

Light Dark Matter and Neutrino Telescopes

Martin W. Winkler

In Collaboration with R. Kappl, M. Ratz

arXiv:1010.0553 (Phys. Lett. B695)

arXiv:1104.0679

PONT, Avignon

April 21, 2011



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
MÜNCHEN

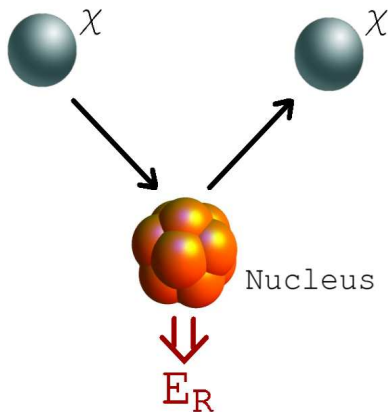
Outline

- 1 Hints for Light Dark Matter
- 2 Indirect Detection of Light Dark Matter
- 3 A Supersymmetric Model
- 4 Conclusion

Direct Detection of WIMPs

- WIMP χ passes detector
 - liquid noble gas (Xenon...)
 - crystal (CRESST...)
- scatters off target nucleus
- $E_R \rightsquigarrow$ Light, Heat

↓
detector signal

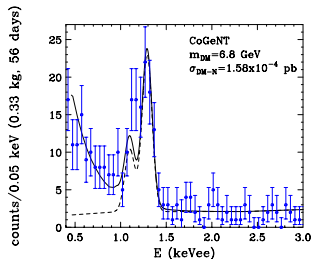
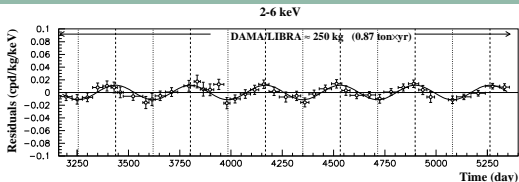


Possible Signals

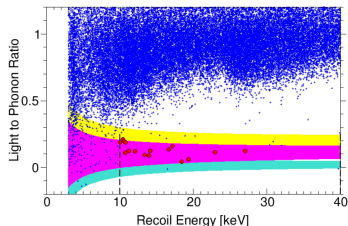
- modulation signal at **DAMA**

Bernabei et al., Eur. Phys.

J. C67 (2010)



Aalseth et al., arXiv:1002.4703 [astro-ph] (2010),
Hooper et al., arXiv:1007.1005 [hep-ph] (2010)

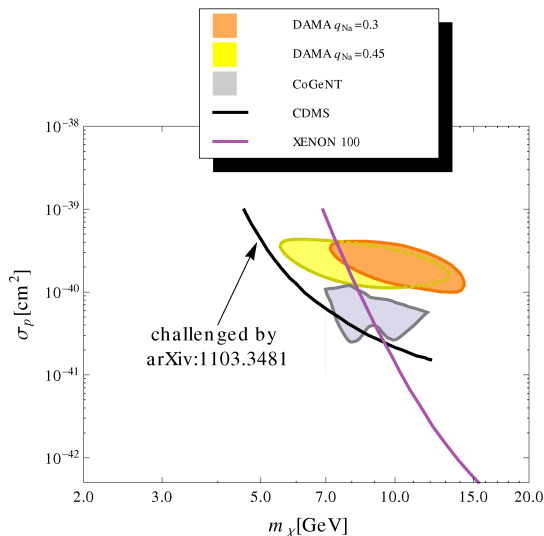


Talks by Seidel and Schwetz at IDM 2010

- **CoGeNT**: exponential rise of events at low energies

- **CRESST**: 32 events in the oxygen band (9 expected)

Confidence Regions and Exclusion Curves



- DAMA, CoGeNT consistent for $q_{\text{Na}} \gtrsim 0.45$
- strong limits
But: experimental uncertainties

XENON 100, Aprile et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **105** (2010),
CDMS, Ahmed et al., arXiv:1011.2482 [astro-ph] (2010)

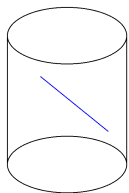
WIMP Capture in the Sun

- WIMPs get trapped in the sun $C_{\odot} \propto \sigma_p$
- Trapped WIMPs annihilate $\rightarrow \nu$ **signal**

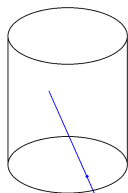
$$\Gamma_{\text{ann}} = \frac{C_{\odot}}{2} \quad (\text{for equilibrium})$$

- ν can be detected at earth (Super-Kamiokande)
- No excess of ν from the sun
 \implies Constraints on σ_p (depend on annihilation-channel)

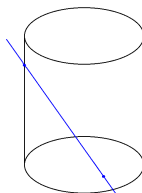
Event Types at Super-Kamiokande



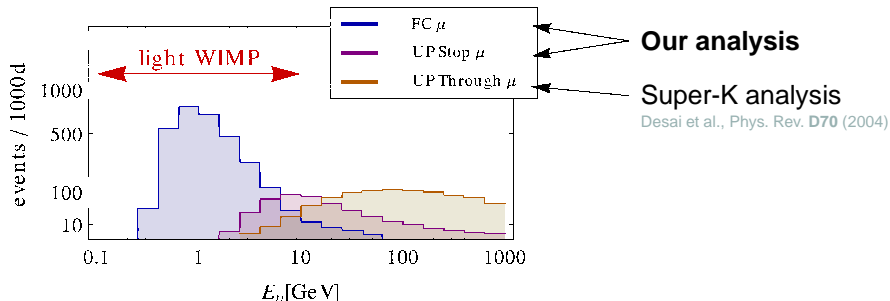
Fully Contained μ



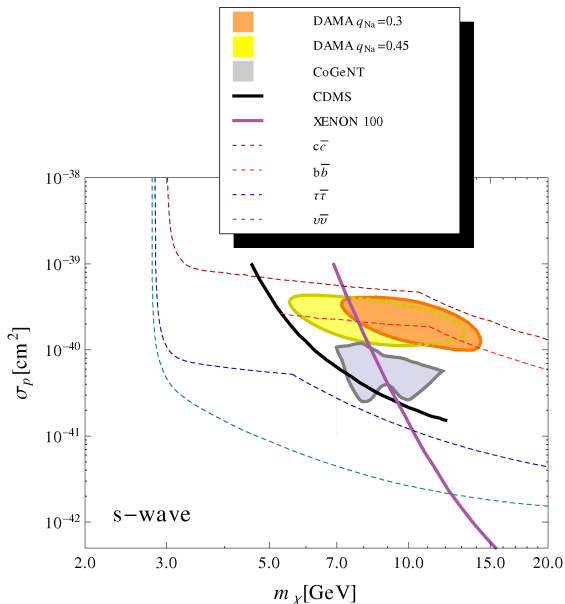
Upward Stopping μ



Upward Through-Going μ



Limits from Super-Kamiokande



CoGeNT, DAMA

- Super-K excludes $\nu\bar{\nu}$, $\tau\bar{\tau}$ channels
- WMAP disfavors $q\bar{q}$, $e\bar{e}$, $\gamma\gamma$, gg

Hütsi et al., arXiv:1103.2766 [astro-ph]

Options

- $\mu\bar{\mu}$ channel
- velocity suppression

MSSM + Singlet

- introduce one singlet superfield

Drees, Int. J. Mod. Phys. **A4** (1989)

$$\mathcal{W} = \mathcal{W}_{\text{MSSM}} + \lambda S H_u H_d + \frac{\mu_s}{2} S^2 + \frac{\kappa}{3} S^3$$

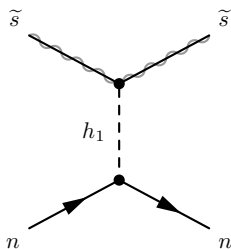
- new particles: singlino \tilde{s} , singlet scalar h_s , pseudoscalar a_s

Assumption	Effect
all singlet mass terms $\mathcal{O}(10 \text{ GeV})$	$m_{\tilde{s}, h_s, a_s} \sim 10 \text{ GeV}$
suppressed λ	MSSM and Singlets “almost decouple” $h_1 = h_s + \varepsilon h$
sizeable κ	significant singlet self-interactions

Singlino Dark Matter

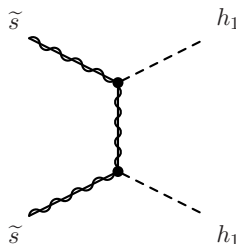
- interesting case: $m_{\tilde{s}} \sim 7 \text{ GeV}$, $m_{h_1} \sim 5 \text{ GeV}$, a_s heavier

Direct Detection



$$\sigma_p \sim 10^{-40} \text{ cm}^2$$

Relic Abundance



$$\Omega_{\tilde{s}} h^2 \sim 0.1$$

- CoGeNT, DAMA, (CRESST) explanation ✓
- indirect detection ✓ (velocity suppression)

Conclusion

- Signals at several DM direct detection experiments might hint at light WIMPs
- Indirect detection requires the light WIMP to
 - annihilate into $\mu\bar{\mu}$, or
 - carry velocity suppression
- A simple singlet extension of the MSSM offers a promising candidate: singlino