



Indirect search for Dark Matter with the ANTARES Neutrino Telescope

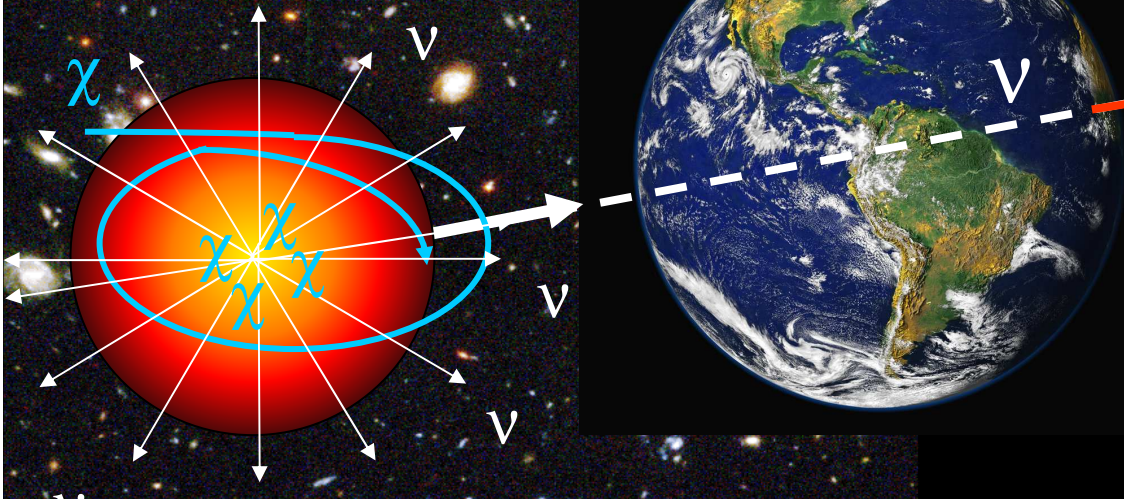
Vincent Bertin - CPPM-Marseille
on behalf of the ANTARES Collaboration

Progress on Old and New Themes in cosmology – Avignon - April 2011

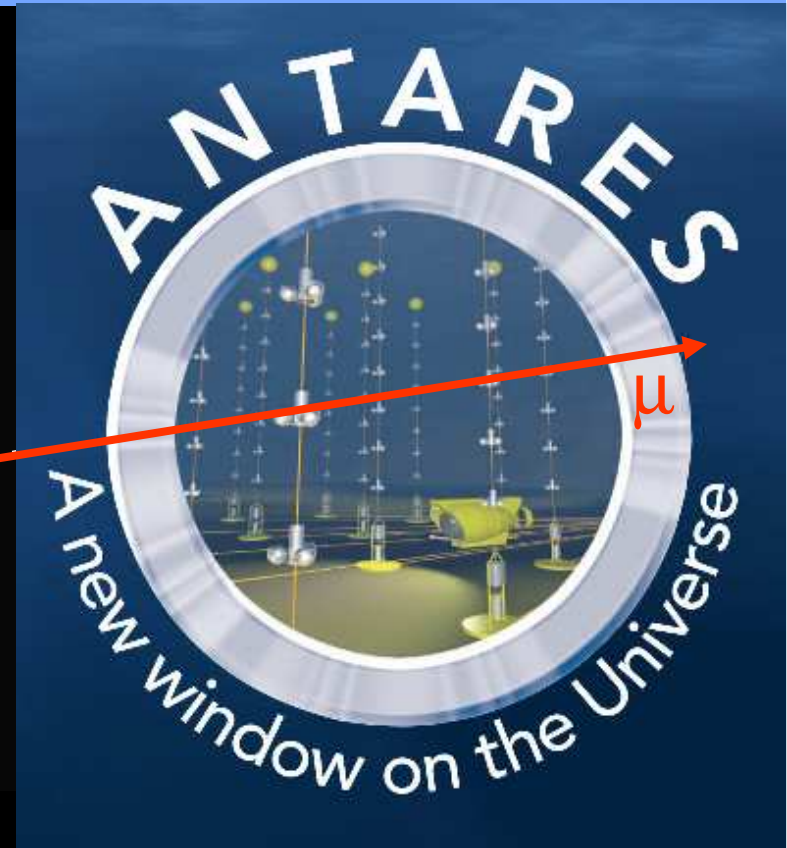


Indirect detection of WIMPs in a neutrino telescope

Relic WIMPs captured in celestial bodies

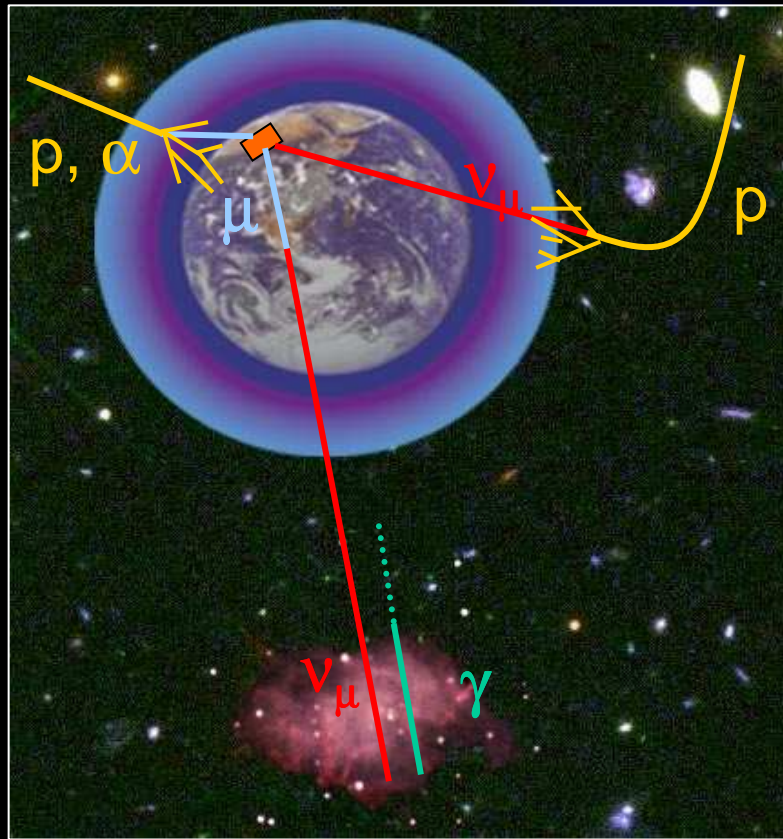


$\chi\chi$ self-annihilations into c, b, t quarks, τ leptons or W, Z, H bosons can produce significant high-energy neutrinos flux



Potential $\chi\chi \rightarrow \nu$ sources are Sun, Earth & Galactic Centre
Signal less affected by astrophysical uncertainties than γ -ray indirect detection

Neutrino telescope: Detection principle



Cherenkov light from μ

3D PMT array

Sea floor

γ_c

43°

interaction

μ

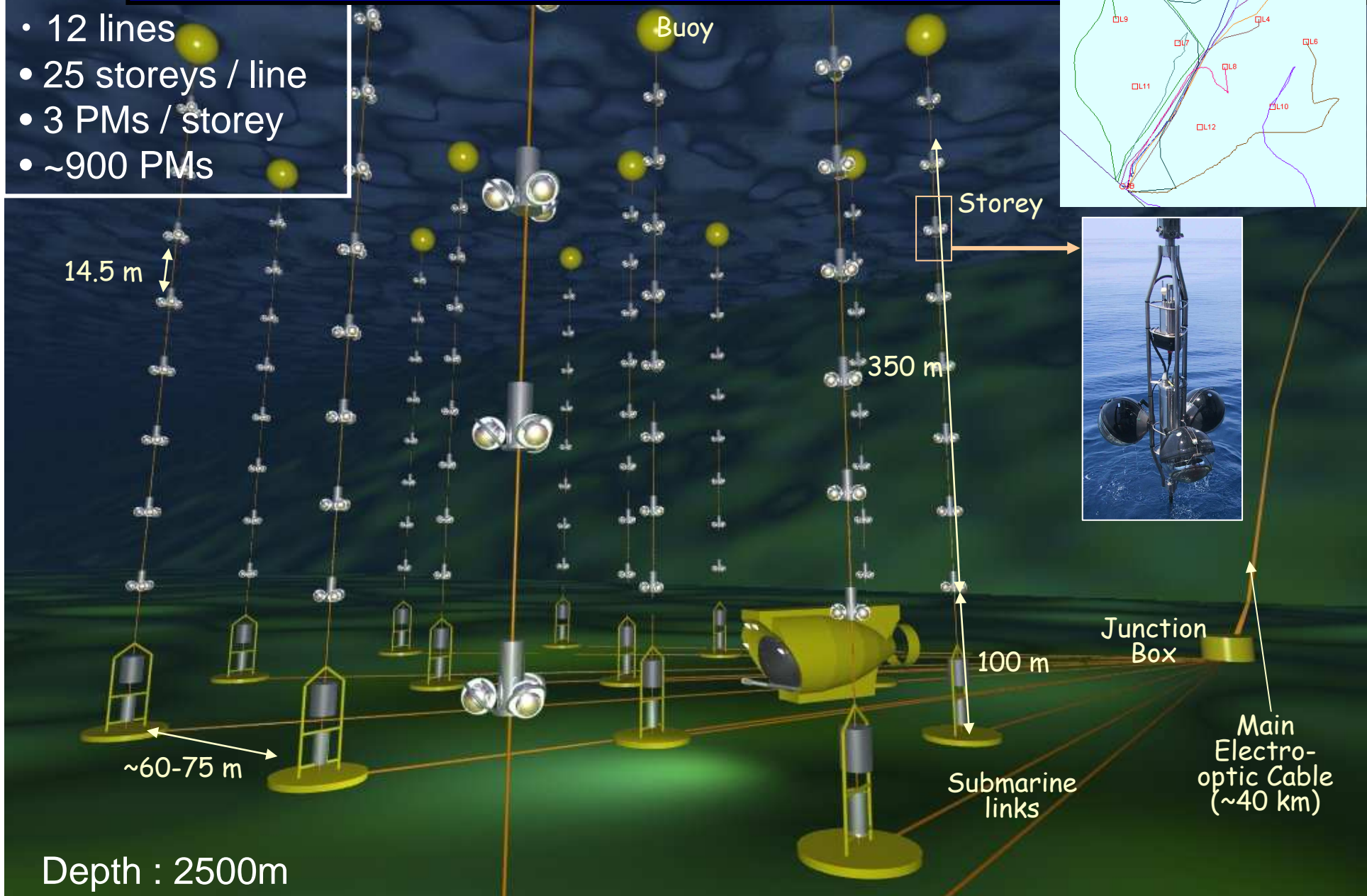
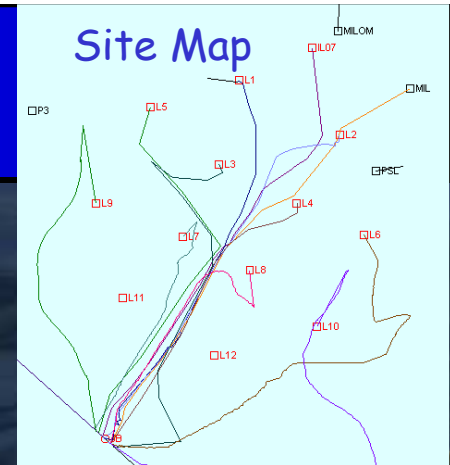
ν

Reconstruction of μ trajectory ($\sim \nu$) from timing and position of PMT hits



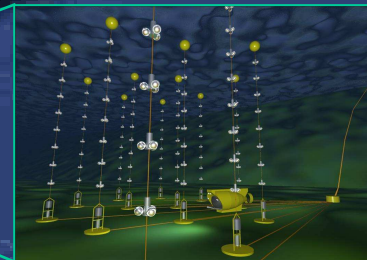
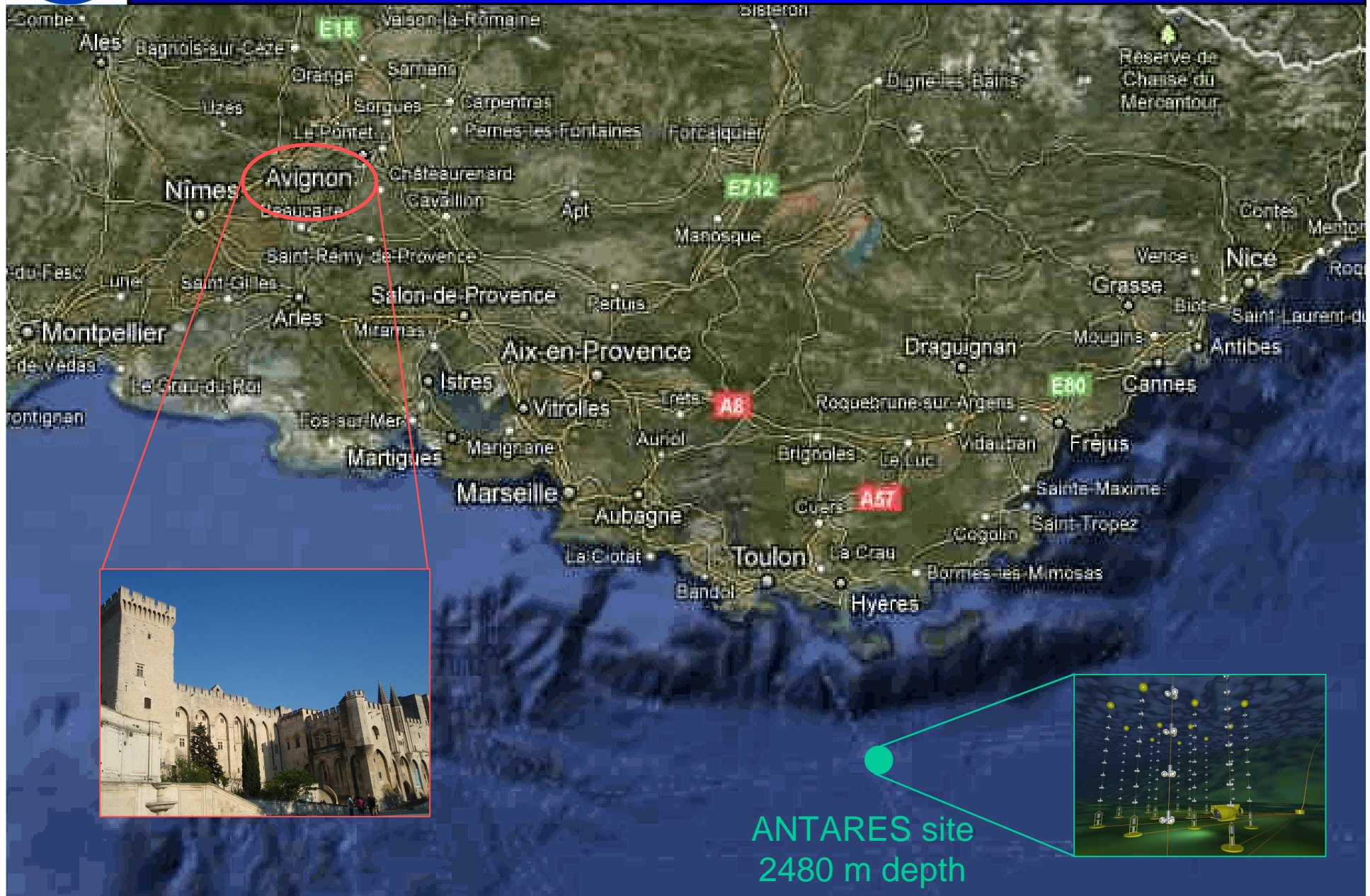
The ANTARES detector

- 12 lines
- 25 storeys / line
- 3 PMs / storey
- ~900 PMs





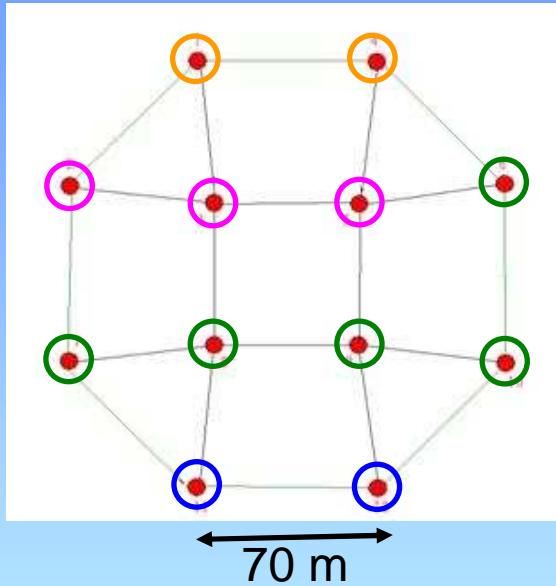
The ANTARES site



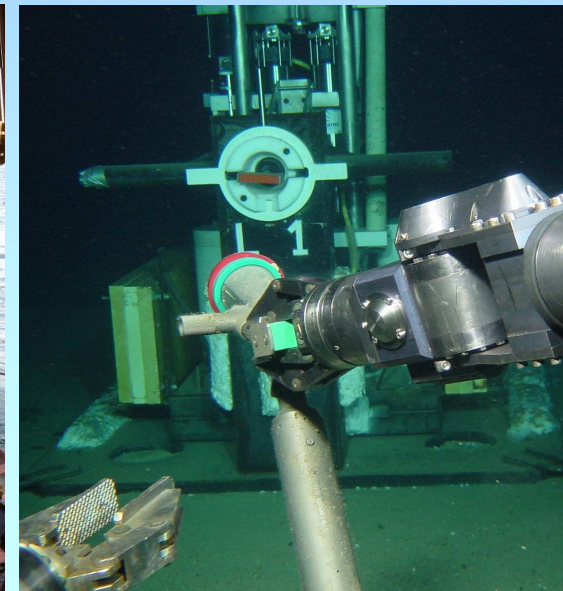
ANTARES site
2480 m depth



2006 – 2008: Building phase of the Detector



- **Line 1, 2:** 2006
- **Line 3, 4, 5:** 01 / 2007
- **Line 6, 7, 8, 9, 10:** 12 / 2007
- **Line 11, 12:** 05 / 2008
- **Detector maintenance** in 2009-2010:
 - 3 lines repaired and reconnected
 - Detector running again with full 12 lines config. since Nov 2010

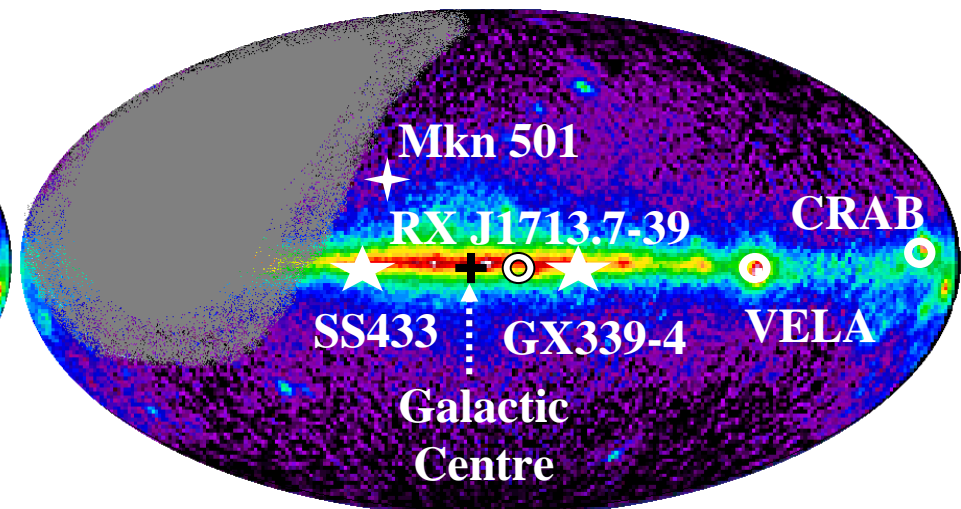
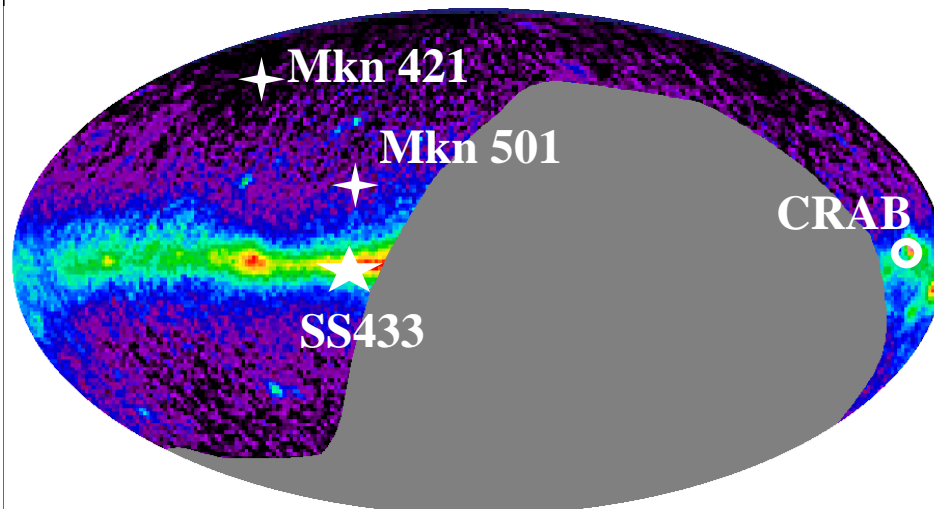
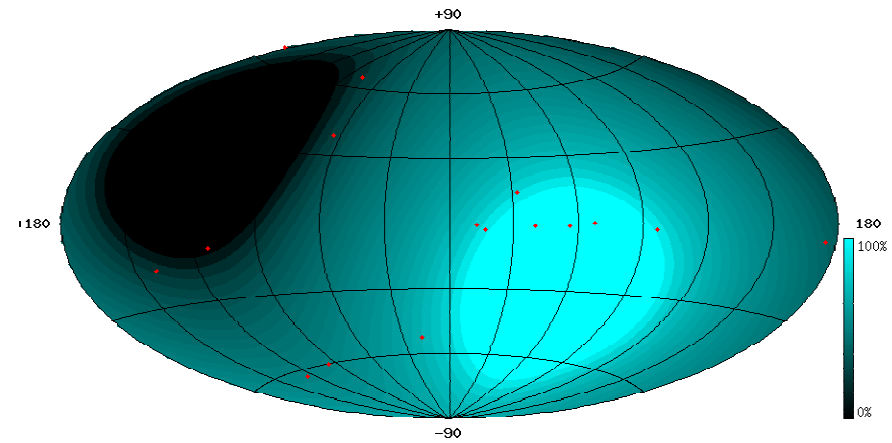
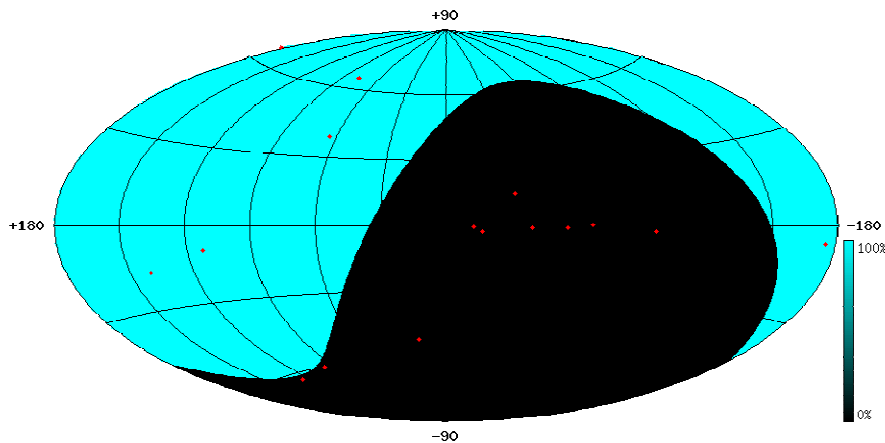




Region of Sky Observable by Neutrino Telescopes

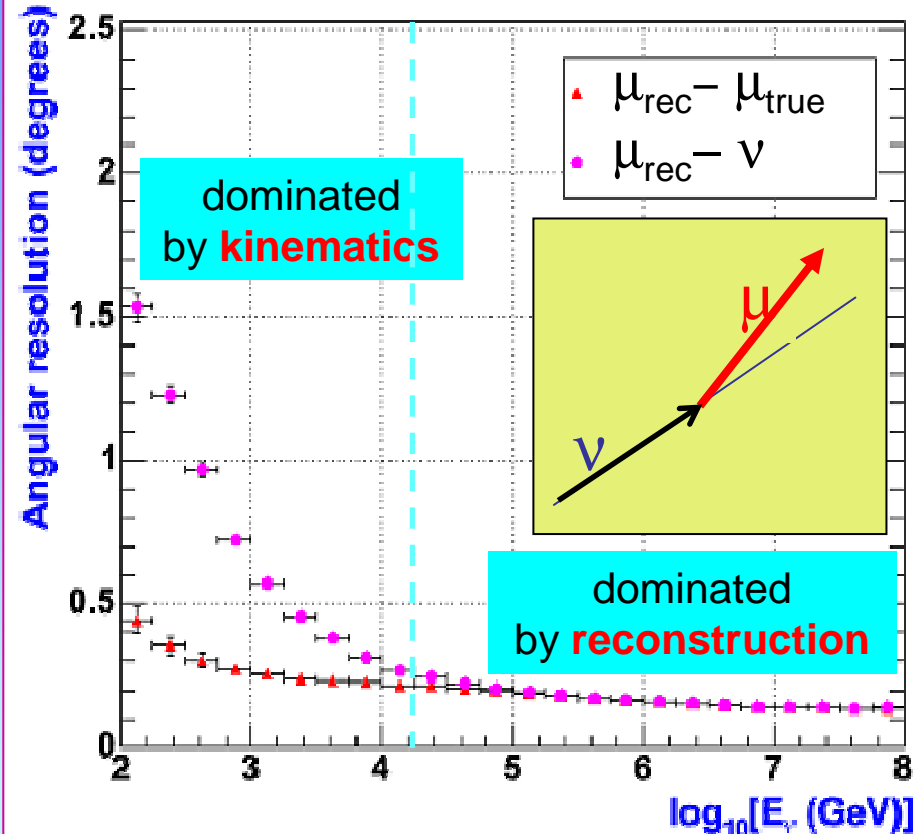
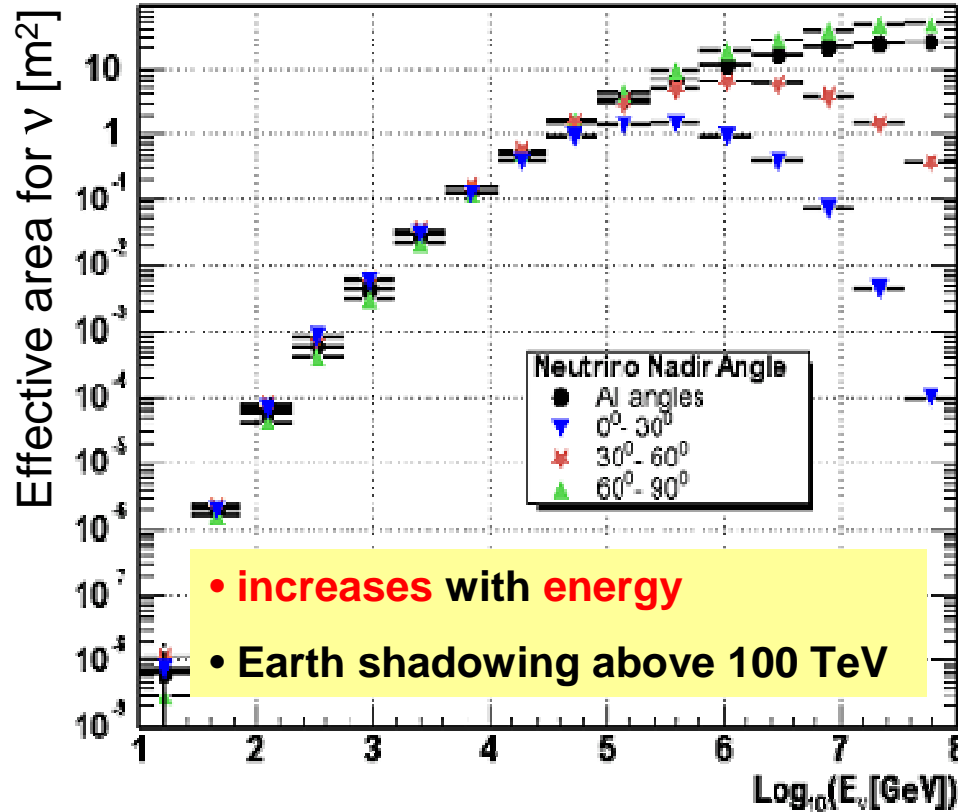


AMANDA/IceCube (South Pole) ANTARES/KM3 (43° North)
(ice: $\sim 2^\circ/0.6^\circ$) Angular resolution (water: $\sim 0.3^\circ/0.2^\circ$)





Expected performance (MC Studies)



Angular resolution better than 0.3° above a few TeV, limited by:

- Light scattering + chromatic dispersion in sea water: $\sigma \sim 1.0$ ns
- TTS in photomultipliers: $\sigma \sim 1.3$ ns
- Electronics + time calibration: $\sigma < 0.5$ ns
- OM position reconstruction: $\sigma < 10$ cm ($\leftrightarrow \sigma < 0.5$ ns)



Neutralino annihilations in the Sun in CMSSM

Study of neutralino Dark Matter sensitivity within SUSY CMSSM framework

Random walk scan within
CMSSM parameter space :

$$0 < m_{1/2} < 2000 \text{ GeV}$$

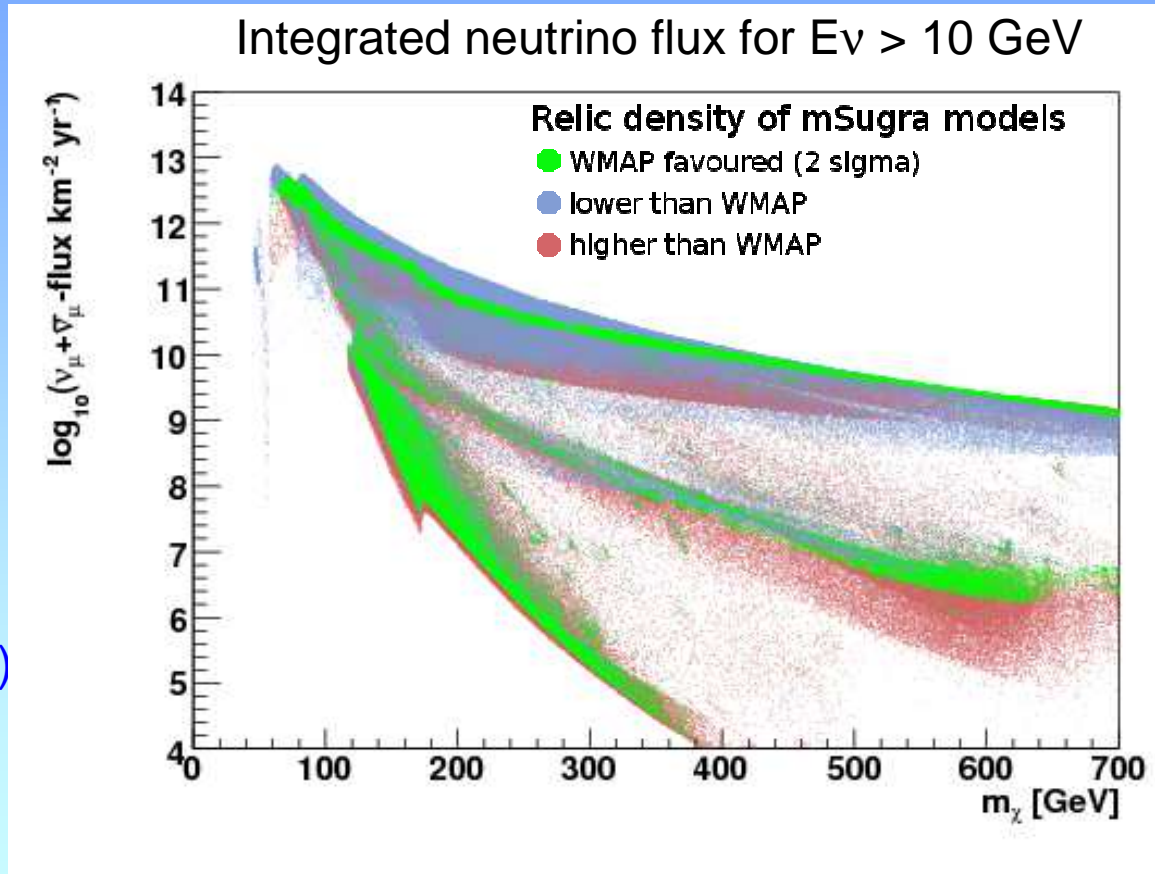
$$0 < m_0 < 8000 \text{ GeV}$$

$$0 < \tan\beta < 60$$

$$-3 m_0 < A_0 < 3 m_0$$

Calculated with DarkSUSY
and ISASUGRA (RGE code)
with $m_{\text{top}} = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$

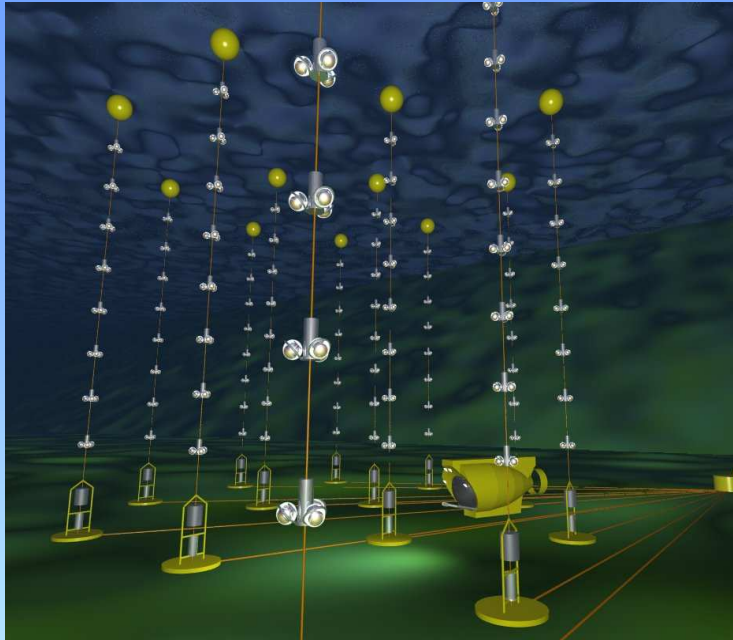
Includes ν oscillation effects
in the Sun and in vacuum



Local ρ_χ : 0.3 GeV/cm^3
Dispersion velocity : $v_\chi = 270 \text{ km/s}$



Low energy performance of the ANTARES detector



V. Bertin - CPPM - PONT - Avignon

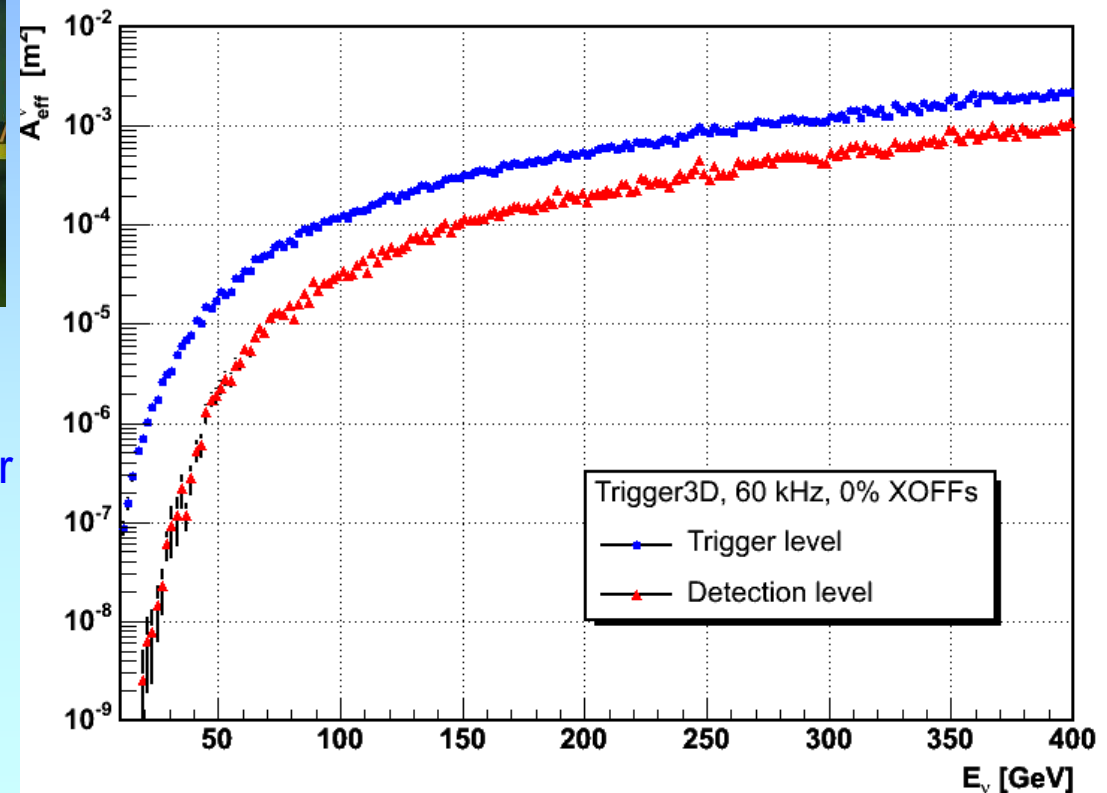
Trigger : Events with hits on at least 5 storeys in whole detector

Detection : Selected after 3D reconstruction with quality cuts

ANTARES Low-Energy Effective Area

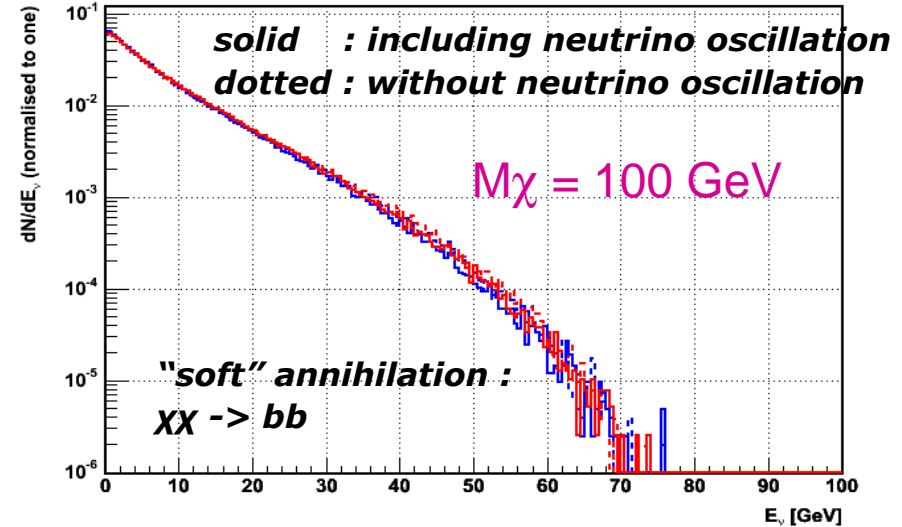
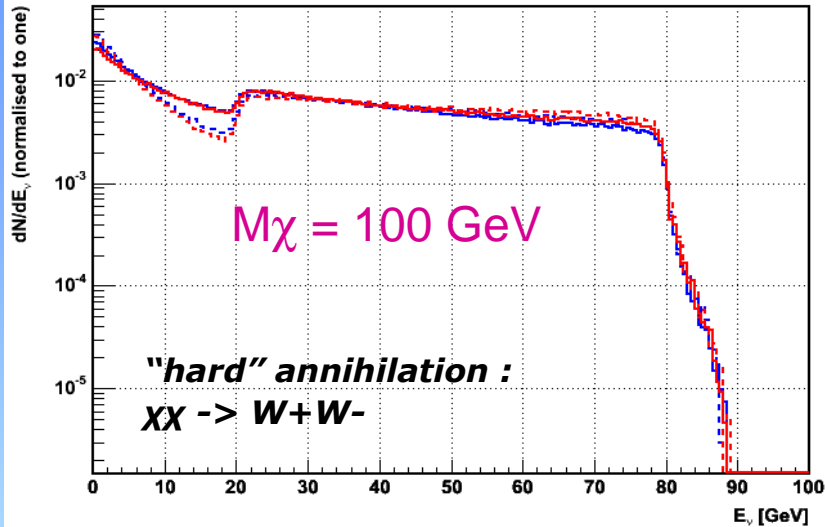
Assume 60 kHz of optical background mean rate

ANTARES Neutrino Effective Area in the low-energy regime

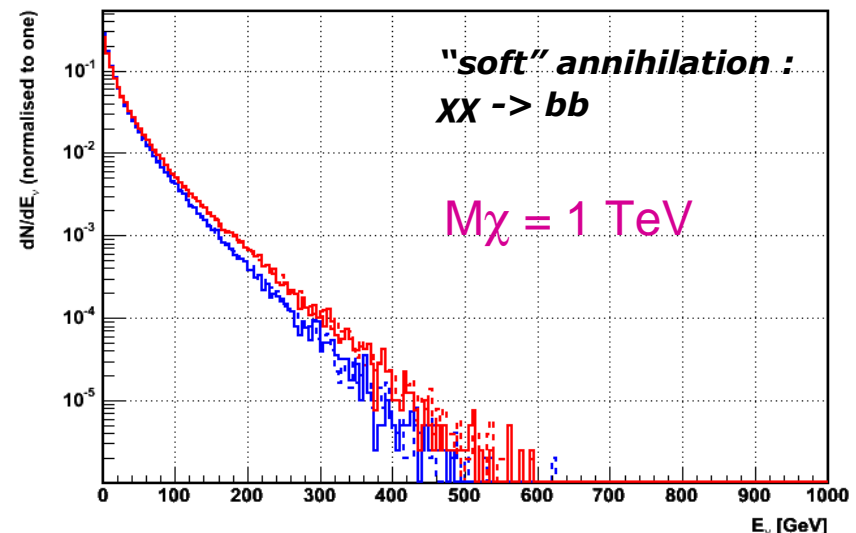
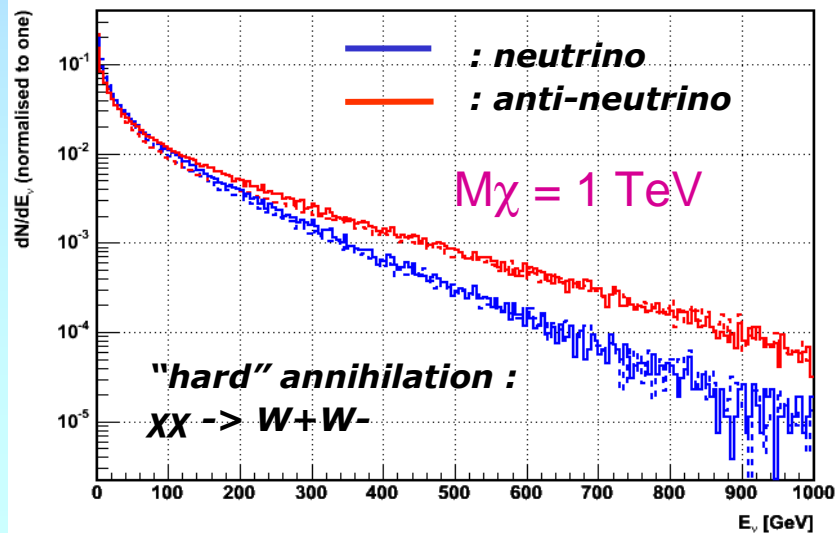




Neutrino spectra from neutralino annihilations



Neutrinos from $\chi\chi \rightarrow WW$ (hard spectrum) are more energetic and easier to detect





Neutralino annihilations in the Sun in CMSSM

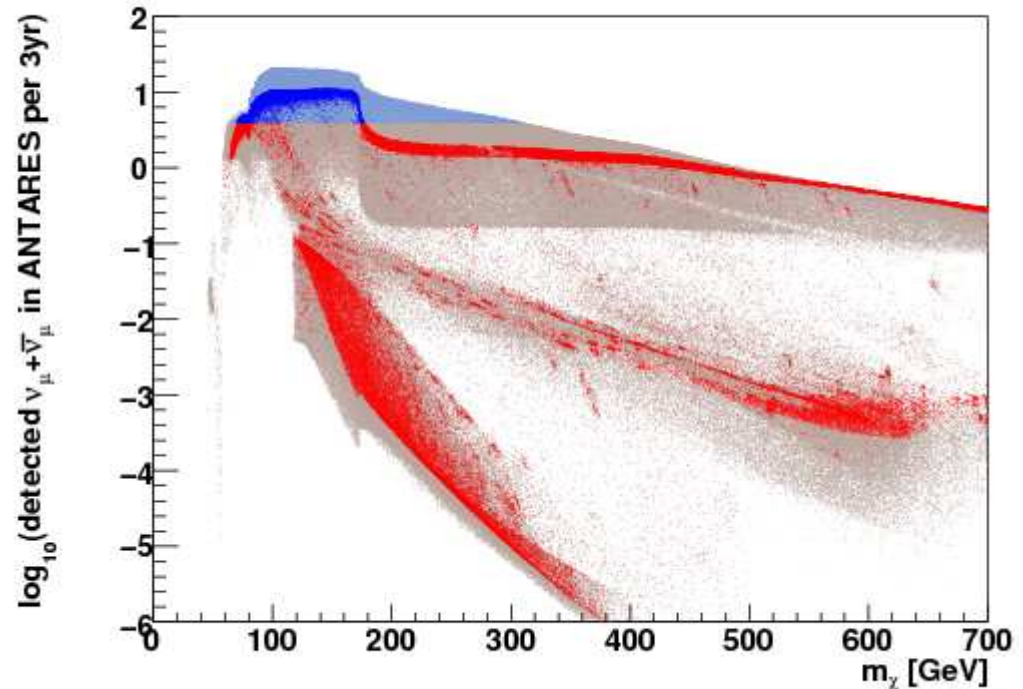
Detection rate with ANTARES in 3 years

Sensitivity calculated for 3 years of data taking

Background from atmospheric neutrinos and misreconstructed atmospheric muons within 3° radius search cone around the Sun

Model with relic density within 2σ of WMAP constraint are highlighted

$$(0.094 < \Omega_\chi h^2 < 0.129)$$



mSugra models favoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable

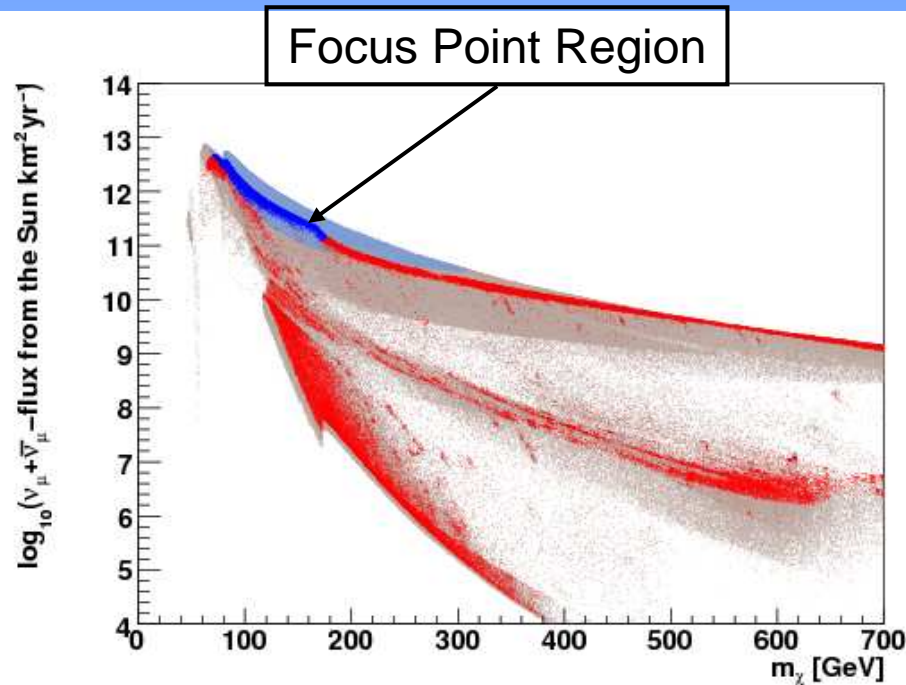
mSugra models disfavoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable



Neutralino annihilations in the Sun in CMSSM

CMSSM Parameter Space

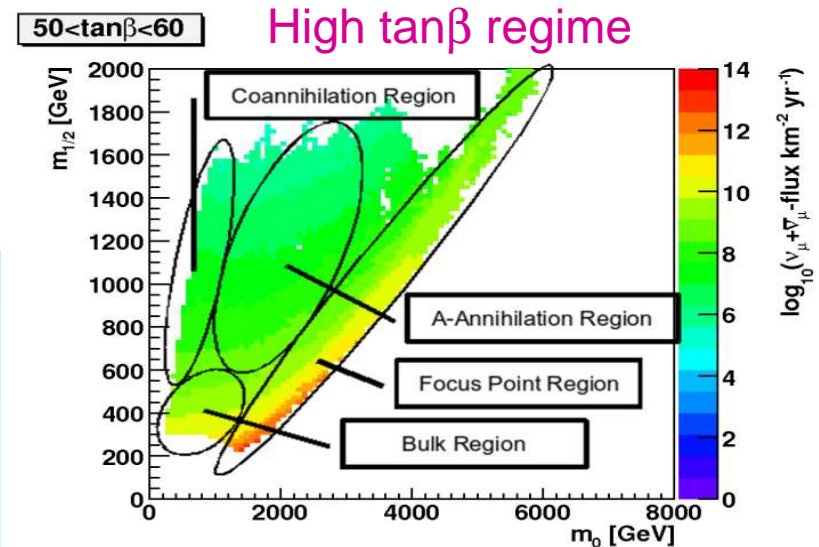
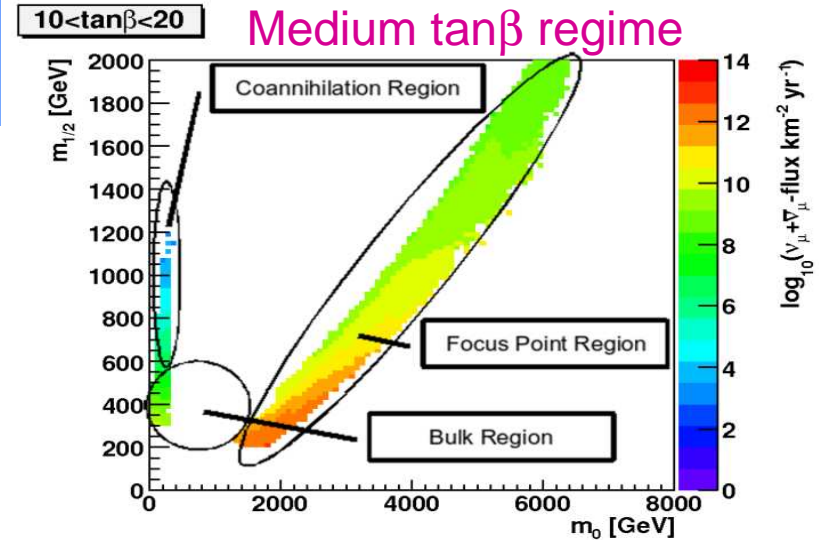


mSugra models favoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable

mSugra models disfavoured by WMAP

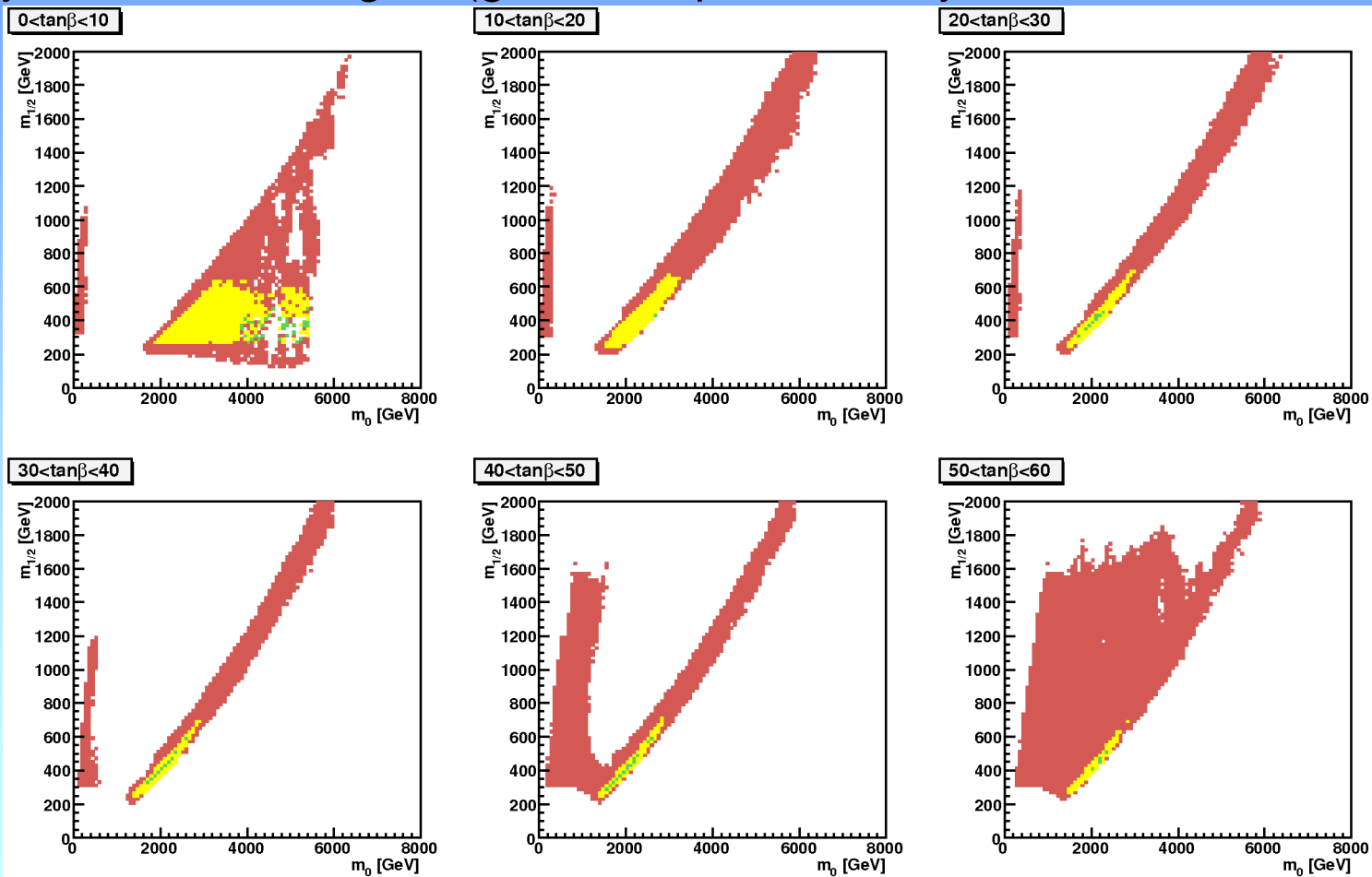
- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable





Search for neutralino annihilations in the Sun

Exclusion capabilities of ANTARES for the CMSSM parameter space :
mainly Focus Point region (good complementarity to direct search at LHC)



Excludable in 3 years at 90% CL: all some none
(A_0 varied between $-3m_0$ and $+3m_0$ and $\tan(\beta)$ within indicated slice)



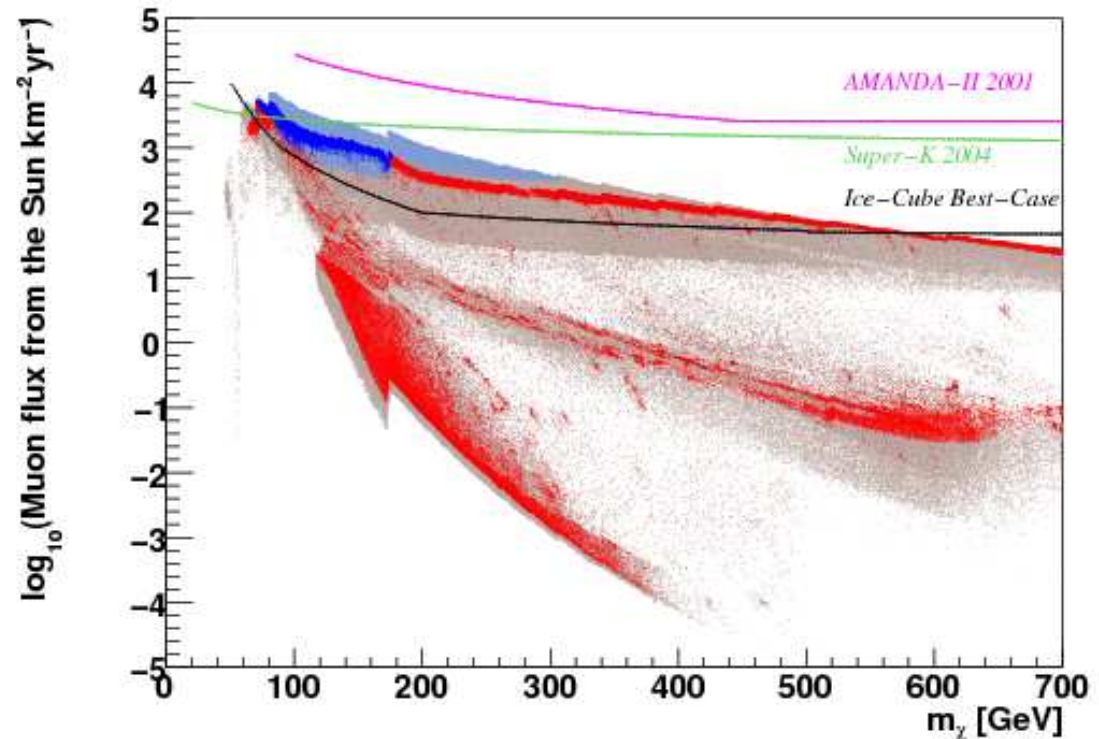
Muon flux from neutralino annihilations in the Sun

Used for comparison to other neutrino experiments

Site dependent quantity (ν propagation through Earth, target density at detector...)

Derived from neutrino flux through $\nu \rightarrow \mu$ conversion rate extracted from DarkSUSY for different m_χ

Muon flux from the Sun in CMSSM ($E_\mu > 1$ GeV)



mSugra models favoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable

mSugra models disfavoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
- not excludable

AMANDA-II : astro-ph/0810.4513
 Super-K : hep-ph/0106024
 IceCube : astro-ph/0805.3546

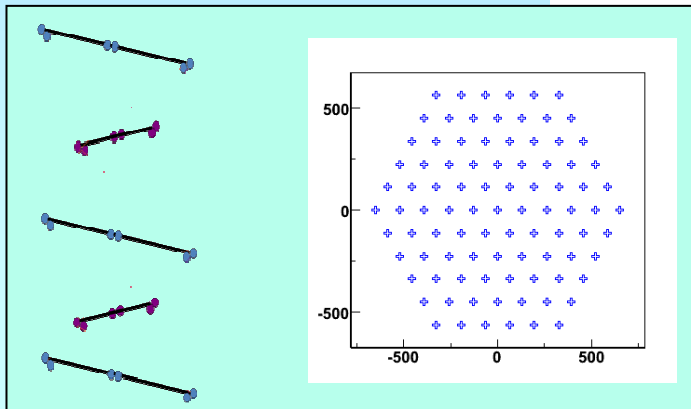


Muon flux from neutralino annihilations in the Sun

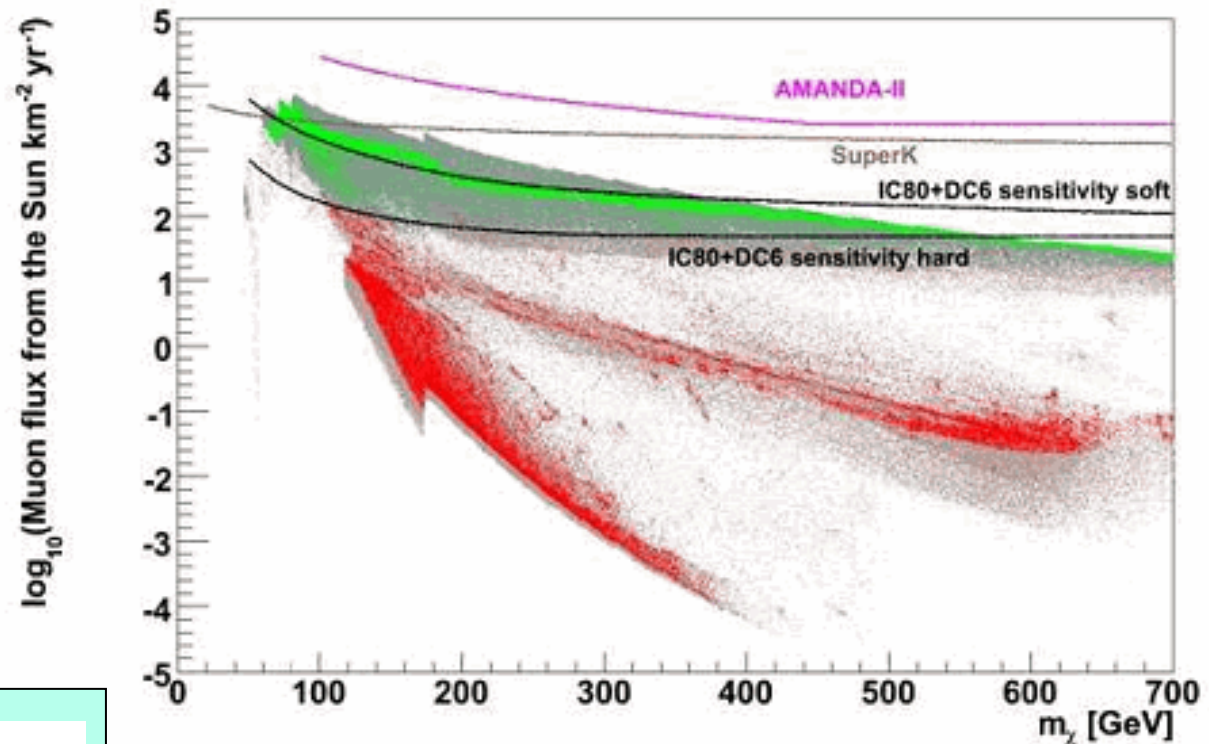
Prospective sensitivity of 2nd generation km-scale neutrino telescopes (IceCube+DeepCore & **KM3NeT**) with 10 years of observation time

KM3NeT detector:

2x154 towers, 20 floors
 Distance inter lines: ~180m
 Distance inter floors: ~40m
 3x2 PMTs (8", 35% QE) per floor
 Volume ~5 km³



Muon flux from the Sun in CMSSM ($E_\mu > 1$ GeV)



mSugra models favoured by WMAP

- 90% CL excludable by KM3NeT
- not excludable

mSugra models disfavoured by WMAP

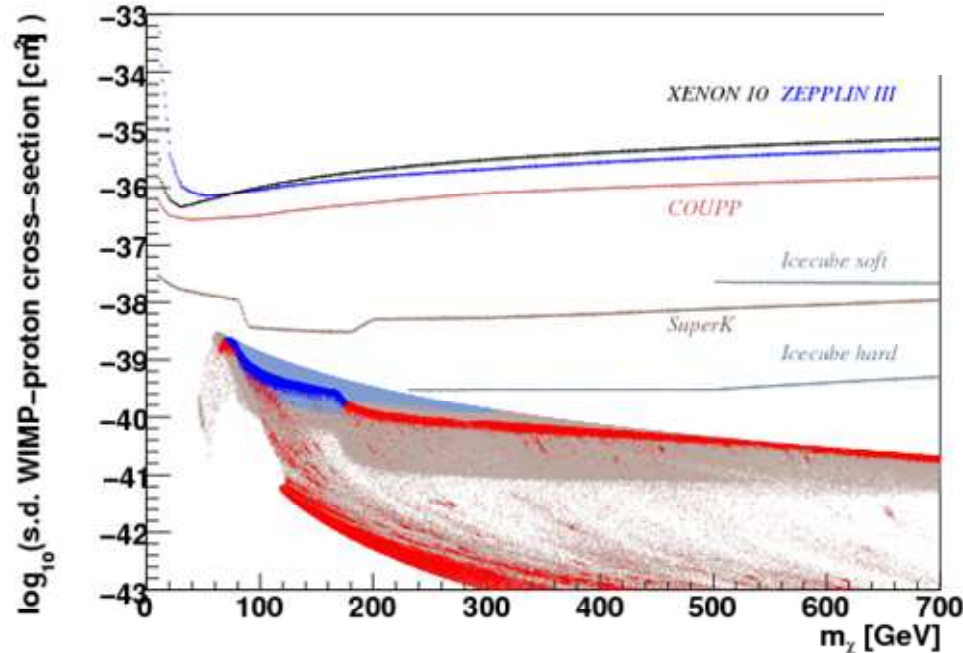
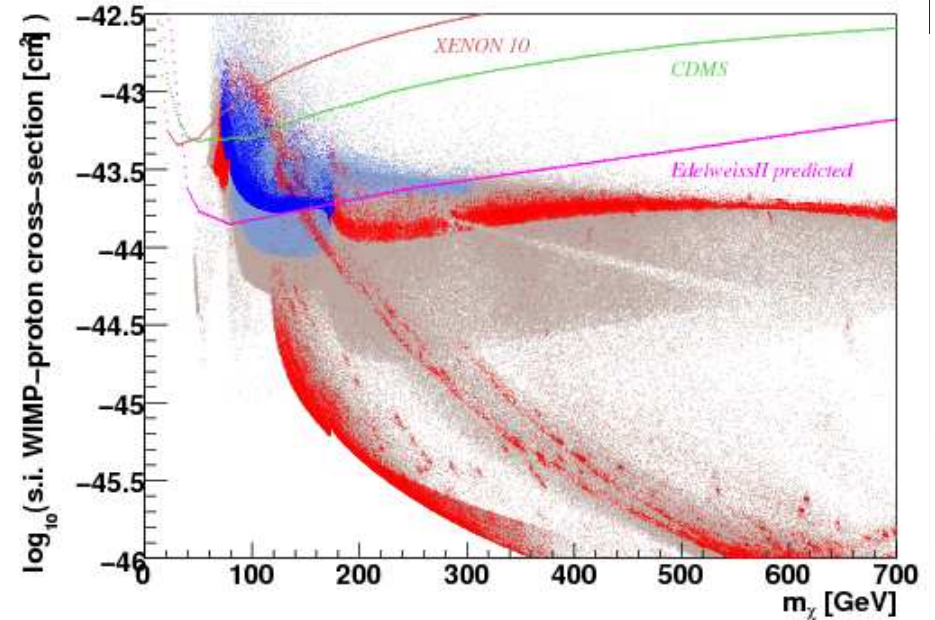
- 90% CL excludable by KM3NeT
- not excludable

AMANDA-II : astro-ph/0810.4513
 Super-K : hep-ph/0106024
 IceCube+DC : arXiv:0902.2460



Comparison to Direct Detection sensitivity

Comparison to Direct Detection on Spin-Dependant cross-section:
 Almost direct relation since annihilation rate inside the Sun is tied to scattering cross section on H



Comparison to Direct Detection on Spin-Independent cross-section

- mSugra models favoured by WMAP**
- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
 - not excludable
- mSugra models disfavoured by WMAP**
- 90% CL excludable by ANTARES
 - not excludable

XENON 10 : astro-ph/0706.0039
 CDMS : astro-ph/0802.3530
 COUPP : Science 319 (2008)
 ZEPLIN III : arXiv:0901.4348
 IceCube : arXiv:0902.2460

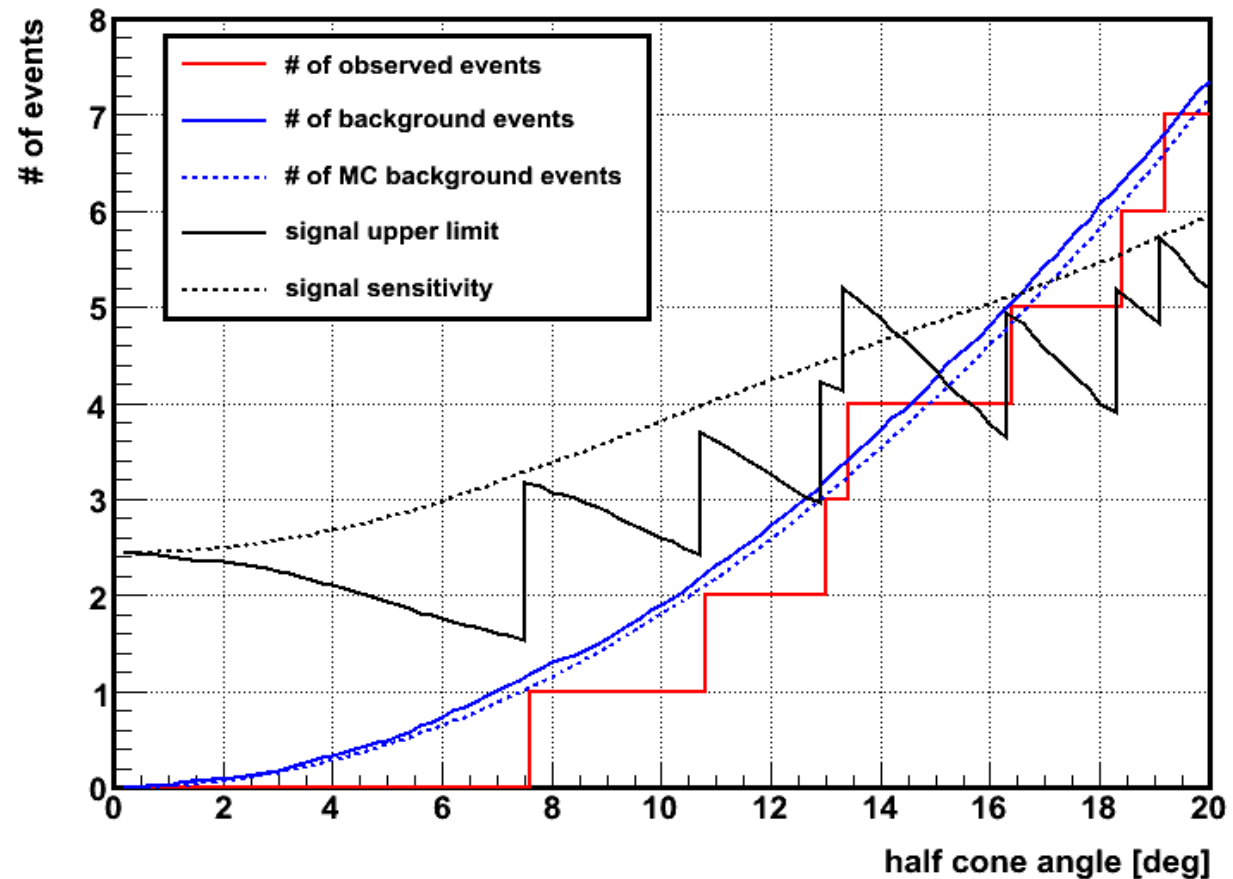


Search for neutrino events coming from the Sun

Expected sensitivity (90% CL) and background in a cone around the Sun for the ANTARES 5-line upgoing neutrino sample (2007 data)

Good agreement for background estimation from MC and full sky data set

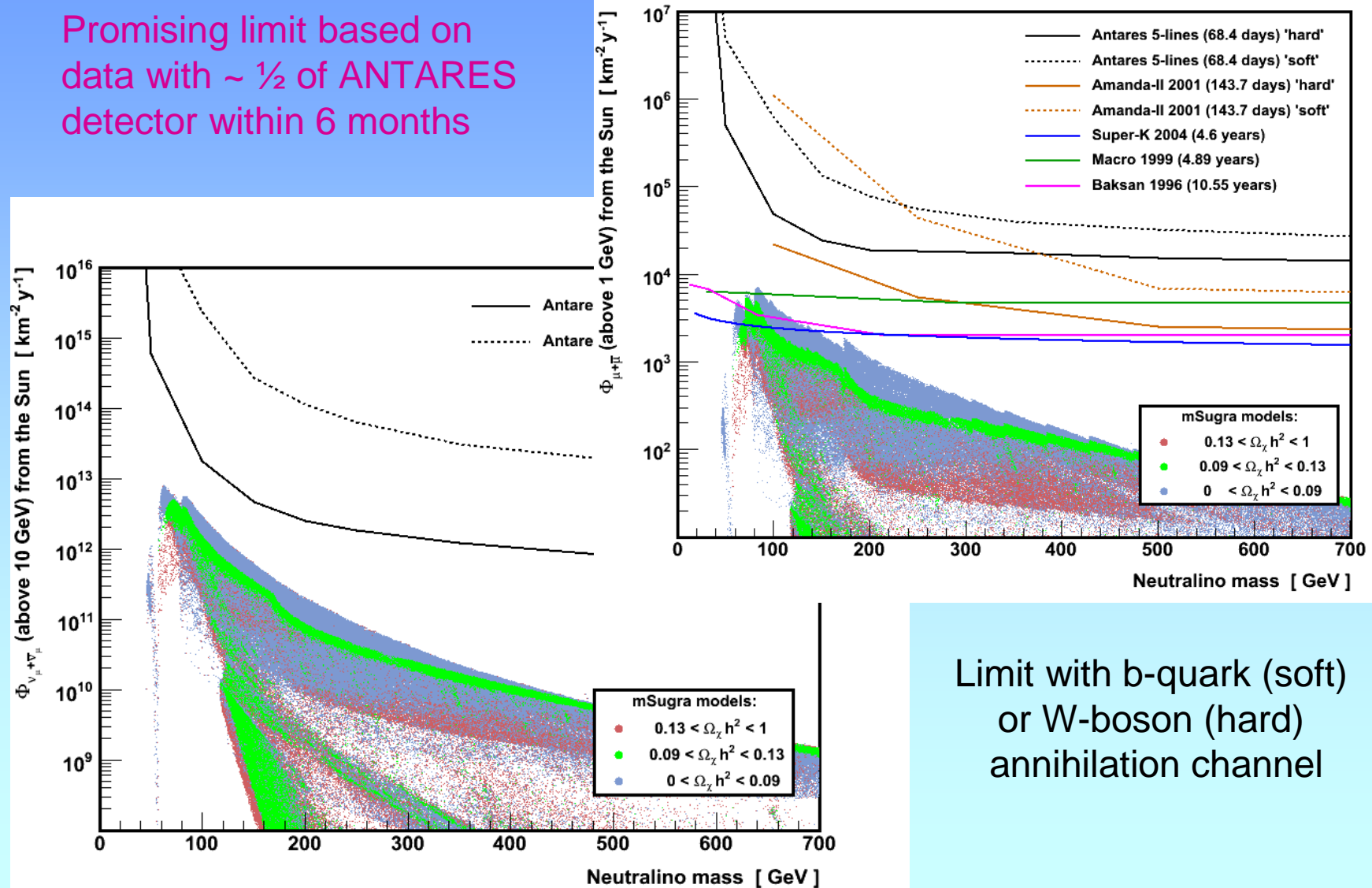
Size of search cone optimized on MC as a function of M_χ and hard/soft spectrum





First ANTARES limit on ν/μ flux from the Sun

Promising limit based on data with $\sim 1/2$ of ANTARES detector within 6 months



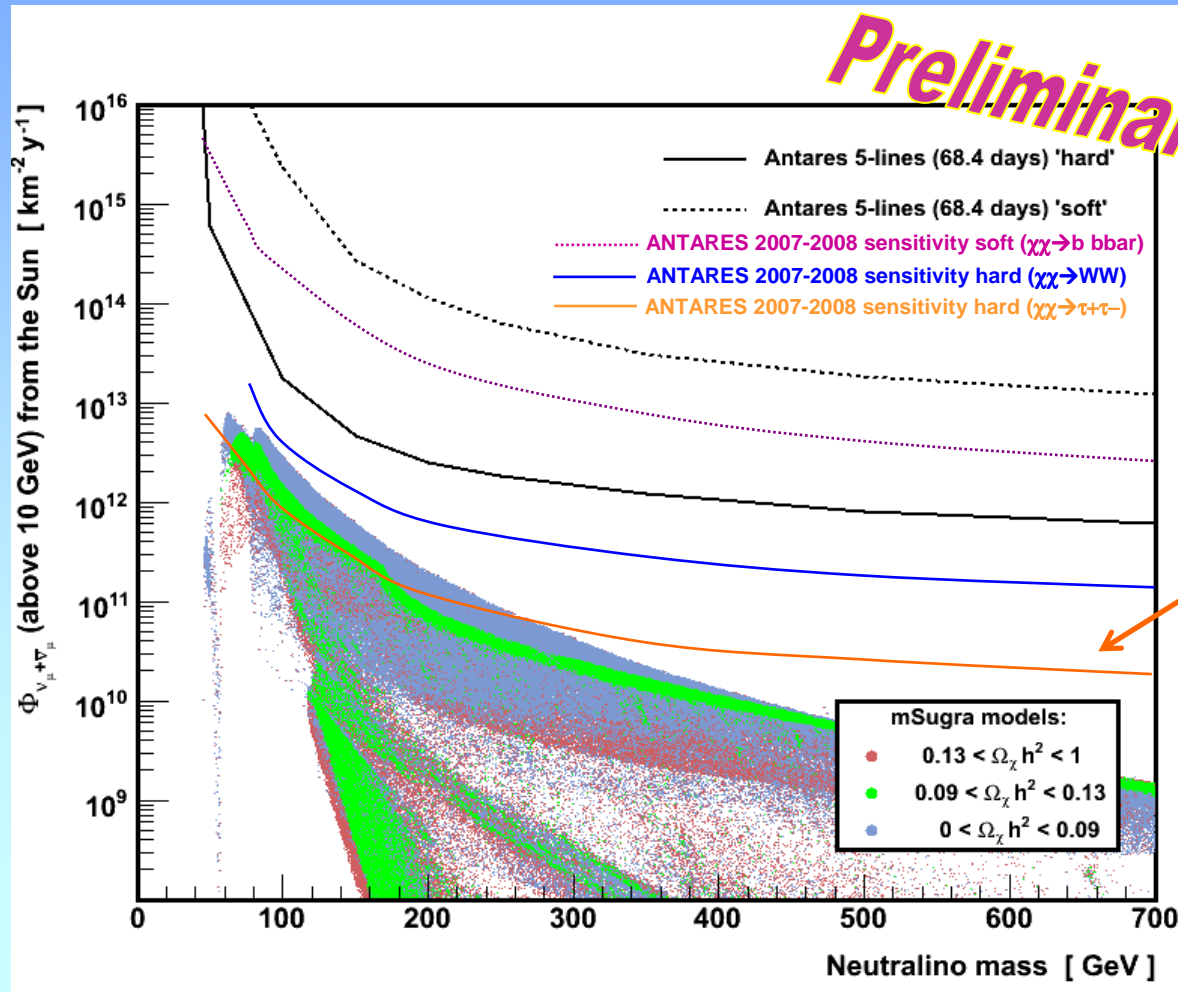
Limit with b-quark (soft) or W-boson (hard) annihilation channel



Sensitivity of 2008 data analysis towards Sun

Analysis combining 2007+2008 ANTARES data (~300 days of lifetime) currently under completion → to be unblinded soon

Preliminary sensitivity just above CMSSM domain for $\chi\chi \rightarrow b \bar{b}$ decays

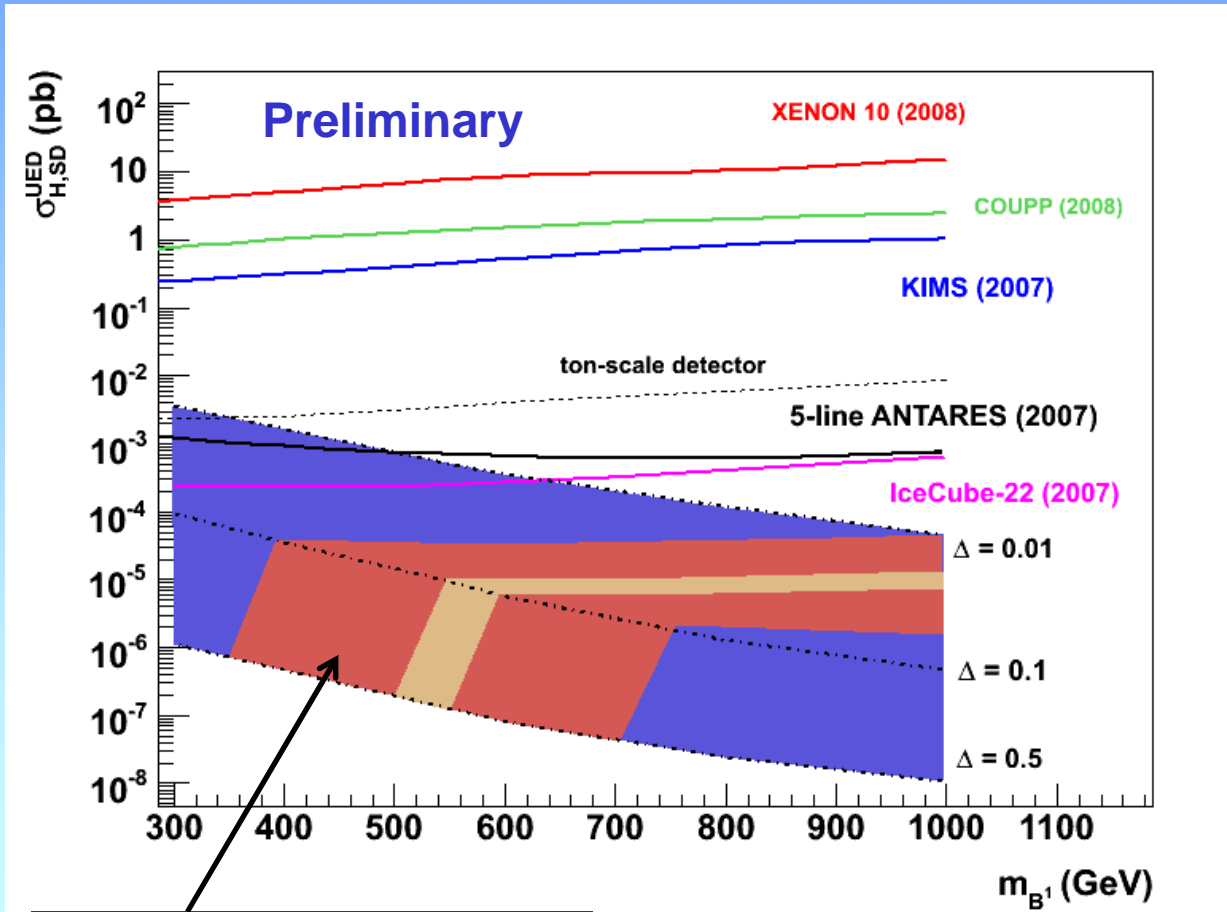


Best sensitivity to $\chi\chi \rightarrow \tau\tau$ annihilations due to harder spectrum but usually disfavoured in CMSSM models



Limit on LKP annihilations in the Sun in mUED model

Interpretation in Minimal Universal Extra Dimension model (1 extra dim)
with $B^{(1)}$ (first KK excitation of photon) as LKP and DM candidate



$0.05 < \Omega_{LKP} h^2 < 0.20$
 $0.1037 < \Omega_{LKP} h^2 < 0.1161$

XENON 10 : astro-ph/0805.2939
KIMS : astro-ph/0704.0423
COUPP : Science 319, 933 (2008)
IceCube : arXiv:0910.4480

Highly predictive
phenomenological
model due to very few
free parameters

Direct LKP annihilations
into neutrinos allowed

Limit on LKP-proton
cross-section as a
function of $B^{(1)}$ mass and
 $\Delta = (M_{Q^{(1)}} - M_{LKP}) / M_{LKP}$



Summary and Outlook

- ANTARES detector is working well : first search on Dark Matter annihilation in the Sun performed on 5-line data (2007)
- Interesting signal of SUSY Dark Matter for neutrino telescopes :
 - Part of CMSSM parameter space accessible to ANTARES in 3 years (Focus Point Region)
 - Most of Focus Point Region can be explored by KM3-scale detectors
 - Complementarity of neutrino telescopes with Direct Detection experiments and LHC
- Sensitivity to other SUSY models (pMSSM, AMSB,...) or Dark Matter candidates is being studied (KK excitations,...)
- Search towards Sun, Galactic Centre and Earth are in progress with 2008 data (+2009-2010 data soon)
- More than 3000 neutrinos already collected today !

Stay tuned for the BIG DARK DISCOVERY !!