Photon-triggered jets as probes of multi-stage jet modification

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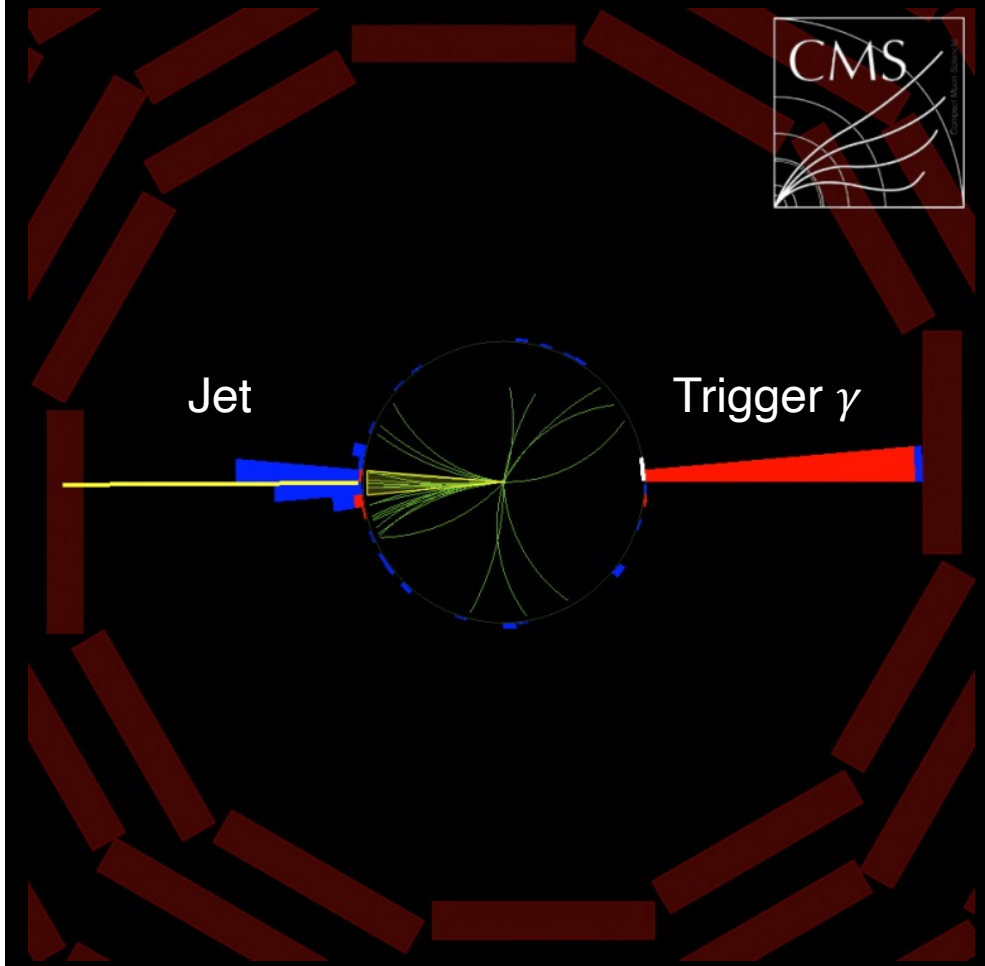
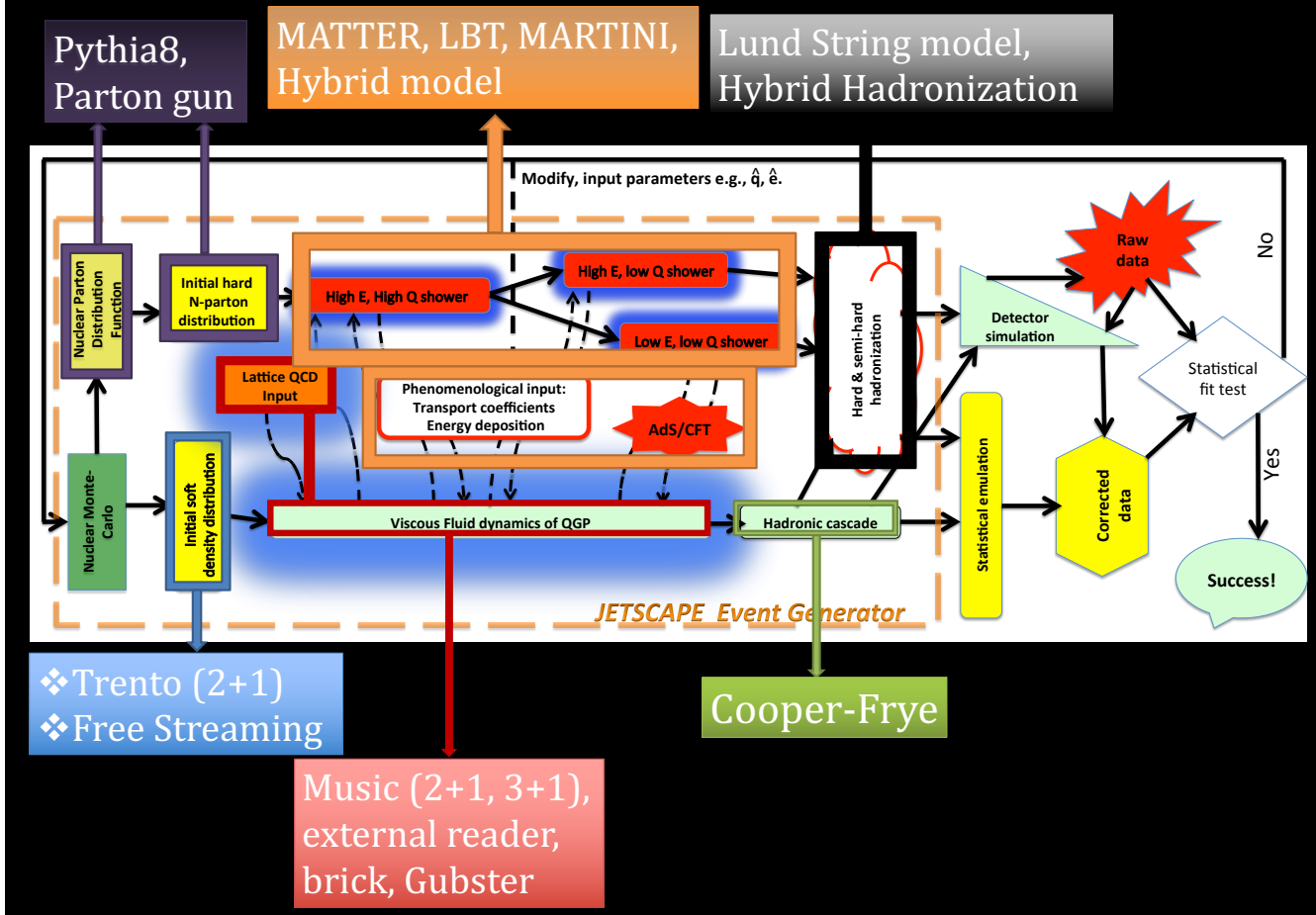
Outline

- Introduction: JETSCAPE framework and multistage evolution
- Photon triggered jets
- Simulating jet evolution with JETSCAPE framework
- Simultaneous description of leading hadron and jet spectrum
- This study: 5.02 TeV
  - γ-jet asymmetry: central and peripheral events
  - γ + 2 jets
  - Groomed jets substructure using photon triggered jets
- Summary



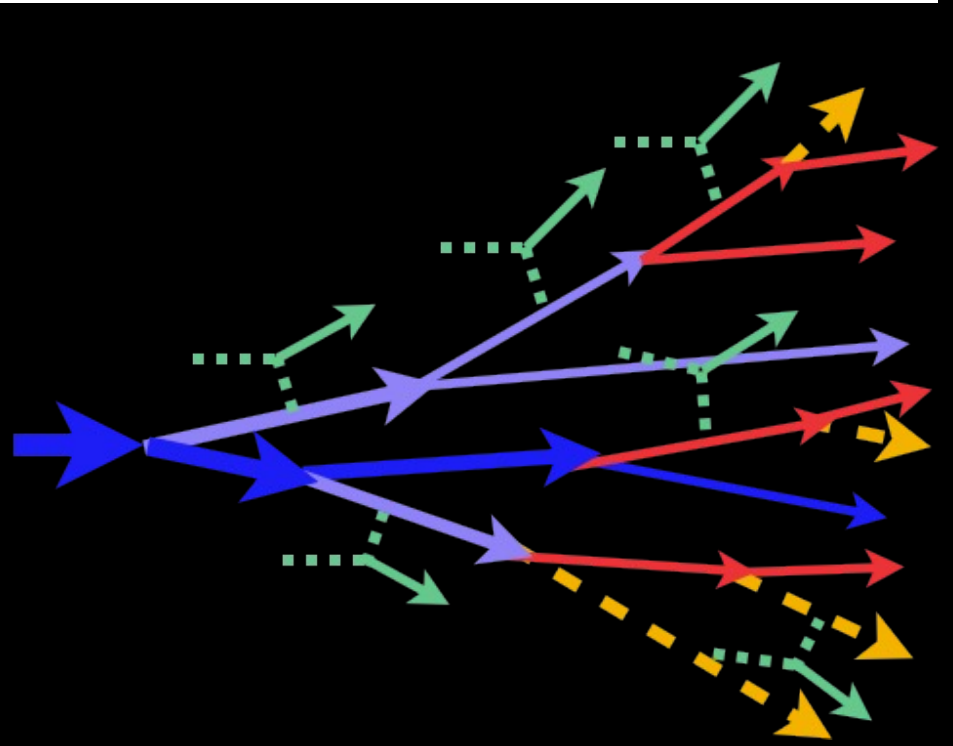
Introduction

- JETSCAPE: General, modular and extensive framework
- Latest version of JETSCAPE publicly available at https://github.com/JETSCAPE/JETSCAPE
- No single model can describe all stages of jet evolution
- Multi-stage jet evolution
  - Different stages depending on the virtuality, Q and energy, E of the partons
- One can customize the framework by using their own modules
- ASCII, Gzip, and HepMC output formats
- Manual (arXiv:1903.07706), JETSCAPE PP19 tune (arXiv:1910.05481), JETSCAPE AA tune (arXiv:2204.01163)



JETSCAPE framework: Multistage Evolution

- Large Q, Large E: Dominated by radiation with few scatterings (DGLAP, HT)
  - MATTER *(Majumder(13), Kordell, Majumder(17), Cao, Majumder(17))*
- Small Q, Large E: Scattering driven emission, mostly by medium effects (Transport, AMY, HT)
  - LBT *(Wang, Zhu(13), Luo, et al.(15,18),Cao, et al.(16,17), He, et al.(18))*
  - MARTINI *(Schenke, Gale, Jeon(09), Park, Jeon, Gale(17, 18))*
- Small Q & E: Nearly thermal, strongly coupled (AdS/CFT)
  - AdS/CFT *(Chesler, Rajagopal(14, 15), Pablos, et al.(15, 16, 17), and others)*



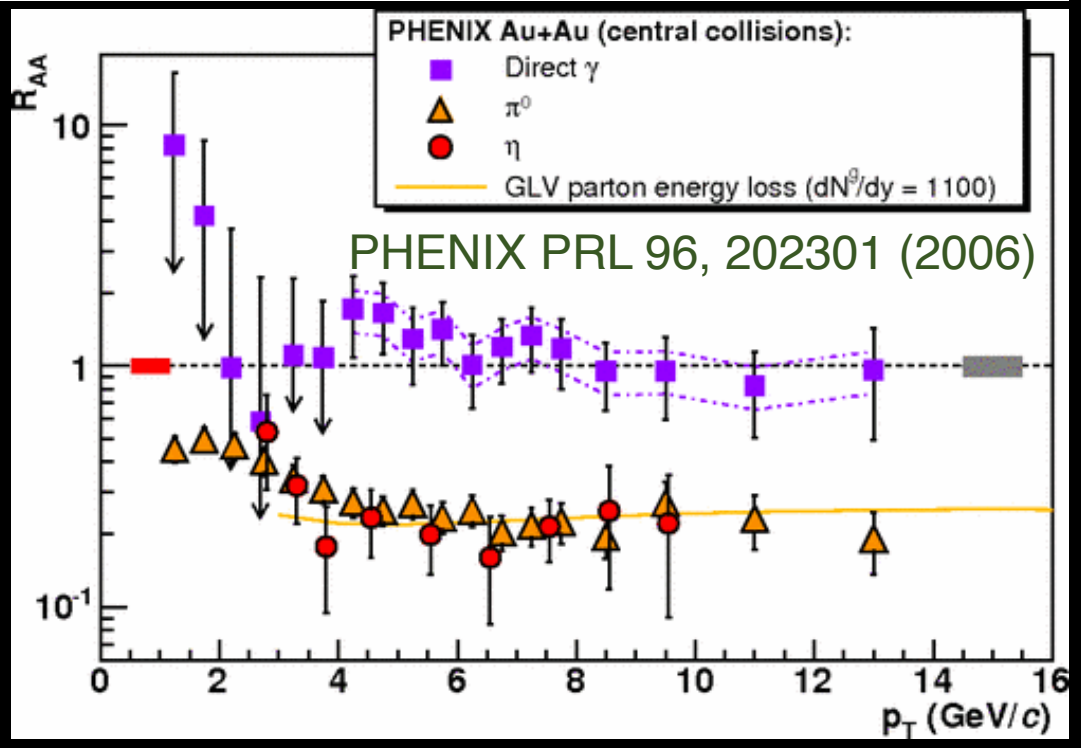
Virtuality Separation Scale: Q_0

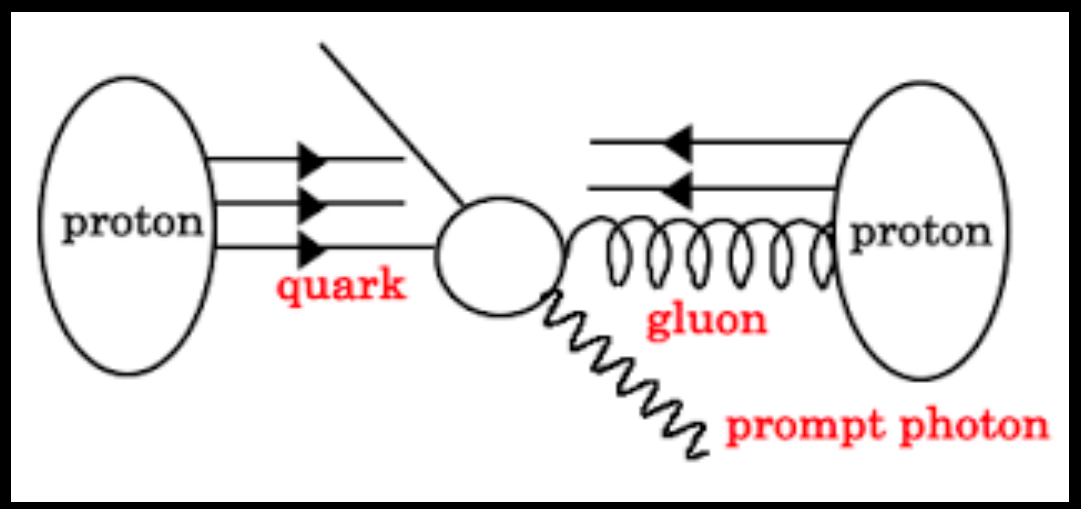
Switching between modules parton by parton depending on the virtuality and energy

Large Q: $Q > Q_0$
Small Q: $Q < Q_0$

Prompt photons as Probes of QGP

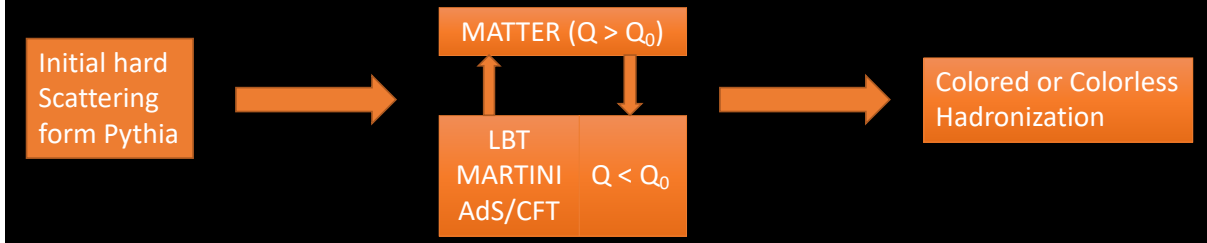
- Prompt photons - produced directly in the hard sub-processes
- Can be used to estimate the energy and the direction of jet initiating parton (before the energy loss) – Calibrated probe of the QGP
  - Limited Statistics: Challenging to measure experimentally
- Important probe to study jet energy loss (Wang, Huang, and Sarcevic, PRL 77 (1996) 231-234)
- Isolation criteria is necessary to identify the prompt photons
  - Same isolation criteria used in experimental analysis (CMS-HIN-13-006, CMS-HIN-16-002, PLB 789 (2019) 167)
- Isolated photons mainly consist of prompt photons
  - Isolated Non-prompt photons make considerable contribution

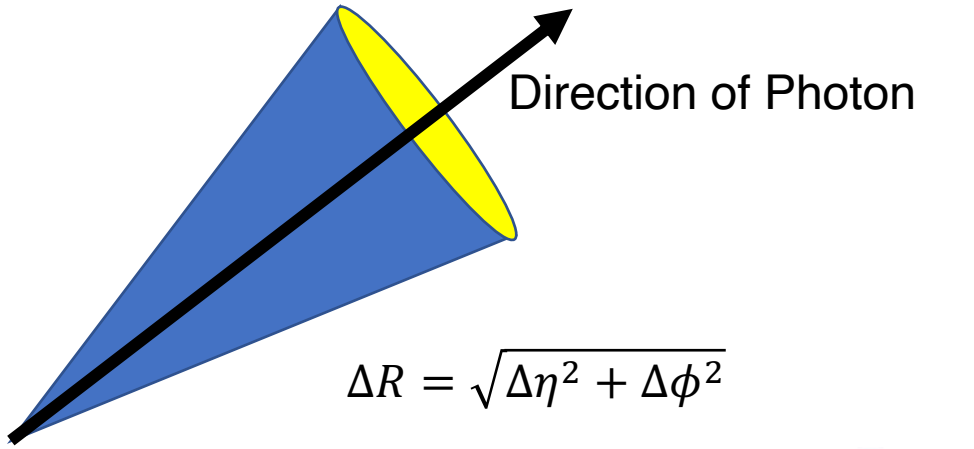




Simulating Jet Evolution

- p-p baseline: Pythia for hard scattering and MATTER for shower
- PbPb:
  - Virtuality separation scale, Q_0 = 2 GeV
  - MATTER+LBT with recoil
  - Colorless hadronization (color is randomly assigned) with Pythia Lund String model
  - Event by event hydro
- p-p and PbPb:
  - Prompt photons, photons from intermediate shower and fragmentation photons
  - Same isolation criteria used in experimental analysis

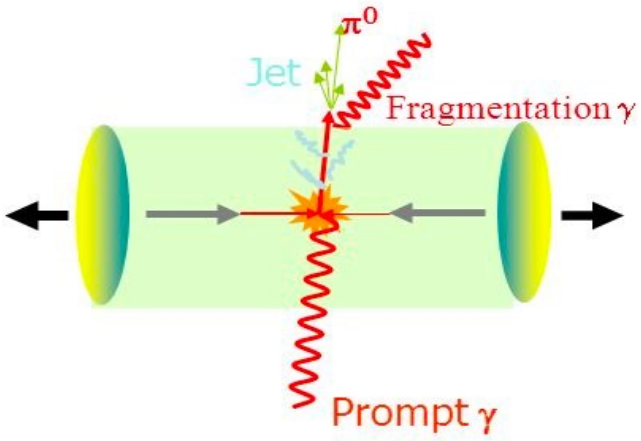




$$\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2}$$

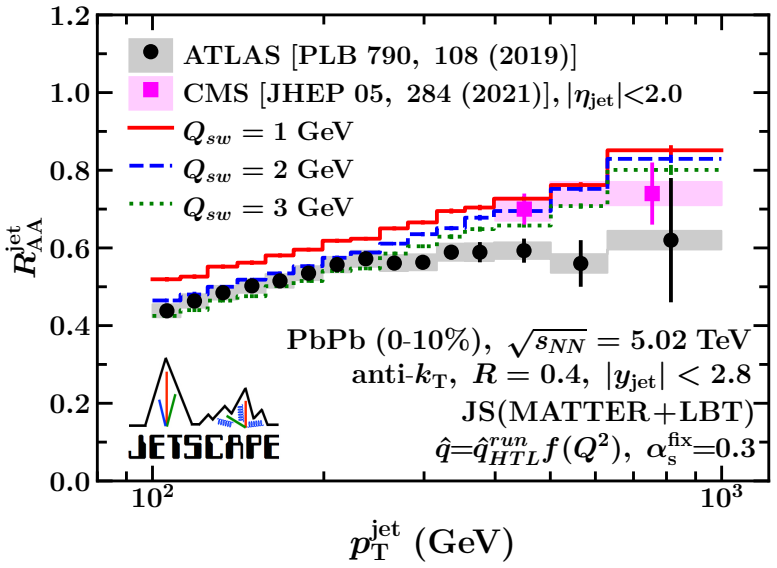
$$\sum_{\Delta R} E_T < E_{T,Iso}$$

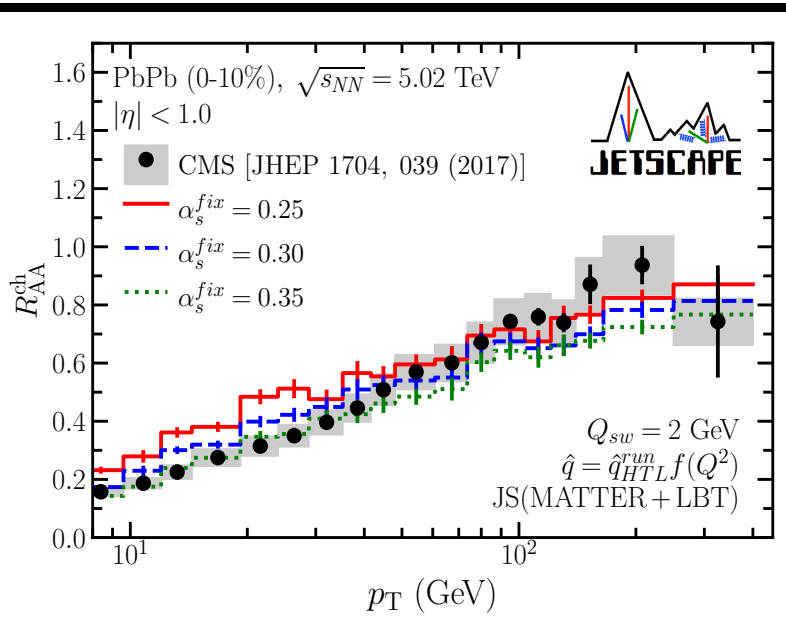
$$\Delta\phi_{\gamma,jet} < \frac{7\pi}{8}$$



Simultaneous Description of Leading Hadrons and Jets

- Parameters tuned for simultaneously describe leading hadron and jet spectra
  - Blue line of each plot: $Q_{sw} = 2\ GeV, \alpha_s^{fix} = 0.3, \tau_0 = 0.6\ fm/c$, and $T_c = 160\ MeV$
  - AA22 tune
- Not tuned using Bayesian calibration
  - See the talks by Andi Mankolli and Raymond Ehlers for more details of Bayesian calibration
- Same tune can be used to accurately describe number of different observables (Different E_{CM}, centrality, etc.)
- JETSCAPE AA paper: Phys.Rev.C 107 (2023) 3, 034911, arXiv: 2204.01163
  - Further information on parameter tuning





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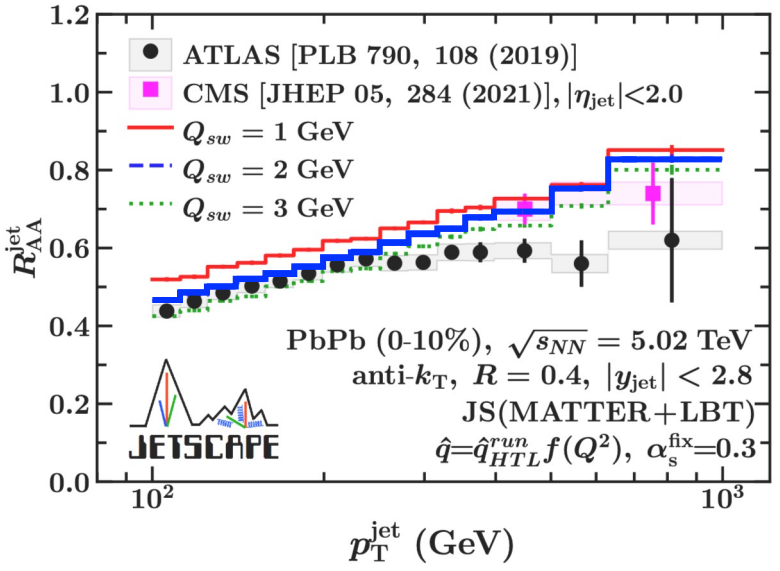
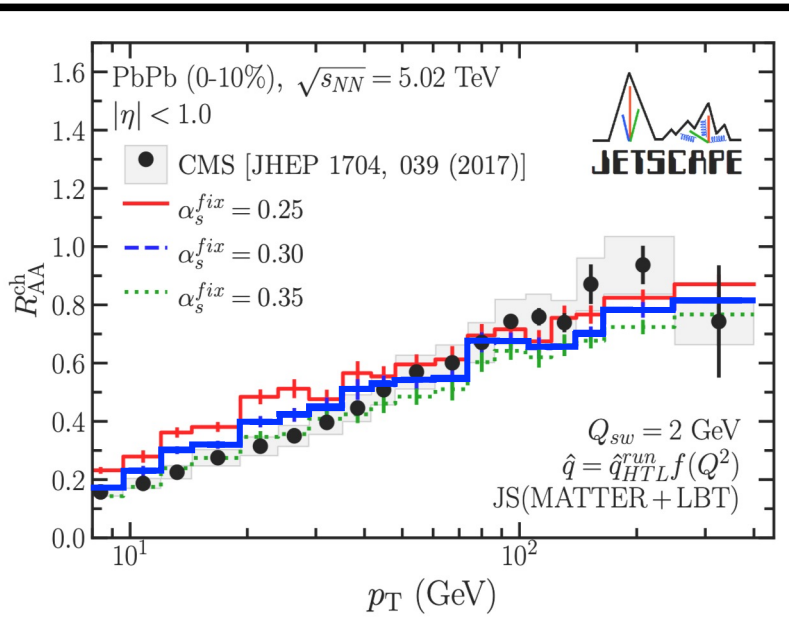
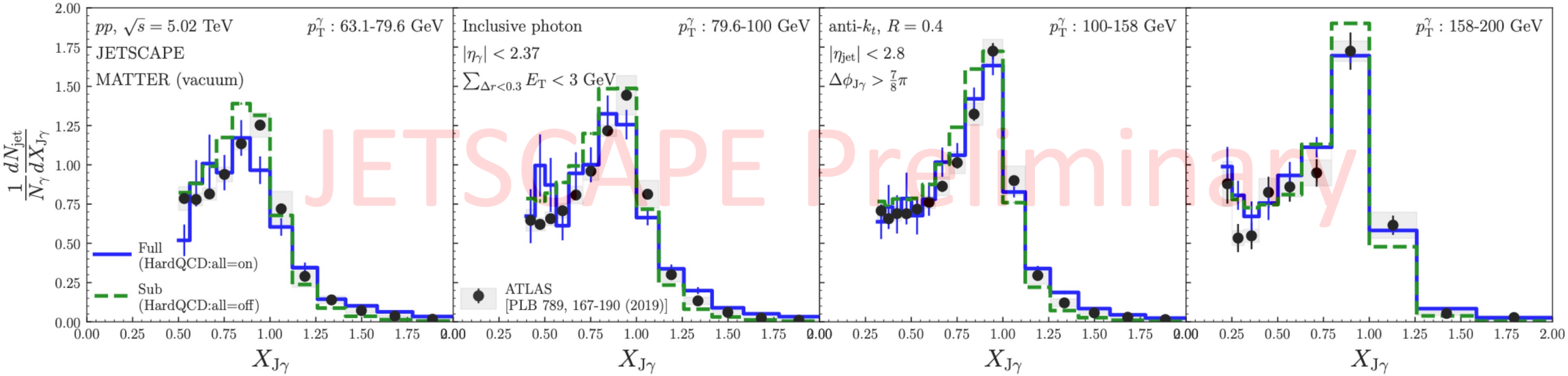




γ-jet Asymmetry – p-p

- γ-jet Asymmetry: $X_{J\gamma} = \frac{p_T^{jet}}{p_T^{\gamma}}$
- 5.02 TeV p-p: Full Events and Prompt Photon Events
  - $p_T^{jet} > 31.6\ GeV$; $|\eta_\gamma| < 2.37$ (excluding the region $1.37 < |\eta_\gamma| < 1.52$); $R = 0.4, |\eta_{Jet}| < 2.8, |\Delta\phi| > \frac{7\pi}{8}$
  - Isolation cut (E < 3 GeV) $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.3$
- p-p simulation using JETSCAPE PP19 tune
- Full events: Have better description with relatively large error bars

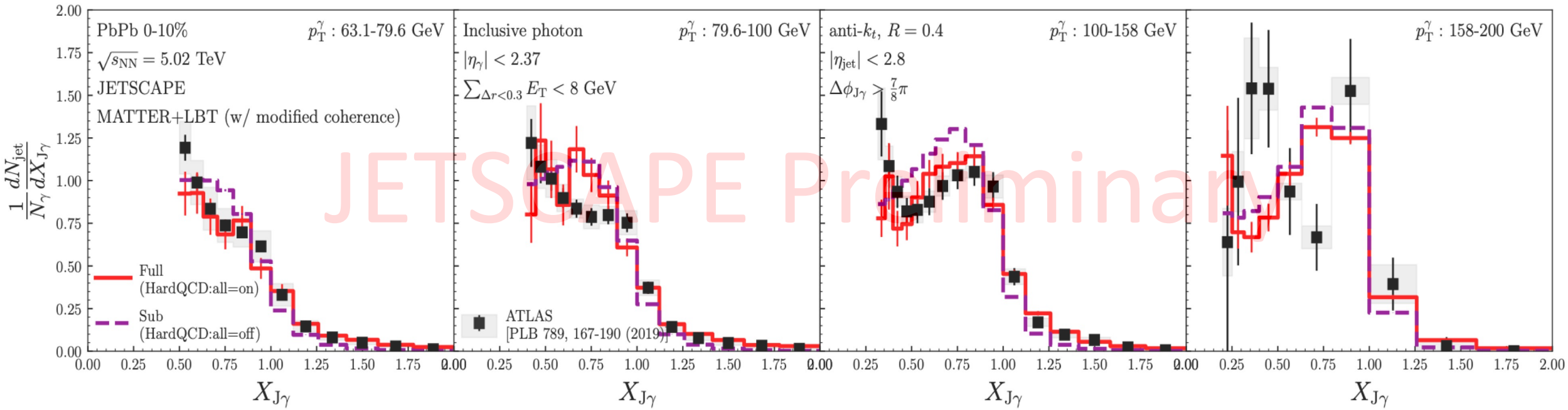
ATLAS
[PLB 789, 167-190 (2019)]



γ-jet Asymmetry – Central PbPb

- 5.02 TeV PbPb: Full Events and Prompt Photon Events
  - $p_T^{jet} > 31.6\ GeV$; $|\eta_\gamma| < 2.37$ (excluding the region $1.37 < |\eta_\gamma| < 1.52$); $R = 0.4, |\eta_{Jet}| < 2.8, |\Delta\phi| > \frac{7\pi}{8}$
  - Isolation cut (E < 8 GeV) $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.3$
- Unfolded experimental results
- Full events: Have better description with relatively large error bars

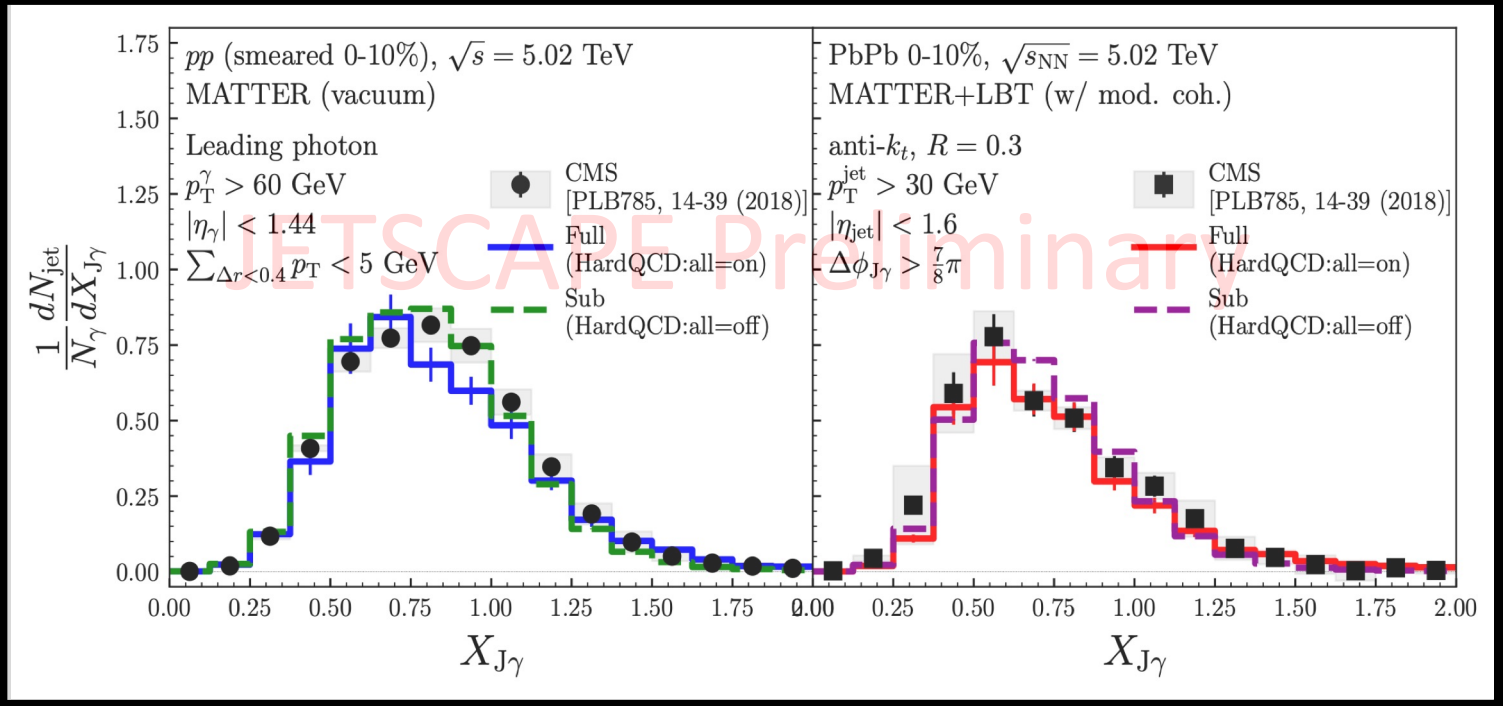
ATLAS
[PLB 789, 167-190 (2019)]

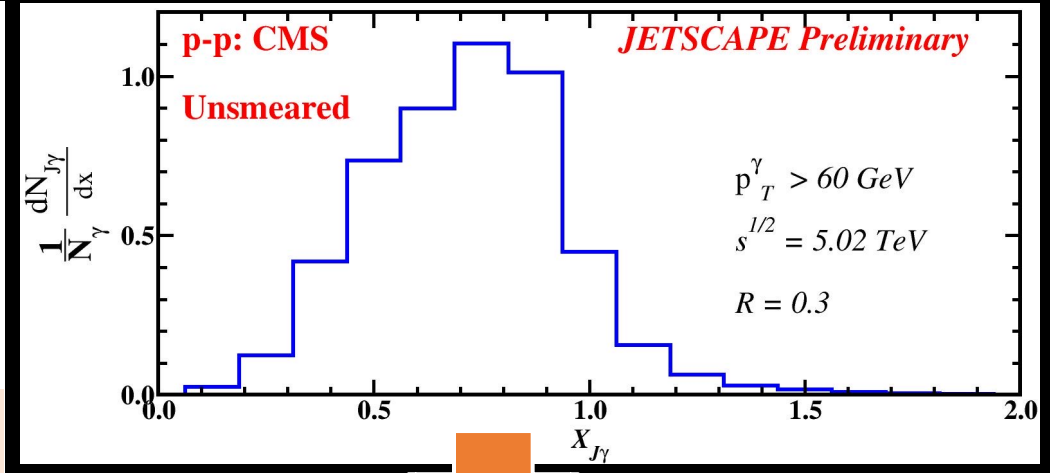


γ-jet Asymmetry – p-p and Central PbPb

- 5.02 TeV: Full Events and Prompt Photon Events
  - $p_T^{jet} > 30\ GeV,\ |\eta_\gamma| < 1.44,\ R = 0.3, |\eta_{jet}| < 1.6, |\Delta\phi| > \frac{7\pi}{8}$
  - Isolation cut (E < 5 GeV) $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.4$
- Full events: Have better description with large error bars
- Same JETSCAPE Events
- Smeared jet p_T (p-p and PbPb)

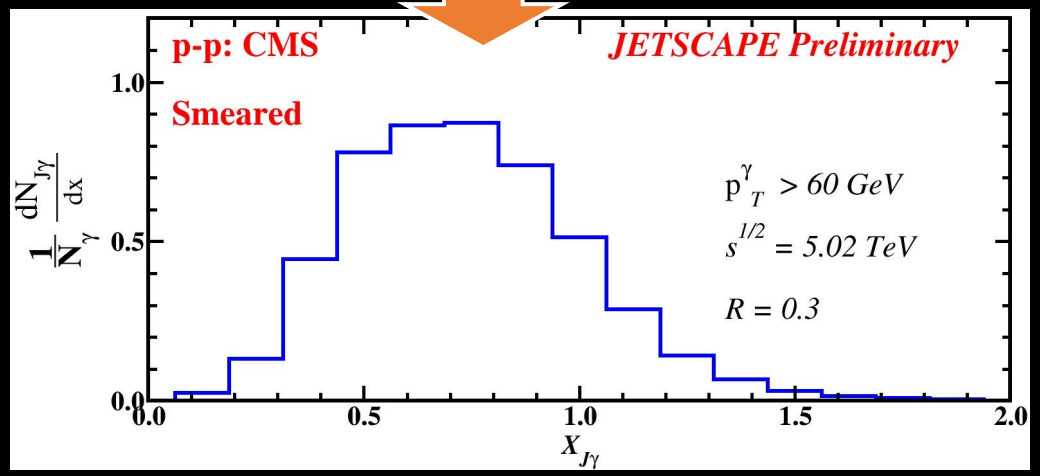
CMS
[PLB 785, 14-39 (2018)]





Smearing Function

$$\sigma(p_T) = \sqrt{C^2 + \frac{S^2}{p_T} + \frac{N^2}{p_T^2}}$$

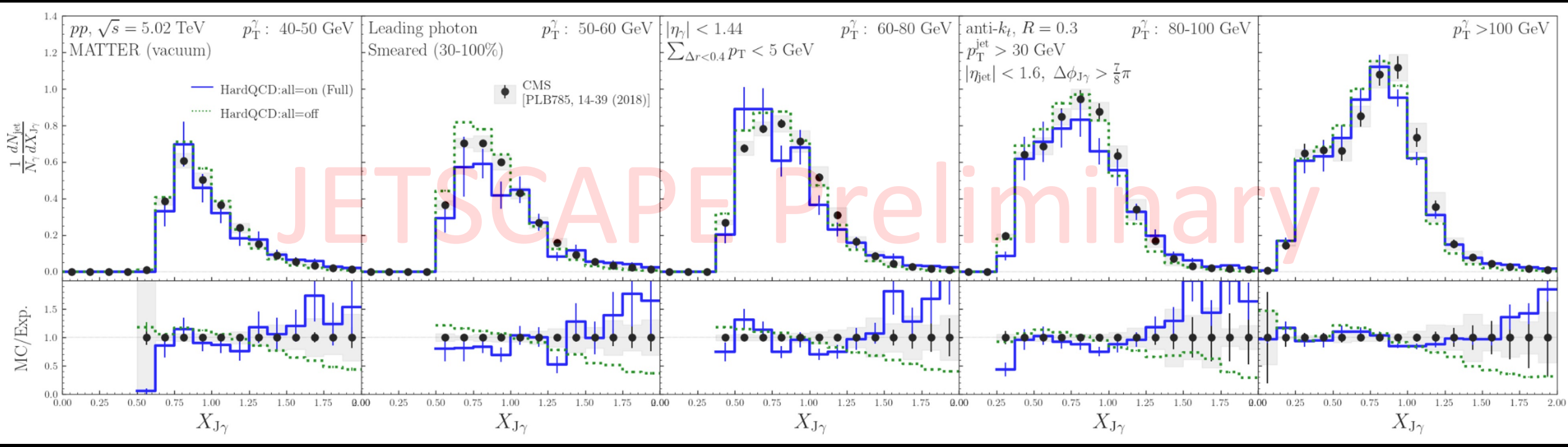


γ-jet Asymmetry – Peripheral Smeared p-p

- 5.02 TeV p-p: Full Events and Prompt Photon Events
  - $p_T^{jet} > 30\ GeV,\ |\eta_\gamma| < 1.44,\ R = 0.3, |\eta_{jet}| < 1.6, |\Delta\phi| > \frac{7\pi}{8}$
  - Isolation cut (E < 5 GeV) $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.4$
- Full events: Have better description with large error bars

- Ratio plots: Shows large deviation at large $X_{J\gamma}$
  - Wide angle photon radiation after initial hard scattering

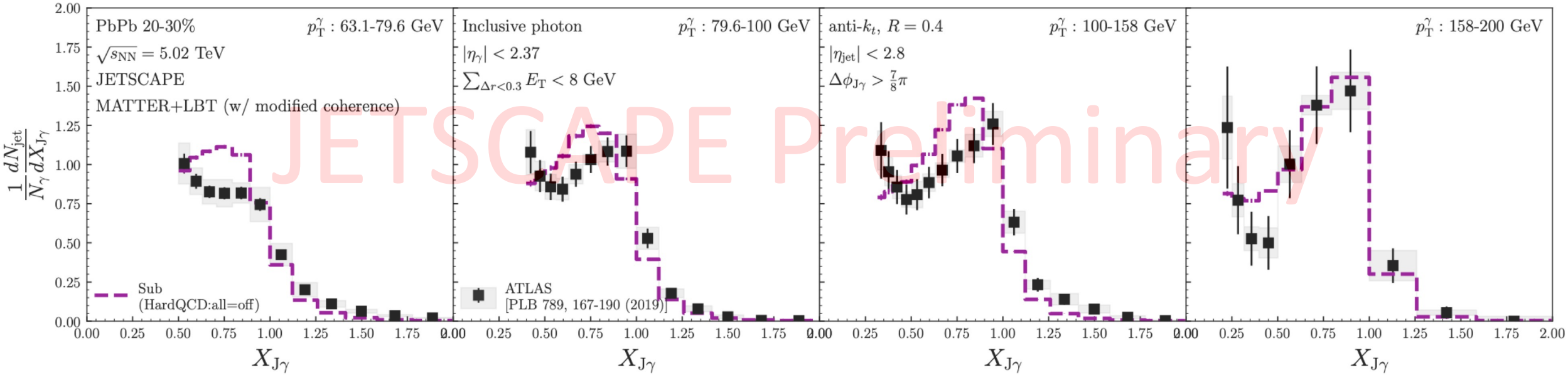
CMS
[PLB 785, 14-39 (2018)]



γ-jet Asymmetry – Peripheral PbPb

- 5.02 TeV PbPb: Prompt Photon Events only
  - $p_T^{jet} > 31.6\ GeV$; $|\eta_\gamma| < 2.37$ (excluding the region $1.37 < |\eta_\gamma| < 1.52$); $R = 0.4, |\eta_{Jet}| < 2.8, |\Delta\phi| > \frac{7\pi}{8}$
  - Isolation cut (E < 8 GeV) $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.3$
- Deviated from experimental results: May be fixed by using full events
  - Similar behavior can be seen in the central events

ATLAS
[PLB 789, 167-190 (2019)]



γ+2 jets

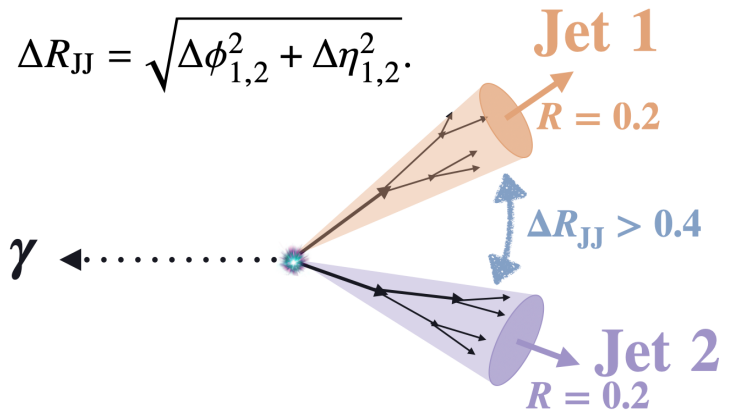
- Same Isolation criteria as γ-triggered single jet analysis
- $PbPb/pp$ ratio for all three observables have good agreement
- Multiplicative factor of 1.4 separately improves Pb-Pb and p-p
- Tension with models (without multiplicative factor)
- Possible role of NLO effects

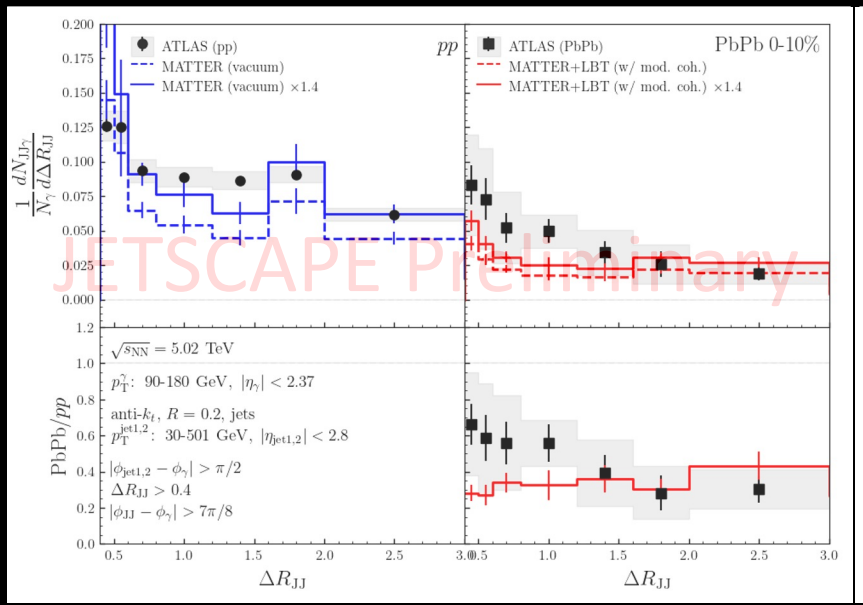
ATLAS Preliminary
[ATLAS-CONF-2023-008]

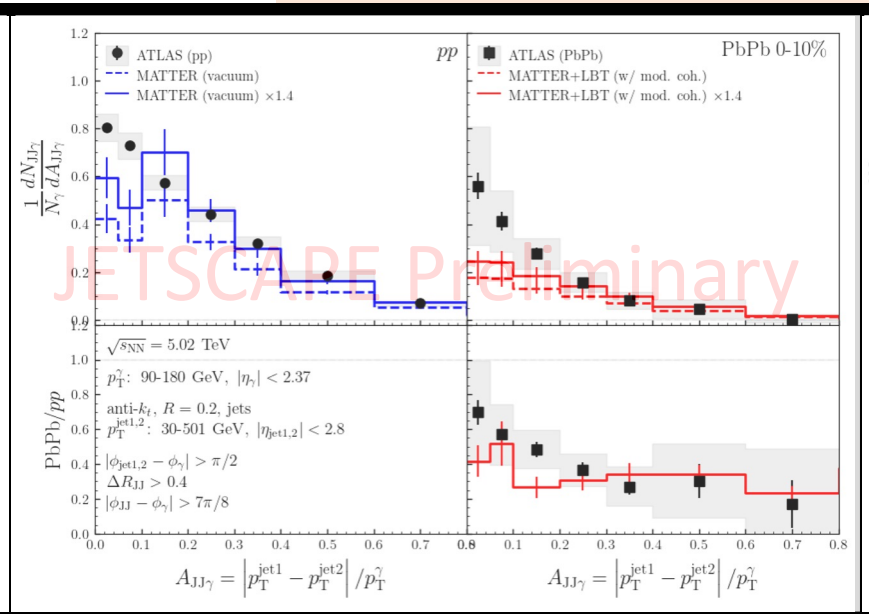
$$x_{JJ\gamma} = (\vec{p}_1 + \vec{p}_2)_T / p_{T,\gamma},$$

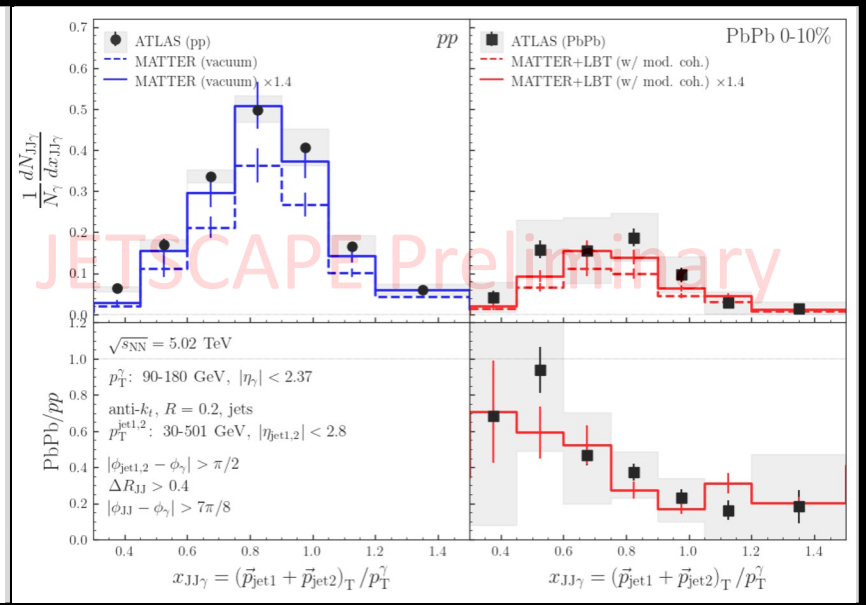
$$A_{JJ\gamma} = (p_{T,1} - p_{T,2}) / p_{T,\gamma},$$

$$\Delta R_{JJ} = \sqrt{\Delta\phi_{1,2}^2 + \Delta\eta_{1,2}^2}.$$





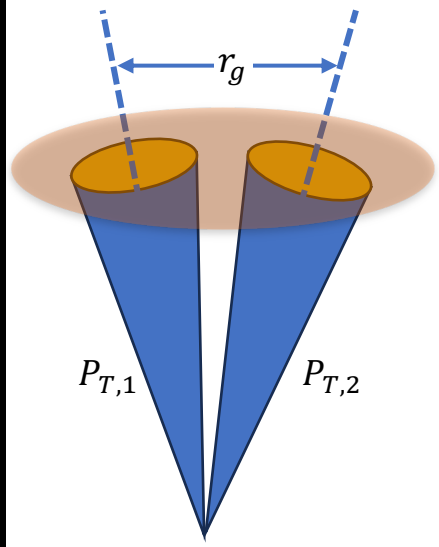


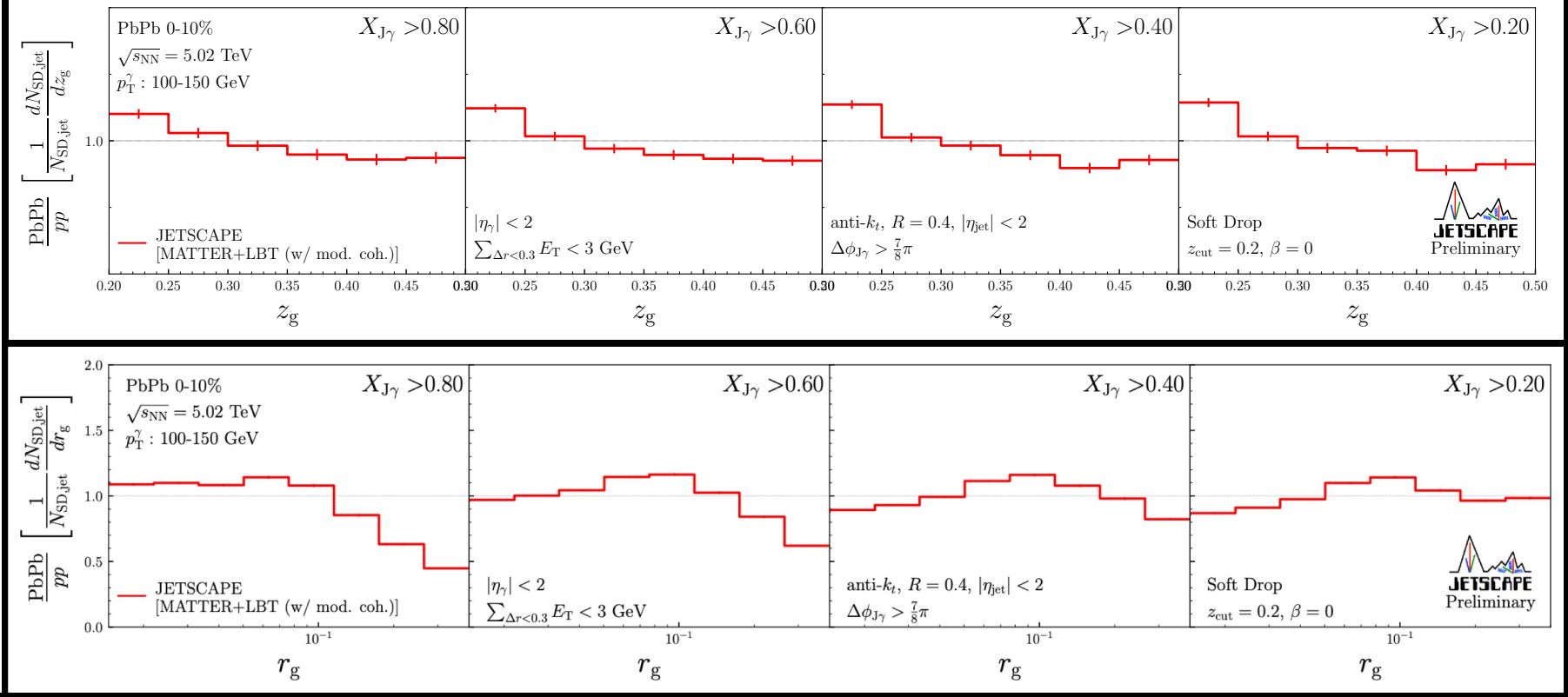


Groomed Jet Substructure with γ-triggered jets

- z_g: energy imbalance of its hardest splitting
- r_g: angular separation of its hardest splitting
- Doesn't show significant dependence on $X_{J\gamma}$
- Only a slight signal of broadening of the splitting can be seen in r_g

$$z_g = \frac{\min(p_{T,i}, p_{T,j})}{p_{T,i} + p_{T,j}}$$





Summary and Future Directions

- JETSCAPE framework: General, Modular, Extensive framework uses **Multistage evolution**
  - **Simultaneously** describe most of the observables by using the **same set of parameters** for **different center of mass energies and centralities**
- Photon observables - an independent, parameter free verification of the multistage evolution
- Using the prompt photon events from hard scattering might not be sufficient
  - Prompt photon events are rare: Computer intensive simulation
  - Full events shows a better description of all results with relatively large error bars
  - Isolated Non-prompt photons make considerable contribution
- Further studies needed to understand γ+2 jets
- Groomed Jet substructure doesn't show significant dependence to $X_{J\gamma}$

- Full event analysis for both central and peripheral PbPb events
- Include more physics in our simulations

The JETSCAPE Collaboration

- Presentations from JETSCAPE collaboration
  - Raymond Ehlers: Measuring jet quenching with a Bayesian Inference analysis of hadron and jet data by JETSCAPE (ID # 525, in track “Small Systems”, Tuesday 3.50 pm)
  - Andi Mankolli: Rapidity-dependent dynamics of the initial state via 3D multi-system Bayesian calibration (ID # 526, in track “Collective Dynamics”, Tuesday 8.50 pm)
  - Cameron Parker: Hybrid Hadronization of Jet Showers in Vacuum with JETSCAPE (ID # 531, in track “Jets”, Poster)
  - Abhijit Majumder: The evolution of jets and high-pT probes in small collisions systems using a multistage framework (ID # 529, in track “Small Systems”, Poster)