



The interface to EvtGen in CMS

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Outline

- Introduction to the CMS framework
- □ The interface to EvtGenLHC in CMS:
 - General structure
 - □ The Pythia-EvtGen generation chain
 - Technical details and documentation
 - Peculiar features of implementation:
 - □ The usage of "alias" particles
 - □ The use of external generators (Pythia, PHOTOS)
- Some tests of EvtGen for inclusive productions
- Conclusions
- □ Remaining issues



The CMS framework (CMSSW)

- \square Code compilation/linking (C++):
 - Automatic generation of MakeFile and compilation (scram)
 - Library linking (in order):
 - User-defined libraries in local areas
 - Standard CMSSW packages (a set of compatible package versions is altogether referred to as a release)
 - □ "External" (non-CMSSW) libraries, e.g. MC generators
 - Single executable application as output (cmsRun)
- □ Configuration and running (Python):
 - cmsRun driven by a configuration file
 - □ It contains a schedule of modules to be run in the specified order
 - Output information stored in ROOT file format



EvtGenLHC in CMSSW

- Event generation flow:
 - 1) Run e.g. Pythia6 as the event source
 - Particle types known from EvtGen tables artificially made stable
 - 2) Run EvtGenLHC as an "external decay driver"
 - Decay "undecayed" particles that are in EvtGen tables
 - □ Inclusive B decays (i.e. those whose BR's are not specified) are generated via external interface to Pythia6
 - Radiative corrections calculated via interface to PHOTOS
 - 3) Output stored as CMS HepMCProducts
 - Decay products are translated from standard HEP to HepMC format



Technical details/documentation

- □ Technical details:
 - Tested in CMSSW up to 3.9.0 releases
 - External packages needed:
 - □ EvtGenLHC 9.1 (officially maintained in GENSER)
 - □ PHOTOS 2.15.5 (officially maintained in GENSER)
 - Upgrade of 2.15.3, required by ATLAS to inhibit FORTRAN "stop" statements
 - Required by CMS in order to fix mess with internal /HEPEVT/-like common blocks (see next slides)
- Documentation:
 - On TWiki:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/EvtGenInterface



"Alias" particles: implementation

- A bit involved because three kinds of aliases are possible:
 - 1) Aliases that are part of the decay tree of another EvtGen alias
 - Treated normally by EvtGen
 - 2) Alias particles originally produced by PYTHIA
 - If more than one in the event, one is randomly chosen to be the alias, others are decayed normally
 - Aliases that are part of an EvtGen decay tree where the mother is NOT an alias (e.g. $B^{0*} \rightarrow B^{0}\gamma$, $B^{0} \rightarrow signal mode)$
 - This is a particular case, since EvtGen generates the initial decay tree in one go: so daughters must be scanned and, if aliases are found, their products must be dropped and re-generated → see timing

No input required by the user (besides decay file)

"Top-level"
aliases:
names must
be provided
by the user in
a separate
"forced_decay"
string



External generators

■ PYTHIA:

- PYTHIA called inside EvtGen itself to generate inclusive B decays, e.g. multi-body with unknown BRs and simple phase space distribution
- OK, but initialization forced within the interface to avoid overwriting of PYTHIA event source parameters (like stable status for B hadrons)
 → some weird effects observed!!!

□ PHOTOS:

- Originally using /HEPEVT/ common block for C++/Fortran data exchanging
- Conflicts with CMSSW simulation-reco chain → not understood
- Solved with:
 - □ PHOTOS 2.15.5 (currently default in CMSSW)
 - In the interface, with a new EvtGen-PHOTOS data exchange method which completely removes use of common blocks (overrides standard EvtPHOTOS)

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EvtGen for inclusive samples

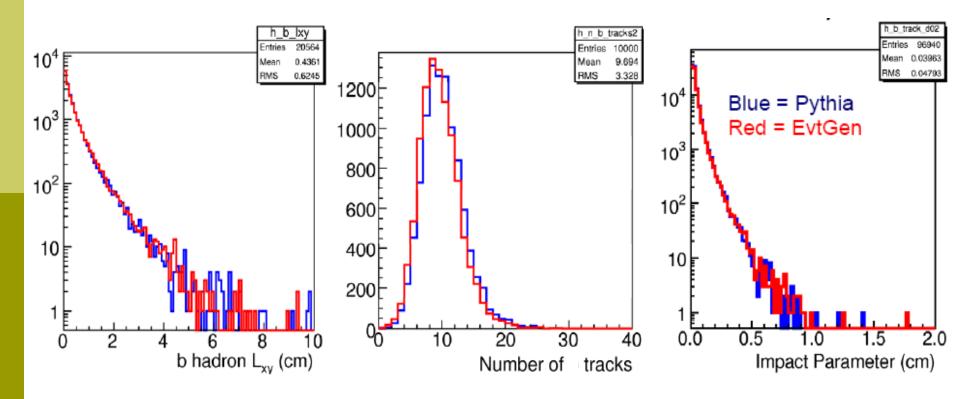
- Is EvtGen suitable/better for inclusive sample generation?
- Test comparisons with PYTHIA 6:
 - Timing
 - Key variables in ttbar samples (used in b-tagging)
 - Key variables in QCD samples (all EvtGen decays activated, including light mesons... etc.) → ongoing
- EvtGen generation adds 5.5 ms CPU-time per event w.r.t. PYTHIA
 - Observable in a standalone generation task (1.5h for 10⁶ events) or in productions with high rejection in generator-level filters
 - Dominated by:
 - recursive search for alias particles
 - □ light meson decays

→ optimization?



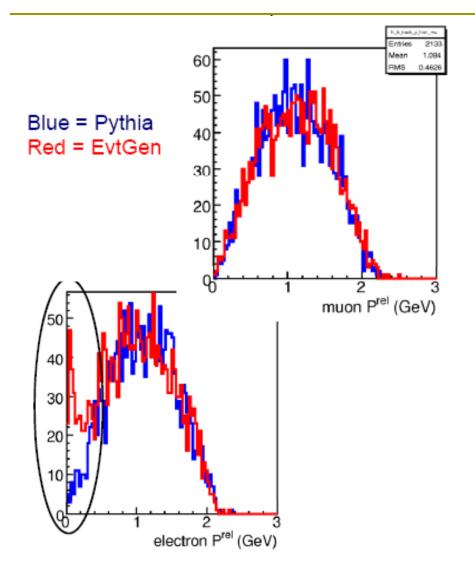
ttbar samples (I)

- Study by <u>G. Giurgiu</u> *et al.*: comparison of MC truth variables relevant for b-tagging
 - PYTHIA vs. EvtGen with long-lived particle decays inhibited





ttbar samples (II)



- Good agreement found in most variables
 - EvtGen predicts a slightly smaller number of tracks per B vertex
 - Discrepancy observed in b → e spectrum at very low values of p_T^{rel} (lepton trasverse momentum relative to B hadron direction): under investigation



Attempt to use "merged" version

- □ Original version has compilation problems inside the CMS framework
- No problem using the "merged" version as implemented in LHCb
 - No big changes required to use it in CMSSW (e.g. PHOTOS, see previous slides)
 - Seemingly big difference in how CPV is implemented w.r.t. the GENSER version



Conclusions

- □ The CMSSW interface to EvtGen is working fine:
 - Most delicate tasks to be dealt with:
 - "Alias" particle handling
 - □ Interface to other generators (Pythia, PHOTOS)
 - Already widely used for B-physics signal production
- □ Set of validation plots provided with the package
 - Generator information for relevant particles
 - Generator-level observables of most important decay modes
- □ Tests ongoing of use in inclusive event production



Remaining issues

- Software-related:
 - CMS interface:
 - most issues solved, new implementation requires understanding:
 - CP violation
 - □ timing optimization?
 - EvtGenLHC code:
 - □ CMS users mostly complaining about lack of documentation:
- Physics-related:
 - Particle properties (including not just PDT standard information, like masses and lifetimes, but also B-specific, e.g. helicity amplitudes in P → VV decays):
 - □ How often are they updated (LHC-wide versioning)?
 - □ Compatibility with other MC generators?
 - Tuning issues:
 - Decision of using/not using EvtGen as a general decay tool also depends on experience by other experiments:
 - Status of comparison with other generators
 - Effort needed to adjust MC tunes after use of EvtGen