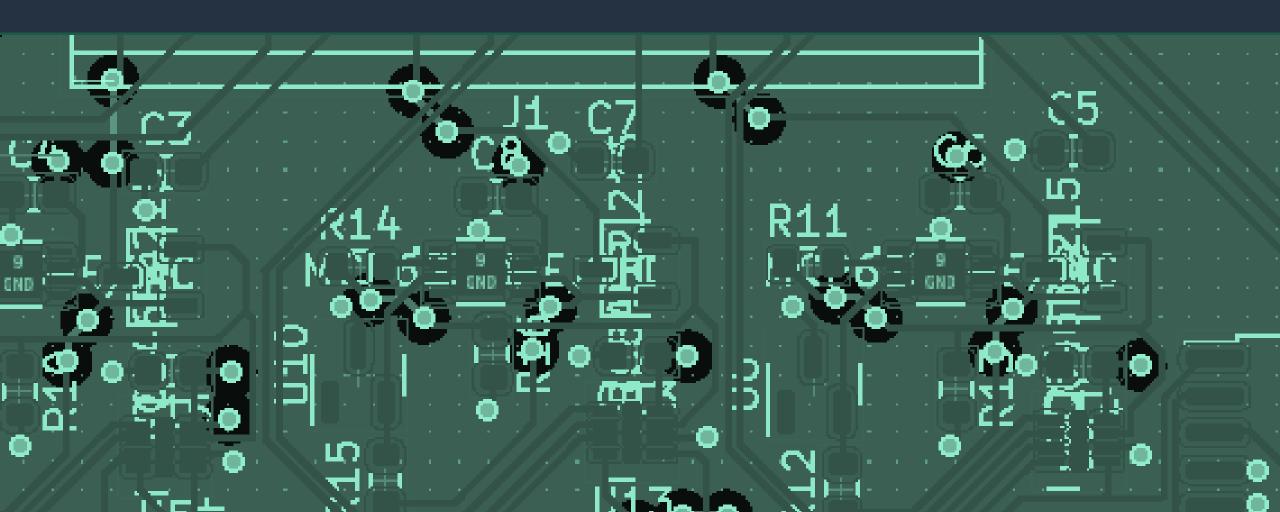
Thermal Control Systems for SBC

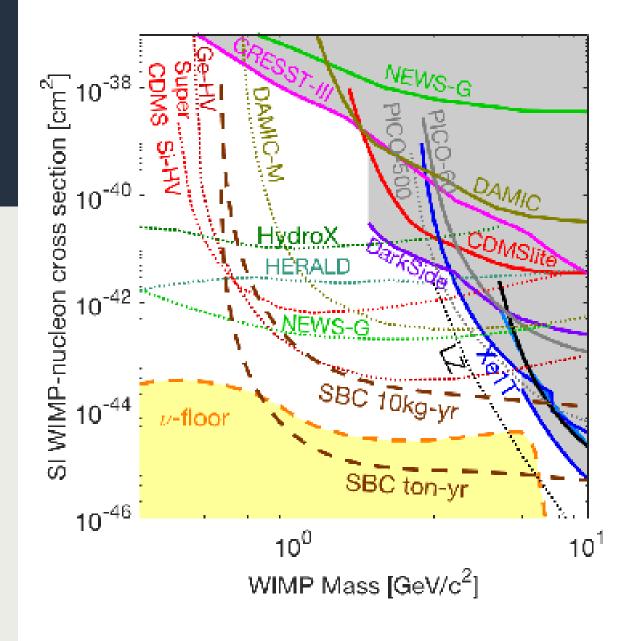
A summer research presentation by Ezri Wyman

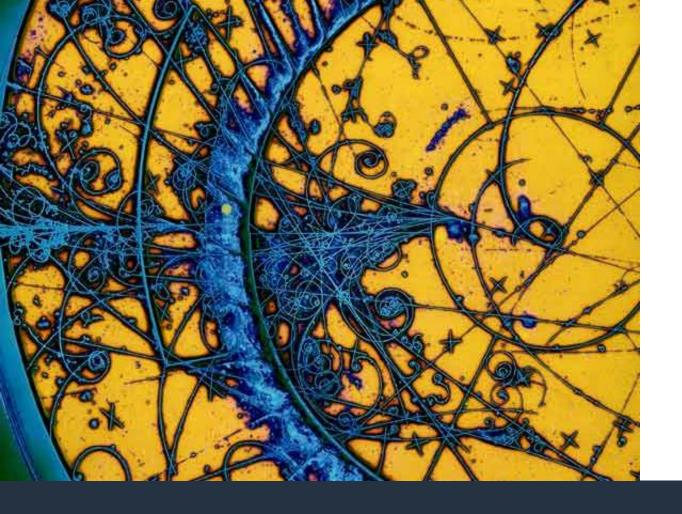


Dark Matter Search

 Different experiments probe different types of particle

• SBC (in brown) aims to detect both dark matter and CEvNS



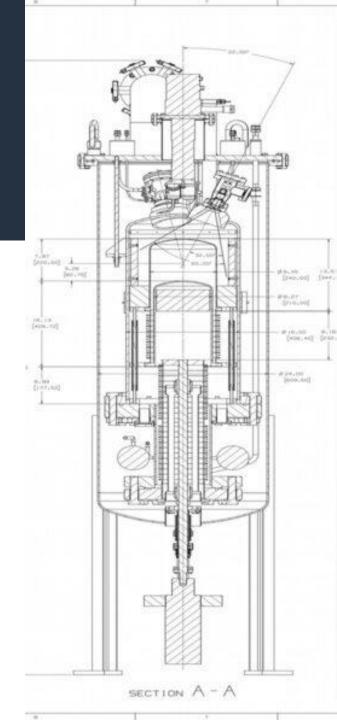


- Created in the 1950s to look at charged particles
- Function similarly to cloud chambers
- Great for dark matter searches

Bubble Chambers

The Scintillating Bubble Chamber Experiment

- Superheated liquid makes up the active volume
- Particle interactions that input energy nucleate bubbles
- Scintillation light gives more information about the interactions



Thermal Control Systems

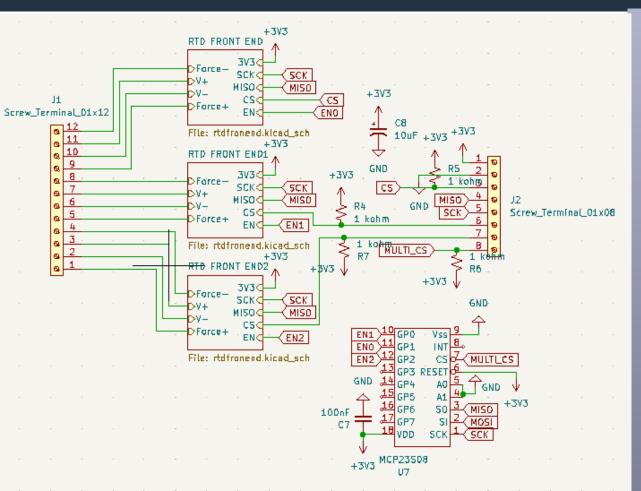


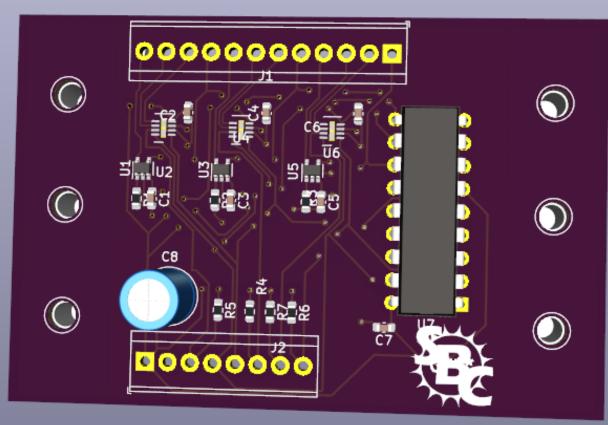
 SBC's active volume consists of liquid argon and xenon

 "Superheated" is still really cold!

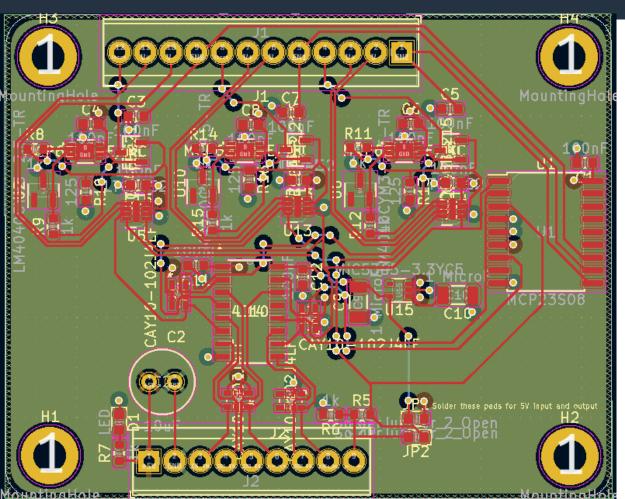
 Temperature control is vital to understand the nucleation threshold

First Prototype



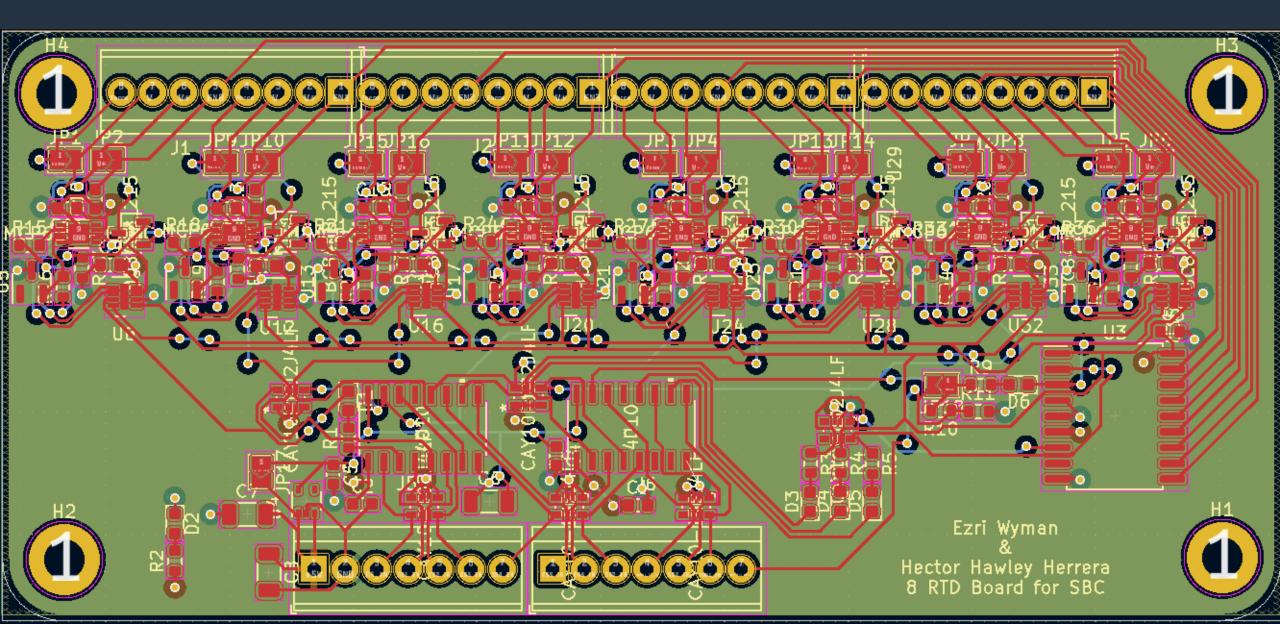


Second Prototype



- Upped the voltage of the board (and added relevant step downs)
- Changed out components that didn't work as expected
- Condense the board
- Added two layers

What's Next?





The Big Picture

- Test setup at Queen's expected to be tested cold in the coming weeks
- Experimental construction is in progress
- Temperature control will continue to be vital through the construction, testing, and run of the experiment