

Electron-Ion Collisions at the LHeC and FCC-eh

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on behalf of the LHeC/FCC-eh Study Group



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Diffraction and Low-x
29th September 2022



Motivation

CERN-ACC-Note-2020-0002
Geneva, July 28, 2020



- DIS is a precise process with a point-like probe
 - Clean experimental environment
 - Controlled theoretical setup:
first-principle QCD calculations
- Collider DIS only done with a proton target
 - Possibility to study nuclear effects with LHeC and FCC-eh
- LHeC/FCC-eh CDR: [J.Phys.G 48 \(2021\) 11, 110501](#)



The Large Hadron-Electron Collider at the HL-LHC

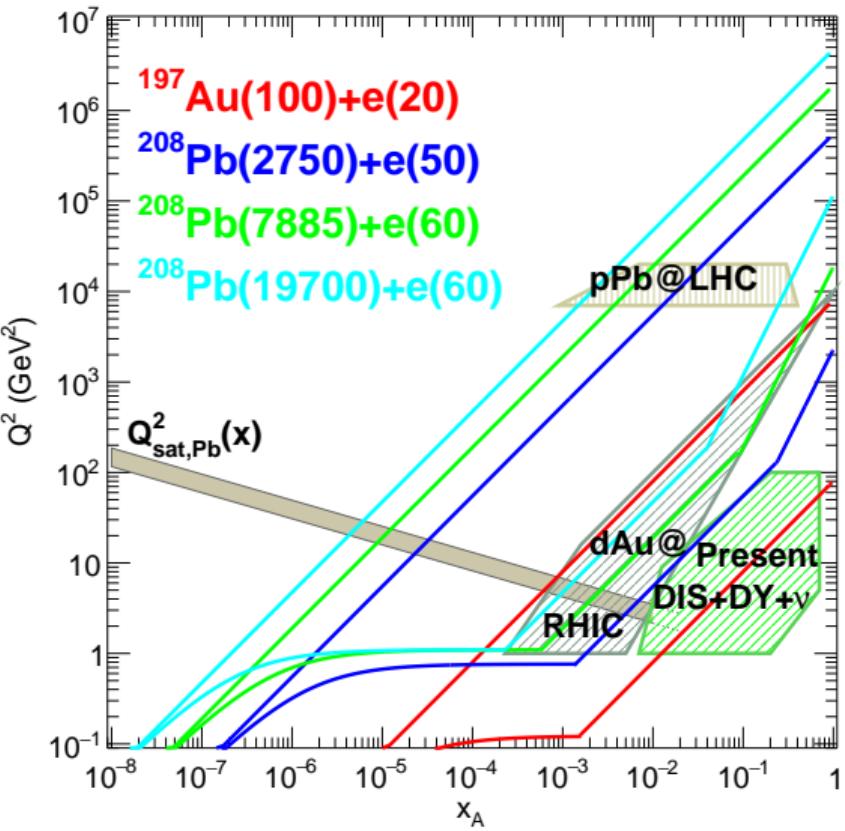
LHeC and FCC-he Study Group



To be submitted to J. Phys. G

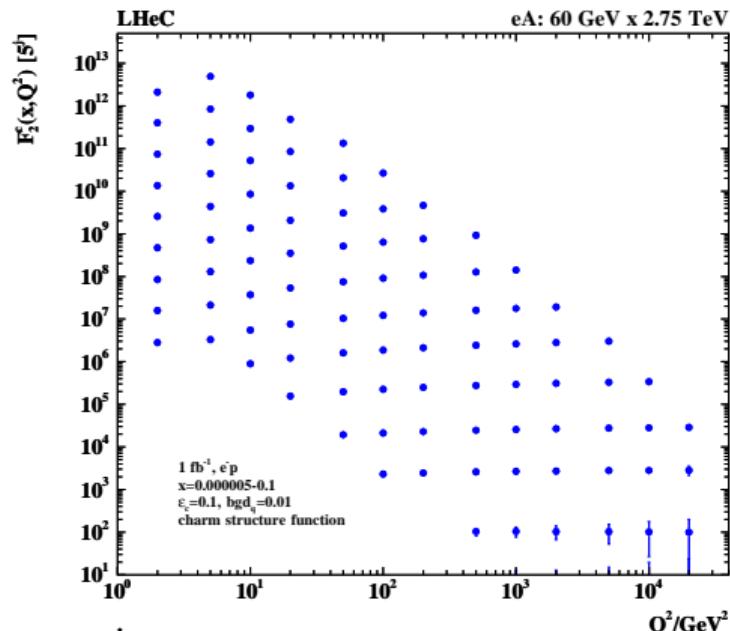
LHeC and FCC-eh kinematics

- Large $\sqrt{s} \Leftrightarrow$ small x
- Wide range in x and Q^2
- Perturbative region up to $x \sim 10^{-7}$
 - Unexplored region!
- Non-linear effects important at $Q^2 \lesssim Q_{\text{sat}}^2 \sim A^{1/3} x^{-0.2}$
- Higher \sqrt{s} than in previous DIS experiments
 - LHeC: 0.74 TeV
 - FCC-eh: 2.2 TeV

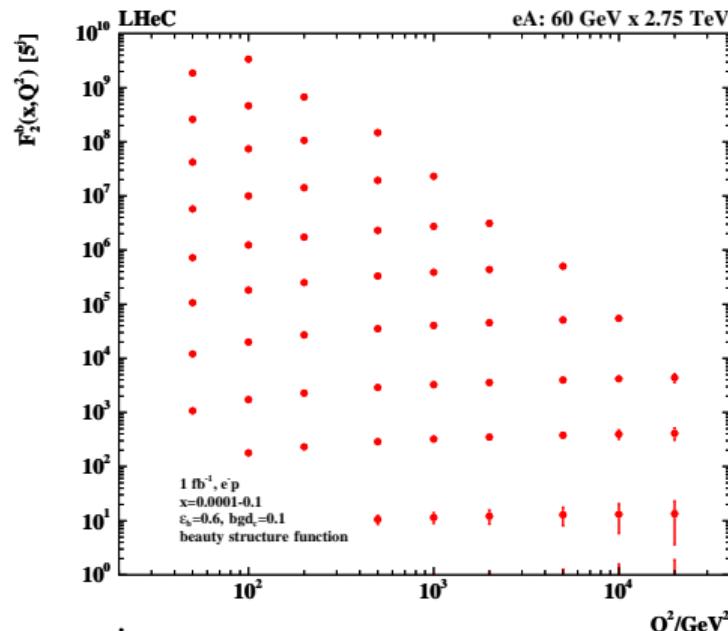


Structure functions

Very precise structure function measurements, even for heavy quarks



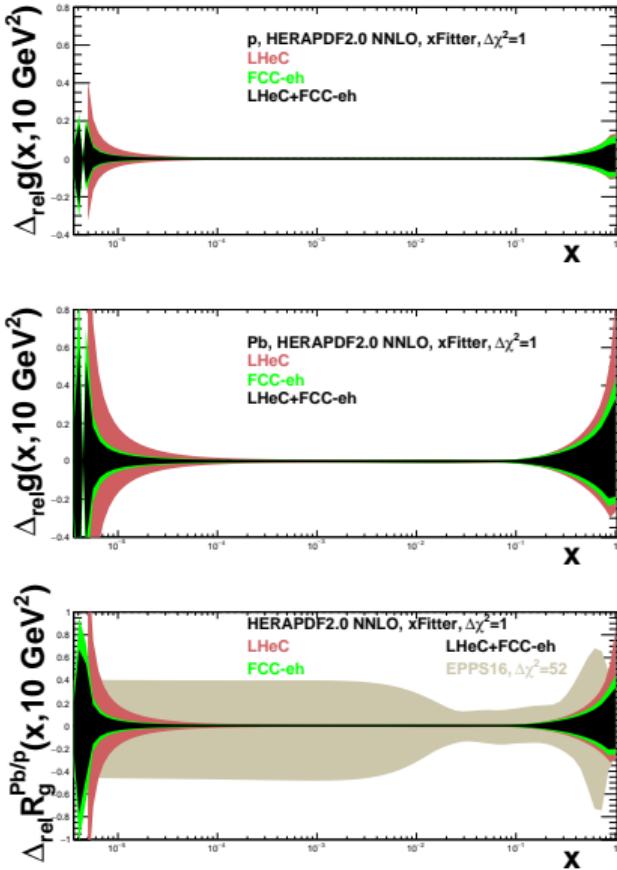
Charm: $x = 5 \cdot 10^{-6} — 0.1$



Bottom: $x = 5 \cdot 10^{-4} — 0.1$

PDFs from single nucleus fit

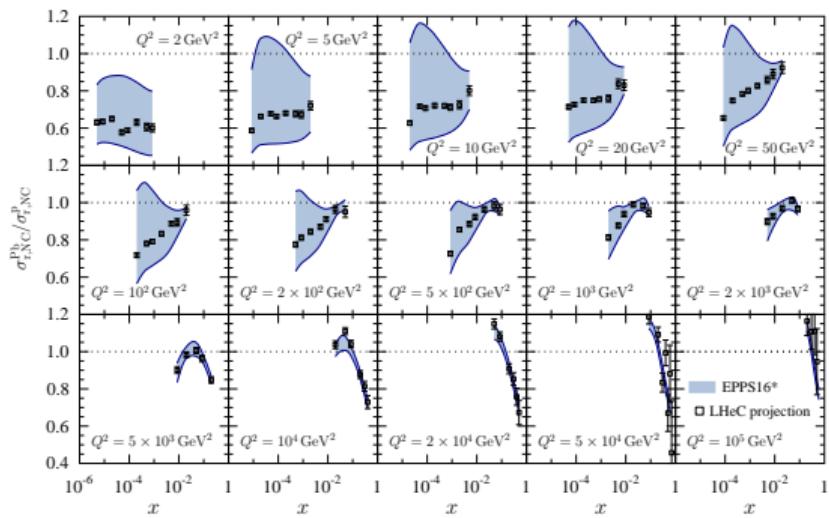
- LHeC data allows for determining PDFs separately for different nuclei
 - No need to model A dependence
- Ultimate precision for nuclear PDFs
Pb: uncertainty < 10% down to $x \sim 10^{-5}$
- Can be included in the global PDF analysis
 - Precision test for collinear factorization using nuclei



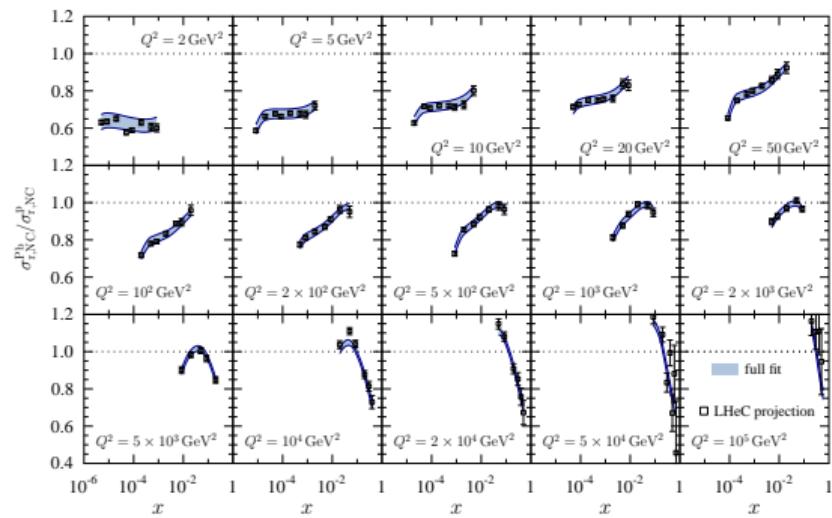
Nuclear modification in structure functions measurements

$\sigma_r^{\text{Pb}}/(A\sigma_r^{\text{P}})$: Pseudodata calculated assuming EPPS16 nuclear effects. High precision possible!

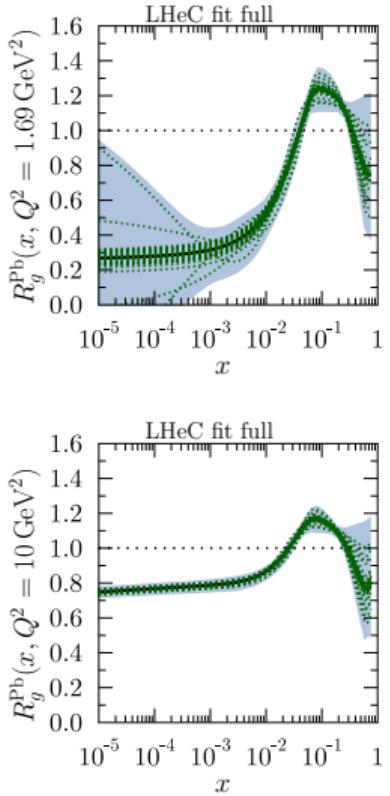
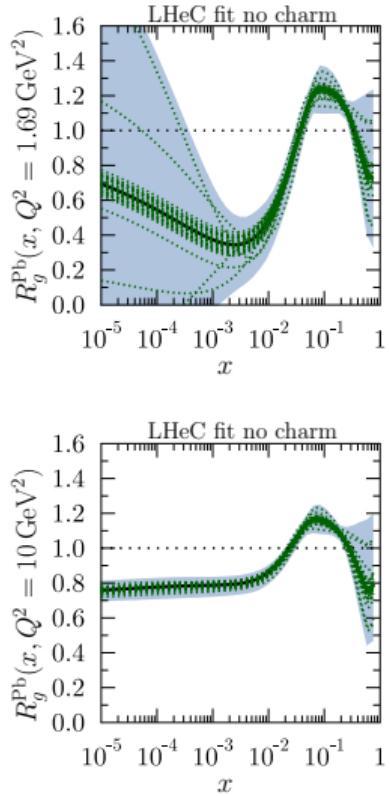
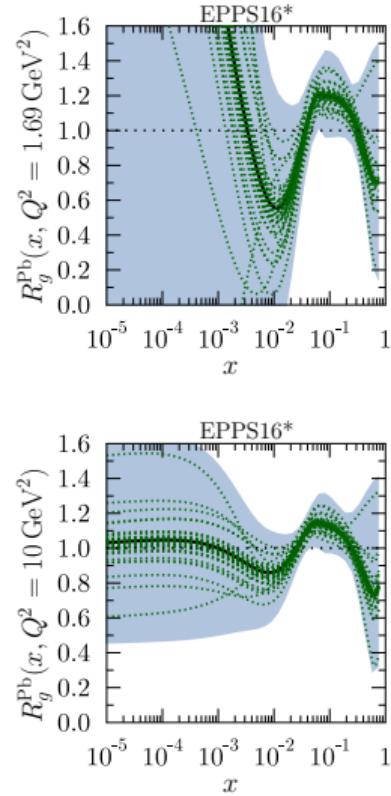
Fit without LHeC pseudodata



Fit with LHeC pseudodata

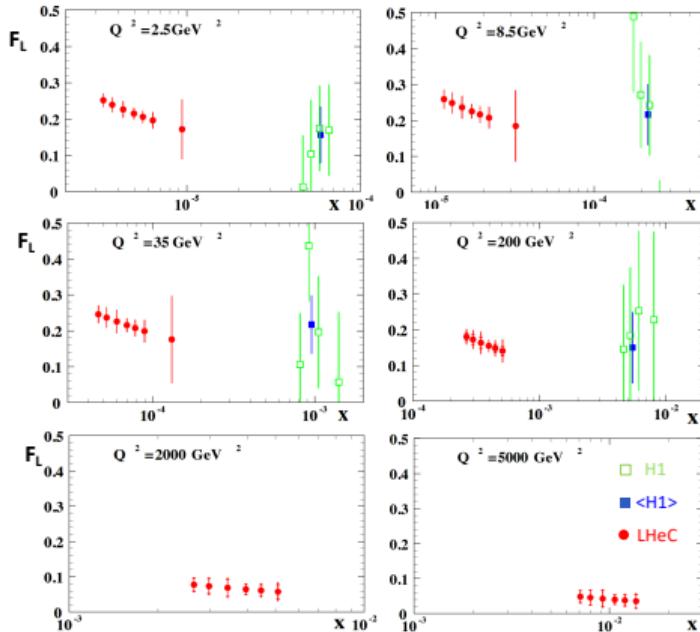
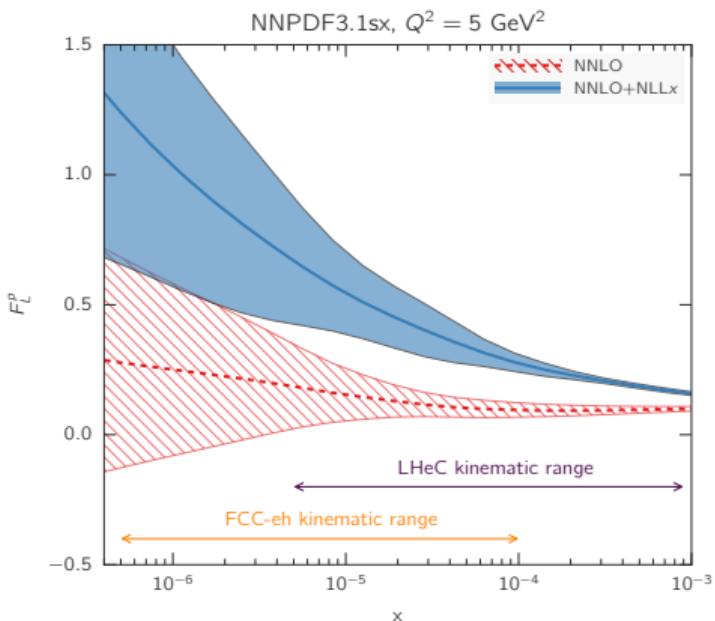


Nuclear modification factor



- R_i^A = nuclear modification to the free nucleon parton distribution
- EPPS16*: unconstrained in the region with no data ($x \lesssim 10^{-2}$)
- Large improvements for uncertainties, especially for small x
- Charm data important

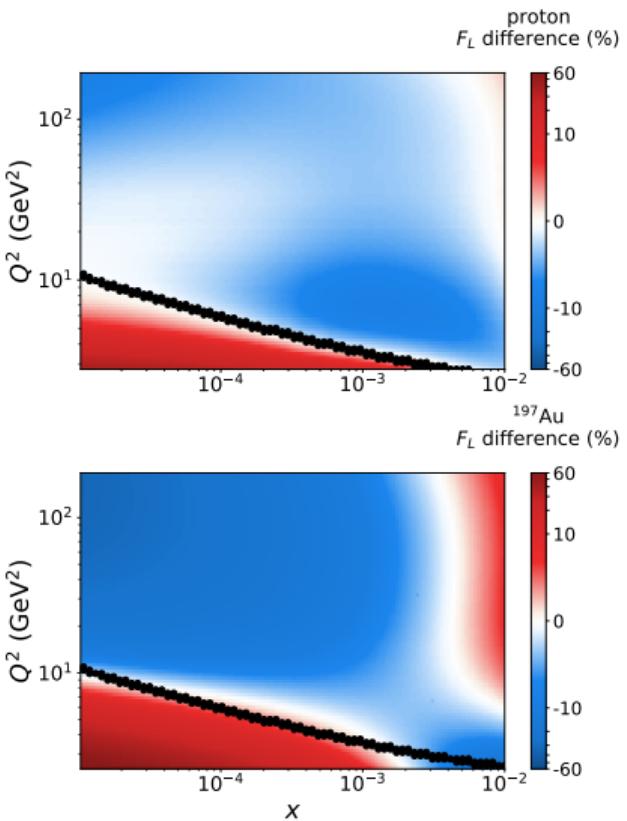
Proton structure function F_L^p



- Small x effects (BFKL resummation) important at NNLO
- LHeC/FCC-eh data: further tests beyond HERA kinematics, even with different nuclei

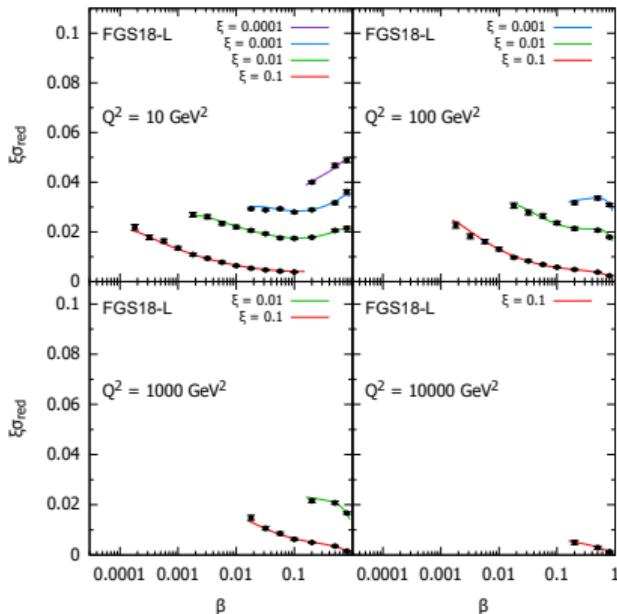
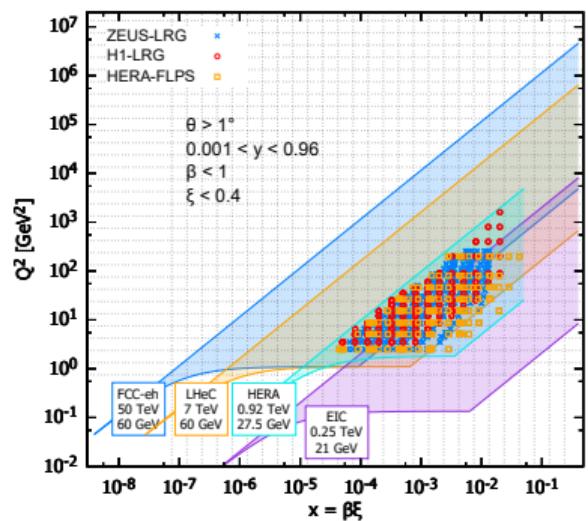
Nuclear structure function F_L

- Plot: difference between DGLAP and CGC calculations
- Tens of percents in the LHeC kinematics
- Data precision at percent level
 - ⇒ Both linear and nonlinear calculations not expected to work at the same time
- Test of small- x dynamics!



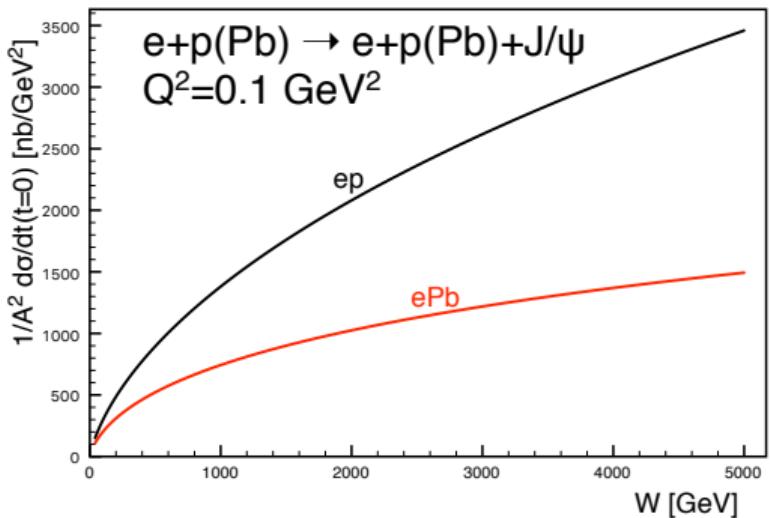
Tevio et al., Phys.Rev.D 105 (2022) 11, 114017

Nuclear diffractive PDFs

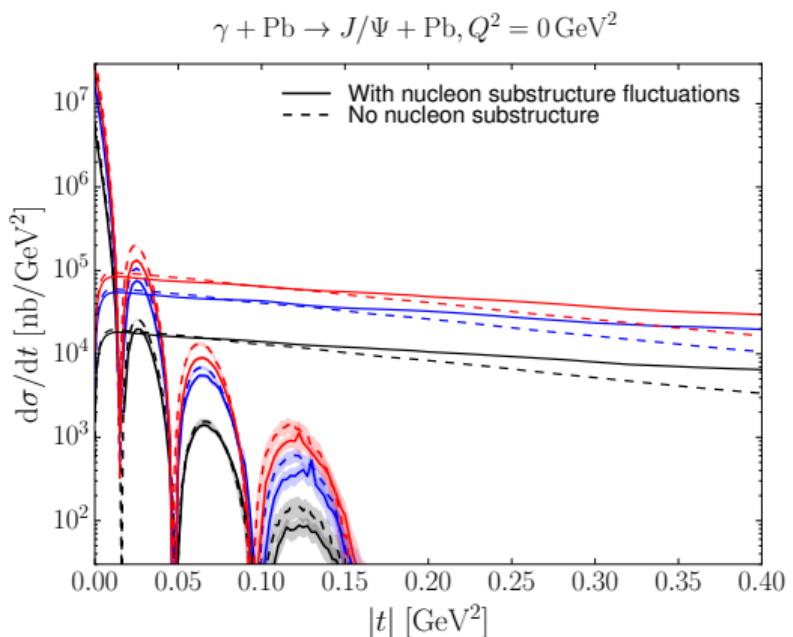


- Diffractive PDFs: measure a parton in the target with the target remaining intact
- Not previously measured for nuclei
- Sensitive to nonlinear effects
- High precision measurements possible at the LHeC/FCC-eh

Exclusive vector meson production



Large nuclear suppression: factor of ~ 3
⇒ Exclusive J/ψ production sensitive to
nuclear structure



t -spectrum \Leftrightarrow **b**-distribution of small- x gluons
LHeC/FCC-eh kinematical coverage:
study x evolution of geometry

Summary

- The LHeC and FCC-eh will explore high-energy nuclear DIS in a completely new region in the $x-Q^2$ plane
- Precise measurements of multiple different observables with different nuclei
 - Total and diffractive structure functions, inclusive and exclusive processes...
- Determination of nPDFs at an unprecedented level
- Tests of small- x dynamics and search for saturation
- More information on the CDR: [J.Phys.G 48 \(2021\) 11, 110501](#)