



Compensation of Third Order Resonances in the High Intensity Regime

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- HB 2023
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 - Mary Kate Bossard [THAFP03]
 - Meiqin Xiao [THBP28 & THBP30]
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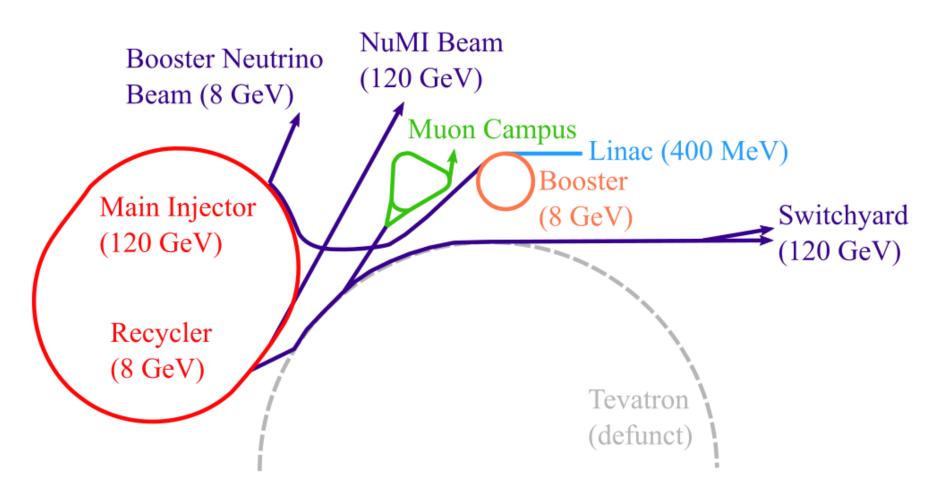


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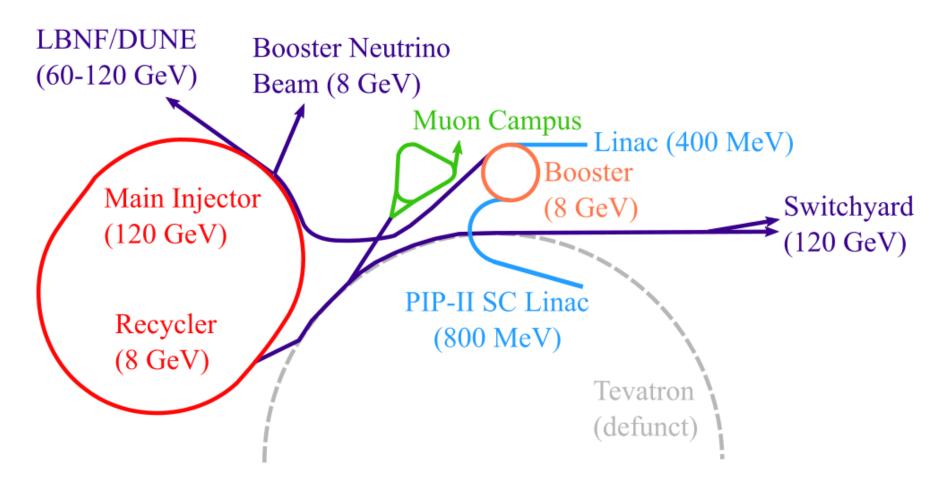
Fermilab Accelerator Complex



• R. Ainsworth et.al., "High intensity operation using proton stacking in the Fermilab Recycler to deliver 700 kW of 120 GeV proton beam", Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams, vol.23, no. 12, p. 121002

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PIP-II (Proton Improvement Plan II)



• M. Ball et al. *The PIP-II Conceptual Design Report*. Tech. rep. FERMILAB-TM-2649-AD-APC1516858. Fermilab, Mar. 2017.

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Fermilab Recycler Ring





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Fermilab Recycler Ring

Table 1: Typical Recycler Ring properties for beam sent to NuMI

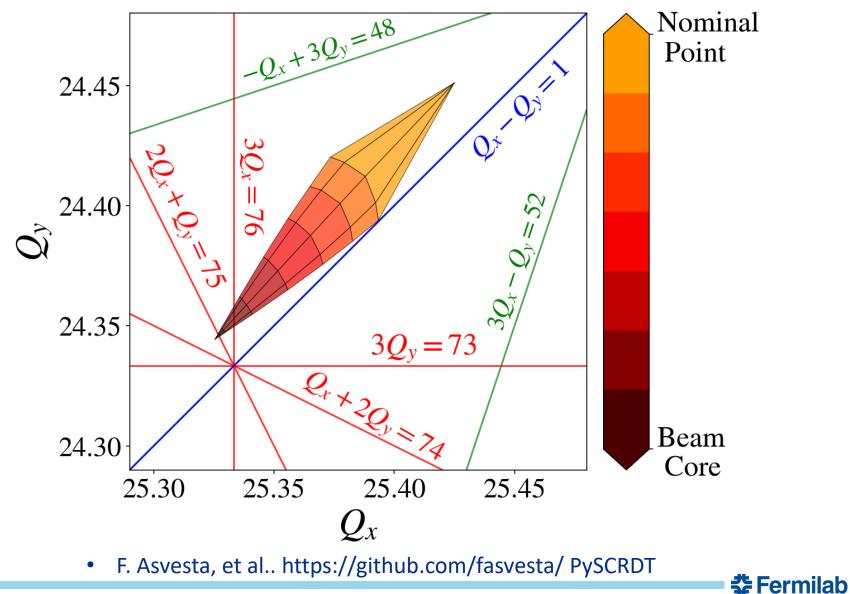
Parameter	Value	\mathbf{Unit}
Circumference	3319	m
Momentum	8.835	${ m GeV/c}$
RF Frequency	52.8	MHz
RF Voltage	80	kV
Harmonic Number	588	
Synchrotron Tune	0.0028	
Slip Factor	-8.6×10^{-3}	
Superperiodicity	2	
Horizontal Tune	25.43	
Vertical Tune	24.445	
Horizontal Chromaticity	-6	
Vertical Chromaticity	-7	
95% Normalized Emittance	15	$\pi \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{~mrad}$
95% Longitudinal Emittance	0.08	${ m eV}~{ m s}$
Intensity	$5 \times 10^{10}, 8 \times 10^{10}$ (PIP-II)	ppb
MI Ramp Time	1.2, 1.133, 1.067	S
Beam Power on Target	0.750, 1.20 (PIP-II)	\mathbf{MW}
Booster Frequency	15, 20 (PIP-II)	Hz

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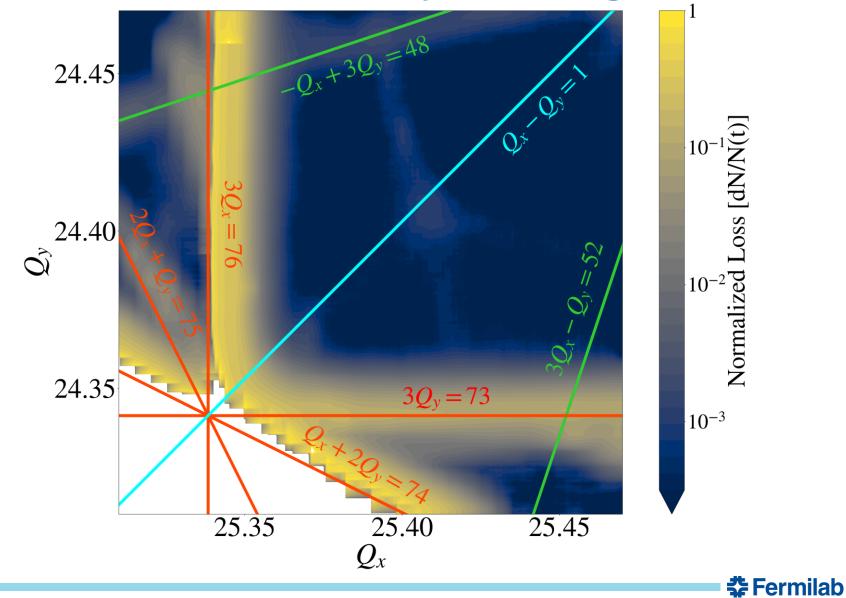
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Tune Diagram for PIP-II Intensities



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Low Intensity Studies

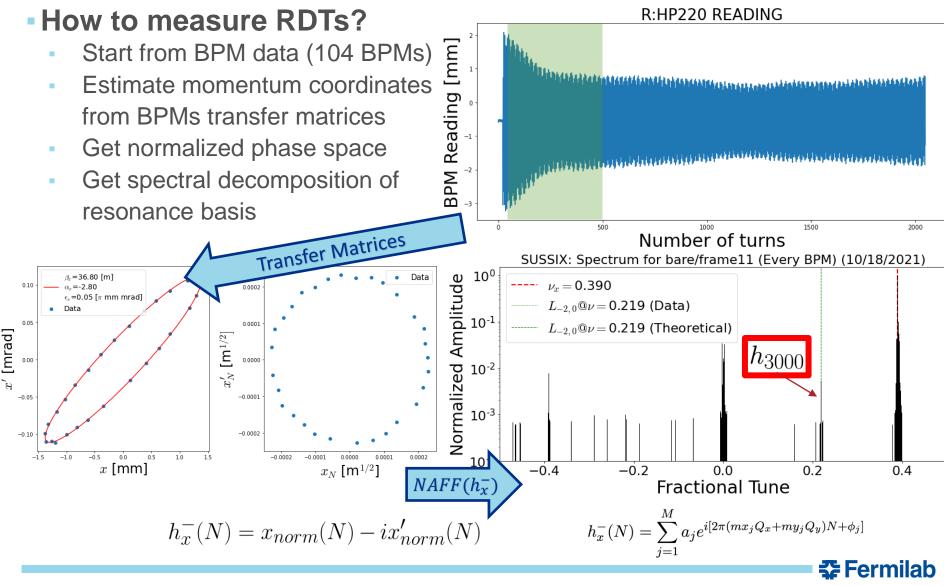


Global Third Order RDTs

$M_{N+1} = M_1 e^{h_1 \cdot h_1 \cdot h_2 \cdot h_2 \cdot h_1 \cdot h_2 \cdot$	$h = \sum_{jkli}$	$\sum_{m} h_{jklm} (2J_x)^{\frac{j+k}{2}} (2A_x)^{\frac{j+k}{2}} (2A_x)^{\frac{j+k}{$	$J_y)^{rac{l+m}{2}}e^{q}$	$\left[(j{-}k)\phi_x{+}(l{-}m)\phi_y ight]$
M	e^{h_2}	Res. Line $3Q_x = 76$ $Q_x + 2Q_y = 74$ $3Q_y = 73$ $2Q_x + Q_y = 75$	RDT h_{3000} h_{1020} h_{0030} h_{2010}	Sext. Term Normal Normal Skew Skew
	tr 10 • P. Bo Sy • R. D	 Bartolini, R. and Schmidt, F., "Normal form via tracking or beam data", <i>Part. Accel.</i>, vol.59, pp.93-106, Aug. 1997 P. Urschutz. "Measurement and Compensation of Betatron Resonances at the CERN PS Booster Synchrotron". PhD thesis. Vienna, Austria, 2004. R. Tomas Garcia. "Direct Measurement of Resonance Driving Terms in the Super Proton Synchrotron (SPS) of CERN using Beam Position Monitors". PhD thesis. Valencia, Spain, Jan. 2003. 		

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Measurement of Global RDTs



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Compensation Scheme

- Use 4 dedicated **normal** sextupoles for compensation of $3Q_x = 76$
- Use $\stackrel{\circ}{4}$ dedicated **skew sextupoles** for compensation of $3Q_y = 73$
- Scan sextupole currents and record RDT sensitivity $(h_{3000} \text{ and } h_{0030})$
- Build linear system to cancel out bare machine RDTs
- Previously installed sextupoles were located so chromatic effects are canceled out

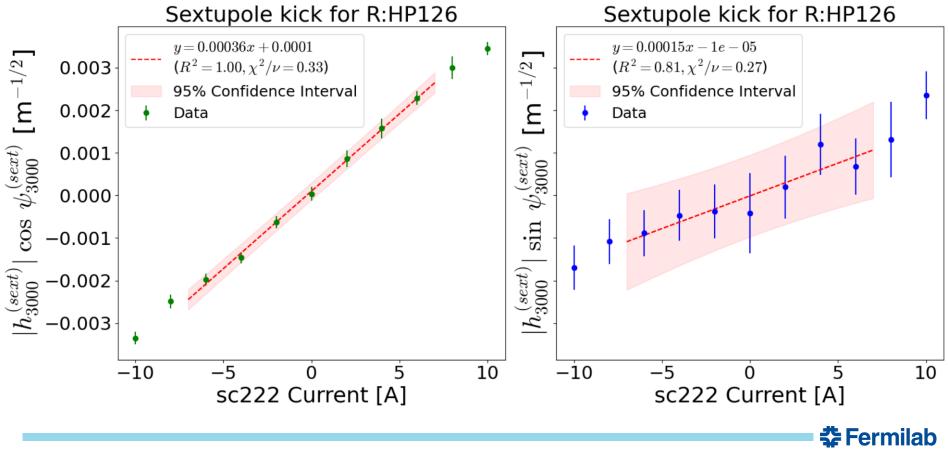


$$\begin{pmatrix} -\mid h_{3000}^{(bare)} \mid \cos\left(\psi_{3000}^{(bare)}\right) \\ -\mid h_{3000}^{(bare)} \mid \sin\left(\psi_{3000}^{(bare)}\right) \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M_{11} & M_{12} & M_{13} & M_{14} \\ M_{21} & M_{22} & M_{23} & M_{24} \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} I_{sc220} \\ I_{sc222} \\ I_{sc319} \\ I_{sc321} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\vec{I}_{Comp} = \mathbf{M}^{-1} \vec{h}_{3000}^{(bare)}$$

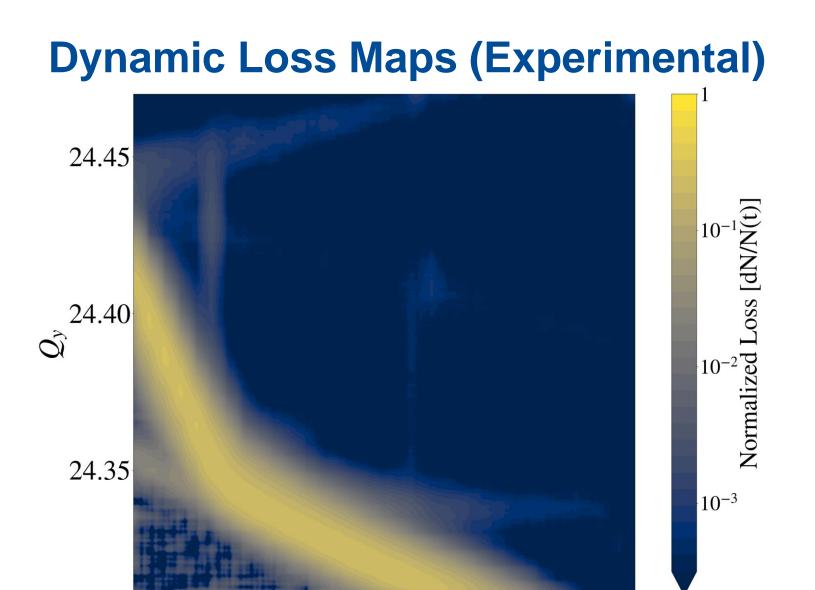
Compensation Scheme

- Real part and imaginary part of h^(sext)₃₀₀₀ can be retrieved for each normal sextupole
 Coupling to RDT from contupoles can be retrieved from clone
- Coupling to RDT from sextupoles can be retrieved from slope



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25.40

 Q_x

25.45

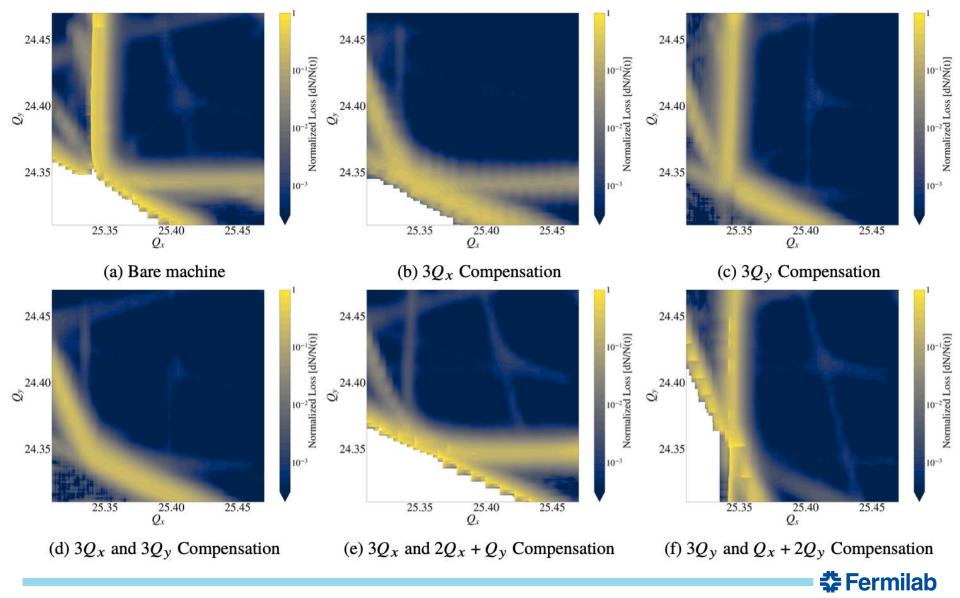
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25.35

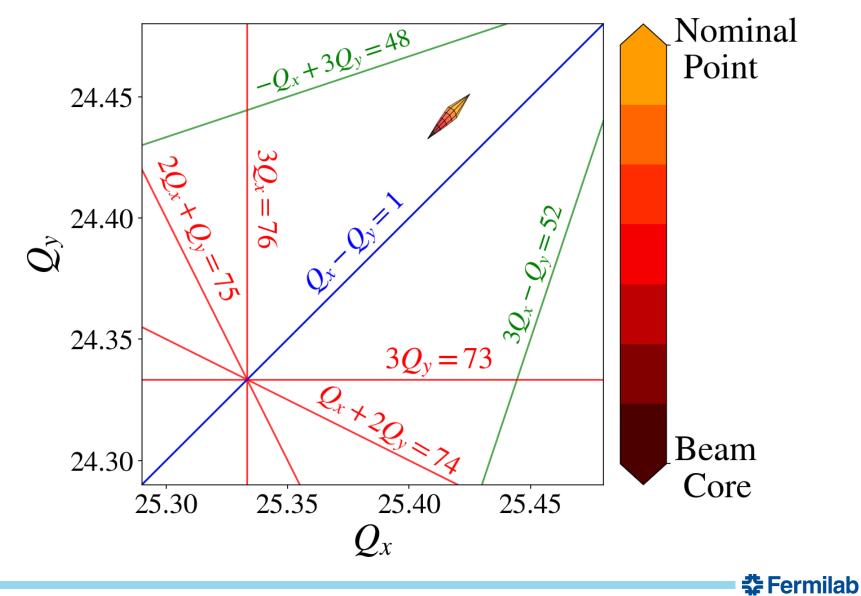
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Dynamic Loss Maps (Experimental)



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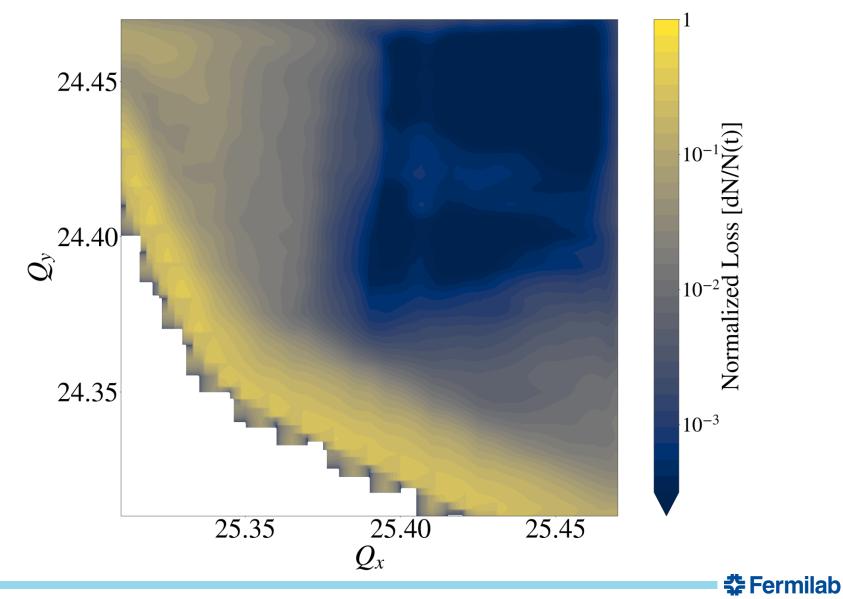
Dynamic Loss Maps



High Intensity Studies

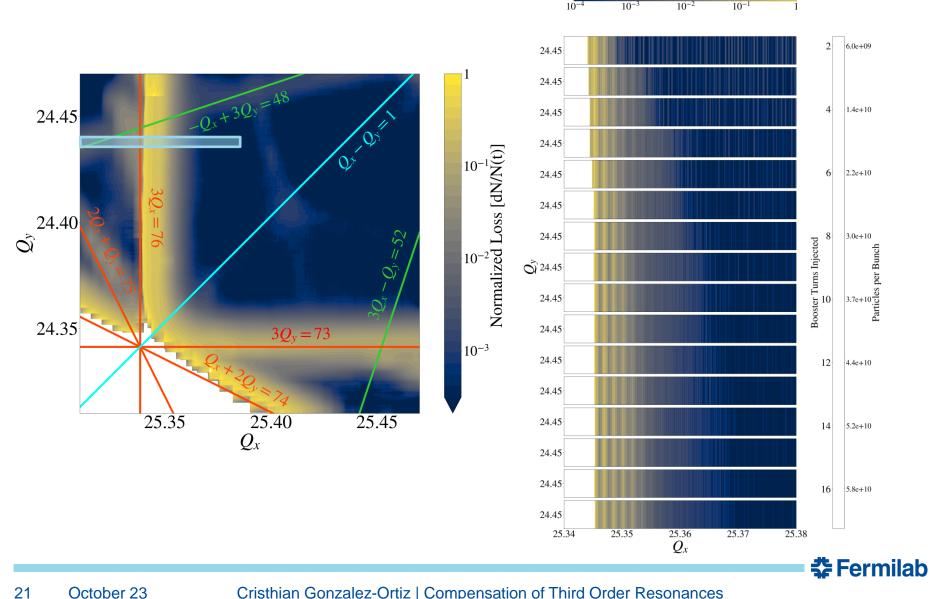


High Intensity Loss Map

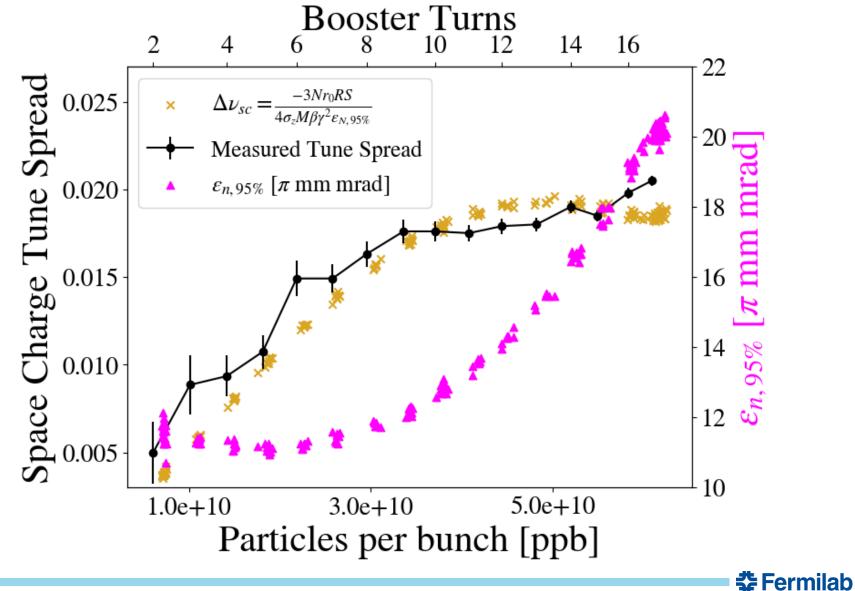


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Measurement of Space Charge Tune Shift Normalized Loss (dN/N(t))

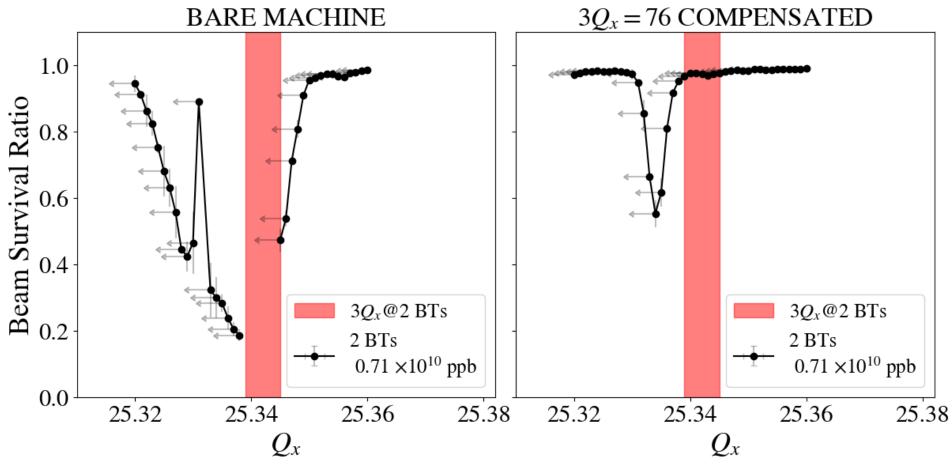


Measurement of Space Charge Tune Shift



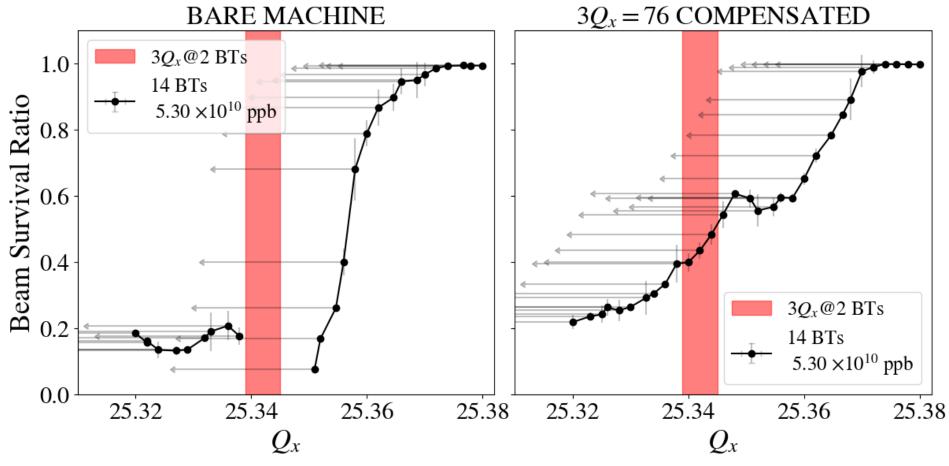
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Static Tune Scans at Low Intensities (Experimental)



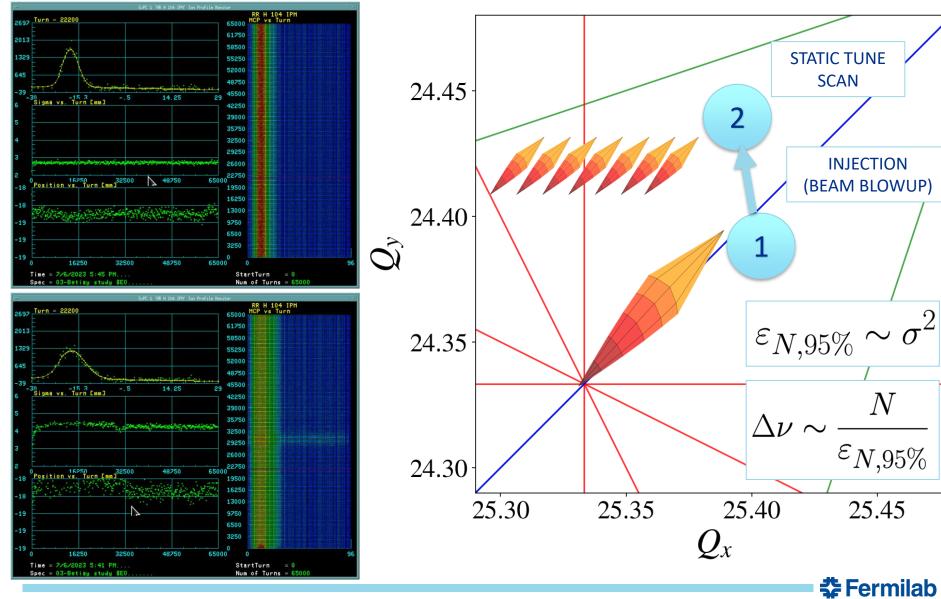
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Static Tune Scans at High Intensities (Experimental)



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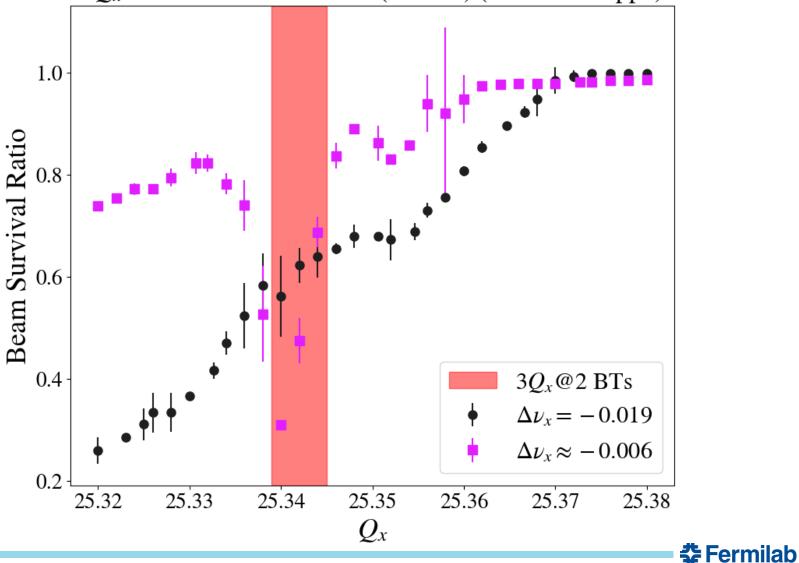
Static Tune Scans with Wide Beam



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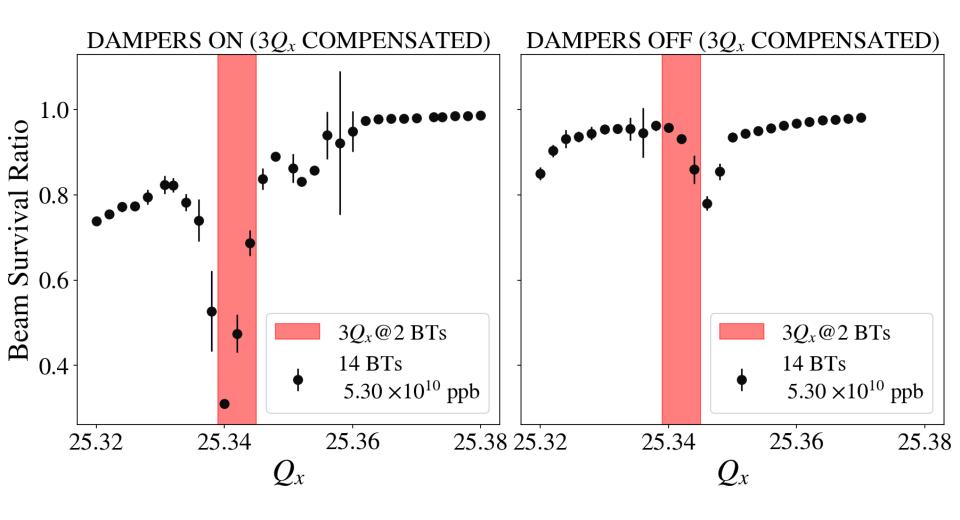
Static Tune Scans with Wide Beam

 $3Q_x = 76 \text{ COMPENSATED} (14 \text{ BTs}) (~ 5.3 \times 10^{10} \text{ ppb})$



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Transverse Dampers and Resonances



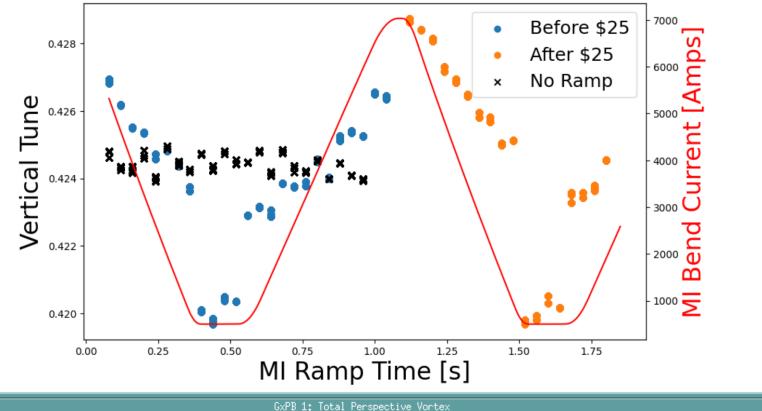
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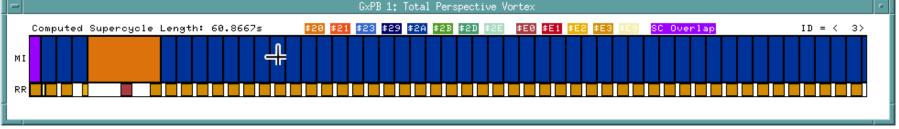
High Intensity Operation





MI effect on RR

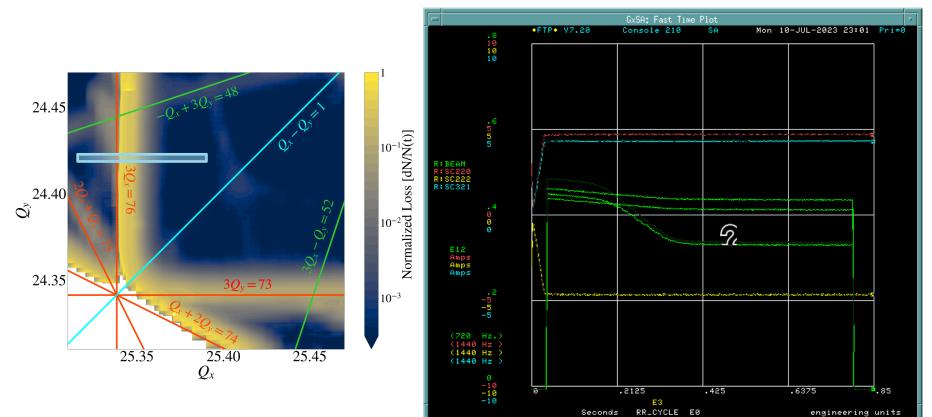


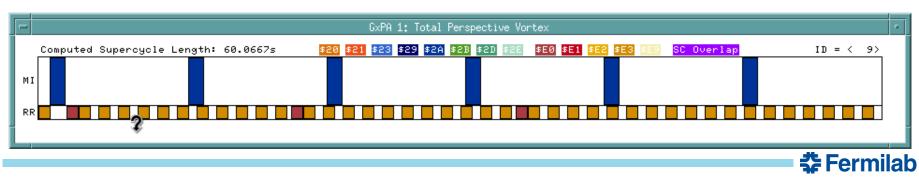


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 Chelidze, N. et al., "The Effect of the Main Injector Ramp on the Recycler", in Proc. NAPAC'22, Albuquerque, New Mexico, United States, Oct. 2022

MI effect on RR





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Conclusion and Future Work

- Cancellation of global third order RDTs allows to mitigate the harmful effect of third order resonances in the Recycler Ring
- At higher intensities, this compensation scheme is also beneficial to the beam survival ratio
- The incoherent space charge tune shift complicates things when trying to use beam-based measurements
- Further investigation is needed as to how the transverse dampers in the RR excite betatron resonances at high intensities

THANK YOU!



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