

#### Diversity in Collaborations

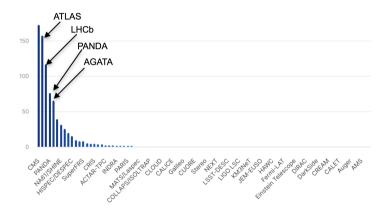
#### Diversity Working Group P. Conde Muino, J. J. Gaardhøje, A. Haungs, K. Henjes-Kunst, N. Kalantar-Nayestanaki, M. Lewitowicz, N. Pastrone, J. Wambach

APPEC/ECFA/NuPECC

28/03/2022

Diversity Working Group

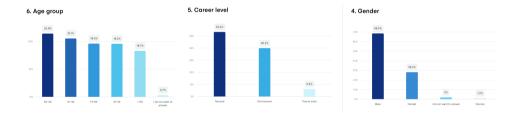
#### Overall view (answers per collaboration)



Overall, less than 5% of the collaboration members answered the survey

### Overall view (II)

#### Overall distribution of the number of answers per age/career level/gender group



#### Comments

In all the following plots, when indicated, the fractions are calculated per category. Examples:

- For each gender category calculated the fraction of members with without managerial role, with L0 management position, with L1 position, ...
  - So, gender fractions are directly comparable for each management role
- For each country (or group of countries), calculated the fraction of collaboration members without managerial role, with L0/L1 or L2 management position.
  - So, country of origin (or country of work) fractions are directly comparable for each management role
- Included some plots with absolute number of answers to give an idea of the total statistics available

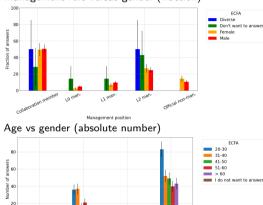


- ECFA: joins mainly the following ATLAS, CMS, LHCb, NA61/SHINE
- NuPECC: joins mainly AEGIS, AGATA, ALICE, GANIL, HADES, HISPEC/DESPEC, IDS, IDIMA, ISOLDE, NUSTAR, nTOF, R3B, ...

## Gender



#### ECFA gender diversity overview



I do not want to answer

Gender

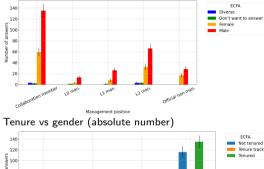
Male

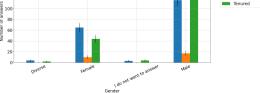
Female

0 Diverse

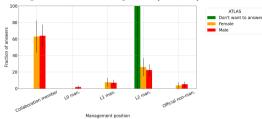
#### Management role versus gender (fraction)

Management role versus gender (absolute)



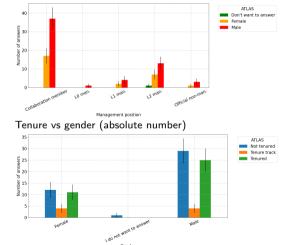


#### ATLAS gender diversity overview



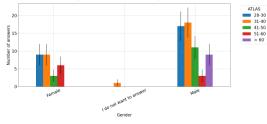
Management role versus gender (fraction)

Management role versus gender (absolute)

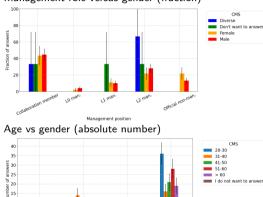


Gender

Age vs gender (absolute number)



#### CMS gender diversity overview



I do not want to answer

Gender

Male

Female

#### Management role versus gender (fraction)

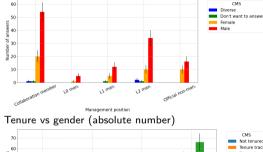
10

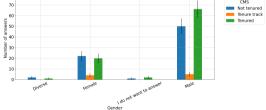
5

0

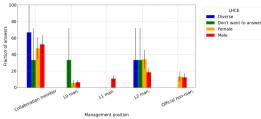
Diverse

Management role versus gender (absolute)



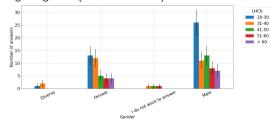


#### LHCb gender diversity overview

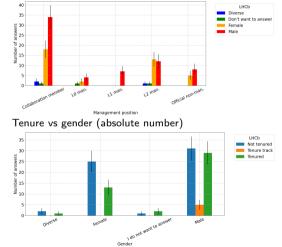


#### Management role versus gender (fraction)

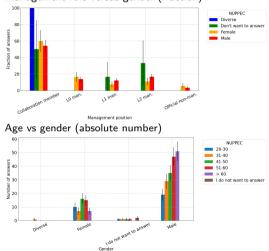




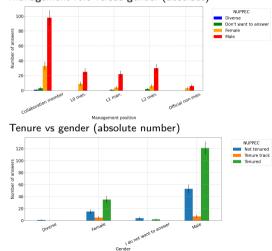
Management role versus gender (absolute)



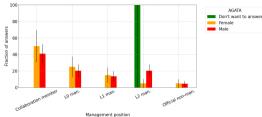
#### NuPECC gender diversity overview



Management role versus gender (fraction) Management role versus gender (absolute)

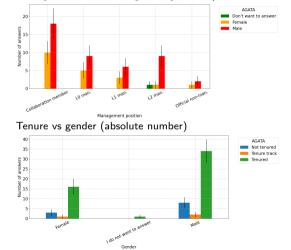


#### AGATA gender diversity overview

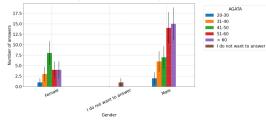


Management role versus gender (fraction)

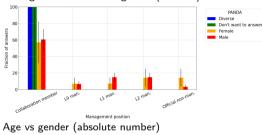
Management role versus gender (absolute)



Age vs gender (absolute number)



#### PANDA gender diversity overview



I do not want to answer

Gender

#### Management role versus gender (fraction)

Female

17.5

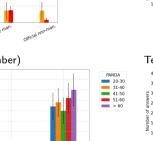
. 15.0

12.5

\$ 10.0

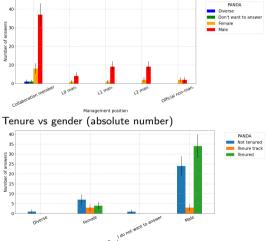
7.5 5.0 2.5 0.0

Diverse



Male

#### Management role versus gender (absolute)



Gender

# Country of origin



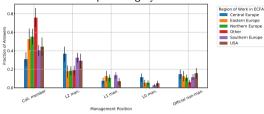
### Grouping of countries

To ensure anonymity and ensure sufficient statistics countries have been grouped:

- CERN: special case, needs to be separated (high statistics, avoid biases in Switzerland) (Only for country of work)
- Northern Europe: Germany, UK, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Ireland, ...
- Central Europe: France, Belgium, Netherlands, Switzerland, Austria, ...
- Eastern Europe: Poland, Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovakia, Romania, ...
- Southern Europe: Spain, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Croatia, Serbia, Slovenia, ...
- USA
- Other: China, Japan, Israel, South Africa, Turkey, Taiwan, Thailand, Costa Rica, ...

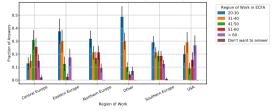
Same division used for ECFA and NuPECC

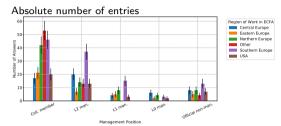
### ECFA country of origin versus management position



#### Fraction of answers per category



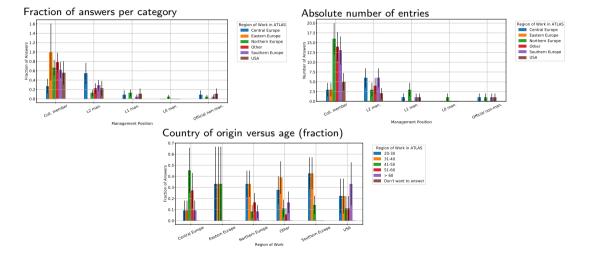




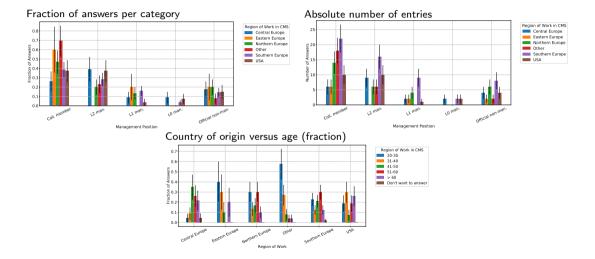
Aparent imbalance in country of origin: northern Europe, Easter Europe and "others" have smaller fraction of coordination positions

- But most answers in those countries came from younger collaboration members!
- Very different pattern with respect to other countries
- Not sufficient statistics for to further subdivide categories by age

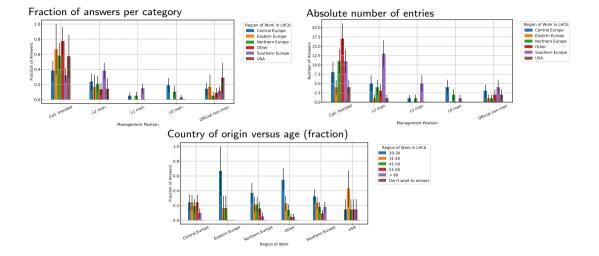
### ATLAS country of origin versus management position



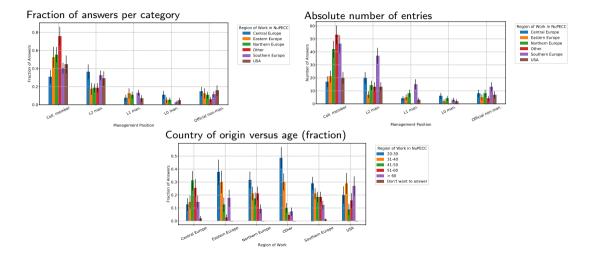
#### CMS country of origin versus management position



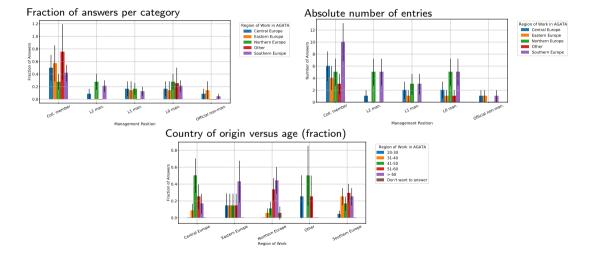
### LHCb country of origin versus management position



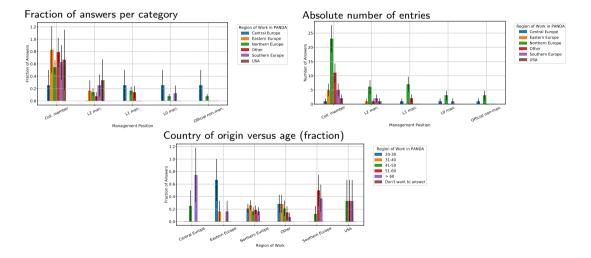
### NuPECC country of origin versus management position



### AGATA country of origin versus management position



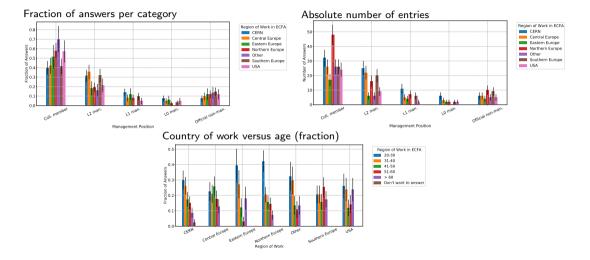
### PANDA country of origin versus management position



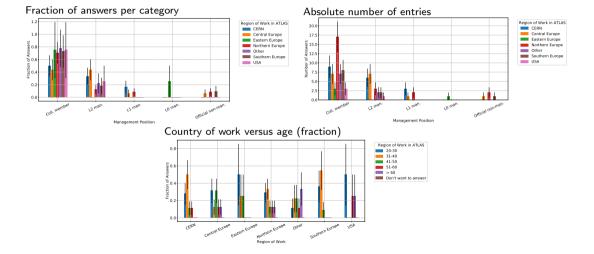
## Country of work



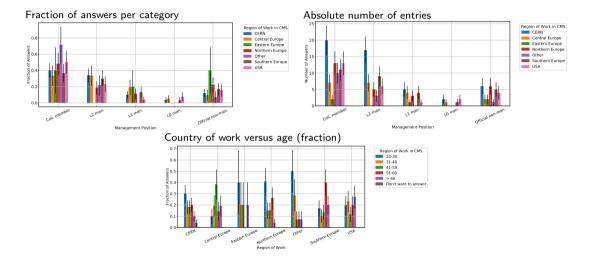
#### ECFA country of work versus management position



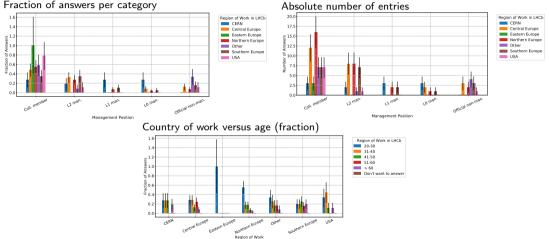
#### ATLAS country of work versus management position



#### CMS country of work versus management position

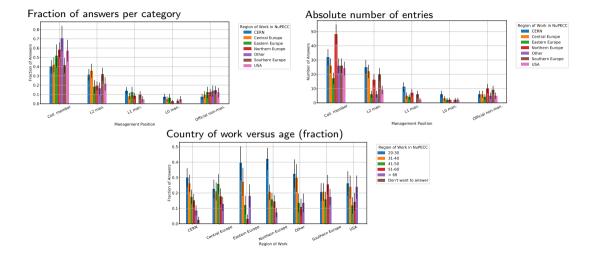


#### LHCb country of work versus management position



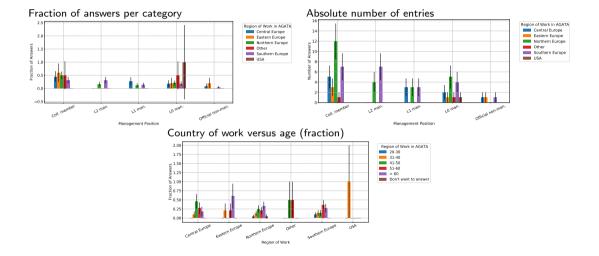
#### Fraction of answers per category

### NuPECC country of work versus management position

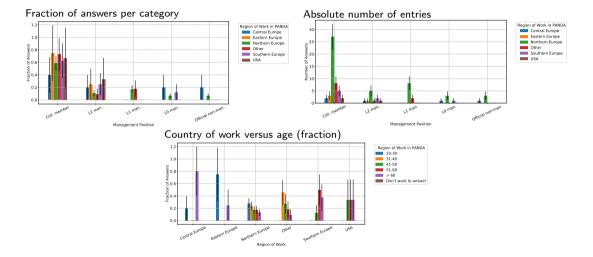


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#### AGATA country of work versus management position



#### PANDA country of work versus management position



#### Comments received

Mostly negative comments (answers in blue)

- Survey not representative
  - Indeed, only 5% of the collaborations population and in some countries some age groups did not have sufficient representation
  - Probably correlated (or anticorrelated) with the level of interest/concern with the topic
- Should ask questions such as etniticty, religion, sexual orientation, economic background, ...
  - Yes, probably true, but very difficult to define some of these categories in a general or well accepted way
- Gender versus sex
- This is completely useless
- Some comments about anonymity (the questionnaire is not completely anonymous)
  - As described in the introduction of the survey, the results that will be published have been anonymised by grouping categories such that individuals cannot be identified
- · Critisized that the survey was not distributed to collaborations in the US

• Can be done. Just concentrated in Europe in the first round

Few positive but encouraging comments thanking us for the initiative

### Summary and conclusions

- A survey was conducted within large international collaborations in the fields of APPEC/ECFA/NuPECC
- Around 5% of the collaboration members answered
  - In some countries there is a strong bias in the age of the respondants, that suggests that this topic is more of a concern for the younger generation (or the older generation is against this kind of studies)
- Within the statistics collected, the management positions within the collaborations
  - Do not appear to be biased by gender
  - They might be biased with respect to country of origin/work
    - We encourage collaborations to further look into this issue with full statistics (since many of them have the information available in their databases)
- Diversity in collaborations continues to be a very controversial topic, with strong reactions either in favour/against this kind of studies

## Acknowledgements

M. Barros and L. Carvalho for their help with the analysis software.