



Danish research at ISOLDE

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on behalf on Danish ISOLDE users

rECFA meeting, Copenhagen, May 12-13 2022

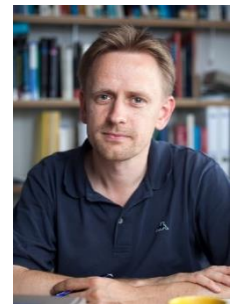


Overview

- The ISOLDE facility
- Nuclear physics
 - Nuclear astrophysics
 - ^8He and ^9Li decays
- Chemistry and biophysics
 - Biomolecular structure and function
 - Quadrupole moments from molecular experiments
- Other applications of radionuclides
 - ISOLDE helping ESS
 - Medical radionuclides (MEDICIS/PRISMAP)



Karsten Riisager



Hans Fynbo



Mikael Jensen



Lars Hemmingsen



The ISOLDE facility

ISOLDE



Bulgaria



Belgium



CERN



Denmark



Spain



Finland



France



Germany



Greece



Italy



Norway



Romania



Sweden



S. Africa



Slovakia



U. Kingdom



Poland



MINIBALL



ISS



ISOLTRAP



IDS



SCATTERING
EXPERIMENTS



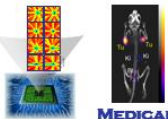
COLLAPS



CRIS



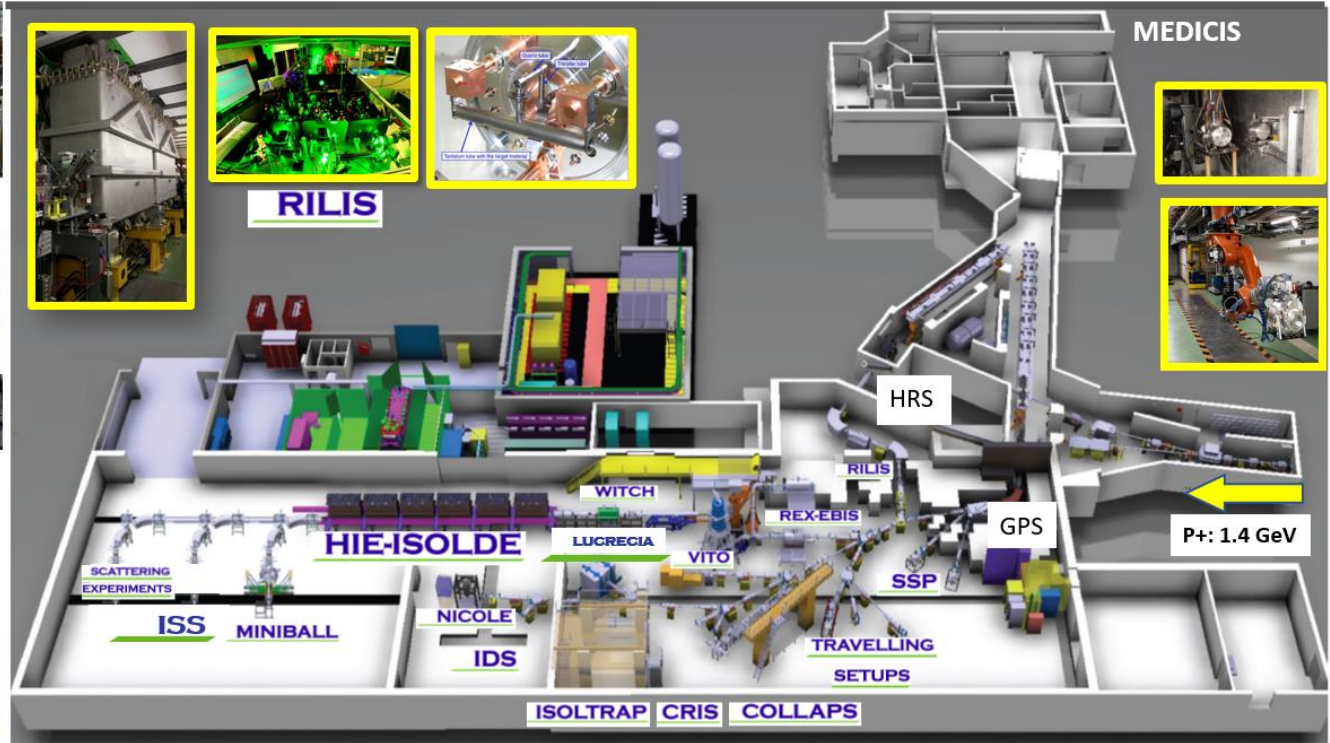
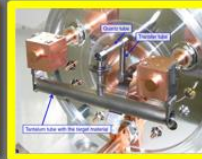
VITO



MEDICAL



RILIS

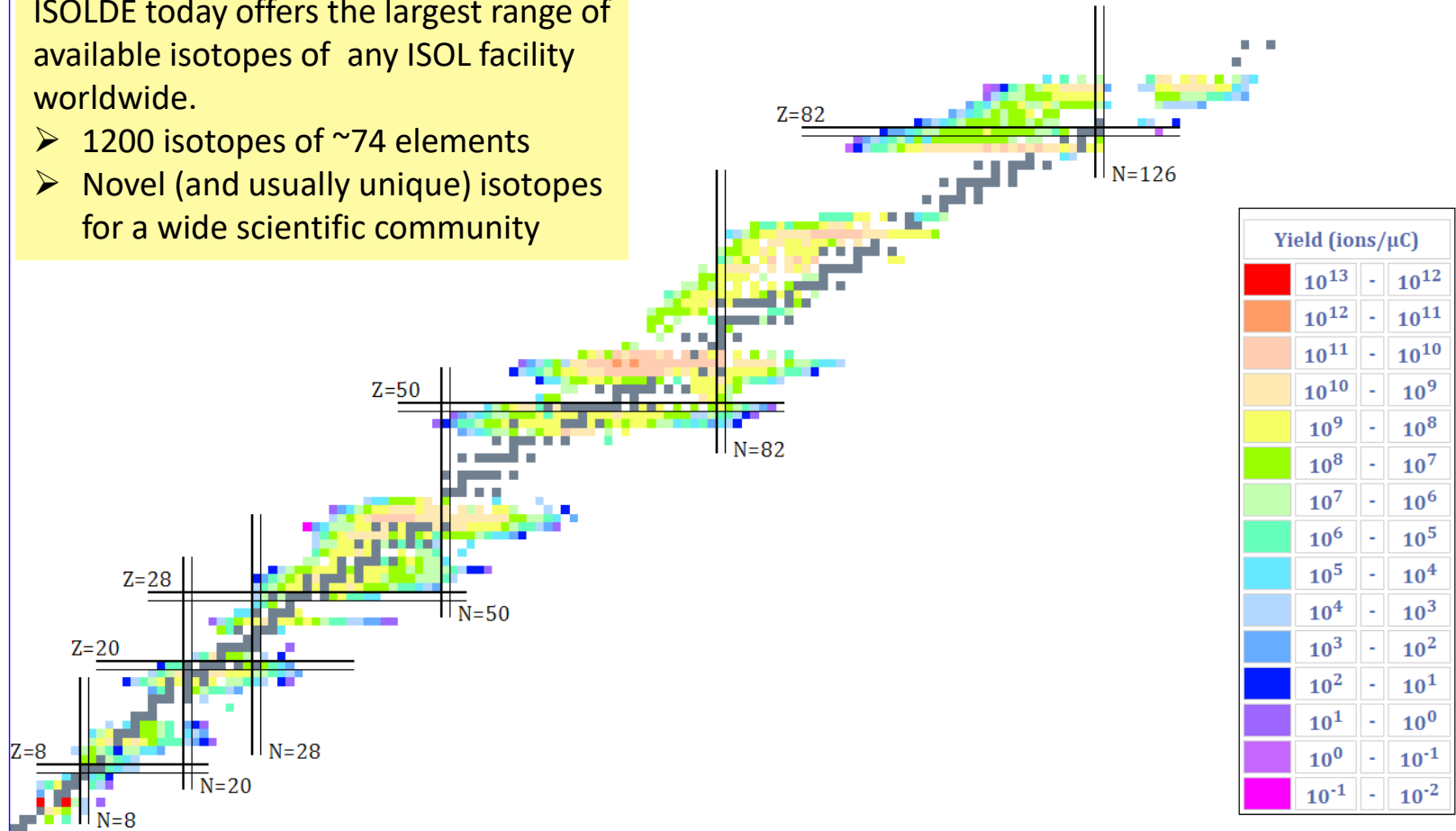


The ISOLDE facility

Nuclear chart for ISOLDE

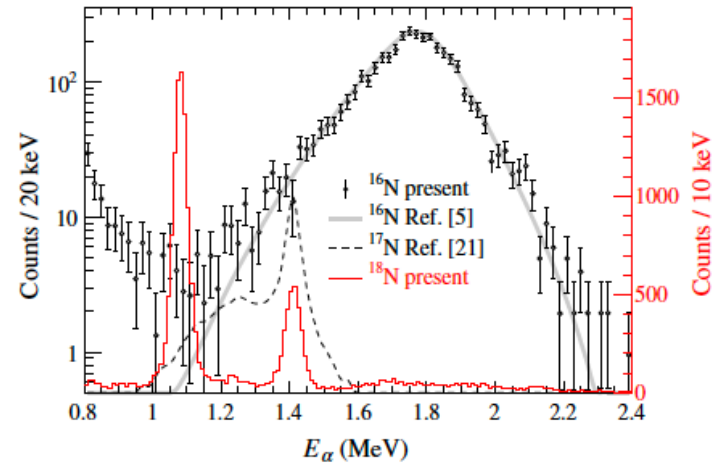
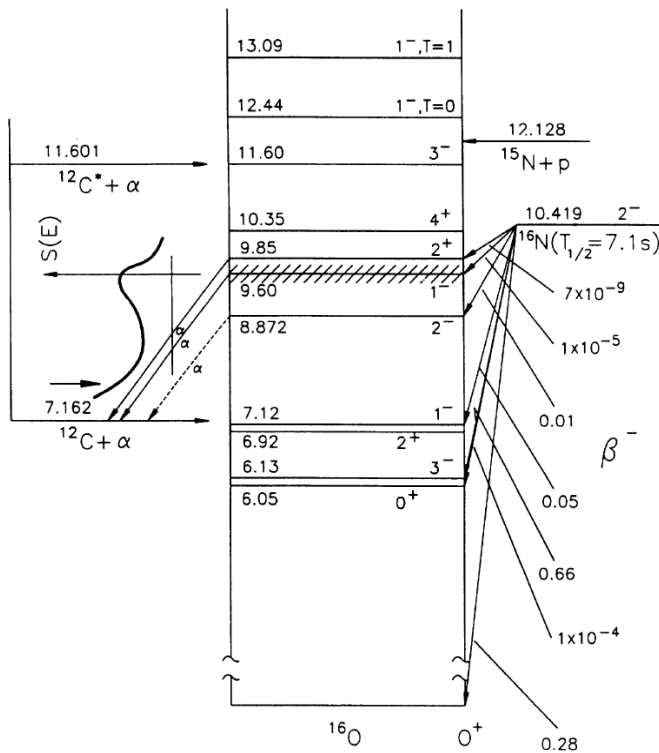
ISOLDE today offers the largest range of available isotopes of any ISOL facility worldwide.

- 1200 isotopes of ~74 elements
- Novel (and usually unique) isotopes for a wide scientific community



Nuclear astrophysics

^{16}N decay and $^{12}\text{C}(\alpha, \gamma)^{16}\text{O}$

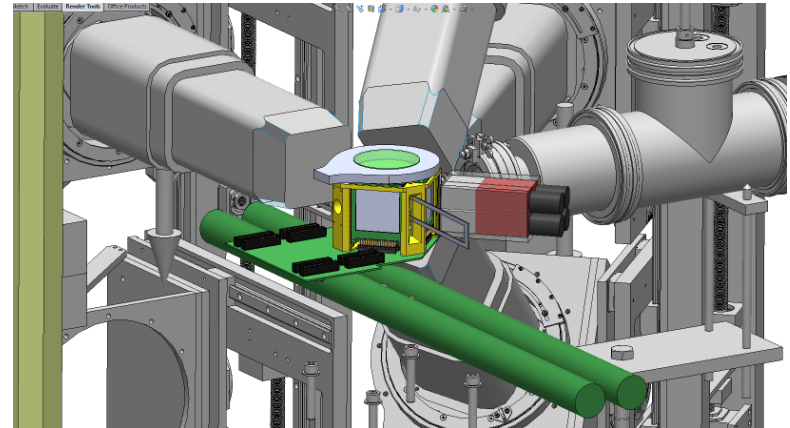
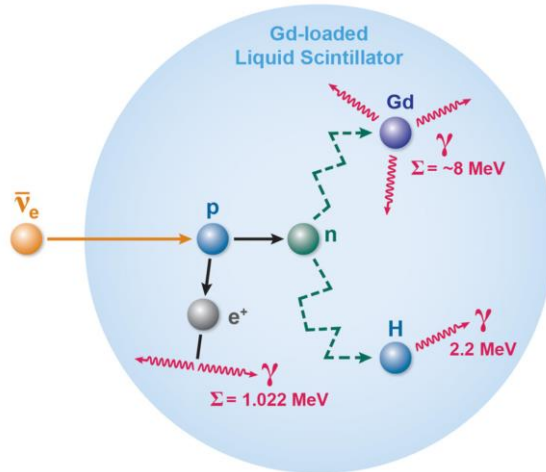


KVI : Refsgaard et al. PLB 752, 296
 CERN: Kirsebom et al., PRL 121, 142701

Nuclear physics

Low-energy neutrinos: ^8He , ^9Li background

- Beta-delayed n emission mimics neutrino-signal
- Need complete experimental characterization (for GEANT4)



Running **now** at



NIM A949, 162904
arXiv:2204.09215

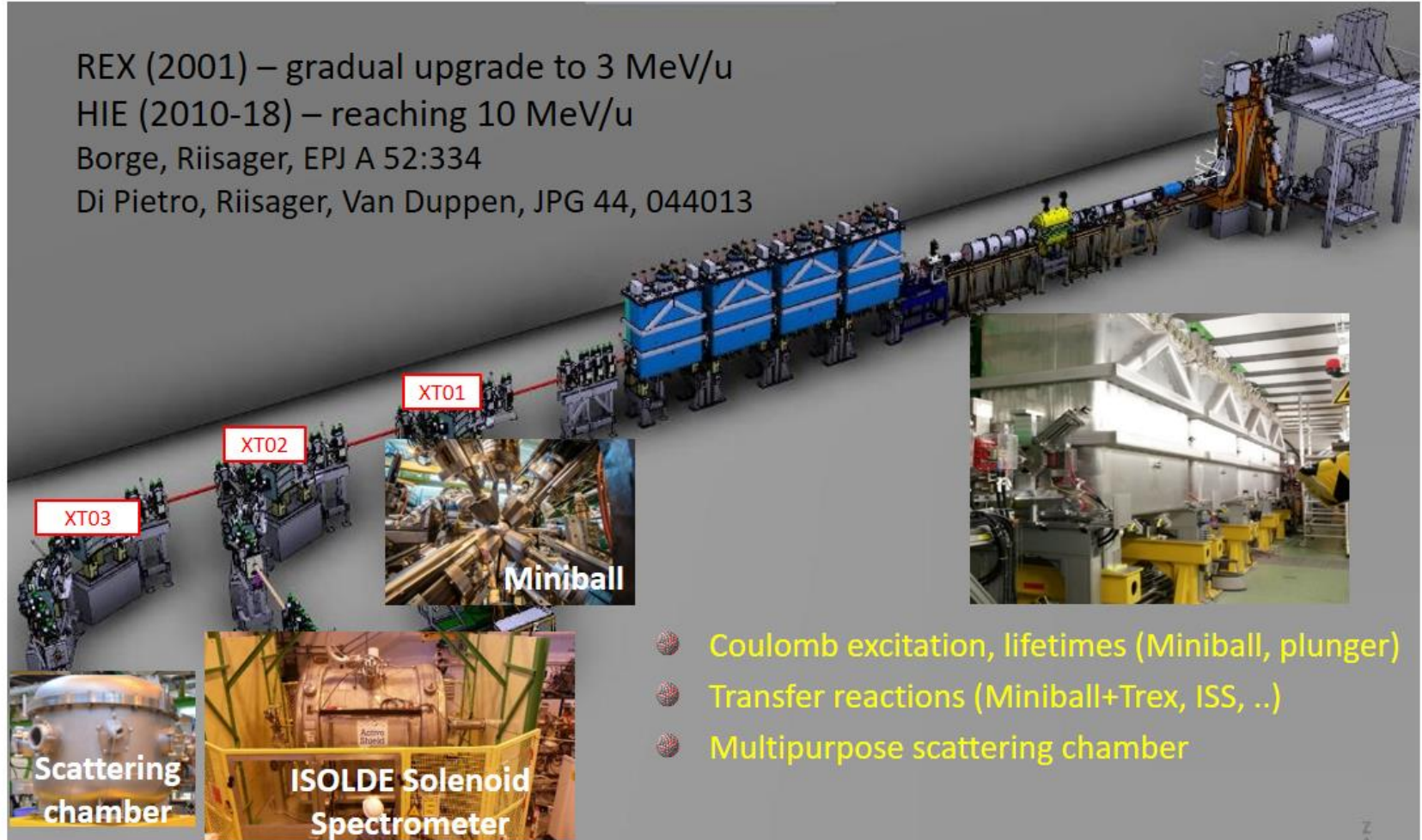
Post accelerated beams

REX (2001) – gradual upgrade to 3 MeV/u

HIE (2010-18) – reaching 10 MeV/u

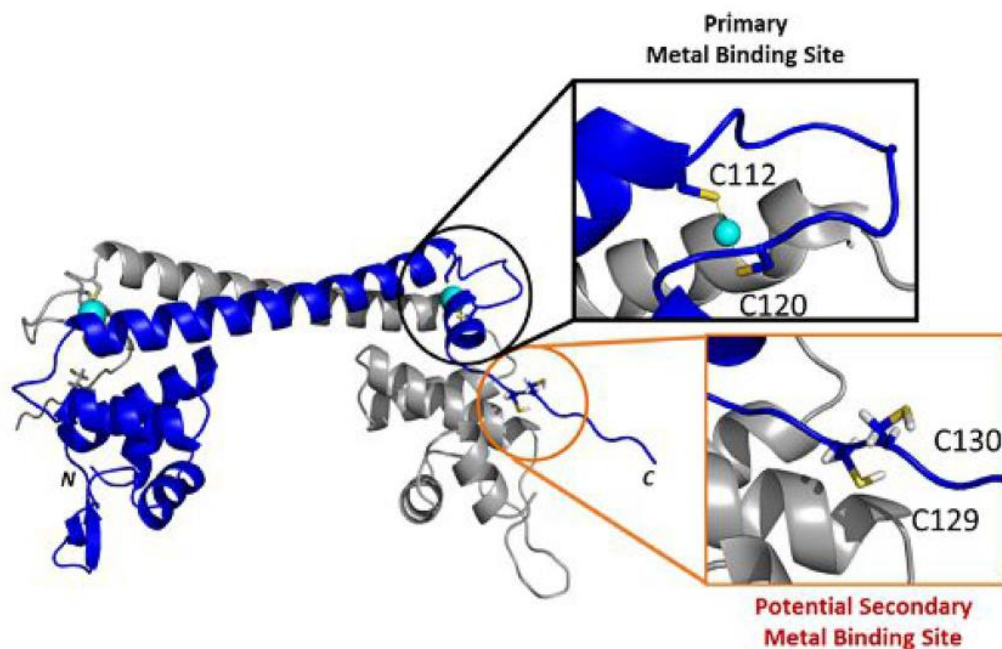
Borge, Riisager, EPJ A 52:334

Di Pietro, Riisager, Van Duppen, JPG 44, 044013



From nuclear physics to molecular properties

Intracellular control of metal ion concentration by metallosensor proteins – CueR senses Cu(I):



ISOLDE/CERN
Uni of Copenhagen
Uni of Szeged
Biological Research
Centre of the
Hungarian Academy of
Sciences



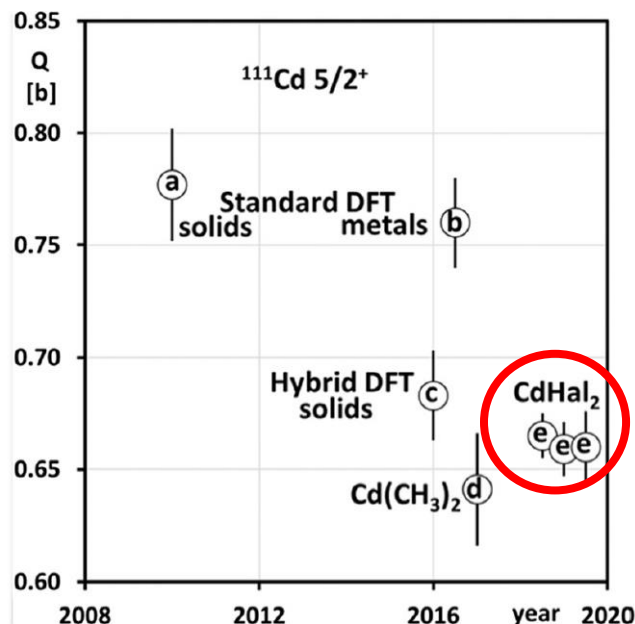
But does not respond to divalent metal ions, potentially because a secondary metal site provides auxiliary ligands – a $^{199\text{m}}\text{Hg}$ Perturbed angular correlation of γ -rays (PAC) study.

Balogh *et al.* Chem. Eur. J. 2019, 25, 15030 – 15035

Fromsejer *et al.* Phys.Chem.Chem.Phys 2021, 23, 25689-25698 8

From molecular properties to nuclear physics

The *first gas phase PAC* experiments combined with state of the art (CCSD(T)) electronic structure calculations (project lead by H. Haas, CERN)



CdHal₂ is:
CdCl₂
CdBr₂
CdI₂

ISOLDE/CERN
Uni of Copenhagen
Uni of Bonn
Uni of Duisburg-Essen
Uni of Aveiro
Uni of Lisbon

provided most accurate determination of excited state nuclear quadrupole moments of ¹⁹⁹Hg and ¹¹¹Cd:

$Q(^{199}\text{Hg}, 5/2^-) = +0.674(17) \text{ b}$ and $Q(^{111}\text{Cd}, 5/2^+) = +0.664(7) \text{ b}$.

Haas *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 126, 103001 (2021)
Fromsejer *et al.*, 2022, Chem. Phys. Lett., Accepted

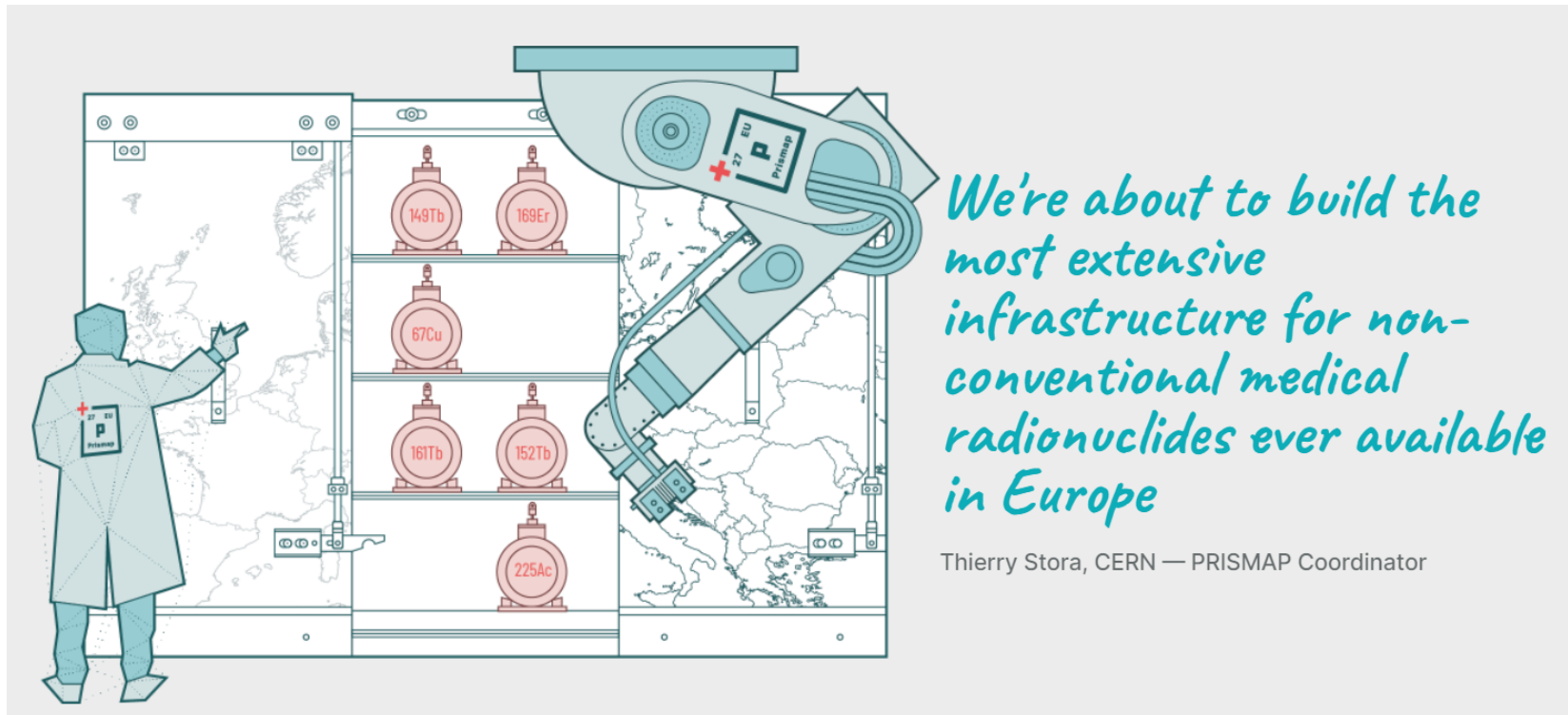
ISOLDE helping ESS

Irradiation of W blocks at ISOLDE – ESS safety check of their target: measure amount of emission of ^{125}I , noble gases and ^3H (prof. Mikael Jensen, Hevesy Lab, DTU)



Medical radionuclides

ISOLDE/MEDICIS is an important part of the new European isotope production program: Prismap (www.prismap.eu)



Which also includes the Hevesy Lab, DTU, Denmark (prof. Mikael Jensen)

Collaborations

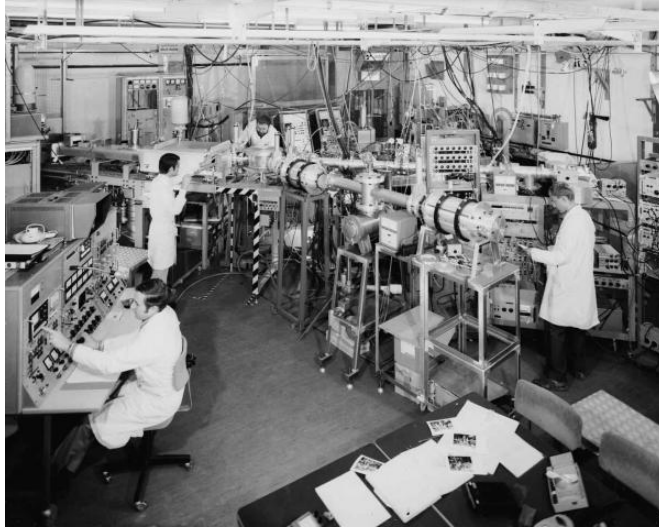
- Spain, CSIC, Madrid – Maria Jose G. Borge, Olof Tengblad, ...
- Sweden, Chalmers, Göteborg – Björn Jonson, Thomas Nilsson, ...
- Spain, Universidad Complutense, Madrid – Luis M. Fraile
- Sweden, Lund Universitet, Lund – Joakim Cederkäll
- USA, University of Tennessee, Knoxville – Miguel Madurga
- Romania, IFIN-HH, Bucharest – Razvan Lica, Christof Sotty
- Poland, University of Warsaw – Marek Pfützner,...
- USA, University of Michigan – Vincent L. Pecoraro
- Hungary, University of Szeged – Attila Jancso, Bela Gyurcsik
- Switzerland, University of Zurich, Roland K. Sigel, Eva Freisinger, Silke Johannsen
- Canada, TRIUMF / UBC - Andrew McFarlane, Iain McKenzie, Monika Stachura
- USA, University of Northern Kentucky - Matthew Zacate
- France, ILL – Ulli Köster
- ...

Science – summary and future

- “Small science” addressing fundamental questions from nuclear physics to biochemistry => extensive international collaboration
- Run more / longer experiments per year
 - Fulfil high demand for beam time
- Better quality beams (intensity/purity)
 - e.g. around ^{132}Sn : region of interest for astrophysics r-process path (link to origin of elements, neutron-star mergers, gravitational waves)
- Faster release
 - Shorter lived (thus more exotic) isotopes
 - Those are typically of highest interest (astrophysics, nuclear modelling, ...)
- Expand the user group, and re-initiate eMS collaboration including Danish Research

Thank you for your attention !

ISOLDE 1967
First proton
beam



Karl
Johnston



Joao
G.M. Correia



Juliana
Schell



ISOLDE now

