

The e^-e^+ Future Circular Collider FCC-ee

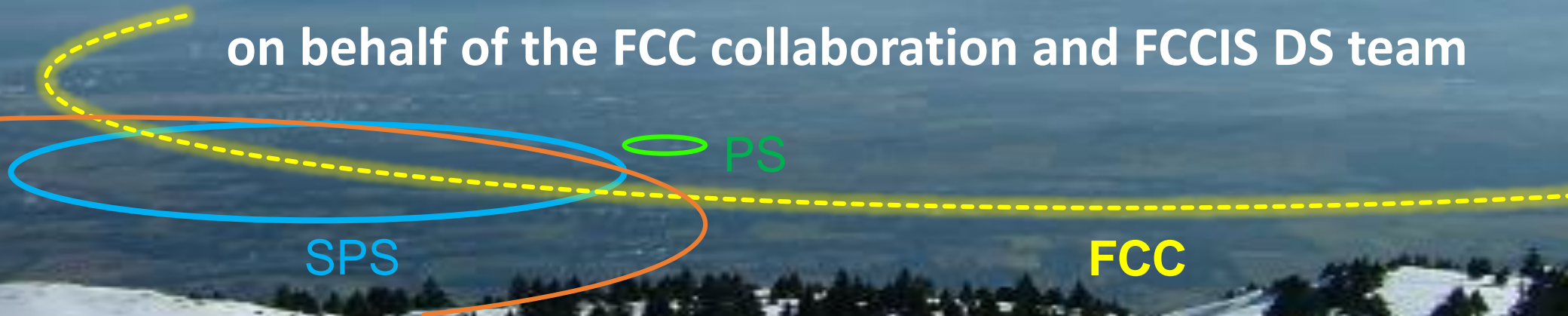
Frank Zimmermann, CERN

Thanks to Michael BENEDIKT, Ilkay TÜRK ÇAKIR, Orhan ÇAKIR, Haluk DENIZLI, Kenan Abbas ÇİFTÇİ, Rena ÇİFTÇİ, Özgür ETİŞKEN, Salim OĞUR, Gokhan UNEL, Saleh SULTANSOY, Fatih YAMAN

UPHUK8, Bodrum, 5 September 2022

on behalf of the FCC collaboration and FCCIS DS team

LHC



SPS

PS

FCC



FUTURE
CIRCULAR
COLLIDER
Innovation Study



<http://cern.ch/fcc>



Work supported by the **European Commission** under the **HORIZON 2020** projects **EuroCirCol**, grant agreement 654305; **EASITrain**, grant agreement no. 764879; **iFAST**, grant agreement no. 101004730, **FCCIS**, grant agreement 951754, and **E-JADE**, contract no. 645479



European
Commission

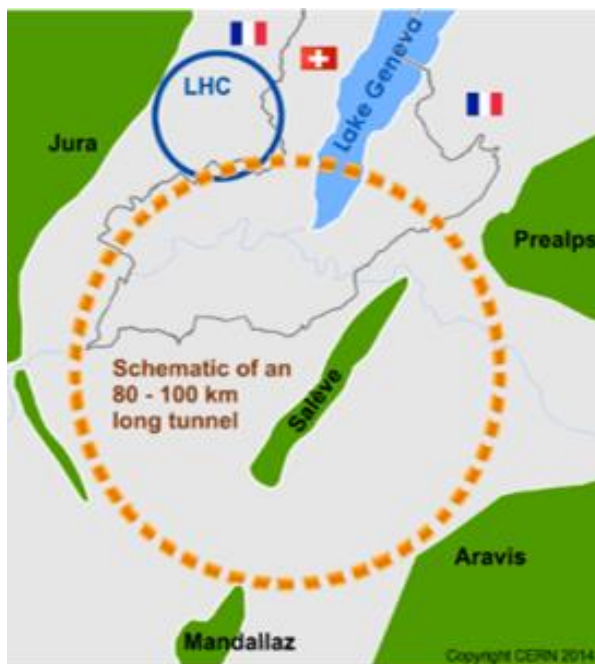
Horizon 2020
European Union funding
for Research & Innovation

photo: J. Wenninger

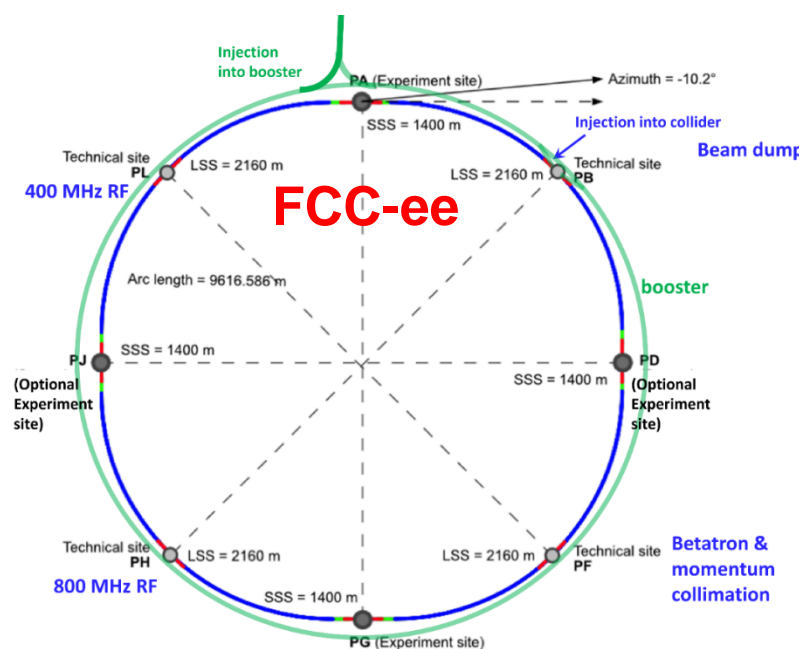
The FCC integrated program inspired by successful LEP – LHC programs at CERN

comprehensive long-term program maximizing physics opportunities

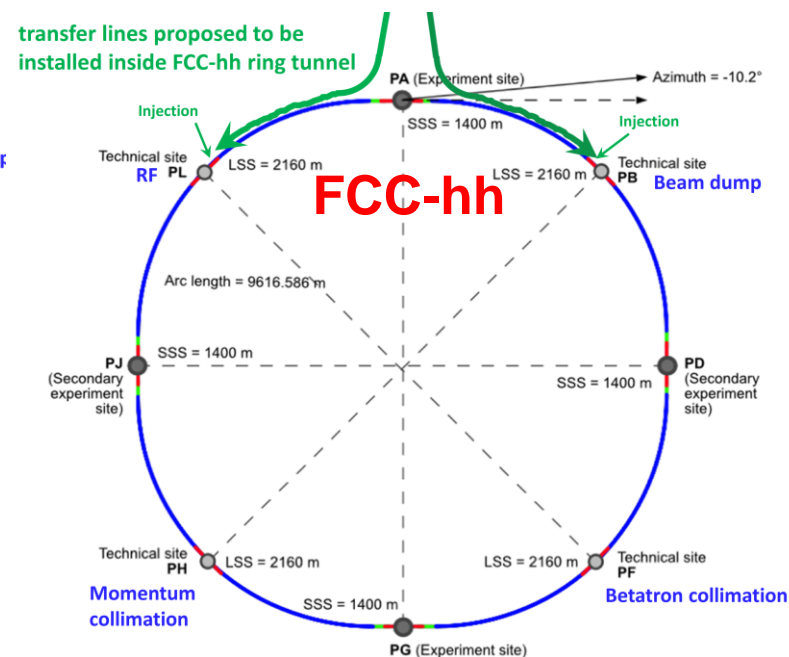
- stage 1: FCC-ee (Z, W, H, $t\bar{t}$) as Higgs factory, electroweak & top factory at highest luminosities
- stage 2: FCC-hh (~100 TeV) as natural continuation at energy frontier, with ion and eh options
- complementary physics
- common civil engineering and technical infrastructures, building on and reusing CERN's existing infrastructure
- FCC integrated project allows seamless continuation of HEP after completion of the HL-LHC program



2020 - 2040

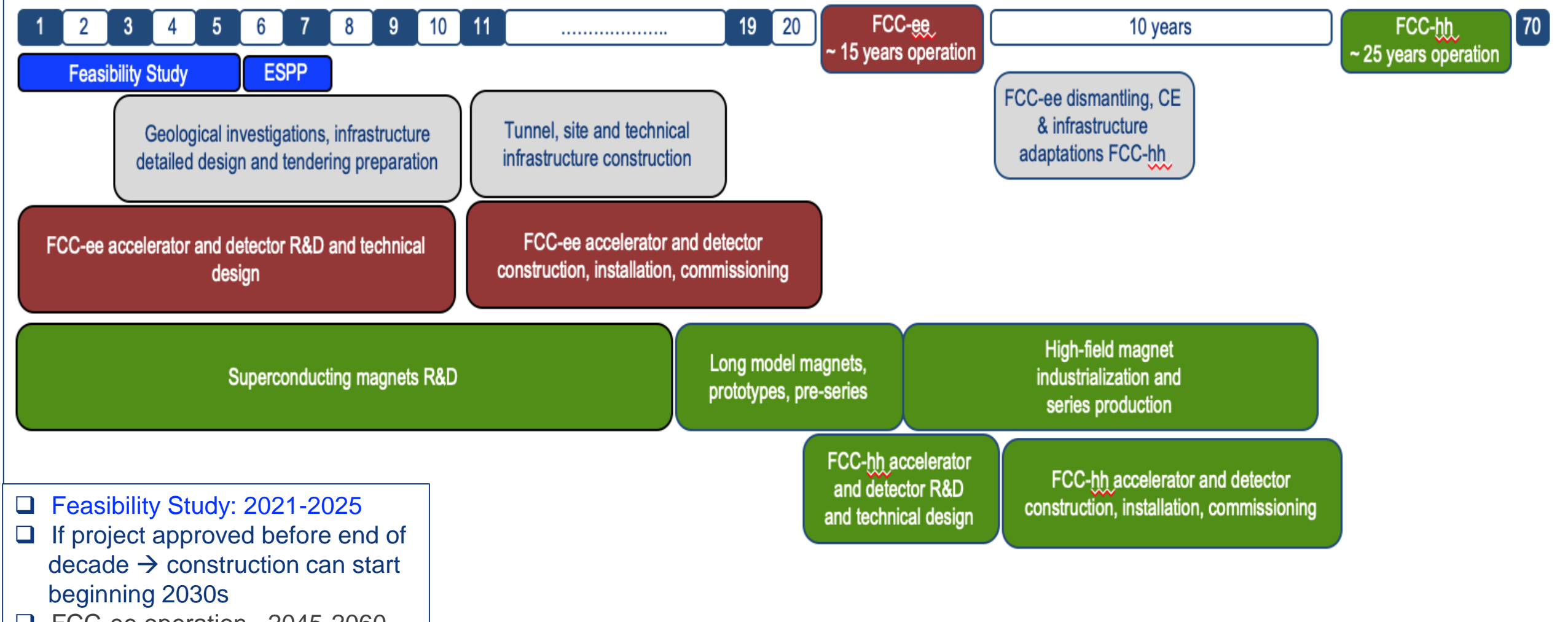


2045 - 2060



2065 - 2090

technical timeline of FCC integrated programme



- Feasibility Study: 2021-2025
- If project approved before end of decade \rightarrow construction can start beginning 2030s
- FCC-ee operation $\sim 2045-2060$
- FCC-hh operation 2070-2090++

F. Gianotti

FCC-ee in a nutshell

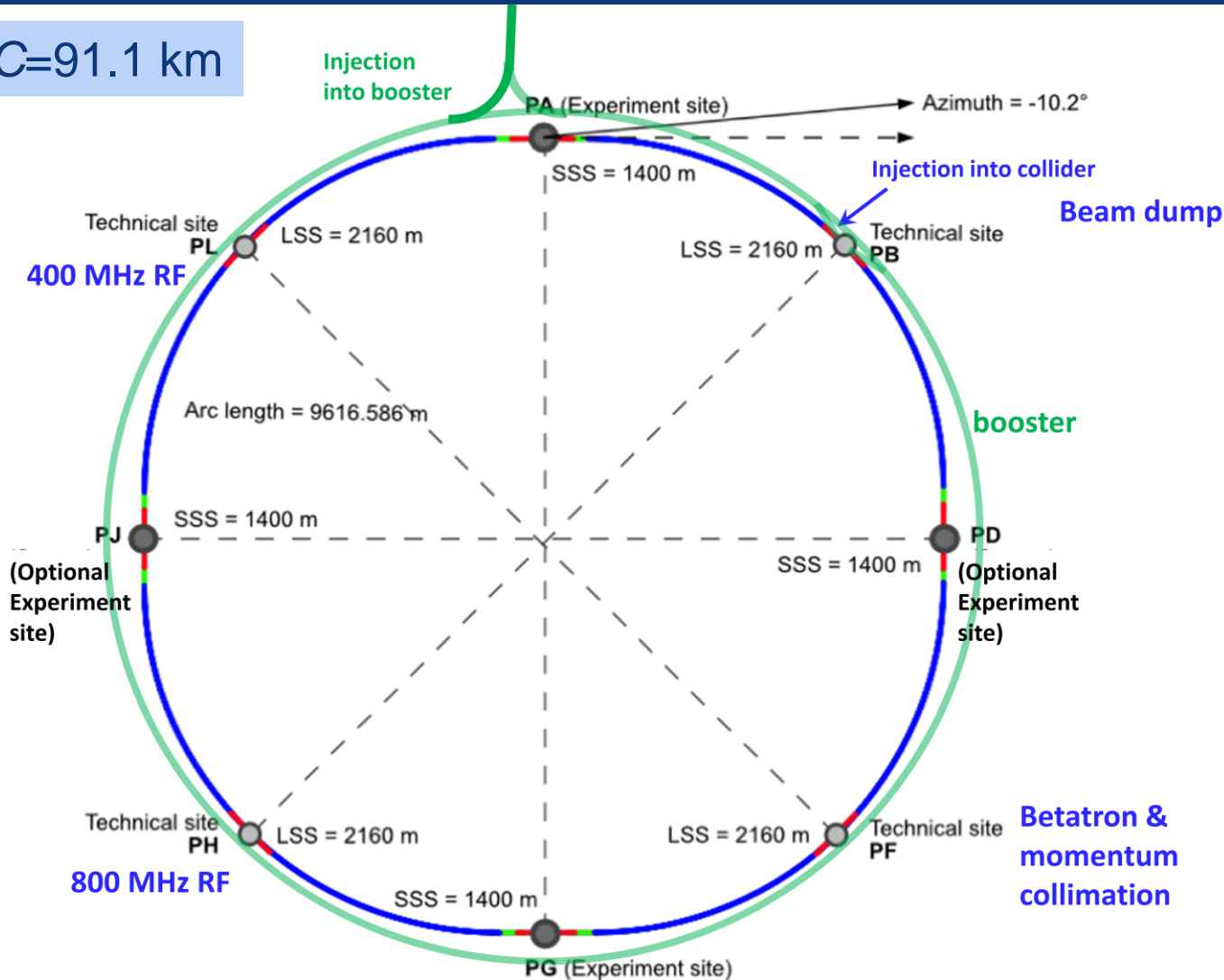
- **High luminosity precision study of Z, W, H, and $t\bar{t}$** 2×10^{36} cm⁻²s⁻¹/IP at Z (or total $\sim 10^{37}$ cm⁻²s⁻¹ with 4 IPs), 7×10^{34} cm⁻²s⁻¹ at ZH, 1.3×10^{34} cm⁻²s⁻¹ at $t\bar{t}$, unprecedented energy resolution at Z (<100 keV) and W (<300 keV)
- **Low-risk technical solution** based on 60 years of e⁺e⁻ circular colliders and particle detectors ; R&D on components for improved performance, but no need for “demonstration” facilities; LEP2, VEPP-4M, PEP-II, KEKB, DAΦNE, or SuperKEKB already used many of the key ingredients in routine operation
- Infrastructure will support a **century of physics**
 - FCC-ee → FCC-hh → FCC-eh and/or several other options (FCC-μμ, Gamma Factory ..)
- **Utility requirements** similar to CERN existing use
- **Strong support** from CERN, partners, and 2020 ESPPU
- **Detailed multi-domain feasibility study underway** for 2026 ESPPU

FCC-ee parameters

Parameter [4 IPs, 91.1 km, $T_{rev}=0.3$ ms]	Z	WW	H (ZH)	ttbar
beam energy [GeV]	45.6	80	120	182.5
beam current [mA]	1400	135	26.7	5.0
number bunches/beam	8800	1120	336	42
bunch intensity [10^{11}]	2.76	2.29	1.51	2.26
SR energy loss / turn [GeV]	0.0391	0.37	1.869	10.0
total RF voltage 400/800 MHz [GV]	0.120/0	1.0/0	2.1/0	2.5/8.8
long. damping time [turns]	1170	216	64.5	18.5
horizontal beta* [m]	0.15	0.2	0.3	1
vertical beta* [mm]	0.8	1	1	1.6
horizontal geometric emittance [nm]	0.71	2.17	0.64	1.49
vertical geom. emittance [pm]	1.42	4.34	1.29	2.98
horizontal rms IP spot size [μm]	10	21	14	39
vertical rms IP spot size [nm]	34	66	36	69
beam-beam parameter ξ_x / ξ_y	0.004/ 0.159	0.011/0.111	0.0187/0.129	0.096/0.138
rms bunch length with SR / BS [mm]	4.32 / 15.2	3.55 / 7.02	2.5 / 4.45	1.67 / 2.54
luminosity per IP [$10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$]	181	17.3	7.2	1.25
tot. integr. luminosity / yr [ab^{-1}/yr]	86	8	3.4	0.6
beam lifetime rad Bhabha / BS [min]	19 / ?	20 / ?	10 / 19	12 / 46

FCC-ee Design Outline

$C=91.1$ km



Double ring e^+e^- collider

Common footprint with FCC-hh

Asymmetric IR layout and optics to limit SR towards the detector

Large crossing angle 30 mrad, “virtual” crab-waist collision, four-fold superperiodicity: 2 or 4 IPs

SR power 50 MW/beam

Top-up injection requires booster synchrotron in collider tunnel

a case for four IPs & experiments

Four different FCC-ee detectors to optimally address:

- (1) Higgs factory program;
- (2) Ultraprecise electroweak & QCD physics;
- (3) Heavy Flavour physics;
- (4) Search for feebly coupled particles

For FCC-hh, two high-luminosity general-purpose experiments and two specialized experiments are foreseen, similar to present LHC detectors

FCC-ee & hh would share the 4 experimental caverns

M. Dam, ECFA Det. R&D Roadmap, 2021, <https://indico.cern.ch/event/994685/>

Detector Requirements in Brief

"Higgs Factory" Programme

- Momentum resolution of $\sigma_{pT}/p_T^2 \approx 2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-1}$ commensurate with $\mathcal{O}(10^{-3})$ beam energy spread
- Jet energy resolution of 30%/√E in multi-jet environment for Z/W separation
- Superior impact parameter resolution for c, b tagging

Ultra Precise EW Programme

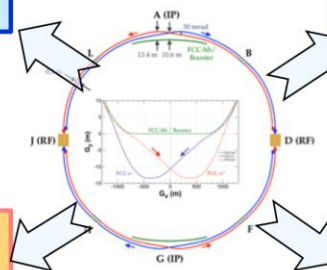
- Absolute normalisation (luminosity) to 10^{-4}
- Relative normalisation (e.g. $\Gamma_{\text{had}}/\Gamma_\ell$) to 10^{-5}
- Momentum resolution "as good as we can get it"
 - Multiple scattering limited
- Track angular resolution $< 0.1 \text{ mrad}$ (BES from $\mu\mu$)
- Stability of B-field to 10^{-6} : stability of \sqrt{s} meast.

Heavy Flavour Programme

- Superior impact parameter resolution: secondary vertices, tagging, identification, life-time measts.
- ECAL resolution at the few %/√E level for inv. mass of final states with π^0 s or γ s
- Excellent π^0/γ separation and measurement for tau physics
- PID: K/ π separation over wide momentum range for b and τ physics

Feebly Coupled Particles - LLPs

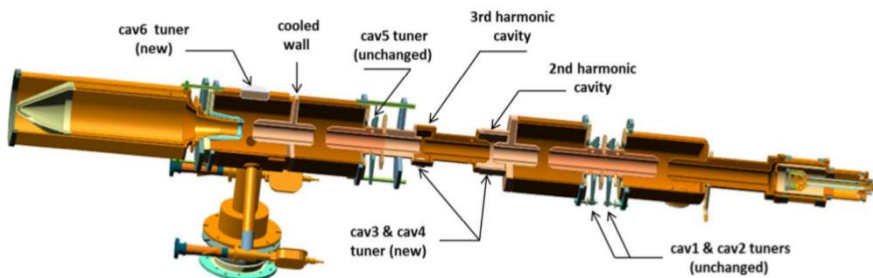
- Benchmark signature: $Z \rightarrow \nu N$, with N decaying late
- Sensitivity to far detached vertices (mm \rightarrow m)
 - Tracking: more layers, continuous tracking
 - Calorimetry: granularity, tracking capability
 - Large decay lengths \Rightarrow extended detector volume
 - Hermeticity



accelerator R&D examples

efficient RF power sources (400 & 800 MHz)

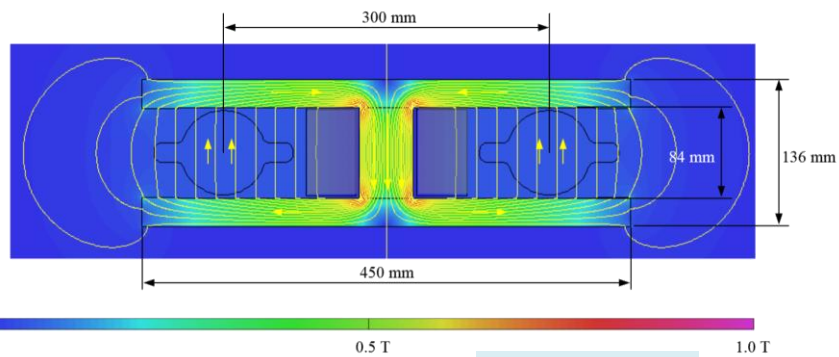
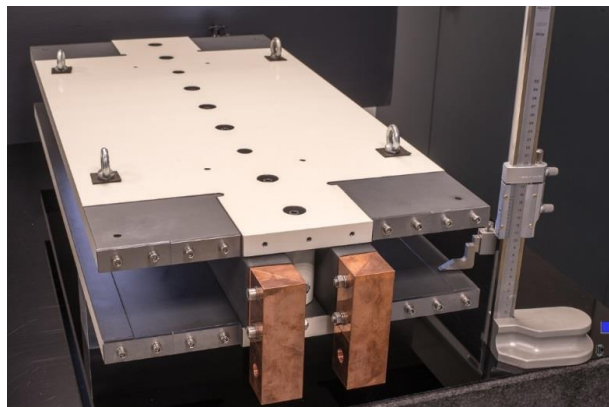
I. Syratcev



400 MHz
1-,2- & 4-
cell
Nb/Cu ,
4.5 K

FPC & HOM coupler, cryomodule,
thin-film coatings...

energy efficient twin aperture arc dipoles

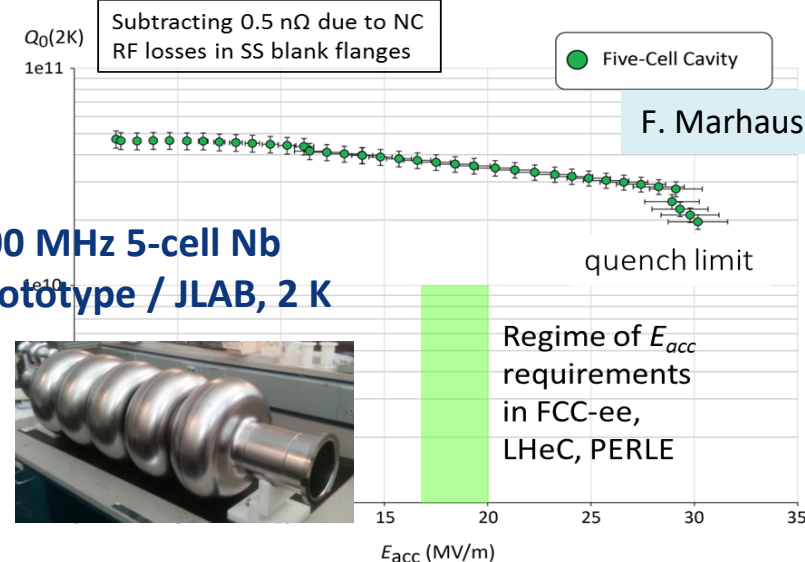


A. Milanese

efficient SC cavities



800 MHz 5-cell Nb
prototype / JLAB, 2 K

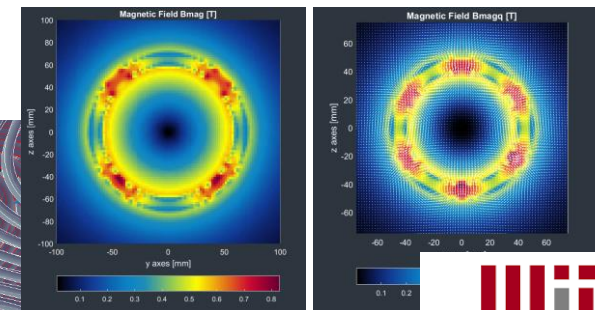
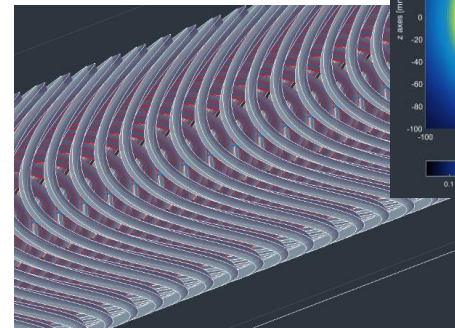


Jefferson Lab

F. Marhauser

under study: CCT HTS quad's & sext's for arcs

PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT
PSI



M. Koratzinos

MIT
Massachusetts
Institute of
Technology

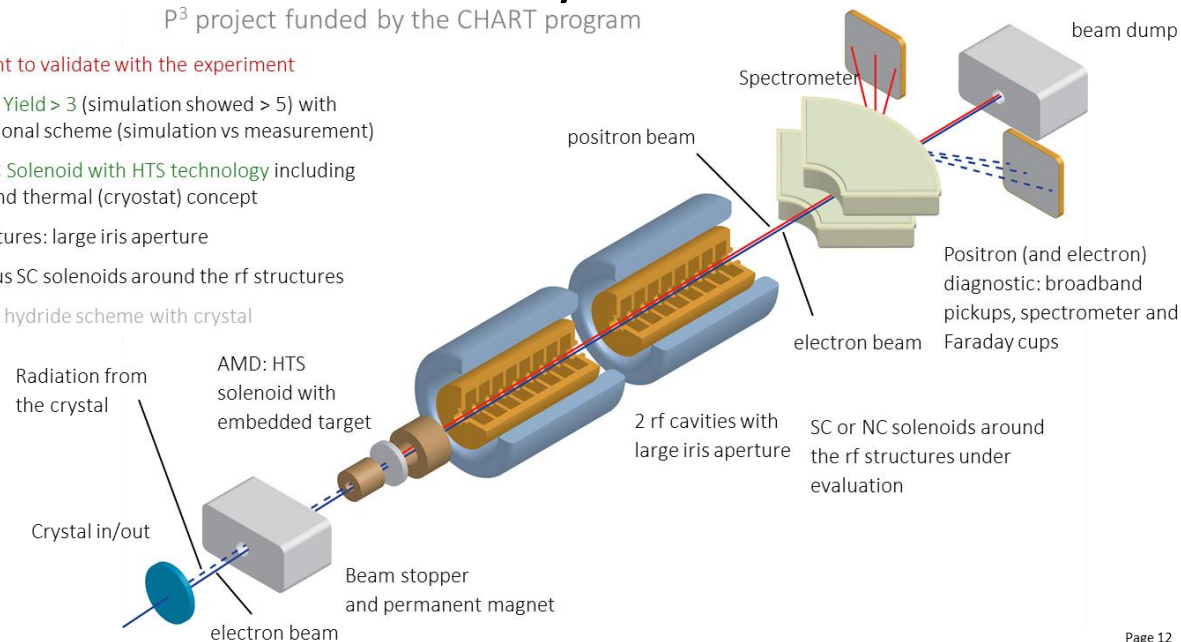
Collaboration between PSI and CERN with external partners: CNRS-IJCLab (Orsay), INFN-LNF (Frascati), KEK/SuperKEKB as observer, INFN-Ferrara – radiation from crystal

P³ project funded by the CHART program

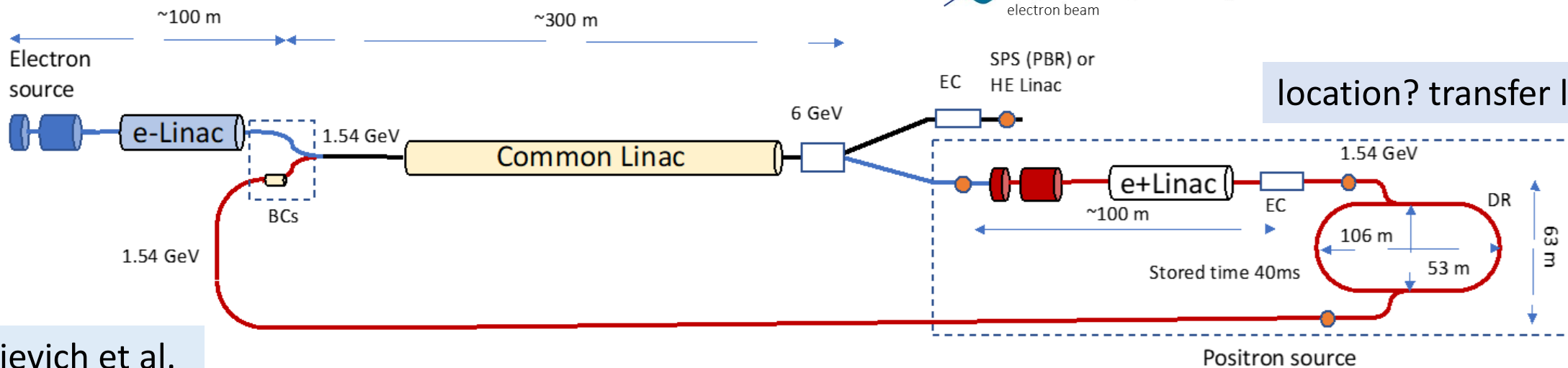
P³: PSI e⁺ production experiment with HTS solenoid at SwissFEL planned for 2024/25

What we want to validate with the experiment

- ✓ Positron Yield > 3 (simulation showed > 5) with conventional scheme (simulation vs measurement)
- ✓ AMD: SC Solenoid with HTS technology including mech. and thermal (cryostat) concept
- ✓ RF structures: large iris aperture
- ✓ NC versus SC solenoids around the rf structures
- ✓ Phase 2: hydride scheme with crystal



Latest FCC-ee pre-injector layout

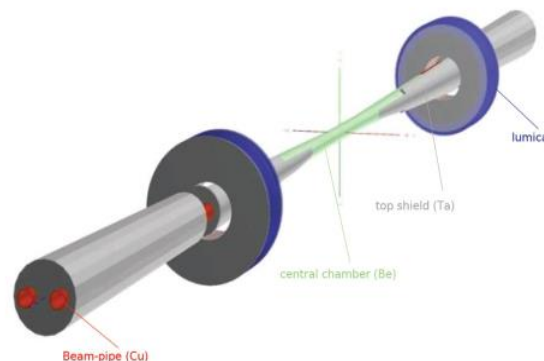
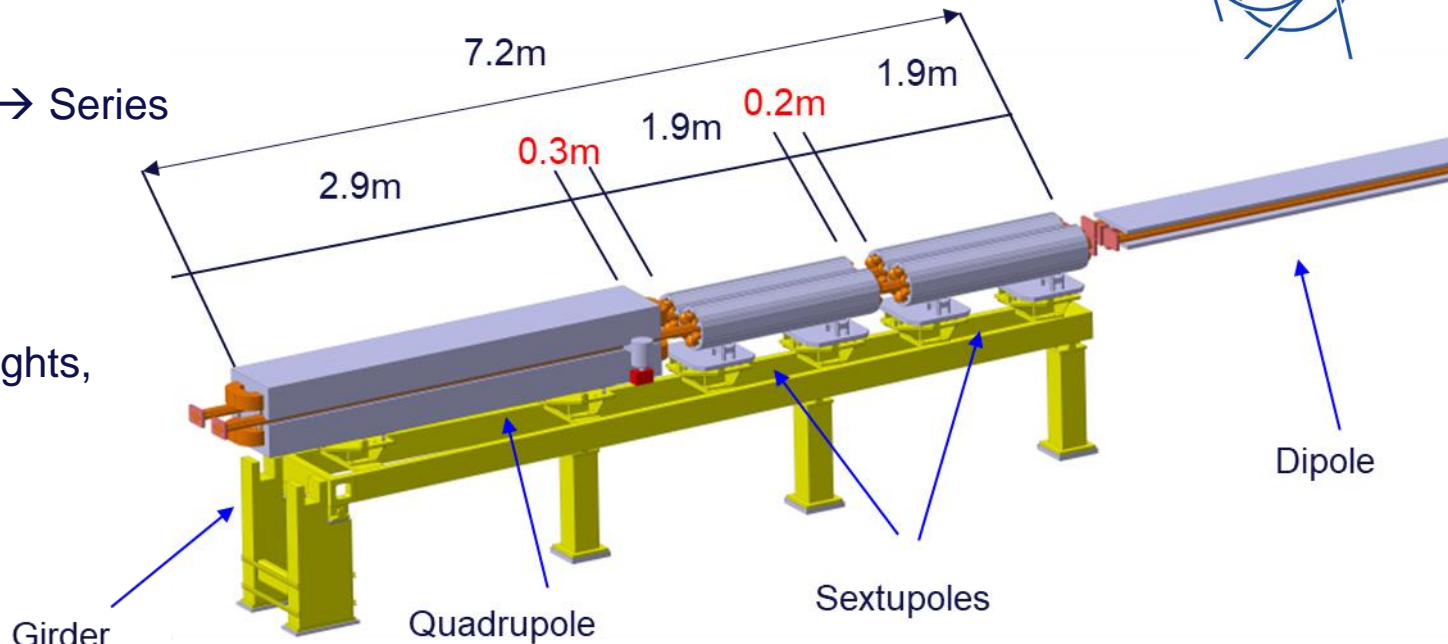


Arc half-cell mock-up

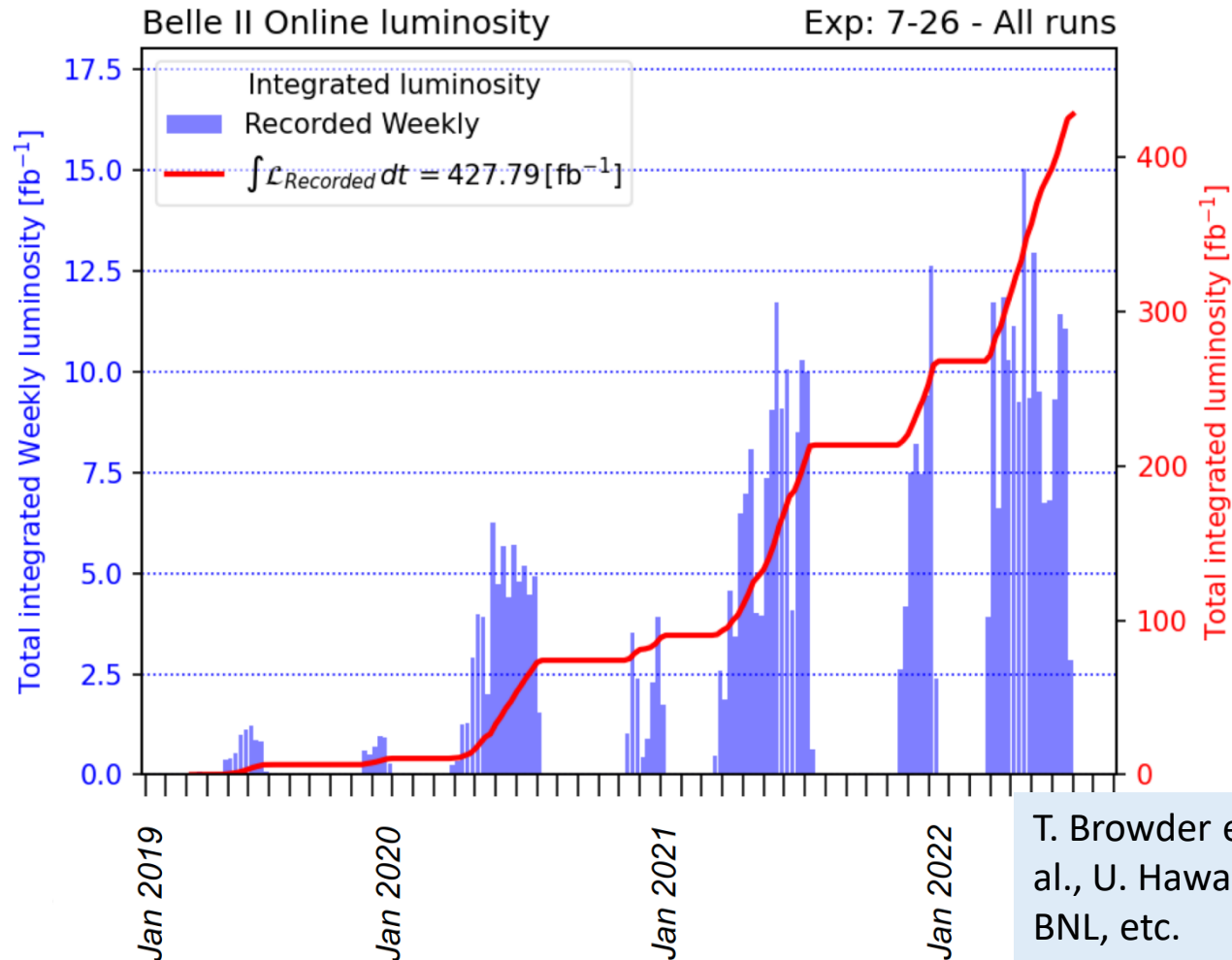
- **Arc half-cell:** most recurrent assembly of mechanical hardware in the accelerator (~1500 similar FODO)
- **Mock-up** → Functional prototype(s) → Pre-series → Series
- Building a mock-up allows optimizing and testing **fabrication, integration, installation, assembly, transport, maintenance**
- Working with structures of equivalent volumes, weights, stiffness

IR mock-up

- Step 1: Central IP vacuum chamber** (test the cooling system and the vacuum system), **AlBeMet162 & steel transition** (study the shape of the transition, EBW process), **Bellows** (vacuum and thermal tests), **Welding** (EBW for elliptical geometry)
- Step 2: Trapezoidal vacuum chamber with remote vacuum connection, first quadrupole QC1, cryostat, beam pipe and quadrupole and cryostat support, vibration & alignment sensors**



Design: double ring e^+e^- collider as B -factory at 7(e⁻) & 4(e⁺) GeV; target luminosity $\sim 6 \times 10^{35} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$; $\beta_y^* \sim 0.3 \text{ mm}$; beam lifetime $\sim 5 \text{ min}$; top-up inj.; e^+ rate up to $\sim 2.5 \times 10^{12} / \text{s}$; **under commissioning**



$\mathcal{L}_{\text{peak}} = 4.7 \times 10^{34} / \text{cm}^2 / \text{sec}$
nanobeams: vertical beam spot size 300nm (design 50nm)

This is four-times PEP-II peak with much lower beam currents.

>2 x higher than KEKB

Not easy:
ran throughout the two years of the COVID-pandemic with social distancing.

Integrated a BaBar size data sample, 428 fb⁻¹. Need more running time.

world record luminosity of $4.71 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ on 22 June 2022, $\beta_y^* = 1.0 \text{ mm}$ in routine operation, also $\beta_y^* = 0.8 \text{ mm}$ demonstrated in both rings – with FCC-ee-style “virtual” crab-waist collision scheme originally developed for FCC-ee (K. Oide)

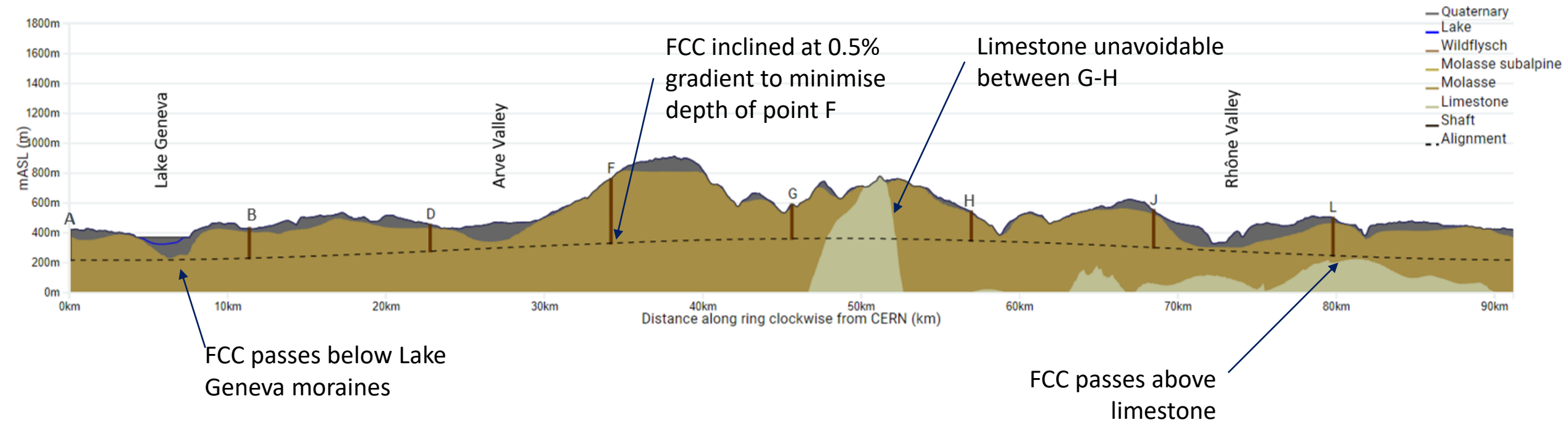
8-site baseline “PA31”

Number of surface sites	8
LSS@IP (PA, PD, PG, PJ)	1400 m
LSS@TECH (PB, PF, PH, PL)	2143 m
Arc length	9.6 km
Sum of arc lengths	76.9 m
Total length	91.1 km

- 8 sites – less use of land, <40 ha instead 62 ha
- Possibility for 4 experiment sites in FCC-ee
- All sites close to road infrastructures (< 5 km of new road constructions for all sites)
- Vicinity of several sites to 400 kV grid lines
- Good road connection of PD, PF, PG, PH suggest operation pole around Annecy/LAPP



FCC Long Section – PA31-1.0

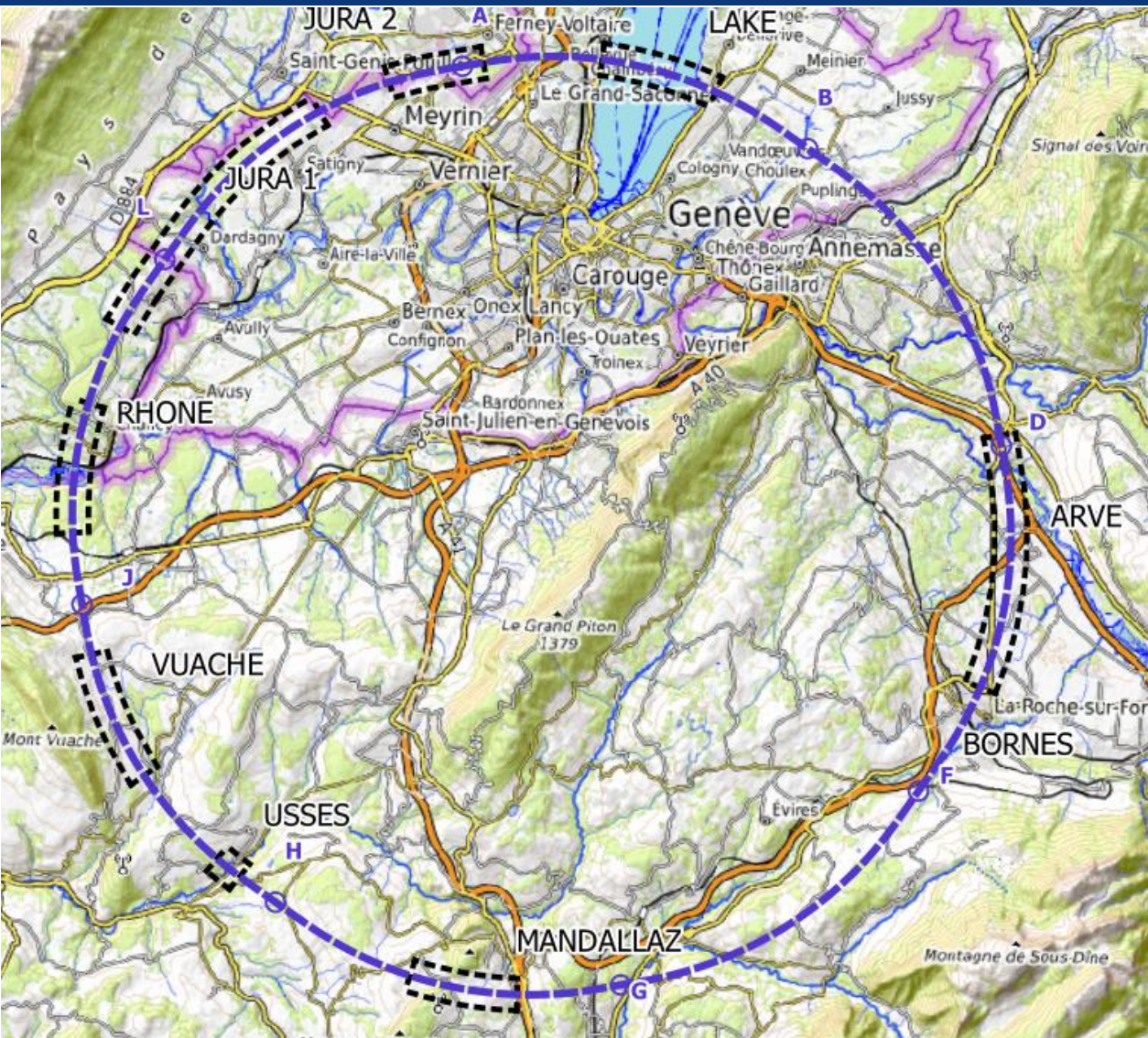


Shaft depth:

A: 202 m B: 200 m D: 177 m F: 399 m G: 228 m H: 139 m J: 251 m L: 253 m

John Osborne

plans for high-risk area site investigations



JURA, VUACHE (3 AREAS)

- Top of limestone
- Karstification and filling-in at the tunnel depth
- Water pressure

LAKE, RHÔNE, ARVE AND USSES VALLEY (4 AREAS)

- Top of the molasse
- Quaternary soft grounds, water bearing layers

MANDALLAZ (1 AREAS)

- Water pressure at the tunnel level
- Karstification

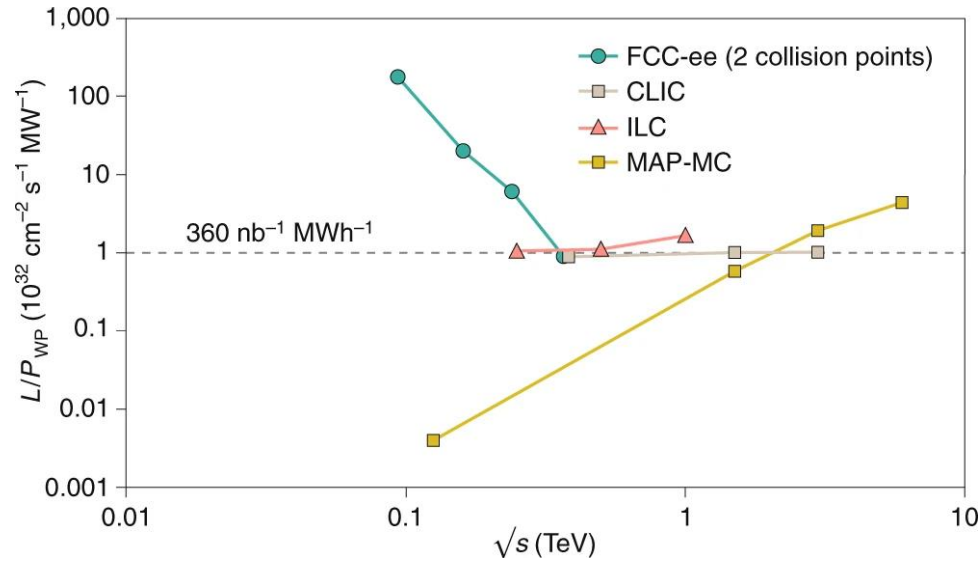
BORNES (1 AREA)

- High overburden molasse properties
- Thrust zones

Site investigations planned for 2024 – 2025:
~40-50 drillings, some 100 km of seismic lines

highly sustainable Higgs factory

luminosity vs. electricity consumption



Thanks to twin-aperture magnets, thin-film SRF, efficient RF power sources, top-up injection

optimum usage of excavation material
int'l competition "mining the future®"

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1001465/>

FCC-ee annual energy consumption ~ LHC/HL-LHC

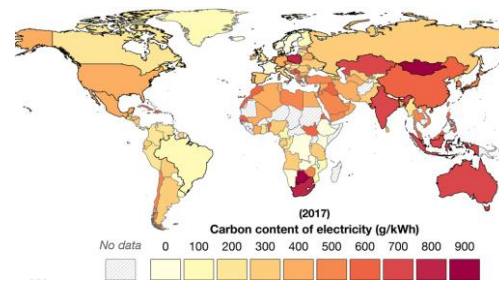
120 GeV	Days	Hours	Power OP	Power Com	Power MD	Power TS	Power Shutdown		
Beam operation	143	3432	293					1005644	MWh
Downtime operation	42	1008	109					110266	MWh
Hardware, Beam commissioning	30	720		139				100079	MWh
MD	20	480			177			85196	MWh
technical stop	10	240				87		20985	MWh
Shutdown	120	2880					69	199872	MWh
Energy consumption / year	365	8760						1.52	TWh
Average power								174	MW

J.-P. Burnet, FCC Week 2022

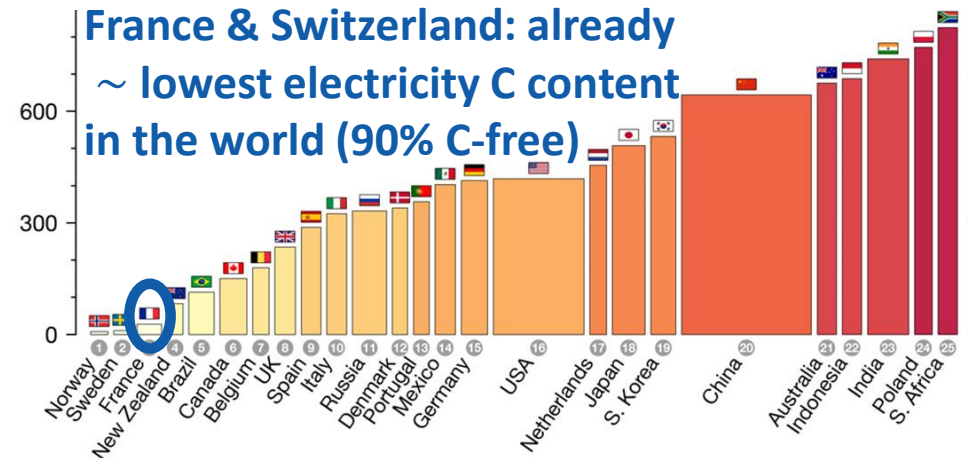
incl. CERN site & SPS

CERN Meyrin, SPS, FCC	Z	W	H	TT
Beam energy (GeV)	45.6	80	120	182.5
Energy consumption (TWh/y)	1.82	1.92	2.09	2.54

powered by mix of renewable & other C-free sources



<https://www.carbonbrief.org/>



TWh / year for the "Higgs factory" centre-of-mass energy

Patrick Janot

$\sqrt{s} = 240$ GeV for CEPC/FCC-ee, 250 GeV for ILC/C³, 380 GeV for CLIC

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1178975/>

CLIC	ILC	C ³	FCC-ee	CEPC
0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	2.0

Energy consumption in MWh / Higgs

CLIC	ILC	C ³	CEPC	FCC-ee
30	20	21	10	3.3

becomes 2 MWh / Higgs
for FCC-ee with 4 IPs

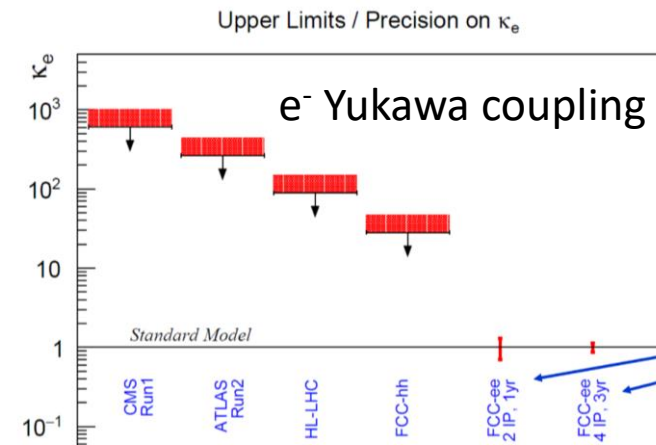
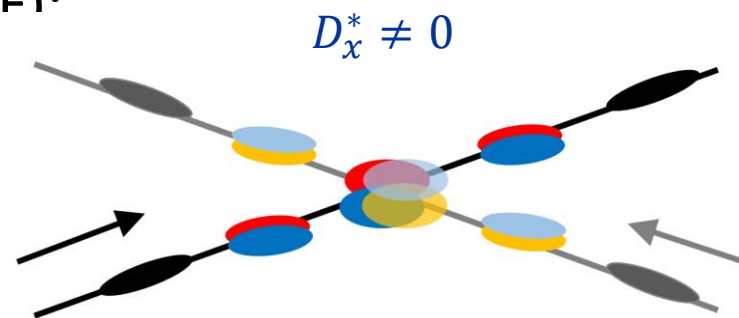
Present carbon footprint for electrical energy in tons CO₂ / Higgs

CLIC@CERN	ILC@KEK	C ³ @FNAL	CEPC@China	FCC-ee@CERN
2.1	7.8	8.5	6.1	0.24

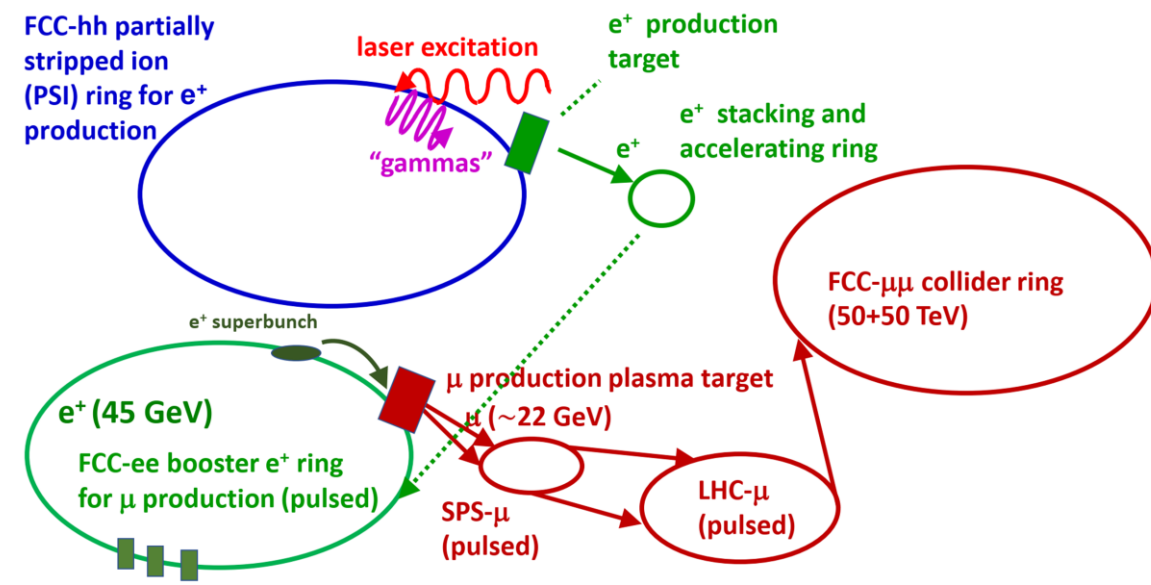
0.14 ton CO₂ / Higgs for FCC-ee with 4 IPs

- FCC-ee: not only Higgs, but **Z and W factory** (TeraZ); **$t\bar{t}$ upgrade** (~ 1 BCHF).
- optional **direct s-channel Higgs production** at 125 GeV with **monochromatization**
- **civil construction & technical infrastructures shared with [and prepare] 100 TeV hadron collider FCC -hh – stage 2 of FCC integrated program** (next slide)
- numerous other possible extensions (ep/eA/AA, Gamma Factory, LEMMA-type μ collider FCC- $\mu\mu$? ..., ERL upgrade? ...)

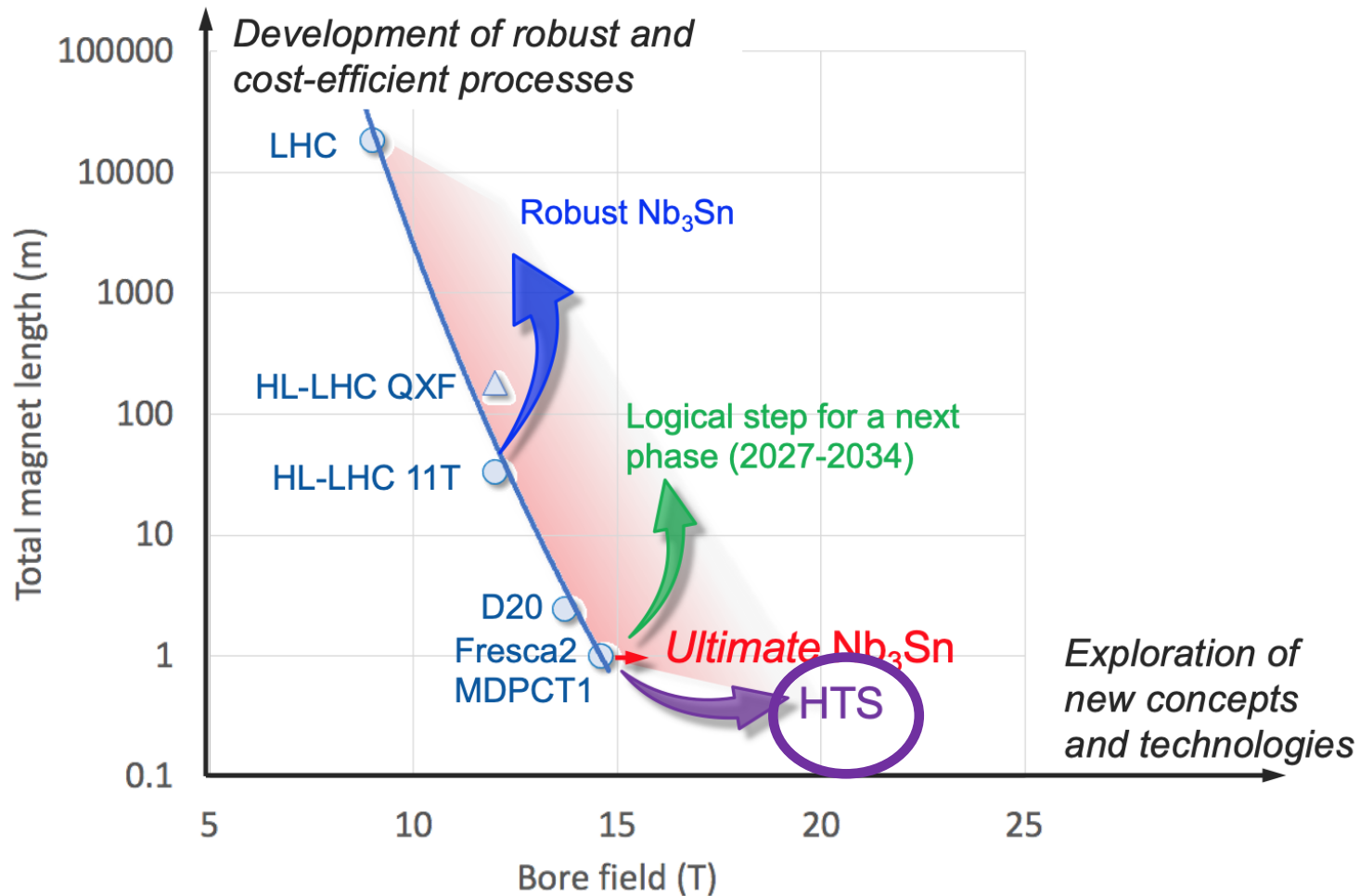
A. Faus-Golfe et al., Eur. Phys. J. Plus, 137 (2022) 31



F. Zimmermann et al., PAC'22, Bangkok, WEPOST009



In parallel to FCC studies, High Field Magnet development program as long-term separate R&D project



CERN budget for high-field magnets doubled in 2020 Medium-Term Plan (~ 200 MCHF over ten years)

Main R&D activities:

- ❑ materials: goal is ~16 T for Nb₃Sn, at least ~20 T for HTS inserts
- ❑ magnet technology: engineering, mechanical robustness, insulating materials, field quality
- ❑ production of models and prototypes: to demonstrate material, design and engineering choices, industrialisation and costs
- ❑ infrastructure and test stations: for tests up to ~ 20 T and 20-50 kA

Detailed deliverables and timescale being defined through Accelerator R&D roadmap under development

FCC CDR published in 2018/19



- **FCC-Conceptual Design Reports:**

- Vol 1 Physics, Vol 2 FCC-ee, Vol 3 FCC-hh, Vol 4 HE-LHC

- CDRs published in **European Physical Journal C (Vol 1) and ST (Vol 2 – 4) [Springer]**

EPJ C 79, 6 (2019) 474 , EPJ ST 228, 2 (2019) 261-623 ,

EPJ ST 228, 4 (2019) 755-1107 , EPJ ST 228, 5 (2019) 1109-1382

- EPJ is a merger and continuation of *Acta Physica Hungarica*, *Anales de Fisica*, *Czechoslovak Journal of Physics*, *Fizika A*, *Il Nuovo Cimento*, *Journal de Physique*, *Portugaliae Physica* and *Zeitschrift für Physik*. 25 European Physical Societies are represented in EPJ, including the DPG.

- **Summary documents provided to EPPSU SG**

- FCC-integral, FCC-ee, FCC-hh, HE-LHC

- Accessible on <http://fcc-cdr.web.cern.ch/>

High-priority future initiatives:

An **electron-positron Higgs factory is the highest-priority next collider**. For the longer term, the European particle physics community has the ambition to operate a **proton-proton collider at the highest achievable energy**. Accomplishing these compelling goals will require innovation and cutting-edge technology:

“the particle physics community should ramp up its **R&D effort** focused on advanced accelerator technologies, in particular that for **high-field superconducting magnets, incl. high-temperature superconductors**”

“Europe, together with its international partners, should investigate the **technical and financial feasibility of a future hadron collider at CERN with a centre-of-mass energy of at least 100 TeV** and with an **electron-positron Higgs and electroweak factory as a possible first stage**. Such a feasibility study of the colliders and related infrastructure should be established as a global endeavour and be **completed on the timescale of the next Strategy update..**”

2013 ESPPU requested FCC Conceptual Design four-volume report → 4 volumes delivered in 2018/19, describing the physics cases, the design of the lepton and hadron colliders, and the underpinning technologies and infrastructures. Fol-

2020 ESPPU → 2021 Launch of FCC Feasibility Study (FCC FS) by CERN Council

- Feasibility Study Report (FSR) expected by the end of 2025, not only the technical design, but also numerous other key feasibility aspects, including tunnel construction, financing, and environment
- FSR will be an important input to the next ESPPU expected in 2026/27.

FCC FS is organized as international collaboration.

The FCC FS and a possible future project will profit from CERN's decade-long experience with successful large international accelerator projects, e.g., the LHC and HL-LHC, and the associated global experiments, such as ATLAS and CMS.

Organisational Structure of the FCC Feasibility Study

<http://cds.cern.ch/record/2774006/files/English.pdf>

Main Deliverables and Timeline of the FCC Feasibility Study

<http://cds.cern.ch/record/2774007/files/English.pdf>

CERN/SPC/1155/Rev.1
CERN/3566/Rev.2
Original: English
21 June 2021

ORGANISATION EUROPÉENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLÉAIRE
CERN EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

<i>Action to be taken</i>	<i>Timing Procedure</i>	
For decision	RESTRICTED COUNCIL 2019 th Session 17 June 2021	Simple majority of Member States represented and voting

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER FEASIBILITY STUDY:
PROPOSED ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

This document sets out the proposed organisational structure for the Feasibility Study of Future Circular Collider, to be carried out in line with the recommendations of the Europe Strategy for Particle Physics updated by the CERN Council in June 2020. It reflects discussion, and feedback received from, the Council in March 2021 and is now submitted for the latter approval.

CERN/SPC/1161
CERN/3588
Original: English
21 June 2021

ORGANISATION EUROPÉENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLÉAIRE
CERN EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

<i>Action to be taken</i>	<i>Timing Procedure</i>	
For information	RESTRICTED COUNCIL 2019 th Session 17 June 2021	-

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER FEASIBILITY STUDY:
MAIN DELIVERABLES AND MILESTONES

This document describes the main deliverables and milestones of the study being carried out to assess the technical and financial feasibility of a Future Circular Collider at CERN. The results of this study will be summarised in a Feasibility Study Report to be completed by the end of 2025.

Post FS & ESPPU2027: Project Cost & Profile

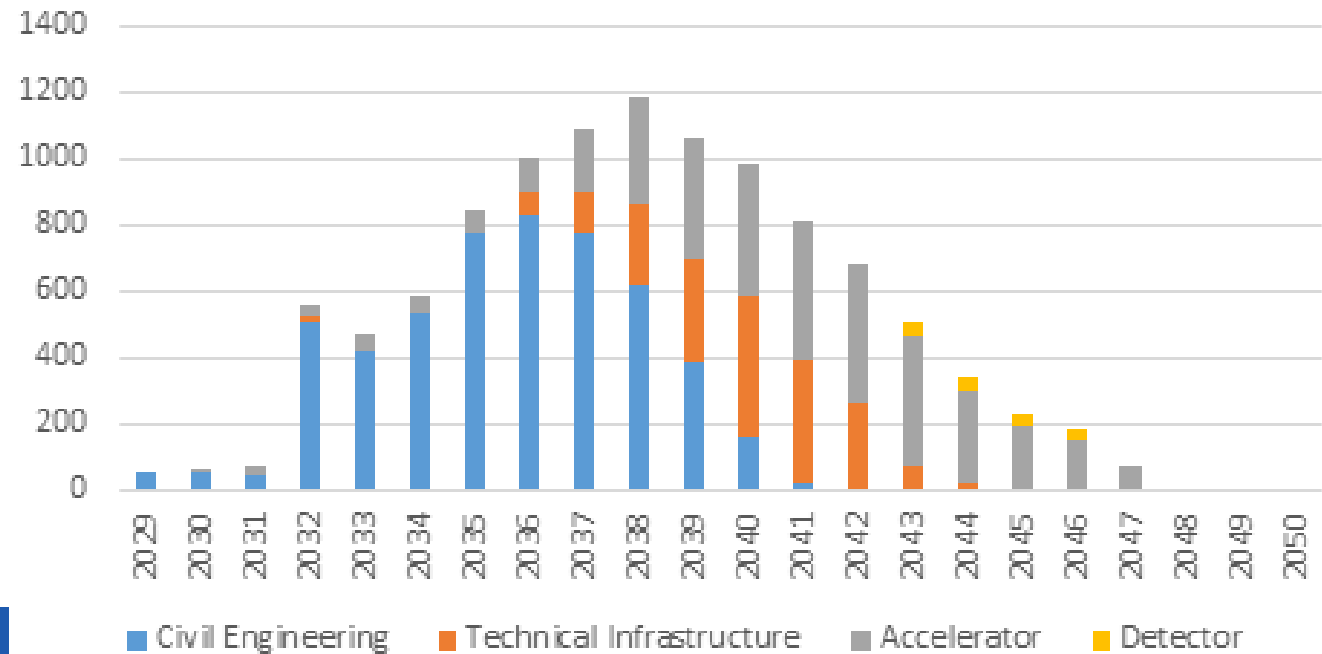
Construction cost estimate for FCC-ee (from CDR 2018, update in 2025)

- Machine configurations for Z, W, H working points included
- Baseline configuration with 2 detectors
- CERN contribution to 2 experiments incl.

cost category	[MCHF]	%
civil engineering	5.400	50
technical infrastructure	2.000	18
accelerator	3.300	30
detector	200	2
total cost (2018 prices)	10.900	100

Spending profile for FCC-ee

- CE construction 2032 - 2040
- Technical infrastructure 2037 - 2043
- Accelerator and experiment 2032 – 2045
- Commissioning and operation start 2045 -2048.



Status of Global FCC Collaboration

Increasing international collaboration as a prerequisite for success:

links with science, research & development and high-tech industry will be essential to further advance and prepare the implementation of FCC

147

Institutes

30

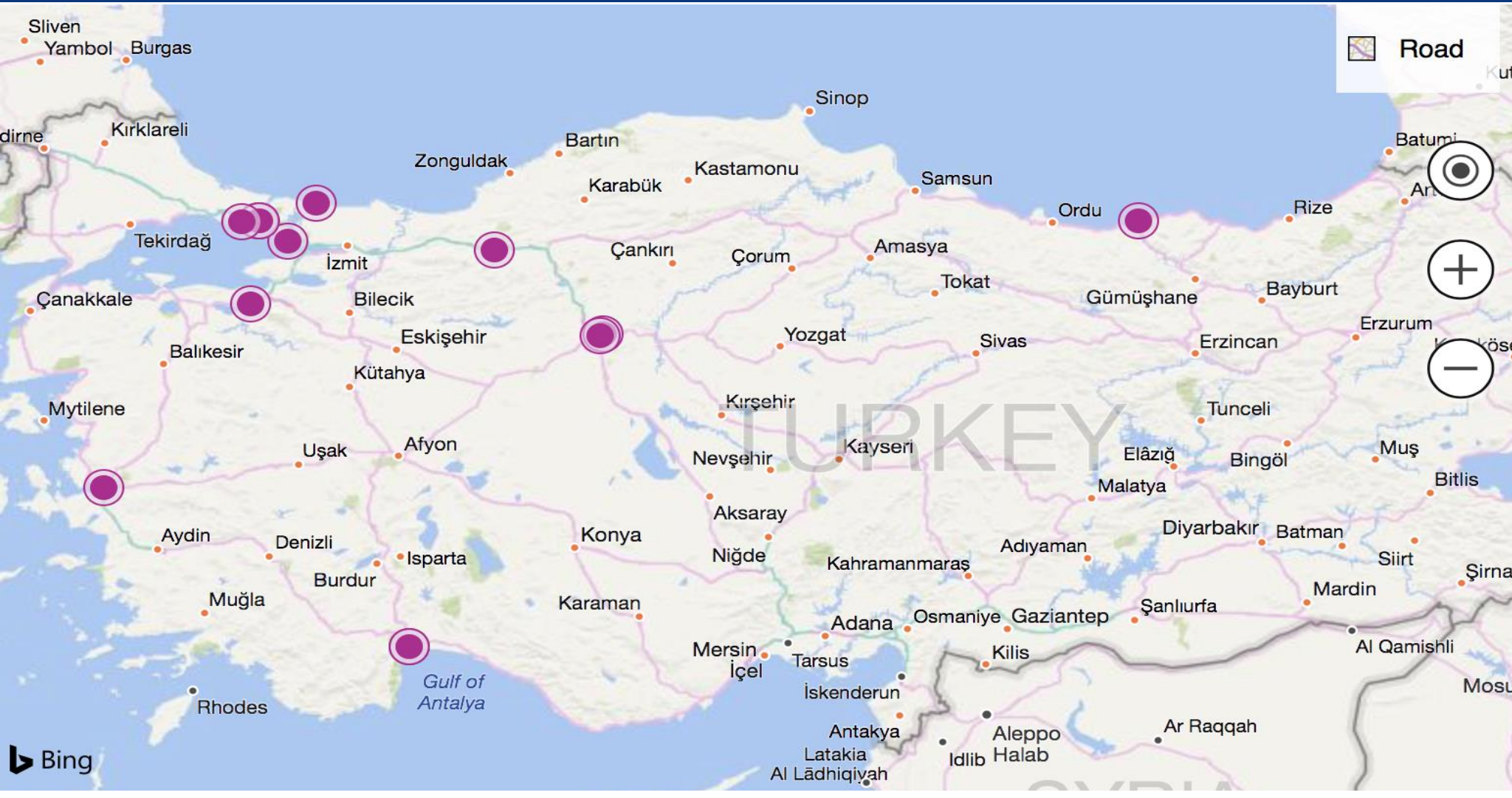
Companies

34

Countries



FCC Feasibility Study: 58 fully-signed previous members, 17 new members. MoU renewal of remaining CDR participants in progress



15 or 16 institutes from Turkey: AIBU, Bolu; Akdeniz U, Antalya; Ankara U, Tandoğan/ Ankara; EgeU, Bornova-Izmir; Giresun U, Giresun; Isik U, Sile, Istanbul; Istanbul Aydin U, Istanbul; Istanbul U, Vezneciler-Istanbul; Istinye U, Istanbul; IUE, Balcova-Izmir; IYTE, Urla-Izmir; Kirrikale U; Okan U, Istanbul; PRU, Tuzla/Istanbul; TOBB ETU, Ankara; ULUDAG, Nilüfer-Bursa



**FUTURE
CIRCULAR
COLLIDER**
Innovation Study

Istanbul 2016

FUTURE CIRCULAR COLLIDER

FCC

PHYSICS, DETECTOR
and ACCELERATOR
WORKSHOP
@ ISTANBUL



Future Circular Collider

FCC

PHYSICS,
DETECTOR &
ACCELERATOR
WORKSHOP
@ANTALYA

Antalya 2019



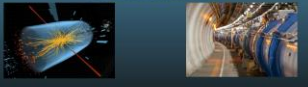
**FCC workshops organized by
Turkish FCC community**

- S. KUDAY (Istanbul Aydın U.)
- B.C. LÜTFÜOĞLU (Akdeniz U.)
- A. OZANSOY (Ankara U.)
- İ. ÖZ (TAEK)
- E. RECEPOĞLU (TAEK)
- S. ŞAHİN (Akdeniz U.)
- K. TAŞDÖVEN (Akdeniz U.)
- Z.Ş. TURHAN IRAK (Iğdır U.)
- E. YILDIZ (Kırıkkale U.)
- A. YÜKSEL (TAEK)

- T.H. MÜTLE (Akdeniz U.)
- W. RIEGLER (CERN)
- S. SULTANSOY (TOBB ETU.)
- A. ŞENOL (BAİB U.)
- G. ÜNEL (UCI & CERN)
- Y. ÖNEL (Iowa U.)
- E.V. ÖZCAN (Bogazici U.)
- M. SELVAGGI (CERN)
- F. ZIMMERMANN (CERN)

CERN Accelerators, Detector, Data
Analysis Workshop

28-29 April 2021
GAZİ ÜNİVERSİTESİ



Organizing Committee

Speakers

Dr. Frank ZIMMERMANN (CERN)
Prof. Dr. Özgür YÜKSEL (Istanbul University)
Prof. Dr. Cengiz ÖZKAN (Istanbul University)
Prof. Dr. İbrahim ÖZKAN (Istanbul University)
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<http://aknam.akdeniz.edu.tr/fcc-workshop/>
aknam@akdeniz.edu.tr

Future Circular
Frank Zimmermann
UPHUK8, Bodrum



Türk Fizik Derneği
Turkish Physical Society



1) The 28 GeV Dimuon Excess in Lepton Specific 2HDM, A. Cici, S. Khalil, B. Niş, C. S. Un, arXiv:1909.02588v1 [hep-ph]

2) Study on Anomalous Neutral Triple Gauge Boson Couplings from Dimension-eight Operators at the HL-LHC, A. Senol, H. Denizli, A. Yilmaz, I. Turk Cakir, O. Cakir., arXiv:1906.04589 [hep-ph].

3) Sensitivity on Anomalous Neutral Triple Gauge Couplings via ZZ Production at FCC-hh, A. Yilmaz, A. Senol, H. Denizli, I. Turk Cakir, O. Cakir., arXiv:1906.03911 [hep-ph].

4) Top quark anomalous FCNC production via Stqg couplings at FCC-hh, K.Y. Oyuilmaz, A. Senol, H. Denizli, O. Cakir, Phys.Rev. D99 (2019) no.11, 115023. 10.1103/PhysRevD.99.115023.

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FCC-Turkey team extremely active and productive

PhD theses

Ozgur ETISKEN, Ankara University, "Pre-Booster Ring Design for FCC-e+e- Injector complex", CERN/Ankara

Umit KAYA, Ankara University, "Search for Color Octet Electron (e8) at TeV Energy Scale Colliders"

Kaan Yuksel OYULMAZ, Bolu Abant Izzet Baysal University, "Upgrade and performance studies of CMOS sensors for future colliders"

Salim OGUR, Bogazici University, "Linac and Damping Ring Designs of the future Circular e+e- Collider of CERN", CERN/Bogazici PhD April 2019 – Izter CERN fellow

MSc theses

Yunus Emre OKYAYLI, 2018, "Search for R-parity violation interactions of scalar leptons at future circular collider", Istanbul U.

Gökhan HALİMOĞLU, 2018, "Measurement of lepton + jets at 100 TeV at future circular collider", Istanbul U.

Rokia Omar Ali ALAMIN, 2017, "Anomalous heavy down type b' quark production at the future circular collider", Kastamonu University

Burak HACİŞAHİNOĞLU, 2017, "Search for flavour changing neutral current couplings of higgs-up sector quarks at electron-proton colliders", Istanbul U.

Murat ALTINLI, 2017, "Investigation of gauge boson anomalous couplings with higgs particle at electron-proton colliders", Istanbul U.

Çağla ÇAĞLAR, 2019, "Search for quarkonium consists of E6 model predicted isosinglet quark at future colliders", Ege University

Alev Ezgi DEMİRCİ, 2017, "Production and decay channels of charged higgs boson at high energy hadron colliders", Ankara U.



Simulation Tools: PyELOUD, CST

PyELOUD

- 2D Electrostatic PIC simulation
- effects of space charge and secondary electrons are included
- adaptive scheme to control the number of electrons per macro particle during the simulation
- ELOUD and Furman-Pivi SEY models



G. Iadarola, "Electron cloud studies for CERN particle accelerators and simulation code development" PhD Thesis, U. Naples, CERN-THESIS-2014-047, (2014).

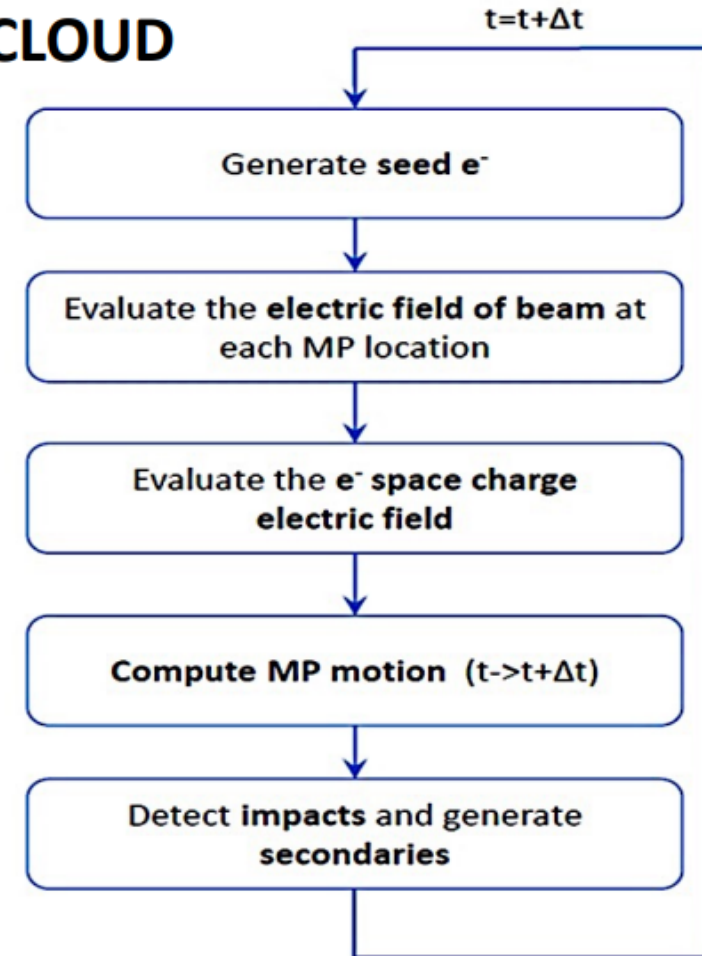


N.Hilleretetal., "Secondary electron emission data for the simulation of electron cloud", Proc. of ELOUD'02, Geneva, Switzerland, CERN-2002-001, (2002).

CST-PS

- 3D Electromagnetic PIC simulation
- effects of space charge and secondary electrons are included
- Furman-Pivi SEY model
- Photoemission mechanism is not included in this work

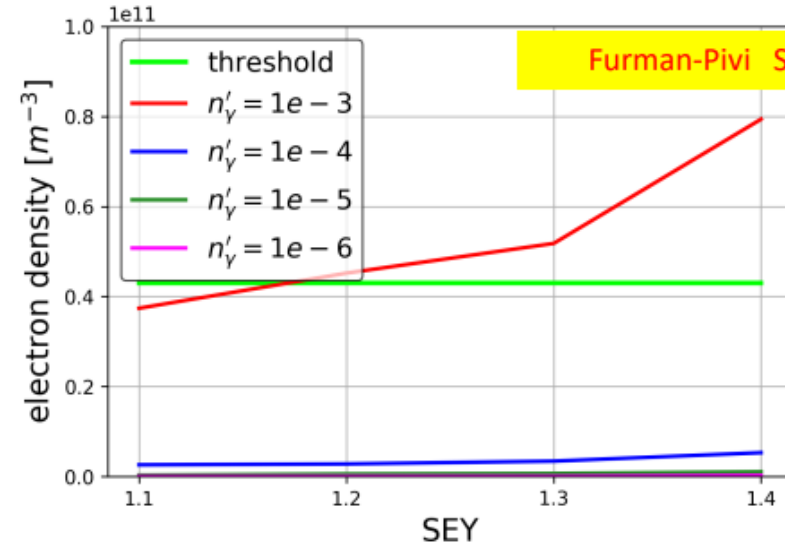
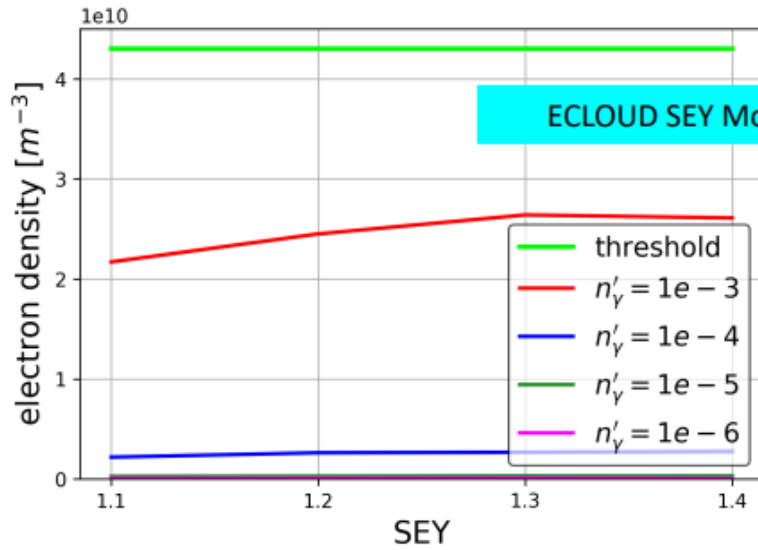
PyELOUD



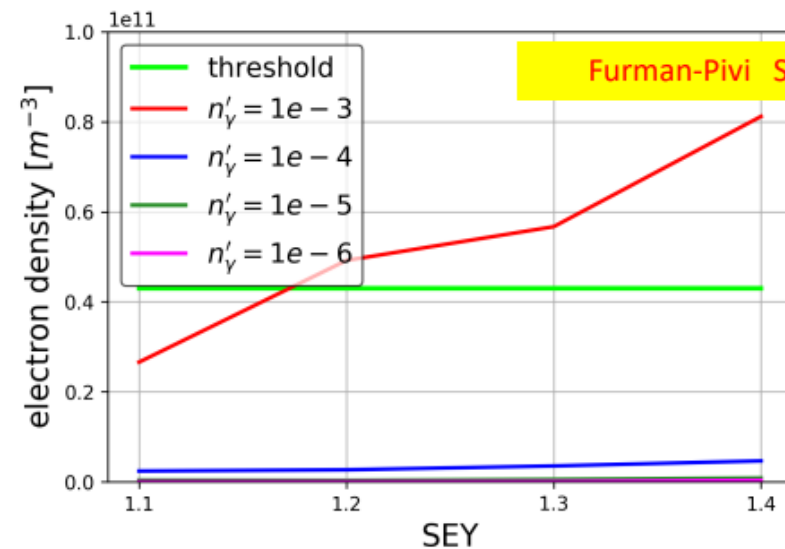
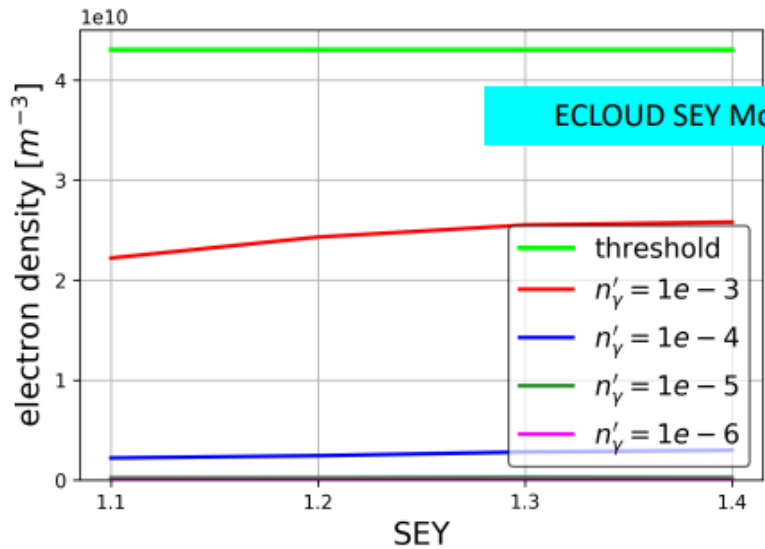
with the courtesy of G. Iadarola

Average of min. for center e^- density, FCCee Collider Arc Dipole **Fatih Yaman**

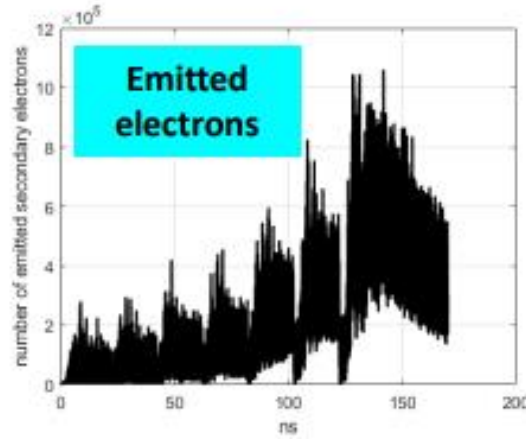
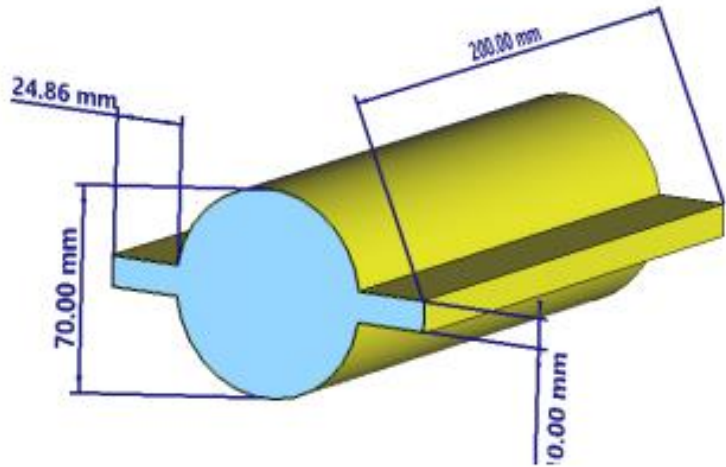
bunch space : 30 [ns]



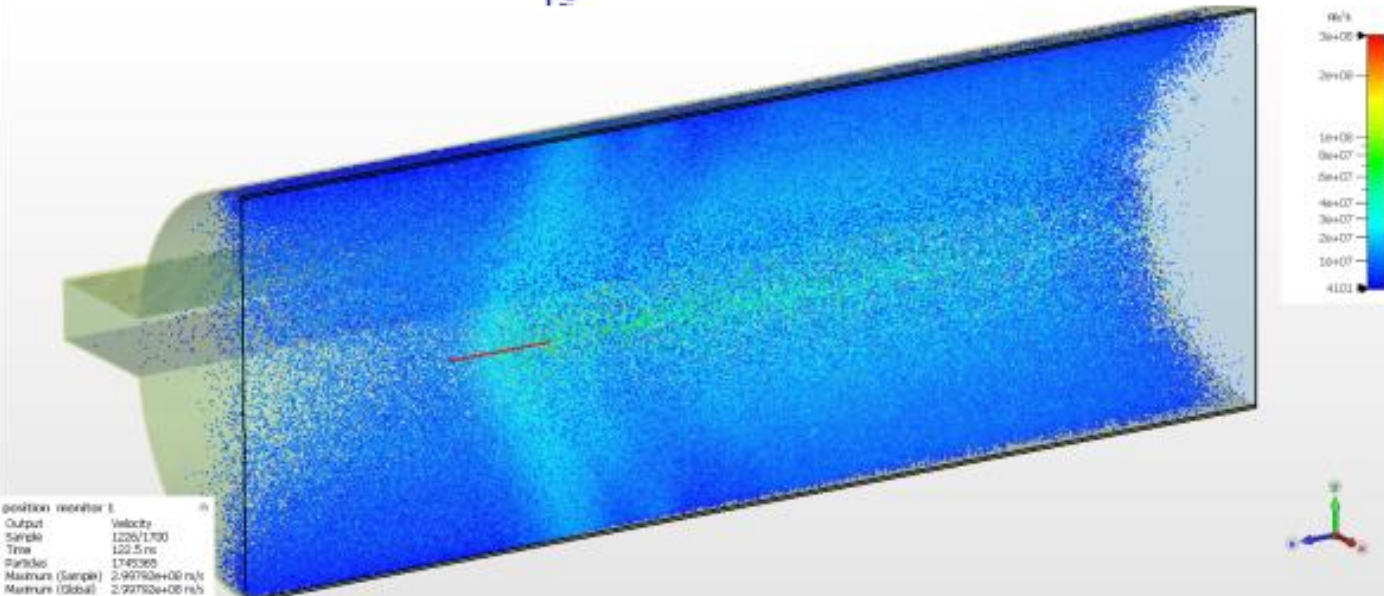
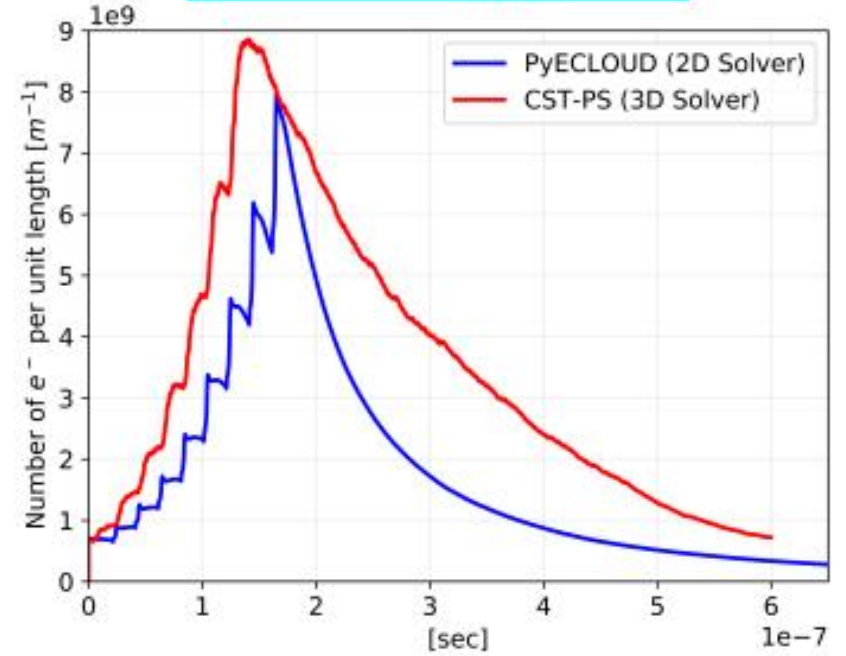
bunch space : 32 [ns]



Electron Cloud Build-up Simulations with CST-PS



FCCee 2IPs Arc Dipole test (circular beam pipe)

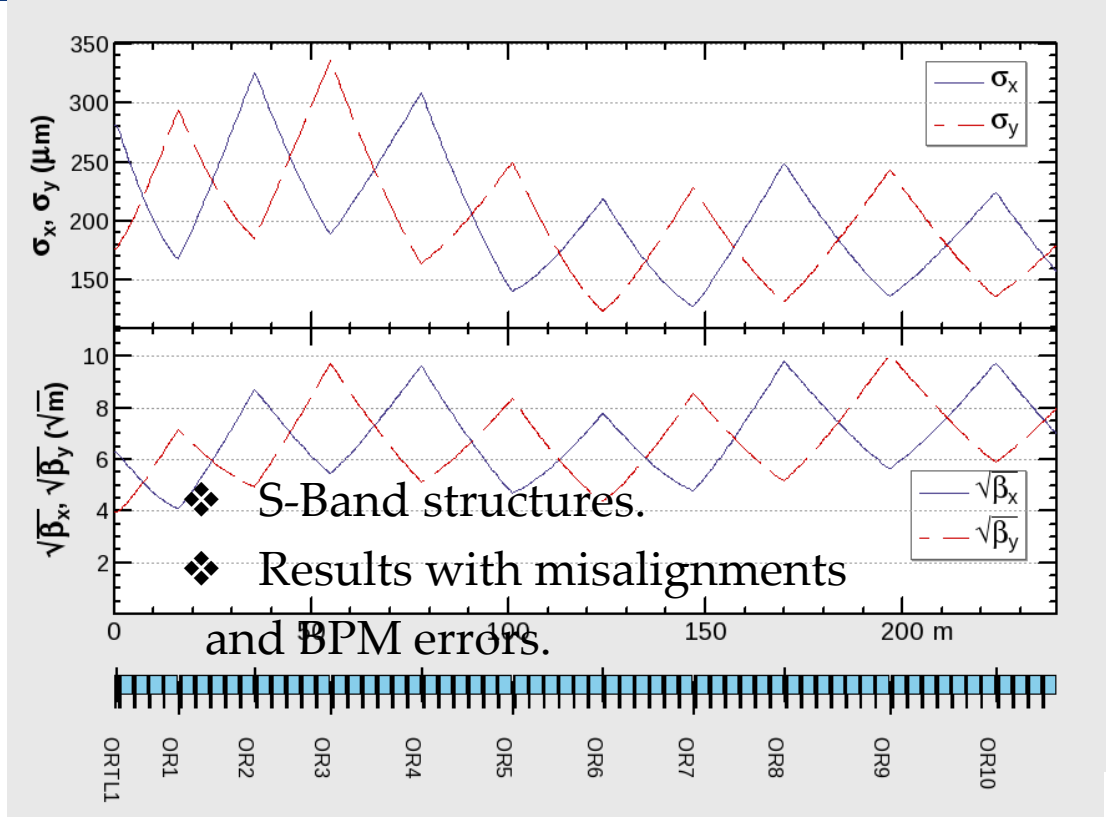


position monitor 1

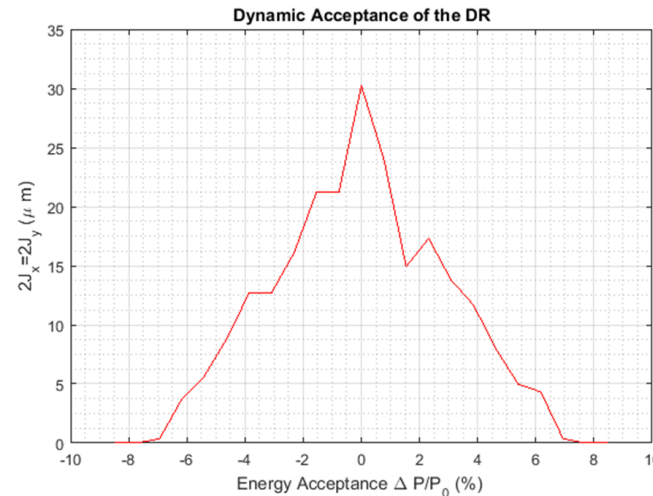
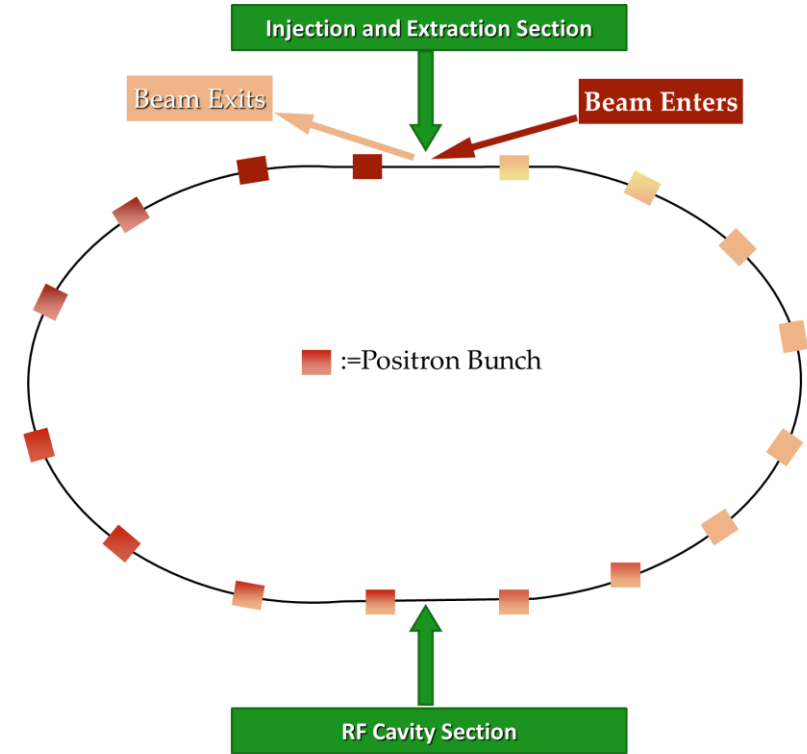
Output	Velocity
Sample	1220/1700
Time	122.5 ns
Particles	1742369
Maximum (Sample)	2.99792e+08 m/s
Maximum (Global)	2.99792e+08 m/s

linac and damping ring design

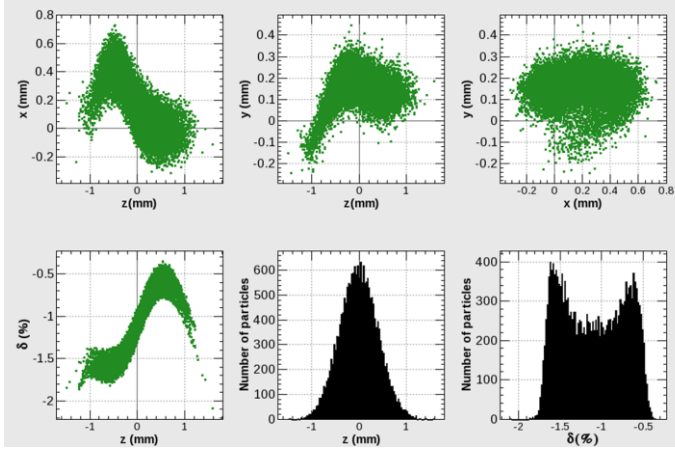
Salim Ogur

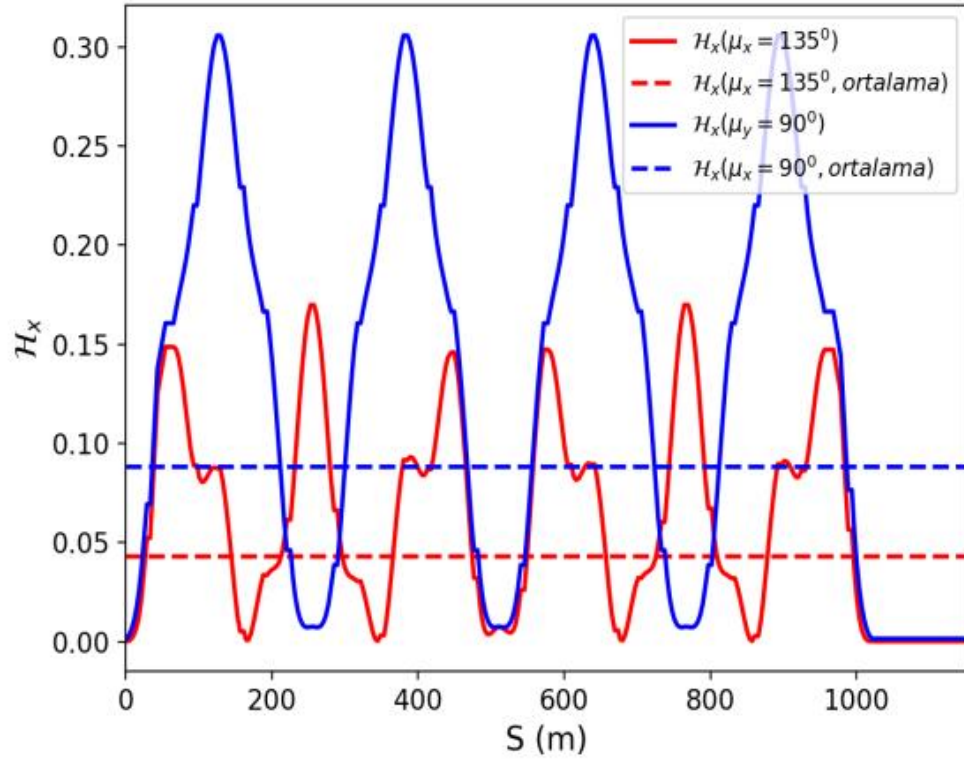


- 2 wigglers each in Straight Sections.
- 400 MHz LHC like 2 SC cavities (1.5 + 2x1 meter long)

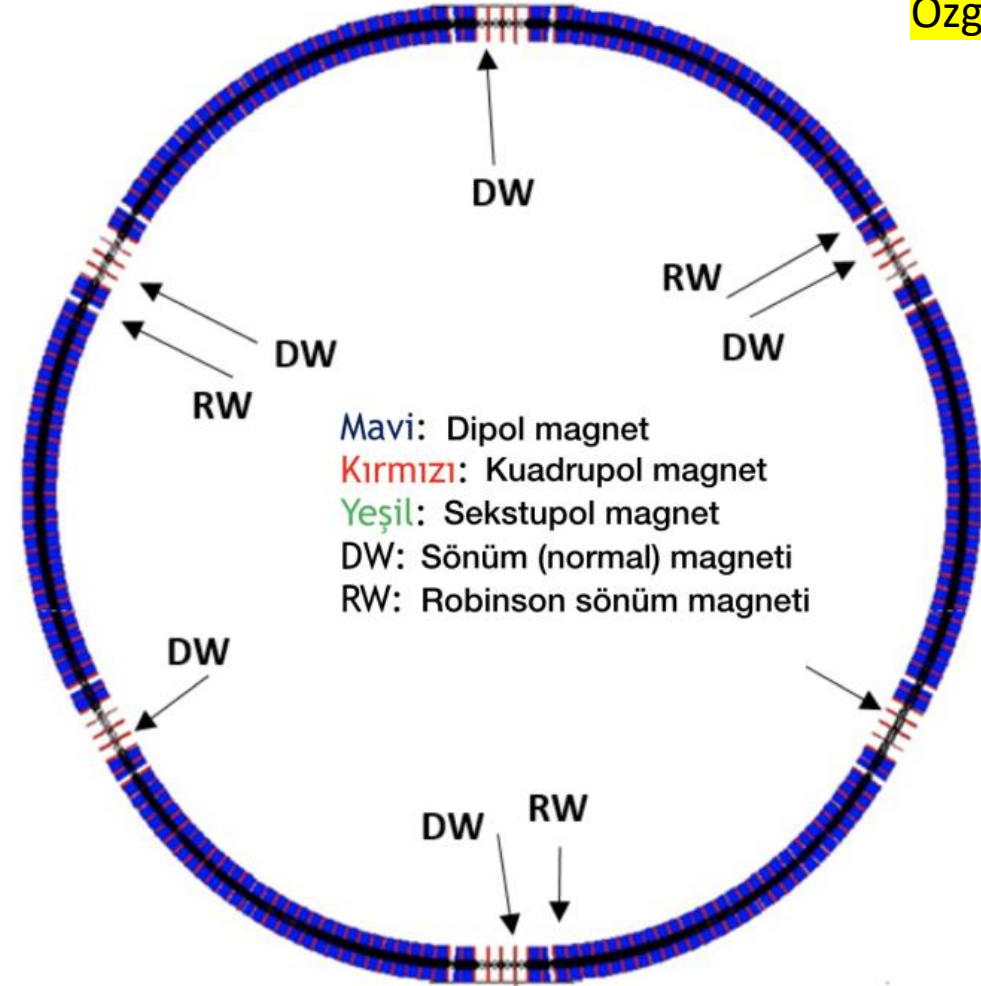


parameter	value
natural emittance (x, y, z)	1.39 nm, 0.28 nm, 1.75 μm
damping time (τ_x, τ_y, τ_z)	10.6/11.0/5.6 ms
bending radius, wiggler field	7.75 m, 1.8 T
acceptance (x, y, z)	22.4 μm , 22.4 μm , 14.7 mm
energy spread	7.74×10^{-4}
bucket height	8.0 %
energy acceptance	± 7.8 %
injected emittance (x, y, z)	1.29, 1.22, 75.5 μm
extracted emittance (x, y, z)	1.81 nm, 0.37 nm, 1.52 μm





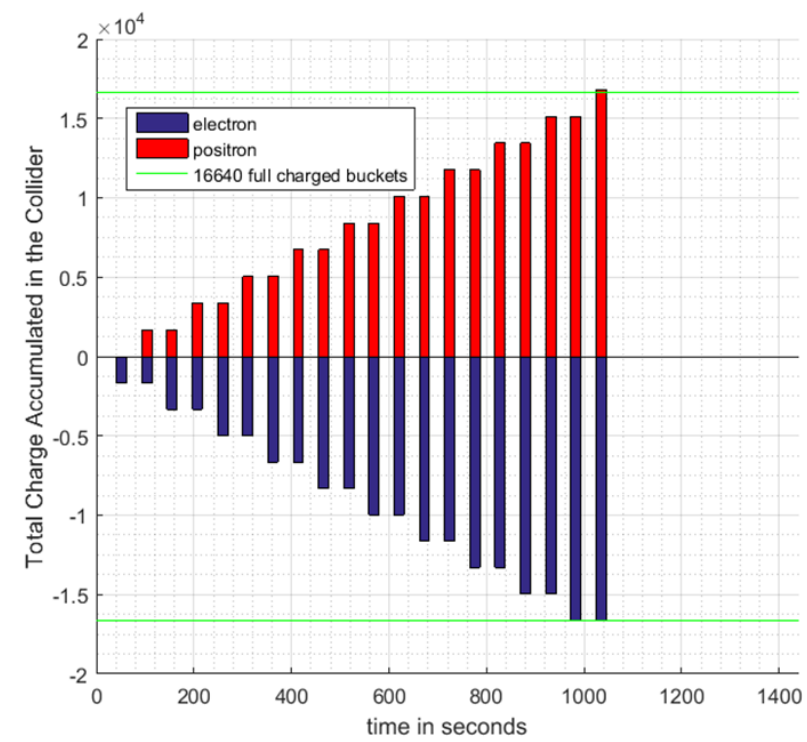
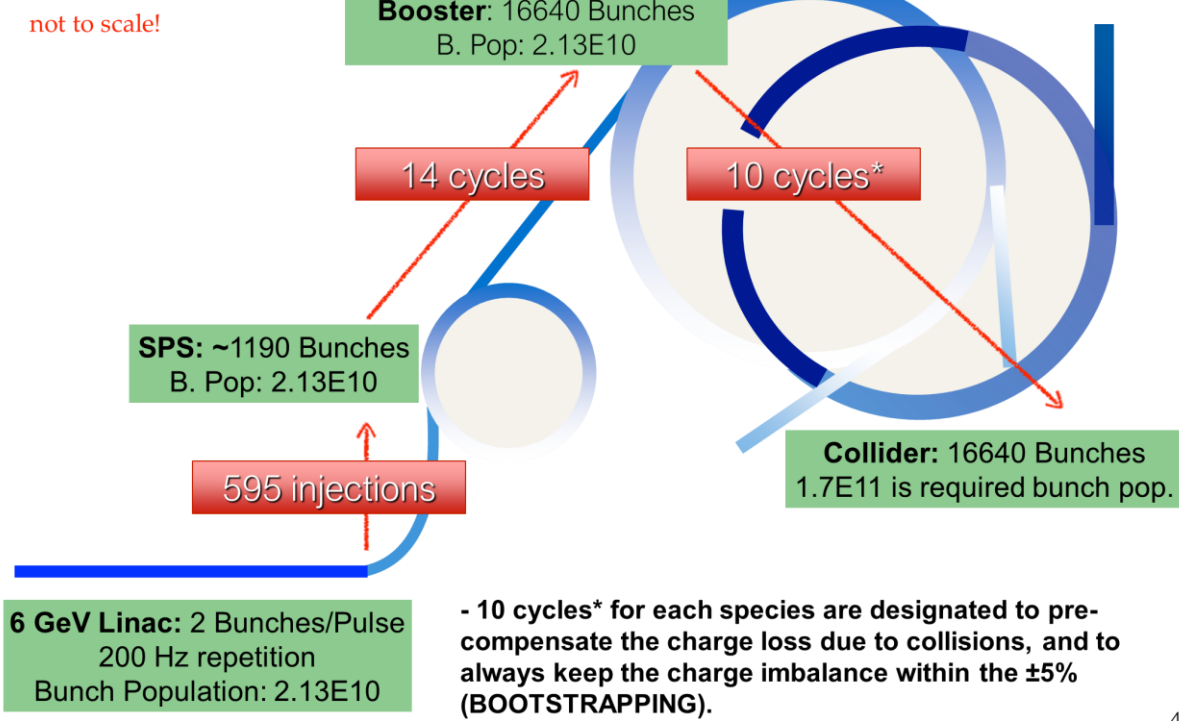
Şekil 4.1 SPS hızlandırıcısı için iki farklı faz ilerlemesine karşılık gelen \mathcal{H}_x fonksiyonu: Mevcut değer (mavi çizgi, 90°) ve optimum değer (kırmızı çizgi, 135°). Ortalama değerler kesikli çizgi ile gösterilmiştir



Şekil 4.6 SPS hızlandırıcısının şematik gösterimi

injector & collider filling schemes

Salim Ogur



4

- Linac up to 6 GeV (Bunch Charge = 3.5×10^{10})
200 Hz 2 bunches of 3.5×10^{10} per RF pulse

90% Transmission between each downstream machines

- SPS (Bucket Charge = 3.15×10^{10}):

Accumulation of 755 Bunches	: 1.89 s
Emittance cooling (Damping time $\tau_x=0.03$ s)	: 0.12 s
Ramp up and down time (6 - 20* GeV)	: 0.28 s (net acceleration gradient= 100 GeV/s)
SPS Cycle time	: 2.29 s

- BR (Bucket Charge = 2.83×10^{10}):

Accumulation of 9060 Bunches	: 27.48 s
Emittance cooling (Damping time $\tau_x=0.1$ s)	: 0.4 s
Ramp up and down time (14 - 45.6 GeV)	: 0.63 s (net acceleration gradient= 100 GeV/s)
BR Cycle time	: 28.53 s

- Collider (Bucket Charge = 2.53×10^{11}):

10 BR Injections i.e. $10 \times 2.53 \times 10^{10} = 2.53 \times 10^{11}$ for each species will result the collider to be filled for Z- mode in 570.6 seconds while luminosity lifetime is 1089 s.

- Linac up to 14-20 GeV:
200 Hz 2 bunches of 3×10^{10} per RF pulse

~ 90% Transmission between each downstream machines

- Top-up Booster (Bucket Charge = 2.8×10^{10}):

Accumulation of 9600 Bunches	: 24 s
Emittance cooling (Damping time $\tau_x=0.1$ s)	: 0.4 s
Ramp up and down time (14 - 45.6 GeV)	: 0.63 s (net acceleration gradient= 100 GeV/s)
BR Cycle time	: 25.03 s

- Collider:

9 BR Injections i.e. $10 \times 90\% \times 2.53 \times 10^{10} = 2.53 \times 10^{11}$ for each species will result the collider to be filled for Z- mode in 500.6 seconds while luminosity lifetime is 1089 s.

Probing top quark FCNC $tq\gamma$ and tqZ couplings at future electron-proton colliders

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Received 26 January 2019; received in revised form 12 May 2019; accepted 13 May 2019

Available online 16 May 2019

Editor: Tommy Ohlsson

Investigating Top-Higgs FCNC Couplings at the FCC-hh

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(Dated: April 29, 2022)

Why should we search for vector-like leptons?

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¹TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

²ANAS Institute of Physics, Baku, Azerbaijan

General structure of democratic mass matrix of quark sector in E_6 model

AIP Conference Proceedings 1722, 070004 (2016); <https://doi.org/10.1063/1.4944158>

R. Ciftci^{1, a)} and A. K. Ciftci^{2, b)}

Probing Anomalous $WW\gamma$ and WWZ Couplings with Polarized Electron Beam at the LHeC and FCC-Ep Collider

I. Turk Cakir, A. Senol, A. T. Tasci, O. Cakir

Investigation of charged Higgs boson in the bottom and top quark decay channel at the FCC-hh

I. Turk Cakir^{a,*}, O. Cakir^b, H. Denizli^c, A. Senol^c, A. Yilmaz^d

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Sensitivity of Top-Higgs Neutral Triple Gauge Couplings via ZZ Production at FCC-hh

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Future Circular Collider Based Lepton-Hadron and Photon-Hadron Colliders: Luminosity and Physics

Y. C. Acar,* A. N. Akay,[†] S. Beser,[‡] and B. B. Oner[§]
TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey

A. C. Canbay[¶] and U. Kaya**
TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey and
Ankara University, Ankara, Turkey

H. Karadeniz^{††}
Giresun University, Giresun, Turkey

S. Sultansoy^{‡‡}
TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara, Turkey and
ANAS Institute of Physics, Baku, Azerbaijan

Sensitivity on anomalous neutral triple gauge couplings via ZZ production at FCC-hh

A. Yilmaz^{1,a)}, A. Senol^{2,b)}, H. Denizli^{2,c)}, I. Turk Cakir^{3,d)}, O. Cakir^{4,e)}

¹ Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Giresun University, 28200 Giresun, Turkey

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³ Department of Energy Systems Engineering, Giresun University, 28200 Giresun, Turkey

⁴ Department of Physics, Ankara University, 06100 Ankara, Turkey

teams in Turkey are extremely productive!



ongoing collaborations

FCC-ee injector design (*Ankara, Bogazici, IEU, Kirikkale....*)

FCC-ee beam dynamics studies (*IYTE,...*)

FCC detector studies (*AIBU, Uludag, ...*)

FCC physics (*Akdeniz, Ankara, Tandogan, EgeU, Giresun, Isik, Istanbul Aydin, Istanbul U, IEU, Okan, PRU, TOBB ETU, ULUDAG...*)

potential further contributions

FCC civil engineering

FCC-ee vacuum system prototype (*IEU* proposal)

FCC-ee damping ring and booster designs (*Ankara, Kirikkale, ...*)



- The European Strategy Update 2020 has issued a high-priority **request for a feasibility study of the FCC integrated programme**, and suggestions for key technology R&D areas
- **Main activities of the FCC Feasibility Study** include concrete local/regional implementation scenario in collaboration with state authorities, accompanied by physics studies and technology R&D, performed in collaboration and supported by EC H2020 **Design Study Phase 1**, to prove FCC feasibility by 2025/26
- Long term goal: **world-leading HEP infrastructure for 21st century** to push the particle-physics **precision and energy frontiers** far beyond present limits.
- **Success of FCC relies on global participation**
- **Strong participation from Turkey with many add'l opportunities !**

Teşekkür ederim !

FCC WEEK

2023

5 – 9 June

STAY
TUNED

