

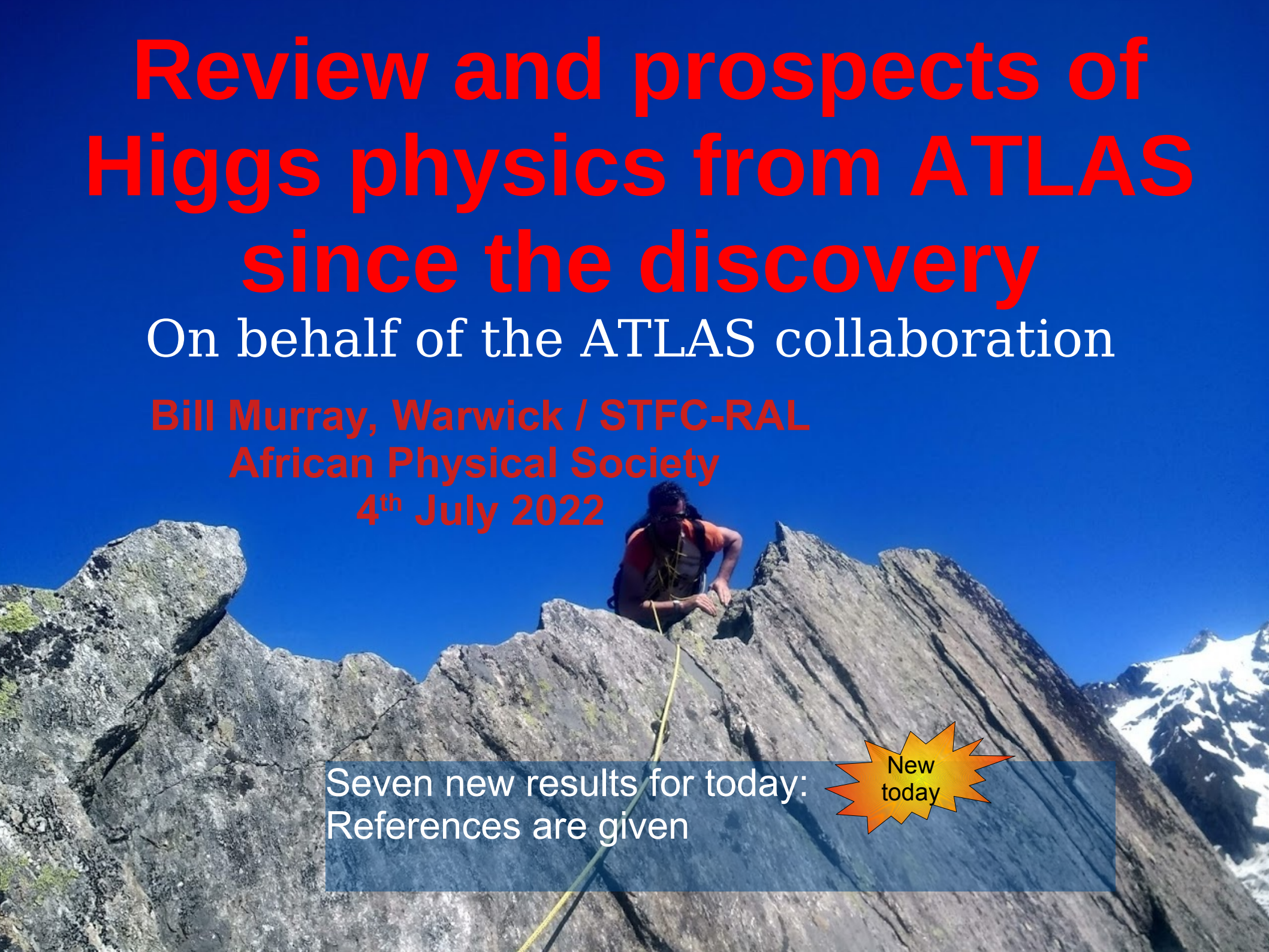
Review and prospects of Higgs physics from ATLAS since the discovery

On behalf of the ATLAS collaboration

Bill Murray, Warwick / STFC-RAL
African Physical Society
4th July 2022

Seven new results for today:
References are given

New
today



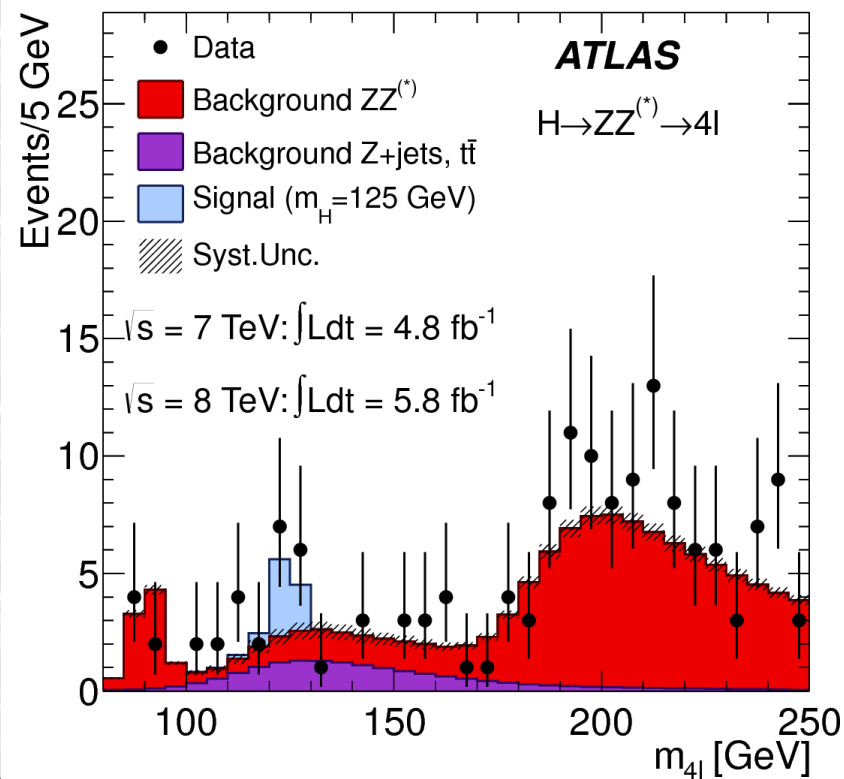
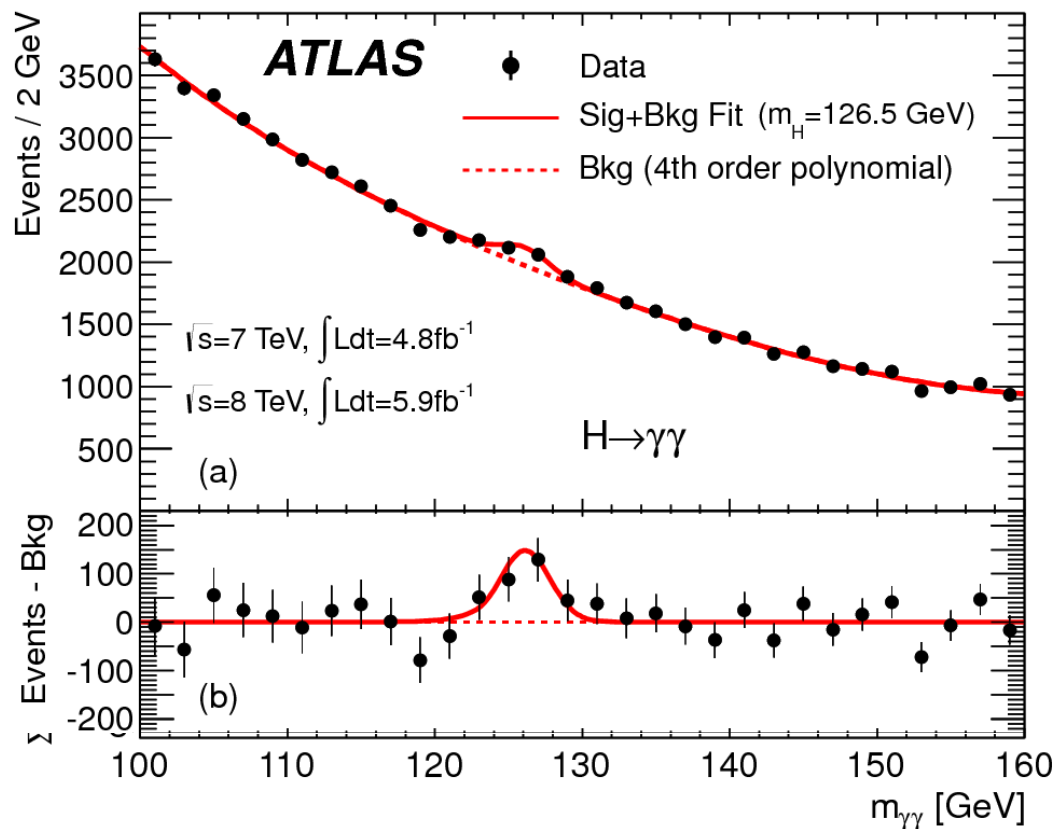
Higgs boson: ATLAS overview

2012

Observation of a new particle in the search for the SM Higgs boson

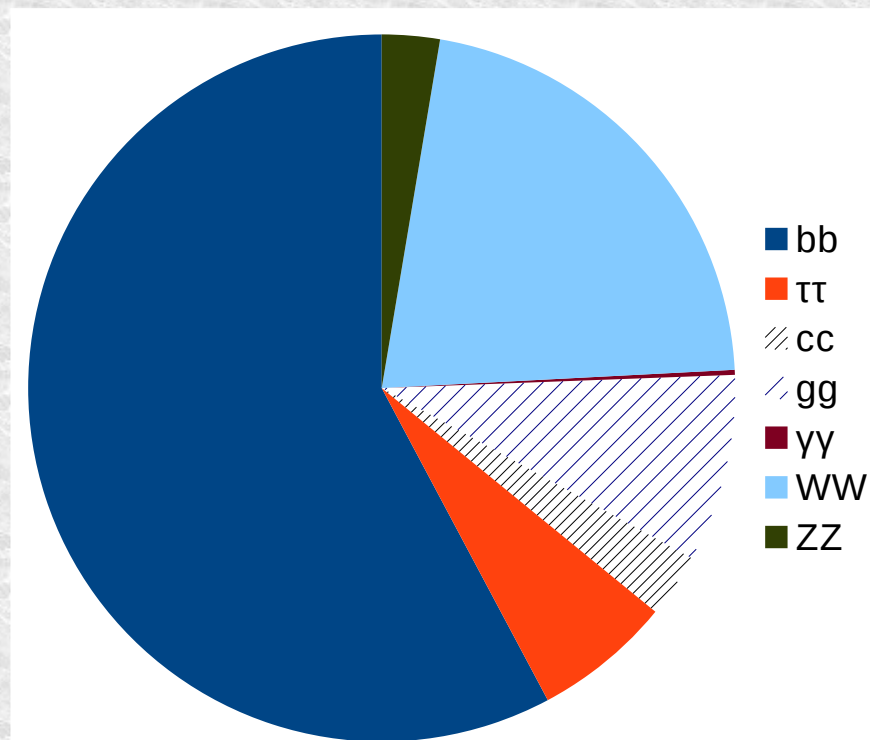
- Cited 19121 times

Mass is only unknown: A+C measured to 0.2%. done?



Higgs boson: ATLAS overview

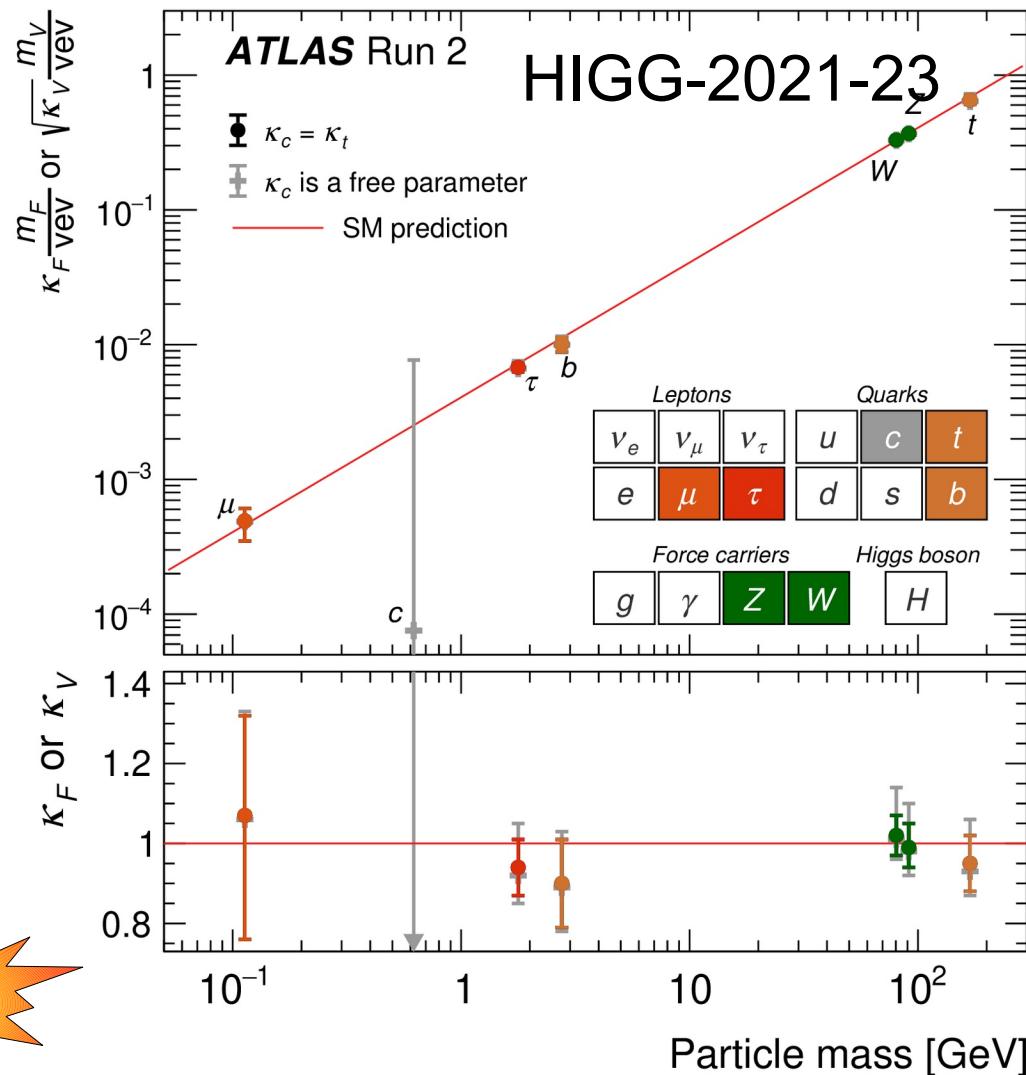
- Summary: The defining discovery of the LHC
 - It completed a picture imagined in 1964
- But to know it is the Higgs boson need to measure
 - Decay to ZZ , $\gamma\gamma$, WW , $\tau\tau$, bb : all observed at 5σ
 - Same for ggH , VBF , VH and ttH production
- Is it the CP-even scalar expected? Seems to be
- We have to test properties in detail
 - This fundamental(?) scalar is unnatural!



Interactions with all particles?

- Interaction should be proportional to mass
- Confirmed for vector bosons and most 3rd generation fermions
 - None known when model written down!
- 2nd generation fermions now being constrained too

New today

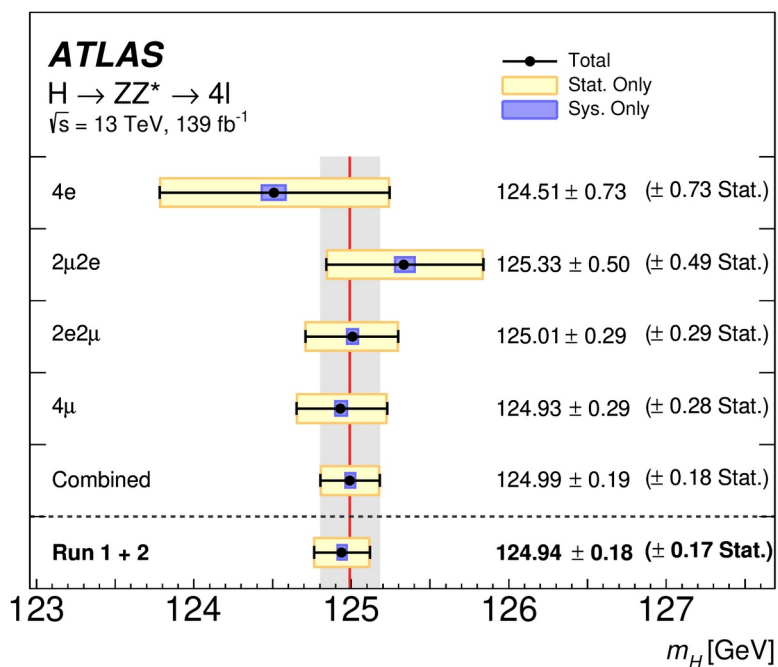
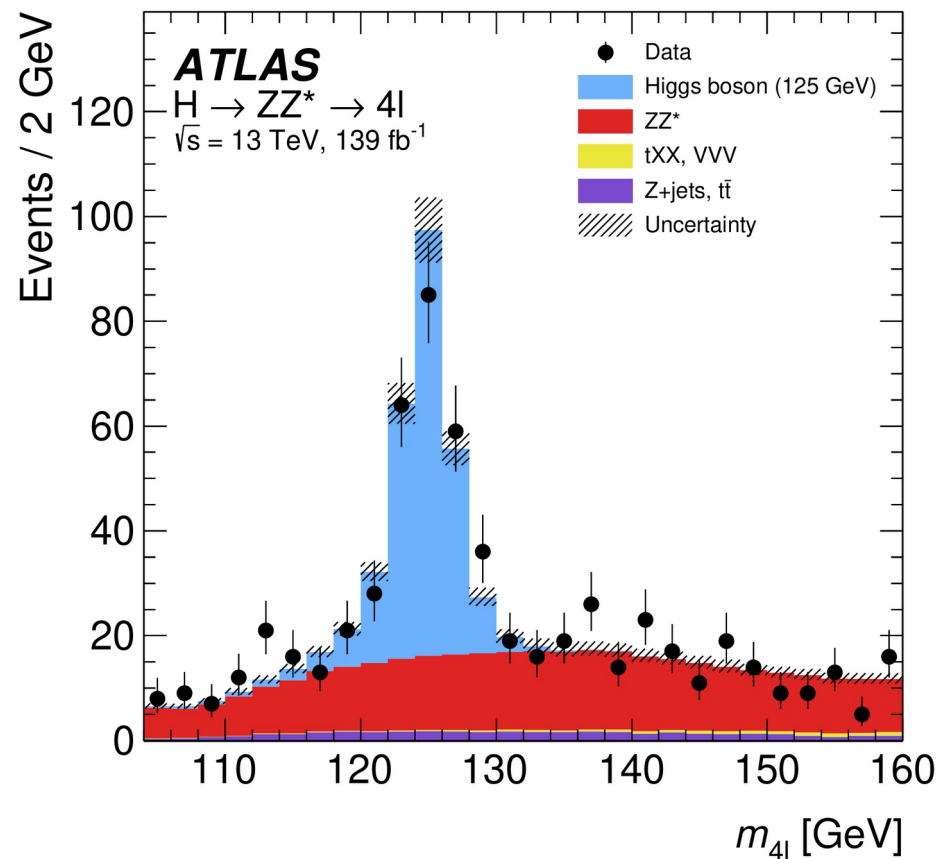



 New
today

H to ZZ & mass

HIGG-2020-07

- Clean mode used for much
 - Fig is from mass paper →
- $M_H = 124.94 \pm 0.19 \text{ GeV}$
 - Stat dominated
 - 28 MeV unc from μp_T scale

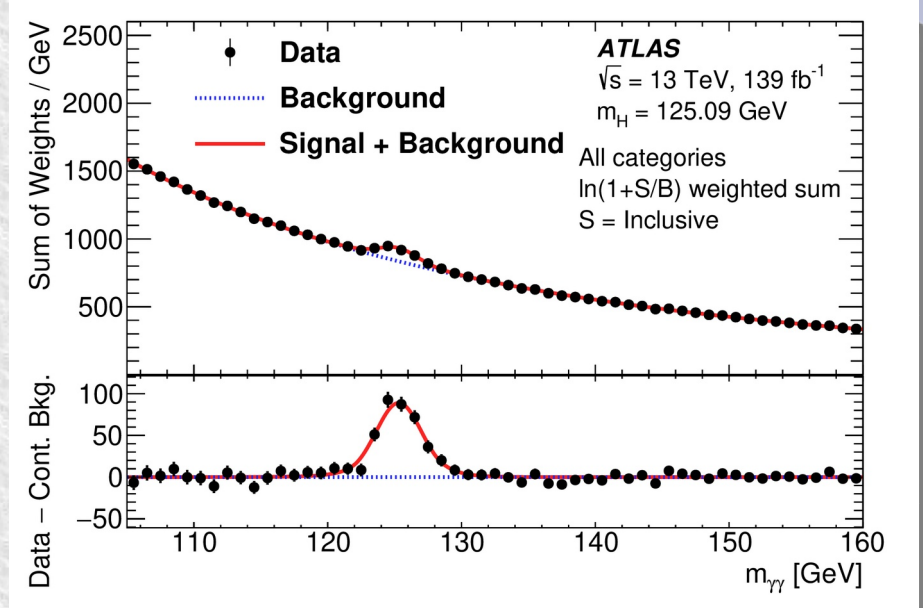
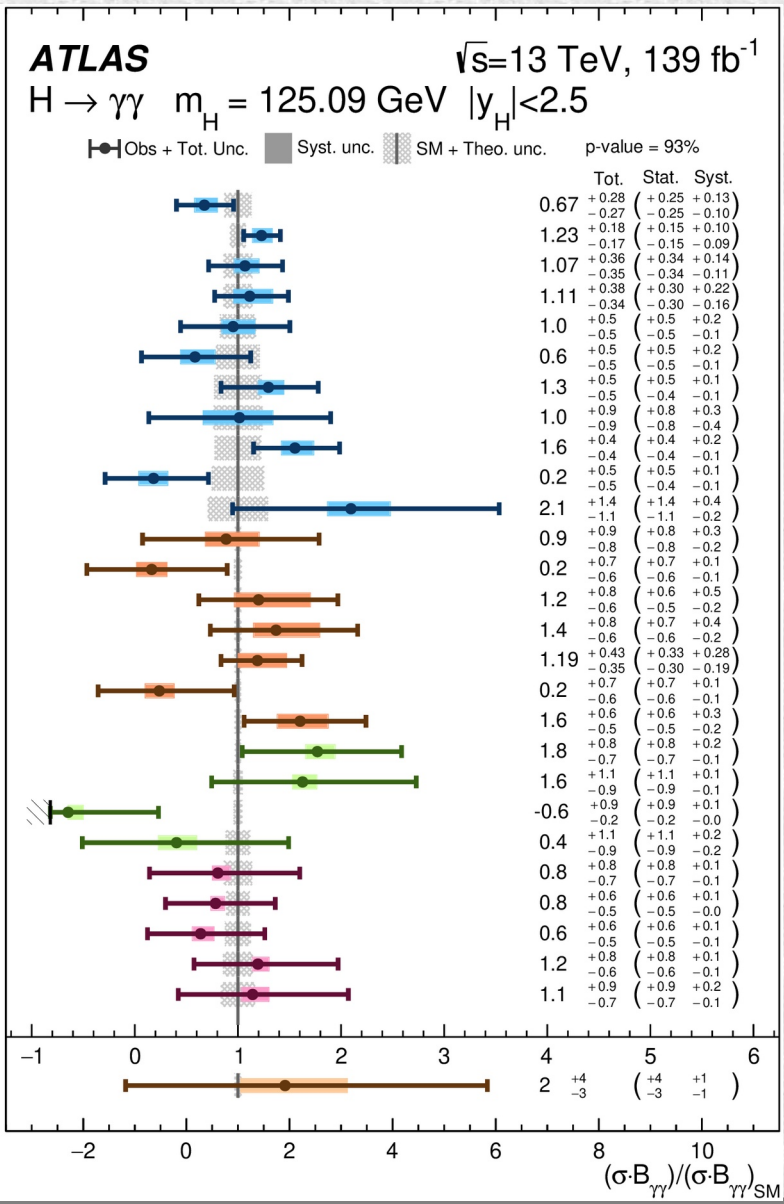


- 0.15% from single channel
- More to come (yy)



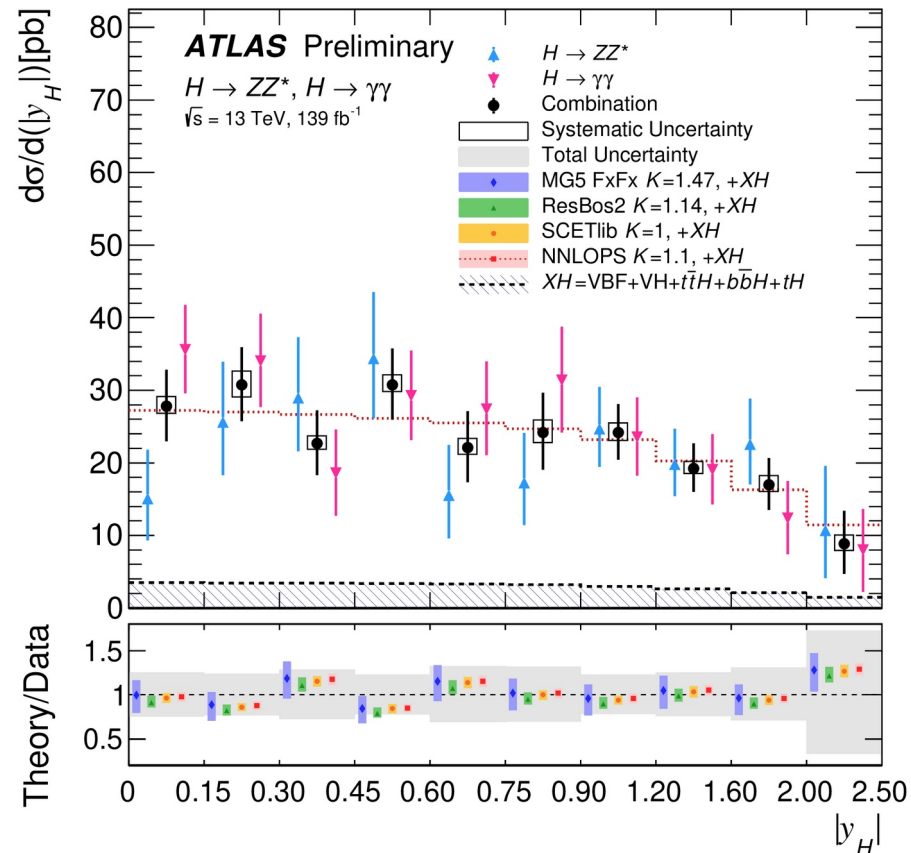
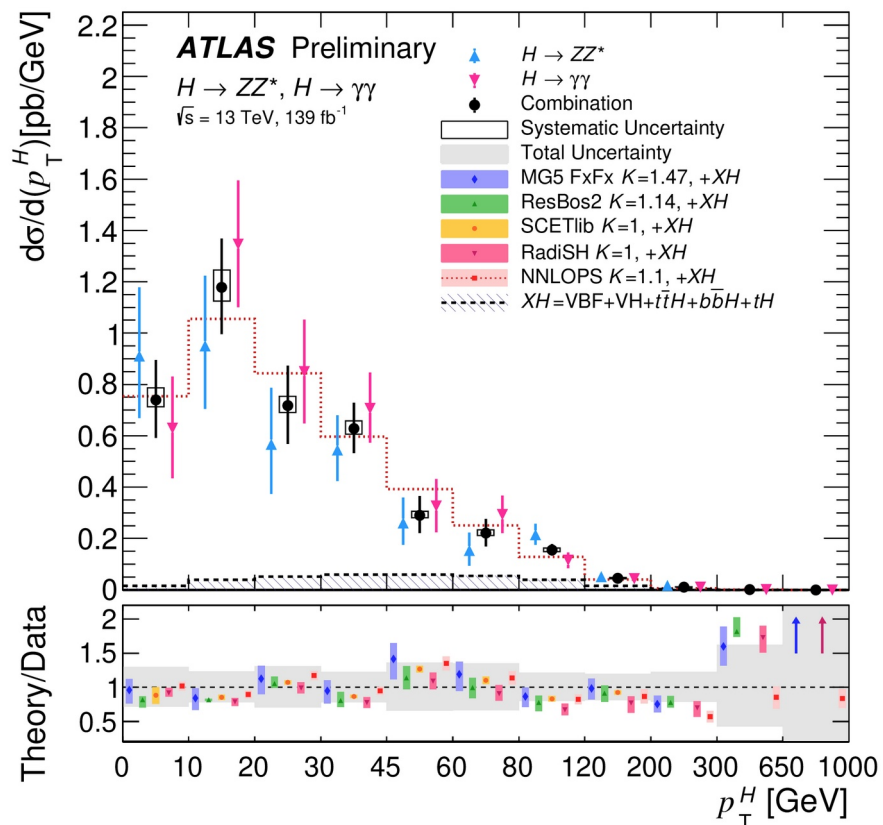
H to $\gamma\gamma$

HIGG-2020-16



- Thousands of events
 - Sensitive to all production modes
 - Overall $\mu = 1.04^{+0.10}_{-0.09}$
- Constrains κ_t positive
- Also **VBF CP result**

Differential distributions

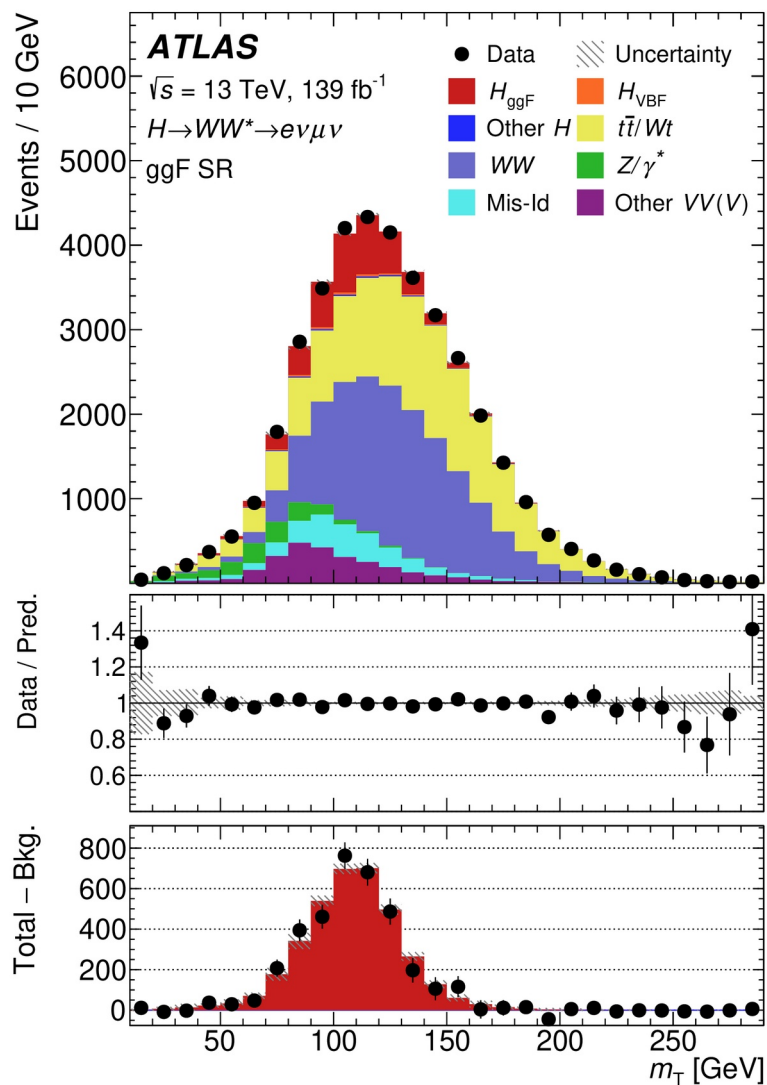


- Clean $\gamma\gamma$ and ZZ modes can access $H p_T, \eta$
- Distribution sensitive to b, c components of ggF loop: $-10.1 < \kappa_c < 18.3$

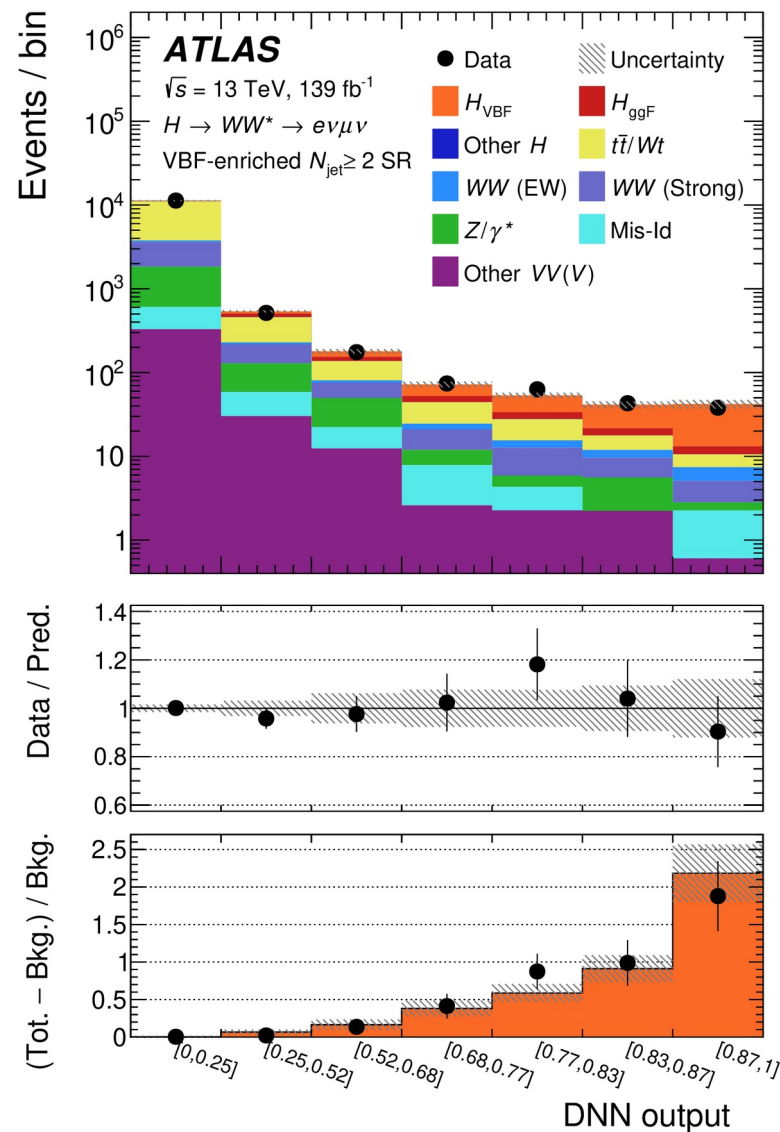
New today

ggF & VBF H to WW

HIGG-2021-20



● ggF (left) and VBF (right)
 ● High rate, but WW & tt bkds.



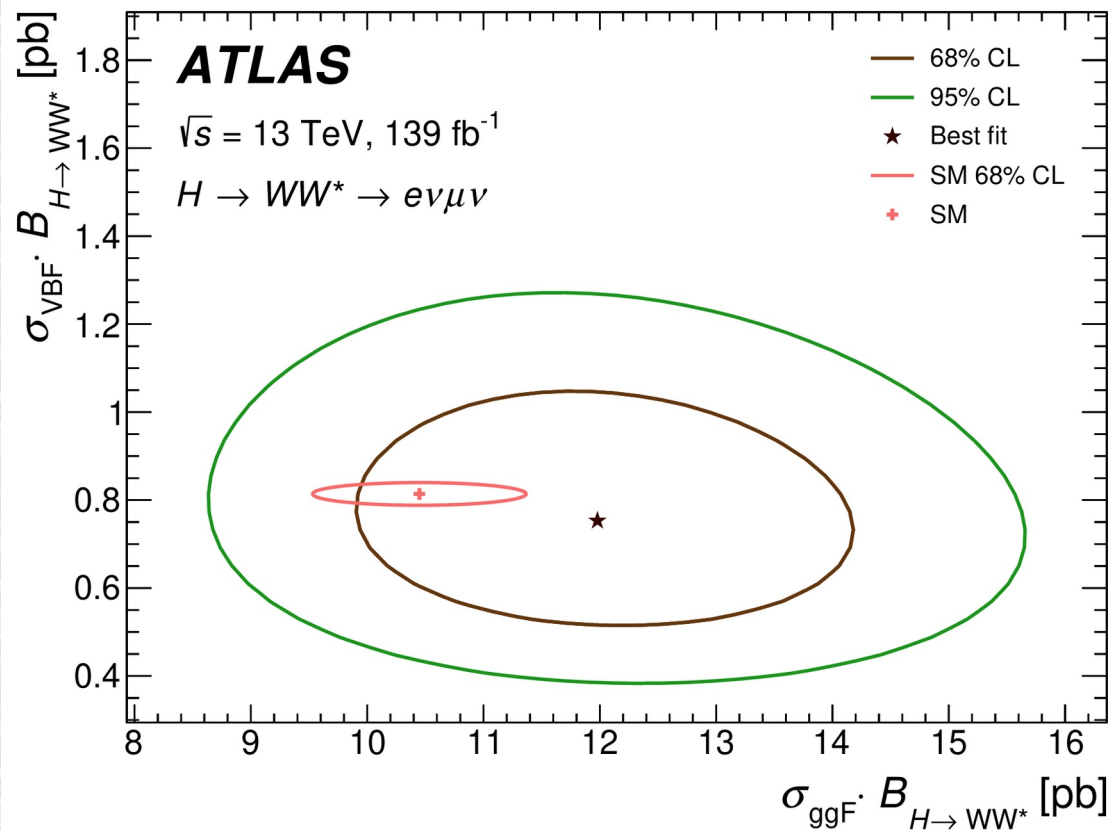


New
today

H to WW

HIGG-2021-20

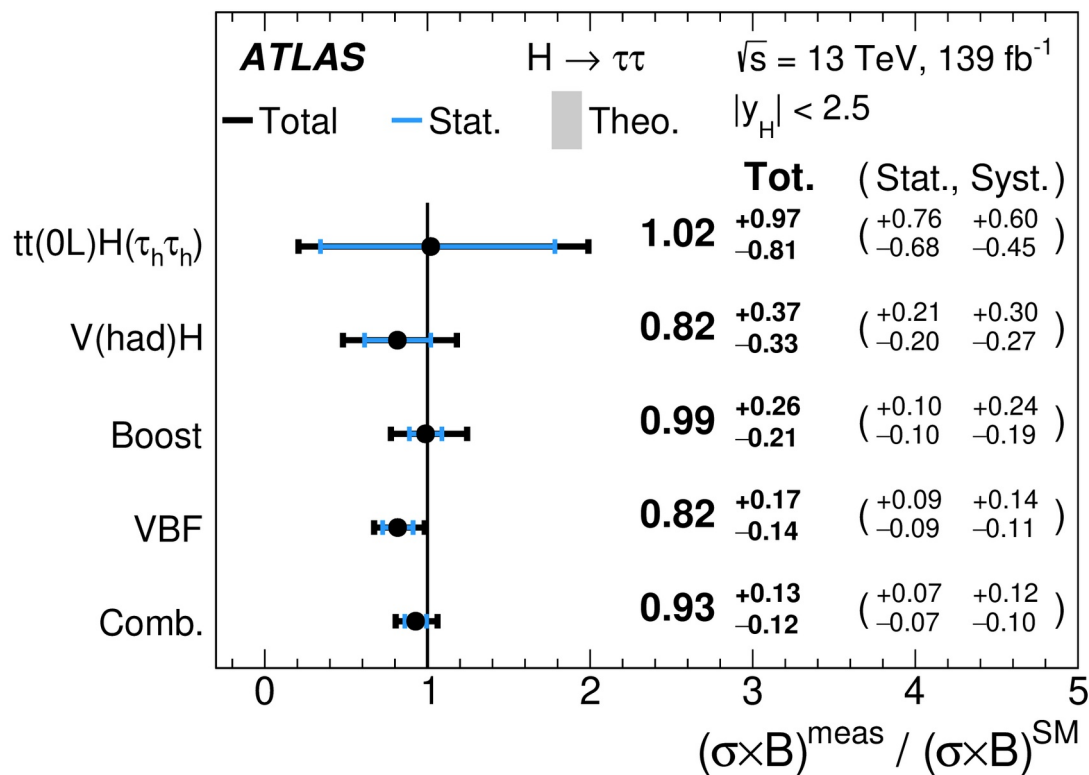
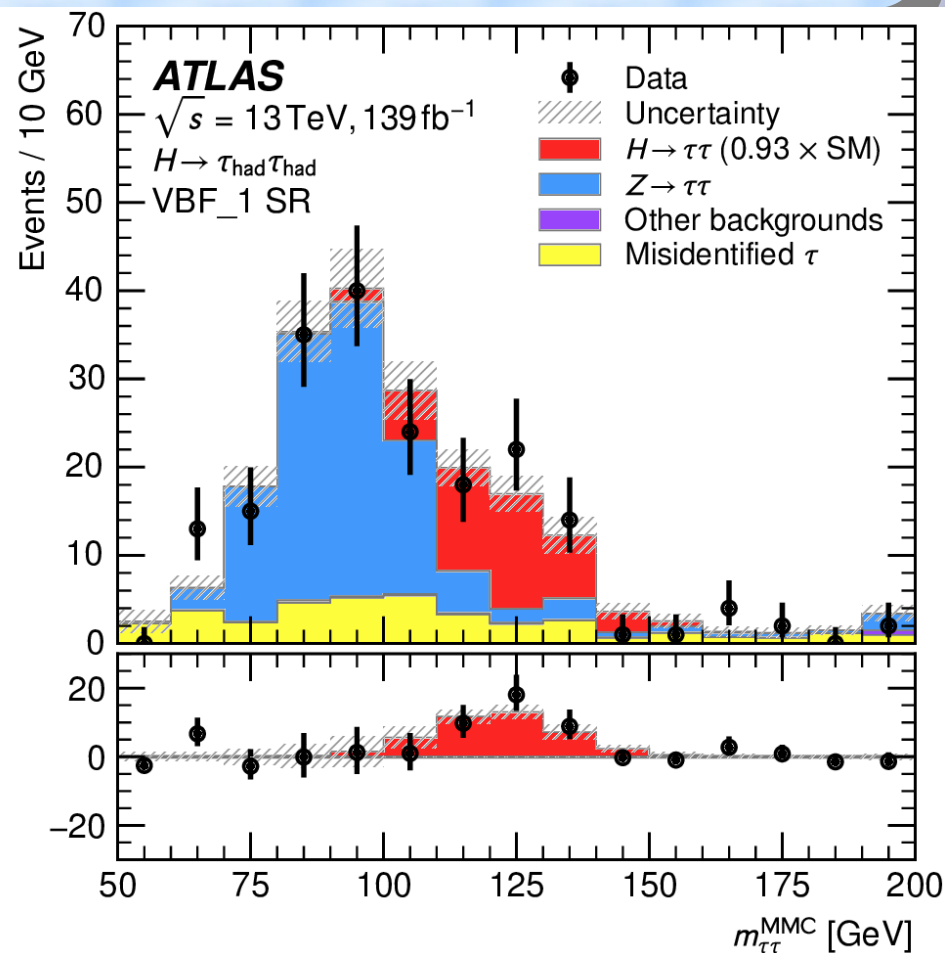
- 4200 signal events
- Precision measurements:
 - ggF: $\mu = 1.15^{+0.14}_{-0.13}$
 - VBF: $\mu = 0.93^{+0.23}_{-0.20}$
- Results also put out in STXS bins



HIGG-2019-09

H to $\tau\tau$

- h-h, l-h and e- μ channels; 4200 signal events
- 4 main production modes
 - VBF best measured

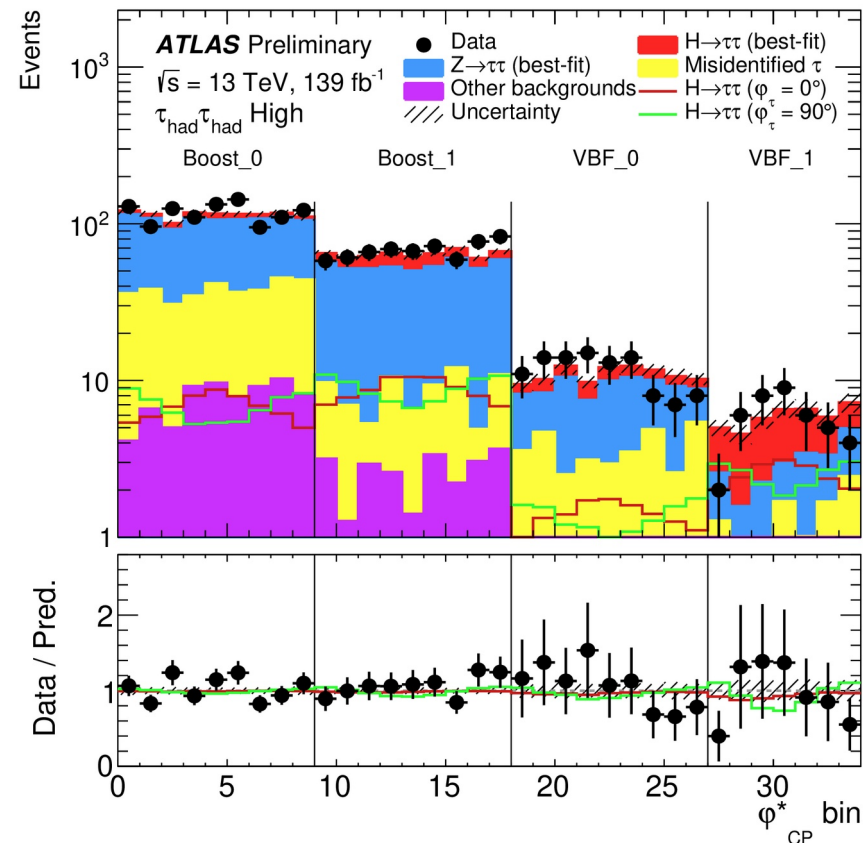
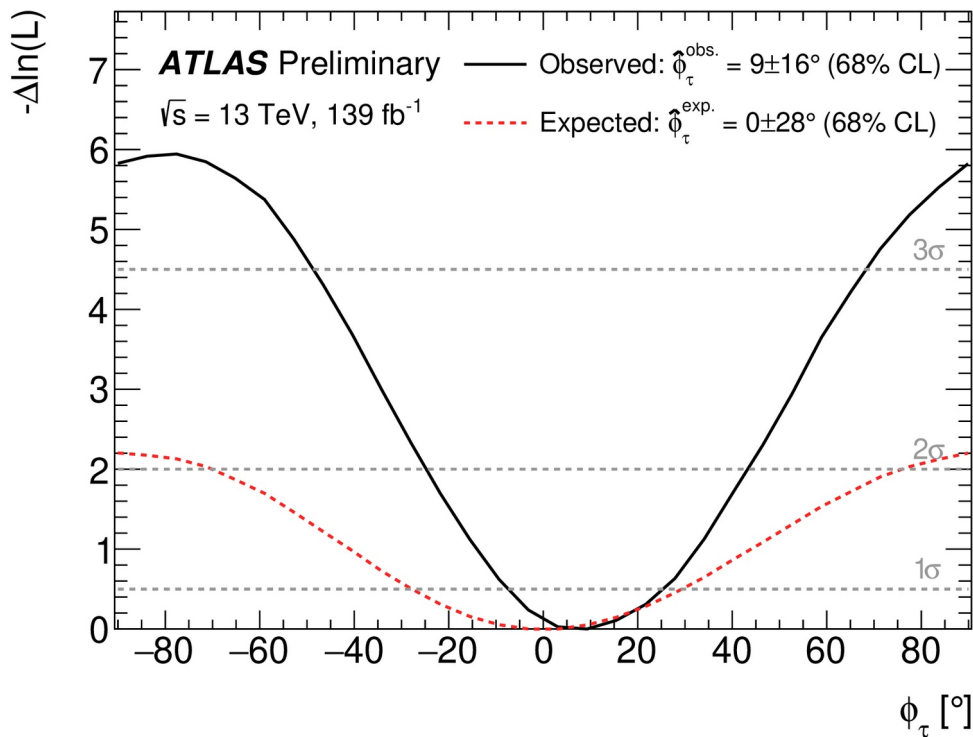


• All agree with SM

H to $\tau\tau$ decay

ATLAS-CONF-2022-032

- Decay angles sensitive to CP coupling to fermions
 - Constrains mixing phase as $9 \pm 16^\circ$

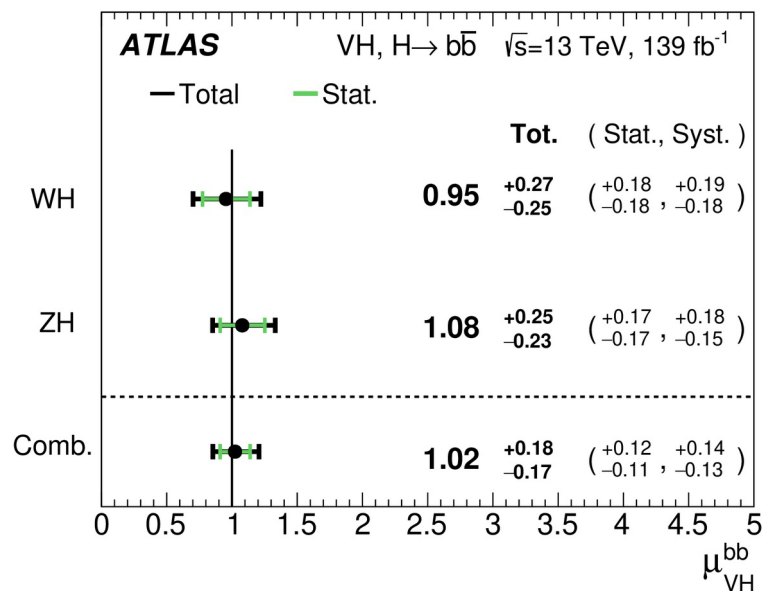
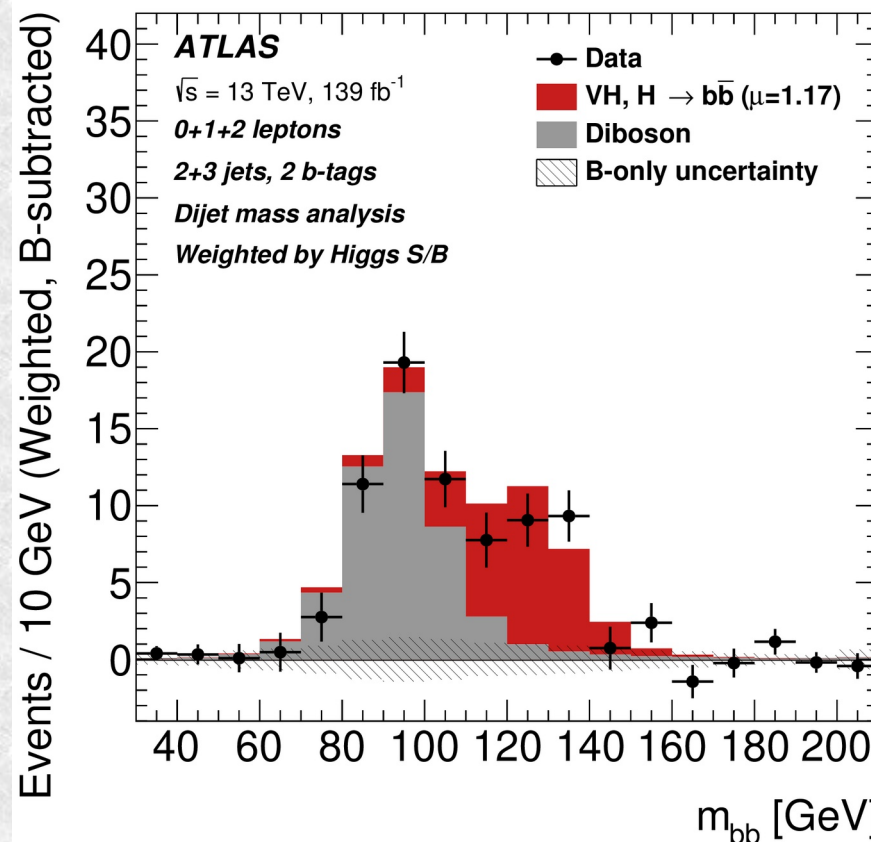


- Data gave unusually good error
- Other CP results older

H to bb

Eur. Phys. J. C 81 (2021) 178

- Best sensitivity in VH mode
 - Tag W or Z as trigger
- Analysis uses BDT
 - But cut-n-count easier to visualise.
- 0/1/2 leptons → Z/W/Z

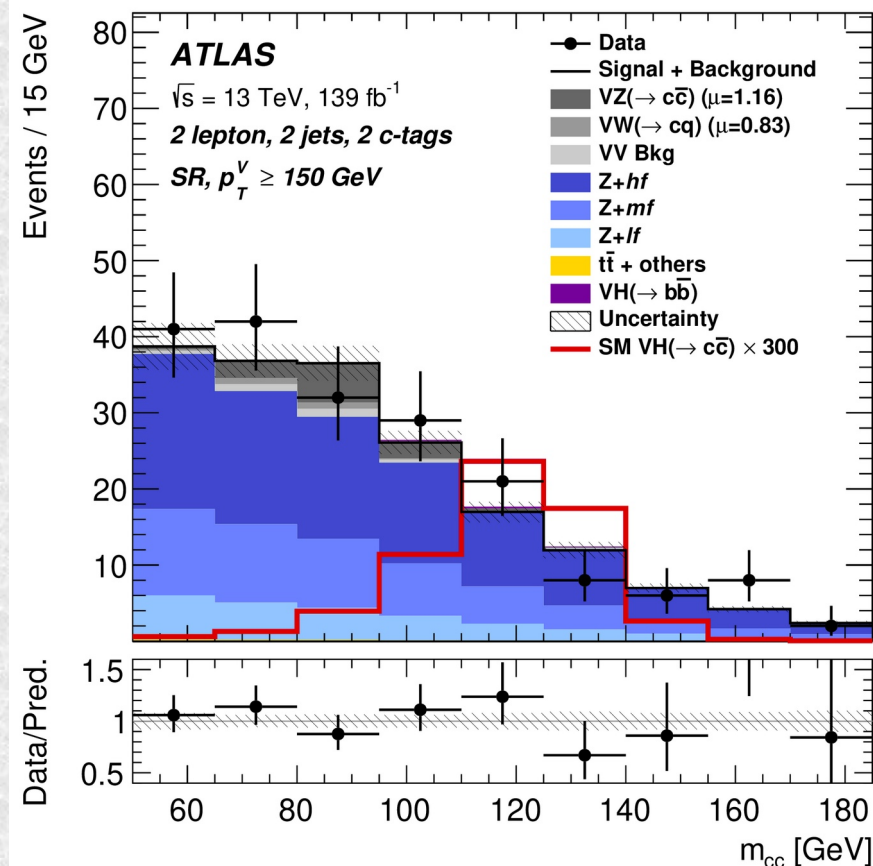
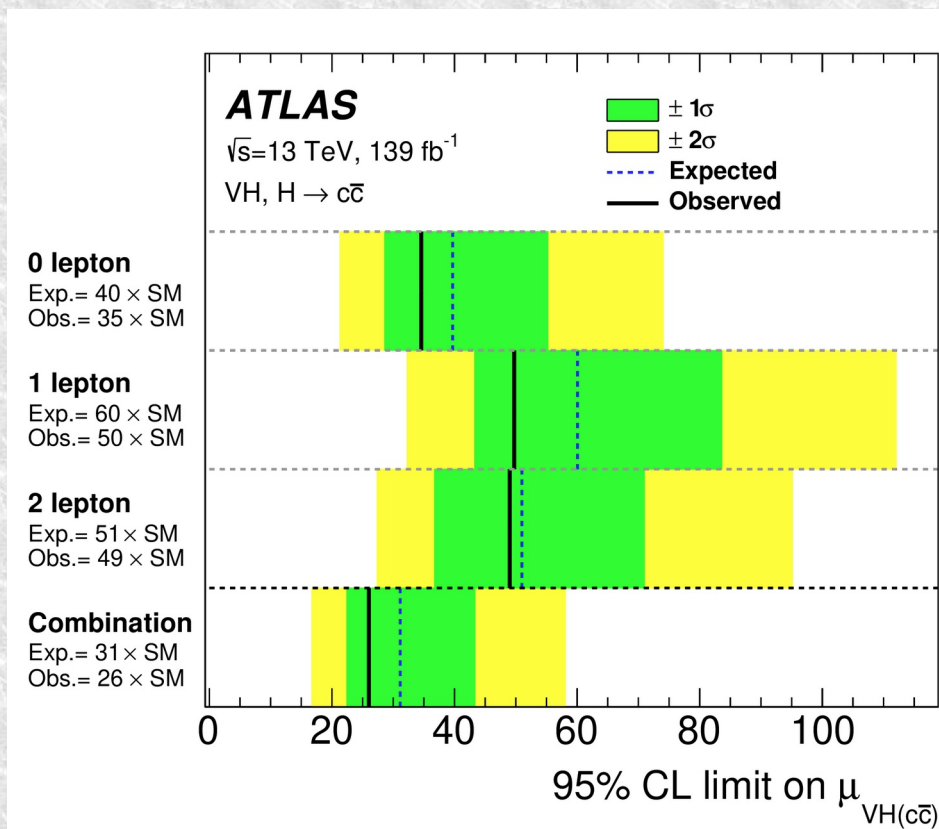


$$\mu_{VH}^{bb} = 1.02^{+0.18}_{-0.17} = 1.02^{+0.12}_{-0.11} (\text{stat.})^{+0.14}_{-0.13} (\text{syst.})$$

H to cc

arXiv:2201.11428

- Decay rate 3%, 1/20th bb
- Tagging charm quarks hard
 - Intermediate between light and b in mass and lifetime

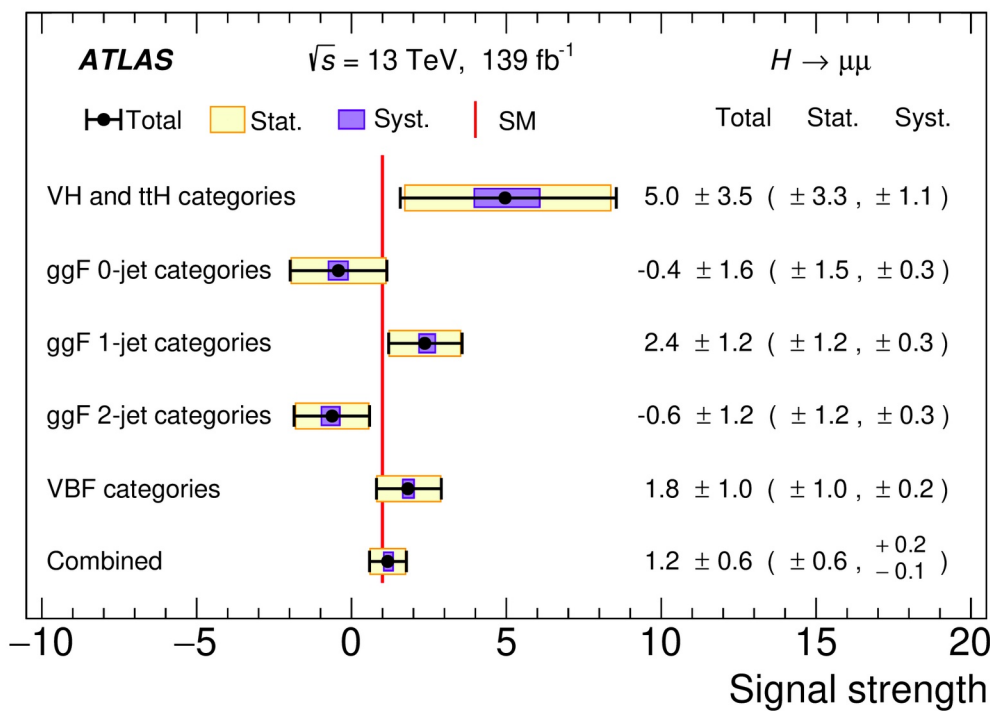
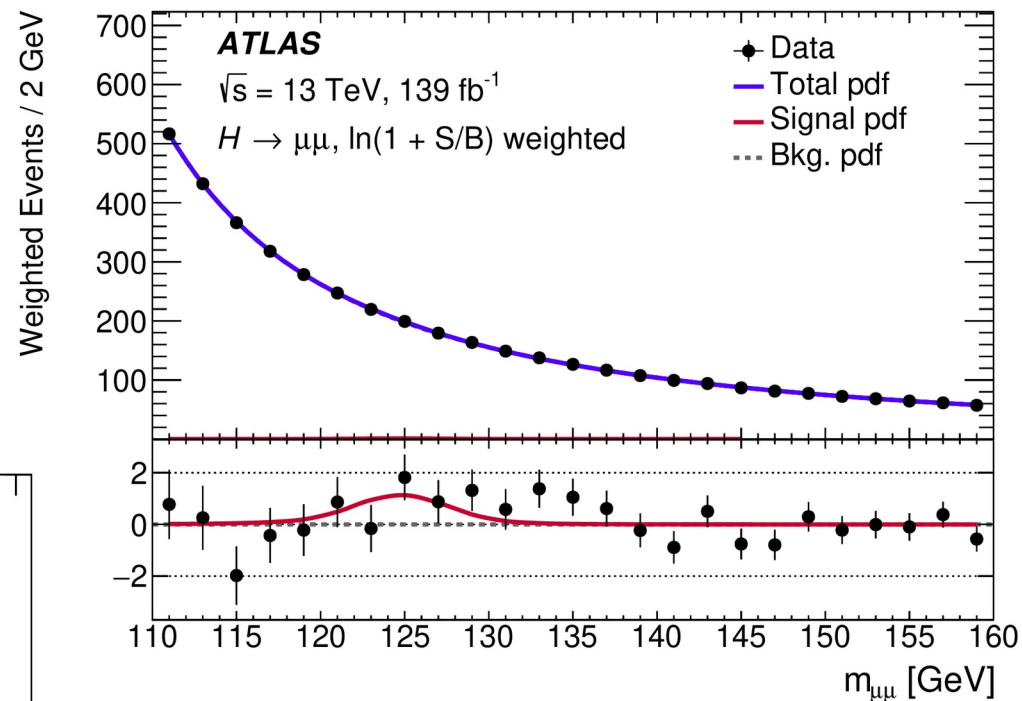


- Sensitive to $O(30)\times$ SM
 - Congrats. to CMS on their recent result!

H to $\mu\mu$

Phys. Lett. B 812 (2021) 135980

- ‘Simple’ bump hunt
 - Similar to $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- 20 categories of p_T , η , VBF, VH, ttH
- Yield very like $\nu\nu$

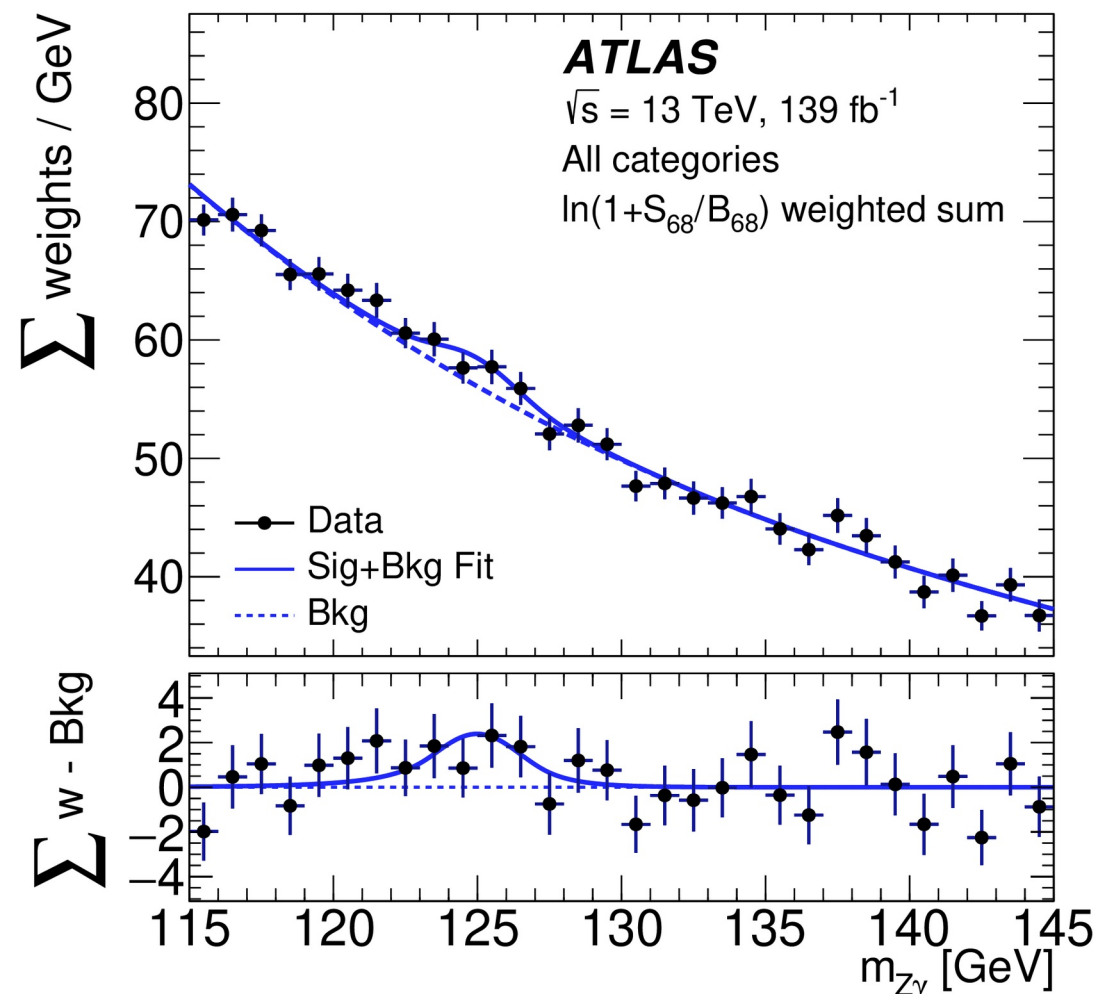


- But large Drell-Yan background
- Significance: 2σ obs (1.7σ exp. SM)
 - 2nd generation in sight!

H to $Z\gamma$

Phys. Lett. B 809 (2020) 135754

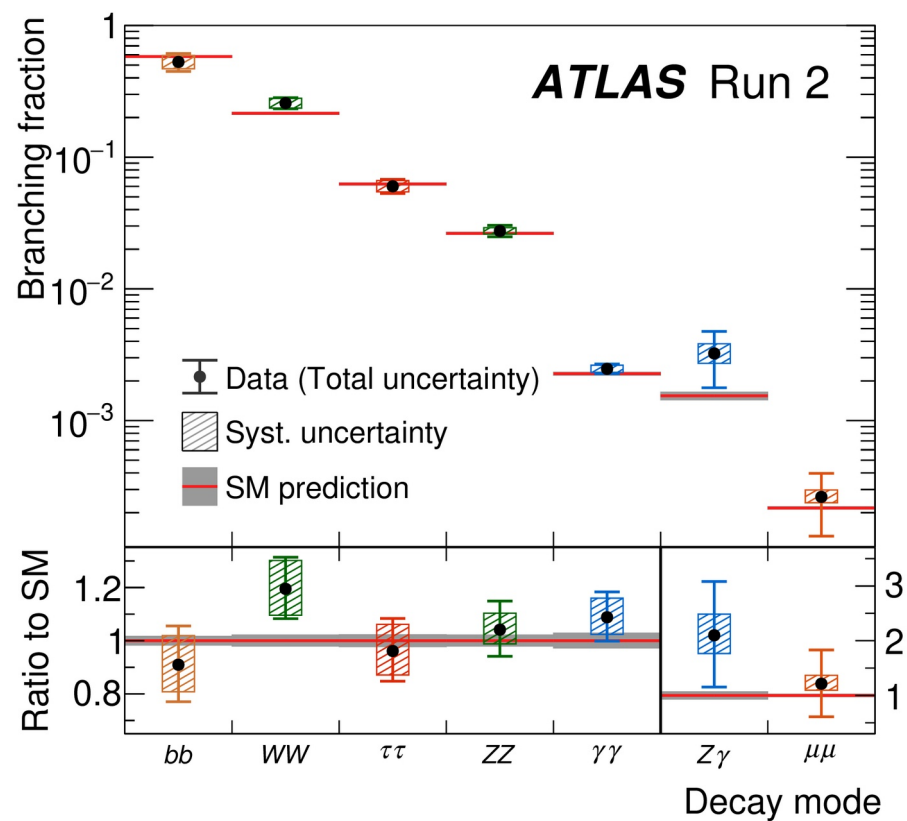
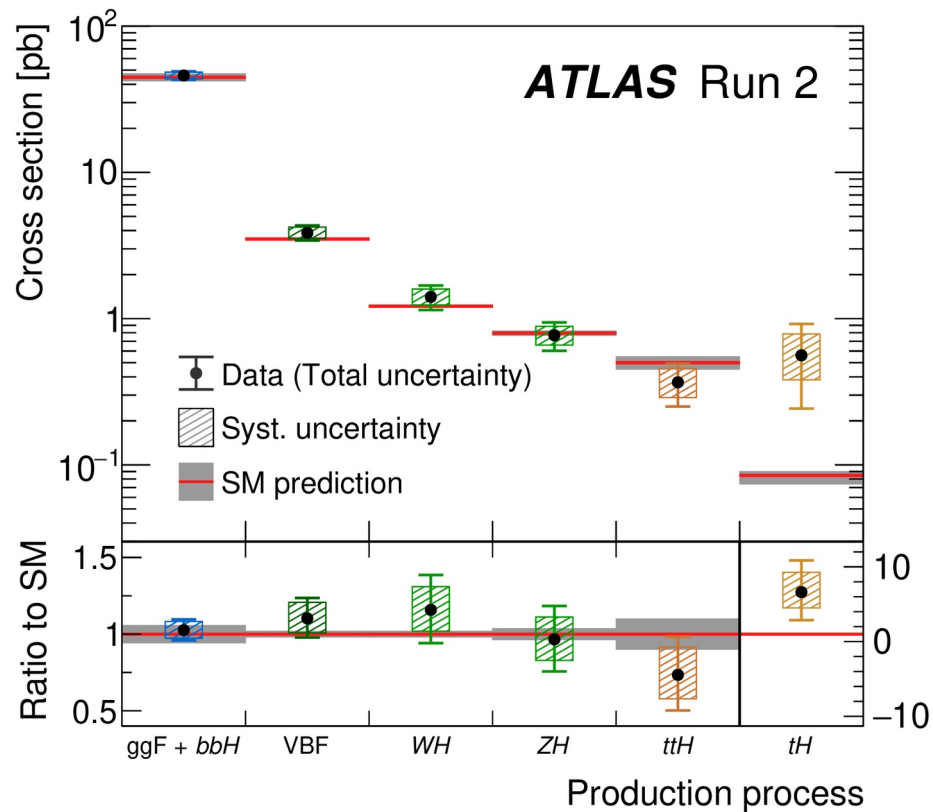
- Simple bump hunt
 - Similar to $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$
- 6 categories of flavour, kinematics and s/b
- BDT
- Yield very like $\gamma\gamma$
- 110 signal expected in central 68% of distn
 - s/b 1/8 or worse
- Significance: 2.2σ obs (1.2σ exp. SM)
 - Getting there!





Combined results

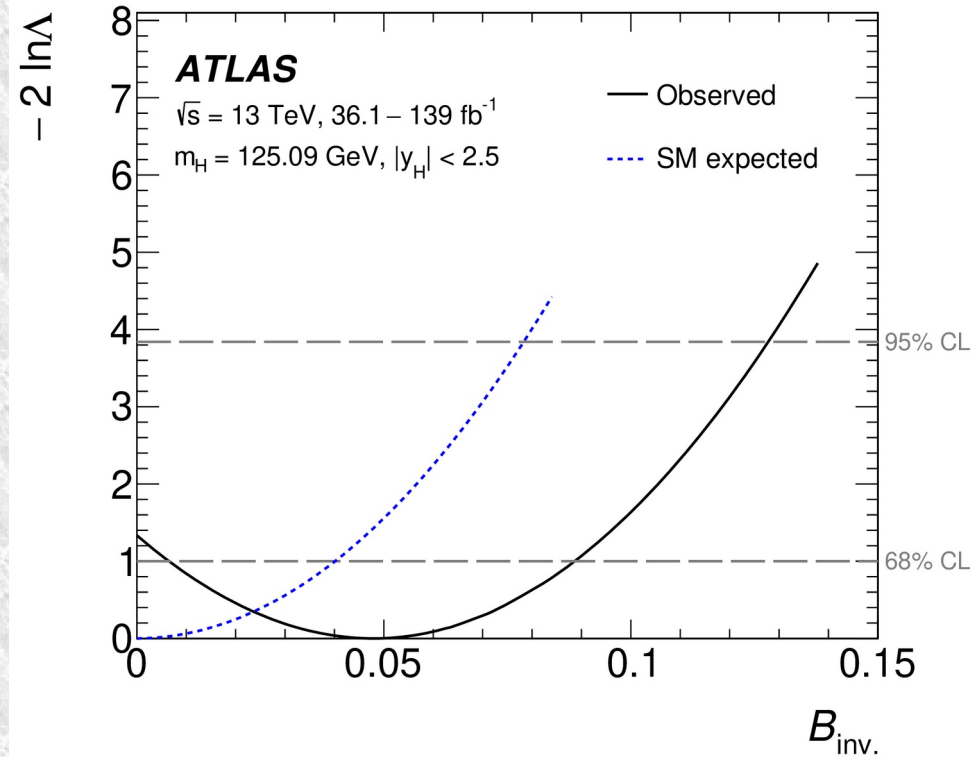
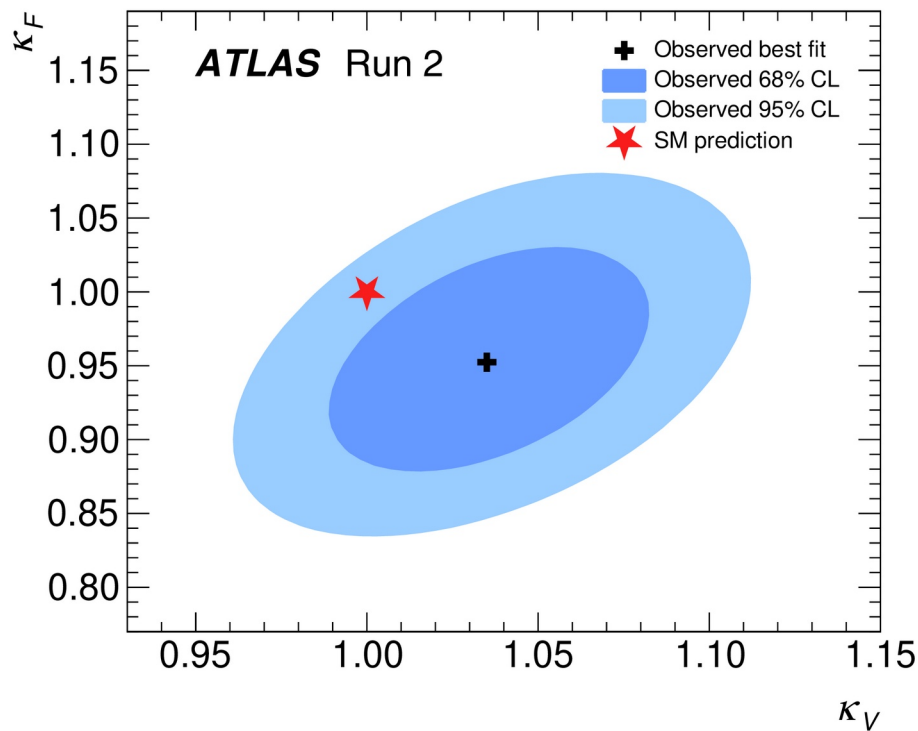
HIGG-2021-23



- Production and decay in agreement with SM
 - Order 10% precision on 'big five' decay modes



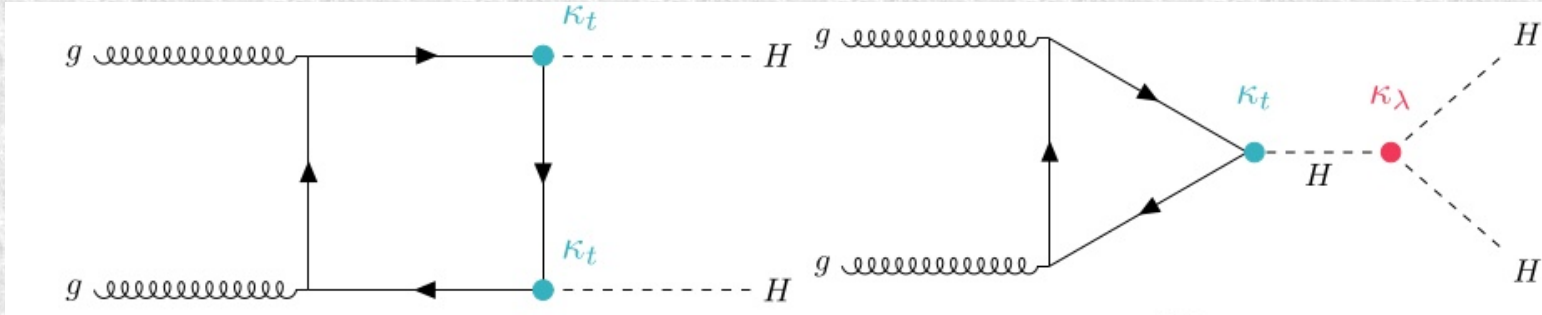
Overall: $\kappa_V - \kappa_f$ HIGG-2021-23



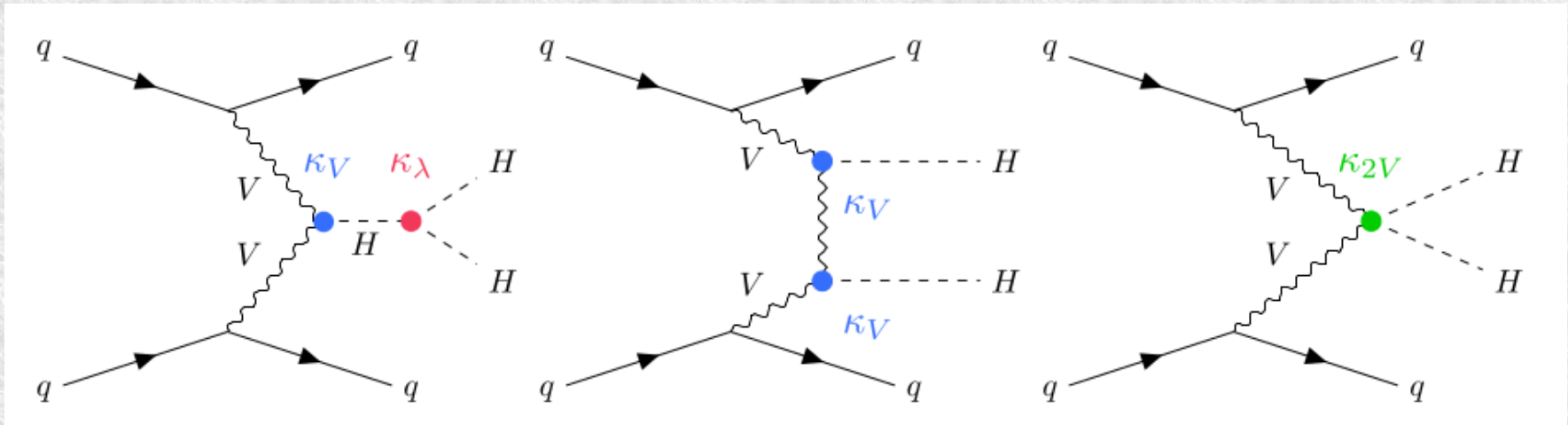
- Assuming a scaling for each of vector and fermion couplings, errors 5% in fermion, 3% boson
- $B_{\text{inv}} < 13\%$ (8% expected) [κ_V constrained ≤ 1]
 - c/f 14% (10%) from [VBF paper](#)

Di-Higgs production

● ggF



● VBF



● Interference between paths destructive for both

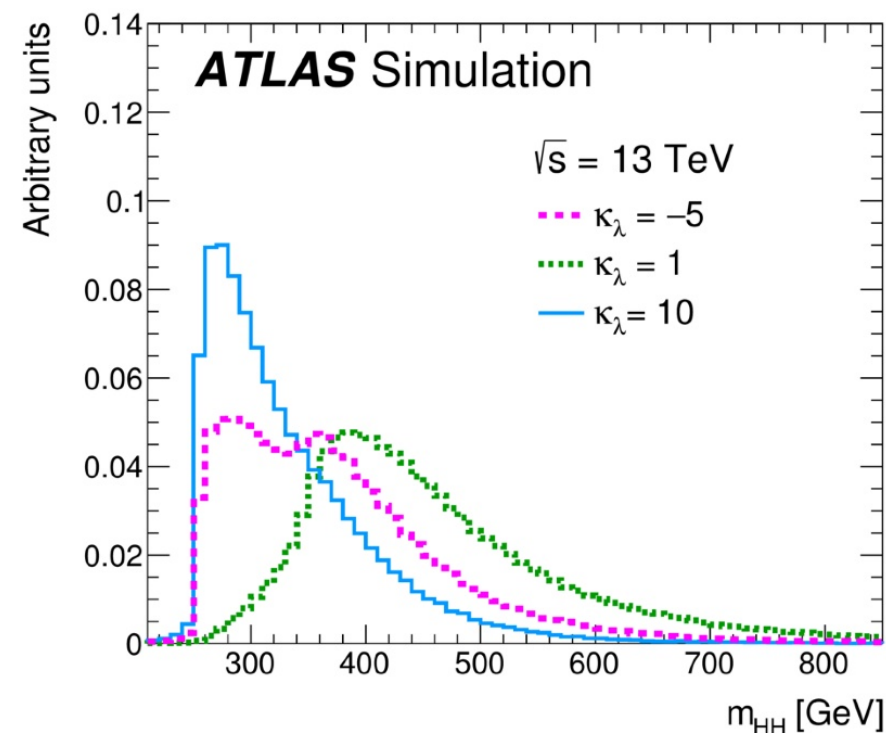
● κ_λ affects both modes,

- Interplay with κ_t in ggF, κ_V and κ_{2V} in VBF

- $m(HH)$ spectrum shifts to higher masses for large $|\kappa_\lambda|$

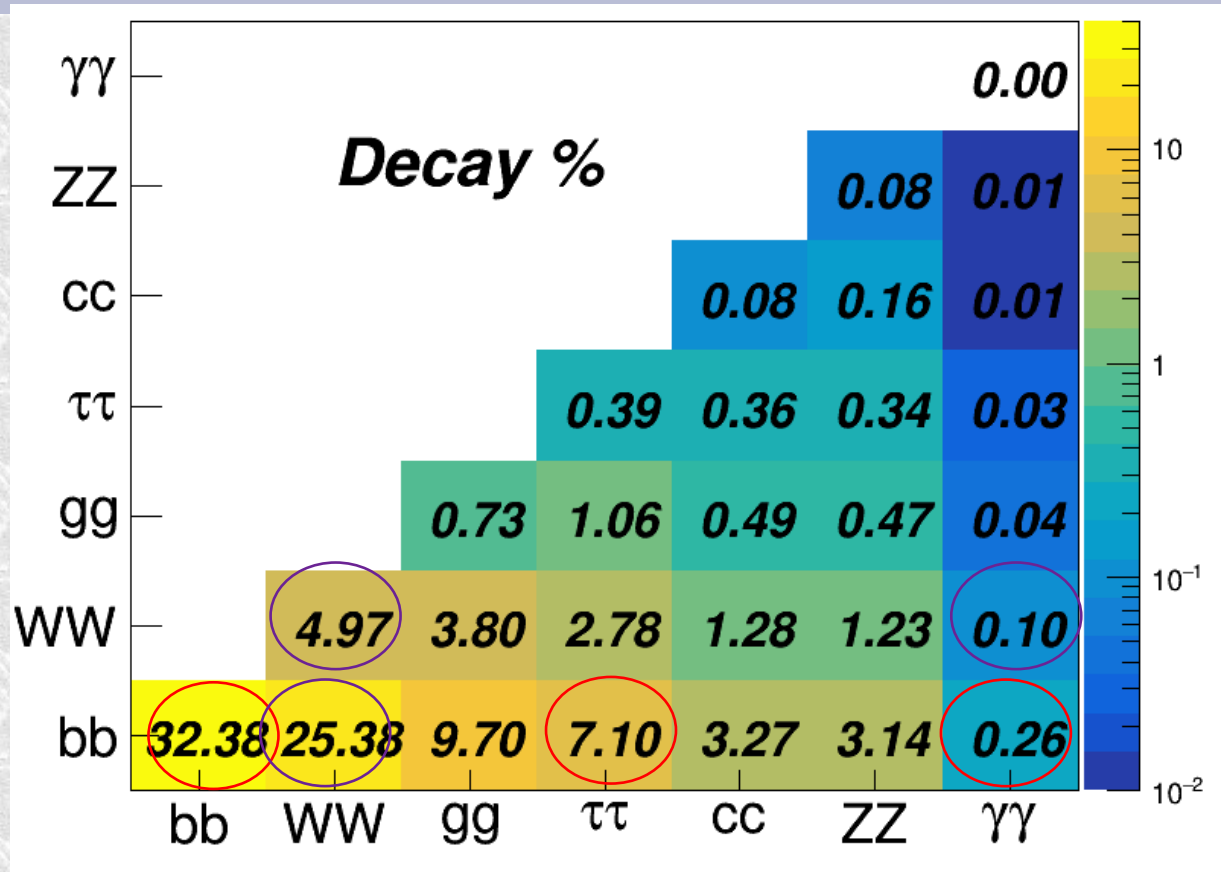
Kinematic effects of κ_λ variation

- Cross-section of HH is 32.7fb
- Low value enforced by interference between modes
 - If you set κ_λ to zero, rate increases
- The spectrum also changes
 - SM gives particularly high mass Higgs pairs.
 - Triggering easier than it might be



Di Higgs channels

- Right: Branching ratios of various decay modes
- Purple have results at 13 TeV
- Red circled channels have full run 2 data

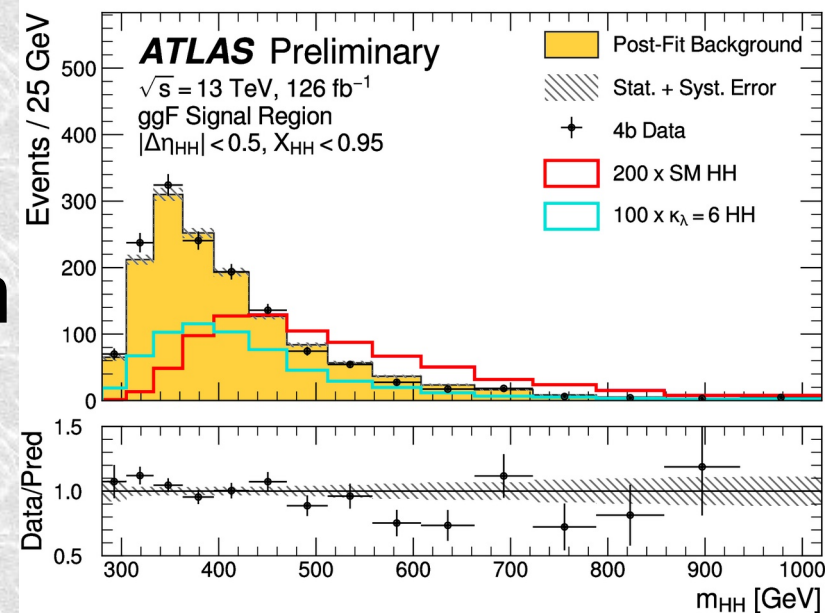
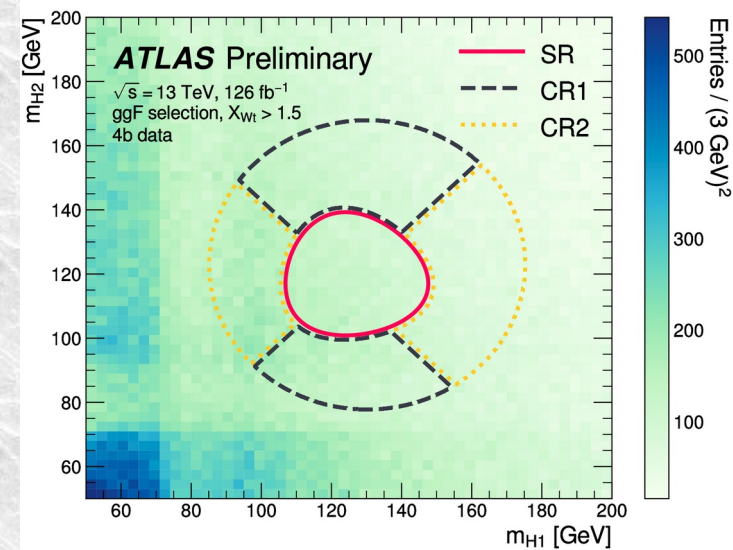


- Many weak channels are not exploited – some gain possible

HH \rightarrow bbbb

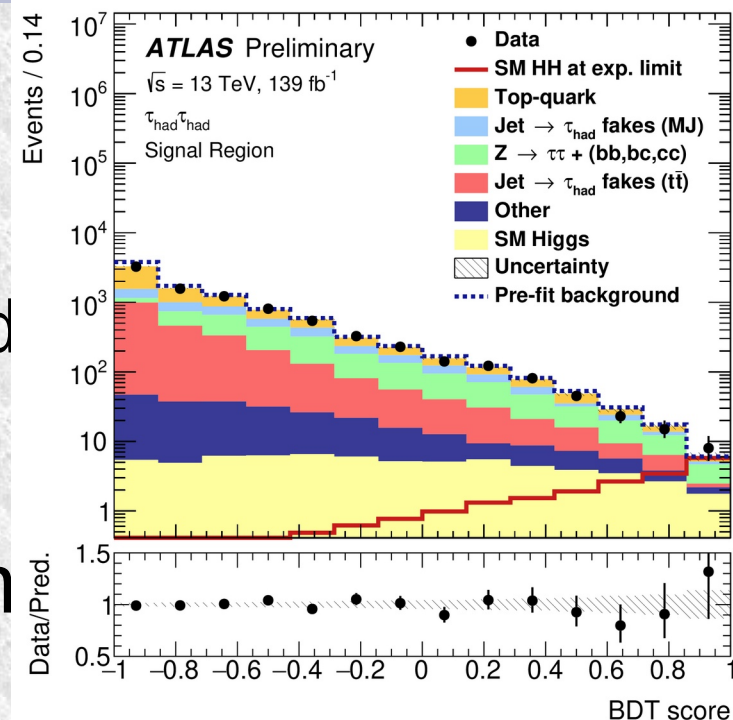
ATLAS-CONF-2022-035

- Highest branching ratio
- ggF and VBF modes used
- Resolved channels
- Trigger tricky: combine:
 - 2b2j, $p_t > 35$ GeV all
 - 2b1j, non b jet $p_t > 100-150$
 - Tightened offline
- Backgrounds (multijet) from mass sidebands
- Best ggF signal region shown
- Obs (expected) limits:
 - 5.4(8.1) x SM rates



HH \rightarrow bb $\tau\tau$ ATLAS-CONF-2021-030

- Full data result just out
- lh and hh channels analyses
 - hh, shown right, most powerful
 - Z+HF most important background
 - Controlled with ll+HF CR
- Trigger: 1 or 2 tau, with thresholds/jets year dependent
- Most sensitive ATLAS channel

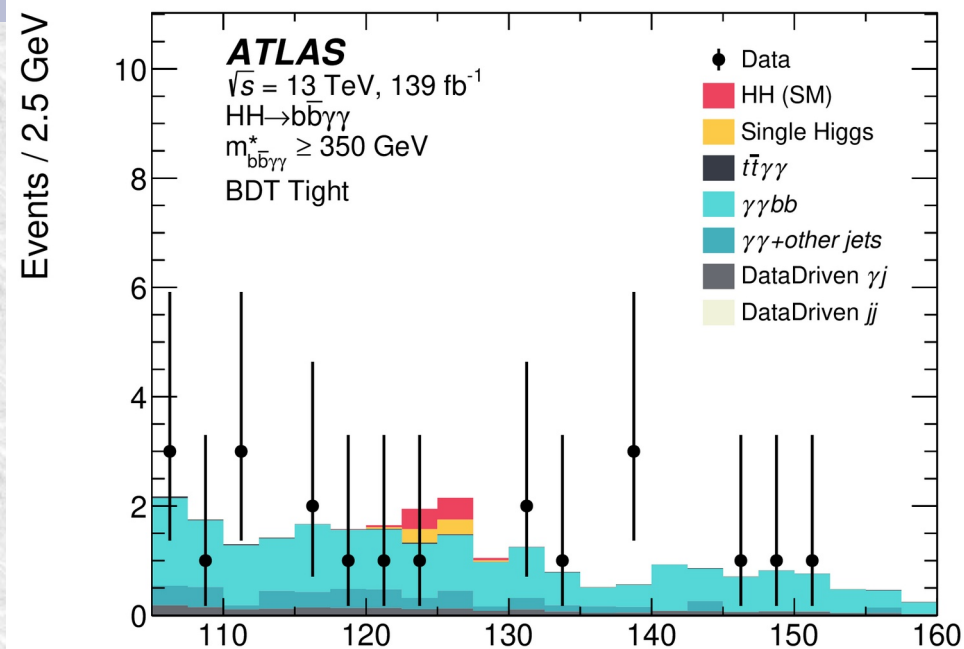


		Observed	-2σ	-1σ	Expected	$+1 \sigma$	$+2 \sigma$
$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}$ [fb]	145	70.5	94.6	131	183	245
	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}/\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}^{\text{SM}}$	4.95	2.38	3.19	4.43	6.17	8.27
$\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}$ [fb]	265	124	167	231	322	432
	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}/\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}^{\text{SM}}$	9.16	4.22	5.66	7.86	10.9	14.7
Combined	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}$ [fb]	135	61.3	82.3	114	159	213
	$\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}/\sigma_{\text{ggF+VBF}}^{\text{SM}}$	4.65	2.08	2.79	3.87	5.39	7.22

HH \rightarrow bb $\gamma\gamma$

arXiv:2112.11876

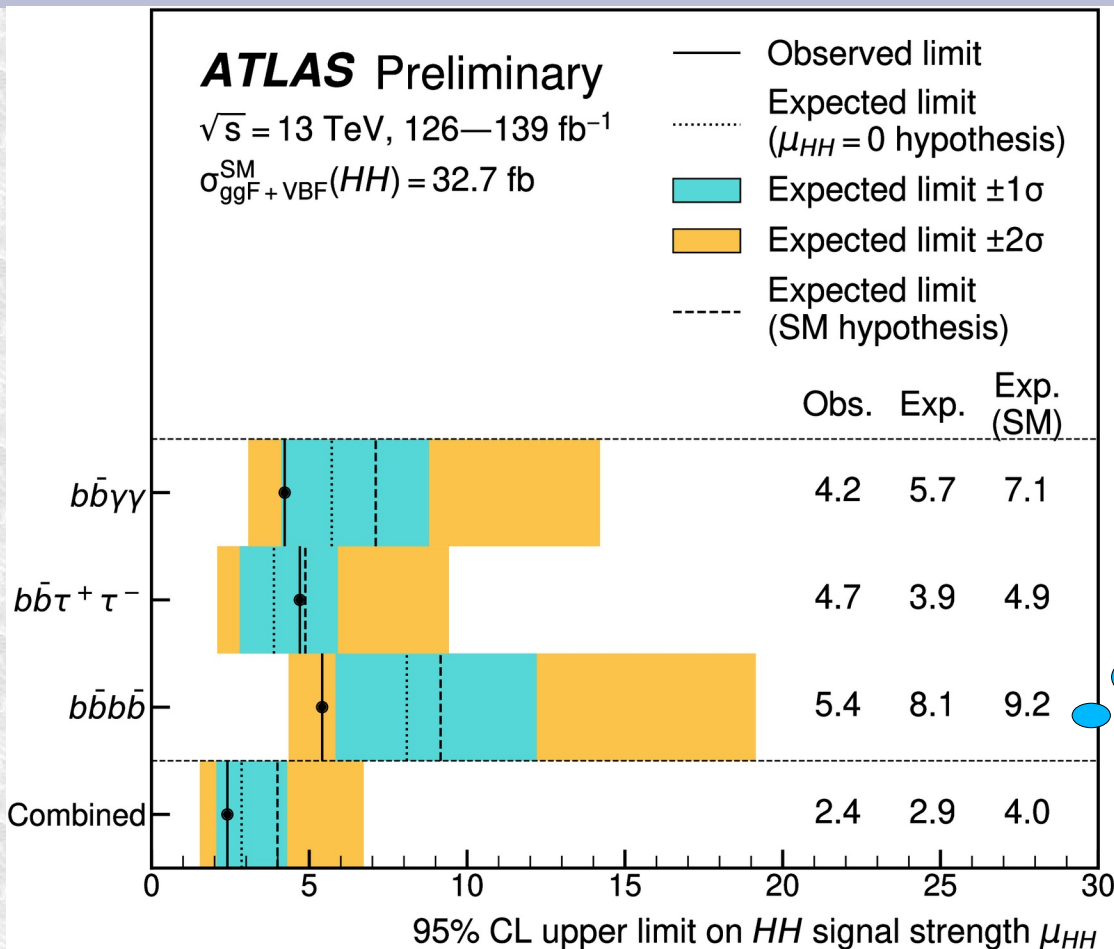
- $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ has good resolution & triggering; $H \rightarrow bb$ is high rate,
- Four slices: BDT score & HH mass
- Fit using exponential for bkd
- Single Higgs comparable to HH
- 1.4 Signal expected
- Expected UL $5.7 \times \text{SM}\sigma$
- Observed UL $4.2 \times \text{SM}\sigma$



Source	Type	Relative impact of the system Nonresonant analysis HH
Experimental		
Photon energy resolution	Norm. + Shape	0.4
Jet energy scale and resolution	Normalization	< 0.2
Flavor tagging	Normalization	< 0.2
Theoretical		
Factorization and renormalization scale	Normalization	0.3
Parton showering model	Norm. + Shape	0.6
Heavy-flavor content	Normalization	0.3
$\mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma, bb)$	Normalization	0.2
Spurious signal	Normalization	3.0

Combined sensitivity to HH

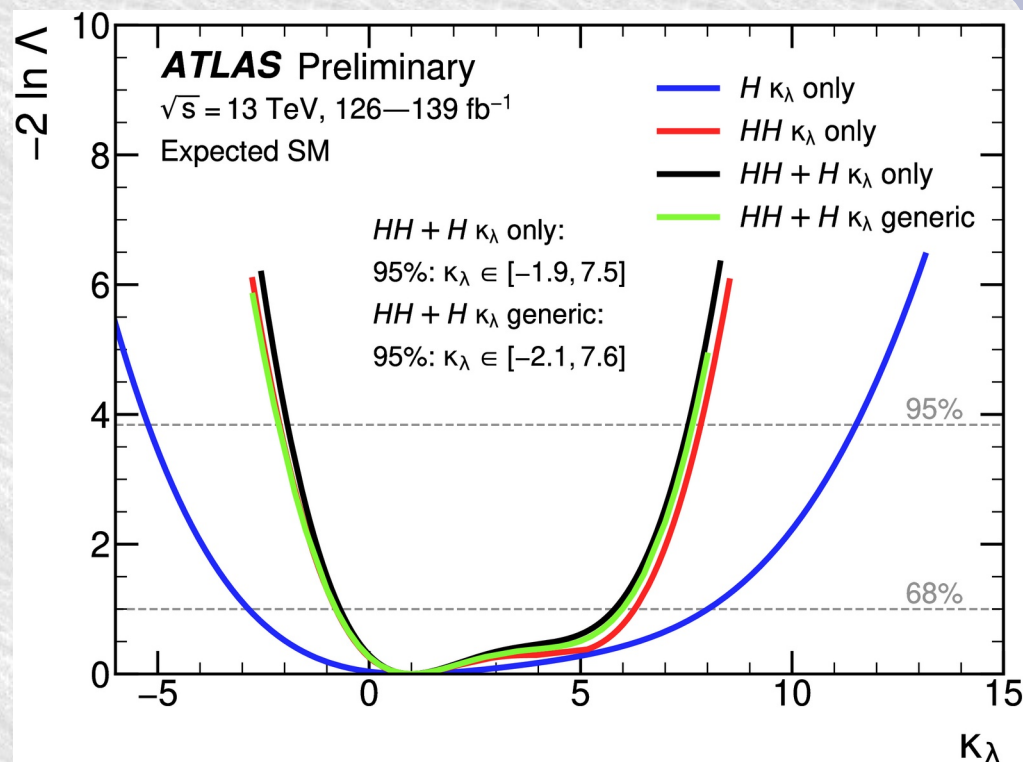
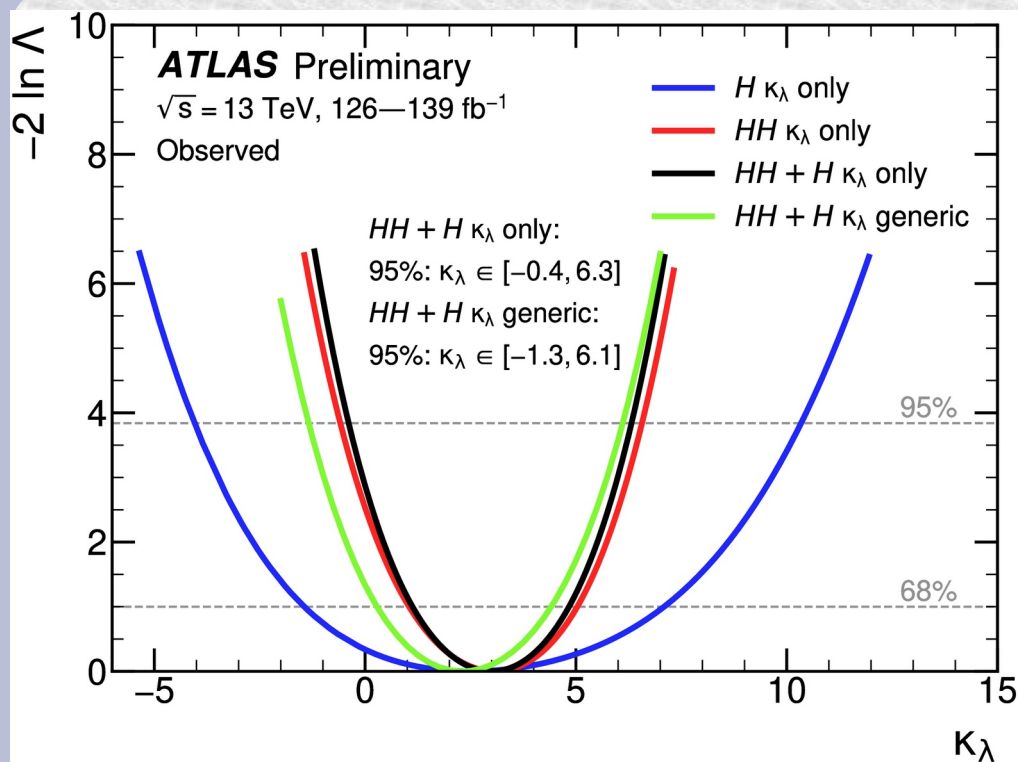
New today



bbbb seems least sensitive..but wait

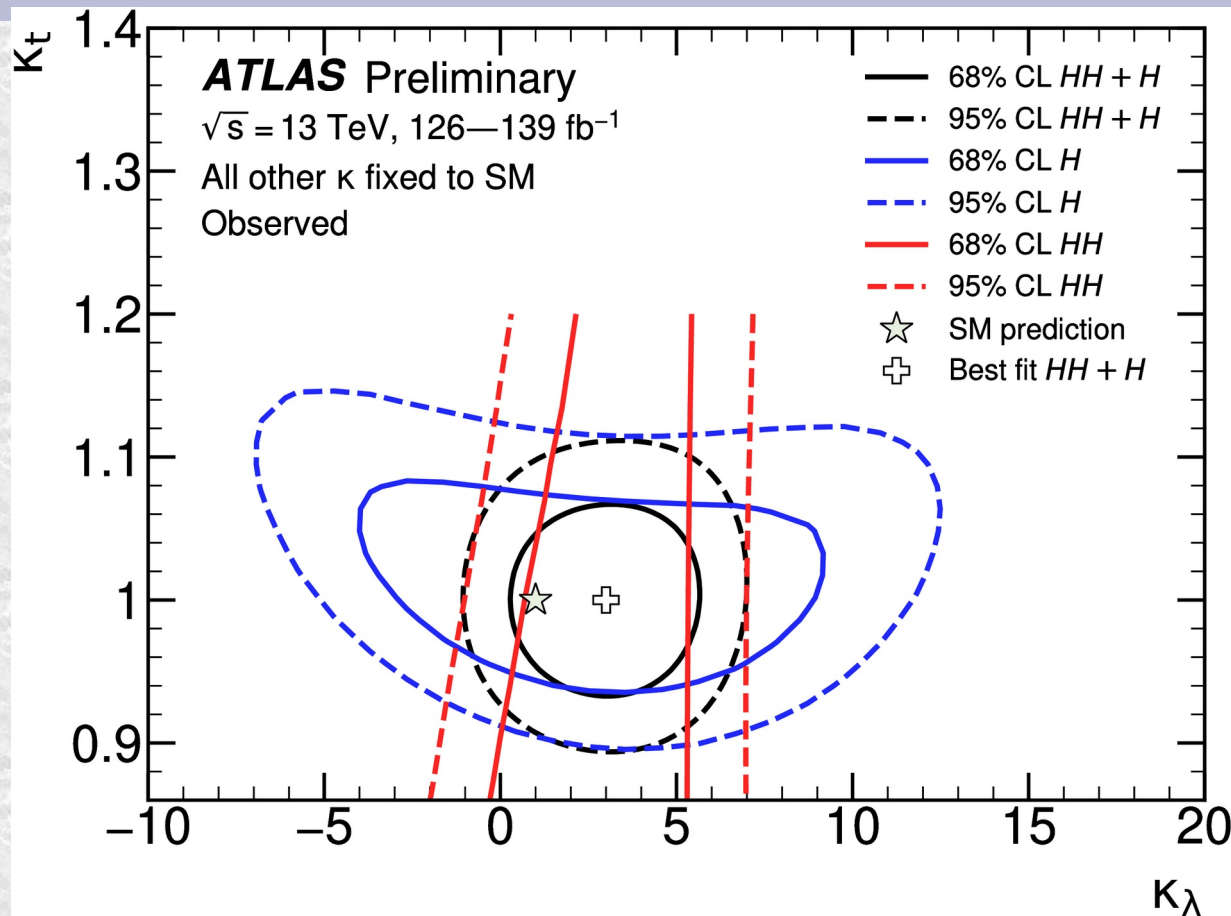
- Limit HH production at 2.4 x SM strength
- c/f 2.9 expected (no HH) or 4.0 (SM)

Restriction on self-coupling



- κ_λ restricted to $-1.3 - 6.1$ ($-2.1 - 7.6$ expected)
 - Tightest constraint on κ_λ so far (just!)
 - When only κ_λ is free
- Range expands *slightly*, if $\kappa_V, \kappa_t, \kappa_b, \kappa_\tau$ all released

Fit with κ_λ and κ_t free

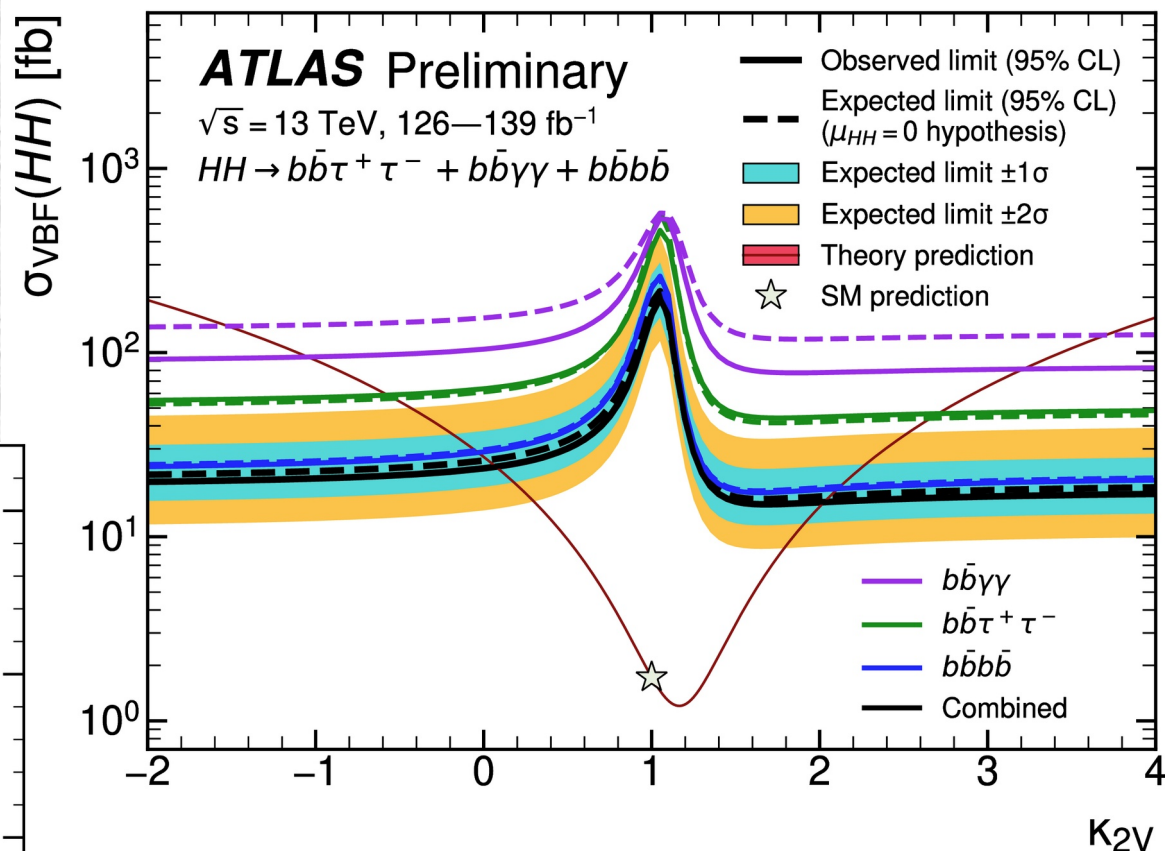
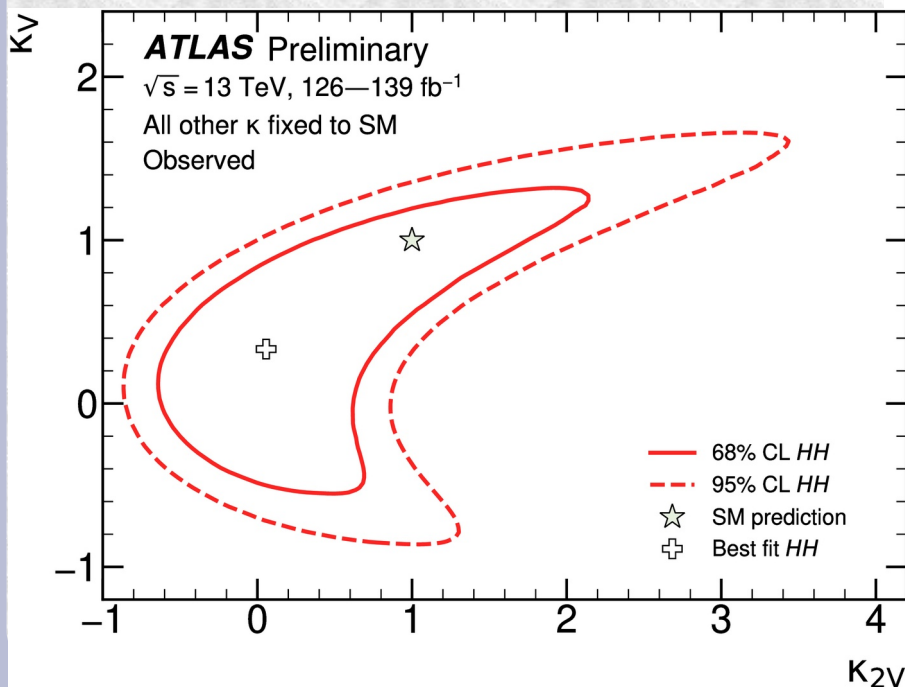


- With diHiggs alone, κ_λ bound expands for low κ_t
 - Combination with bounds from single Higgs
- DiHiggs and single higgs complementary.

Limits on κ_{2V} – VVHH coupling

Results from VBF HH production only

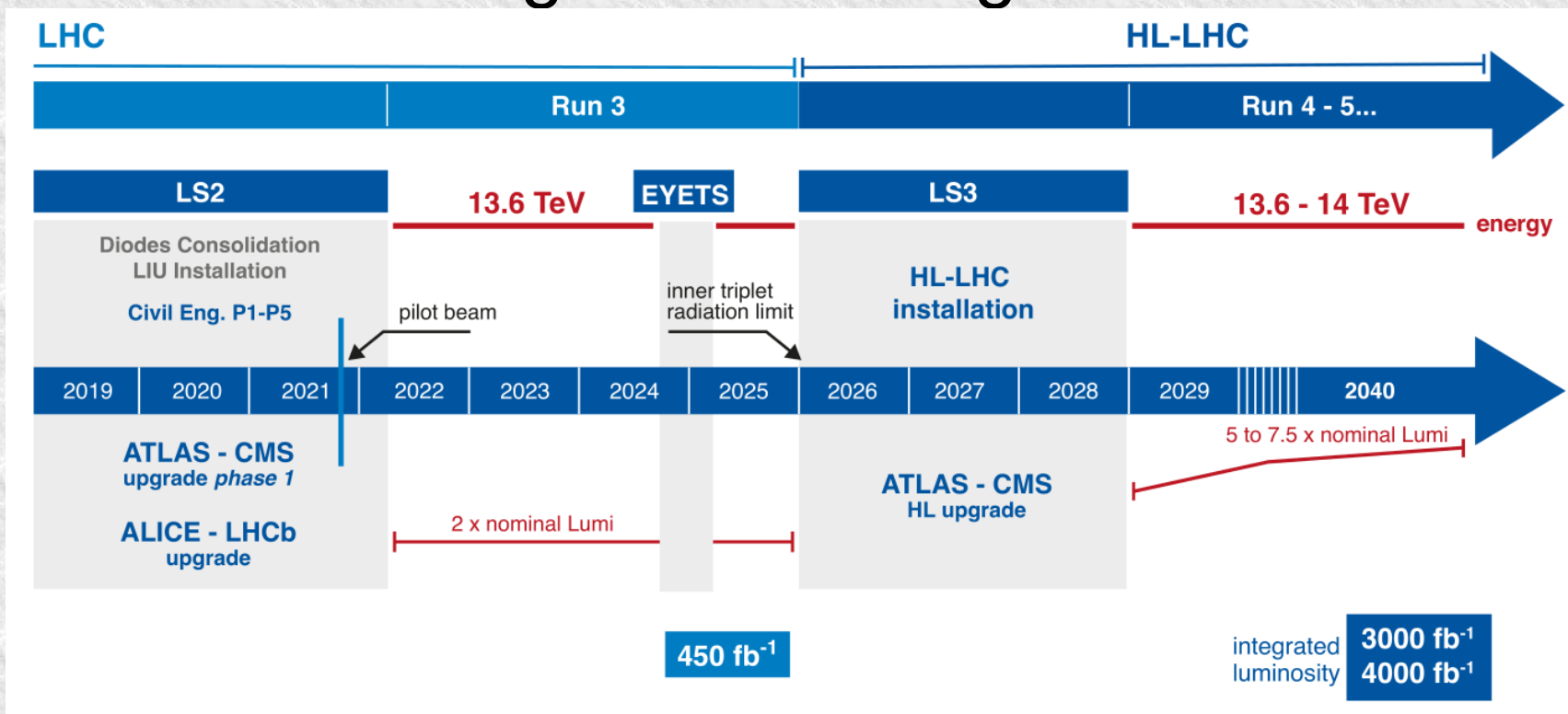
- No boosted channels
- $\kappa_{2V} = 0$ excluded
- 4 boson interactions!
- If κ_V fixed to SM
 - Single H fit wanted



• Nb. Here $b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ is the most sensitive

The future

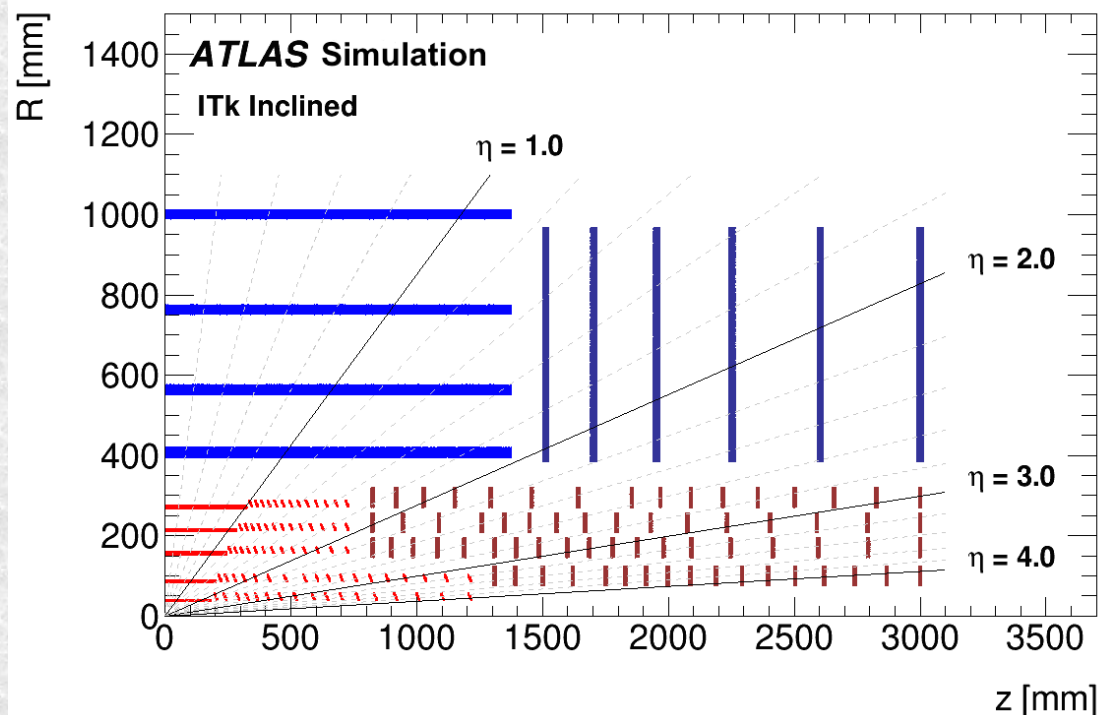
- ATLAS is using 139fb^{-1} @ 13TeV for most results
- Run 3 may bring 300fb^{-1} @ 13.6 TeV
- HL-LHC will bring an even larger increases



- As well as increasing experimental challenges

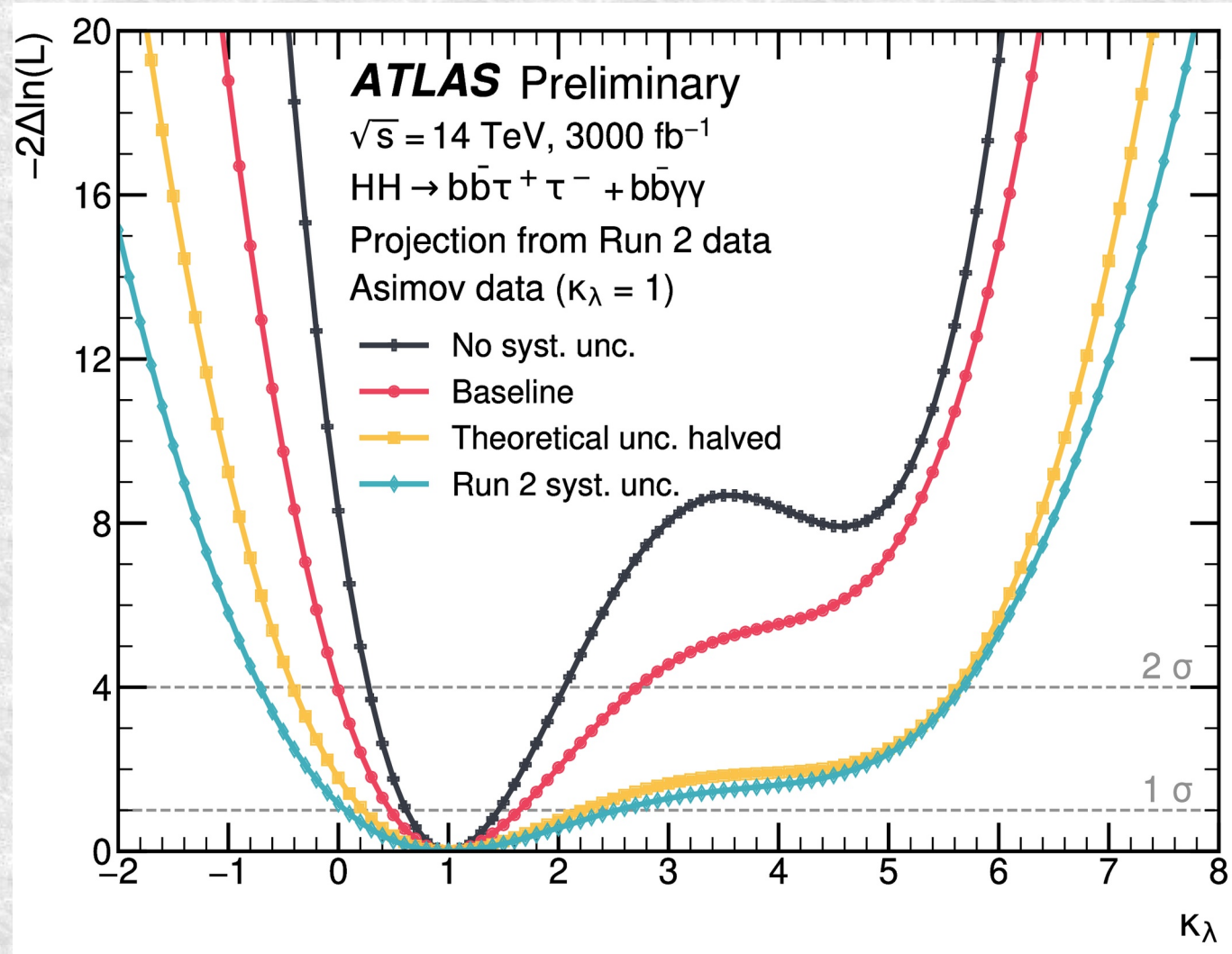
Upgrade Example: Inner tracker

- Tracker rebuild to handle radiation & tracks density
- ITk features
 - All silicon (fast) layout
 - 5 pixel, 4 strip
 - Higher granularity
 - Reduced occupancy
 - Improved radiation handling
 - Extended coverage
 - $|\eta|$ limit 2.5 \rightarrow 4
- Maintains or improves performance despite pileup
- The silicon build schedule is doable
 - But help would be very welcome



Example of HL-LHC sensitivity

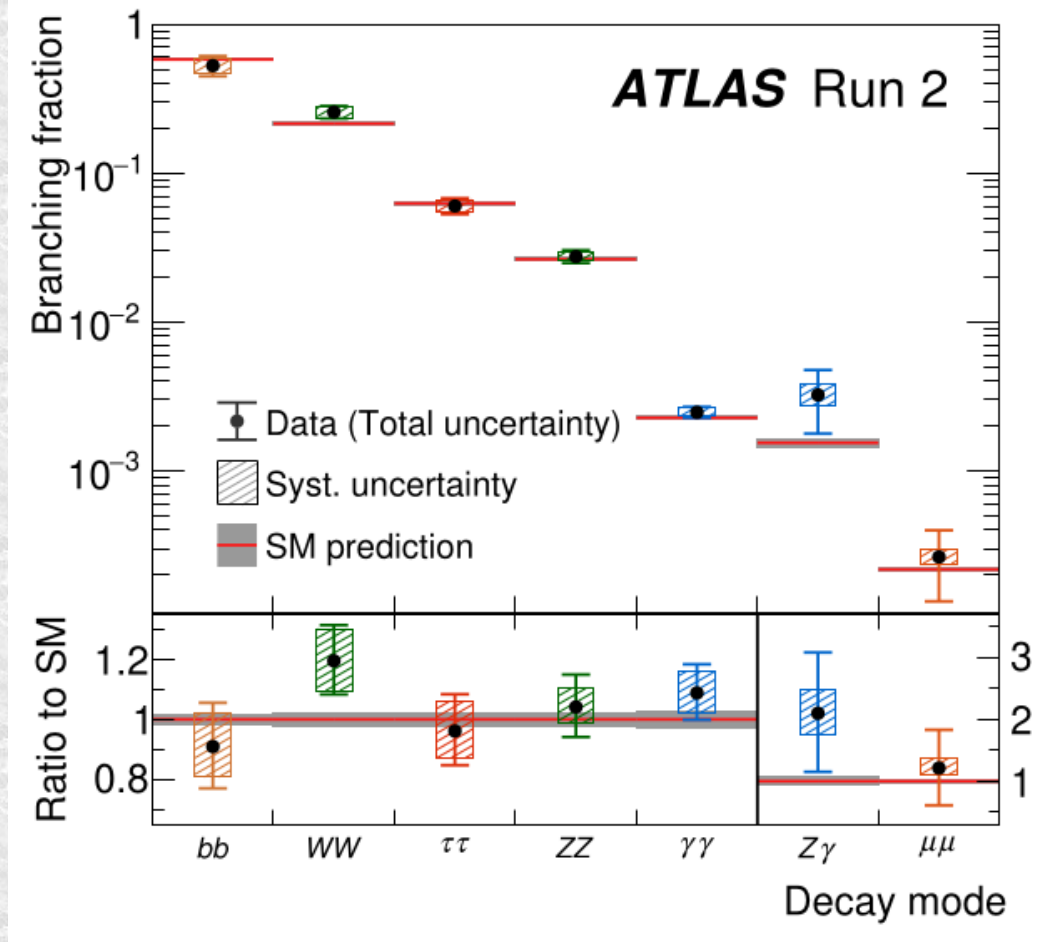
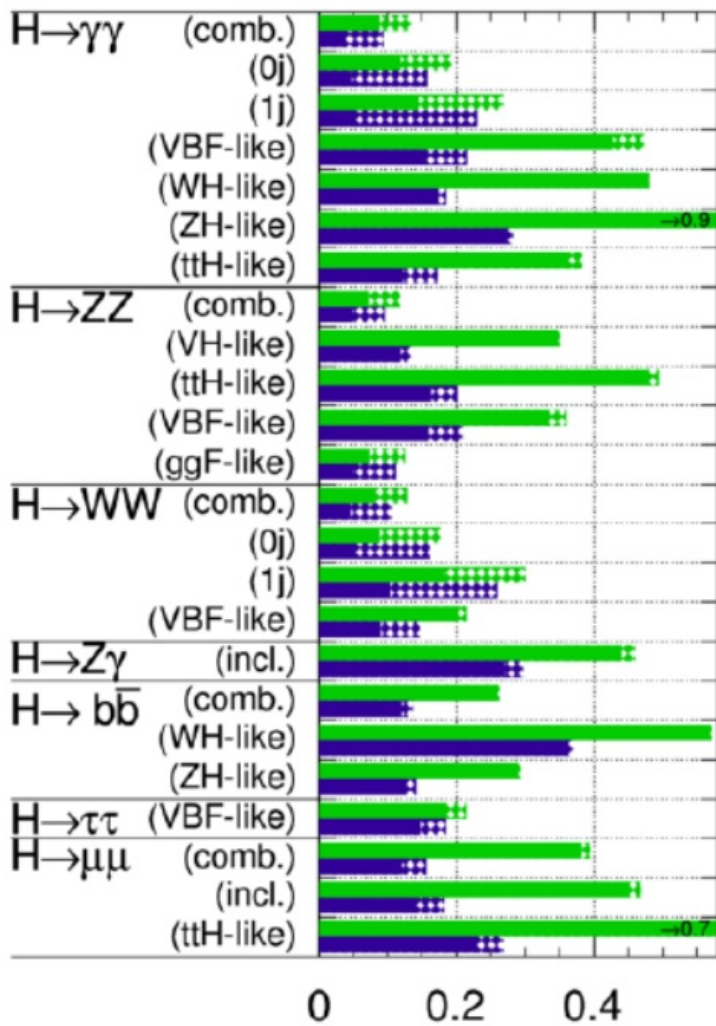
- Baseline projection red
 - 1% lumi
 - Theory errors halved
 - Expt $1/\sqrt{L}$
- $0 < \kappa_\lambda < 2.7$
 - Combining $bb\tau$ and $bby\gamma$ only
- Experiments can combine too



Expectations: confounded

ATLAS Simulation Preliminary 2013 projection

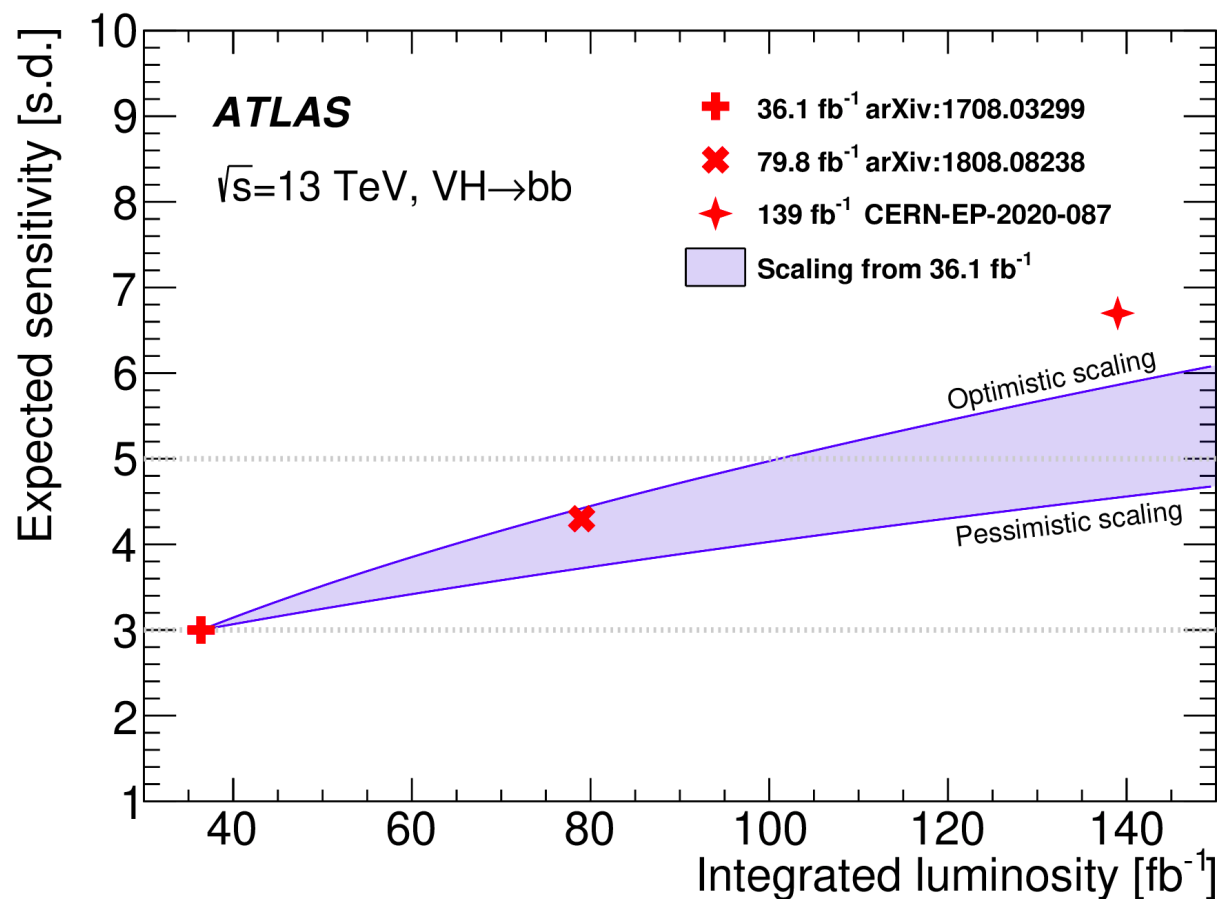
$\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$: $\int L dt = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$; $\int L dt = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



● Run 2 results are comparable to 2013 HL-LHC expectations

Detail for $H \rightarrow bb$

- ATLAS sensitivity versus time
- Expected limits shown as points
- The effect of scaling luminosity with lines
- Actual sensitivity exceeds optimistic projections
- *Could* be true for HL-LHC too
 - If we work at it



Conclusions

- Higgs physics has advanced enormously in 10 years
- But we have another factor 30 increase to go
- Hard work and good ideas will yield results:
 - better than expected
 - Not expected at all?
- We have a very exciting programme ahead
 - Run 3 may start to show us DiHiggs
- HL-LHC will test this new sector in great detail

