

Evolution of coupling constants in $SU(6)$ Gauge-Higgs Grand Unification

Andrei Angelescu, Andreas Bally, Florian Goertz, Sascha Weber

Max-Planck-Institut für Kernphysik, Heidelberg

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GUT Idea

- SM Gauge Groups

$$G_{\text{SM}} = SU(3)_c \times SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y \quad (1)$$

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- Gauge Action (rescaled $A_\mu \rightarrow \frac{1}{g} A_\mu$)

$$S \supseteq \int dx^4 \left[-\frac{1}{4g_3^2} G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4g_2^2} W_{\mu\nu}^i W^{i,\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4g_1^2} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} \right] \quad (2)$$

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- Input parameters

$$g_3, g_2, g_1 \xrightarrow{\text{Rg. + Ren.}} g_3(\mu), g_2(\mu), g_1(\mu) \quad (3)$$

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- Take from Measurement

$$g_i(\mu_0 = m_Z) \xrightarrow{\text{RGE}} \text{"Running" to scale } \mu \quad (4)$$

GUT Idea

- $\alpha_i = \frac{g_i^2}{4\pi}$

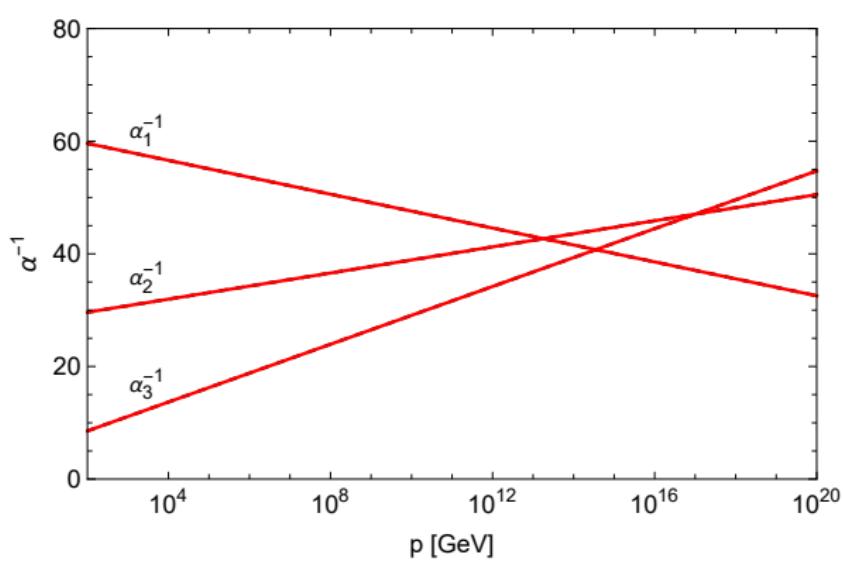


Figure 1: Running of couplings in the SM

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- $\alpha_i = \frac{g_i^2}{4\pi}$
- Near unification around:
 $M_{\text{GUT}} \sim 10^{15} \text{ GeV}$

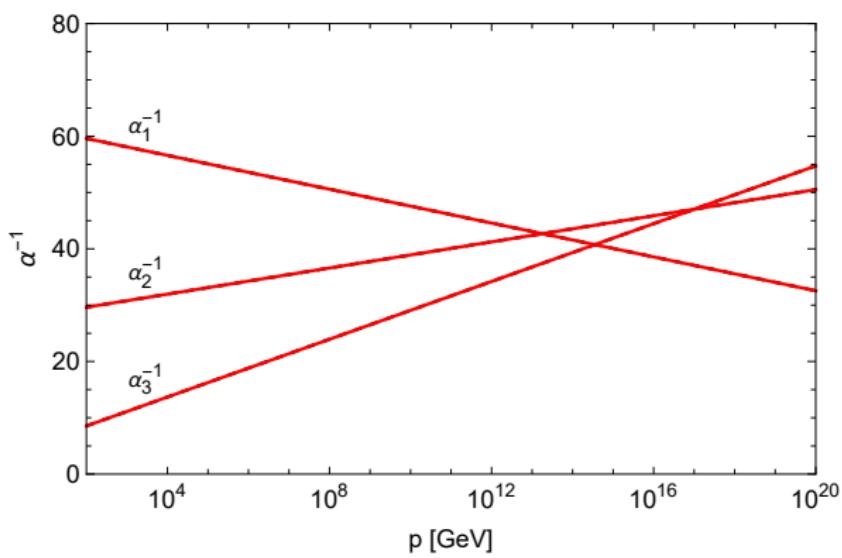


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GUT Idea

- $\alpha_i = \frac{g_i^2}{4\pi}$
- Near unification around:
 $M_{\text{GUT}} \sim 10^{15} \text{ GeV}$
- Unify in GUTs
e.g. Georgi-Glashow Model $SU(5)$
- $A_\mu^a \rightarrow \begin{cases} G_\mu, W_\mu, B_\mu \\ X_\mu \end{cases}$

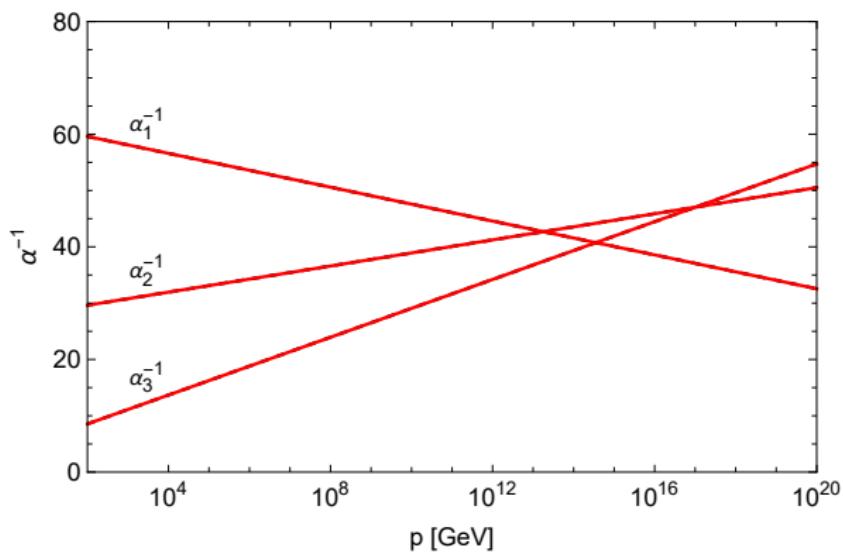


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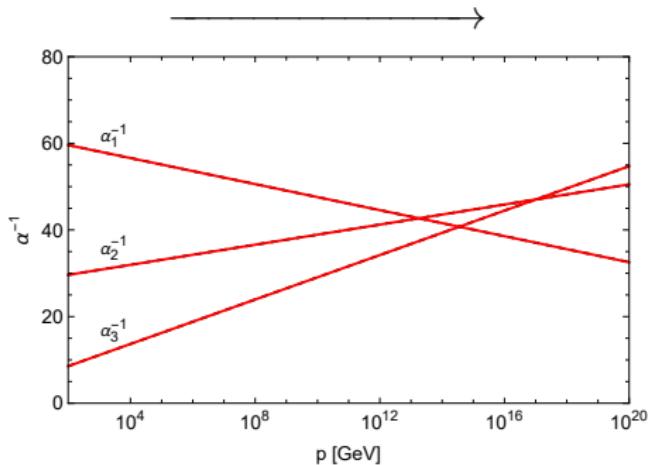


Figure 2: Running of couplings in the SM

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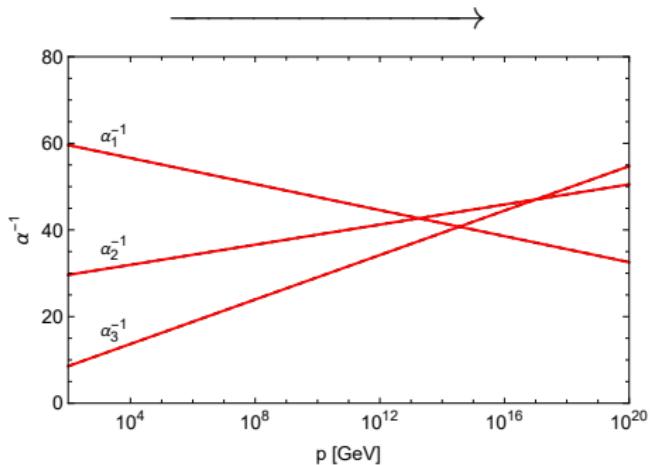


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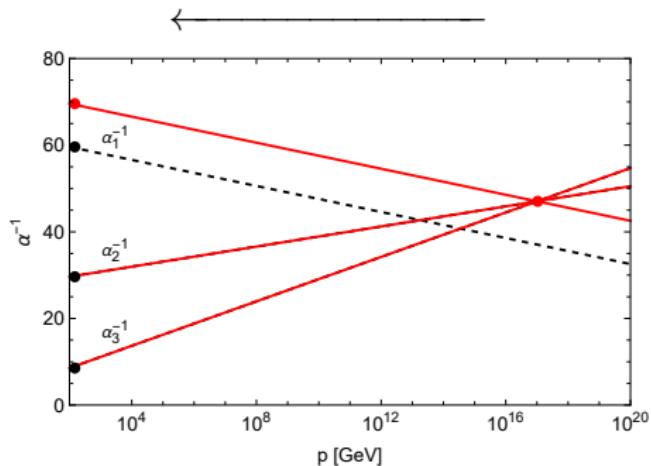


Figure 3: Prediction of low energy values

GUT Idea

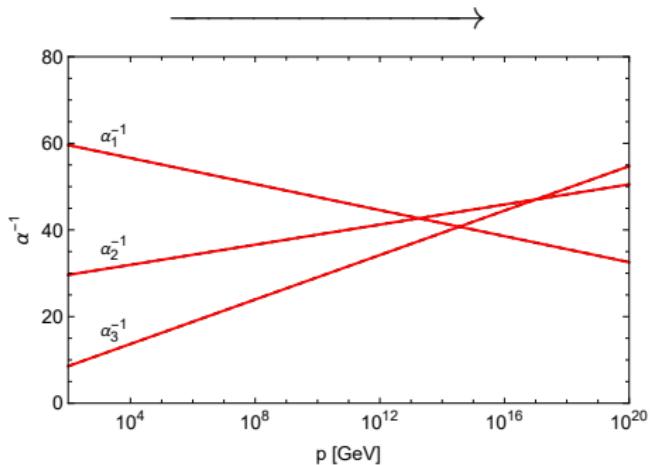


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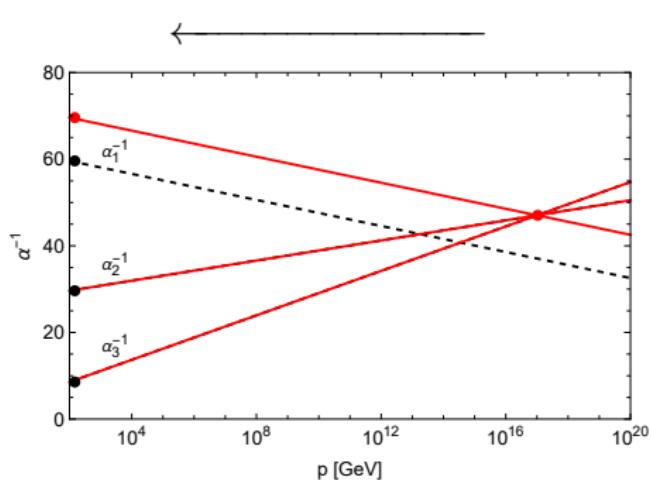


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- Commonly used:

$$g_3, g_2, g_1 \iff g_3, e, s_W^2 \equiv \sin^2(\theta_W) \quad (5)$$

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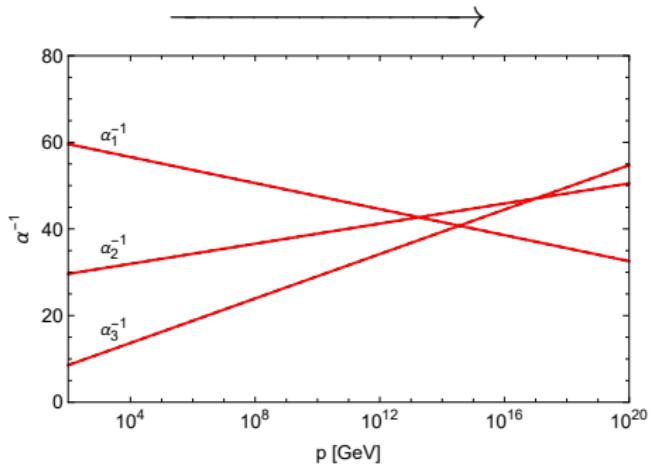


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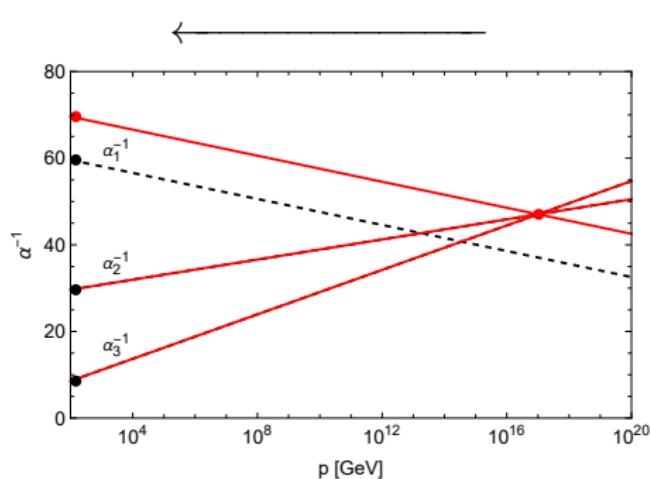


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- Prediction: $SU(5)$: $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.207$ (Meas. $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.23120$)

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Randall-Sundrum models

- Slice of AdS_5 : $z \in [\frac{1}{k}, \frac{1}{T}]$

arxiv/hep-ph/9905221

- Conformally flat metric:

$$ds^2 = \left(\frac{1}{kz}\right)^2 (\eta_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu - dz^2) \quad (6)$$



Figure 4: RS space

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- $k \sim M_{\text{Pl}}$.
- Planck-brane
- UV-brane

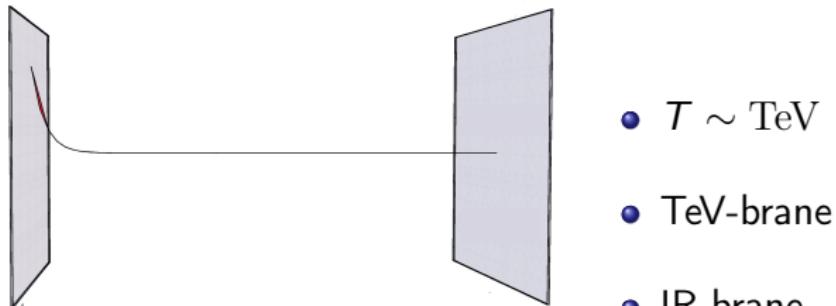


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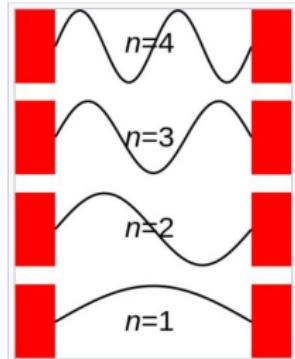
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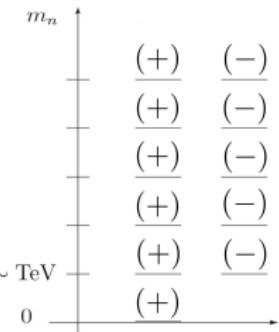
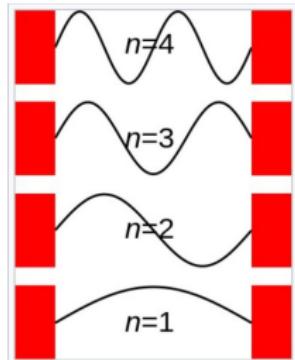


Figure 5: KK decomp.
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- Non-abelian $A_\mu^a \rightarrow$ symm. reduction on boundaries

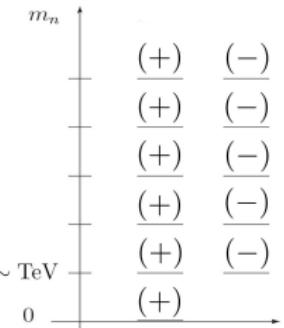
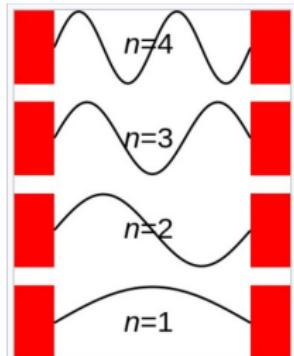


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Randall-Sundrum models

- AdS/CFT correspondence

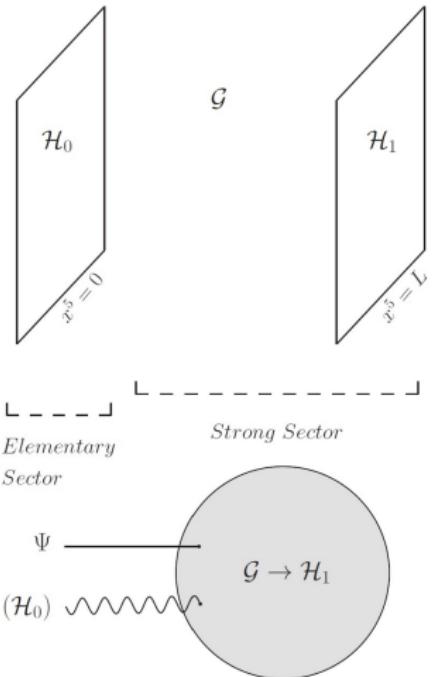


Figure 6: AdS/CFT correspondence

Randall-Sundrum models

- AdS/CFT correspondence
- Dual to class of 4D composite Higgs theories
- fix $A_\mu(x, \frac{1}{k})$, integrate out bulk

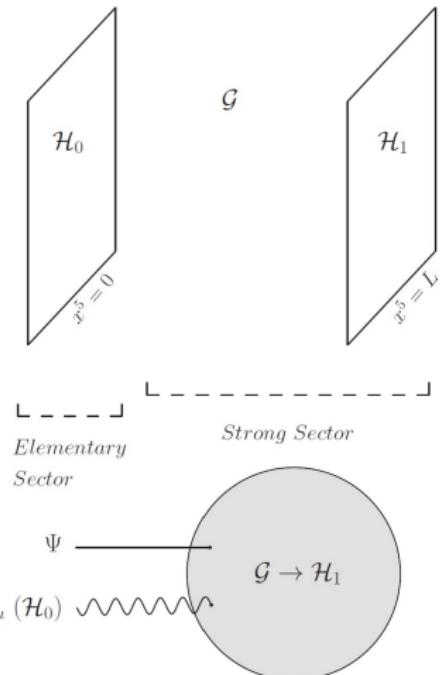


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Running in RS: Zero Mode

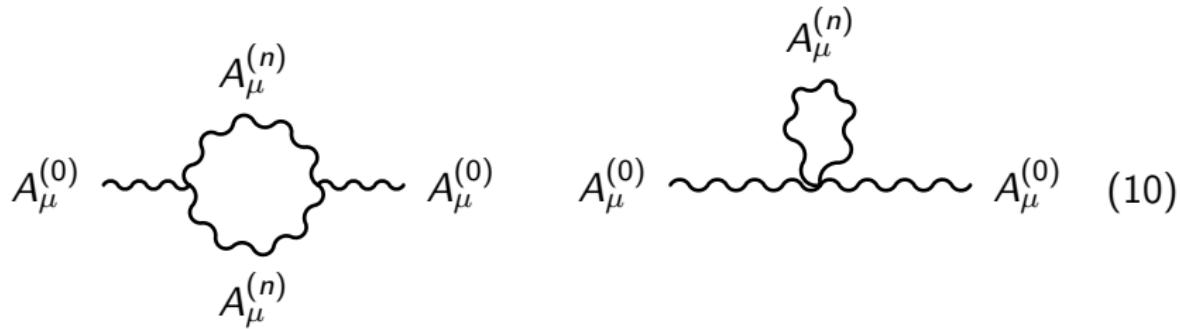
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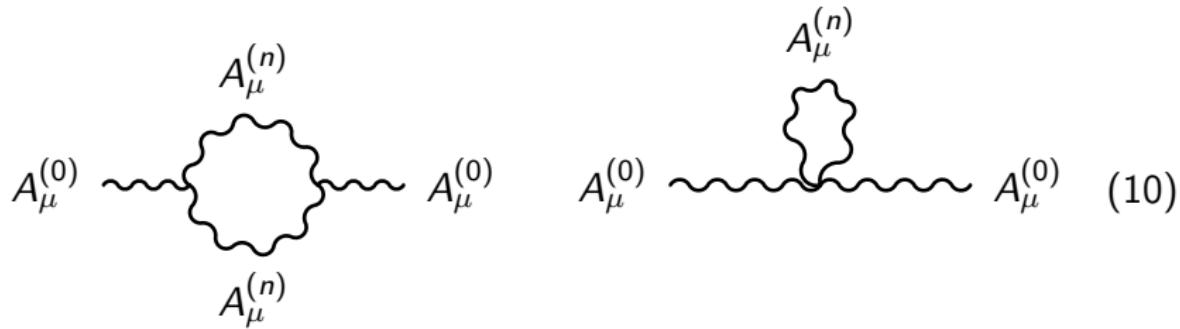
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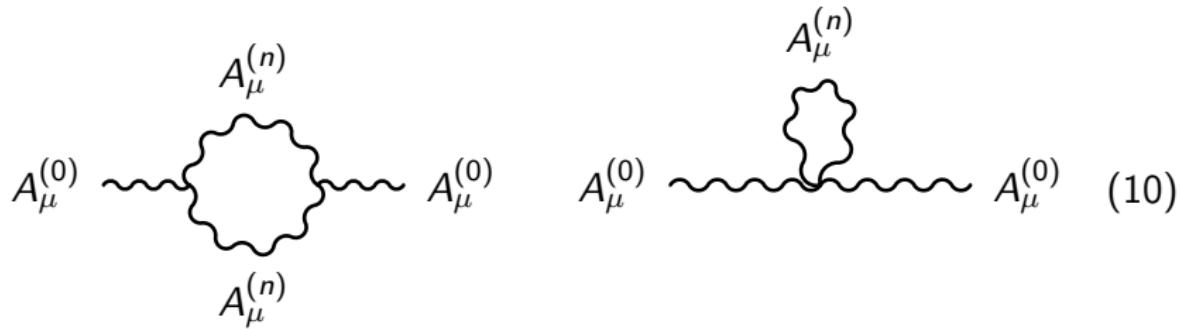


- ways to calculate: arxiv/hep-ph/0005293, arxiv/hep-th/0208002, ...

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- But: Zero mode becomes strongly coupled above TeV scale!

Running in RS: Planck-brane correlator

- Planck-brane correlator

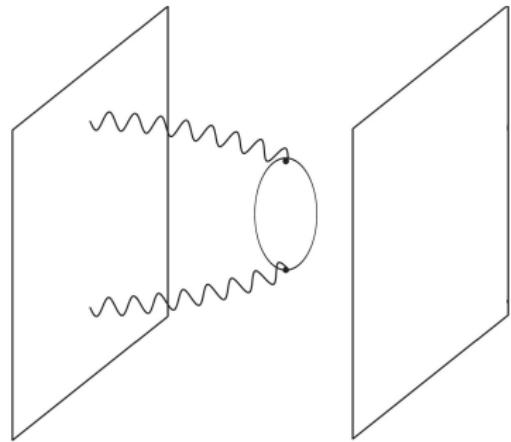


Figure 7: Planck-brane correlator

Running in RS: Planck-brane correlator

- Planck-brane correlator
- Work with full 5D propagators

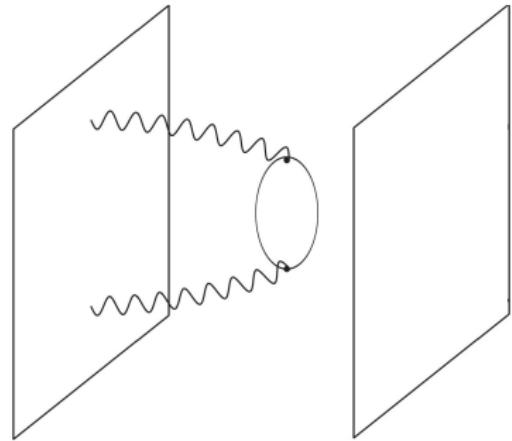


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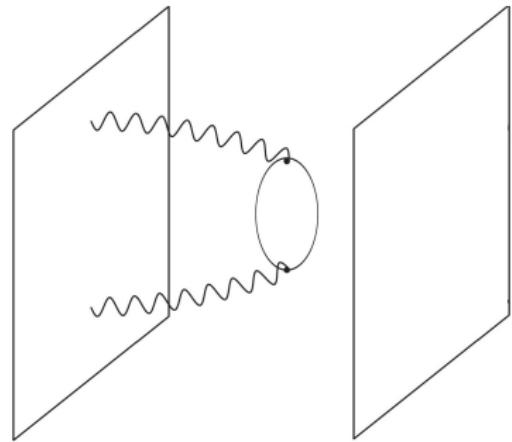


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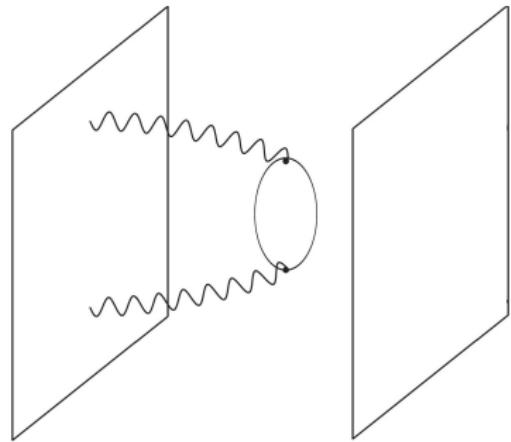


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Quick intuition

Only modes with a significant overlap with the Planck-brane contribute (localization!)

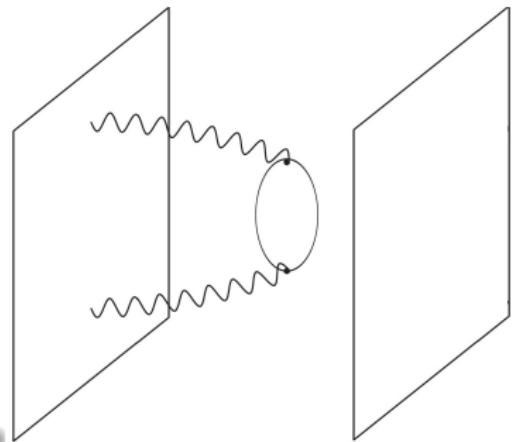


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Minimal $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{IR})}$

$$A_\mu = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (++) & (++) & (++) & (+-) & (+-) & (-) & (-) \\ (++) & (++) & (++) & (+-) & (+-) & (-) & (-) \\ (++) & (++) & (++) & (+-) & (+-) & (-) & (-) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) & (++) & (-) & (-) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) & (++) & (-) & (-) \\ \hline (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) \end{array} \right)$$

arxiv/2104.07366

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- $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

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- $X/Y(-+)$

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Minimal $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- Gauge-Higgs
 $H(1,2)_{-1/2}$

- scalar LQ
 $(3,1)_{-1/3}$

- scalar singlet
 $(1,1)_0$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ \hline (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (--) & (--) & (++) \\ (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (--) & (--) & (++) \\ \hline (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) \end{array} \right)$$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (--) & (--) & (++) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (--) & (--) & (++) \\ \hline (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (++) \end{array} \right)$$

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Minimal $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- Gauge-Higgs
 $H(1,2)_{-1/2}$

- scalar LQ
 $(3,1)_{-1/3}$

- scalar singlet
 $(1,1)_0$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (++) \\ \hline (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (--) & (--) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} \\ (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (--) & (--) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} \\ \hline (++) & (++) & (++) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} & \textcolor{red}{(++)} & (++) \end{array} \right)$$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (++) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (--) & (--) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} \\ (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (--) & (--) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} \\ \hline (++) & (++) & (++) & \textcolor{red}{(++)} & \textcolor{red}{(++)} & (++) \end{array} \right)$$

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$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ \hline (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) \end{array} \right)$$

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Minimal $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- Gauge-Higgs
 $H(1,2)_{-1/2}$

- scalar LQ
 $(3,1)_{-1/3}$

- **scalar singlet**
 $(1,1)_0$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (-+) & (-+) & (+++) \\ \hline (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ (-+) & (-+) & (-+) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ \hline (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) \end{array} \right)$$

$$A_5 = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc|c} (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ (--) & (--) & (--) & (+-) & (+-) & (+++) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (- -) & (- -) & (+++) \\ \hline (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) & (+++) \end{array} \right)$$

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Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(+,-)$ complete SM bosons to $SU(5)$ multiplet
- no differential running
- no intersection

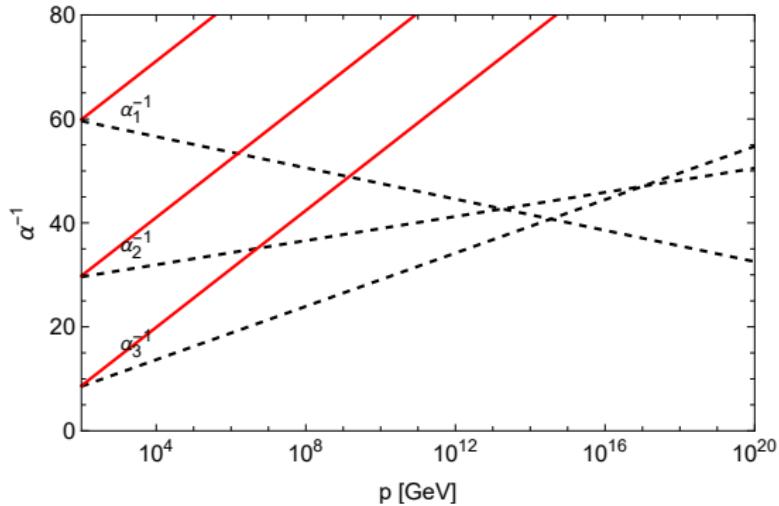


Figure 8: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{IR})}$

Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(+,-)$ complete SM bosons to $SU(5)$ multiplet
- no differential running
- no intersection
- Inconsistent!

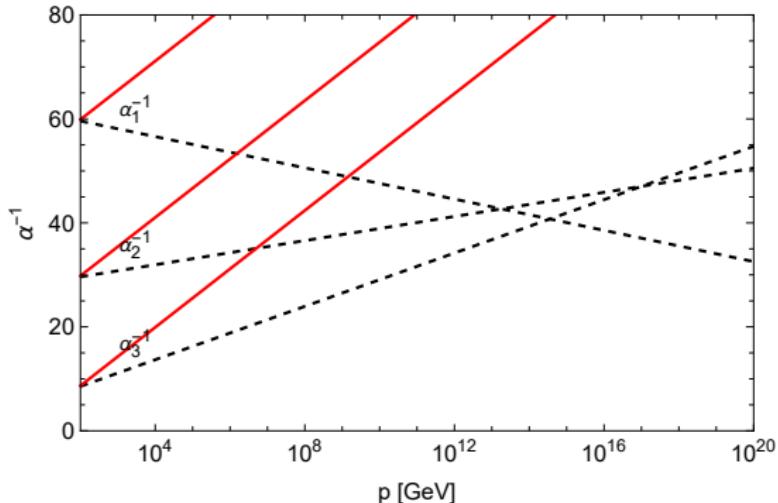


Figure 8: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{IR})}$

Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(-,+)$ don't contribute

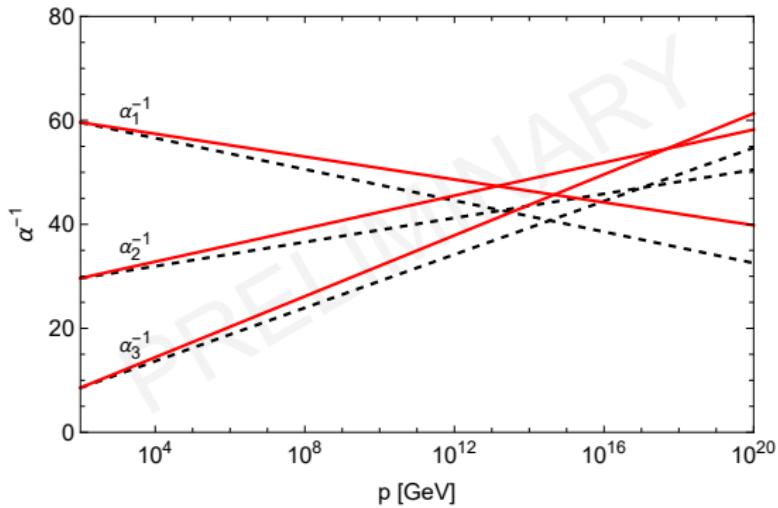


Figure 9: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(-,+)$ don't contribute
- t_R, Q_L^3, τ_R (IR localized) don't contribute

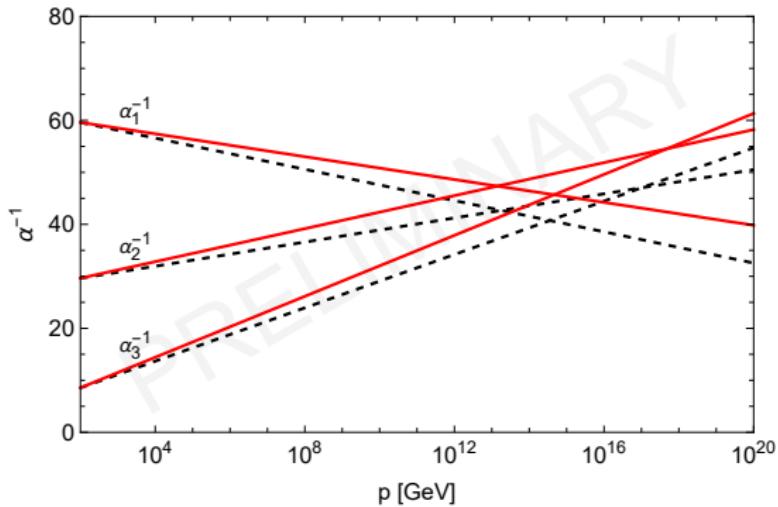


Figure 9: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(-,+)$ don't contribute
- t_R, Q_L^3, τ_R (IR localized) don't contribute
- Gauge-Higgs H (IR localized) doesn't contribute

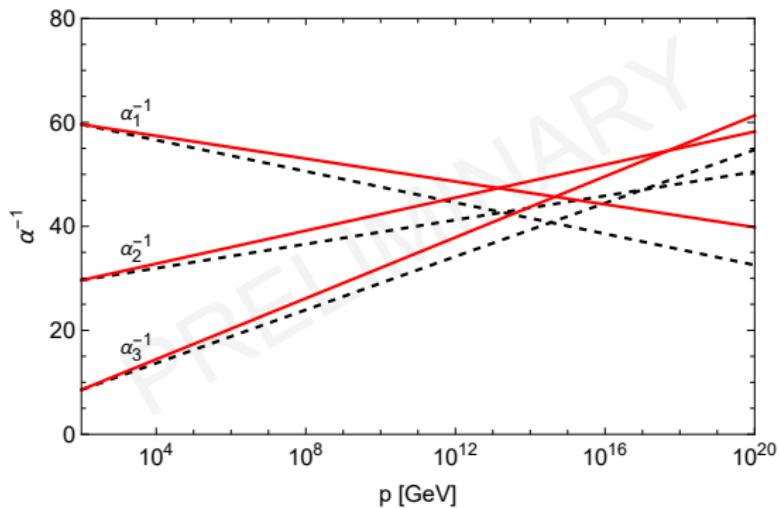


Figure 9: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- $X/Y(-,+)$ don't contribute
- t_R, Q_L^3, τ_R (IR localized) don't contribute
- Gauge-Higgs H (IR localized) doesn't contribute
- $SU(6)$ GHGUT:
 $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.203$ (prel.)
GG $SU(5)$:
 $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.207$
Meas.
 $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.23120$

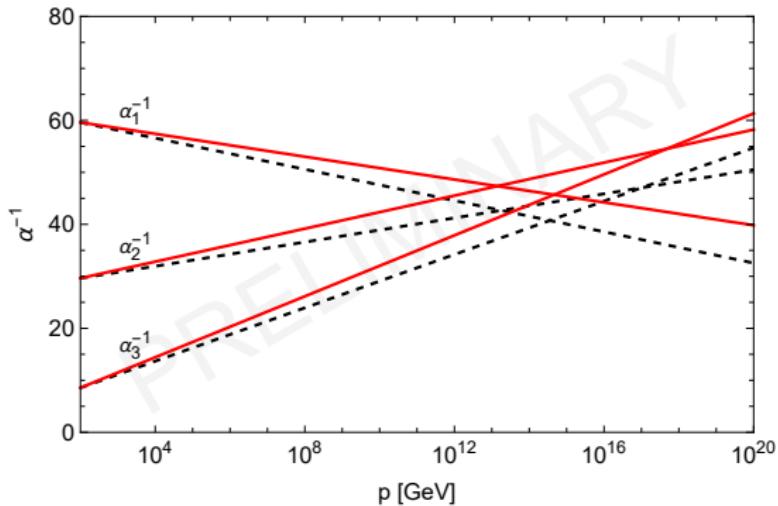


Figure 9: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

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Summary

- Use Planck-brane correlators to calculate running of gauge couplings for high scales in RS spaces
- Running of $SU(6)$ GHGUT similar to 4D Georgi-Glashow $SU(5)$
- $SU(6)$ GHGUT:
 $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.203$ (prel.)
GG $SU(5)$: $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.207$
Meas.: $s_W^2(m_Z) = 0.23120$

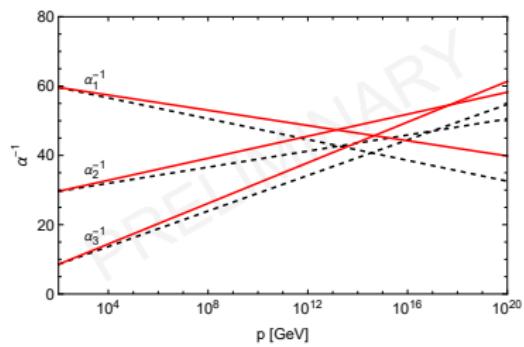


Figure 10: Running of $G_{\text{SM}}^{(\text{UV})}$

Backup slides

Minimal $SU(6)$ GHGUT

- SM fermion spectrum (+ RH neutrino)

$$\begin{aligned} 20 \rightarrow & q'_L(3, 2)_{1/6}^{+, -} \oplus (3^*, 1)_{-2/3}^{+, -} \oplus e_L^c(1, 1)_1^{+, -} \\ & (3^*, 2)_{-1/6}^{+, -} \oplus u_R(3, 1)_{2/3}^{-, -} \oplus (1, 1)_{-1}^{+, -}, \\ 15 \rightarrow & q_L(3, 2)_{1/6}^{+, +} \oplus (3^*, 1)_{-2/3}^{-, +} \oplus e_L^c(1, 1)_1^{+, +} \\ & d'_R(3, 1)_{-1/3}^{-, +} \oplus l_R^c(1, 2)_{1/2}^{-, +}, \\ 6 \rightarrow & d_R(3, 1)_{-1/3}^{-, -} \oplus l_R^c(1, 2)_{1/2}^{-, -} \oplus \nu_L^c(1, 1)_0^{+, +}, \\ 1 \rightarrow & \nu_L^c(1, 1)_0^{+, -}. \end{aligned} \tag{11}$$

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RS renormalization

- Divergence structure

$$c\Lambda F_{MN}F^{MN} + \left[\lambda_k \delta\left(z - \frac{1}{k}\right) + \lambda_T \delta\left(z - \frac{1}{T}\right) \right] \log(\Lambda) F_{\mu\nu}F^{\mu\nu} \quad (12)$$

- Planck-brane correlator \rightarrow absorb divergences in $\lambda_k(\mu)$
- include in classical (tree-level) action \rightarrow shift sim. to threshold effects