

EAST Conference 2010

## Introduction



- CMS has a standing committee to organize the representation of CMS at scientific fora, comprised of up to 20 members incl. ex-officio
  - Pursue the goal of an <u>equitable distribution</u> of talks
  - Promote and maintain a <u>high standard</u> of CMS presentations
- Balance
  - Best possible representation of CMS to the outside world
  - Benefits/needs of individual CMS members
- A diverse pool of speakers?
  - Considered <u>regularly</u> as part of the speaker selection
    - Mostly for major conferences (but small number of talks for single conference)
    - Constrained by pool of nominations
  - Monitored <u>after the fact</u>, on a yearly basis
    - Regional diversity has always been reported
    - From 2016: also career level, gender, seniority in CMS

### > 16000 presentations in >13 years – wealth of data and unique experiences from one of the largest scientific collaborations today

Arnd Meyer (RWTH Aachen)

# Speaker selection criteria (unsorted)

- Speaker selection usually decided unanimously / by consensus, and based upon
- Nominations for a presentation
- Information in CINCO profile
- Experience of candidates for the talk in question
- General recommendations
  Not a linear set of criteria
  Individual's role in making possible the content of the talk
- Cooften case-by-case decisions, weighing factors
  Caindividually is
- Fair distribution of opportunity (talk history), part of this is the "rank"
  Person Need, to verify and monitor
- Requirements imposed by conference organizers
- Origin of candidate vs. place of conference, travel and visa etc.
- **Diversity** of speakers (regional, gender, etc.) at a given conference
- Formal criteria such as authorship
- Other criteria



# As applicable

## Always

## **Information sources**





Crucial to have <u>complete</u> and <u>accurate</u> information!

## CINCO (database) "personal profiles" incl. recommendations

- Automatic: authorship, status in CMS, talk history, ...
- <u>Contributed</u> by individual: CMS activities, contributions, positions held, career, ... (relies on information from each CMS member!)
- Nomination texts for specific talk
  - Self-nominations
  - Conveners, supervisors, collaborators
- Information solicited from conveners and coordinators
- Inside knowledge of committee members (incl. ex-officio)
  - Developed contacts with many conference organizers and other experiments over the years

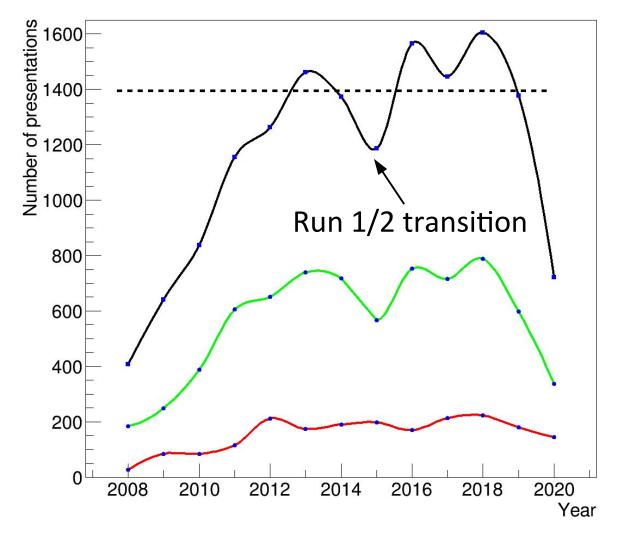
## Observations after one special years



- Beginning with La Thuile 2020 (March 2020), most conferences until May were canceled. CERN seminars took place by video, including a few extra slots.
- Late May 2020, LHCP 2020 was the first major conference to go "fully virtual"
  - Heroic effort!
- Many successful examples since then, from ICHEP in July 2020 to EPS-HEP
- Early discussions (spring 2020) on internal changes (e.g. "weight" of video talks)
  - Decided against global changes (everyone equally affected), rather case-by-case decisions
- Very few "hybrid" conferences (ICNFP, Greece, September 2020) in 2020, becoming more common now
- La Thuile, Moriond, LHCP, EPS 2021 all online conferences
- Some events continue(d) to be postponed
  - ◆ Rencontres de Blois 2021: May/June → October
  - ◆ Lepton-Photon Symposium: Summer 2021 → January 2022

## Presentation history





<u>All</u> recorded presentations: talks+posters, international+national, major conferences, workshops, ...

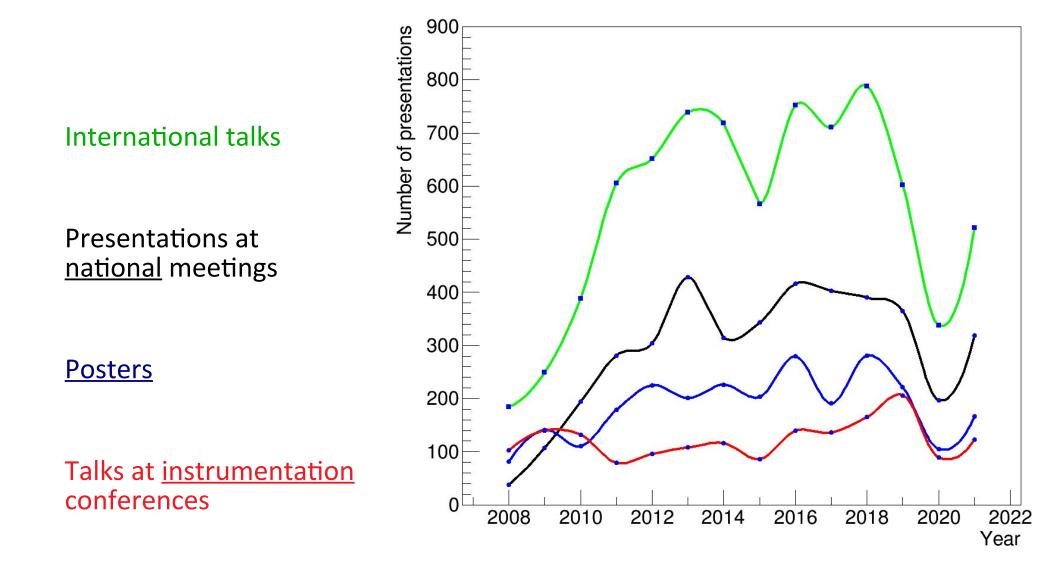
All <u>talks</u> at <u>international</u> conferences and workshops (excluding instrumentation confs.)

All <u>talks</u> at <u>major</u> international conferences (Moriond QCD+EW, ICHEP, EPS-HEP, LHCP, QM, LP, SUSY)

## 50% of a "normal" year (except major conferences)

## **Presentation history**





## **Observations cont'd**

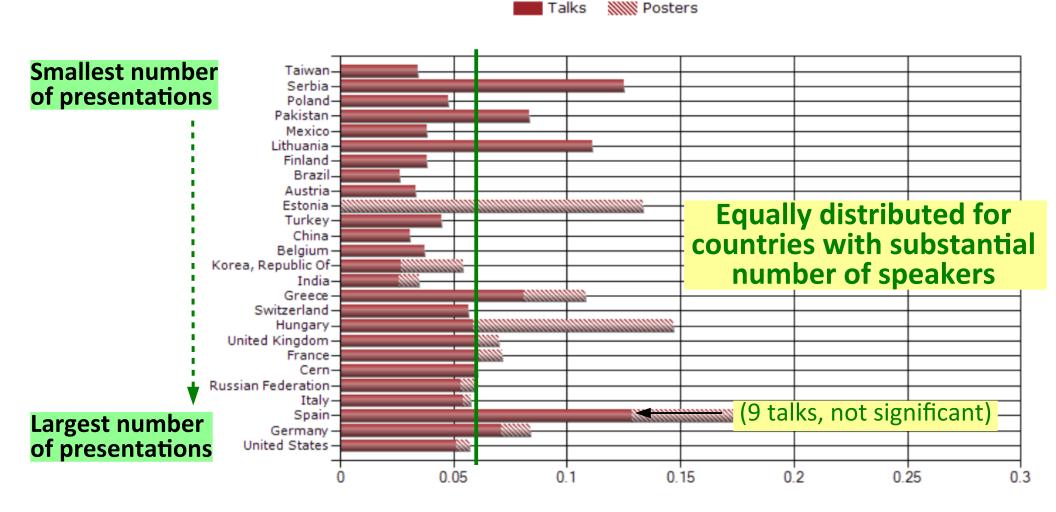


- CMS tried to re-accommodate speakers from canceled talks (Moriond 2020 etc.), although hardships are inevitable
  - Relies on having the information!
- Also some <u>benefits</u>: speakers (and others) attending conferences in "places" they would otherwise have little chance to visit
  - Some online conferences have multiple times their usual number of participants
  - ICHEP 2020: more than 3000 registered participants! (Though real attendance in some parallel sessions low – highly selective)
- New forms of online exchange developed: breakout rooms, virtual coffee breaks, virtual poster sessions, various social media platforms, etc.
  - Beneficial for the future
  - No replacement for "real" conferences
  - Exciting prospects for much more varied scientific fora than ever before

# Geographical diversity and balancing



- Monitored regularly, and by-event for major conferences
- Example: major conferences, 2020 (= 144 talks, only ICHEP+LHCP!)

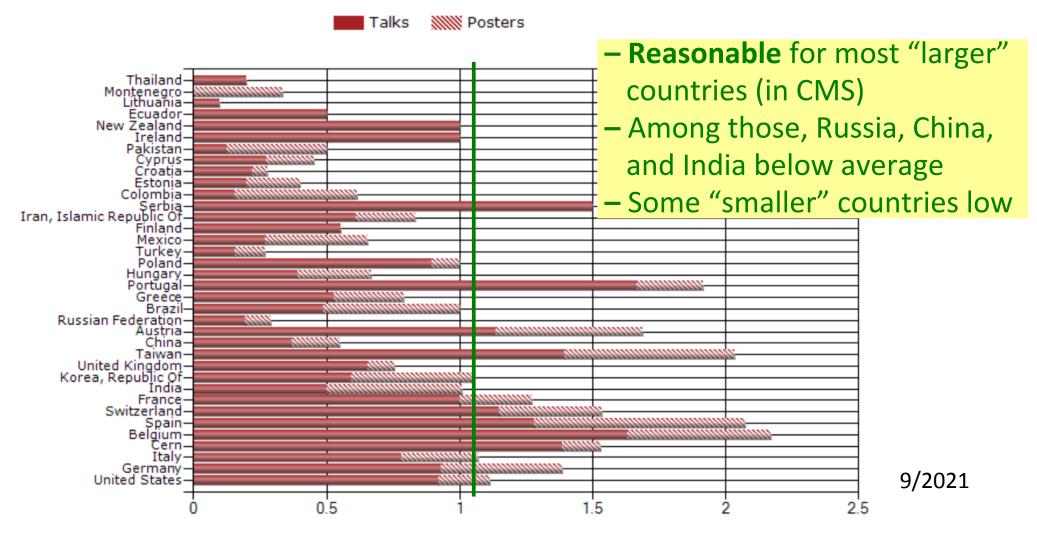


Average 0.06 talks and posters per physicist or PhD student during this time period

# Geographical diversity and balancing



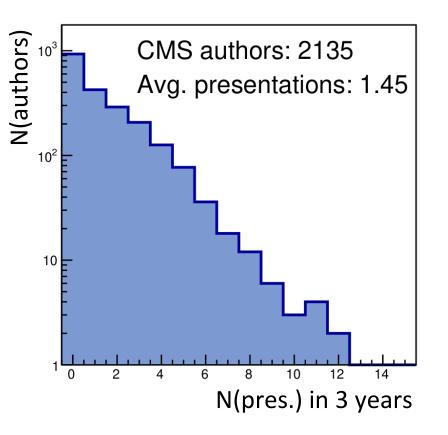
- Monitored regularly, and by-event for major conferences
- Example: <u>major</u> conferences, <u>entire DB</u> (~13 years, 2270 talks)



#### Average 1.05 talks and posters per physicist or PhD student during this time period

## **Distribution of talks**

- Since 2016, yearly more detailed analysis (data shown here mostly based on snapshot taken on November 24, 2020)
- 4564 CMS <u>members</u> (... 2016: 4256) includes admin., engineers, undergrad. students, newcomers, ...
- 2135 CMS <u>authors</u> (... 2016: 2055)



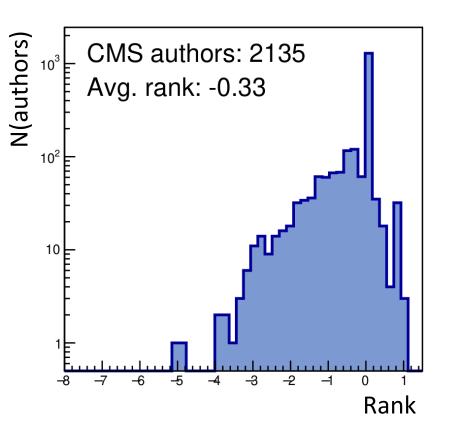
In <u>3 years (~2018-20)</u>, CMS authors have given on average **1.45 presentations** For comparison: ~2016-2018: 1.76 ~2014-2016: 1.69

CMS does not have a "quota" on talks given by its members



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The rank of CMS authors is -0.33 on average (covers ~2018-20) 2018 (~2016-18): -0.52 2017 (~2015-17): -0.49

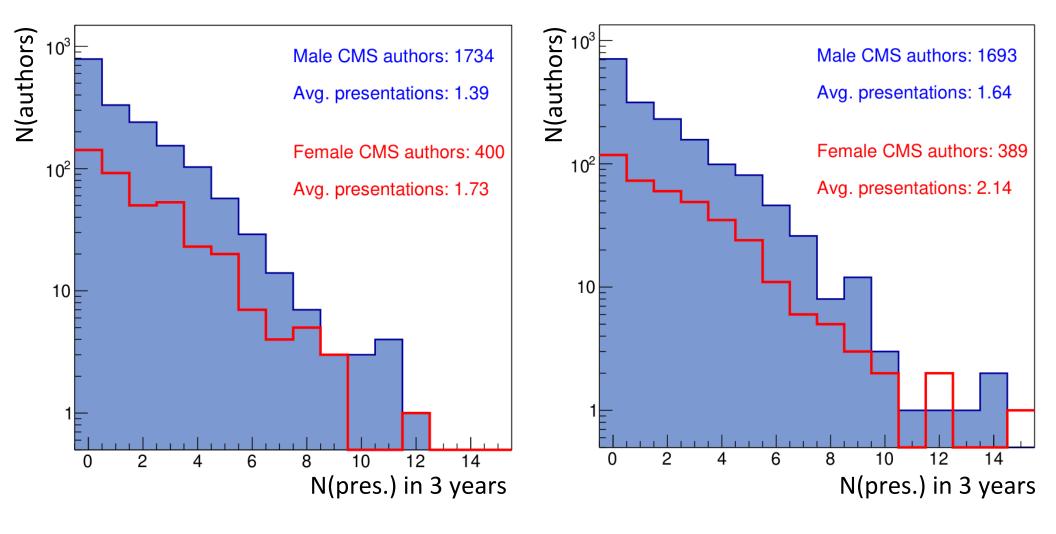
"Rank": summarizes talk history of last 3 years, including weights by type of talk and conference and other factors. More talks  $\rightarrow$  smaller rank (details in backup)





## Gender bias (presentations / 3 yrs)





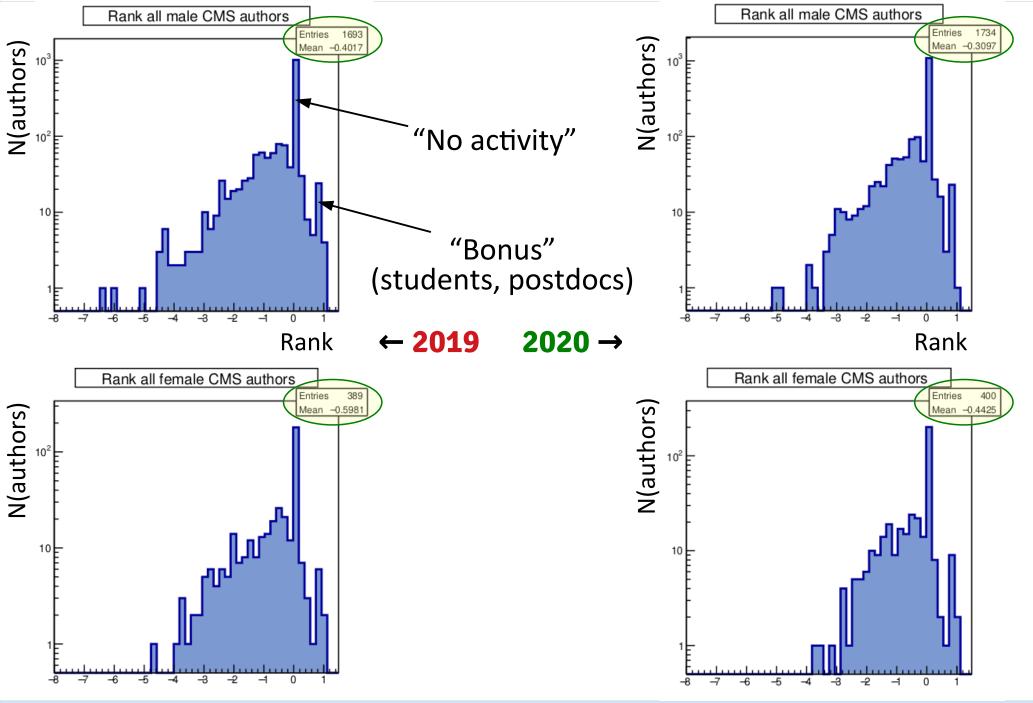
## 2020 (~2018-2020)

2019 (~2017-2019)

**Unremarkable** 

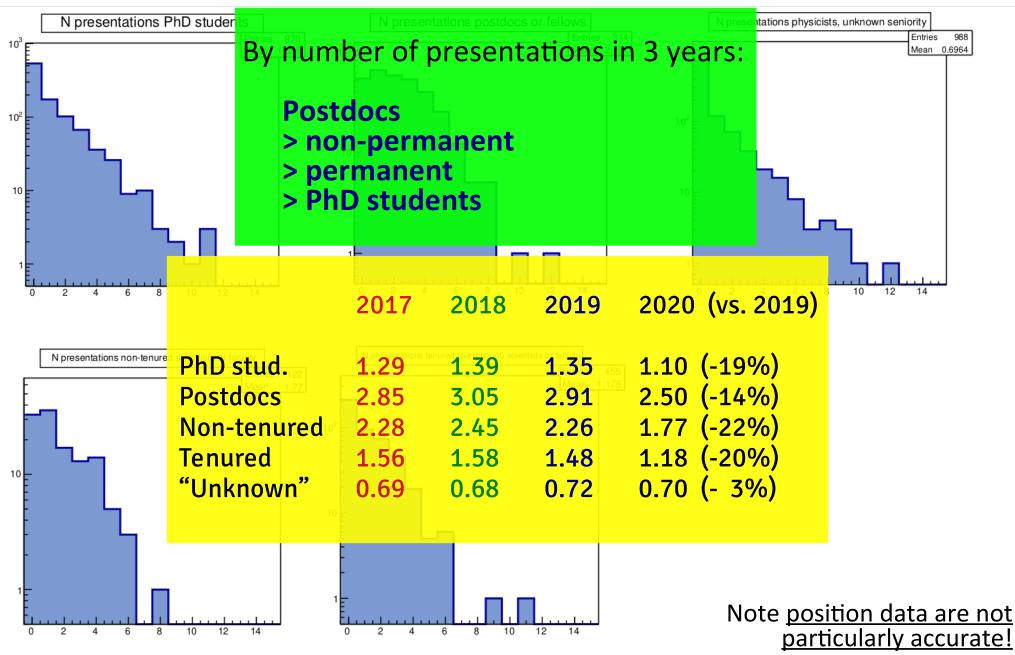
# Gender bias (by "rank")





# Position bias (2020 vs. 2017/18/19)

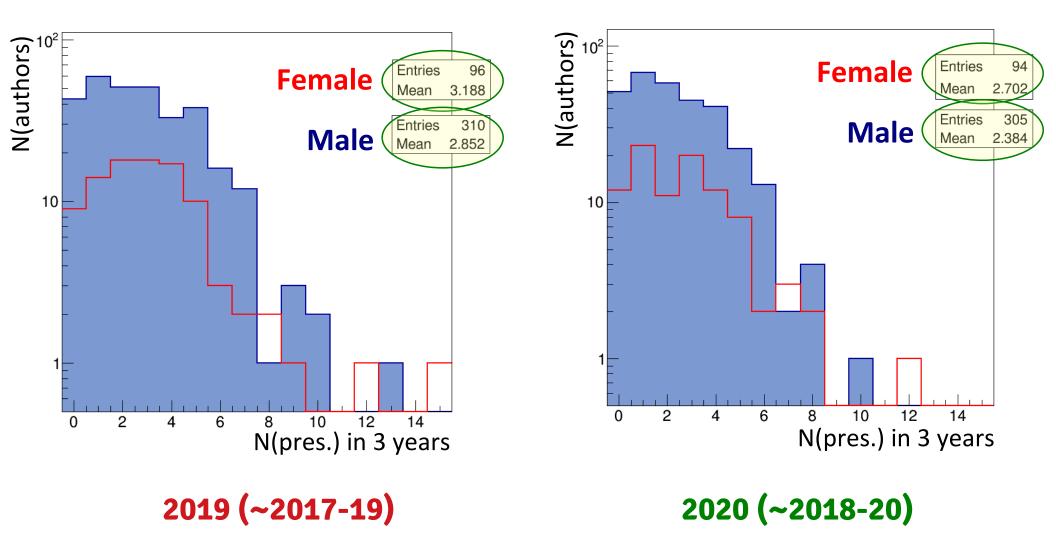




## Details: gender and position



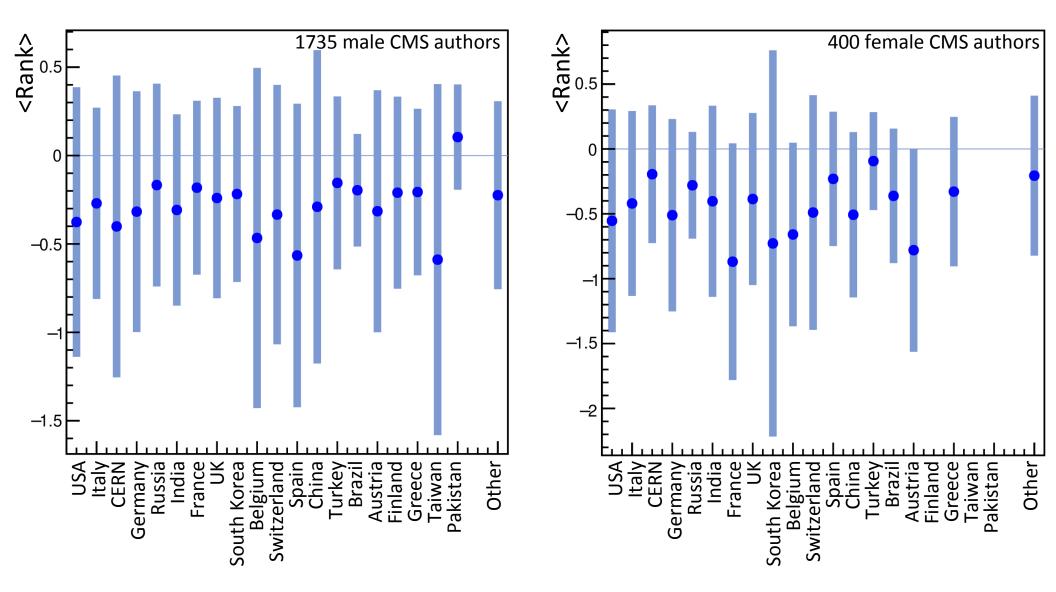
## **Postdocs and non-tenured authors:**



Note <u>position data are not</u> <u>particularly accurate</u>!

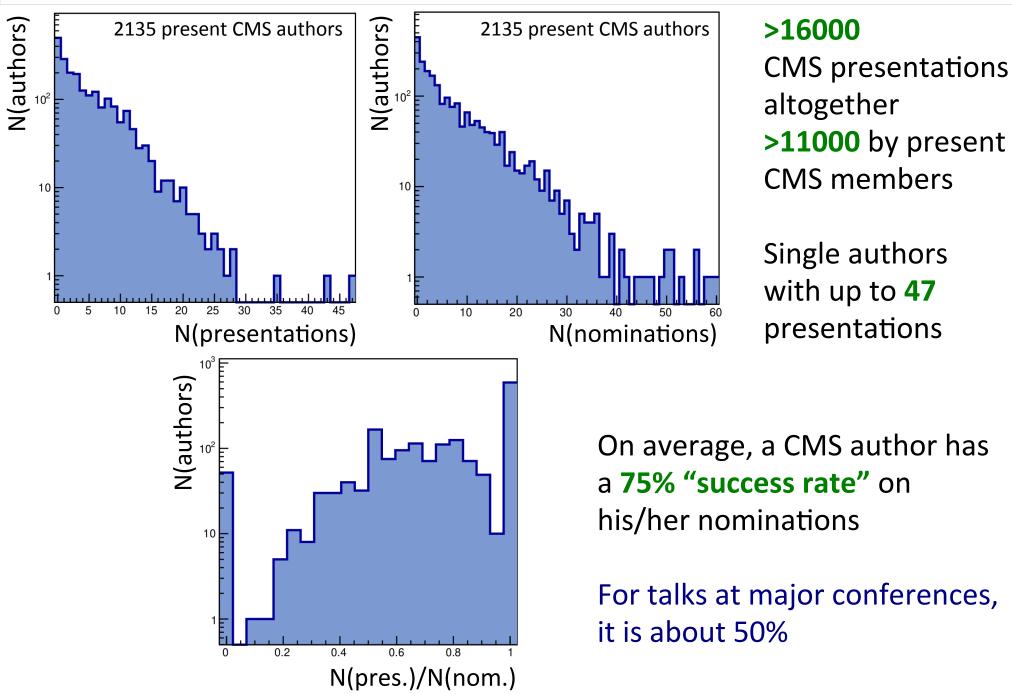
## Additional country statistics (examples)



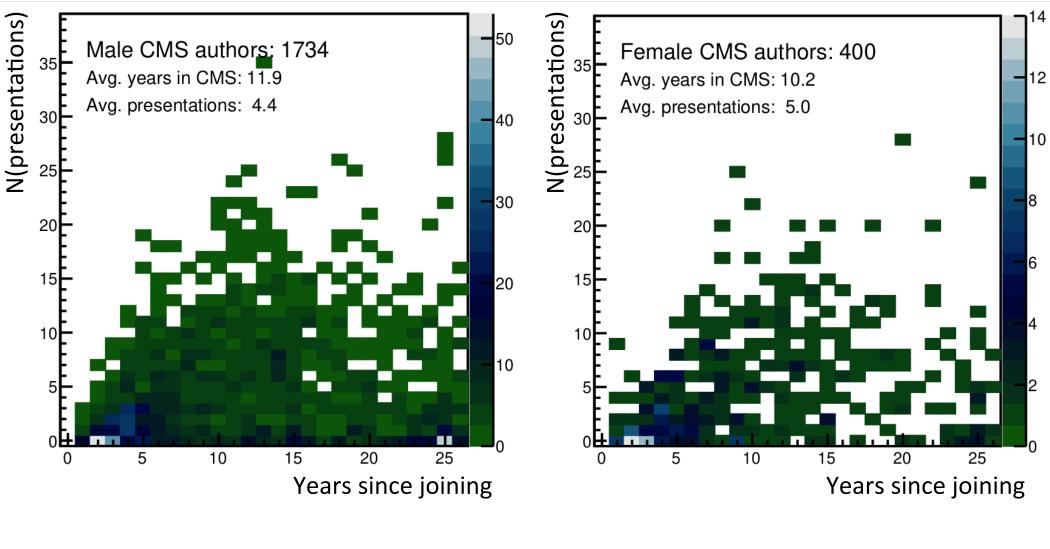


# "All-time" data (~13 years)





# "All-time" data (~13 years)



CMS authors with 0 presentations:		499	(248 of these joined before 2011)
	Male:	421	(227)
	Female:	78	(21)

## Summary



- Procedures in place for a fair distribution of talk opportunities while ensuring that CMS is well represented
- Relies on quality nominations from all CMS members in particular supervisors, team leaders, and speakers themselves
- Monitoring important to ensure diversity in the long run gender, seniority, regional
- CMS being <u>one of the largest and long-running scientific collaborations</u>, the data collected, along with experiences and observations, may be of interest outside CMS and the HEP community
- Last year(s) posed many challenges, and CMS tried to minimize hardships
  - Number of presentations for CMS members in 2020 approximately 50% of previous years
- Situation has allowed for **new forms of information exchange** to develop
- New opportunities for participants with limited travel / funding options