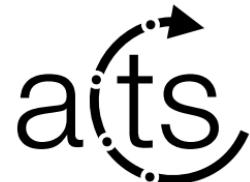


Update on Matrix Algebra

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Math/Backends of Algebra-plugins

| | | Backends | | |
|------|-------------------|----------|------|------|
| | | CPU | CUDA | SYCL |
| Math | cmath (home-made) | | | |
| | Eigen | | | |
| | SMatrix | | | |
| | VC | | | |

 Backend is supported
 Supported but not tested
 Backend is NOT supported

Developed algebras before v0.8.0:

- vector algebra
- local \leftrightarrow global transform
- matrix generation and element access
 - matrix algebra had been missing

Required Matrix Operations

- Matrix Creation
 - Zero
 - Identity
- Addition and Subtraction
- Multiplication
 - Normal multiplication
 - Blocked multiplication
- Transpose
- Inverse
 - 2x2 (KF updater)
 - 4x4 (local \leftrightarrow global transform)
 - 6x6 (KF smoother)
 - Maybe more?

Eigen and SMatrix implementation

- Writing the matrix algebra for Eigen and SMatrix is just porting the existing functions.

```
// "Matrix actor", assuming an Eigen matrix
template <typename scalar_t>
struct actor {

    // 2D matrix type
    template <int ROWS, int COLS>
    using matrix_type = Eigen::Matrix<scalar_t, ROWS, COLS>;

    // Create transpose matrix
    template <int ROWS, int COLS>
    ALGEBRA_HOST_DEVICE inline matrix_type<COLS, ROWS>
    transpose(
        const matrix_type<ROWS, COLS> &m) {
        return m.transpose();
    }

    // Create inverse matrix
    template <int N>
    ALGEBRA_HOST_DEVICE inline matrix_type<N, N> inverse(
        const matrix_type<N, N> &m) {
        return m.inverse();
    }
};
```

cmath Implementation

- For cmath, we can try something better
 - User can decide which specific algorithm will be used for which matrix dimensions in compile time
 - Various matrix_actor can be defined to test different aggregations

```
// Define inverse algorithm
// Base algorithm is cofactor method
// For 2x2 and 4x4 matrix, hard coded method is used
// For 3x3 and 5x5 matrix, LU decomposition is used
using inverse_actor = matrix::inverse::actor<cofactor>,
                           hard_coded<2,4>, LU_decomposition<3,5>

// Define matrix actor
using matrix_actor = matrix::actor<scalar, inverse_actor>

matrix<2,2> m22;
matrix<3,3> m33;
matrix<7,7> m77;

m22_inv = matrix_actor().inverse(m22) // hard-coded
m33_inv = matrix_actor().inverse(m33) // LU decomposition
m77_inv = matrix_actor().inverse(m77) // cofactor
```

Customizable algorithms in cmath matrix

- Determinant
 - cofactor
 - hard_coded for 2x2 and 4x4
- Inverse
 - cofactor
 - hard_coded for 2x2 and 4x4

```
└── math
    └── cmath
        └── include / algebra / math
            └── algorithms
                └── matrix
                    └── determinant
                        └── cofactor.hpp
                        └── hard_coded.hpp
                    └── inverse
                        └── cofactor.hpp
                        └── hard_coded.hpp
                └── utils
                    └── algorithm_finder.hpp
```

Outlooks

- Similar concept of algorithm aggregation can be applied to Eigen and SMatrix implementation
- cmath needs 6x6 hard coded inversion or LU decomposition
 - cofactor is slow!
- cmath matrix multiplication relies on * operator which does standard multiplication
 - Needs to add customizable actor for multiplication as done for inverse and determinant