

Efficient Energy Management for Particle Accelerators

virtual ARIES Review Meeting, July 15 / 2022 Mike Seidel for WP4, EPFL/PSI PSI, CERN, CEA/Saclay, Univ.Uppsala, GSI, ESS

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Context – Climate Change and Energy Problem

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As a science community we should aim at developing solutions and not to be a part of the problem with our research infrastructures.

- increasing energy efficiency
- energy management, adapt to use future fluctuating energy supply

ARIES WP4 addresses 5 topics with networking and individual R&D projects:

- 1) Networking (Sustainable Research Infrastructures Workshop, PSI '19)
- 2) efficient klystron (RF source as part of accelerator power conversion)
- 3) efficient moderator of a neutron source (conversion to neutron flux)
- 4) high Q superconducting cavities (low losses @2K)
- 5) pulsed magnets (low power beam transport)





high level goal:

Science output per grid power, per operating/investment cost.

Task2: Efficient Klystron Deliverable

core team: P. Hamel, S. Arsenyev, C. Marchand, J. Plouin, CEA Paris-Saclay



Outcome of study:

- optimized design for 12GHz klystron \rightarrow could be part of a compact light source
- interaction line for optimized bunching, double gap output cavity for maximized power coupling
- design respects surface field limit of 100MV/m
- efficiency: 65.5% with realistic simulations and boundary conditions

Task 3: Efficient Neutron Production, Lead PSI + ESS





moderator vessel



- 20 l of liquid D₂
- T = 25 K, P = 1.5 bars
- Heat load ≈1 kW

goal: study cold moderation in D_2 & geometry, to improve the rate of neutrons scattered into neutron guide

- neutron transport simulations
- fluid dynamics of D₂ under power deposition by p-beam

concept: re-entrant hole, emptied during operation, to maximize neutron flux

Efficient Moderator

core team: S.Jollet, Y. Charles (fluid dynamics), R.M. Bergmann, D.Kiselev, M.Wohlmuther (neutronics)



neutron yield w/o re-entrant cavity in moderator predicted gain: 1.25 to 1.31 at medium wavelength



figure: pairs of top and side view

left: current geometry (re-entrant hole in red) center: result of parametric scan optimization right: geometry by "genetic optimization"



Outcome of study:

- understanding of fluid dynamics and neutron yield of present geometry
- proposal of improved geometry

Task 4: High Efficiency SRF Beam acceleration lead: CERN, A. Ivanov, F. Gerigk, S. Papadopoulos, S. Ramberger, A. Macpherson



- reduce external magnetic field by shielding to avoid trapping of flux
- study the mechanism of flux trapping with the aim to avoid it

Outcome of study:

- design & verification of magnetic shielding for a test setup
- developed instrument "flux lens" for quick and reproducible measurements of the flux expulsion efficiency of Niobium sheet material

Simulation of flux expulsion on multicell bulk Nb cavity



Experimental set-up to measure flux expulsion during cool-down.







- low average power; high field; compact; energy recovery in capacitive storage
- complexity added by pulsing circuit; field precision potentially challenging

	Prototype Quadrupole
Gradient	80 T/m
Length	0.65 m
Pulse length	90 ms (beam 1 ms)
Peak current	400 kA
Peak voltage	17 kV
Energy @17 kV	65 kJ
Inductivity	535 nH
Capacitor	450 mF
Forces	200 kN



Engineering model of the prototype quadrupole magnet incl. support



Pulsed Magnets for beam Transfer Channels in lead: GSI, S. Heberer, P. Gehrke, P.Spiller et al

Assembly of HV-Diode, damping resistor, main switch and trigger unit, safety discharge circuit





Outcome of study:

- simulation and optimization of pulse forming network to minimize ohmic losses and maximize energy recovery for next pulse
- 28% energy recovery achieved, energy efficiency improved by 80%
- prototype circuit build and tested



Summary Efficient Energy Management for Particle Accelerators



Task 4.1: General [M.Seidel, PSI/EPFL]

Workshop on sustainable research infrastructures November 2019 at PSI; very broad program, good visibility

Task 4.2: Efficient RF Generation [C.Marchand, CEA Saclay]

Design of a 12 GHz high efficiency kladistron, ARIES co-financed postdoc; 65% efficiency obtained

Task 4.3: Efficient Neutron Production [M.Wohlmuther, S.Jollet, PSI]

Monte Carlo simulations on an efficient neutron source - target and moderator geometry; **new type of 2phase simulations established with concept proposals for SINQ, 25% gain feasible**

Task 4.4: High Efficiency SRF Beam acceleration [F.Gerigk, CERN]

experimental and theoretical work on flux trapping and magnetic shielding; ARIES co-financed Post-Doc; **understanding of magnetic shielding & Nb sample test device**

Task 4.5: Pulsed Magnets with Energy Recovery [P.Spiller, GSI]

a prototype pulsed power supply has been set up; with circuit recovering 28% of energy from pulse to pulse

 \rightarrow 5 milestones (topical workshops) were achieved and 4 deliverables (reports of tasks 2-5) produced.



Spare Slides

Task 1 (Networking): Workshop on Sustainable Infrastructures Paul Scherrer Institut, November 28-29, 2019





https://indico.psi.ch/event/6754/

88 registered particpants



Overview CERIV/ERF/E Workshop Agenda L. Booklet Timetable Contribution List Registration Participant List Accommodation Workshop Dinner PSI Facility Tour Visa How to get to PSI

Scarcity of resources, along with rising energy costs and climate change are ever growing concerns that need to be considered for the next generation of large-scale research infrastructures. Indeed, the much increased performance of proposed new facilities often comes together with anticipated increased power consumption. Mid- and long-term strategies have to be devised for sustainable developments at research infrastructures, including the aim for reliable, affordable and carbon-neutral energy supplies.

This workshop will bring together international sustainability experts, stakeholders and representatives from research facilities and future research infrastructure projects all over the wold in order to identify the challenges, best practices and policies to develop and implement sustainable solutions at research infrastructures. This includes the increase of energy efficiencies, energy system optimizations, storage and savings, implementation and management issues as well as the review of challenges represented by potential future technological solutions and the tools for effective collaboration.

The Paul Scherrer Institut, in collaboration with CERN (The European Organization for Nuclear Research), ERF (The European Association of National Research Facilities), ESS (The European Spallation Source), and ARIES (The Accelerator Research and Innovation for European Science and Society), will host on 28-29 November 2019, the fifth Workshop on Energy for Sustainable Science at Research Infrastructures Facilities.

This workshop is the fifth event in the series "Energy for Sustainable Science at Research Infrastructures" that is organized by ERF, CERN and ESS holding biennial workshops at various places. The first workshop was held at ESS, Sweden on 13-14 October 2011, the second workshop at CERN, Switzerland on 23-25 October 2013, the third workshop at DESY, Germany on 29-30 October 2015, and the fourth one at EL-NP, Romania on 23-24 November 2017, PSI will host the fifth workshop in this series in cooperation with ARIES.

Organizing Committee Carlo Bocchetta, ESS Frederick Bordry, CERN Florian Gliksohn, ERF Joachim Grillenberger, PSI Frank Lehner, DESY Thomas Schmidt, PSI Carlo Rizzuto, ELI Mike Seidel, chair, PSI







2-5 September 2019 Auditorium Europe/Zurich timezone

Overview

Proceedings

Timetable **Contribution List** Registration Participant List WLAN at PSI Committees

Key Dates

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PSI Area Plan

Direction to PSI Accommodation



Thank you !

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Since its discovery by James Chadwick in 1932, both fundamental and applied science made an extensive use of the neutron as a probe for physical phenomena, material properties, and imaging. Up to the 1970s, reactor-based neutron sources had been designed to reach high neutron fluxes for research, followed by the development of powerful spallation sources. Nowadays, reactor- and spallation-based neutron sources coexist, the former providing continuous neutron fluxes while the latter delivers intense pulses - with the notable exception of the continuous spallation target SINQ at PSI, Switzerland. The ongoing plans for construction and upgrades of neutron sources all over the world raise the question of increasing the source efficiency at a time where policymakers orient towards more sustainability and reduced energy consumption.

The Workshop on Efficient Neutron Sources - ENS2019 - will bring together nuclear physicists, chemists, material scientists and mechanical engineers to discuss the efficiency of neutron sources, and determine the most promising perspectives for improvement. With the aim of reaching more efficient reactor and accelerator-based neutron sources, ENS2019 will include sessions dedicated to the following topics:

- Neutron Production
- Moderators & Reflectors
- Neutron Guides
- Instruments & Detectors

Workshop Efficient Neutron Sources

PSI, Sep 2-5, 2019 co-organised by ESS & PSI 63 participants (even Argentina) rich documentation on website

John Carpenter engineered first spallation neutron source (Argonne, 1980)



Magnetic flux lens: a novel stand-alone instrument to measure efficiency of flux expulsion



Concept



Nb sample is shaped like a disc and symmetrically cooled towards the center —> expelled flux will be "collected" at the aperture

Acts as lens —> the stronger the field is enhanced in the center the better the material quality (higher flux expulsion efficiency)



Device allows to test flux expulsion vs T-gradient (gradient at cool down allows depinning of trapped flux)

Design

Flux trapping workshop @ CERN, 8-9 Nov 2018 ARIES



64 participants from the North America, Asia & Europe. Supported by ARIES. Milestone: MS18, <u>report</u> <u>https://indico.cern.ch/event/741615/overview</u>



Workshop "Energy Efficient Beam Transport Technologies"

26 April 2021 ZOOM Europe/Berlin timezone

Overview
Timetable
Registration

Participant List

The Energy Efficient Beam Transport Workshop in the scope of the EU-ARIES workpackage "Energy Efficiency of Particle Accelerators", aims to cover several aspects related to this topic.

The goal is to discuss opportunities and concepts for an efficient beam transport, aiming for reduced energy consumption and consequently operation costs.

Vera Wyderka

well as the influence of operation modes. Specific aspects driven by the view of the facility as a whole, e.g. energy management may be covered

The workshop comprises suitable technological solutions, e.g. pulsed or superconducting systems, as



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Starts 26 Apr 2021, 09:00 Ends 26 Apr 2021, 17:00 Europe/Berlin

as well.

ZOOM https://gsi-fair.zoom.us/j/94799749443 Passcode will be sent after registration.

EU-Aries Workpackage "Energy Efficiency of Particle Accelerators"

https://www.psi.ch/en/enefficient

We are kindly asking all presenters to upload a short abstract (0.25-0.5 page) beforehand. We will be combining them into a **Book of Abstracts** for everyone at the end of the workshop.

Thank you.

Anmeldung / Registration Die Anmeldung für diese Veranstaltung ist offen. / Registration for this event is currently open.

The call for abstracts is open You can submit an abstract for reviewing.

Submit new abstract