

Test results of MCBXFBP2c

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 Test plan:
 EDMS #2605897

 Test results:
 EDMS #2618334





Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas, Medioambientales y Tecnológicas WP3 Meeting – 23 June 2022

https://indico.cern.ch/event/1160170/

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1. About BP2c

 BP2c: First INNER dipole coils produced at Elytt. ICBS06 & ICBS05. Featuring the new design introduced B01 [1]

Same outer dipole as BP2, OC4 & OC3

MCBXFB01, MCBXFBP2c & MCBXFAP1: 118mm shorter ID coils to match ID pole window length with OD's (828 vs 946 mm).

□ End spacers with longer legs to increase the rigidity at coil extremities.

- Other magnet components:
 - New end spacers with longer legs produced: Assembled in OCBS03 & ICBS01. To be assembled in ICBS02.





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[1] MCBXF Production Status; C. Martins, F. Toral (CIEMAT), J. C. Pérez, E. Todesco (CERN), MCBXF meeting – 10th February 2021 https://indico.cern.ch/event/1005367/contributions/4221559/attachments/2187489/3696346/20210210_MCBXF_status.pdf

in

2. Current leads again

CD #1 was stopped, and the magnet taken out of the cryostat

Baseline configuration

- Current leads routed by pairs of polarity
- Held with Velcro between them and to the rods
- Guided vertically by means of an ad-hoc stability plate
- Spliced to 13 kA NbTi Rutherford extensions
- The vTap wiring must be keep away from the power cables as much as possible.







3. Test plan at a glance

- 1. Training performance in individual and combined powering. Before and after TC.
- 2. Assess the quench free working area in the four quadrants for a given integrated field. <u>Before</u> and <u>after</u> TC.
- 3. <u>Rest of acceptance</u> tests (splice and inductance measurements, ramp rate dependency, endurance, holding current and RRR)
- 4. To perform magnetic measurements. <u>MM presentation</u>



4. Cold powering tests



Training in the 4 quadrants to compare with previous magnets. CD#2. Virgin inner dipole magnet

- Nominal ramp rate (5.5/4.5 A/s)
- No quenches in standalone powering up to ultimate current
- 3 training quenches to +nominal/+nominal in combined powering. (MCBXBP2a took 32 quenches, B01 took 3 quenches)
- No quenches to -nominal/-nominal (-1755A/-1535A) (Same as B01)
- (!) No quenches to -nominal/+nominal (-1755A/1535A) in combined powering (1 quench in B01)
- 1 quench at -1749A/1433 A (same amount and same current level as B01). Then reached +nominal/-nominal
- 1 quench at 1588A/1302 A. Then reached +nominal/+nominal







Quench free working area in the four quadrants for a given integrated field. CD #2



- Max ramp rate (5 A/s)
- No quenches in 2 / 2.5 Tm cycle
- 2 quenches to in the inner dipole at almost ultimate current in the 2.14/2.64Tm
- After the quench the ramp was restarted and successfully performed





- 7 Quenches in the whole test campaign. No more quenches during RR and magnetic measurements in CD #2. No quenches in CD #3
- All quenches showed mechanical precursor
- Showing absolute value of the current
- Quench antenna connected in the 5 first quenches
 - CS: 4/5
 - NCS: 1/5
- Quench signatures and location in extra slides







Ramp rate dependency at 15 A/s

01.06.2022 CD #2

- 4 quadrants up to nominal current
- No quench



Timestamp (LOCAL time)

- RPBAD.SM18.RCH2.D:I_MEAS - RPBAD.SM18.RCH1.D:I_MEAS



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Quench free working area in the four quadrants for a given integrated field. CD #3



- Max ramp rate (5 A/s)
- No quenches





Training in the 4 quadrants to compare with previous magnets. CD#3

- Nominal ramp rate (5.5/4.5 A/s)
- Standalone and 4 quadrants up to nominal
- No quenches in the whole CD #3, B01 had two and three retraining quenches after each one of the two thermal cycles



Timestamp (LOCAL time)



Splice measurements





Other tests and data



Holding current test



06:3007:0007:3008:0008:3009:0009:3010:0010:3011:0011:3012:0012:3013:0013:3014:0014:3015:0015:3016:0016:3017:0017:3018:0018...

Timestamp (LOCAL time)





Holding current test

10.06.2022 CD #3 No quench



06:30 07:00 07:30 08:00 08:30 09:00 09:30 10:00 10:30 11:00 11:30 12:00 12:30 13:00 13:30 14:00 14:30 15:00 15:30 16:00 16:30 17:00 17...

Timestamp (LOCAL time)





13.06.2022

Inner: +1400 A

Outer: +1430 A

RR: 5 A/s (target was 15 A/s, impossible to ramp faster)

21 cycles , no quench



Timestamp (LOCAL time)





15.06.2022

71 cycles, no quench

Inner: +1400 A

Outer: +1430 A

RR: 10 A/s (target was 15 A/s, impossible to ramp faster)







8 cycles, no quench Inner: +1400 A Outer: +1430 A RR: 10 A/s 100 cycles, no quench Inner: +1400 A Outer: +1430 A

16.06.2022

RR: 10 A/s







- IPSAD SMILLIOG DILMEAS - IPEAD SMILLIOH DILMEAS









A word on the effort and lessons learned from the endurance test

- At the beginning of the test phase we experienced a limitation in terms of powering that did not allow to perform the cycling as expected
- It was a combined and good effort from 4 different sections (MTA, EPC, MPE and TM) to get it going
 - Achieved a intermediary setup to ramp at 10 A/s and a automatized cycle of 1.5 h. Managed to do 232 cycles
 - On Friday, after we were told to warmup before the weekend, we allowed ourselves to perform the last tests in order to achieve 15 A/s, which were successful.
 - Power converters tuned to work at those fast ramp rates while inputting a table of points
 - PotAim quench detection adapted to slight overshoots of the total voltage
 - uQDS quench detection also tuned the inductive compensated signal treatment to avoid unintentional triggers. There is only 1 test with uQDS to be done, while powering the OD but which should work as it worked for the detection in the ID.
- We are still working to have this kind of test done outside of working hours. An ad-hoc risk analysis is the next step.





Electrical insulation test

	Circuit	V [V]	Time [s]	Resistance [GΩ]
@Cryostat Cluster D 1.9 K, He Before test (CD 1)	Inner – GND	1000	120	13.3
	Outer – GND	1000	120	25.5
@Stand 300 K, Air Before test	Inner – GND	2000	120	491
	Outer – GND	200	120	>100
@Cryostat Cluster D 1.9 K, He CD3 After test	Inner – GND	1000	120	65
	Outer – GND	1000	120	27.3

MIT515, device specs

- Voltage: 5 kV (+4%, -0%, ±10 V nominal test voltage at 1 GΩ load (0°C to 30°C)
- Current: ±5% ±0.2 nA at all voltages (20 °C)
 [1].

[1] MIT515; 5 kV d.c. Insulation Resistance Testers; https://us.megger.com/5-kv-insulation-resistance-tester-mit525#technical

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- Ramp rate: 5 A/s
- Standalone powering

• $L = \frac{V}{dI/dt}$

File: inductance_outer

IL-LHC PROJEC

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1750 Current [A] 1500 1250 1000 750 - I Outer T0 500 250 0 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 9 11 Time [s] 65 Magnet Inductance [mH] 62.5 60 L OC4 Smoothed 6p 57.5 L OC3 Smoothed 6p 55 250 1500 500 750 1250 0 1000 Current [A] 22/06/2022 TE-MSC-TM CERN emot

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Inductance





5. Conclusions

- Good quench performance:
 - 3 training quenches from virgin to +/+ nominal. Then two re-training quenches and the last two ultimate current
 - No quenches in the nominal integrated field area (max accepted 1)
 - Reached the ultimate integrated field requirement with only two quenches in CD #2 and none in CD#3
 - No quenches at 15 A/s
 - No quenches in the endurance test of 231 cycles
- Perfect memory after TC
- Splices well below the requirement of 5 n Ω (1 and 1.4 n Ω)





6. Extra slides



l inner = 1519 A l outer = 1245 A

> 2 CS 0 -7 >2 Mid www.www.www.www.www.www.www.www. 0 -2 > 2 NCS moundanthannon 0 -2 > 0.08 — Diff_tot_IC 0.04 0 -0.02 -0.015 -0.01 -0.035 -0.03 -0.025 Name: HCMCBXFB100-E9000013__G202205311325_ta016(0) Time [s]

I inner = 1712 A I outer = 1400 A







I inner = 1747 A I outer = 1431 A



l inner = -1749 A l outer = 1433 A







l inner = 1588 A l outer = 1302 A



l inner = 1845 A l outer = 1195 A













Protection scheme



HCMCBXFB011-E9000001 V1.1 EDMS : 2604495

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