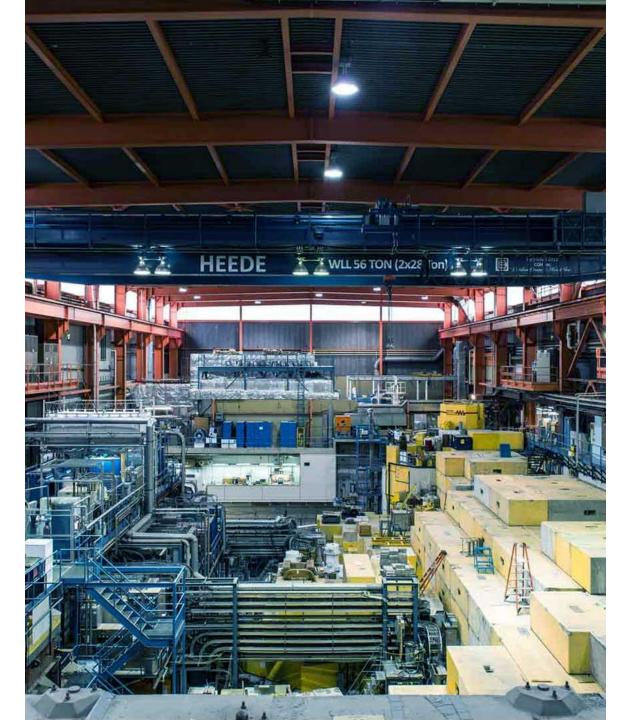


Single Photon Air Analyzer (SPAA)

Maia Henriksson-Ward



Discovery, accelerate

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<u>Single Photon Air Analyzer (SPAA)</u>

- A low(ish)-cost, portable, highly sensitive particulate matter detector
- Currently working towards proof-of-concept

Outline

- Why does SPAA matter?
- How does SPAA work?
- Does SPAA work?

Why SPAA?

Example use case: early detection and warning of forest fires



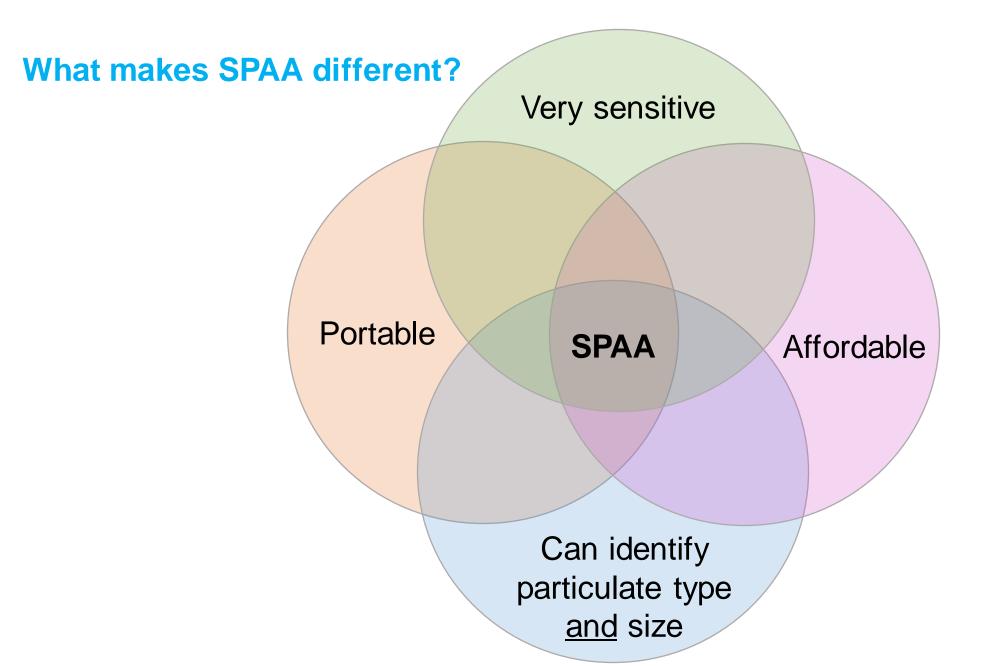
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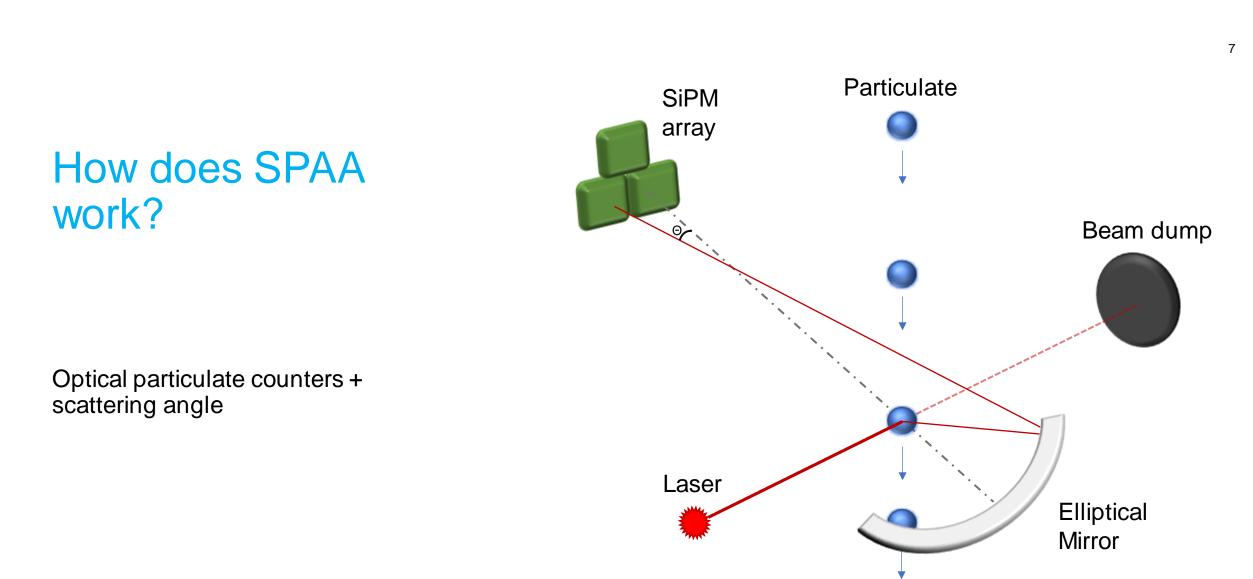
Example use case: early warning for forest fires

What if we had a widespread, continuous monitoring system for forest fires? Early warning -> protect people and property

Would a smoke detector work?

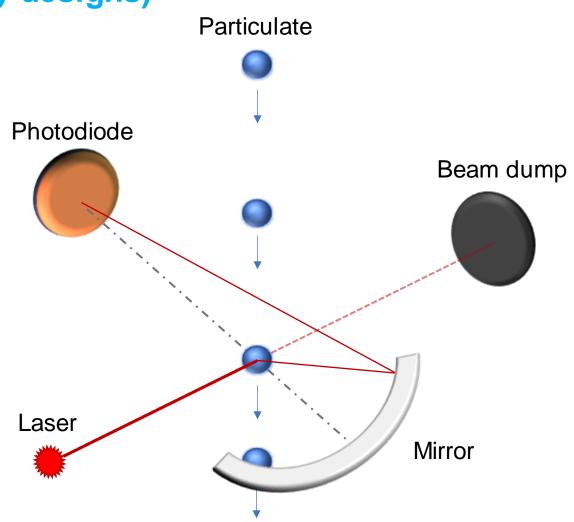
- Must be highly sensitive and affordable
- Need to avoid false alarms! For example, cigarette vs. forest fire





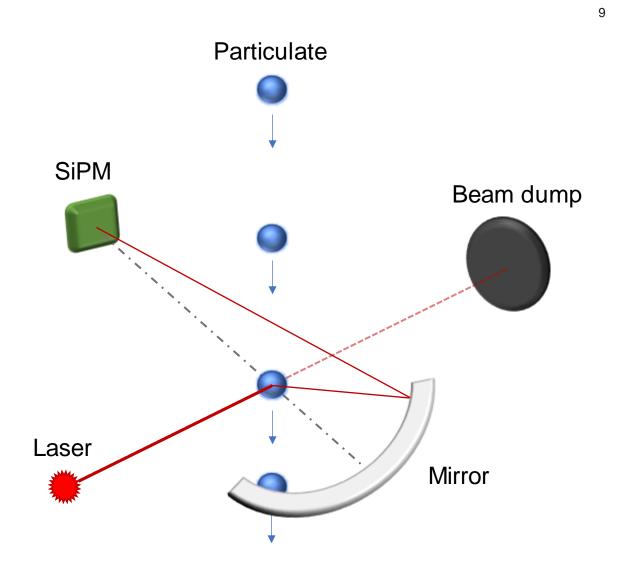
Existing low-cost sensors (one of many designs)

- Light scatters off particulate and is directed towards a sensor
- Calculate particulate size based on how much light is scattered



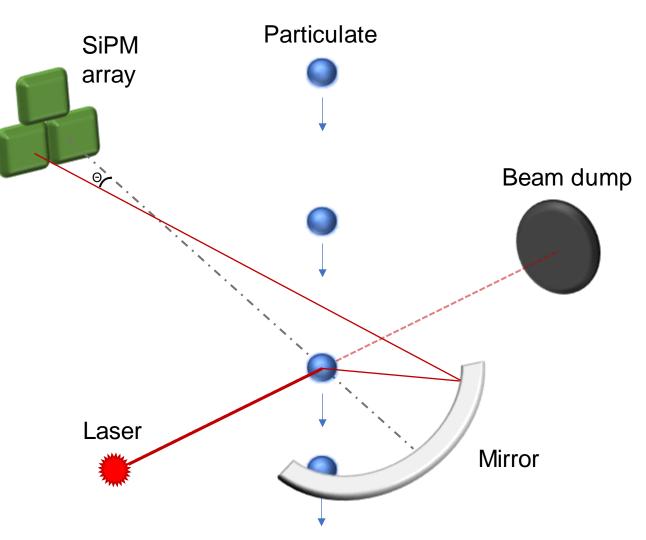
How is SPAA different?

- Use silicon photomultipliers (SiPMs)
- More sensitive than other photodiodes
- Can count individual photons



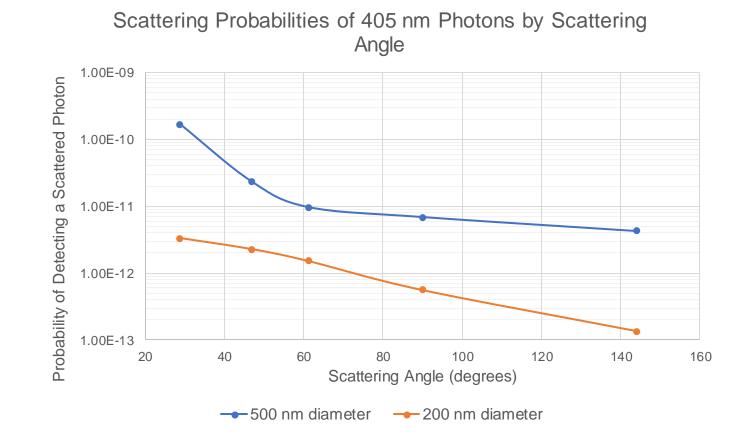
How is SPAA different?

- Measure particulate size based on the distribution of photon scattering angles
- Identify other optical properties based on SiPM signal shape/size



MIE Scattering

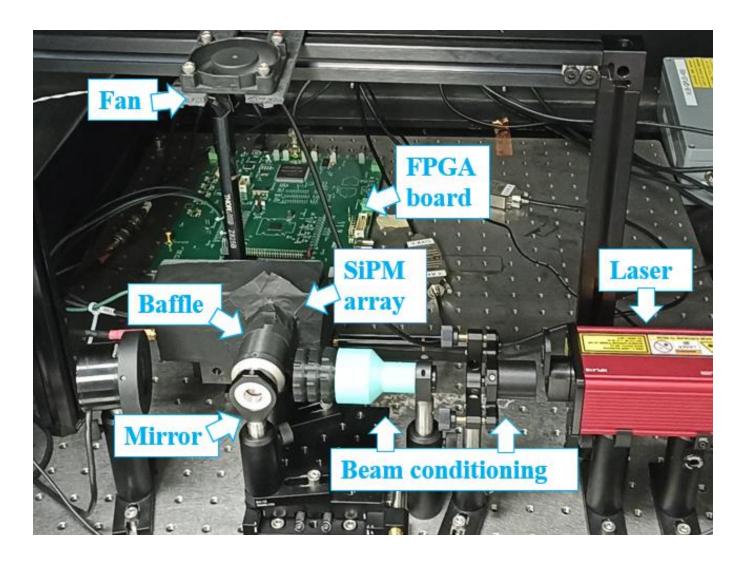
- When photons encounter a particle, they have a small probability of scattering
- The angle they are most likely to scatter at depends on the size of the particle
- This is governed by MIE scattering equations



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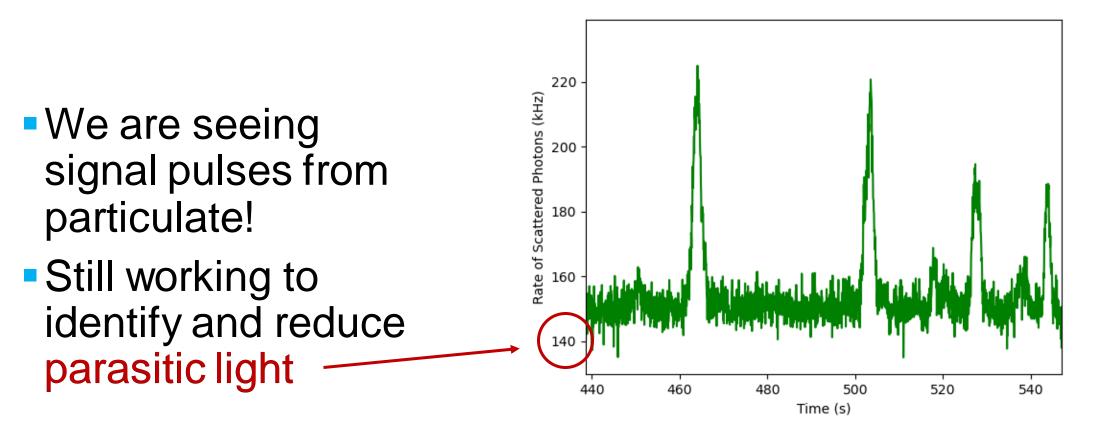
Does SPAA work?

(Early data)



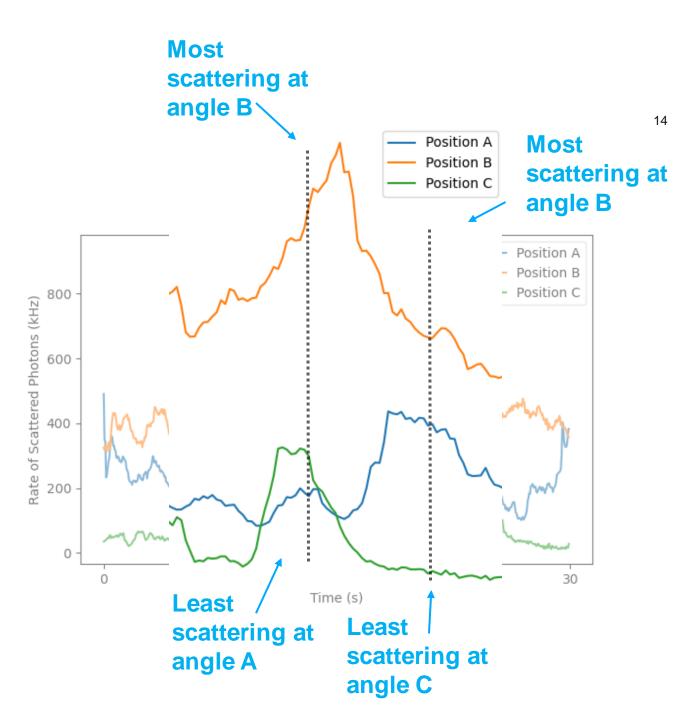
Detecting Particulate

SiPM signal pulses due to particulate



Next Steps – Angle resolution

- Use all three SiPMs for angle resolution
- Test with particulate of known size and velocity
- Develop particulate identification algorithms!



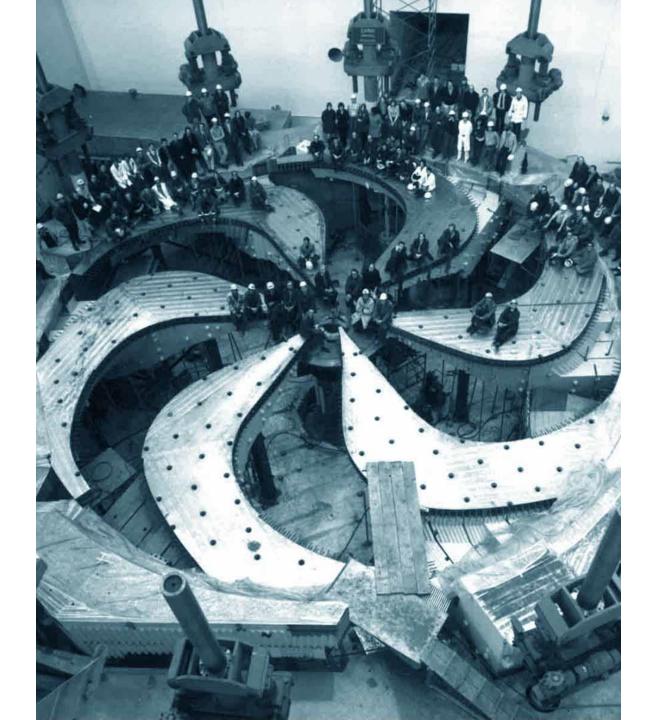


Thank you Merci

Team

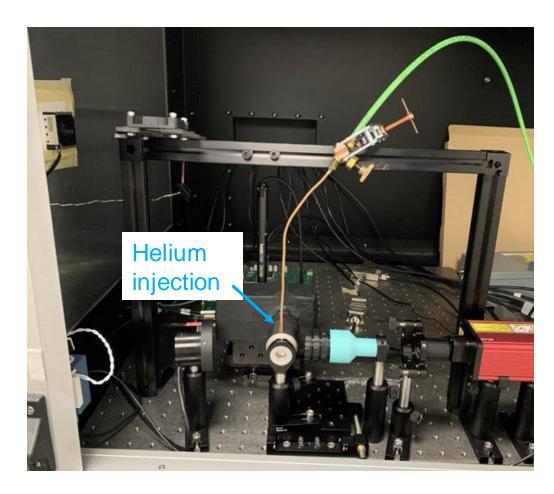
Fabrice Retière (TRIUMF scientist) Mahsa Mahtab (TRIUMF postdoctoral researcher) Jeremy Chenard (Sherbrooke coop – Fall 2021) Maia Henriksson-Ward (UBC coop – Summer 2022) Juliette Martin (Edinburgh MPhys) Mayur Patel (SFU-TRIUMF Msc) Kurtis Raymond (SFU-TRIUMF Msc) Alex Sorokin (elec. Tech.)

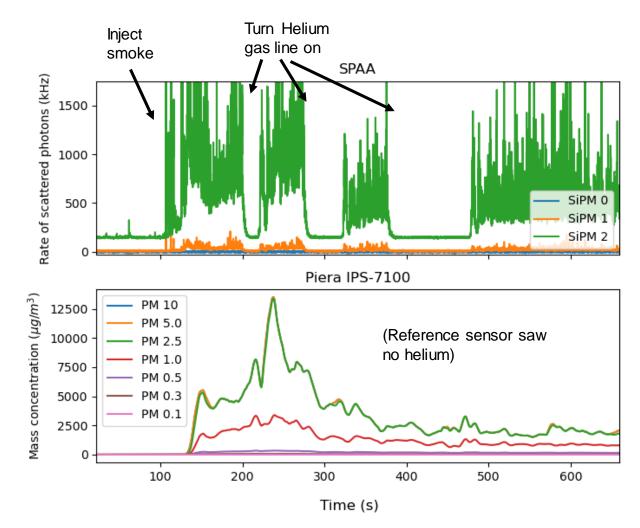
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Appendix: Are those spikes really particulate? Testing with clean gas (Helium)





No spikes are present when using pure Helium (no particulate) – Evidence that the 'spikes' are due to particulate!