DD4hep

Recent Developments and Experience with DD4hep

- Introduction
- Simulation
- Conditions
- Alignment
- Miscellaneous topics

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March 27th, 2014

HSF simulation meeting, May 23rd., 2022, CERN

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Motivation and Goal



- For the full experiment life cycle
 - detector concept development, optimization
 - detector construction and operation
 - "Anticipate the unforeseen"
- Consistent description, single source, supporting
 - simulation, reconstruction, analysis
- Full description, including
 - Geometry, readout, alignment, calibration etc.



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Philosophy of DD4hep & Co

Effort of very few people with a simple, humble and comprehensive vision

Detector description for the lazy Minimal effort, pragmatic, no technical restrictions, No obstacles induced by religious wars

- DD4hep is the "glue"
 - Bring together what belongs together:
 - Detector structure, geometry, simulation, conditions, etc
 - Reuse existing modules: TGeo, Geant4, Assimp, etc
 - CAD support



Main Entities

Detector description is not only geometry!

- Geometrical hierarchy
 - Volume: Shape + material
 - PlacedVolume
- **Volume + placement matrix mother**
- Structural hierarchy
 - Detector
 - DetElement

- Experiment Parts of the experiment
- What is the difference between geometrical and structural hierarchy



Example: ALEPH TPC

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\$> geoDisplay -input examples/AlignDet/compact/AlephTPC.xml

AIDA2020

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What is Detector Description ?

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• Tree-like hierarchy of "detector elements"

- Macroscopic (ie. not a strip)
- Subdetectors or parts of subdetectors
- Detector Element
 - Geometry
 - Key to access
 - Environmental data
 - Alignment data
 - Derivatives of these
 - Optionally experiment, subdetector or activity specific data





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Saga in 5 Episodes

- DD4hep basics/core ⁽¹⁾
- DDG4 Simulation using Geant4 ⁽¹⁾
 - Fast simulation ⁽⁴⁾
- DDRec Reconstruction supp.⁽²⁾
- DDCond Detector conditions ⁽³⁾
- DDAlign Alignment support ⁽³⁾
- DDDigi Generic Digitization ⁽⁴⁾

⁽¹⁾ Mature state: bug-fixes and maintenance
 ⁽²⁾ F. Gaede (WP3, Task 3.6)
 ⁽³⁾ Work since start of AIDA²⁰²⁰
 ⁽⁴⁾ Planned extensions





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CMS described with DD4hep

DD4hep baseline

CHEP 2019, Adelaide, AU

(C.Vuosalo / CMS)

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Circular Electron Positron Collider







DD4hep Core

- Handles the detector element functionality
- Basically stable
 - Bug fixes, enhancements
- Objects are fully reflective
 - C++ dictionary defined
 - Intrinsic support for cross-language development
- Reflection supports interactivity
 - Cint (Cling) and python (cppyy)
- CHEP 2013

DD4hep: A Detector Description Toolkit for High Energy Physics Experiments



Views & Extensions:

Users Customize Functionality

DD4hep is based on handles (smart pointers)

- Rarely deal with data directly
- Possibility of many views based on the same DE data

Recon struction

- Same 'data' associated to different 'behaviors'
- All views are consistent and creation is efficient: pointer-copy
- User data to be used with prudence
 - Blessing and a curse
 - User data: common knowledge





Calibration

Standard Detector Palette DDDetectors

- Used for design studies (LC, FCC-eh)
- Origin from the SiD detector model
 - Layer based detectors
 - Tracker barrel & endcap
 - Several calorimeter constructs
- Partially with measurement surfaces (F. Gaede)
 - Uses plugin mechanism to enhance detector elements
 - Mechanism to attach user defined optional data
 Proof that <u>'anticipate the unforeseen'</u> works
 - NOT intrusive to detector constructors



CLICdp CLIC Detector Project

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International Linear Collider

(F.Gaede, L.Shaojun)





Xiaorong Zhou State Key Laboratory of Particle Detection and Electronics University of Science and Technology of China

Joint Workshop on Future Tau-Charm Factory 2018.12.4-2018.12-7, Paris

Progress on detector simulation

- STCF software team has been formed.
- OSCAR: Offline Software of Super Tau-Charm Facility.
- Detector geometry with DD4hep.



LHCb: Velo Pixel Single Side



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Simulation: DDG4

- Simulation
- Geometry +
 Detector response +
 Physics
- Mature status
 - Eventual bug fixes, smaller improvements
 - Phase of constant re-validation
- Automatic geometry conversion
- Extensive use of plugin mechanism → configuration
- Palette of standard sensitive detectors
- Support for MC truth handling
- CHEP2015

DDG4 A Simulation Framework based on the DD4hep Detector Description Toolkit

Example of an Action Sequence Generator Action: Event Overlay with Features

Init Geant4GenerationActionInit Combine simple and reusable modules Signal Geant4InputAction Coll. Geant4InteractionVertexBoost Input module Geant4InteractionVertexSmear Any data format Coll.2 Back-Geant4GeneratorActionSequence Geant4InputAction ground Geant4InteractionVertexSmear **Primary vertex smearing** Geant4InteractionMerger oð **Primary vertex boost** erge reate 4Prim Geant4Primaryhandler **Common:** initialization, final merge Start Simulation Similar mechanism for sensitve, tracking, event and run actions

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DDG4 in Production

- **Deployed for CLICdp in DIRAC**
 - For every detector study (now ~14) central generation
- **ILC started mass production**



SCTF - Novosibirsk

L. Shekhtman, A. Sokolov, Vijayanand KV, T. Maltsev Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics (BINP)

Joint Workshop on Future Tau-Charm Factory 2018.12.4-2018.12-7, Paris

Inner Tracker CGEM DD4hep simulation E 200 E 200 on's hits in solid $p_{-} = 50 \text{ MeV/c}$ p_ = 55 MeV/c > > 150 150 100 100 50 50 0 0 -50 -50-100 -100-150 -150--200-200-200-150-100200 -200 -150 -100 200 100150x [mm] x [mm]

- Pions with momenta less than 50 MeV/c do not pass through the beampipe
- Starting from p_{π} = 55 MeV/c two layers can be reached by pions

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DDSim: DDG4 CLI

- Python based command line interface to DDG4
- DDSim offers to the all usually used plugins of DDG4 and supports most detector models of the linear collider community
 - Detector description, simulation input, G4 steering, vertex offsets, mag.field setup, physics list, etc.
 - ~ 100 command line arguments for nearly all wishes
- DDSim accepts python code snippets for fine grained user specialization
- Allows the creation of steering files
 - Re-produce results
 - Mass production



DDCond: Conditions Data

- Time dependent data necessary to process the detector response [of particle collisions]
 - slowly changing: every run O(1h), lumi section O(10min) ...
 - multiple conditions change in batches: require discipline
 - conditions may be the result of computation(s)
- DDCond deals with the management of these data
 - Efficient and fast, if used according to design ideas
 - Manages resources
 - Supports multi threading by design Well defined locking points
 - Cache where necessary but no more
 - **CHEP2018**

Conditions and Alignment extensions to the DD4hep Detector Description Toolkit

DDCond: Data Cache

Access key: Hash of DetElement path and condition name

ConditionsManager Door keeper Manage different IOV type "fill" data types Cond 1 IOV type "run" Cond 2 IOV type Fill Cond 1 "lumi-section" 1000 Cond N IOV type Cond 2 "YEAR" Run 127895 Cond N Cond 1 Data Stores: Cond 2 Cond 1 Fill -- Organized by IOV 1001 -- Provide and manage data Cond 2 Cond N Run -- Cache for multiple 127896 Cond N configurations Cond 1 -- Relatively static -- Structure hidden Cond 2 Fill Cond 1 XXXX => Only data cache Cond N Cond 2 => Once loaded data stay Run NNNN unless explicitly droped Cond N

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DDCond Implementation The Data Cache

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DDCond Implementation IOV Slice Projection

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run, fill, epoch, year, ...



Derived Conditions

- Derived conditions are built using callback mechanism
 - Data computed from "measured" conditions
 - Callbacks are equivalent to persistent data addresses
- Computation is part of the slice creation
 - First load static conditions
 - Then compute dependent data
 ...and also data dependent on dependent data etc.
 - Since conditions in existing pools still can be shared while preparing new IOV depending conditions
 - No locking strategy necessary
 - Prime example: Alignments
 - Alignments must for efficiency be computed 'en block'

Global and Local Alignments

- Global alignment corrections
 - Physically alters geometry Intrinsically supported by ROOT
 - By construction not multi-threaded
 - Possibility to simulate misaligned geometries
- Local alignment corrections
 - Geometry stays intact (either ideal or globally aligned)
 - Multi-threading supported, multiple versions
 - Local alignment corrections are conditions
 - Provide matrices from ideal geometry to world e.g. to adjust hit positions
- Both supported (global with caveat)



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- Trickle-up the hierarchy and compute the matrices the most effective way with re-use of intermediate results
- Math verified by AIDA²⁰²⁰ alignment task force (C.Burr)



CAD Import, Export and Round-Trips

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- If supported by Assimp, DD4hep supports
 - Import of shapes/volumes defined in CAD files into DD4hep
 - Export of partial geometries to CAD format

Import from CAD (STL)



Round-trip: DD4hep / TGeo => CAD => TGeo





CAD: Limitations and Remarks

- CAD Meshes are complex
 - Limitation of the total number of manageable vertices/facets
 - Analytical shapes are simpler than tessellated shapes and likely far better performing for tracking
- CAD comes in many dialects
 - Assimp supports many formats: STL, MD2/3/4, Collada, X3D, ...
 For details see: https://github.com/assimp/assimp/tree/master/code/AssetLib
 - Single mesh CAD, multiple mesh CAD
 - Not all support materials, visualization attributes etc.
 Need to be injected by import mechanism
 - Need to choose optimal format

CHEP2021 Conditions and Alignment extensions to the DD4hep Detector Description Toolkit



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CAD: Limitations and Remarks

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and likely far better performing for tracking

CAD: Limitations and Remarks

- Can use round-trips for views in CAD tools
 - Round-trips are not unambiguously reversible
 - Example: Tube => Tessellated cannot be converted back
- Recently discovered
 - G4 complains when placing multiple CAD/tessellated shapes in assemblies
 - Works fine if CAD/tessellated shapes are placed in "real volumes"
 - Not yet understood...last word not yet phrased out
- Shape/Volume creation uses DD4hep plugin mechanism



Import / Export of the Detector Description

- We do not develop such functionality
 - DD4hep is opportunistic on top of ROOT, Geant4, etc.
- Full snapshots can only be created using ROOT
 - ROOT is complete I/O machine and hence can save:
 - Geometry
 - Structural hierarchy
 - Conditions and alignments
 - Imports / Exports of (partial) geometries possible using GDML
 - Plugin to save a sub-tree of the geometry
 - Plugin to load a sub-tree and attach it structurally to a detector element



Support for EDM4hep in DDG4

- DDG4 is the DD4hep toolkit to support Geant4
 - Automatic geometry conversion
 - Plugin based, flexible programming of all user callbacks
- DDG4 supports intrinsically output to ROOT files, LCIO and now EDM4hep
 - New event model developed by Key4hep team, part of HSF Independent talks at this conference elaborate the issue See CHEP2021 talks:

Key4hep: Status and Plans, https://indi.to/HNBpp EDM4hep and podio - The event data model...., https://indi.to/MbMcJ

- Ensures the interoperability of the full DDG4 functionality in the key4hep framework
- Support for EDM4hep based experiment specific digitization and reconstruction programs



How to Define an Experiment ?

- All starting is difficult
 - Lower entrance hurdles
- Beginners guide
 - https://dd4hep.web.cern.ch/dd4hep/page/beginners-guide
 - Fastest track from checkout to simulation
- Other documentation
 - http://dd4hep.cern.ch
 - CHEP presentations
 - User Manuals
 - Not always perfect, but give the overview
 - Up-to-date code reference (doxygen)



Toolkit Users

Increasing interest in the HEP community

- ILC F. Gaede et al.
- CLICdp A. Sailer et al.
- SiD D. Protopopescu et al.
- FCC-eh P. Kostka et al.
- FCC-hh A. Salzburger et al.
- FCC-ee O. Viazlo (CLD design), N. Alipour, G. Voutsinas
- SCTF Super-Charm-Tau Factory designs (Novosibirsk, Bejing)
 - EIC Evaluation considered/started (W. Armstrong et al.)
- CEPC W. Li et al, IHEP
- CMS
- Base line for Run3 upgrade (C.Vuosalo et al.)
- LHCb Upgrade for Run III (B.Couturier et al.)
- CALICE Calorimeter R&D, started

Summary

- DD4hep is getting mature
- Starts being capable of handling all aspects of detector description for the lifetime of an experiment
- Increasing interest in the community and increasing number of users
- Visit us on:
 - http://dd4hep.cern.ch
 - Beginners guide
 - Up to date doxygen information
 - User Manuals



Questions and Answers





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Class Diagram: Detector Element Sort of Standard...



Multiple Input Sources



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Real World Use Case LHCb Velo Detector

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Chosen solution:



- Use IOV dependent projection for event processing
 - This is our new "detector element"
 - Keeps reference to the not changing properties
 - Dress with facade to provide required functionality(ies)

