

1st Workshop of the WG1-SRCH group

# New physics hints with 2HDM under the Higgs Precision Measurements

Wei Su

**2008.05492 (T. Han, S. Li, S. Su, WS, Y. Wu )**

1808.02037 ( N. Chen, T. Han, S. Su, WS, Y. Wu )

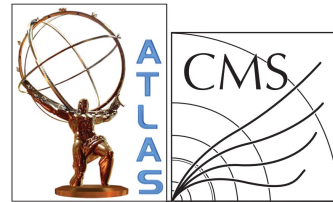
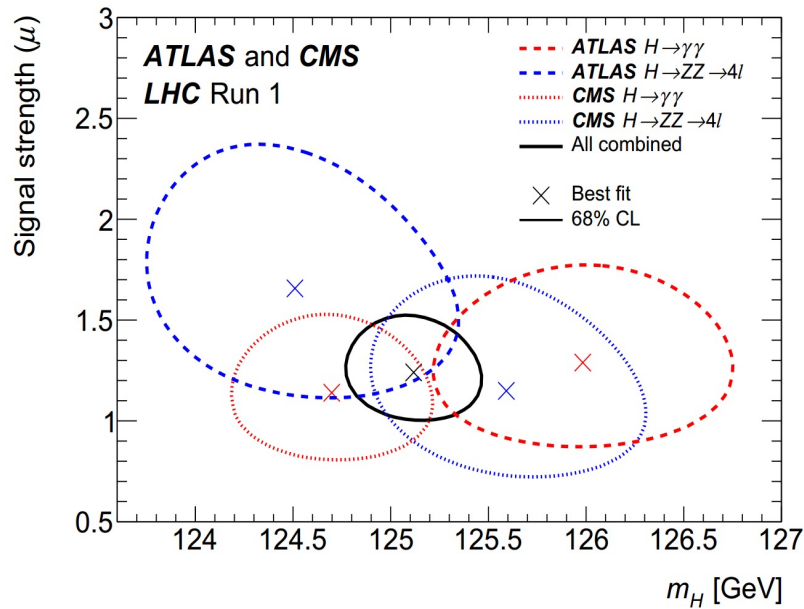
1912.01431 ( N. Chen, T. Han, S. Li, S. Su, WS, Y. Wu )



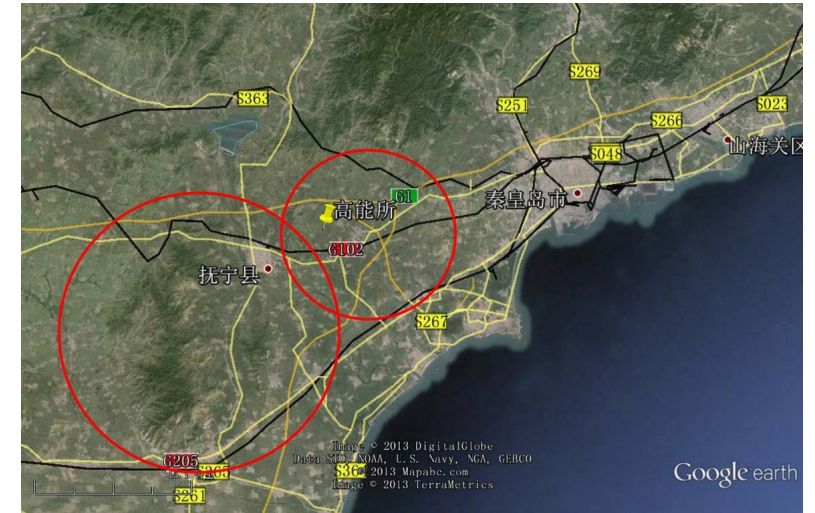
# Outline

- 🌸 Higgs Precision Measurements and 2HDM
- 🌸 Study Results: exclusion ability
- 🌸 Study Results: discovery potential
- 🌸 Study Results: discrimination ability
- 🌸 Study Results: Compatibility test
- 🌸 Summary

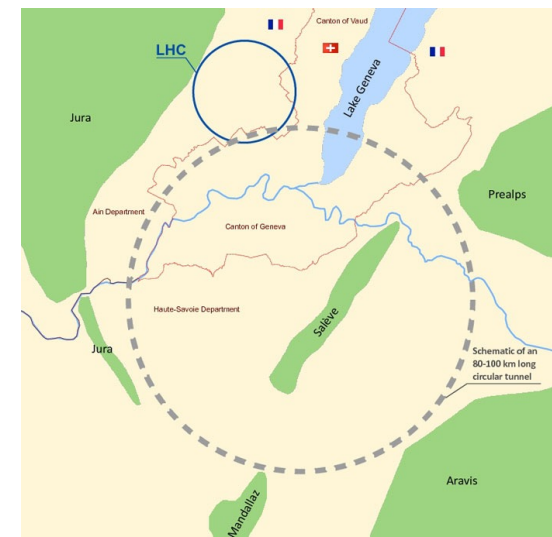
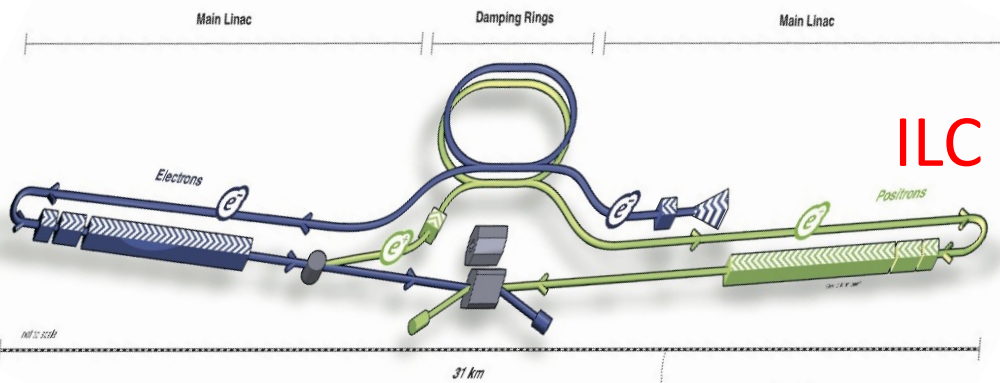
# Higgs Precision Measurements



CMS-HIG-14-042  
ATLAS-HIGG-2014-14



CEPC

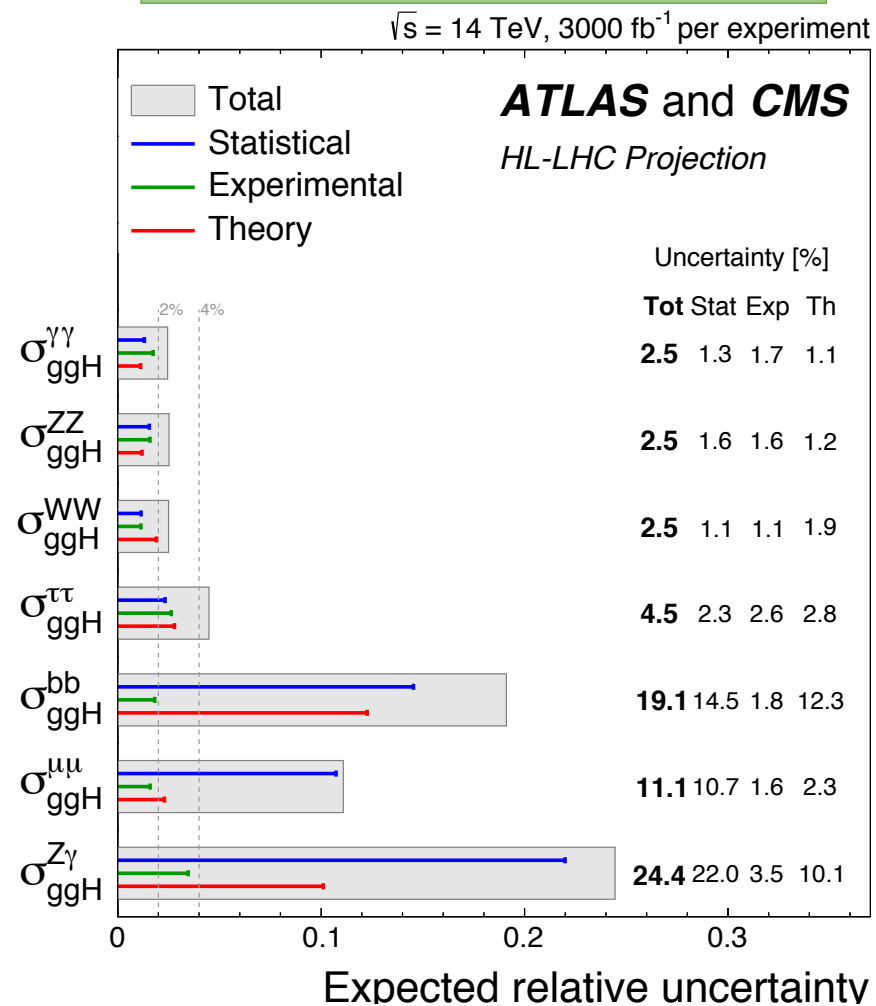
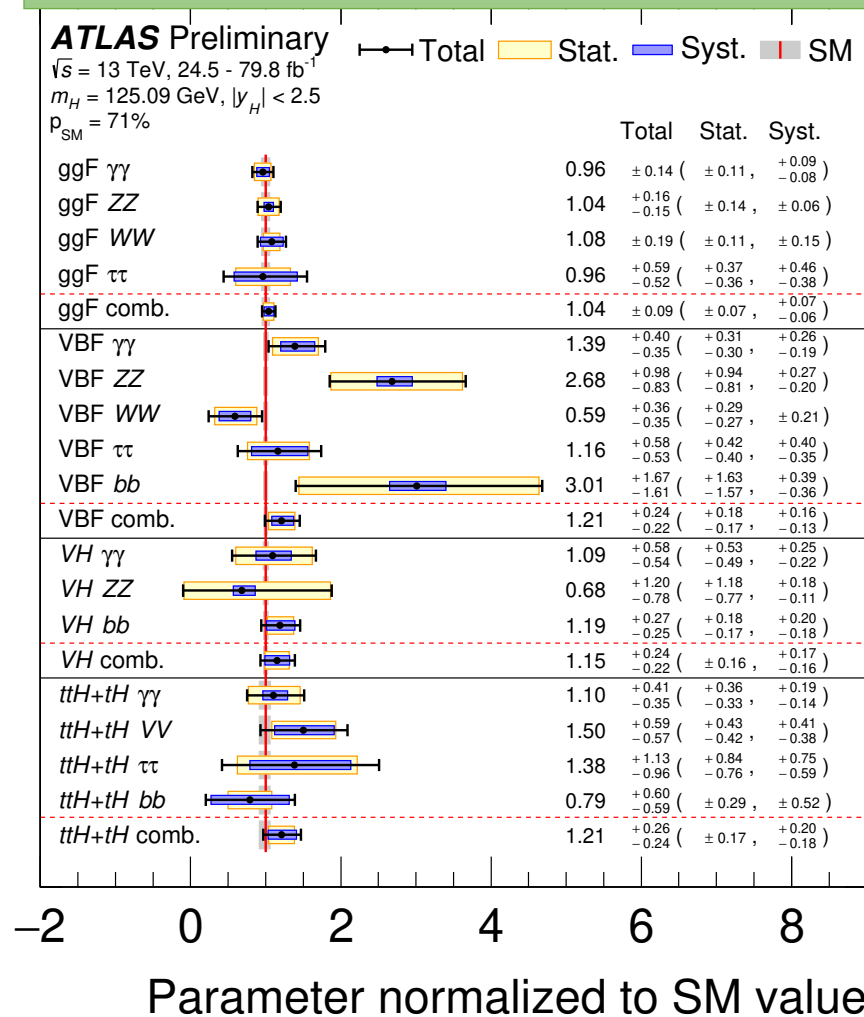


LHC  
HL-LHC  
FCC

# Precision: Higgs couplings

LHC Run-II: ATLAS-CONF-2019-005

HL-LHC: 1902.00134





# Precision: Higgs couplings

## CEPC-CDR , FCC-ee, ILC Operating Scenarios

collider	CEPC	FCC-ee			ILC				
$\sqrt{s}$	240 GeV	240 GeV	365 GeV	250 GeV	350 GeV	500 GeV			
$\int \mathcal{L} dt$	5.6 ab <sup>-1</sup>	5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	1.5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	2 ab <sup>-1</sup>	200 fb <sup>-1</sup>	4 ab <sup>-1</sup>			
production	$Zh$	$Zh$	$Zh$	$\nu\bar{\nu}h$	$Zh$	$Zh$	$\nu\bar{\nu}h$	$Zh$	$\nu\bar{\nu}h$
$\Delta\sigma/\sigma$	0.5%	0.5%	0.9%	—	0.71%	2.0%	—	1.05	—
decay	$\Delta(\sigma \cdot BR)/(\sigma \cdot BR)$								
$h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	0.27%	0.3%	0.5%	0.9%	0.46%	1.7%	2.0%	0.63%	0.23%
$h \rightarrow c\bar{c}$	3.3%	2.2%	6.5%	10%	2.9%	12.3%	21.2%	4.5%	2.2%
$h \rightarrow gg$	1.3%	1.9%	3.5%	4.5%	2.5%	9.4%	8.6%	3.8%	1.5%
$h \rightarrow WW^*$	1.0%	1.2%	2.6%	3.0%	1.6%	6.3%	6.4%	1.9%	0.85%
$h \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$	0.8%	0.9%	1.8%	8.0%	1.1%	4.5%	17.9%	1.5%	2.5%
$h \rightarrow ZZ^*$	5.1%	4.4%	12%	10%	6.4%	28.0%	22.4%	8.8%	3.0%
$h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	6.8%	9.0%	18%	22%	12.0%	43.6%	50.3%	12.0%	6.8%
$h \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	17%	19%	40%	—	25.5%	97.3%	178.9%	30.0%	25.0%
$(\nu\bar{\nu})h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$	2.8%	3.1%	—	—	3.7%	—	—	—	—

# 2HDM: Brief Introduction

- Two Higgs Doublet Model

$$V(\Phi_1, \Phi_2) = m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 - m_{12}^2 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 \\ + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{1}{2} [\lambda_5 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + h.c.] \\ + \frac{1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) (\lambda_6 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + \lambda_7 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)$$

$$\Phi_i = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i^+ \\ (v_i + \phi_i^0 + iG_i)/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v_u^2 + v_d^2 = v^2 = (246\text{GeV})^2 \\ \tan \beta = v_u/v_d$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H^0 \\ h^0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^0 \\ \phi_2^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{aligned} A &= -G_1 \sin \beta + G_2 \cos \beta \\ H^\pm &= -\phi_1^\pm \sin \beta + \phi_2^\pm \cos \beta \end{aligned}$$

# 2HDM: Brief Introduction

- Two Higgs Doublet Model

Soft breaking of Z2

$$V(\Phi_1, \Phi_2) = m_{11}^2 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + m_{22}^2 \Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2 - m_{12}^2 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) + \frac{\lambda_1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)^2 + \frac{\lambda_2}{2} (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + \lambda_3 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_2) + \lambda_4 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2) (\Phi_2^\dagger \Phi_1) + \frac{1}{2} [\lambda_5 (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2)^2 + h.c.]$$

~~$$+ \frac{1}{2} (\Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_2 + h.c.) (\lambda_6 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1 + \lambda_7 \Phi_1^\dagger \Phi_1)$$~~

Hard breaking of Z2

$$\Phi_i = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_i^+ \\ (v_i + \phi_i^0 + iG_i)/\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v_u^2 + v_d^2 = v^2 = (246\text{GeV})^2$$

$$\tan \beta = v_u/v_d$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} H^0 \\ h^0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^0 \\ \phi_2^0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{aligned} A &= -G_1 \sin \beta + G_2 \cos \beta \\ H^\pm &= -\phi_1^\pm \sin \beta + \phi_2^\pm \cos \beta \end{aligned}$$

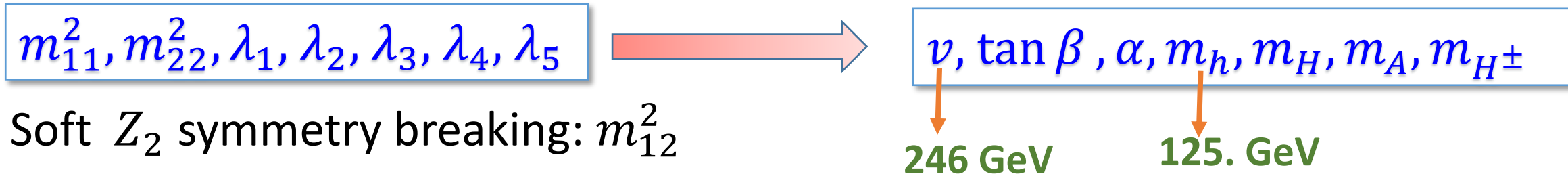
# 2HDM: Brief Introduction

	$\phi_1$	$\phi_2$
Type I	u,d,l	
Type II	u	d,l
lepton-specific	u,d	l
flipped	u,l	d

$$\kappa_i = g_{hii}^{BSM} / g_{hii}^{SM}$$

Model	$\kappa_V$	$\kappa_u$	$\kappa_d$	$\kappa_\ell$
2HDM-I	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$
2HDM-II	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$
2HDM-L	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$
2HDM-F	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$

- Parameters (CP-conserving, Flavor Limit,  $Z_2$  Symmetry)



# Exclusion ability : Study strategies

Experimental Observables:  $\Delta\mu_i$

$$\mu_i^{BSM} = \frac{(\sigma \times \text{Br})_{BSM}}{(\sigma \times \text{Br})_{SM}}$$

Maximal likelihood:  $\Delta\chi^2$

Fitting

Absolute  $\chi^2$

*d.o.f. = free parameter*

Parameters in New Physics Models

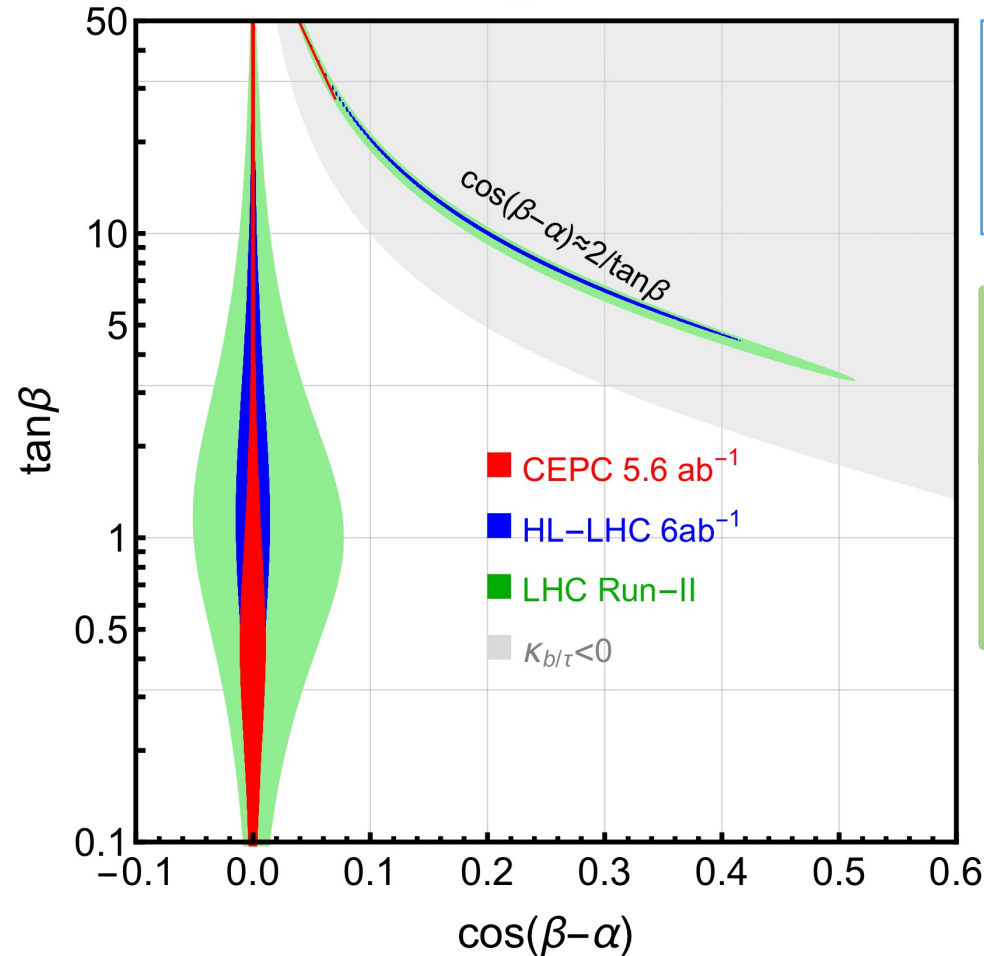
*d.o.f. = num of observables ...*

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(\mu_i^{BSM} - \mu_i^{obs})^2}{(\Delta\mu_i)^2}, \quad \mu_i^{obs} = 1$$

# Exclusion: Tree Level

## 2HDM Type-II

Model	$\kappa_V$	$\kappa_u$	$\kappa_d$	$\kappa_\ell$
2HDM-I	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$
2HDM-II	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$
2HDM-L	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$
2HDM-F	$\sin(\beta - \alpha)$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$	$-\sin \alpha / \cos \beta$	$\cos \alpha / \sin \beta$



Alignment limit :  
 $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$   
 $g(2HDM) = g(SM)$

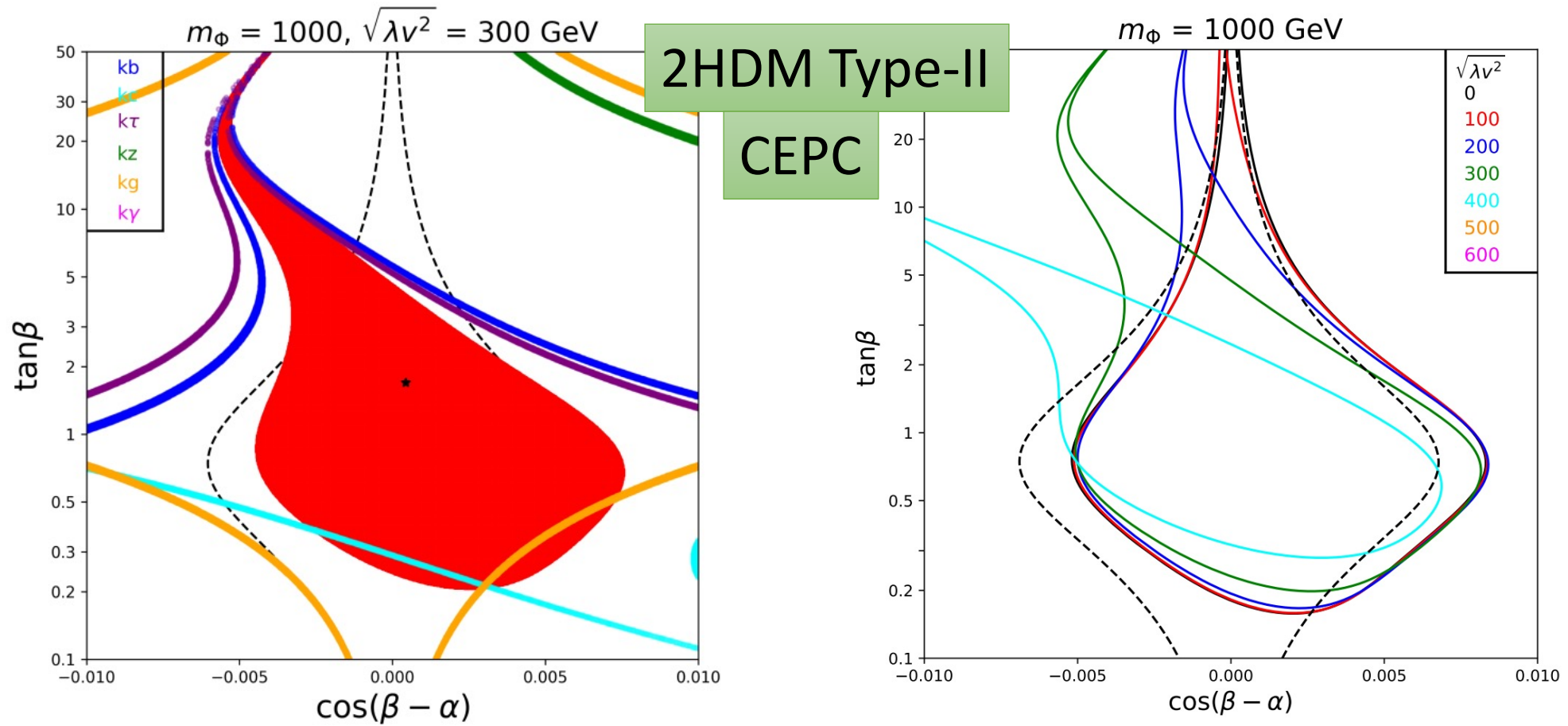
[1910.06269](#)  
 WS

$$-\frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \alpha} - 1 = -\frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\beta - \alpha) - \cos(\beta - \alpha) \times \tan \beta$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \beta} - 1 = -\frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\beta - \alpha) + \frac{\cos(\beta - \alpha)}{\tan \beta}$$



# Exclusion : Loop Level

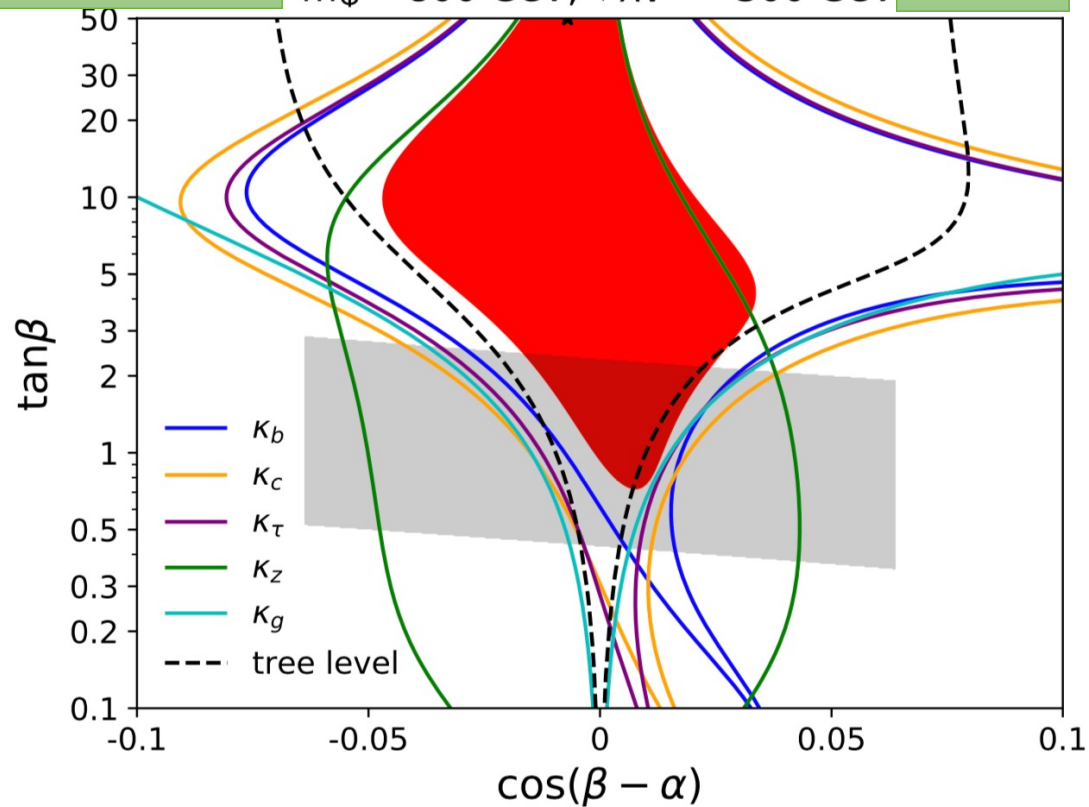


# Exclusion : Loop Level

2HDM Type-I

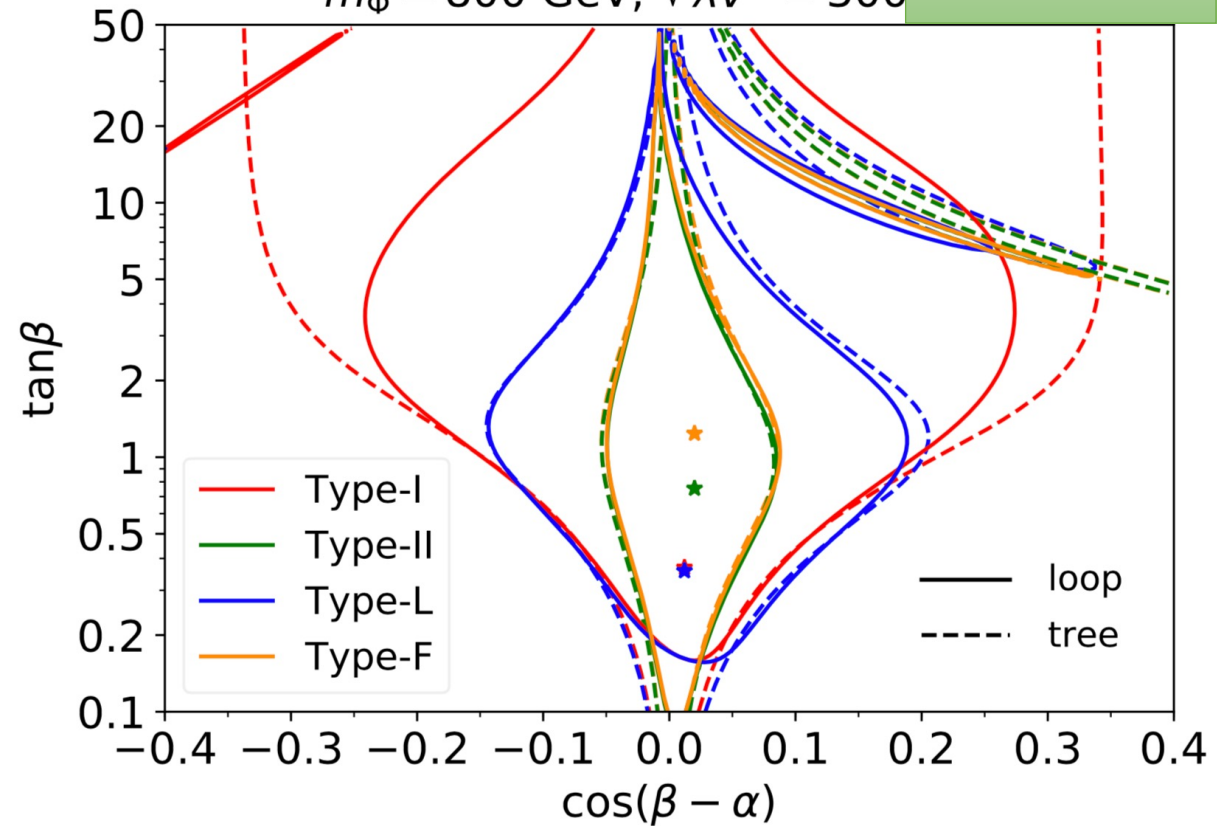
$m_\phi = 800 \text{ GeV}, \sqrt{\lambda v^2} = 300 \text{ GeV}$

CEPC



$m_\phi = 800 \text{ GeV}, \sqrt{\lambda v^2} = 300$

LHC Run-II



# Study Results: discovery potential

- method

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i \frac{(\mu_i^{\text{hyp}} - \mu_i^{\text{obs}})^2}{\sigma_{\mu_i}^2}$$

null hypothesis H0 : SM

To claim the discovery of BSM at  
5 $\sigma$  significance :  $p=5.7*10^{(-7)}$

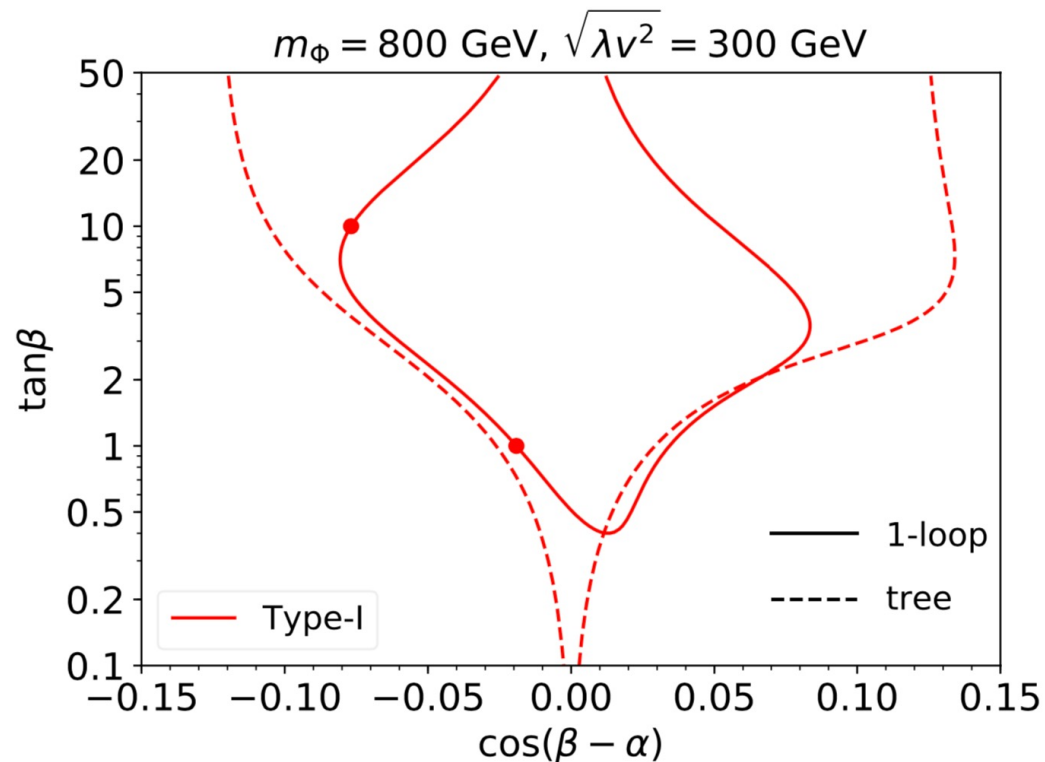
$$\chi^{\text{SM}} > 48.2$$

$$\mu^{\text{hyp}} = \mu^{\widetilde{\text{SM}}} = 1$$

degrees of freedom : signal strength modifiers (SSM),  
or  $\mu$  parameter : 10 for CEPC

# Study Results: discovery potential

Choose one point of BSM as the observed, to see if SM is rejected.

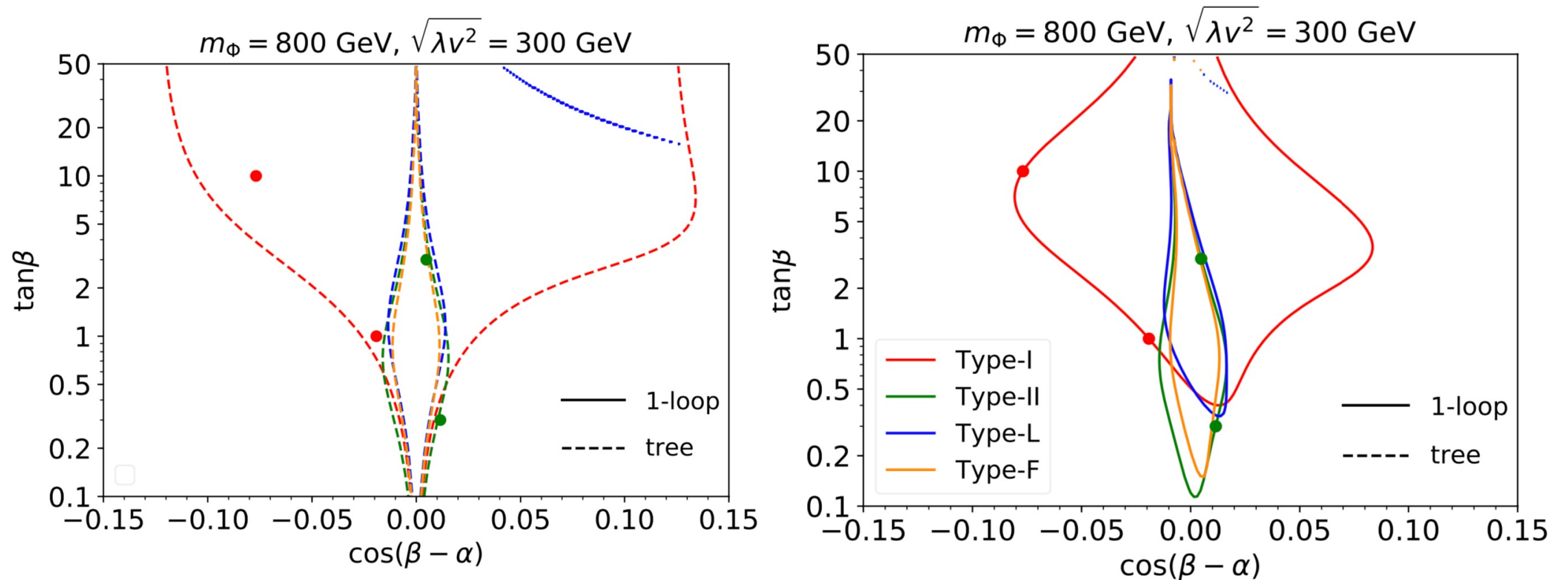


If the future observable is same to **Type-I**,  
The center region can not claim a discovery  
The two sides region can claim

$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) \lesssim -0.1$$

$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) \gtrsim 0.08$$

# Study Results: discovery potential



Type-II, L, F:  $|\cos(\beta - \alpha)| \gtrsim 0.02$  for  $\tan\beta \sim 1$

# Study Results: discrimination ability

- method

performing the  $\chi^2$  statistic

d.o.f. = # SSMs ( $\mu$ )    hypothesized model ( Null model ): One physical point

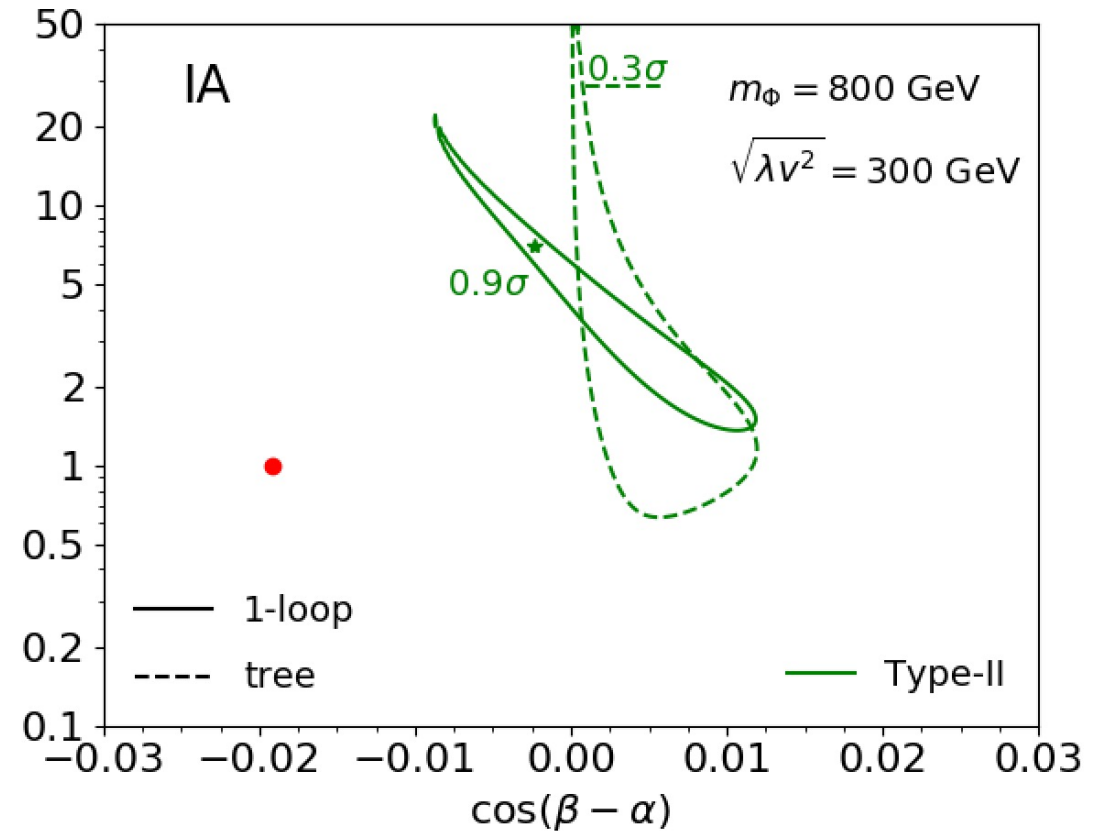
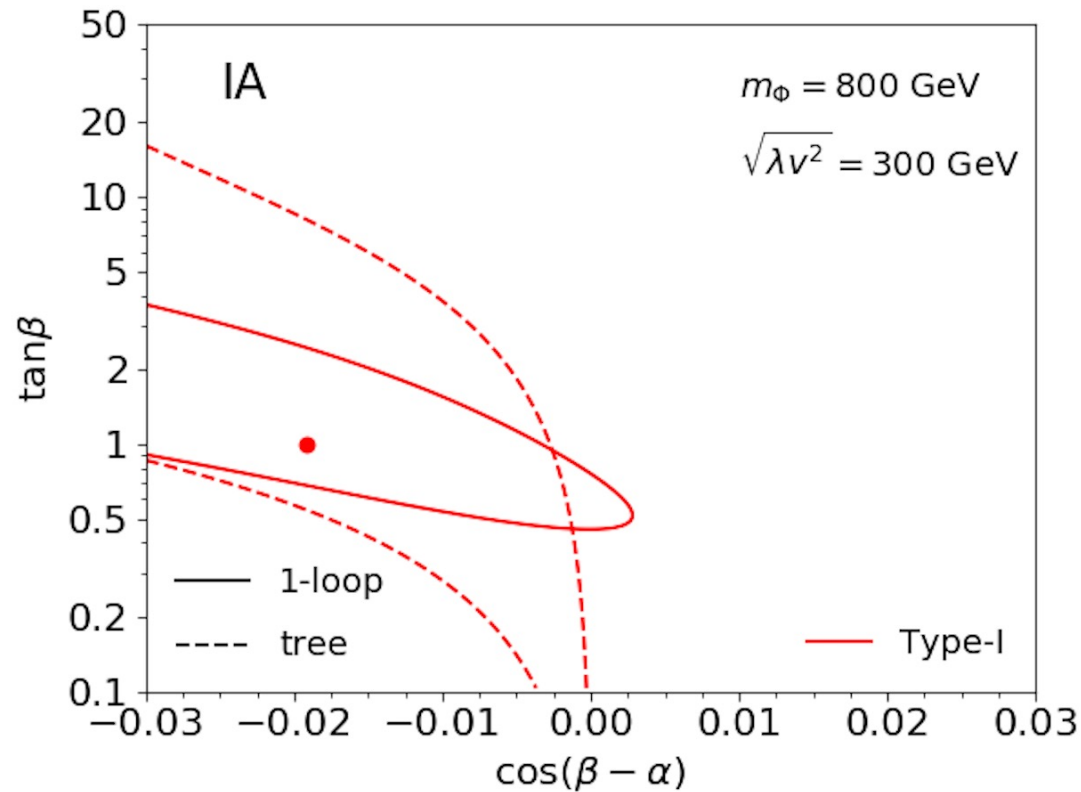
d.o.f.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$\chi^2(p = 0.05)$	3.84	5.99	7.81	9.49	11.1	12.6	14.1	15.5	16.9	18.3

BM's:

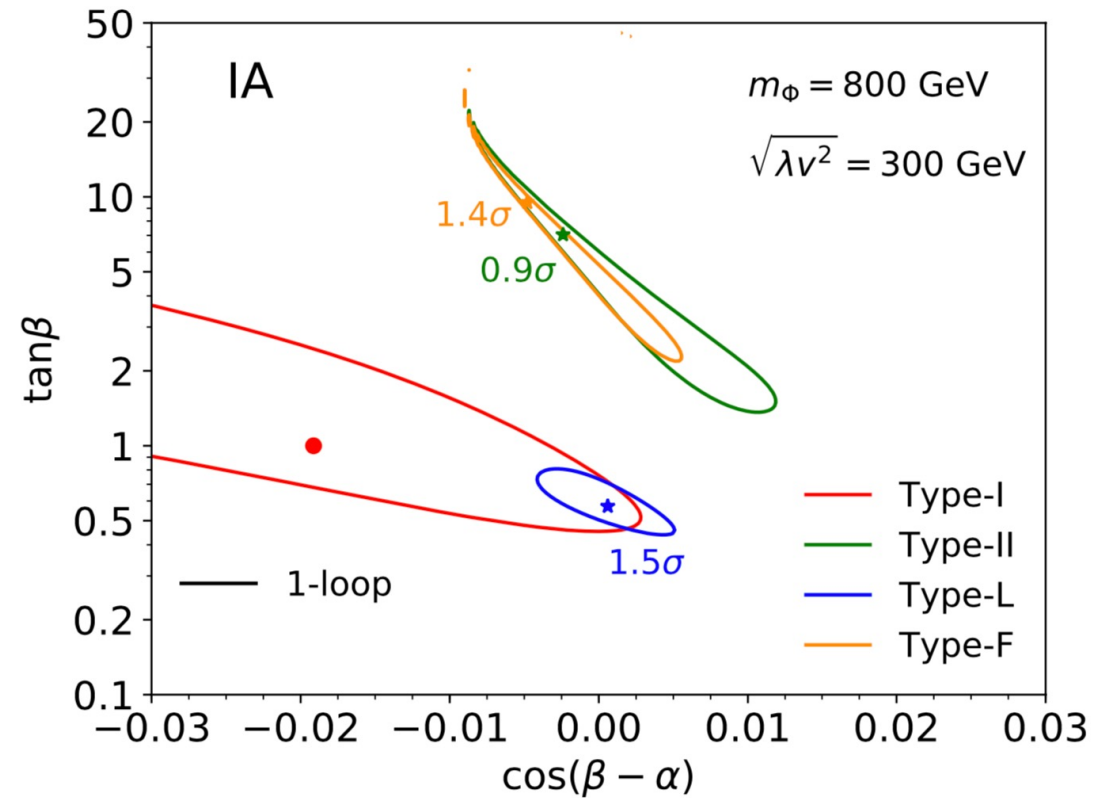
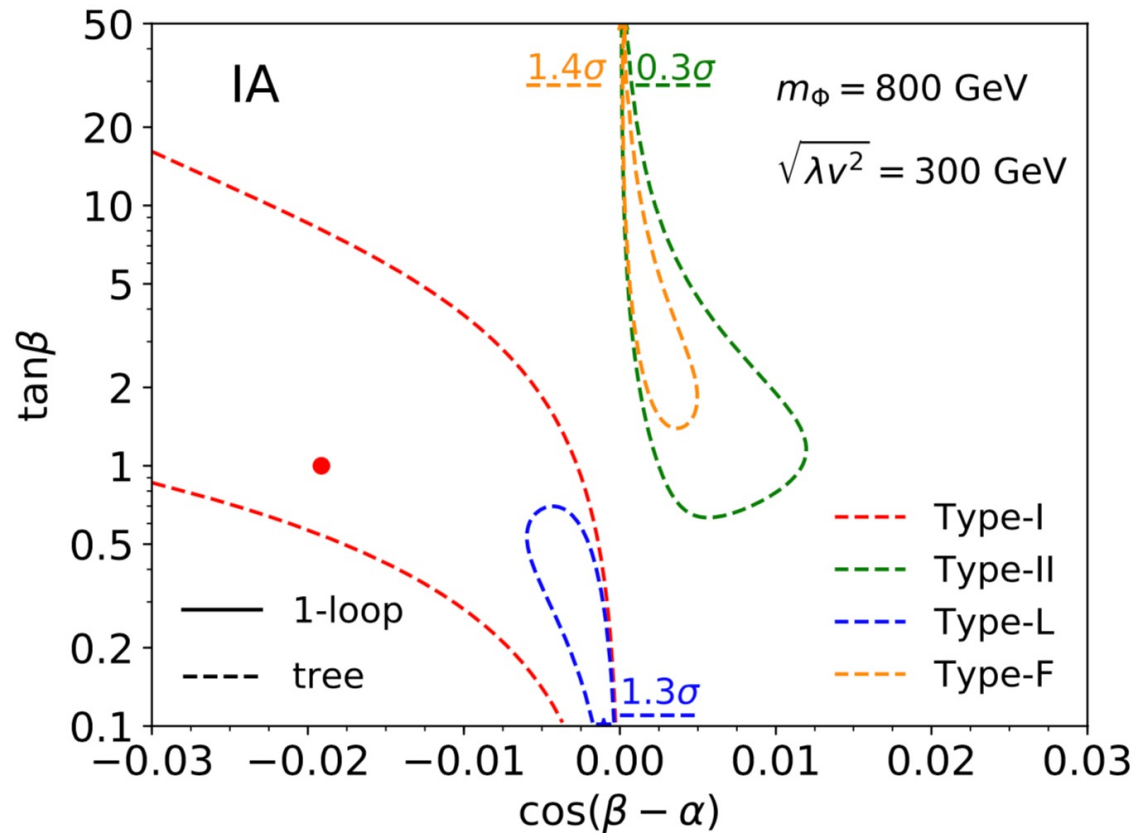
$(\cos(\beta - \alpha), \tan \beta)$	Small $\tan \beta$	Large $\tan \beta$
Type-I	<b>IA:</b> $(-0.019, 1.0)$	<b>IB:</b> $(-0.077, 10)$
Type-II	<b>IIA:</b> $(0.012, 0.3)$	<b>IIB:</b> $(0.005, 3.0)$



# Study Results: discrimination ability



# Study Results: discrimination ability



# Study Results: compatibility test

- compatibility test method

Test Type-I with Type-II:

observable : one point of type-II (accepted model),  
test type-I by performing the  $\chi^2$  statistic

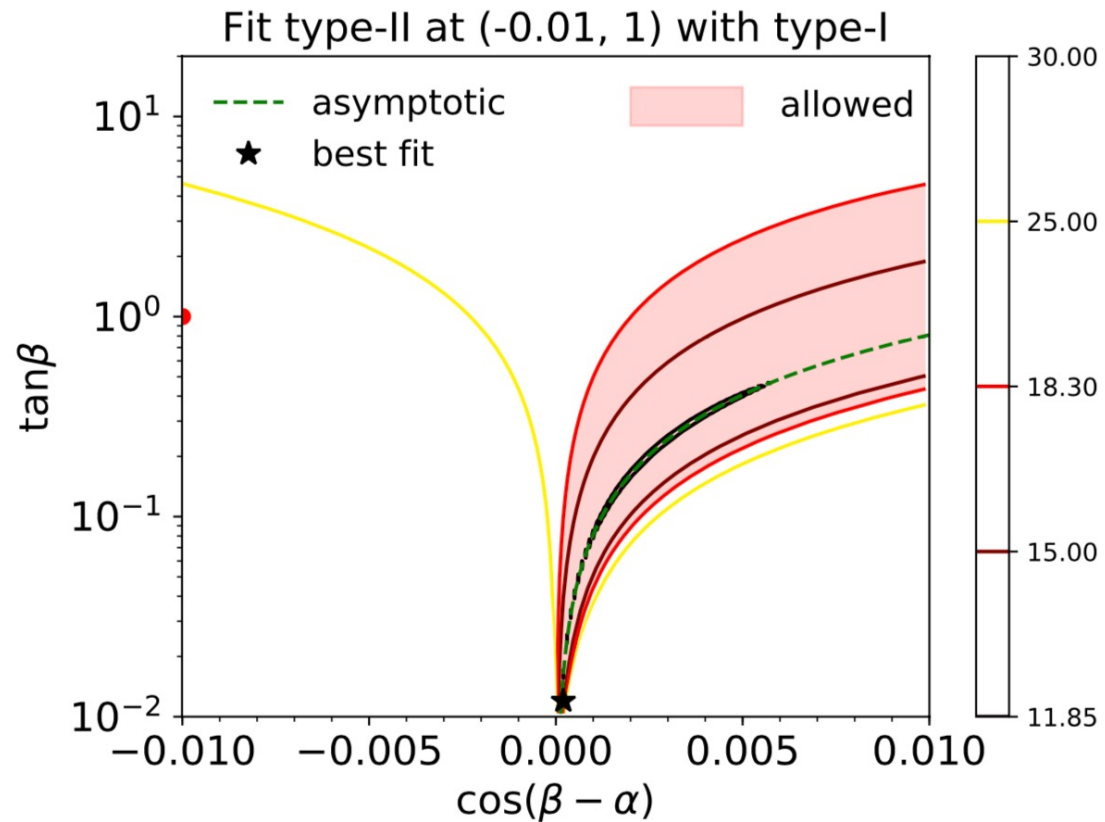
d.o.f. = # SSMs ( $\mu$ )

hypothesized model ( Null model ): Type-II, instead of SM

d.o.f.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
$\chi^2(p = 0.05)$	3.84	5.99	7.81	9.49	11.1	12.6	14.1	15.5	16.9	18.3

# Study Results: compatibility test

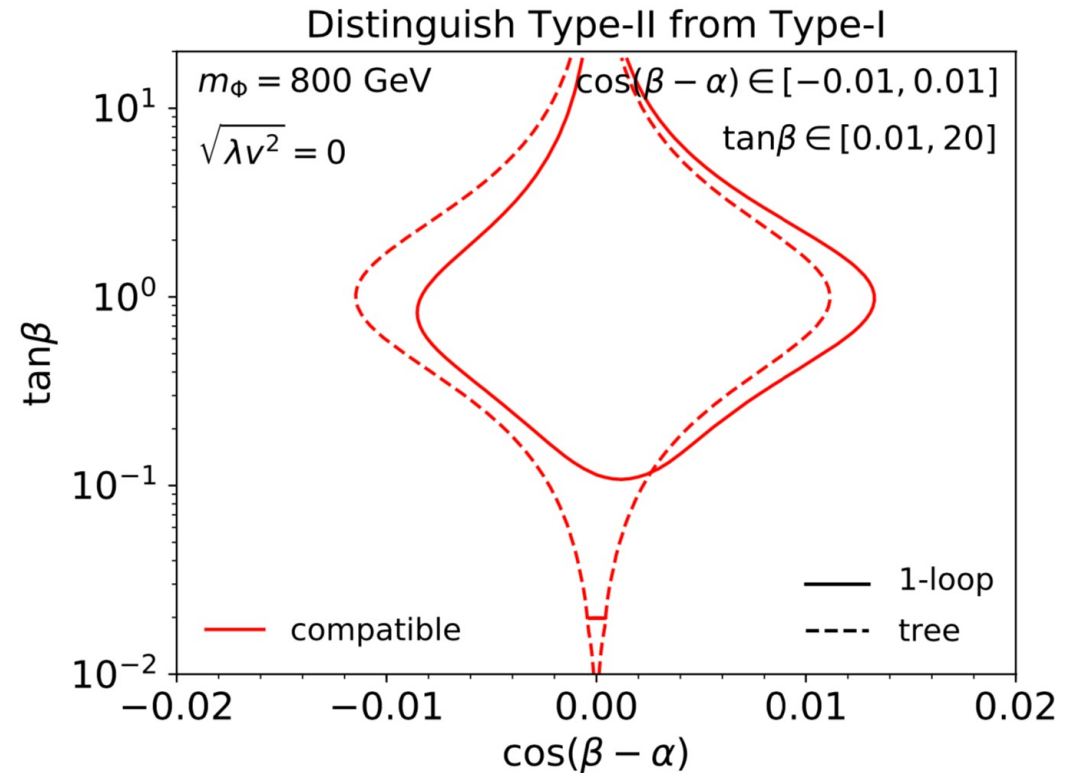
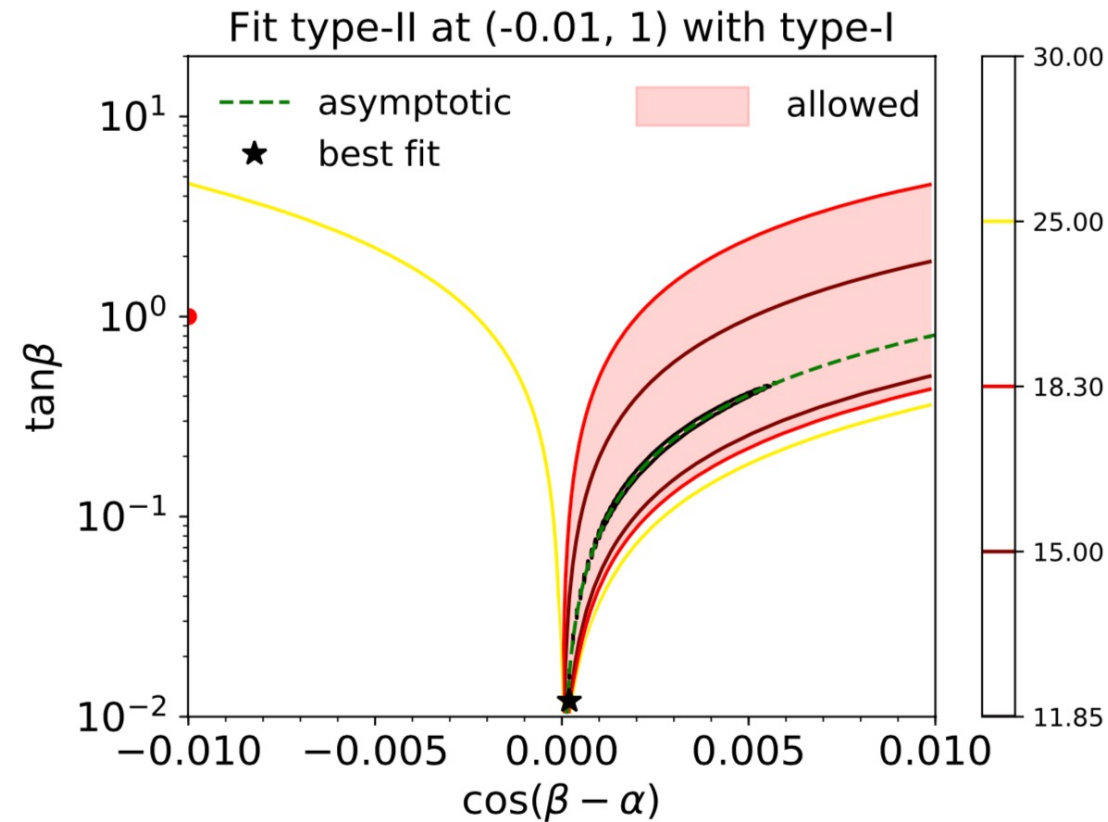
- Type-II  $(\cos(\beta - \alpha), \tan \beta) = (-0.01, 1)$



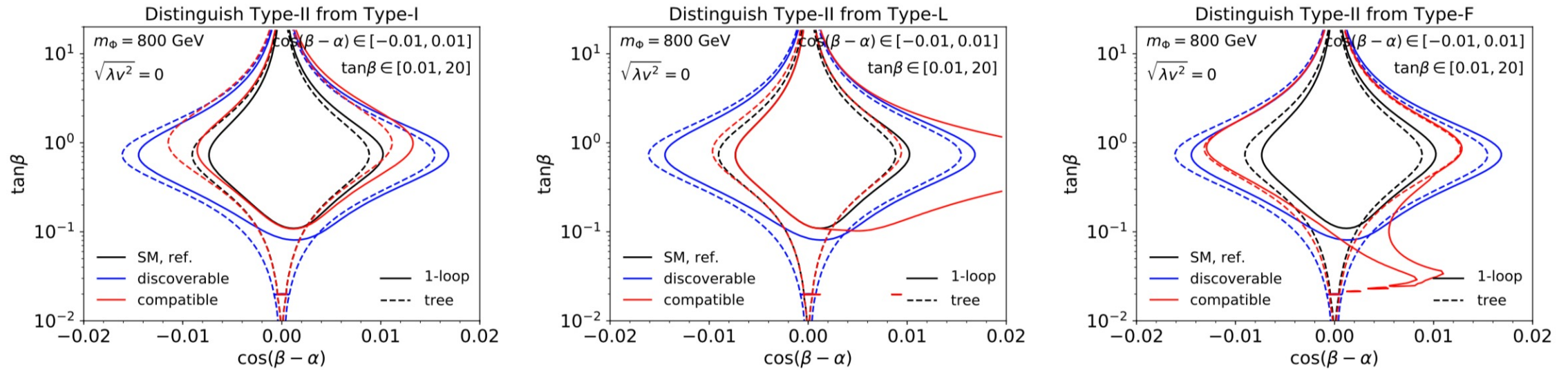
If there is points of Type-I is allowed,  
then BM of Type-II is compatible  
under CEPC precision

# Study Results: compatibility test

- Type-II  $(\cos(\beta - \alpha), \tan \beta) = (-0.01, 1)$



# Study Results: compatibility test

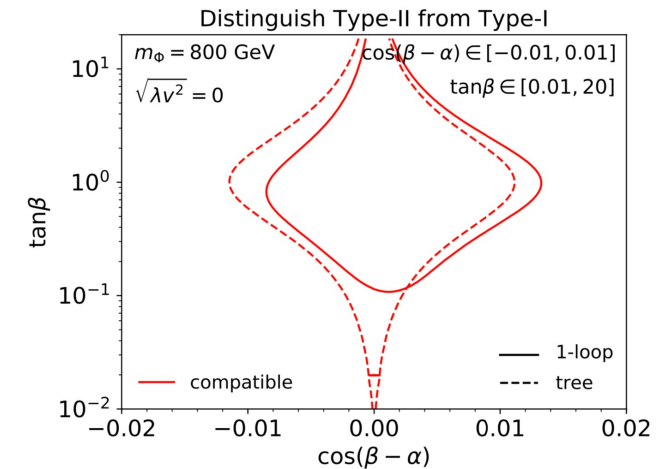
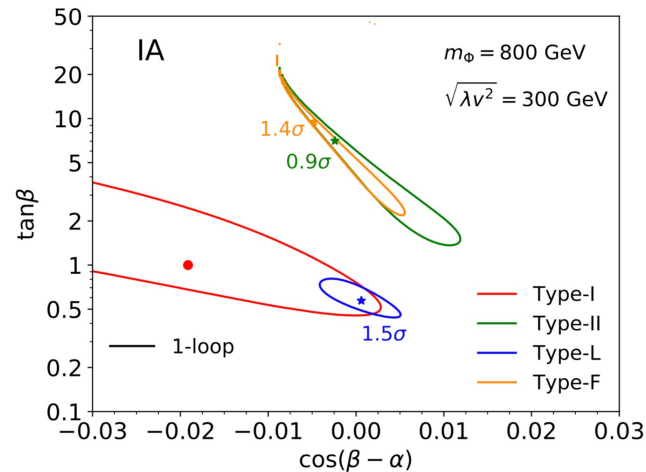
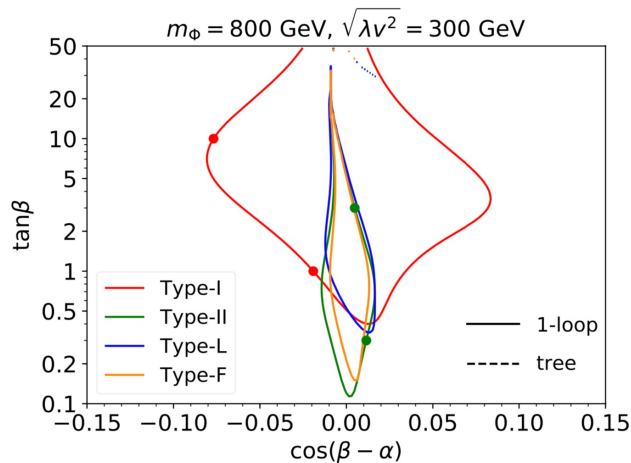
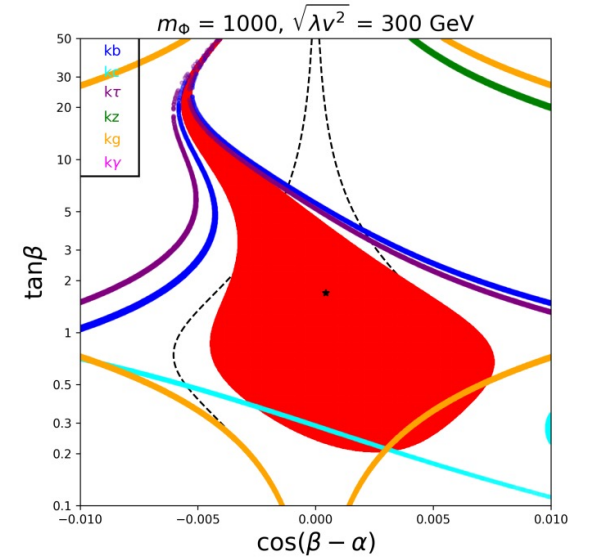


We can do the similar research between any two models



# Summary: Higgs precision measurements

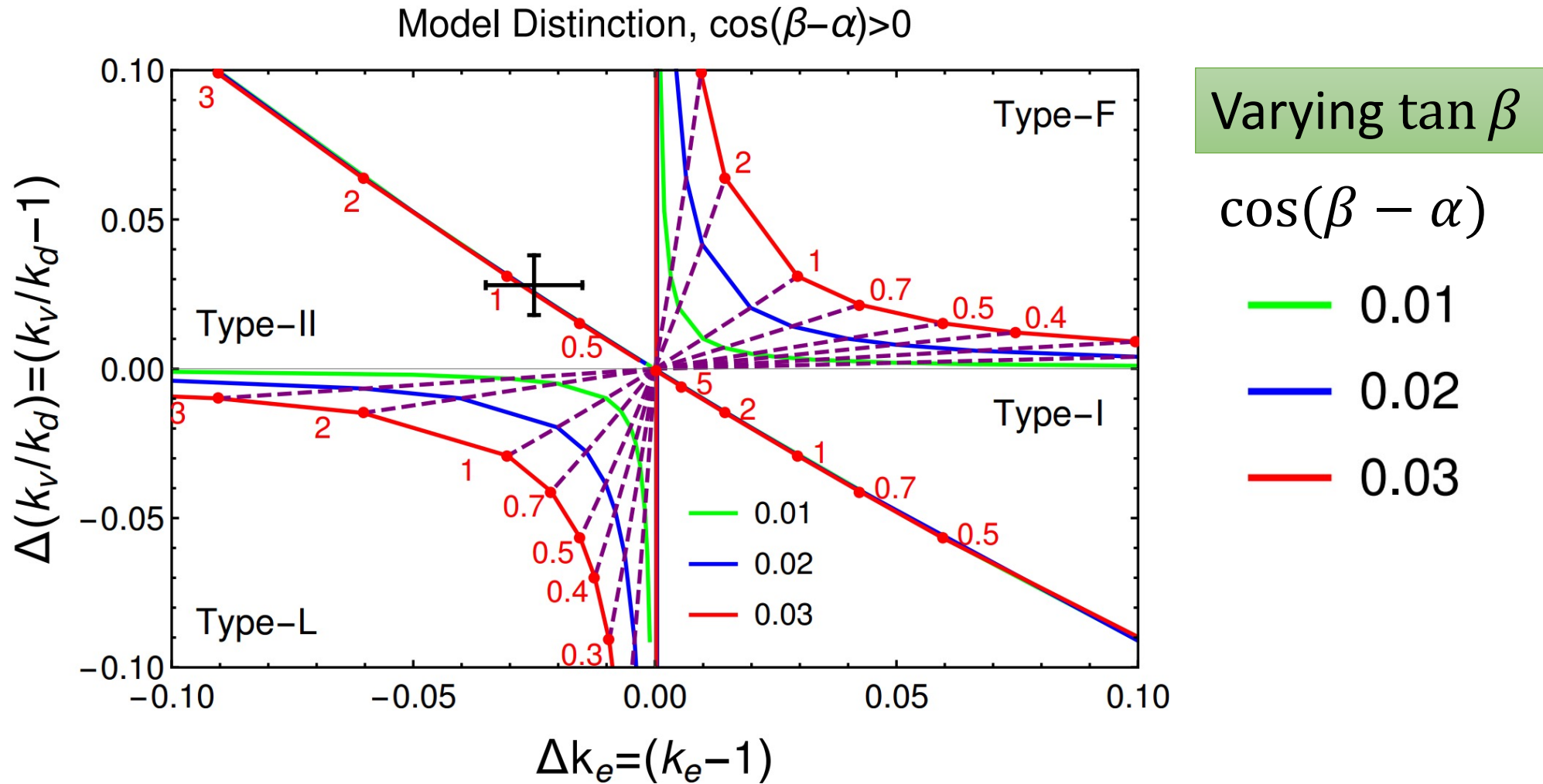
- ✿ Exclusion :Maximal likelihood vs. absolute  $\chi^2$  study
- ✿ Discovery potential: test null model SM
- ✿ Discrimination ability: a deviation observed
- ✿ Compatibility test: different BSMs



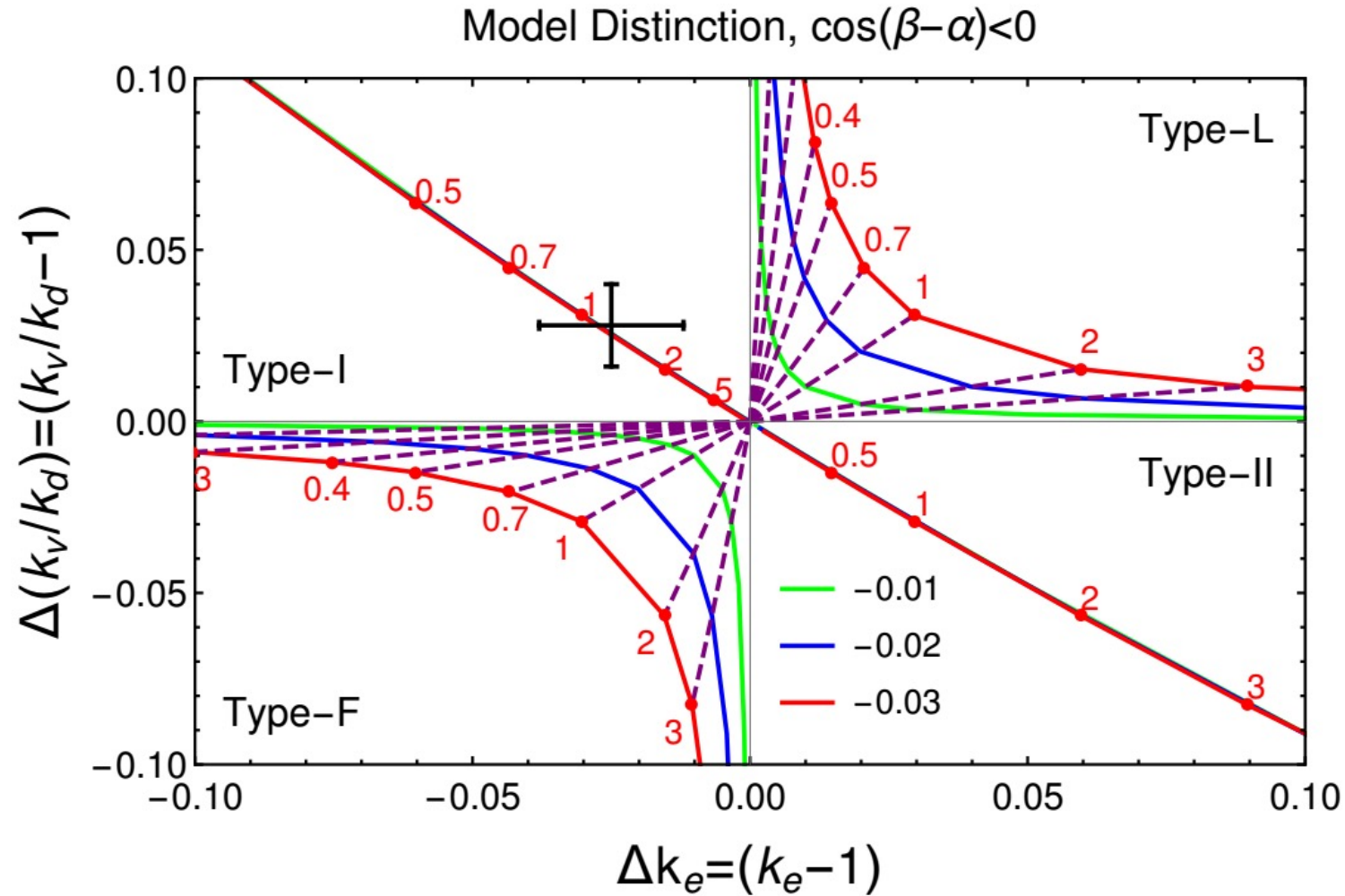
Thanks !

Backup

# 2HDM: Tree Level Model Distinction



# 2HDM: Tree Level Model Distinction



Varying  $\tan \beta$

$\cos(\beta - \alpha)$

0.01

0.02

0.03

Type-I  $\leftrightarrow$  Type-II

Type-L  $\leftrightarrow$  Type-F

# Outline

🌸 Higgs and Z-pole Precision Measurements

🌸 Study strategies

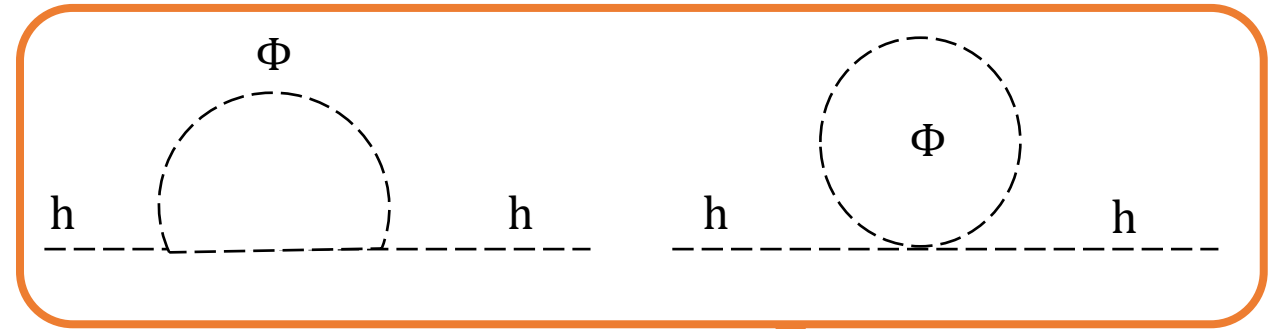
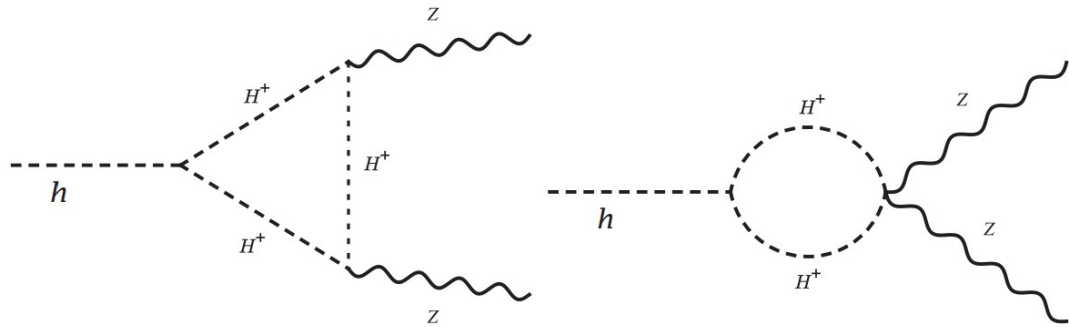
🌸 **Study Results: Tree & one-loop Level**

🌸 2HDM & Electroweak Phase Transition

🌸 Summary



# 2HDM: One-Loop Level



Parameter :  $\cos(\beta - \alpha)$ ,  $\tan \beta$ ,  $m_H$ ,  $m_A$ ,  $m_{H^\pm}$ ,  $m_{12}^2$

Main contribution

- ① Loop + degenerate:  $\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$ ,  $m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$
- ② Tree + Loop + degenerate:  $\cos(\beta - \alpha) \neq 0$ ,  $m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$
- ③ Tree + Loop + non-degenerate:  $\Delta m_a = m_A - m_H$ ,  $\Delta m_c = m_{H^\pm} - m_H$

# 2HDM: theoretical consideration

## Vacuum Stability

$$\lambda_1 > 0, \quad \lambda_2 > 0, \quad \lambda_3 > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2},$$

$$\lambda_3 + \lambda_4 - |\lambda_5| > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}.$$

## Unitary

$$|\lambda_i| \leq 4\pi$$

## Perturbativity

$$|\Lambda_i| \leq 16\pi$$

$$\Lambda_{1,2} = \lambda_3 \pm \lambda_4,$$

$$\Lambda_{3,4} = \lambda_3 \pm \lambda_5,$$

$$\Lambda_{5,6} = \lambda_3 + 2\lambda_4 \pm 3\lambda_5,$$

$$\Lambda_{7,8} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \pm \sqrt{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4\lambda_4^2} \right],$$

$$\Lambda_{9,10} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \pm \sqrt{(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4|\lambda_5|^2} \right],$$

$$\Lambda_{11,12} = \frac{1}{2} \left[ 3(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \pm \sqrt{9(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)^2 + 4(2\lambda_3 + \lambda_4)^2} \right]$$

# 2HDM: theoretical consideration

## 🌳 Vacuum Stability

$$\lambda_1 > 0, \quad \lambda_2 > 0, \quad \lambda_3 > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2},$$

$$\lambda_3 + \lambda_4 - |\lambda_5| > -\sqrt{\lambda_1 \lambda_2}.$$

## 🌳 Unitary

$$|\lambda_i| \leq 4\pi'$$

## 🌳 Perturbativity

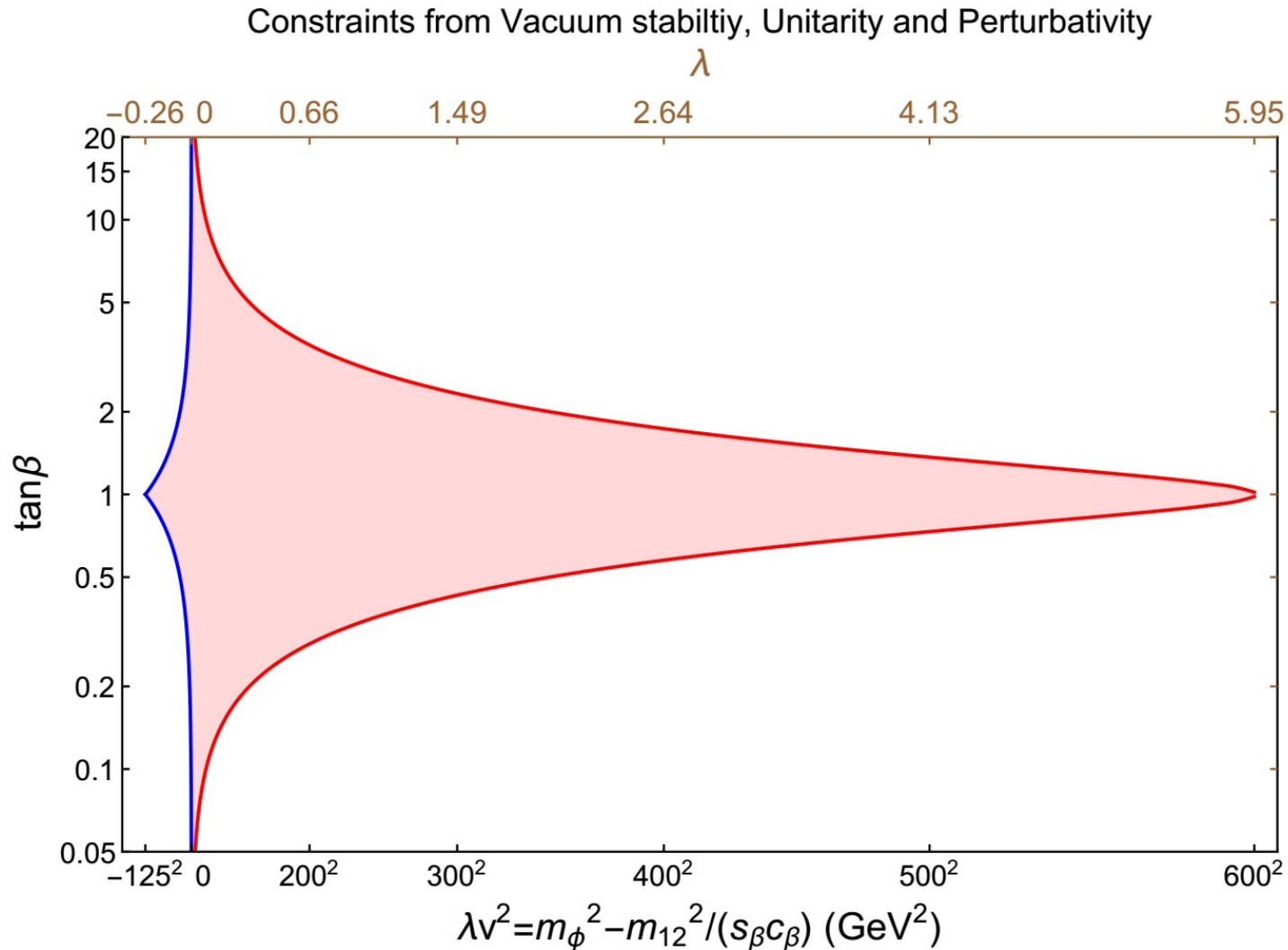
$$|\Lambda_i| \leq 16\pi|$$

$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0,$$
$$m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$$

$$v^2 \lambda_1 = m_h^2 + t_\beta^2 \lambda v^2,$$
$$v^2 \lambda_2 = m_h^2 + \lambda v^2 / t_\beta^2,$$
$$v^2 \lambda_3 = m_h^2 + \lambda v^2,$$
$$v^2 \lambda_4 = -\lambda v^2,$$
$$v^2 \lambda_5 = -\lambda v^2.$$

2 Free parameters

# 2HDM: theoretical consideration



$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0,$$

$$m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$$

Theoretical constraints

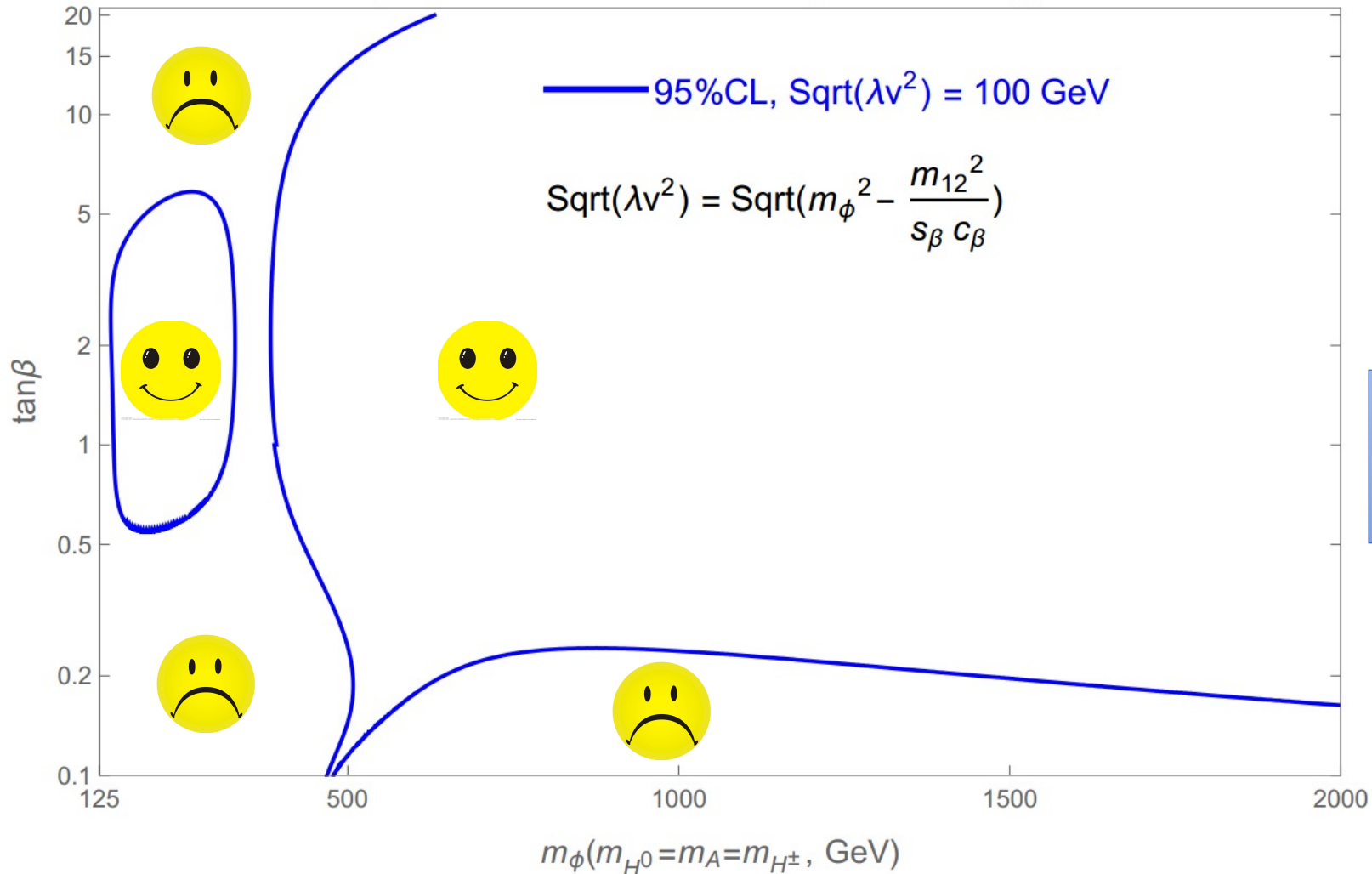
$$-125^2 \text{ GeV}^2 < \lambda v^2 < 600^2 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\lambda \in (-0.26, 5.95)$$

$$\lambda_4 = \lambda_5 = \lambda_3 - 0.258 = -\lambda$$

# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*

Alignment-limit 2HDM one-loop correction, type-II

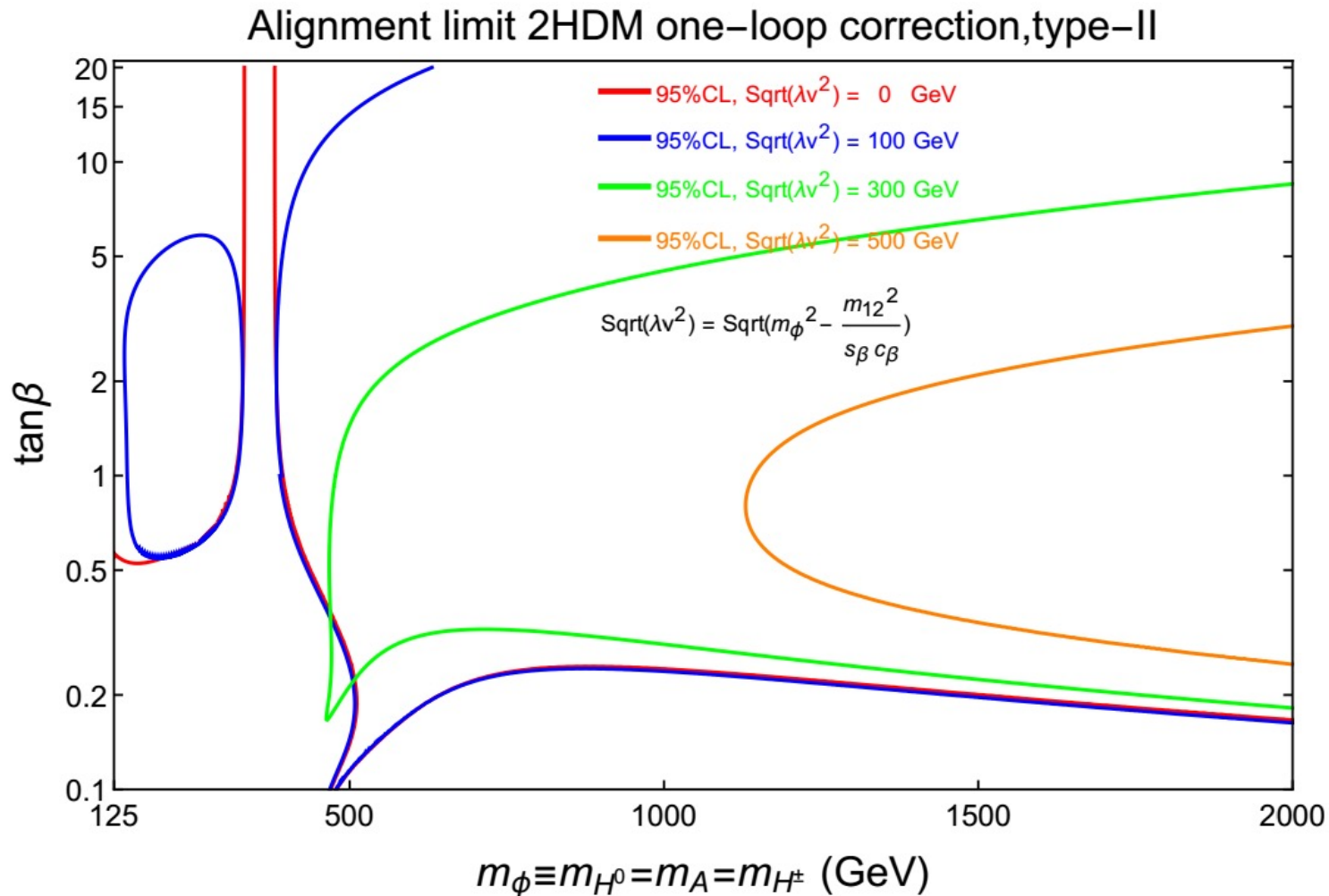


CEPC fit,  
Type-II

$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0,$$

$$m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$$

# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*



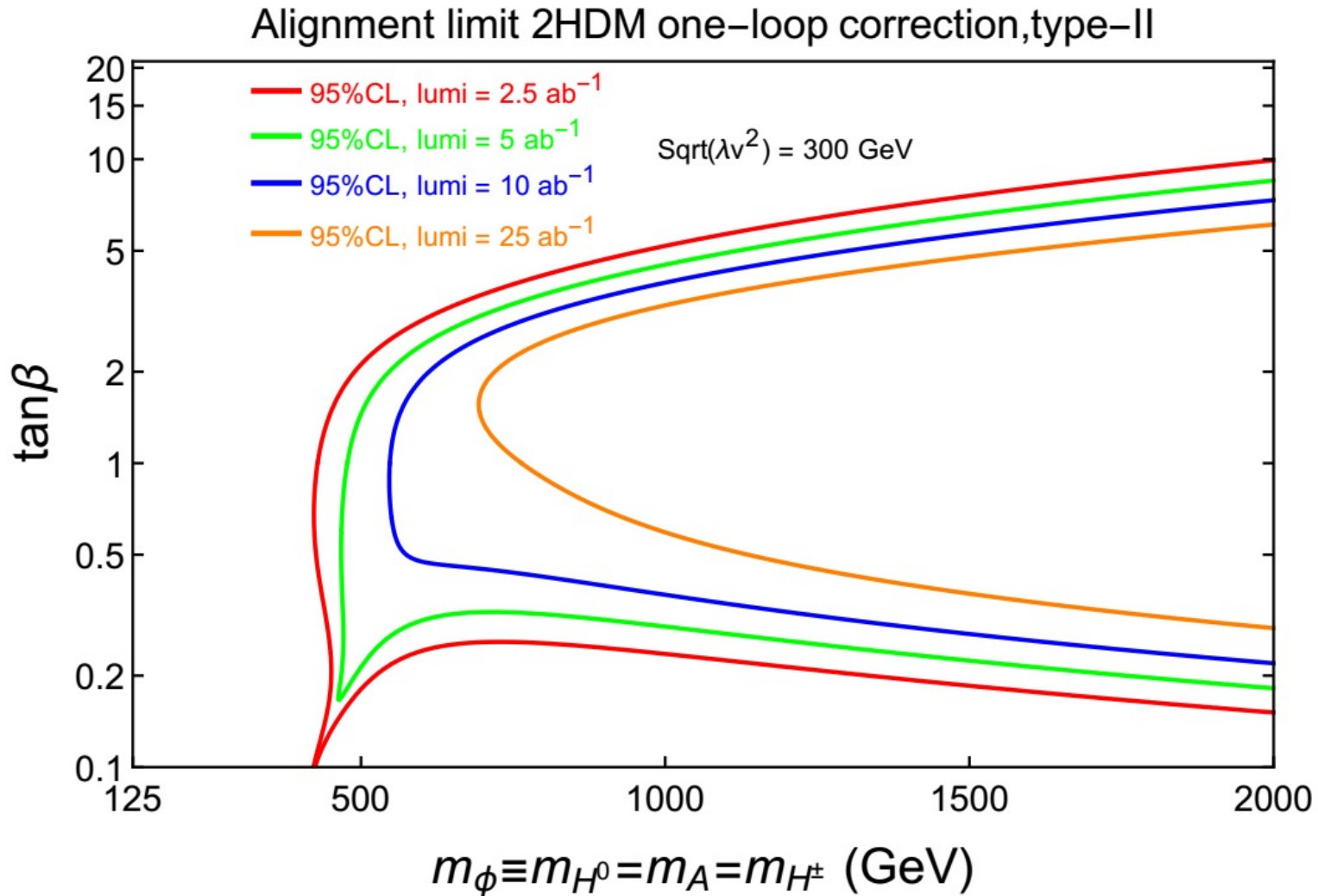
CEPC fit, Type-II

$$-125^2 \text{GeV}^2 < \lambda v^2 < 600^2 \text{GeV}^2$$

$\text{Sqrt}(\lambda v^2)$	$m_\phi >$
100	400
300	500
500	1100

(GeV)

# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*



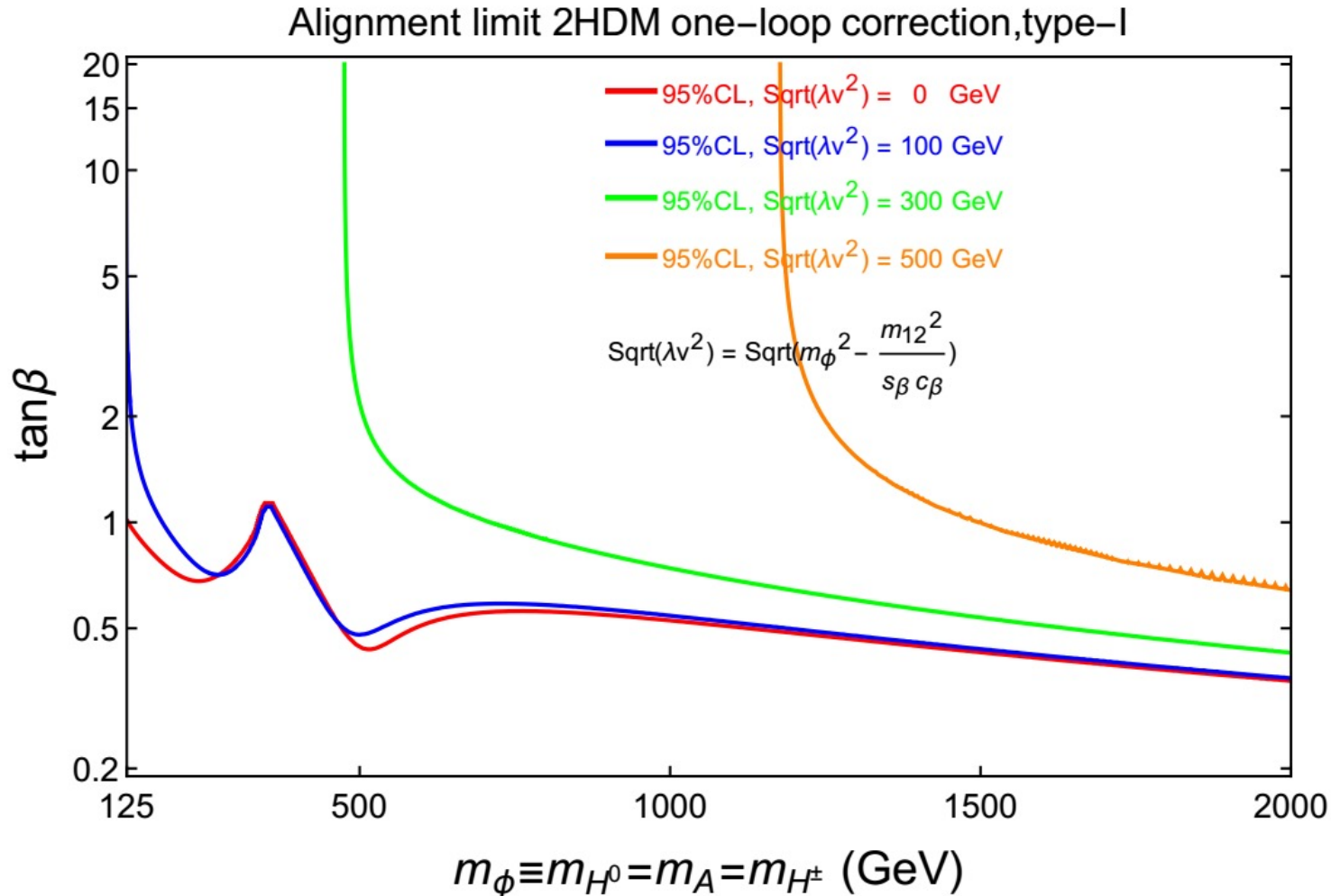
CEPC fit, Type-II

$$\lambda v^2 = 300^2 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\text{Lumi} = 25 \text{ ab}^{-1}$$
$$m_\Phi > 700 \text{ GeV}$$



# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*



CEPC fit, Type-I

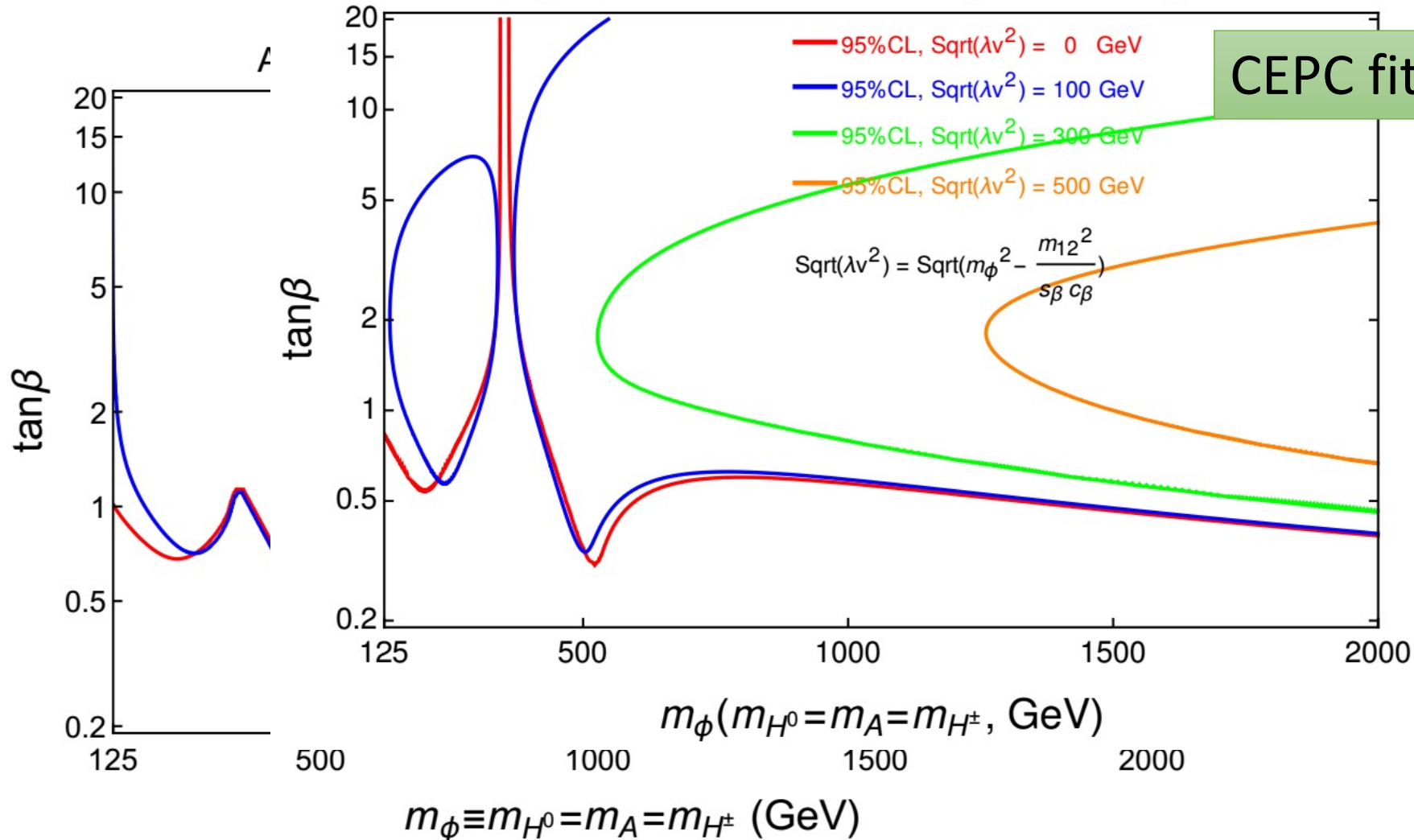
$$-125^2 \text{ GeV}^2 < \lambda v^2 < 600^2 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$\text{Sqrt}(\lambda v^2)$	$m_\phi >$
100	--
300	500
500	1100

(GeV)

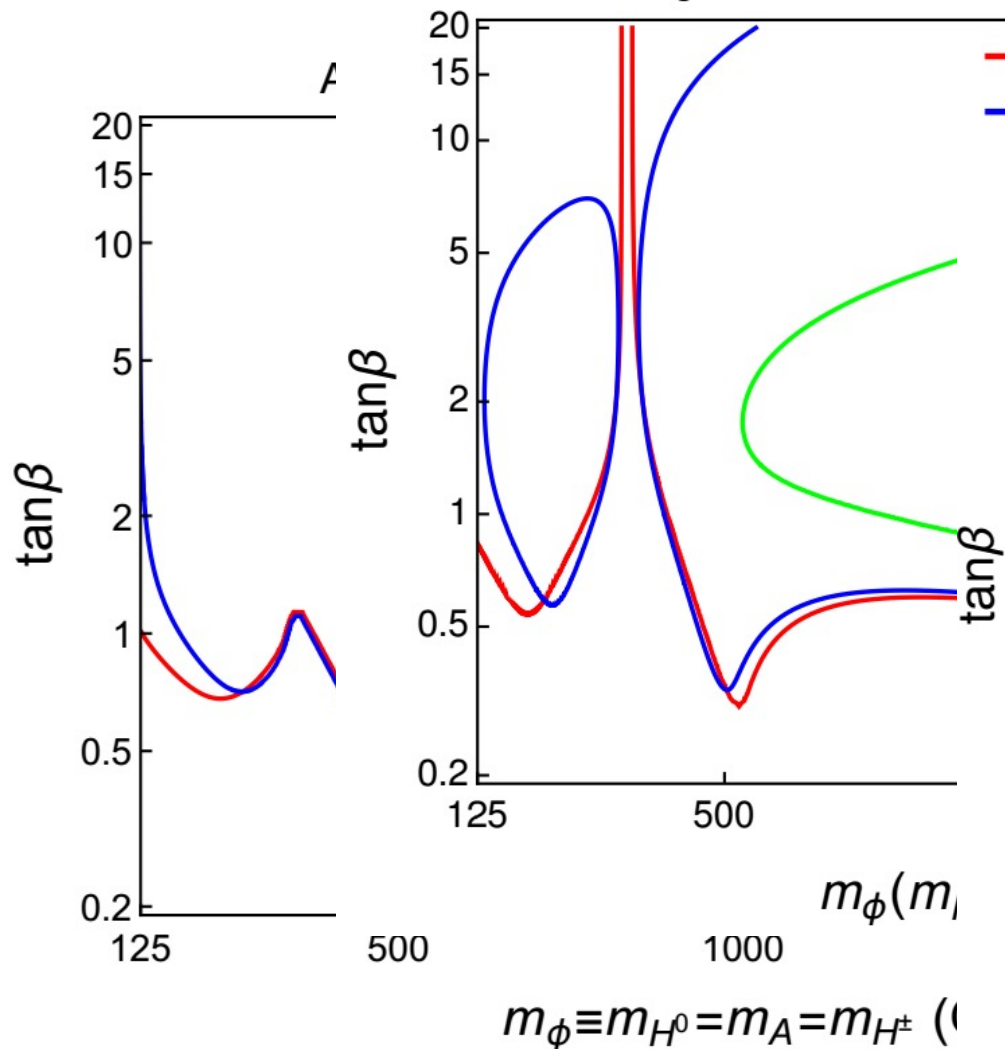
# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*

Alignment limit 2HDM one-loop correction, type-L



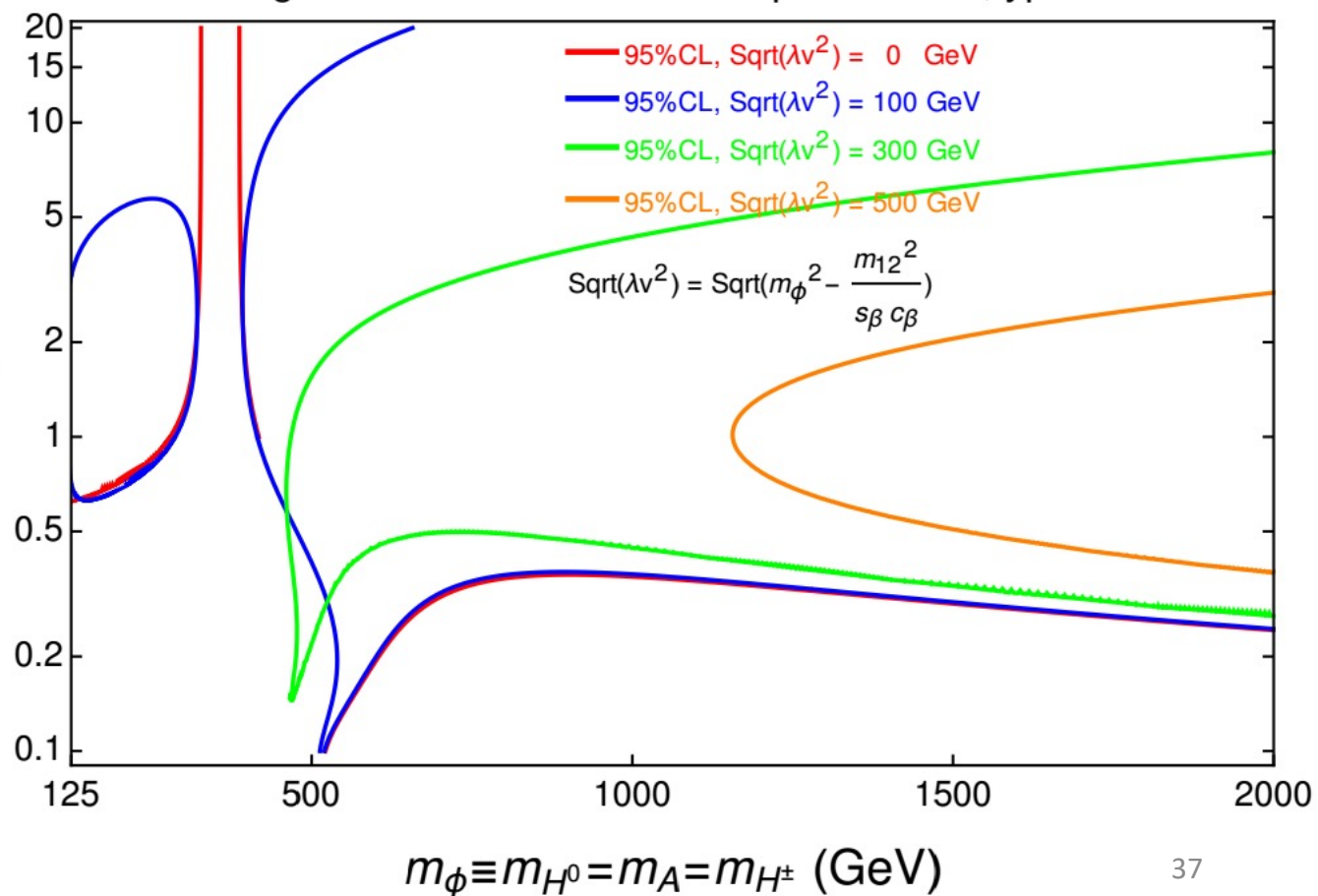
# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*

Alignment limit 2HDM one-loop correction, type-L



CEPC fit, Type-F

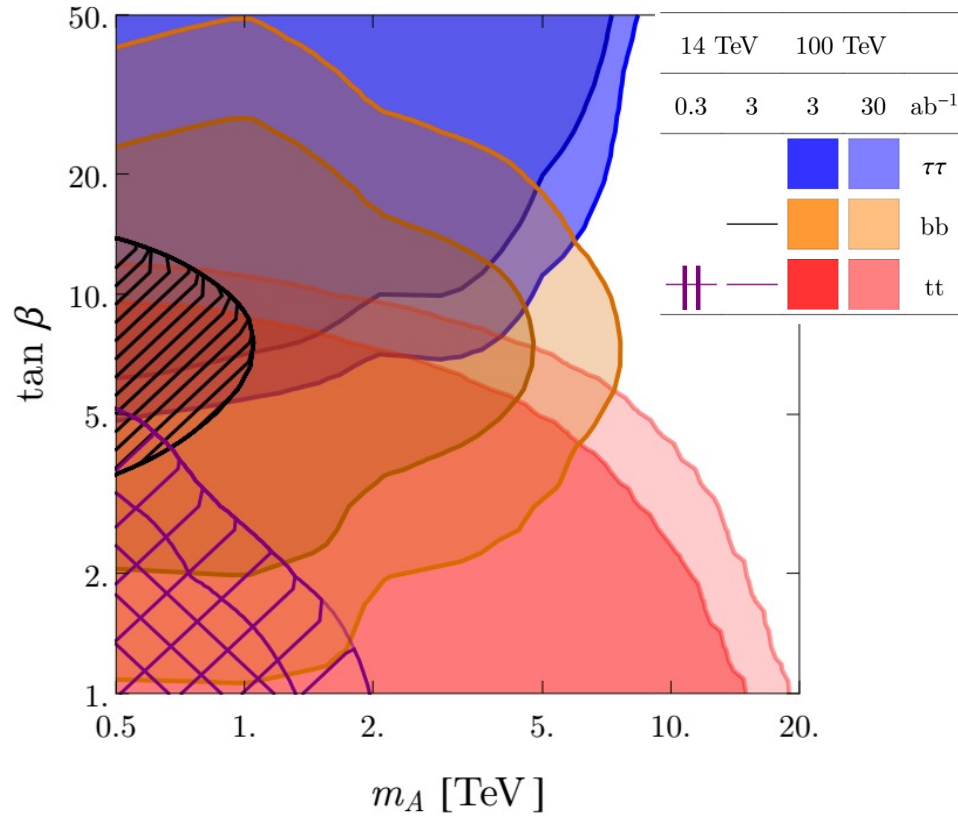
Alignment limit 2HDM one-loop correction, type-F



# Higgs direct search at LHC

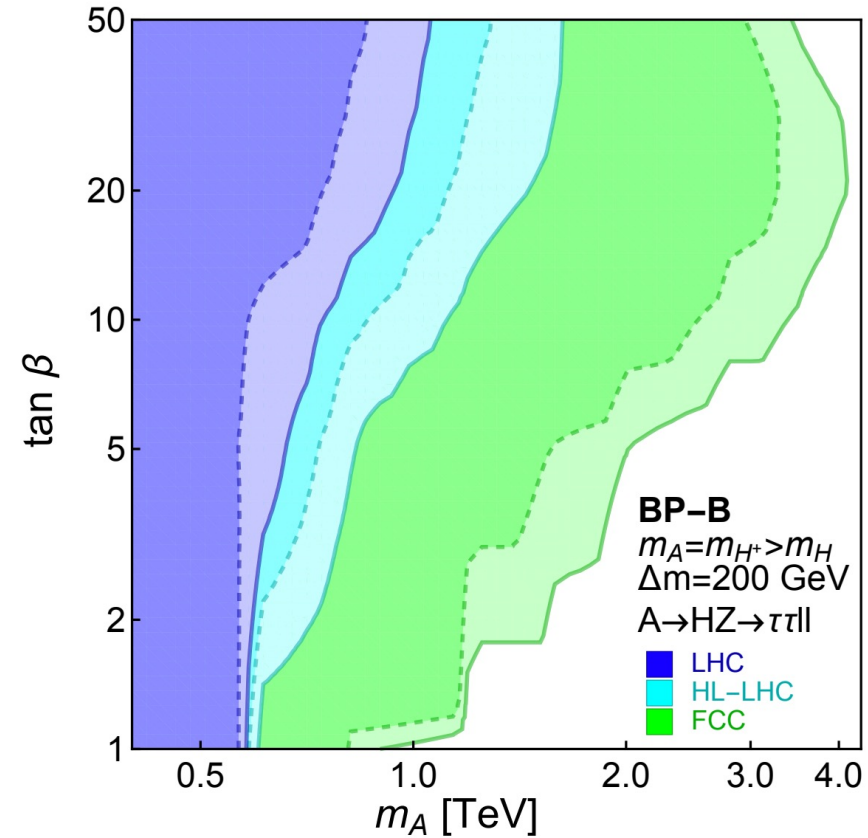
Type-II

## Conventional Search



Craig et. al., 1605.08744

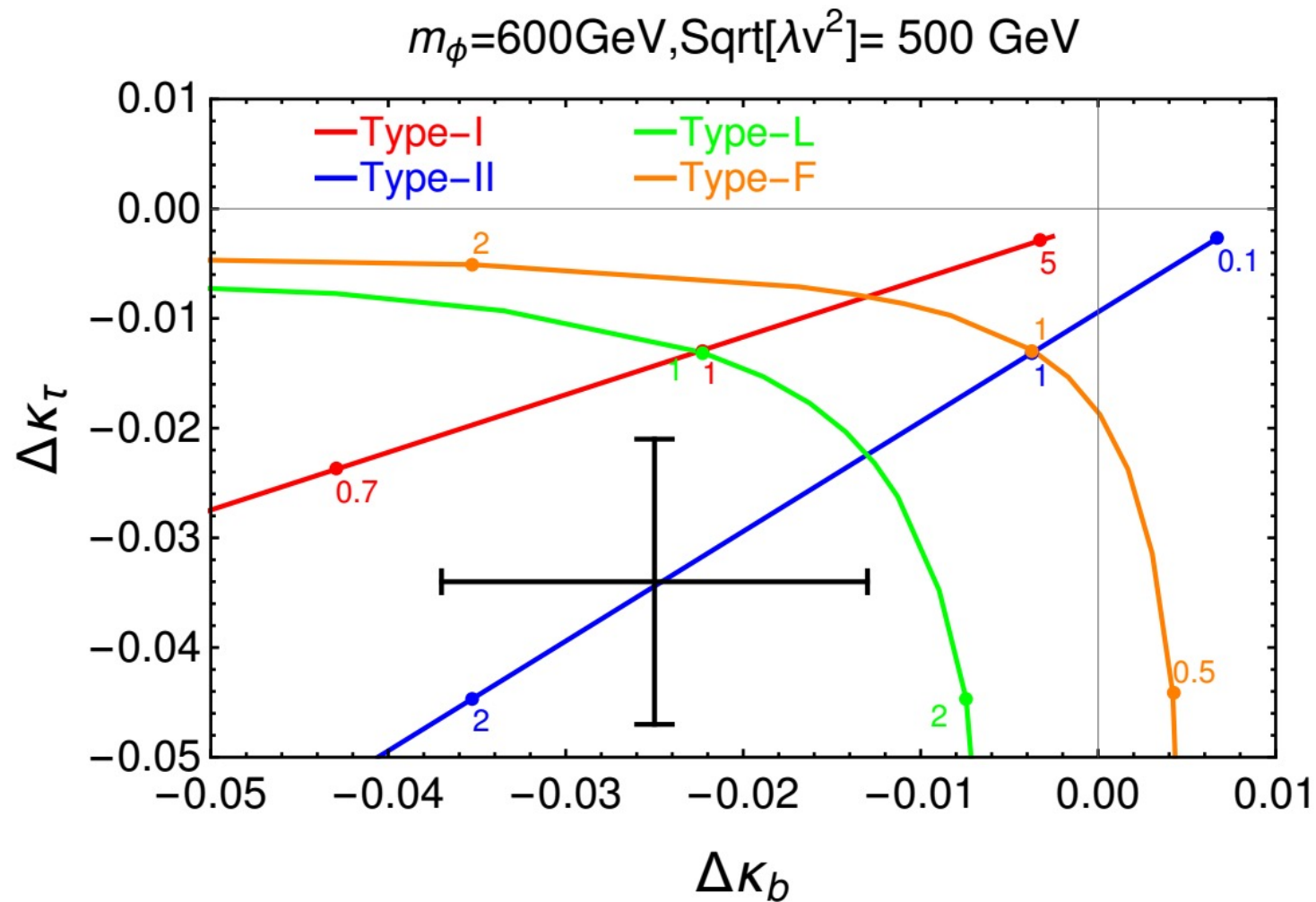
## Exotic: $A \rightarrow HZ$



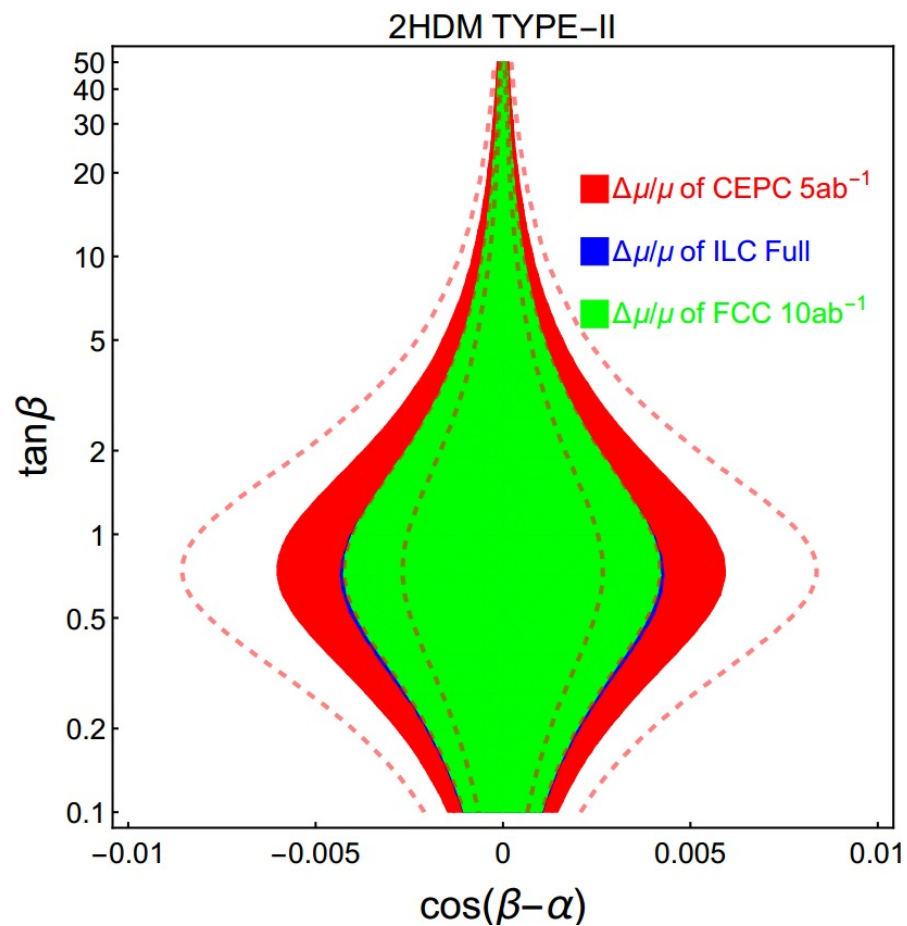
S. Su et. al., 1812.01633

# 2HDM: *Loop + degenerate*

Varying  $\tan \beta$



# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + degenerate*

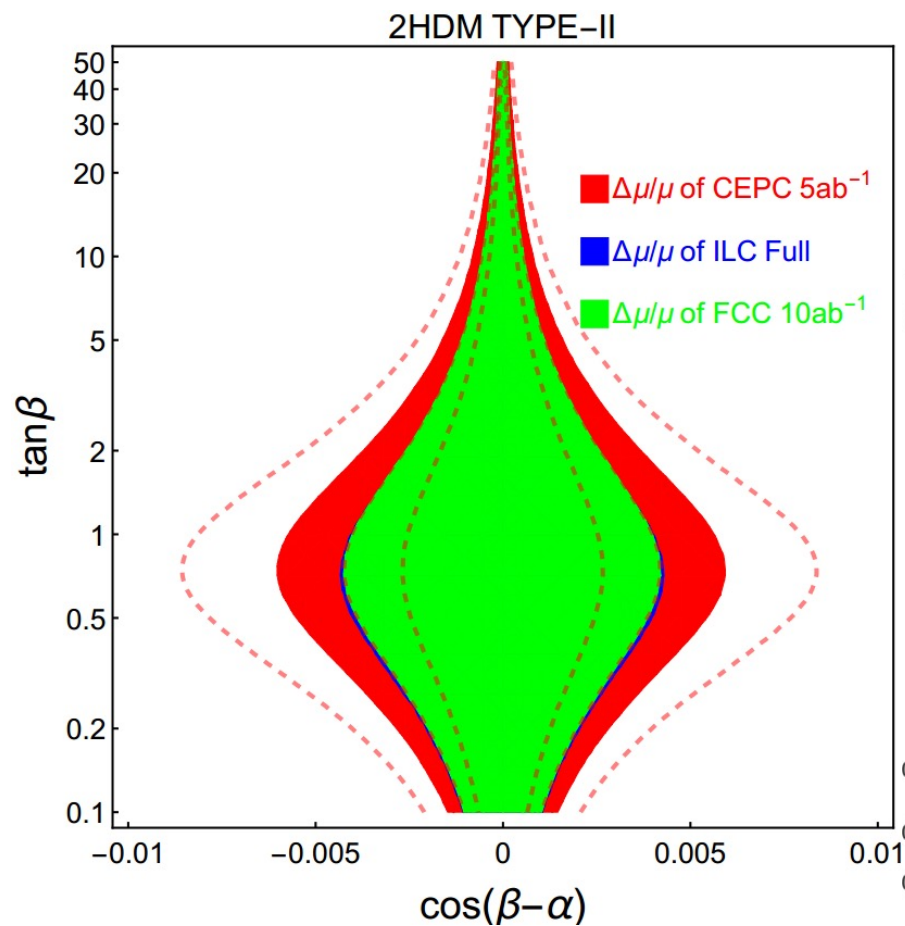


Tree-level

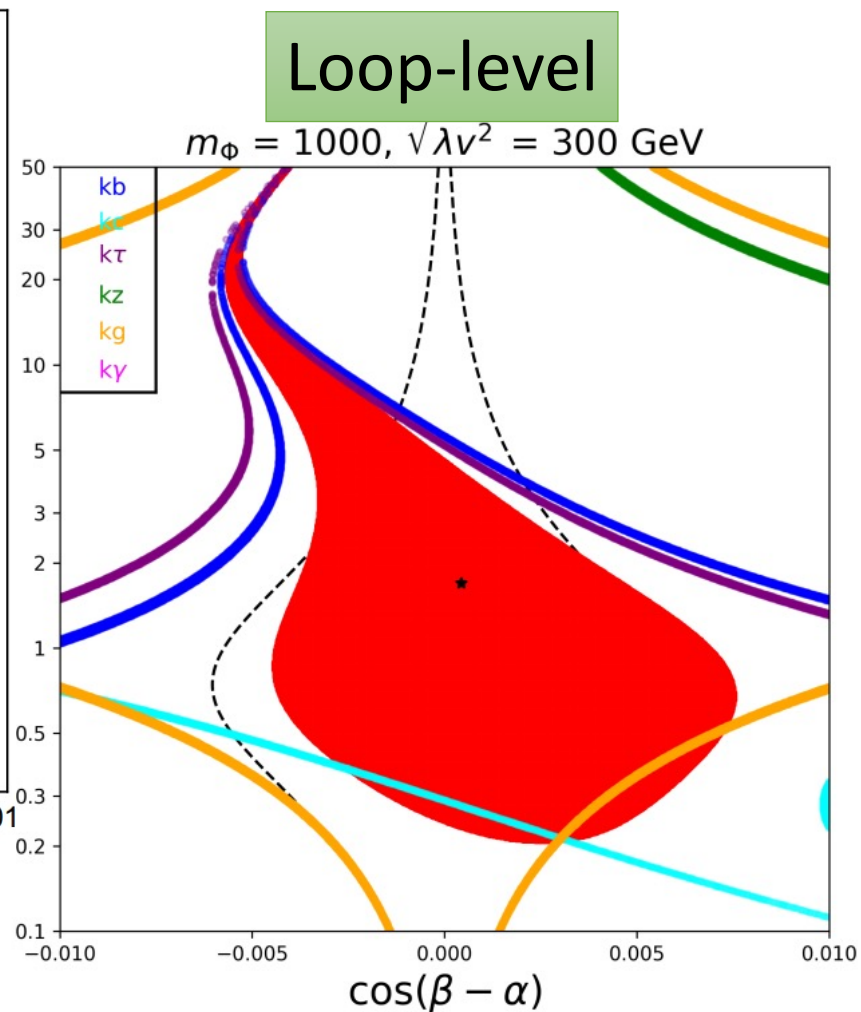
$$\cos(\beta - \alpha) \neq 0,$$
$$m_\Phi \equiv m_H = m_A = m_{H^\pm}$$



# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + degenerate*

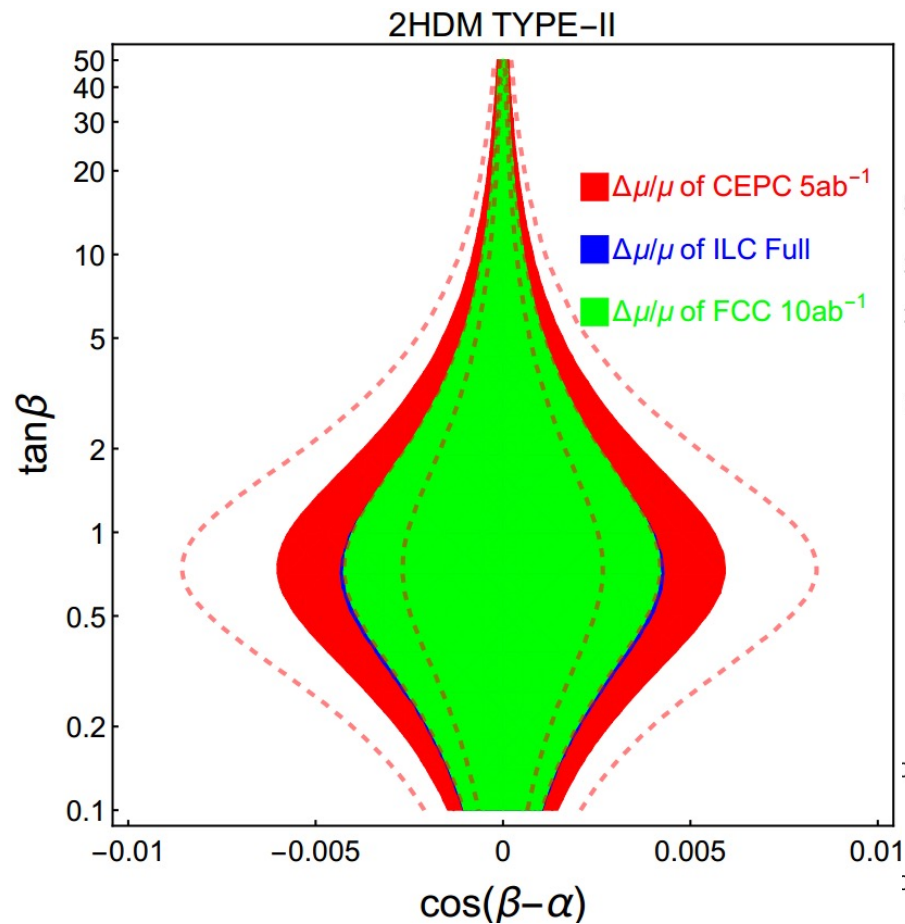


Tree-level

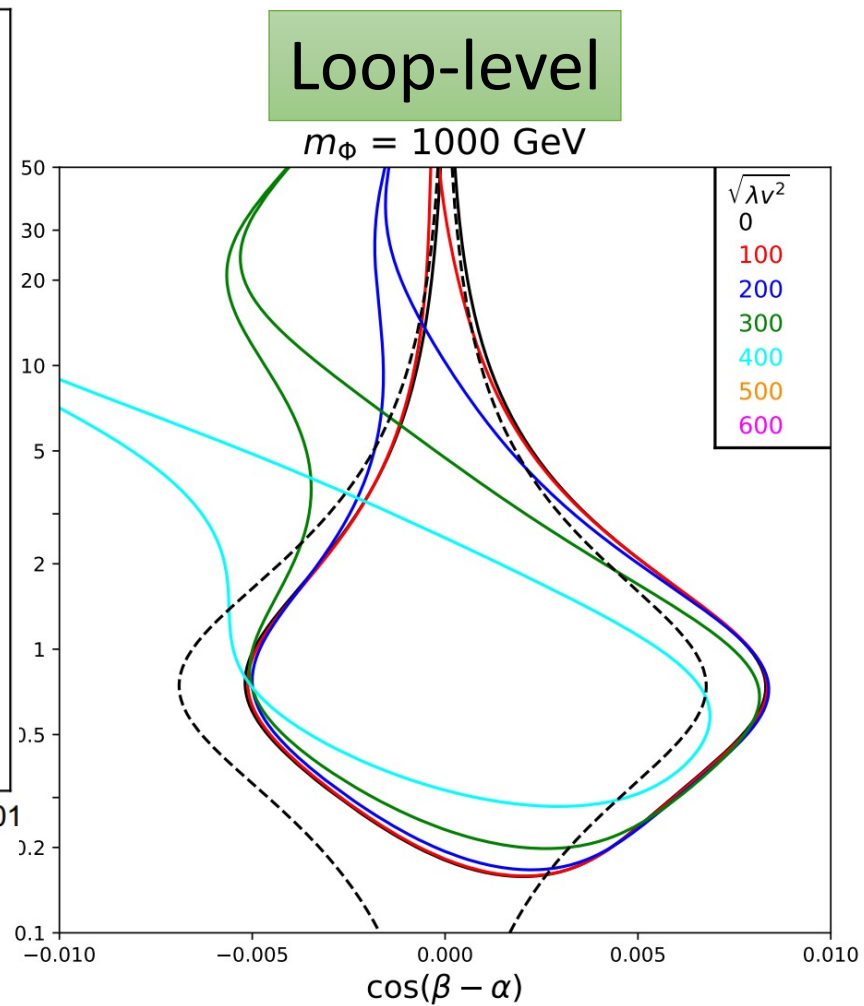




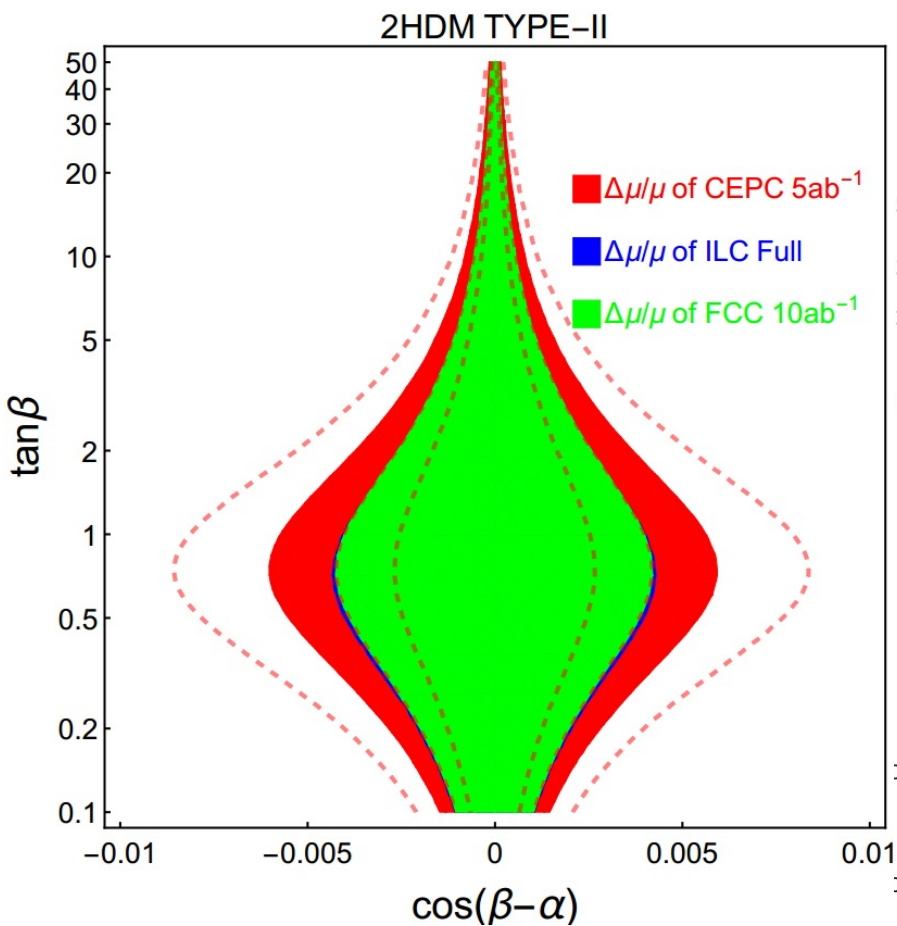
# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + degenerate*



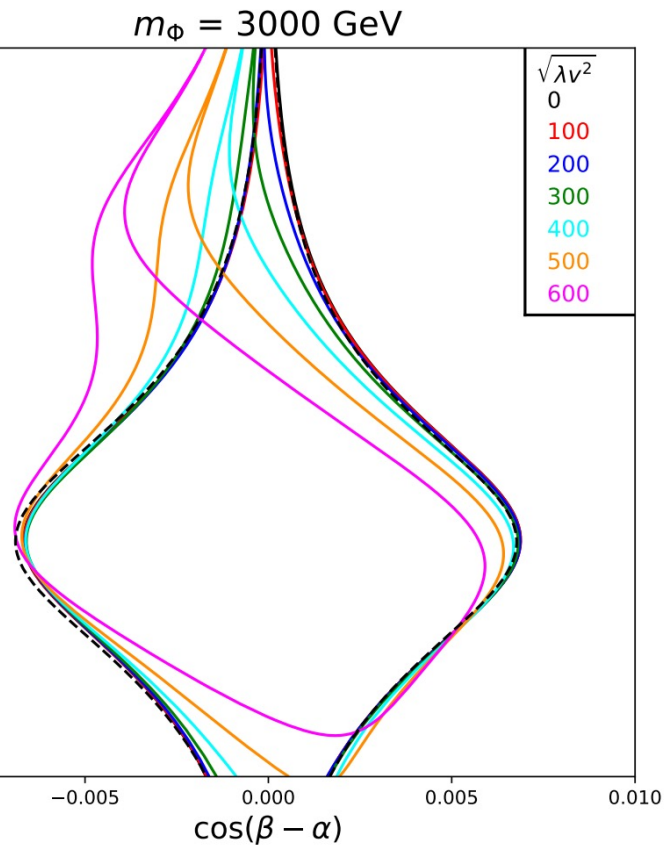
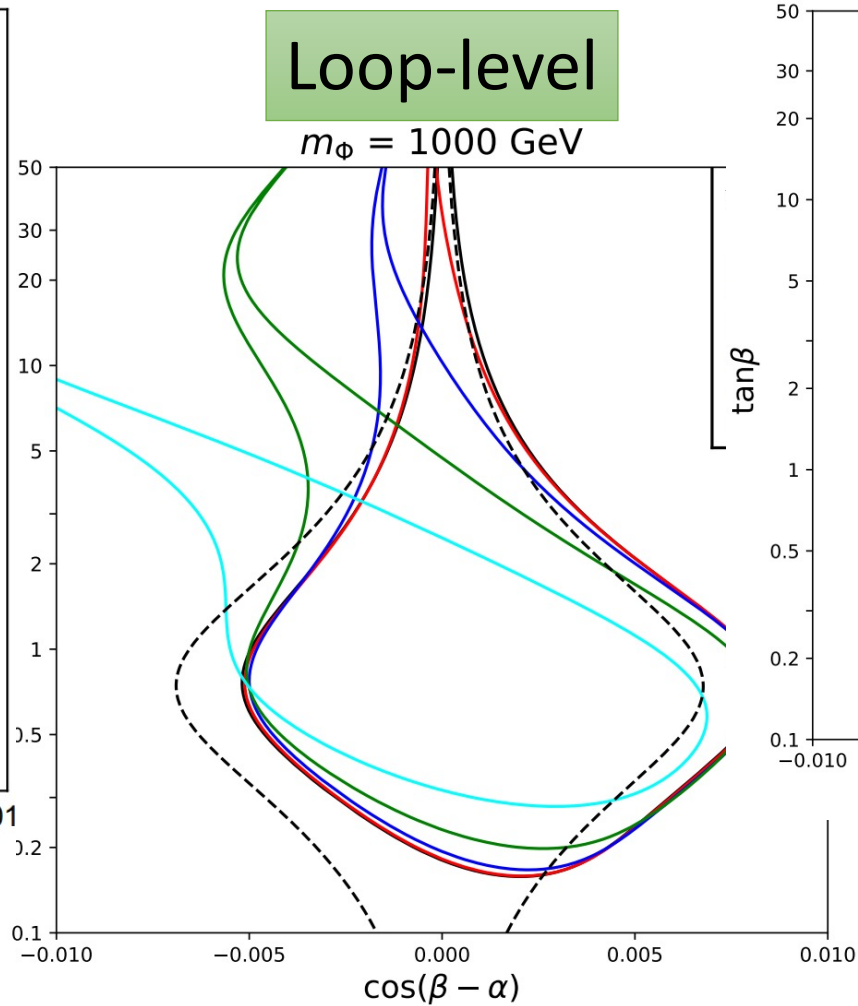
Tree-level



# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + degenerate*

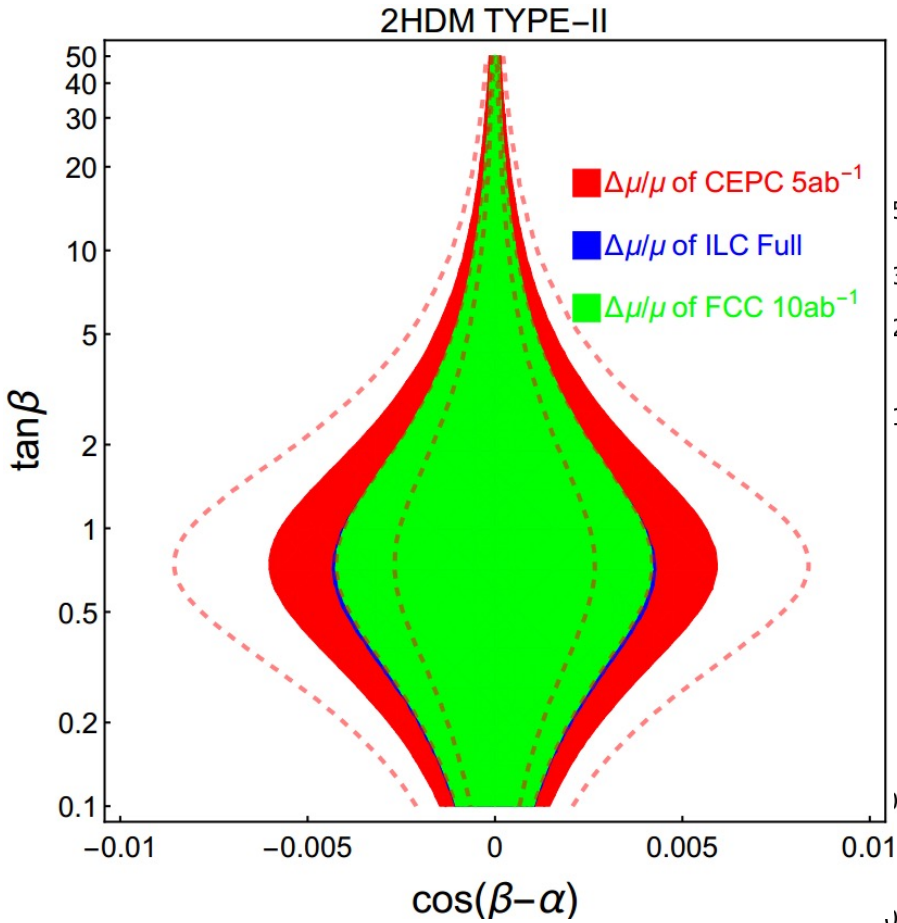


Tree-level

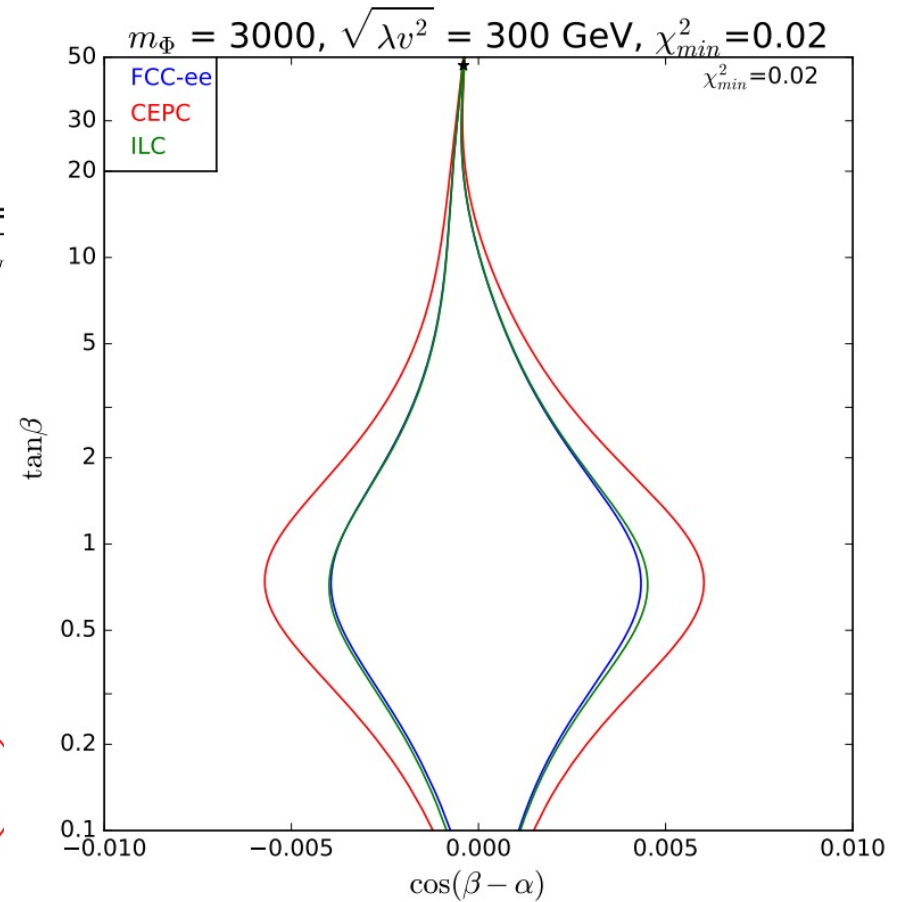
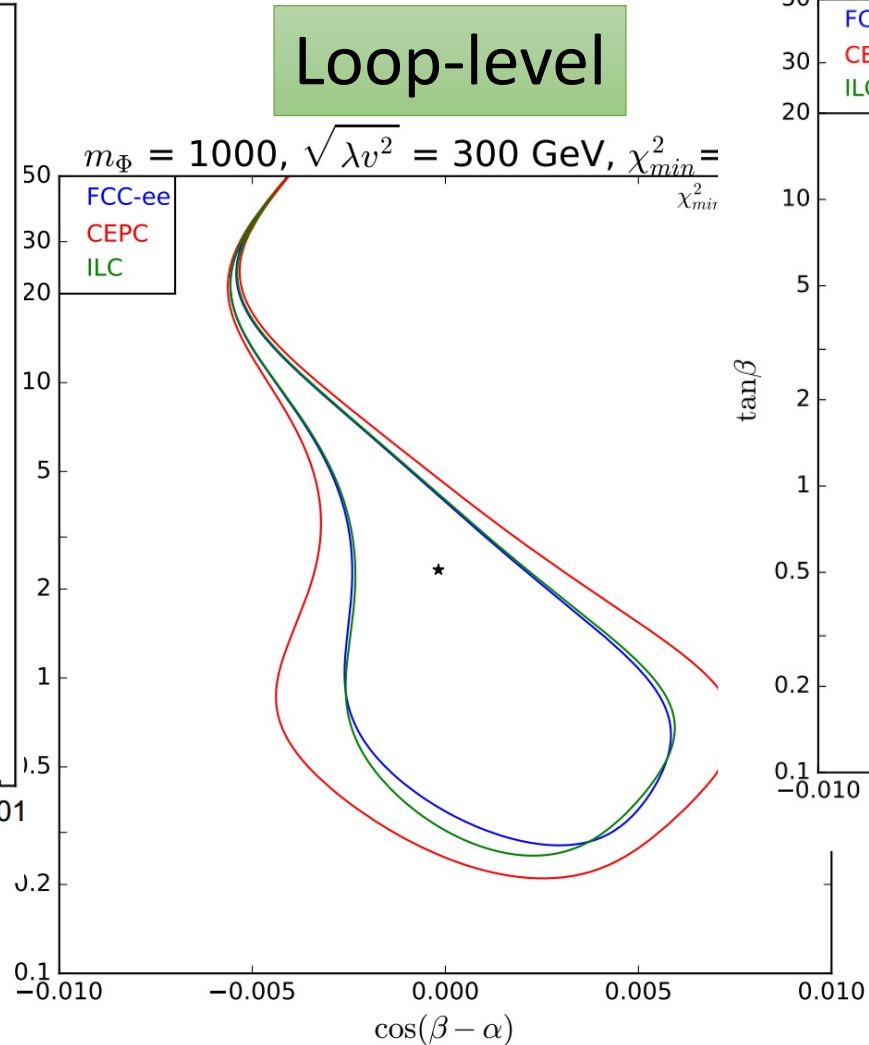


Loop-level decouple

# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + degenerate*



Tree-level



# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + non – degenerate*

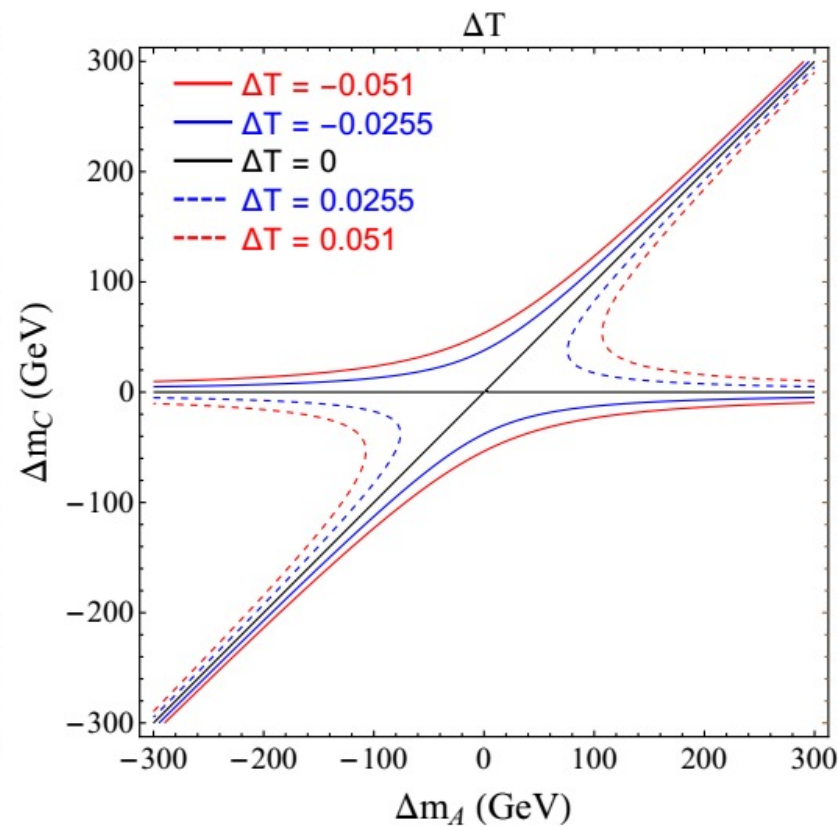
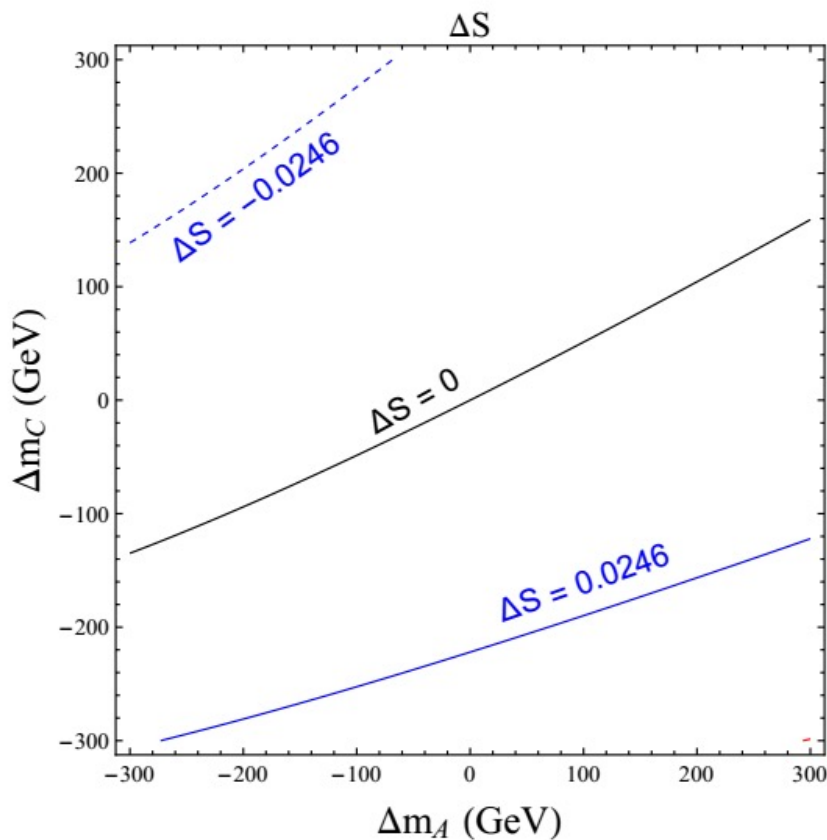
## Z Pole Precision

	Current ( $1.7 \times 10^7 Z$ 's)			CEPC ( $10^{10} Z$ 's)			FCC-ee ( $7 \times 10^{11} Z$ 's)			ILC ( $10^9 Z$ 's)						
	$\sigma$	correlation			$\sigma$ ( $10^{-2}$ )	correlation			$\sigma$ ( $10^{-2}$ )	correlation			$\sigma$ ( $10^{-2}$ )	correlation		
		$S$	$T$	$U$		$S$	$T$	$U$		$S$	$T$	$U$		$S$	$T$	$U$
$S$	$0.04 \pm 0.11$	1	0.92	-0.68	2.46	1	0.862	-0.373	0.67	1	0.812	0.001	3.53	1	0.988	-0.879
$T$	$0.09 \pm 0.14$	-	1	-0.87	2.55	-	1	-0.735	0.53	-	1	-0.097	4.89	-	1	-0.909
$U$	$-0.02 \pm 0.11$	-	-	1	2.08	-	-	1	2.40	-	-	1	3.76	-	-	1

# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + non-degenerate*

## Z Pole Precision

	Current
	$\sigma$
$S$	$0.04 \pm 0.11$
$T$	$0.09 \pm 0.14$
$U$	$-0.02 \pm 0.1$



$(10^9 Z's)$	
correlation	
$T$	$U$
0.988	-0.879
1	-0.909
-	1

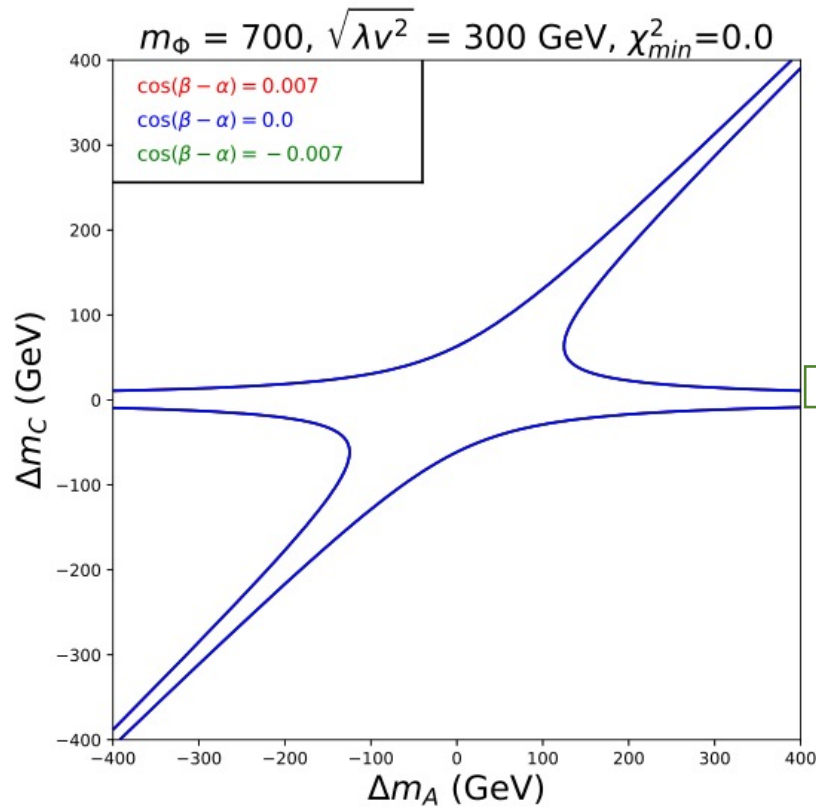


# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + non-degenerate*

CEPC fit

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta m_A &= m_A - m_H, \\ \Delta m_C &= m_{H^\pm} - m_H, \\ m_H &= 700 \text{ GeV}\end{aligned}$$

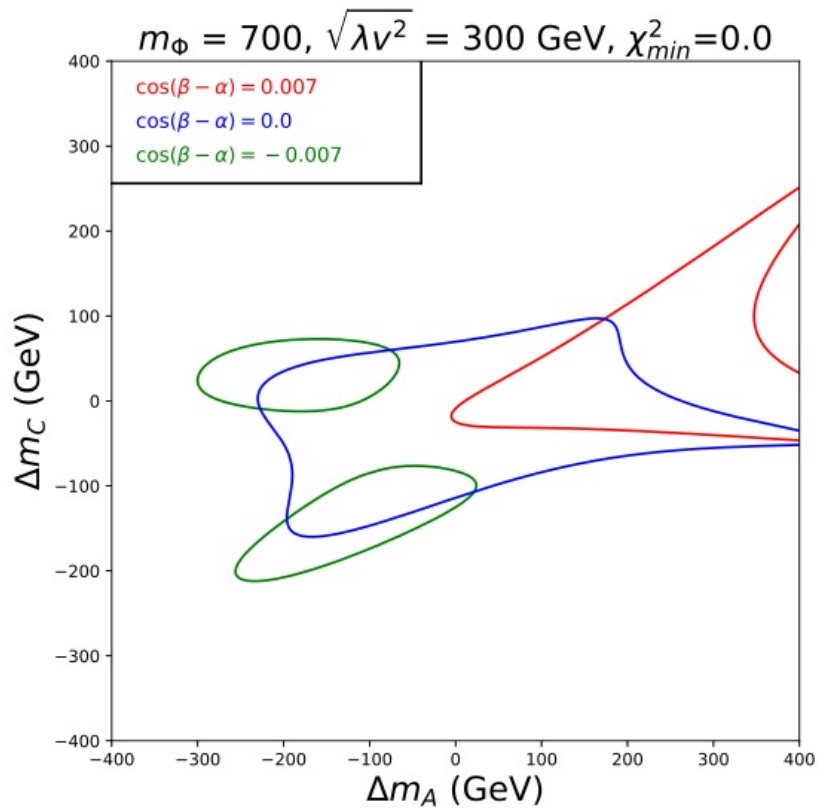
## Z Pole Precision



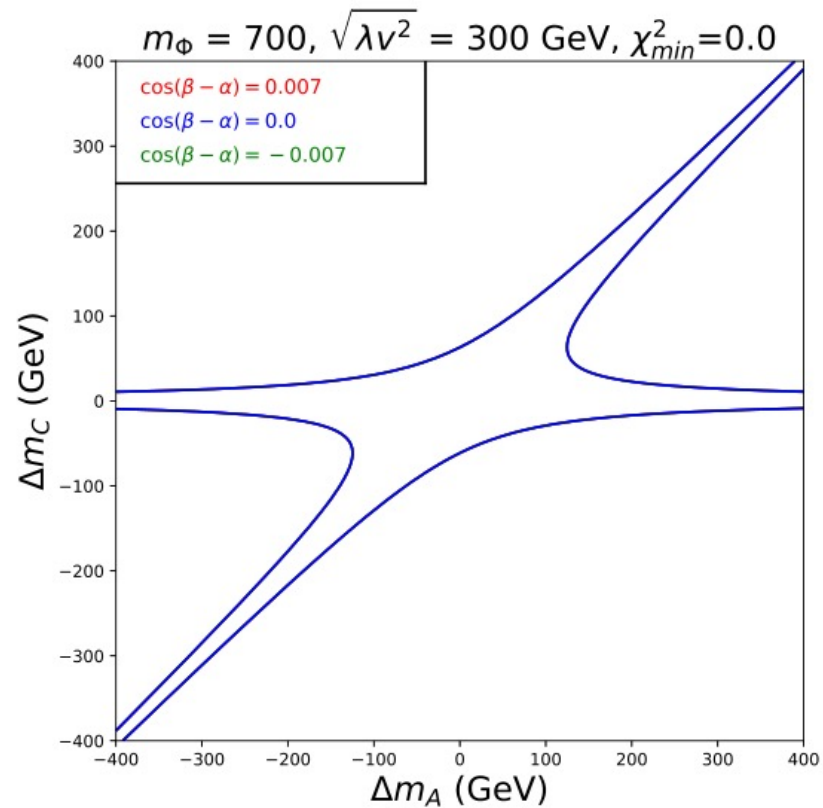
$$\begin{aligned}m_{H^\pm} &= m_H \\ m_{H^\pm} &= m_A\end{aligned}$$

# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + non-degenerate*

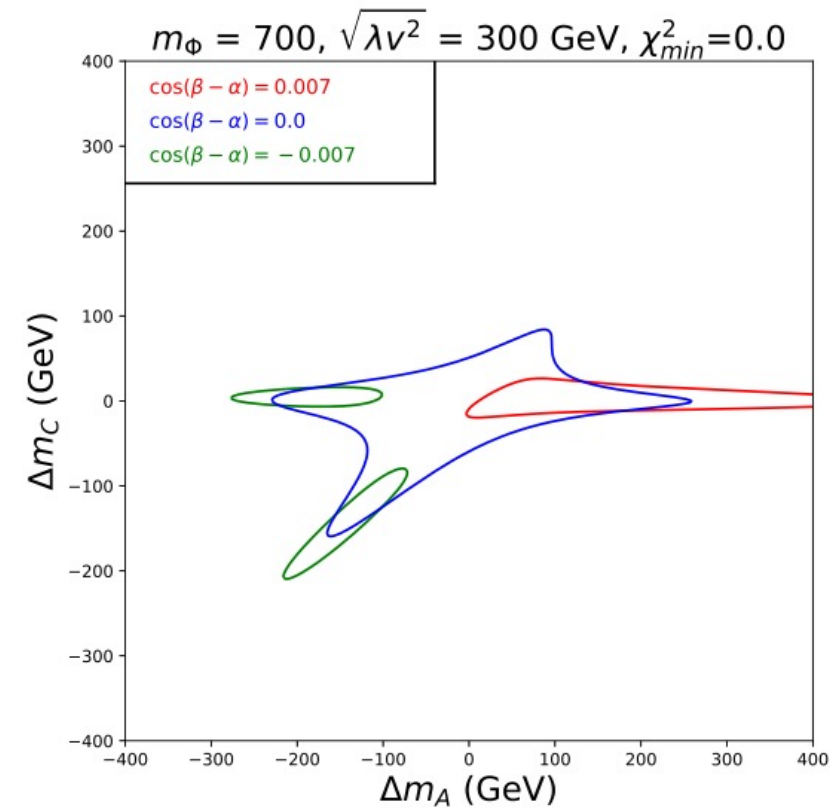
## Higgs Precision



## Z Pole Precision



## Combined



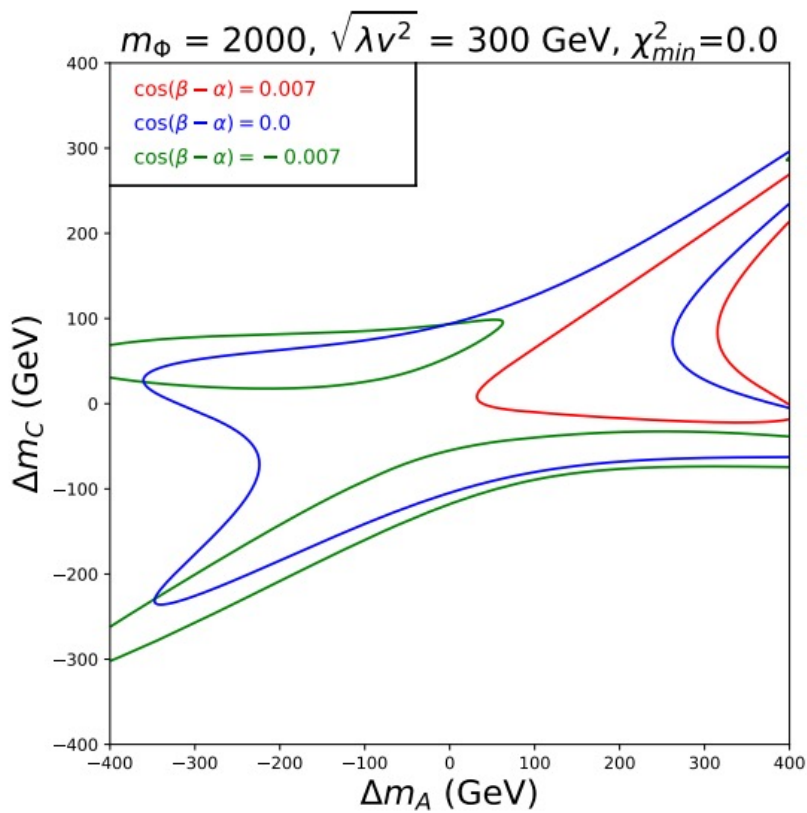
$m_H = 700 \text{ GeV}$

Complementary to each other

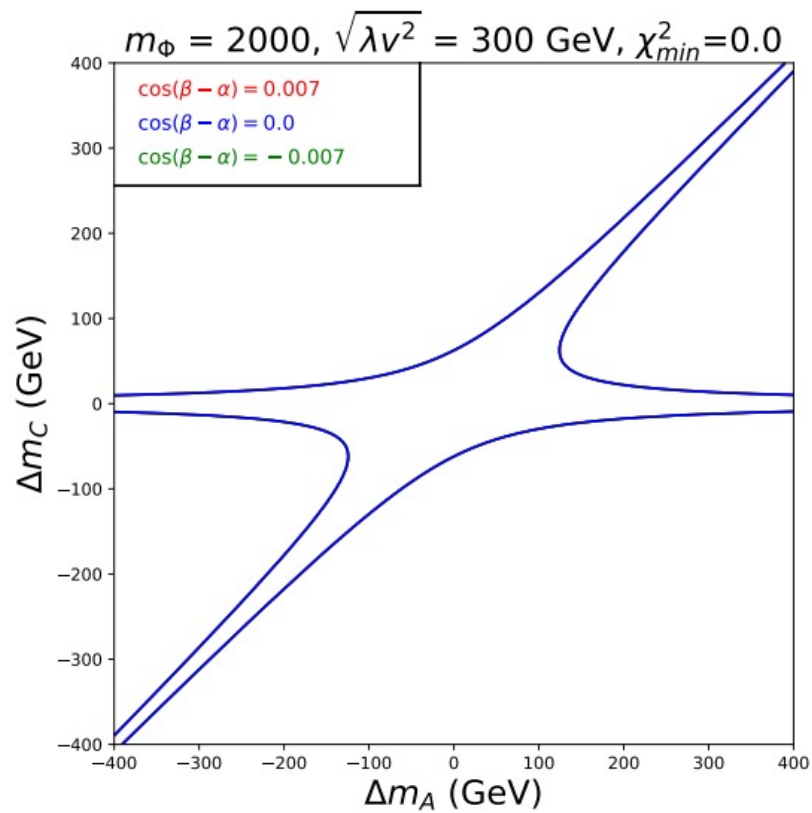


# 2HDM: *Tree + Loop + non-degenerate*

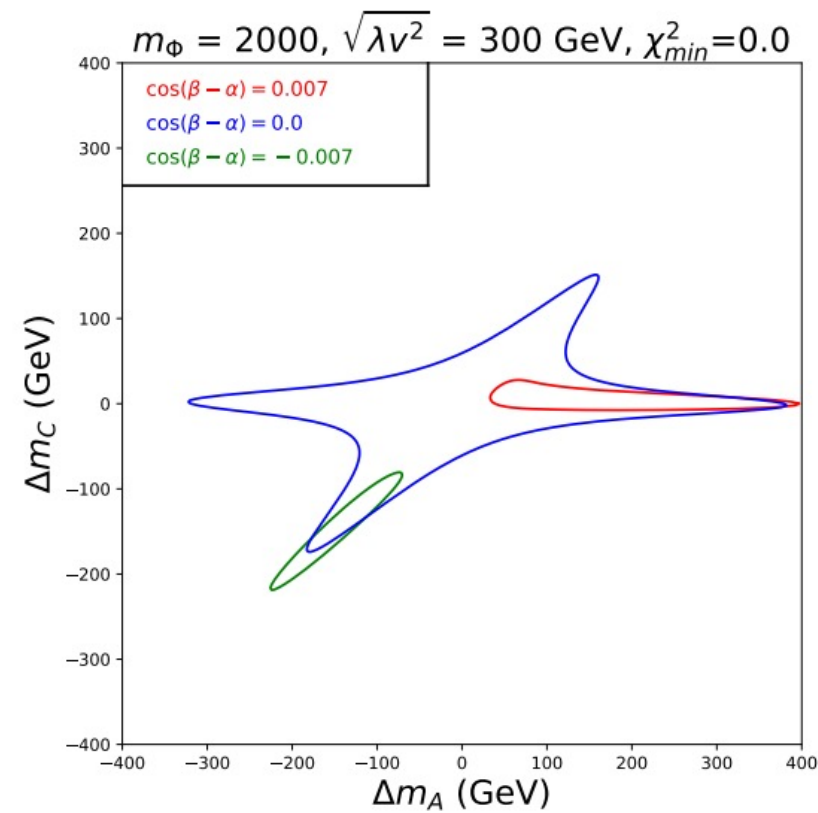
## Higgs Precision



## Z Pole Precision



## Combined

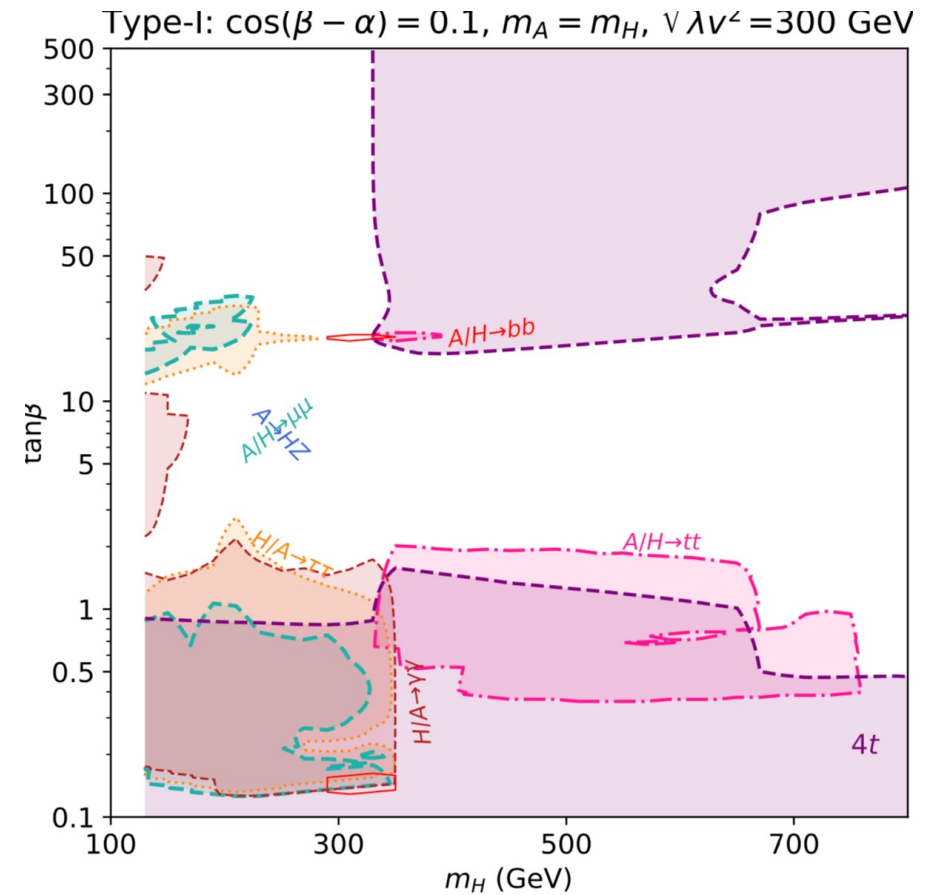
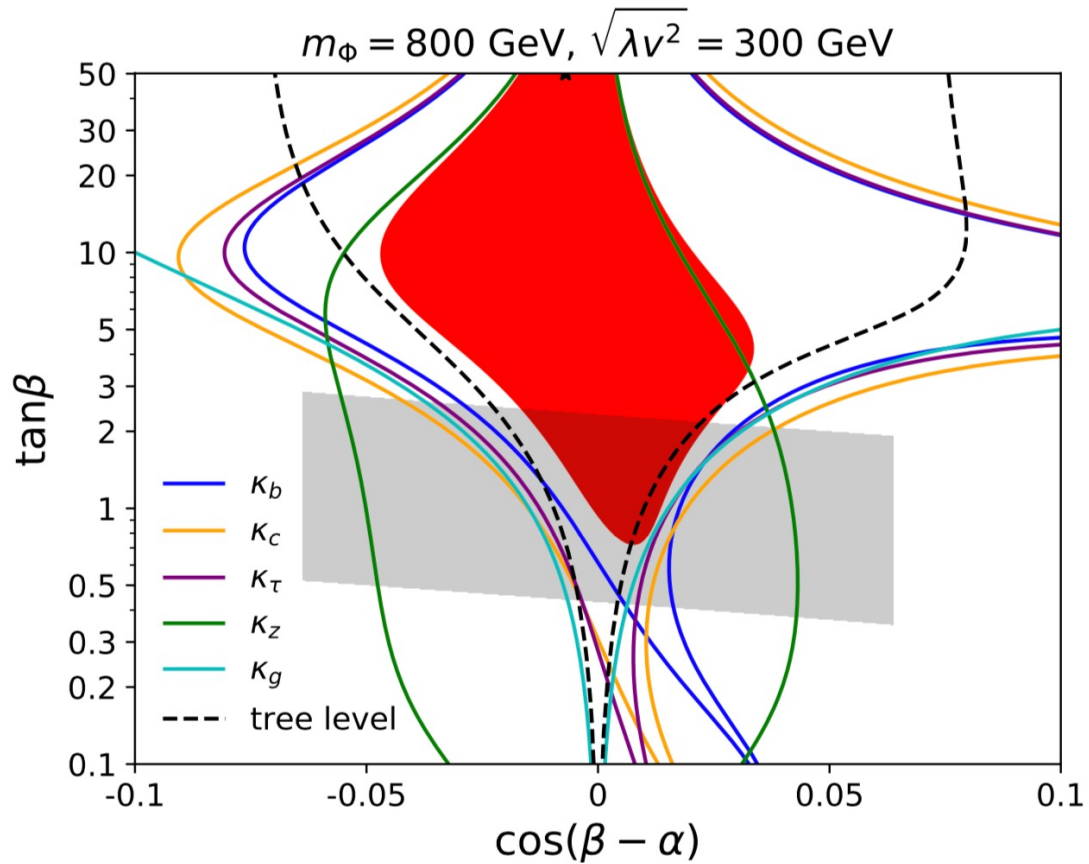


$m_H = 2000 \text{ GeV}$

Complementary to each other

# 2HDM: Type-I

## Constraints at Large $\tan\beta$



[1912.01431](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.01431) N. Chen, T. Han,  
S. Su, Y. Wu

# Summary 1: Higgs precision

2HDM

- 🌸 Tree vs Loop
- 🌸 Alignment vs Non-alignment
- 🌸 Degenerate vs Non-degenerate

Complementary to

🌳 Z pole precision

🌳 LHC direct search

