

# A new software to compute MSSM squared amplitudes for particle physics and relic density calculations

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## After

- following the evolution of the density of particles different from the LSP in the MSSM for freeze-out scenarios
- allowing models with **multiple stable DM particles**
- allowing **freeze-in** scenarios
- allowing **user-defined models** from the Lagrangian

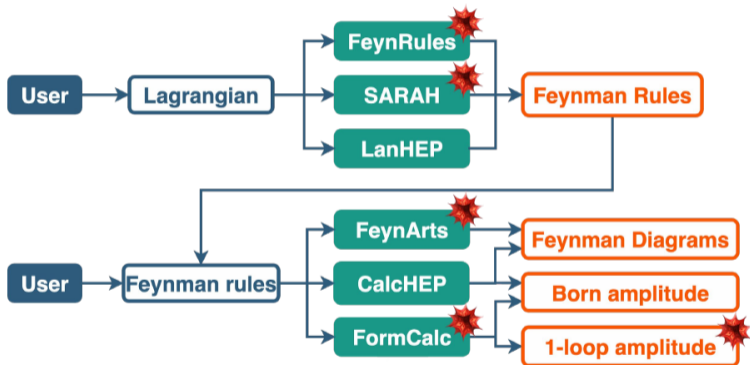
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- Follow the evolution of the densities of **more than one particle**
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- New setting to compute  $\langle\sigma v\rangle$  and  $W_{\text{eff}}$
- The current setup relies on self-generated `FormCalc` code,
  - Only for MSSM and NMSSM
  - Hard to separate different contributions to  $\langle\sigma v\rangle$  and  $W_{\text{eff}}$

## Why these limitations?



In SuperIso Relic v4:

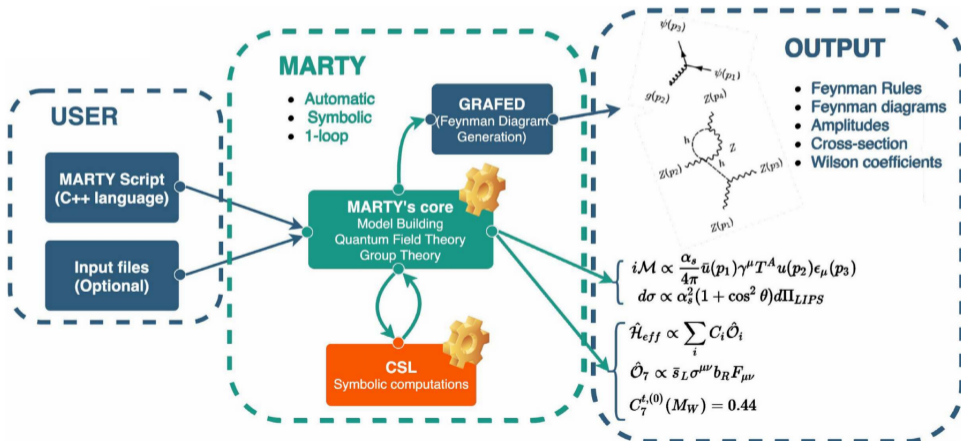
- Many codes are required
- Several passages of input
- Mathematica dependencies



# MARTY

website: <https://marty.in2p3.fr>

manual: 2011.02478



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- Write a Lagrangian symbolically in a C++ source file
  - By defining the **gauge symmetries** of the model
  - By defining the **fields** of the model
  - By adding **potential** terms
  - By performing **SSB** if that's in the model
- **Symbolically** get quantities such as
  - Sum of the squared amplitudes
  - Wilson coefficients
  - Feynman diagrams
- Output those results in a **numerical** C++ library

# Our improvements

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Lagrangian  $\rightarrow$  numerical library

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And soon improving the passage

numerical library → SuperIso

## The content of the package

The package can be downloaded at

<https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/marco.palmiotto/mssm-public.git>

It contains:

- A file `MSSM.cpp` containing the code that uses MARTY to generate a numerical library
- The auxiliary files we wrote to add functionalities to MARTY's self-generate libraries
- Files with examples of programs that the user can write
- Some setup scripts

You need to have MARTY installed, and define the environmental variable `INSTALLMARTYPATH` as the path where it is built

## The setup of the package

- To configure and automatically compile the `mssm2to2` library, run

```
./lib_setup.sh -nomake  
cd mssm2to2  
make
```

This is automatic by executing `./lib_setup.sh` (with no flags)

- To generate the library with the numerical functions present in the `MSSM.cpp` file,  
`./lib_generate.sh`
- The example files for the executables can be found in the `mssm2to2/script` directory
- The executables are generated in the directory `mssm2to2/bin`

## Example: giving the inputs

Let us show how to read input from a SLHA file:

```
struct Param_t input;
int err;
ReadLHA(input, "example.lha", &err);
if(err != 0) return err;
input.Print();
```

## Example: definition of a process

Let us show how to define  $N_1, N_1 \rightarrow Z, Z$ :

```
vector<Insertion>v={corr::N_1, corr::N_1, corr::Z, corr::Z};
Process2to2 proc(v);
if(!proc.checkExistance()){
    cerr << "Warning! The process " <<
        proc.getName() << " is not present in the library!\n";
    return 1;
}
string proc_name = proc.getName();
cout << "We created the process " << proc_name << endl;
```

## Example: some calculations - 1

Let us show how to compute quantities:

```
double sqrts = 3000.;  
double ctheta = 0.5;  
double degrees_of_freedom = proc.getDof();  
double squared_amplitude = proc.getSumSquaredAmpl(input, sqrts, ctheta);  
double weff_contrib = proc.getDiffWeffContrib(input, sqrts, ctheta);  
double diff_xsec = proc.getDiffCrossSection(input, sqrts, ctheta);  
double total_xsec = proc.getTotalCrossSection(input, sqrts);
```

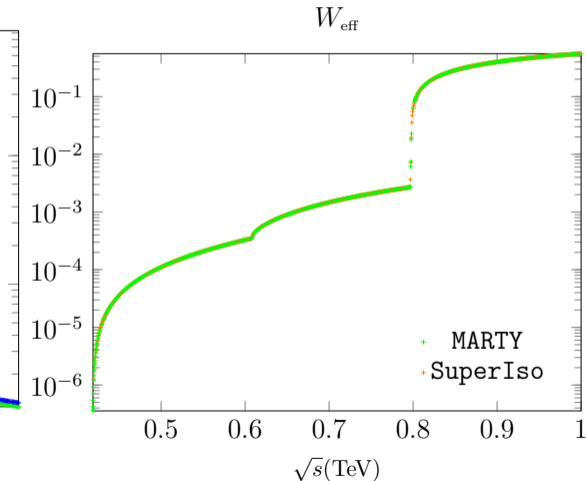
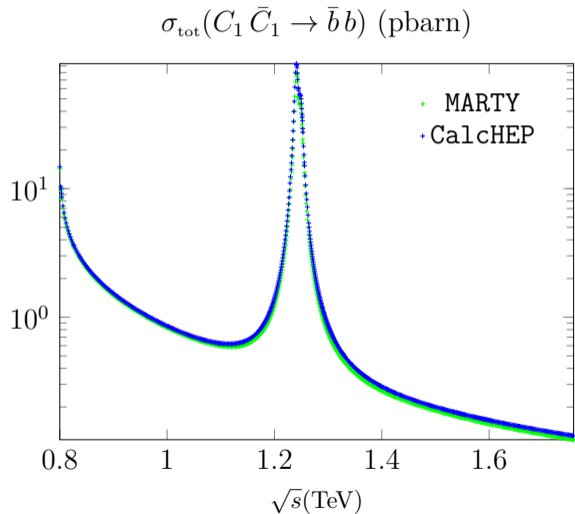
## Example: some calculations - 2

Let us show how to compute the total  $W_{\text{eff}}$ :

```
SetOfProc allprocsptr(input);  
double dweff = allprocsptr.getdWeff_dcos(input, ctheta);  
double weff = allprocsptr.getWeff(sqrts);
```



## Some output



## Future goals

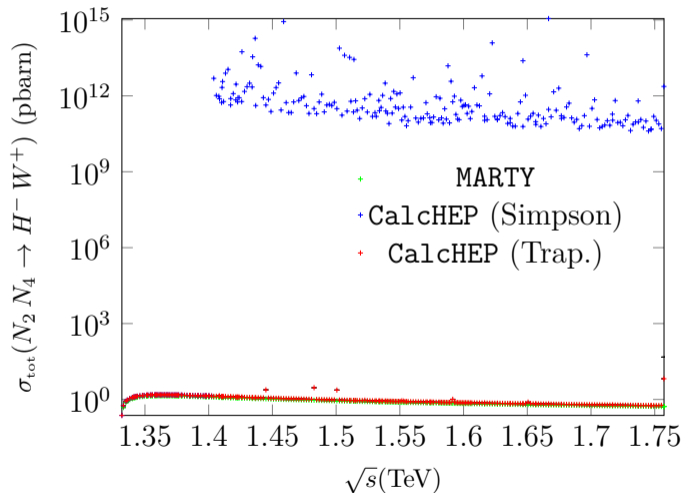
- Improving performance
- Integration within SuperIso
- Solving multiple coupled Boltzmann equations
- Ideas to improve MARTY and have more portability and integration
- Adding more pre-defined models
- Creating a more general interface for treating user-defined BSM models
- Upgrading SuperIso to study freeze-in
- Improving direct and indirect DM detection in SuperIso
- Adding the NMSSM

# Conclusions

- A new way of dealing with 2 to 2 sum of the squared amplitudes is provided in the MSSM at the LO
- It is possible to use the ideas behind our algorithms to generalise the features of MARTY's numerical libraries
- This package provides a library easy to use and to integrate with other software
- Calculations are on average faster than other software we tested
- We validated our results with other software

Thanks for your attention!

## Simpson rule vs trapezoidal rule pt. 1



## Simpson rule vs trapezoidal rule pt. 2

