAIR Darmstadt	yes	yes	yes	yes

Advantage of collider experiments:

Uniform phase-space coverage when measuring excitation functions.

→ complementary measurements with CBM@FAIR and MPD@NICA

Summary

Physics case:

- Scanning the QCD phase diagram in the region of neutron star core densities
- Exploring the properties of dense hadronic/partonic matter
- Searching for structures in the QCD phase diagrams and for new forms of QCD matter

Observables:

- Hadrons incl. multi-strange (anti-) hyperons
- Dileptons
- Open and hidden charm
- Collective flow, correlations, fluctuations

Facilities

- RHIC low energy scan (STAR)
- NA61 at SPS
- MPD at NICA
- CBM at FAIR → full set of observables

Backup

CBM: Estimated particle yields for minimum bias Au+Au collisions at 25 AGeV

particle, mass (MeV)	N	decay mode	BR	R/s (MHz)	T	ϵ (%)	Y/s	Y/10 w
η (547)	6.6	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$5.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	0.25	y	3	0.28	$1.7 \cdot 10^6$
K^+ (494)	8	-	-	0.025	n	20	$4 \cdot 10^4$	$2.4 \cdot 10^{11}$
K^- (494)	2.6	-	-	0.025	n	20	$1.3 \cdot 10^4$	$7.8 \cdot 10^{10}$
K_s^0 (497)	5.4	$\pi^+\pi^-$	0.69	0.025	n	10	$9.3 \cdot 10^3$	$5.6 \cdot 10^{10}$
ρ (770)	4.6	e^+e^-	$4.7 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.025	n	5.4	0.29	$1.8 \cdot 10^6$
ρ (770)	4.6	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$4.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.25	y	2.7	1.4	$8.6 \cdot 10^6$
ω (782)	7.6	e^+e^-	$7.1 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.025	n	7.2	1	$6 \cdot 10^6$
ω (782)	7.6	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.25	y	3.7	6.3	$38 \cdot 10^6$
ϕ (1020)	0.256	e^+e^-	$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0.025	n	9.6	0.18	$1 \cdot 10^6$
ϕ (1020)	0.256	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$2.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$	0.25	y	6	1.	$6.7 \cdot 10^6$
Λ (1115)	6.4	$p\pi^-$	0.64	0.025	n	10.6	$1.1 \cdot 10^4$	$6.5 \cdot 10^{10}$
Ξ^- (1321)	0.096	$\Lambda\pi^-$	0.999	0.025	n	2.1	50.4	$3 \cdot 10^8$
Ω^- (1672)	0.0044	ΛK^-	0.68	0.025	n	1	0.75	$4.5 \cdot 10^6$
D^0 (1864)	$7.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$K^-\pi^+$	0.038	0.1	y	3.25	$8.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$5.1 \cdot 10^3$
D^0 (1864)	$7.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$K^-\pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$	0.075	0.1	y	0.37	$2.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^3$
\bar{D}^0 (1864)	$2.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$K^+\pi^-$	0.038	0.1	y	3.25	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.6 \cdot 10^4$
D^+ (1869)	$8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$K^-\pi^+\pi^+$	0.092	0.1	y	4.2	$3.1 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$1.9 \cdot 10^4$
D^- (1869)	$1.8 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$K^+\pi^-\pi^-$	0.092	0.1	y	4.2	$7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$4.2 \cdot 10^4$
Λ_c (2285)	$4.9 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$pK^-\pi^+$	0.05	0.1	y	0.5	$1.2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$7.4 \cdot 10^4$
J/ψ (3097)	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	e^+e^-	0.06	1-10	y	14	0.032 - 0.32	$1.9 \cdot 10^{5-6}$
ψ' (3686)	$5.1 \cdot 10^{-8}$	e^+e^-	$7.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	1-10	y	15	$5.6 \cdot 10^{-(5-4)}$	$3.4 \cdot 10^{2-3}$
J/ψ (3097)	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	0.06	10	y	16	0.36	$2.2 \cdot 10^6$
ψ' (3686)	$5.1 \cdot 10^{-8}$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$7.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	10	y	19	$7.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$4.3 \cdot 10^3$

MPD@NICA: Estimated particle yields

Example: min. bias Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 7.1$ GeV

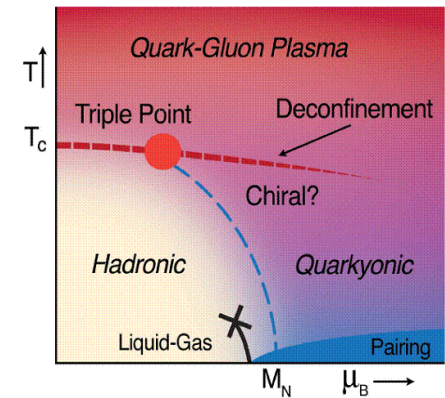
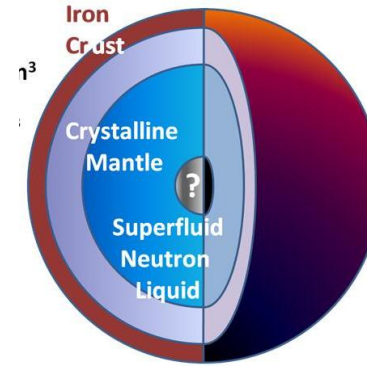
Assumption: max. NICA luminosity $L = 10^{27} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

Particle (mass)	Multiplicity	decay mode	BR	Rate kHz	ϵ (%)	yield (s^{-1})	yield 10 w
K^+ (494)	8	--	--	6	20	$9.6 \cdot 10^3$	$5.8 \cdot 10^{10}$
K^- (494)	2.6	--	--	6	20	$3.1 \cdot 10^3$	$1.9 \cdot 10^{10}$
ρ (770)	4.6	e^+e^-	$4.7 \cdot 10^{-5}$	6	2	$2.6 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$1.5 \cdot 10^5$
ω (782)	7.6	e^+e^-	$7.1 \cdot 10^{-5}$	6	2	$6.5 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$3.9 \cdot 10^5$
ϕ (1020)	0.26	e^+e^-	$3 \cdot 10^{-4}$	6	2	$9.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$5.7 \cdot 10^4$
Ξ^- (1321)	0.1	$\Lambda\pi^-$	1	6	1	6	$3.6 \cdot 10^7$
Ω^- (1672)	$4.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	ΛK^-	0.68	6	1	0.18	$1.0 \cdot 10^6$
D^0 (1864)	$7.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$K^+\pi^-$	0.038	6	1	$1.7 \cdot 10^{-5}$	100
J/ψ (3097)	$3.8 \cdot 10^{-6}$	e^+e^-	0.06	6	5	$6.8 \cdot 10^{-5}$	410

Nuclear matter physics at SIS100

- Nuclear equation-of-state, quarkyonic matter at high densities?

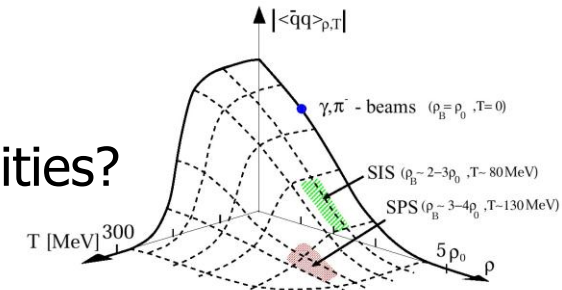
What are the properties and the degrees-of-freedom of nuclear matter at neutron star core densities?



- Hadrons in dense matter:

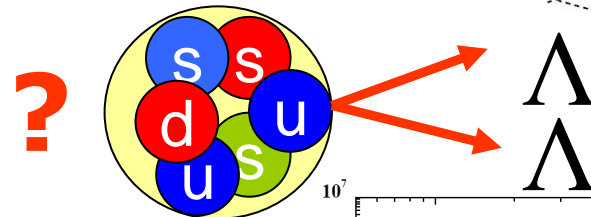
What are the in-medium properties of hadrons?

Is chiral symmetry restored at very high baryon densities?



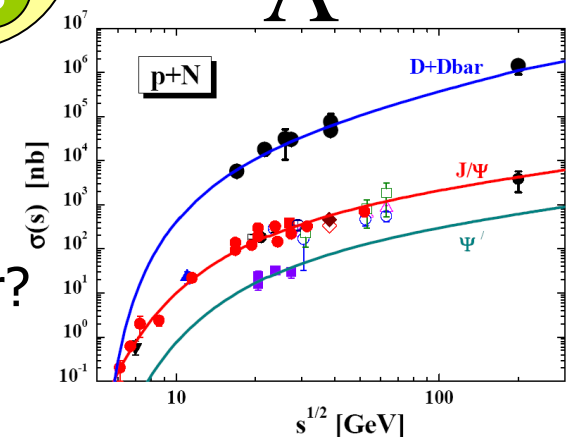
- Strange matter:

Does strange matter exist in the form of heavy multi-strange objects?



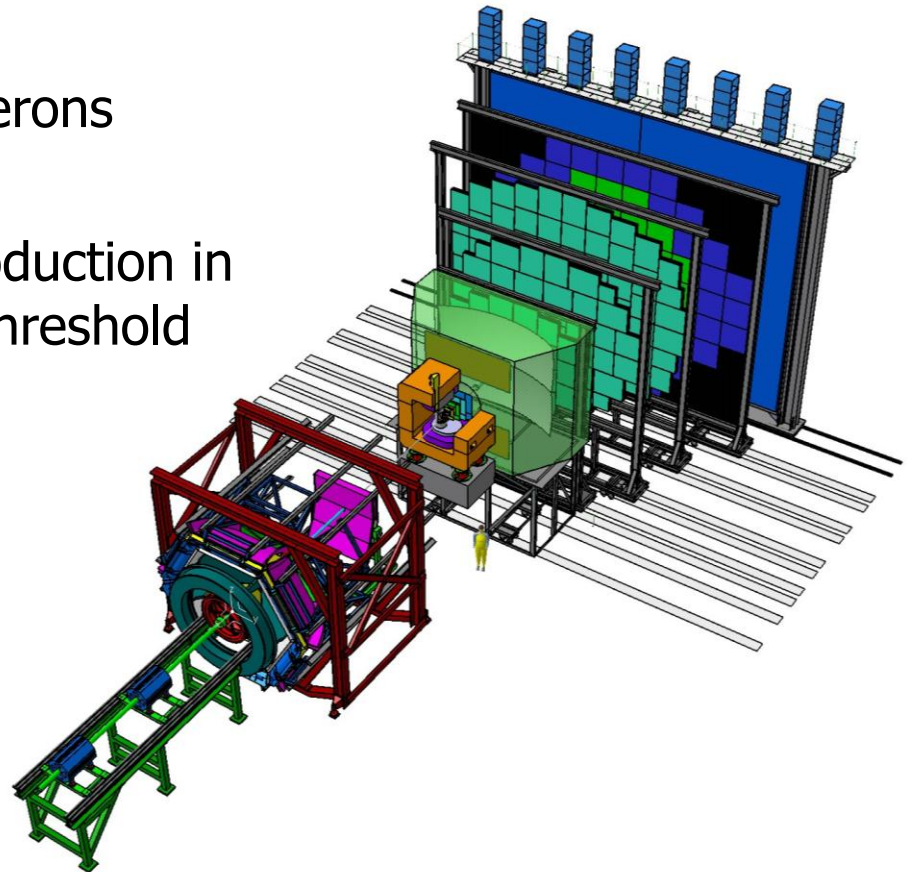
- Heavy flavor physics:

How is charm produced at low beam energies, and how does it propagate in cold nuclear matter?



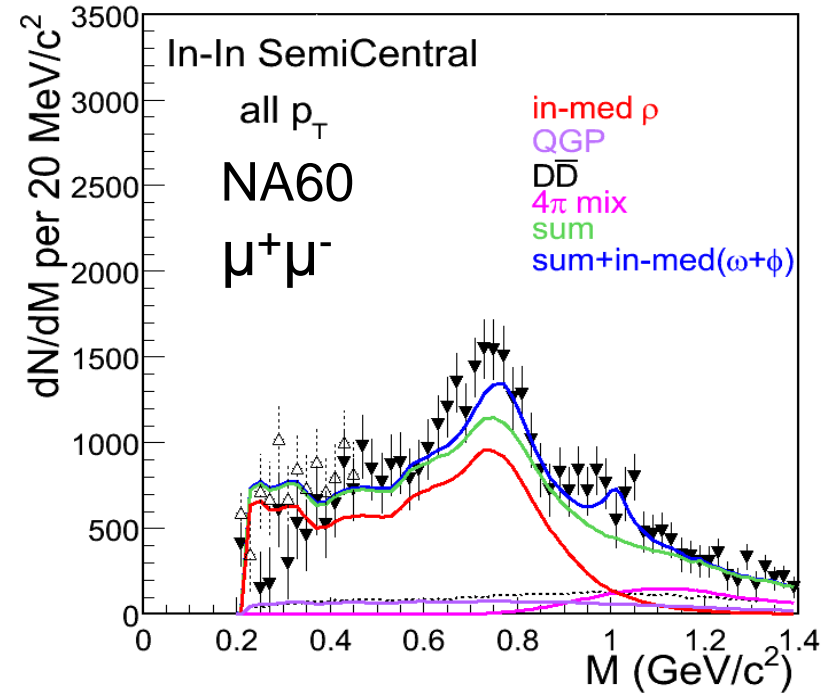
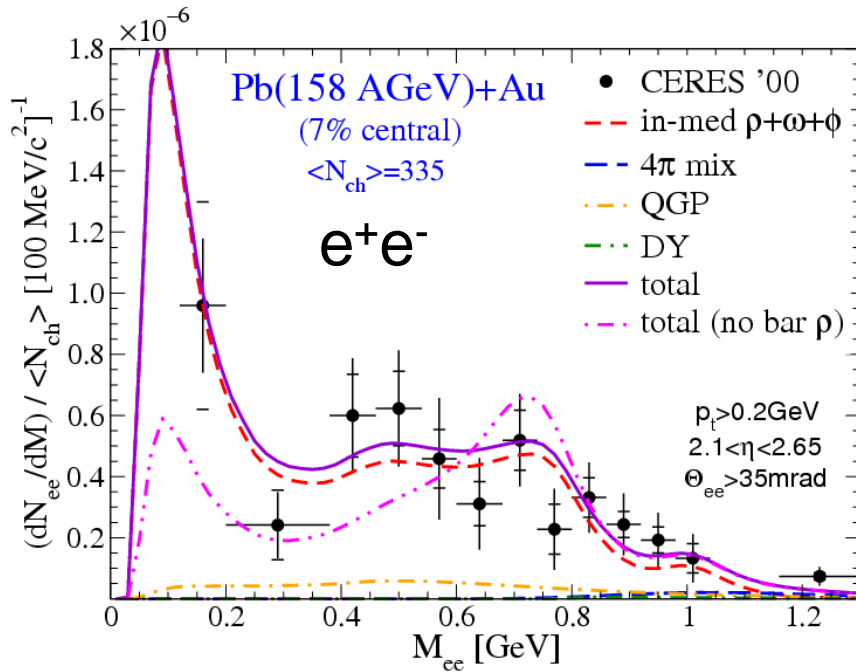
- Nuclear equation-of-state at high baryon densities:
Observables: multi-strange hyperons, collective flow, stopping
- Hadrons in dense matter:
Observables: low-mass vector mesons (up to Ni+Ni with HADES)
- Strange matter:
Observables: (multi-) strange hyperons
- Heavy flavor physics:
Open charm and charmonium production in p+A and A+A collisions around threshold beam energies

Beams at SIS100:
protons up to 30 GeV
Ca+Ca up to 14 AGeV
Au+Au up to 11 AGeV



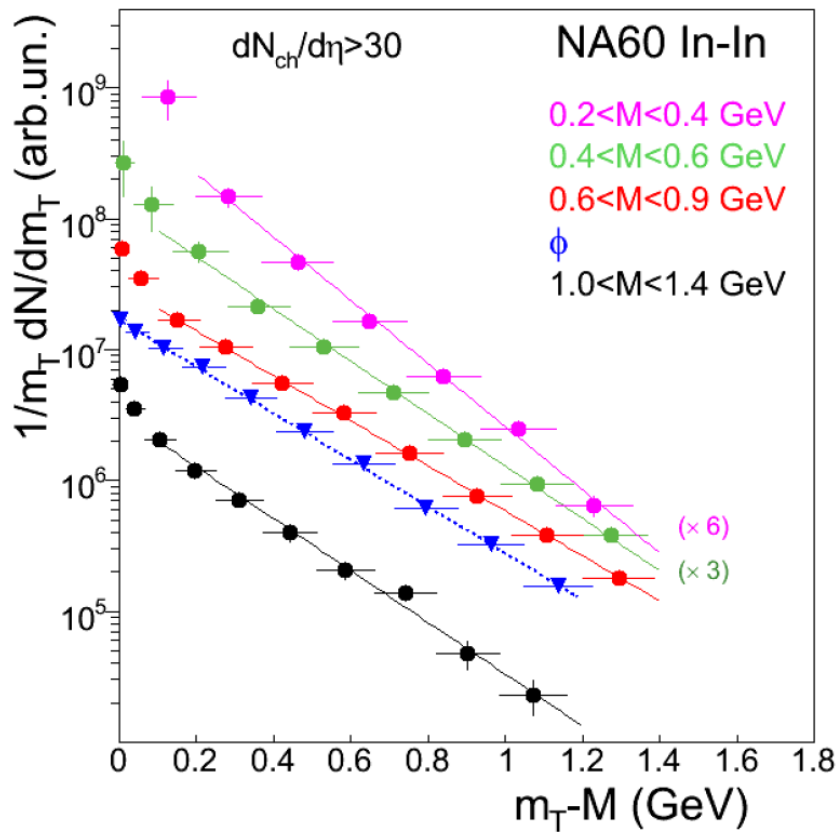
Electromagnetic radiation from the fireball

Calculations: H. van Hees, R. Rapp, arXiv:0711.3444v1 [hep-ph]

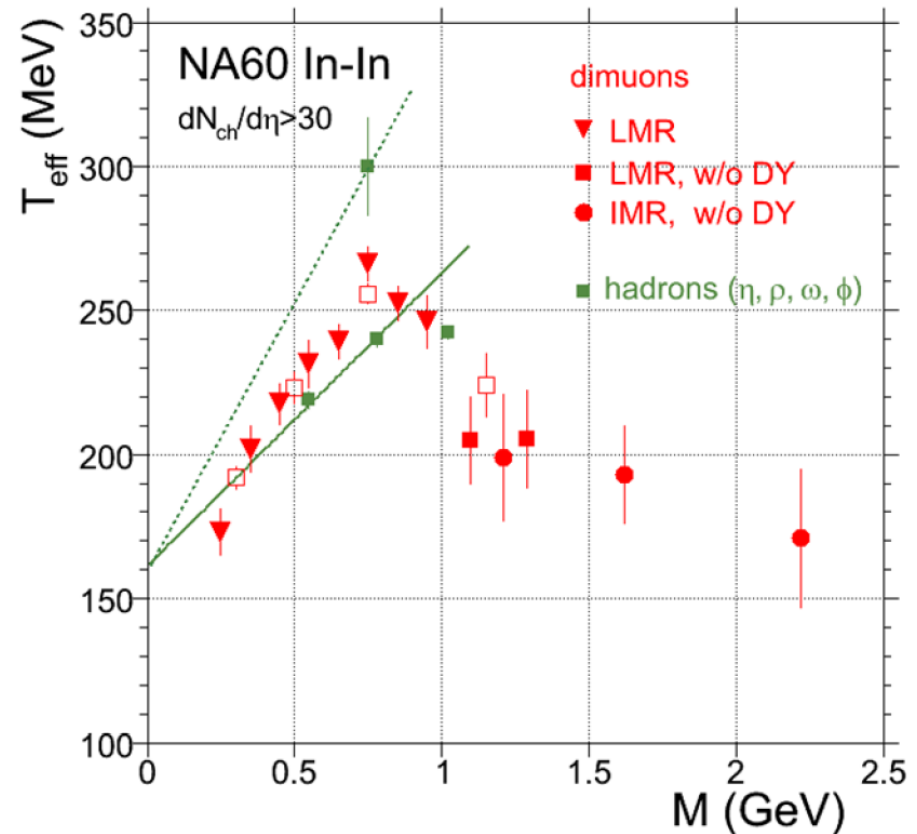


Transverse flow of dilepton pairs

parameterisation $\frac{1}{m_T} \frac{dN}{dm_T} \sim \exp(-m_T/T_{eff})$

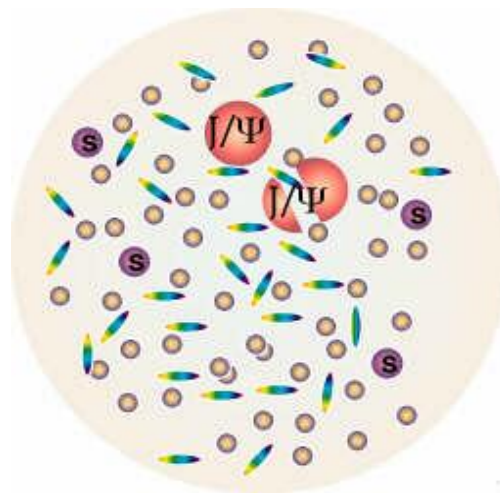
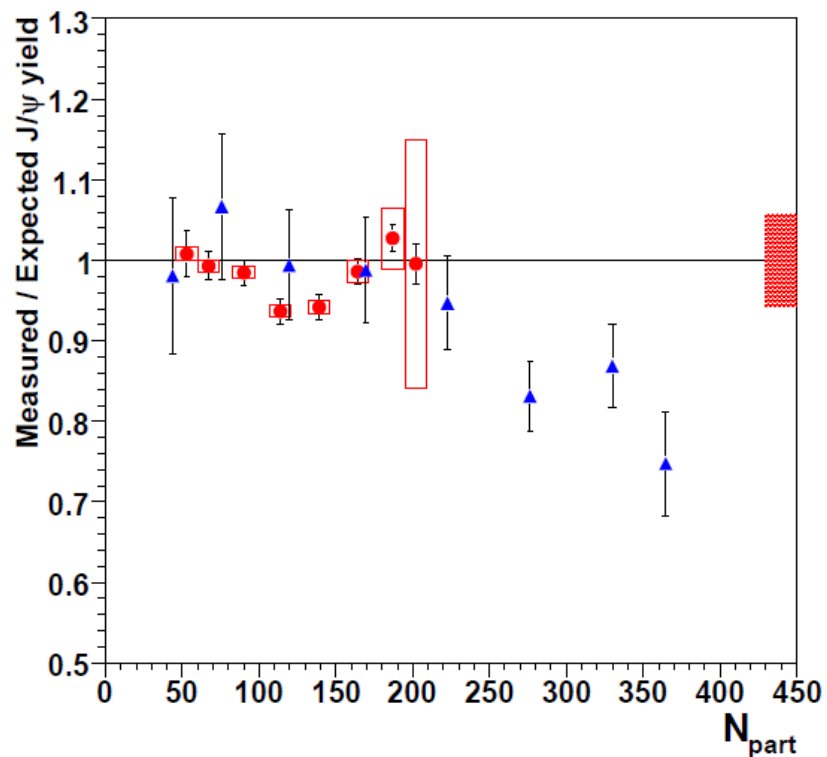


NA60: PRL 100,022302(2008)



Anomalous J/ψ suppression

Di-muon measurements at CERN-SPS



NA60: Nucl.Phys.A830:345c-352c,2009

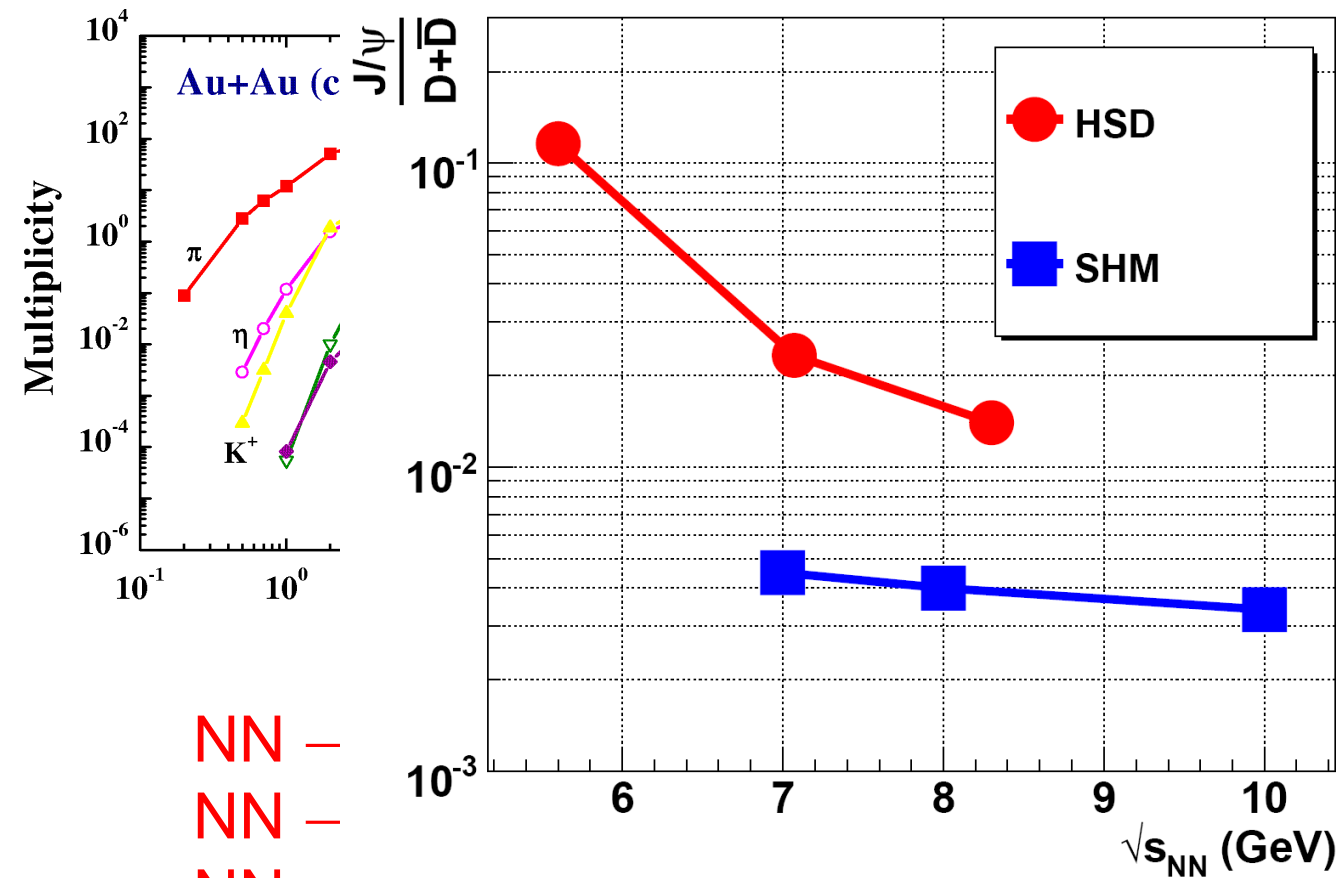
Searching for the deconfinement phase transition: Charm production in hadronic and partonic matter

Hadronic model (HSD)

O. Linnyk, E.L. Bratkovskaya,
W. Cassing, H. Stöcker,
Nucl.Phys.A786:183-200,2007

Statistical hadronization model (SHM) (c-cbar production in partonic phase)

A. Andronic, P. Braun-Munzinger,
K. Redlich, J. Stachel, arXiv:0708.1488



NN —
NN —
NN → J/ψ NN

