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## A modular perspective to the jet quenching from a small to large radius in very high transverse momentum jets

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In this contribution, we extend the scope of the JETSCAPE framework to cover the jet radius ( $R$ ) dependence of the jet nuclear modification factor,  $R_{AA}$ , for broader area jet cones, going all the way up to  $R = 1.0$ . The primary focus of this work has been the in-depth analysis of the high- $p_T$  inclusive jets and the quenching effects observed in the quark-gluon plasma formed in the Pb-Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$  TeV for the most-central (0-10%) collisions. The nuclear modification factor is calculated for inclusive jets to compare with the experimental data from the ATLAS and CMS detectors in the jet transverse momentum ( $p_T$ ) ranging from 100 GeV up to 1 TeV. The results predicted by the JETSCAPE are consistent in the high  $p_T$  range as well as for extreme jet cone sizes within 10-20%. We also calculate the double ratio ( $R_{AA}^R / R_{AA}^{R=small}$ ) as a function of jet radius and jet- $p_T$ , where the observations are well described by the JETSCAPE framework which is based on the hydrodynamic multi-stage evolution of the parton shower. The calculations are then performed for low-virtuality-based evolution models like the MARTINI and the AdS/CFT, followed by a rigorous comparison between the former model's predictions and the CMS experiment's measurements.

### Category

Theory

### Collaboration (if applicable)

Past member of ATLAS and ALICE collaborations

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