

# Radon Gas Assays for the SNO+ Experiment

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## Background



- The SNO+ detector requires low backgrounds and is therefore important to continuously monitor these conditions
- Radon is overly abundant in mines
- Radon is not desirable in the detector due to the creation of daughter nuclei that fall within the ROI of neutrinoless double-beta decay

## How do we monitor these conditions?

- Monitoring is done by performing assays, a technique developed by SNO along with a Mobile Radon Board, so measure the amount of <sup>222</sup>Rn
- Radon is trapped in the board and cryogenically cooled, concentrated, then heated to encourage the atoms to move along a specific path that leads to a Lucas Cell
- The assay is done over a measured amount of time so that the total volume measured is known



- Following the extraction,
   the Lucas Cell is placed into
   a PMT counter in order to
   count the number of alphas
- This counting allows for us to determine the number of radon atoms in the total volume, thereby determining if the area in question is within safe limits



# A number of important assays were performed

LN2 Plant UI UI + Radon Monitor

Newly built LN2
plant
Ensure that SNO+
could attach this to
the International
Dewar that can
then be used for
cover gas purposes

UI is the only
'entryway' to the
detector, and the
covergas is an
effective way to
determine the
state of the
detector

Radon Monitor is meant to measure radon in the detector, if results are comparable then we know the Radon Monitor is working effectively



#### LN2 Plant Results

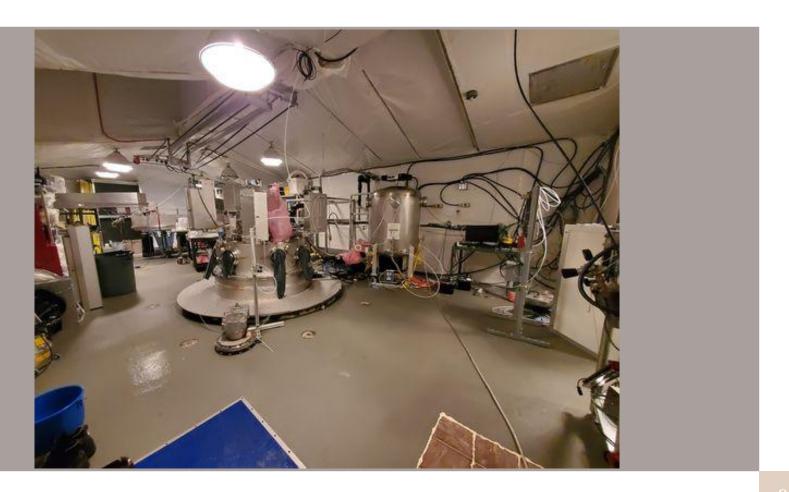
| Date              | LC ID | Assay<br>Time | Alphas | Time<br>counting<br>(days) | Rn/sample<br>LN2 | C [rel. To<br>mine air]    |
|-------------------|-------|---------------|--------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| April 21,<br>2022 | LC23  | 30min         | 120    | 6.08                       | 275±15.1         | 1.45 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| April 27,<br>2022 | LC23  | 30min         | 157    | 11.61                      | 210±11.5         | 1.09 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| May 5,<br>2022    | LC13  | 30min         | 145    | 8.075                      | 333.3±18.3       | 1.74 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| May 17,<br>2022   | LC13  | 30min         | 139    | 8                          | 312.1±17.1       | 1.63 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |



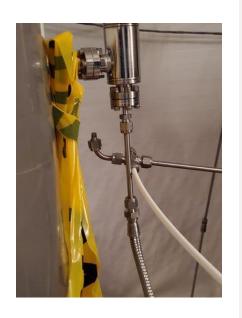
### UI Assay Results

| Date             | LC ID | Assay<br>Time | Alphas | Time<br>counting<br>(days) | Rn/sample<br>UI | C [rel. To<br>mine air]    |
|------------------|-------|---------------|--------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| June 23,<br>2022 | LC21  | 30min         | 90     | 4.846                      | 308.32          | 1.61 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| June 30,<br>2022 | LC21  | 30min         | 369    | 18.417                     | 853.48          | 4.45 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| July 21,<br>2022 | LC28  | 30min         | 296    | 13.125                     | 611.39          | 3.18 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| July 22,<br>2022 | LC21  | 30min         | 369    | 12.125                     | 958.821         | 4.99 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |





#### UI + Radon Monitor Assay Results



| Date             | LC ID | Assay<br>Time | Alphas | Time<br>counting<br>(days) | Rn/sample<br>Rn Monitor | C [rel. To<br>mine air]    |
|------------------|-------|---------------|--------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| July 26,<br>2022 | LC18  | 30min         | 254    | 8.125                      | 667.19                  | 3.47 x<br>10 <sup>-4</sup> |
| July 27,<br>2022 | LC17  | 30min         | 113    | 7.125                      | 163.16                  | 8.50 x<br>10 <sup>-5</sup> |

# What should we do in the future?

- Regular testing of the UI
- Perform an assay on the cover gas
- Perform more assays on the UI and the UI + Radon Monitor the get a more clear picture of what is going on



# Questions?