

# Particle reconstruction in jets with set transformer and hypergraph prediction architectures

*Friday 4 November 2022 09:40 (20 minutes)*

Particle reconstruction is a task underlying virtually all analyses of collider-detector data. Recently, the application of deep learning algorithms on graph-structured low-level features has suggested new possibilities beyond the scope of traditional parametric approaches. In particular, we explore the possibility to reconstruct and classify individual neutral particles in a collimated environment by studying single-jet events in a realistic calorimeter simulation. We develop two novel algorithms which approach reconstruction as a set-to-set task between tracks and calorimeter clusters as input and final-state particles as output. Notably, an algorithm designed to predict hypergraph structure shows superior performance on particle and jet-level metrics –surpassing a parametric particle-flow baseline –and provides a high degree of interpretability.

**Primary authors:** DI BELLO, Francesco Armando (INFN e Universita Genova (IT)); DREYER, Etienne (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL)); KAKATI, Nilotpall (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL)); GANGULY, Sanmay (University of Tokyo (JP)); GROSS, Eilam (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL)); HEINRICH, Lukas Alexander (Max Planck Society (DE)); IVINA, Anna (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL)); KADO, Marumi (Max Planck Society (DE)); SANTI, Lorenzo (Sapienza Universita e INFN, Roma I (IT)); TUSONI, Matteo (Sapienza Universita e INFN, Roma I (IT))

**Presenters:** DREYER, Etienne (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL)); KAKATI, Nilotpall (Weizmann Institute of Science (IL))

**Session Classification:** Reconstruction