

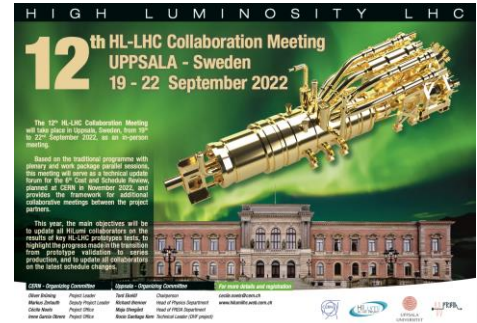


# Activities on MCBXFB magnets at CERN



**J. C. Pérez**  
CERN TE-MS-C-SMT

On behalf of MCBXF team.  
Acknowledgments to people who contribute to this presentation.



UPPSALA  
UNIVERSITET

12<sup>th</sup> HL-LHC Collaboration Meeting - Uppsala-Sweden  
19-22 September 2022

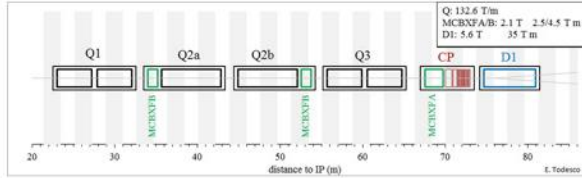


# Outline

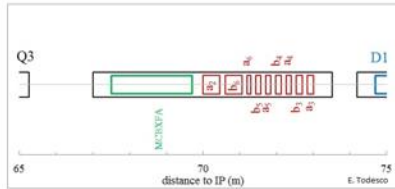
- MCBXF project
- Remind of MCBXFB01 & MCBXFBP2b performance
- Coils shimming and instrumentation during assembly
- MCBXFBP2c powering tests results & magnetic measurements
- Summary

# MCBXF combined dipole orbit correctors for HL-LHC

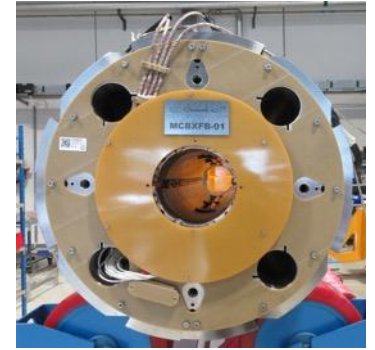
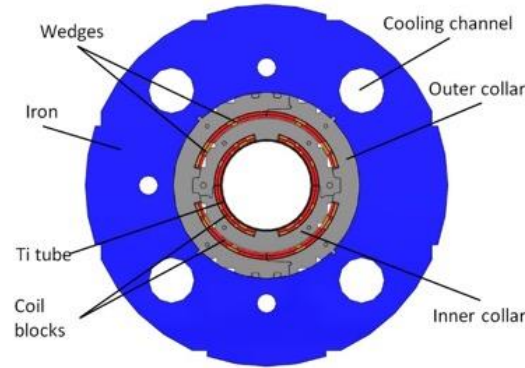
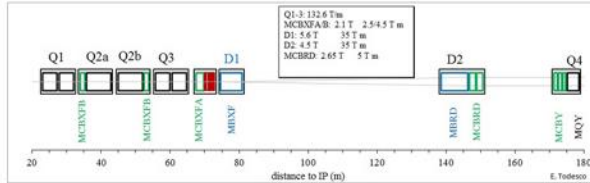
## Insertion Region Layout



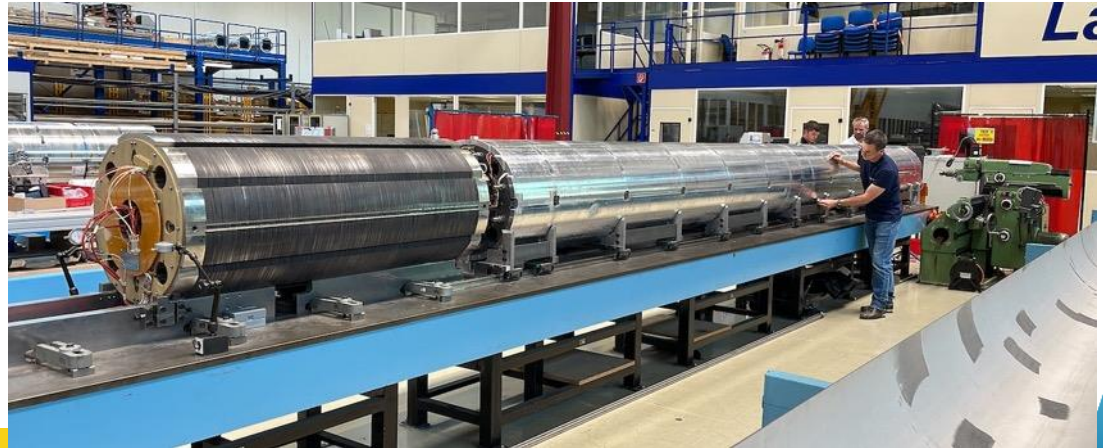
Magnification of the area around correctors:



The layout up to Q4:



## Q2 type Cold Mass assembly in LMF



# Magnet and cable specifications

## MCBXFB Technical specifications

**Magnet configuration** Combined dipole  
(Operation in X-Y square)

**Integrated field** 2.5 Tm

**Minimum free aperture** 150 mm

**Nominal current** < 2500 A

**Radiation resistance** 35 MGv

**Physical length** < 1.505 m

**Working temperature** 1.9 K

**Iron geometry** MQXF iron holes

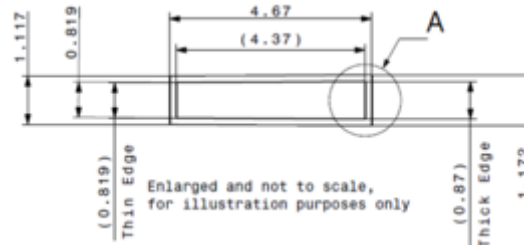
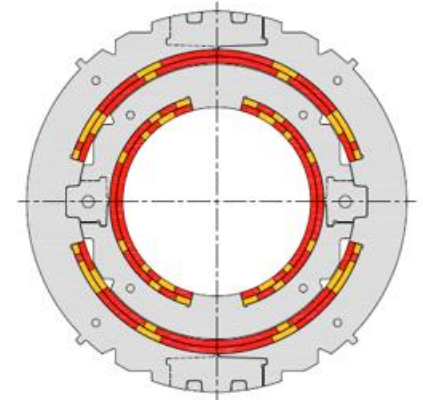
**Field quality** < 10 units (1E-4)

**Fringe field** < 40 mT (Out of the Cryostat)

Vertical dipole field (2.1 T)

Combined dipole field  
(Variable orientation)

Horizontal dipole field (2.1 T)

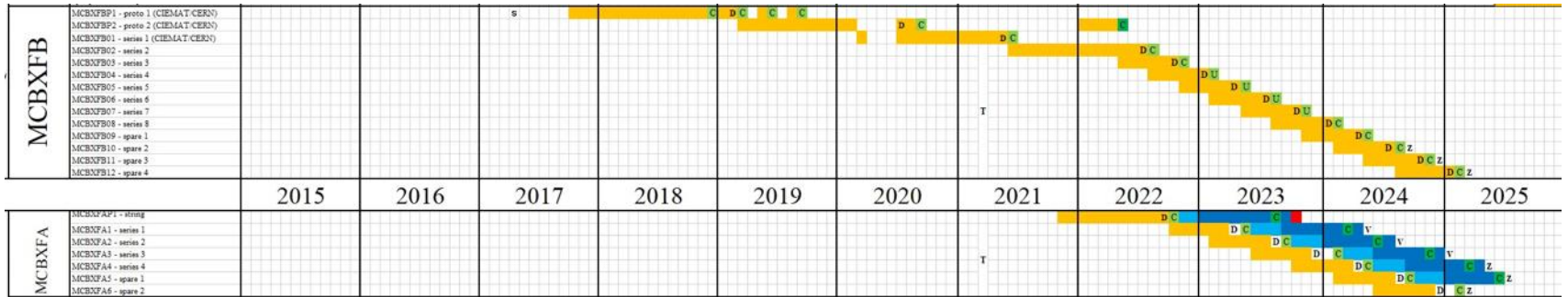


### Cable Parameters

|                 |          |
|-----------------|----------|
| No. of strands  | 18       |
| Strand diameter | 0.48 mm  |
| Cable thickness | 0.845 mm |
| Cable width     | 4.37 mm  |
| Key-stone angle | 0.67°    |
| Cu:Sc           | 1.75     |

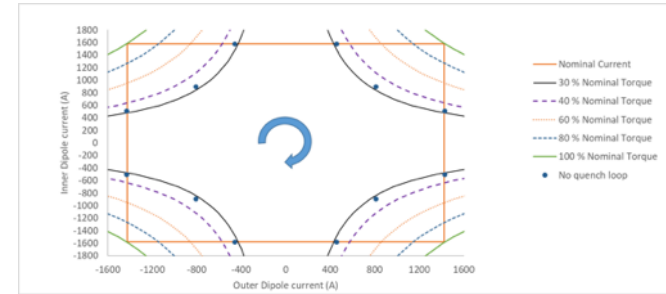
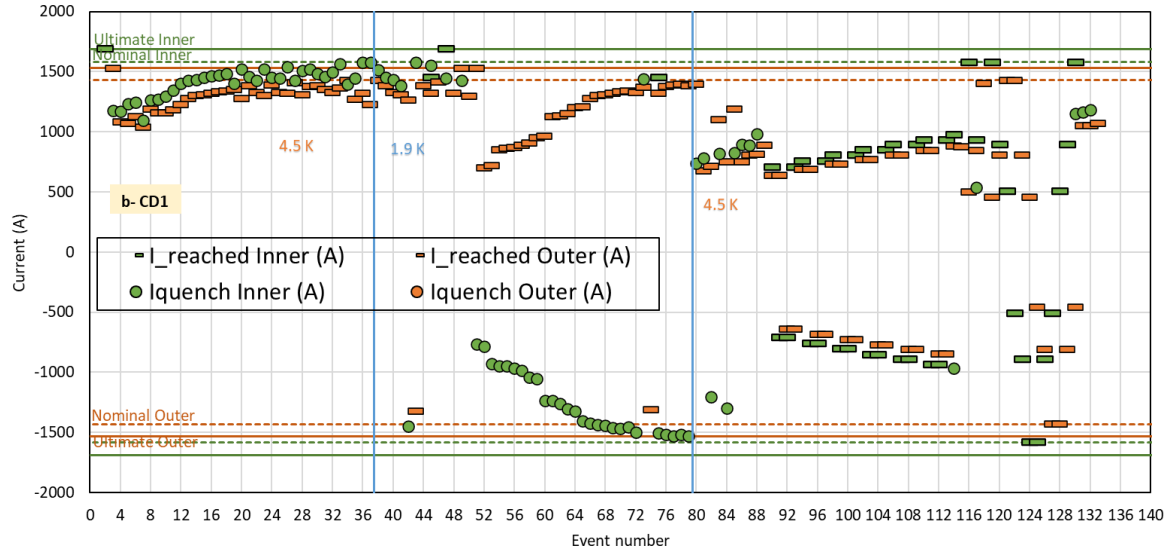
# MCBXF project

- The MCBXF combined orbit corrector magnets contract for the series was signed with ELYTT Energy in March 2021
- 6 MCBXFA & 11 MCBXB magnets to be produced before end 2024
- The first 3 MCBXFB magnets have been produced within a close collaboration of CERN and CIEMAT teams ( MCBXFBP1, MCBXFBP2 & MCBXFB01)
  - Coils and magnet components fabricated at CEDEX (Madrid)
  - Magnet assembly, WMM and cold powering tests performed at CERN
- The first MCBXFA prototype will be manufactured following the same organization



# MCBXFBP2b powering history

MCBXFBP2b powering history



## Quench free area

Quench free cycle attempt of 12 points at 35%, quench when ramping the outer to nominal current.

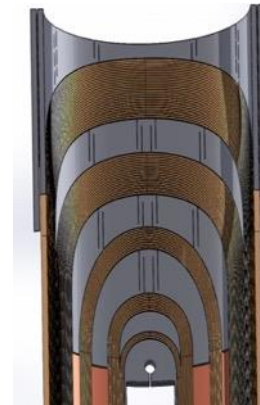
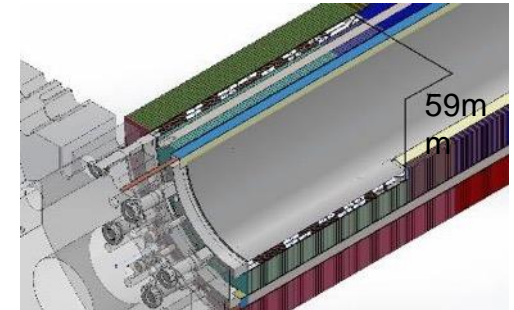
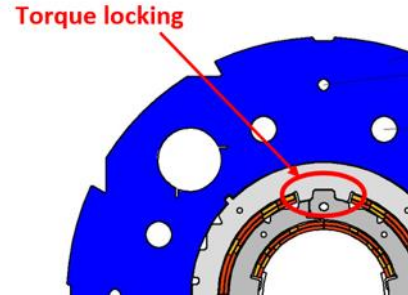
Quench free cycle of 12 points at 32% OK

- Reached ultimate in both circuits in standalone
- 132 Events and 85 quenches
- Reached 99.9% + nominal torque and 94.4% of -nominal torque

|       | Training quenches |             |     |
|-------|-------------------|-------------|-----|
|       | IC4               | IC5         | OC3 |
|       | 9<br>(10%)        | 76<br>(90%) | 0   |
| Total | 85                |             |     |

# Modification of the inner dipole coil length from MCBXFB01

- Torque locking is only possible along the OD pole window (828 mm long)
- ID pole window for prototypes was 946 mm long → **59 mm** at each side of the coil **without torque locking**
- The inner coil length was reduced by 118 mm
- The cantilever length of the inner coils was reduced by 59 mm at each coil extremity
- The inner coil nominal current was increased from 1625 A to 1755 A to keep the same integrated field (model discrepancy wrt to MM + straight section reduction)
- +5% of torque generated in the coil straight section



P1&P2



B01

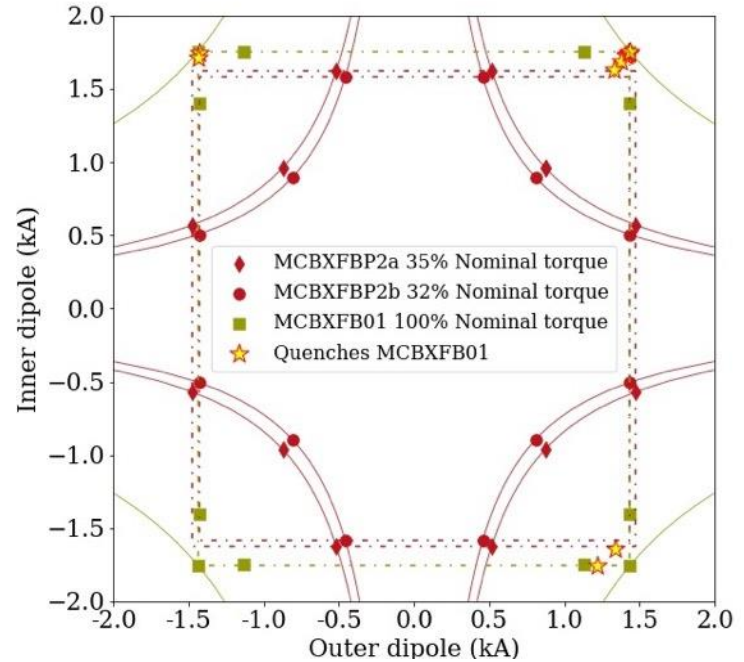
# Reminder: MCBXFB01 performance

B01 showed **an excellent performance**:

- Ultimate current in both dipoles w/o quench in standalone configuration.
- Virgin **training reduced** to 3 quenches.
- Reached nominal in Q1 and Q2 no matter the powering sequence. **Without re-training**
- **Quench-free region** improved to **100%** of nominal torque.

After thermal cycle:

- **Good memory**: few quenches during the tests, very close to nominal torque in combined operation.
- Complete set of **magnetic measurements**: test results very close to calculations, within magnet specifications.

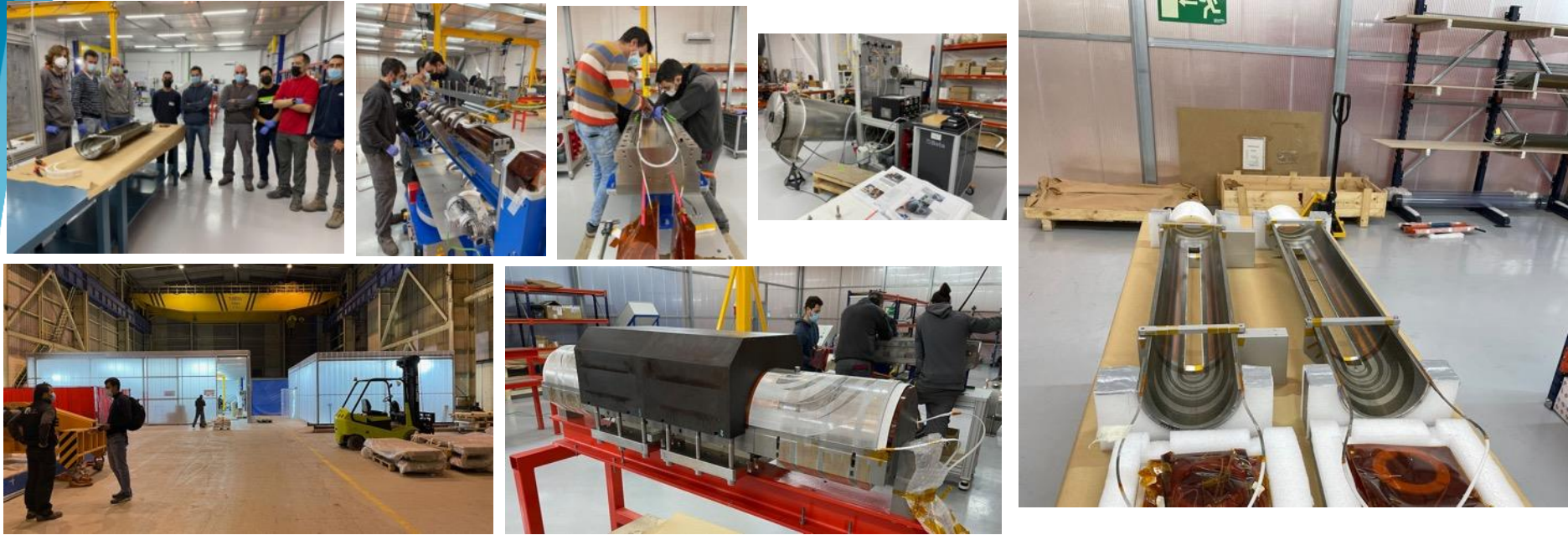


Courtesy S.Ferradas (CERN)

Test Results: <https://edms.cern.ch/document/2618334/0.1>



# Inner coils for MCBXFBP2c manufacturing @ ELYTT



- The 2 inner coils used for MCBXBBP2c assembly have been produced at ELYTT's premises.
- The assembly of these coils in a magnet was foreseen to provide an “early” qualification of the coil fabrication process for the series
- The same outer coils used during MCBXFBP2b assembly have been assembled in MCBXFBP2c

# Coils geometry & Shimming configuration

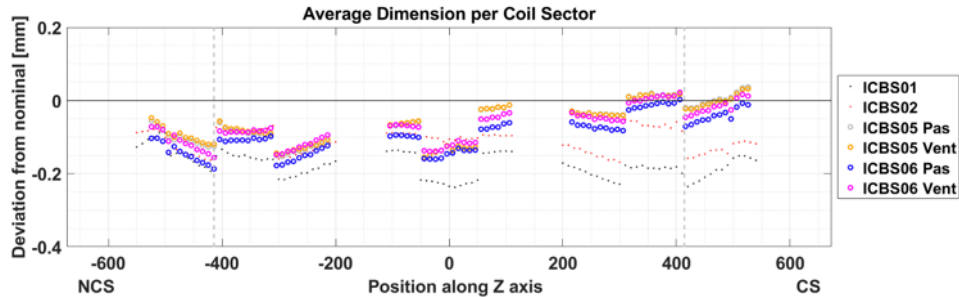


Figure 1. Deviation from nominal dimension per coil sector of MCBXFB short inner dipole coils.

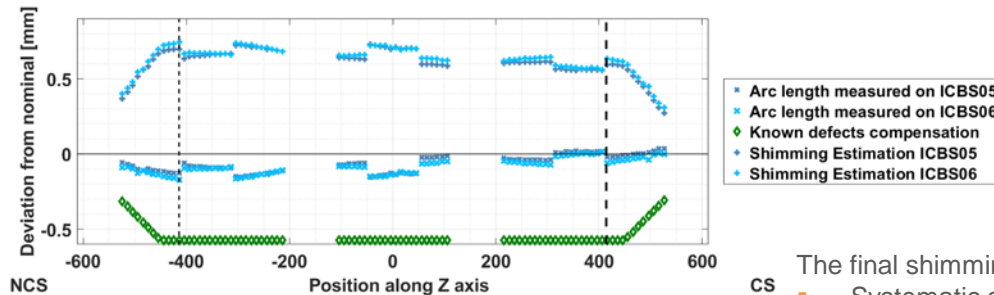
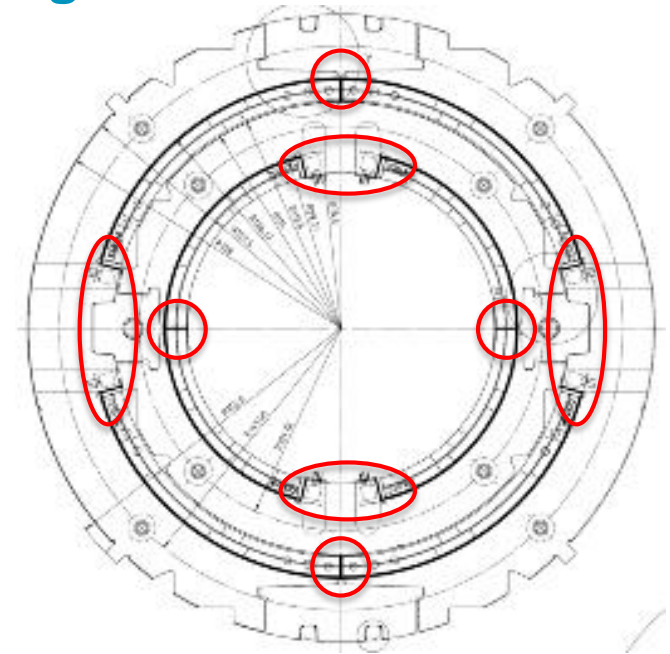


Figure 2. Shimming estimation for MCBXFBP2C coils.



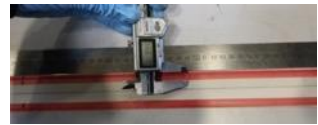
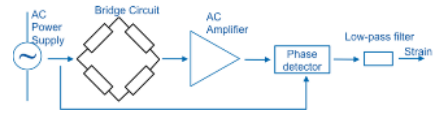
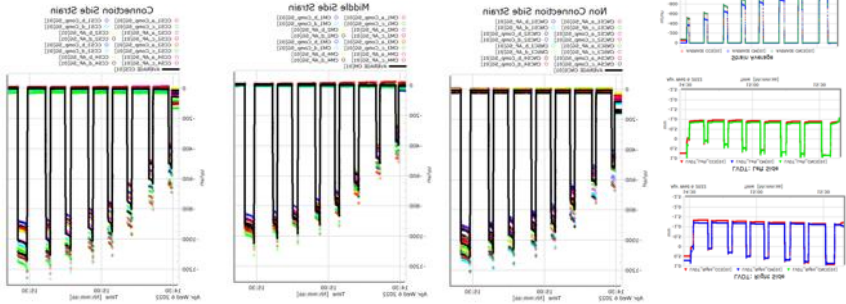
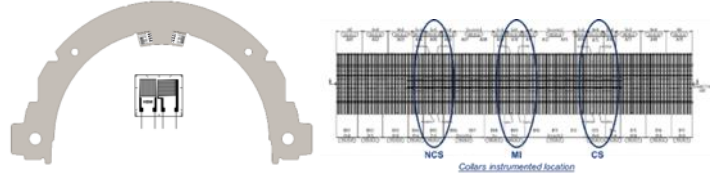
- The final shimming configuration includes:
- CS
    - Systematic shims part of the initial design
    - Compensation of coil modulus of elasticity used during calculations
    - Compensation of the thermal contraction coefficient used for calculations
    - Compensation of coil geometrical deviation from nominal size
    - Additional shims to achieve the nominal azimuthal pre-compression

# Mechanical measurements with instrumented collars during assembly

| Equipment                                | Reference                            |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Strain gauges                            | HBM: 1-XC11-1.5/350                  |
| Bridge power supply                      | 2.5 V @ 1,2 kHz                      |
| Bridge Configuration                     | Half bridge – Poisson compensation   |
| Quantity (Used during collaring process) | 12 collars INNER<br>12 collars OUTER |



Strain gauges a & c are on the same side of the collar, b & d are on the other side



- The instrumented collar packs, are used during collaring operation as a measuring tool before the final collaring.
- They validate the tailored shims configuration built to provide the required pre-stress to the coils at room temperature

# MCBFBP2c: Acceptance criteria & Cold Powering tests results

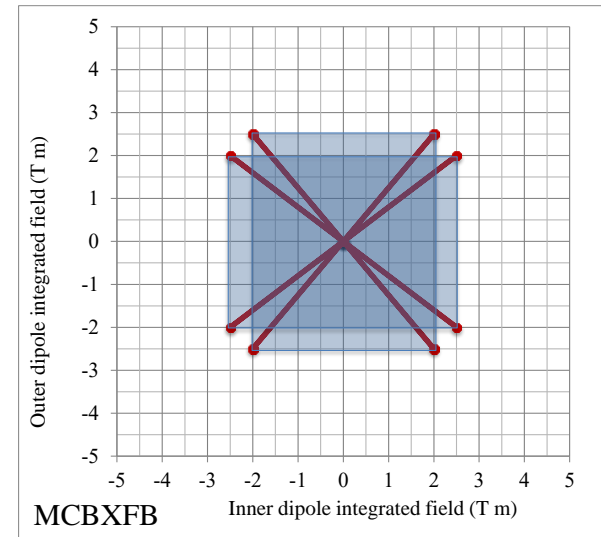


# Update of MCBXF correctors acceptance criteria

- The magnets shall provide the integrated field given in Table I, each one in two possible configurations.
- According to the HL-LHC guidelines, we define the nominal integrated field as the requirement for proton (or ion) operation at 7 TeV, and ultimate integrated field as the requirement for proton (or ion) operation at 7.5 TeV.

|                        |              | Integrated field (T m) |          |
|------------------------|--------------|------------------------|----------|
|                        |              | Nominal                | Ultimate |
| MCBXFA configuration 1 | MCBXFA inner | 4.500                  | 4.821    |
|                        | MCBXFA outer | 2.500                  | 2.678    |
| MCBXFA configuration 2 | MCBXFA inner | 2.500                  | 2.678    |
|                        | MCBXFA outer | 4.500                  | 4.821    |
| MCBXFB configuration 1 | MCBXFB inner | 2.500                  | 2.678    |
|                        | MCBXFB outer | 2.000                  | 2.143    |
| MCBXFB configuration 2 | MCBXFB inner | 2.000                  | 2.143    |
|                        | MCBXFB outer | 2.500                  | 2.678    |

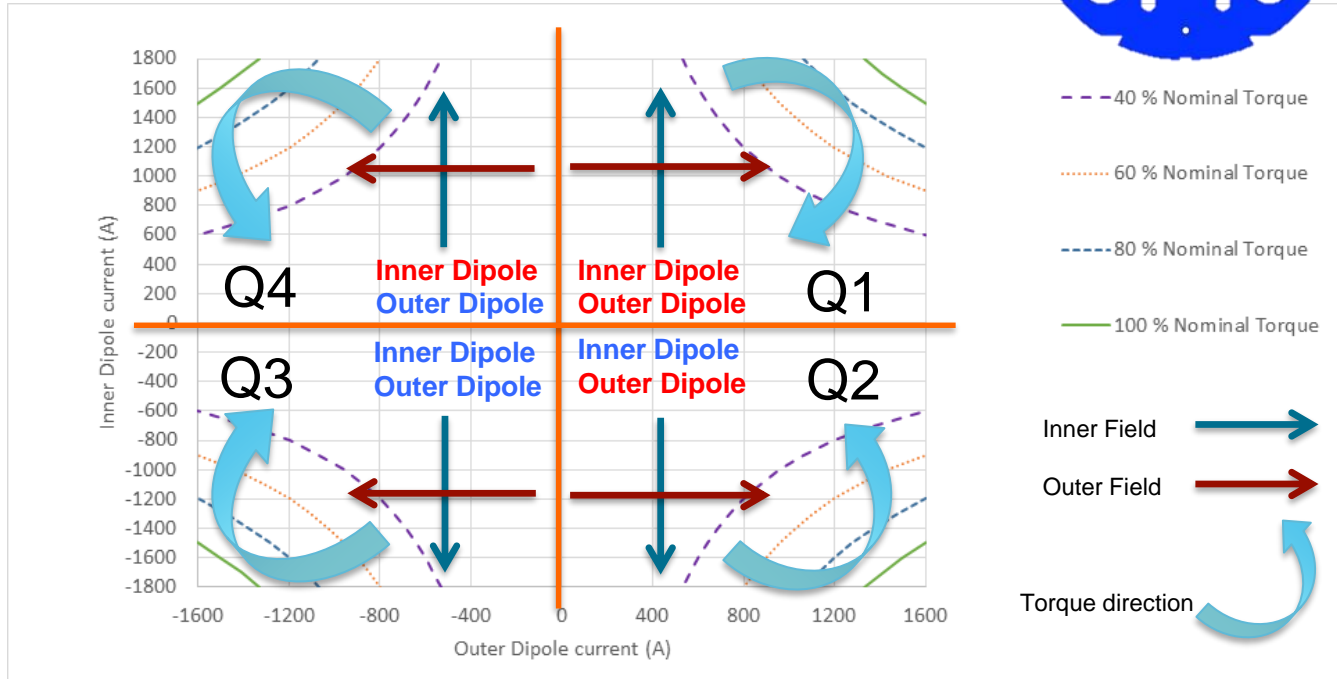
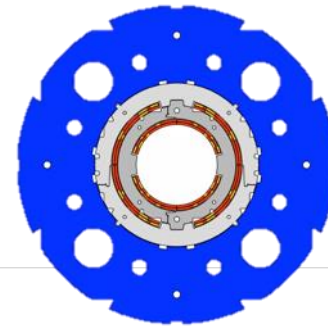
Integrated field and reference values for the current



Required operational range of MCBXFB at 7 TeV

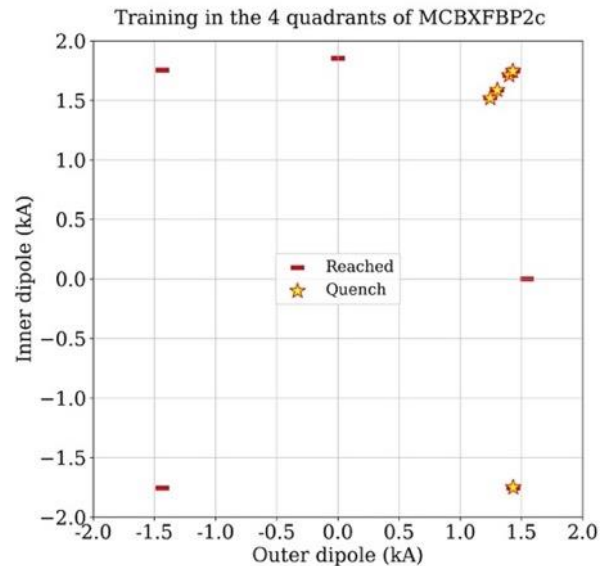
# MCBXF Powering

Nominal torque per unit length at straight section is very high: **147 kNm/m**,  
**about 84 MPa** at the inner dipole coil.



# MCBXP2c training in the 4 quadrants to compare with previous magnets. Virgin inner dipole coils from Elytt

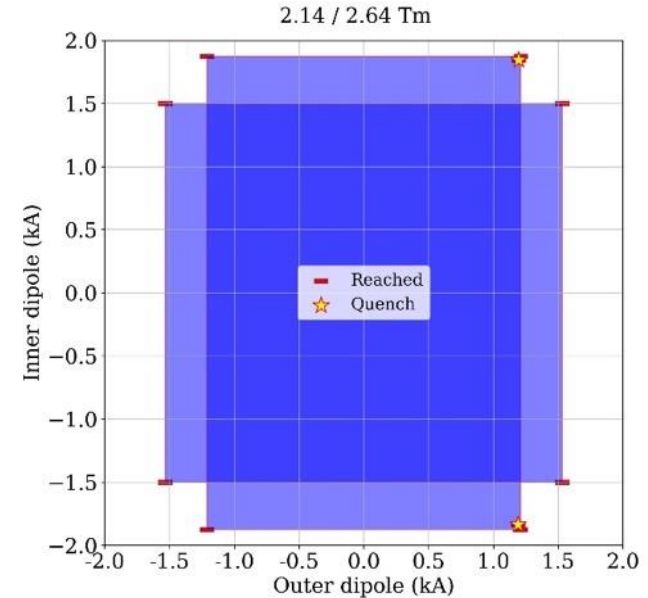
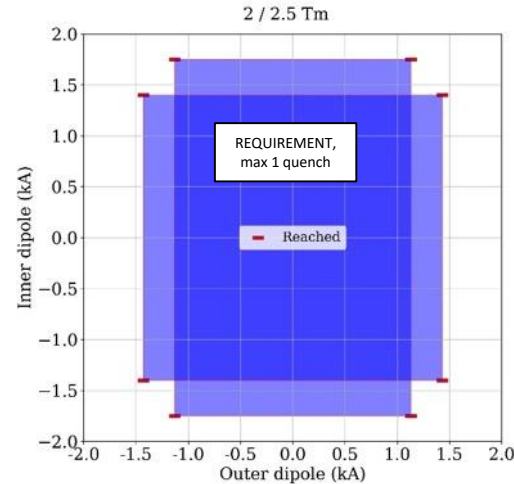
- Nominal current: Inner dipole 1755 A / Outer Dipole 1535 A
- Nominal ramp rate (5.5/4.5 A/s)
- No quenches in standalone powering up to ultimate current
- 3 training quenches to +nominal/+nominal in combined powering. (MCBXP2a took 32 quenches, B01 took 3 quenches)
- No quenches to -nominal/-nominal (Same as B01)
- (!) No quenches to -nominal/+nominal in combined powering (1 quench in B01)
- 1 quench at -1749A/1433 A (same amount and same current level as B01). Then reached +nominal/-nominal
- 1 quench at 1588A/1302 A. Then reached +nominal/+nominal



Courtesy of S. Ferradas

# MCBXPBP2c Quench free working area in the four quadrants for a given integrated field

- Max ramp rate (5 A/s)
- No quenches in 2 / 2.5 Tm cycle
- 2 quenches in the inner dipole at almost ultimate current in the 2.14/2.64 Tm
- After the quench the ramp was restarted and successfully performed



After the thermal cycle no more Quench in any torque direction!

Courtesy of S. Ferradas & G. Willering

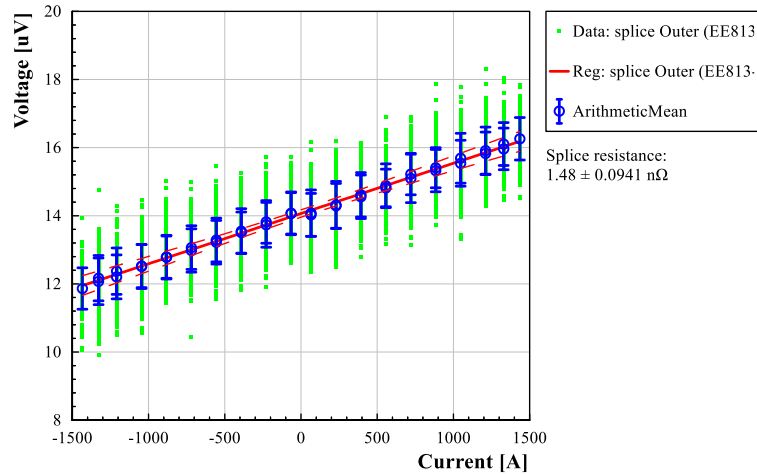


# MCBFBP2c splice measurement



File: HCMBXFB100-E9000013\_C20220602110608\_Splice-VI.TDM

Splice Resistance Measurement  
splice Outer (EE813-EE814)\_T0

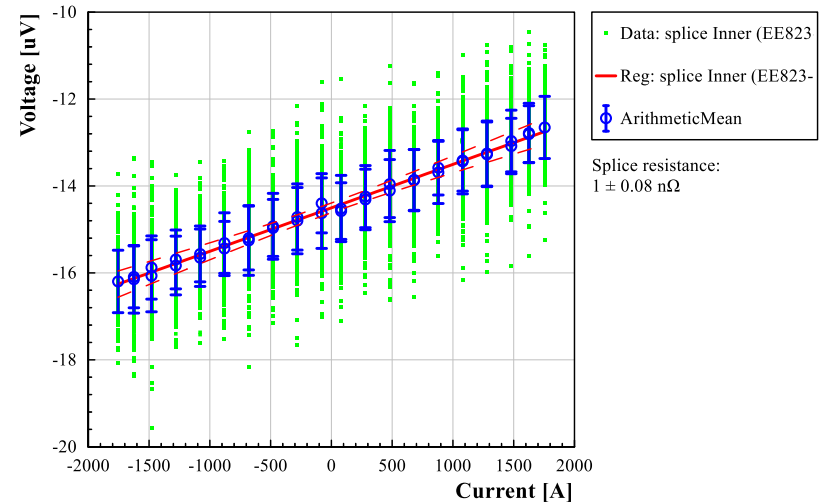


08/06/2022 TE-MS-C-TM



File: HCMBXFB100-E9000013\_C20220602110608\_Splice-VI

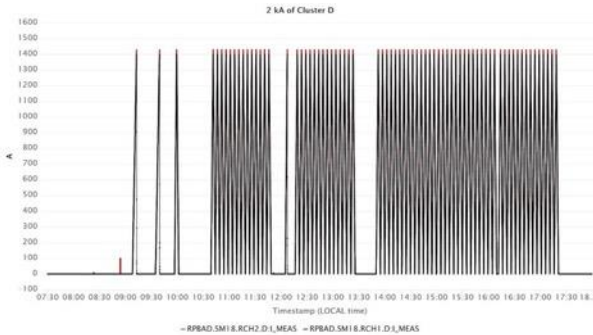
Splice Resistance Measurement  
splice Inner (EE823-EE824)\_T0



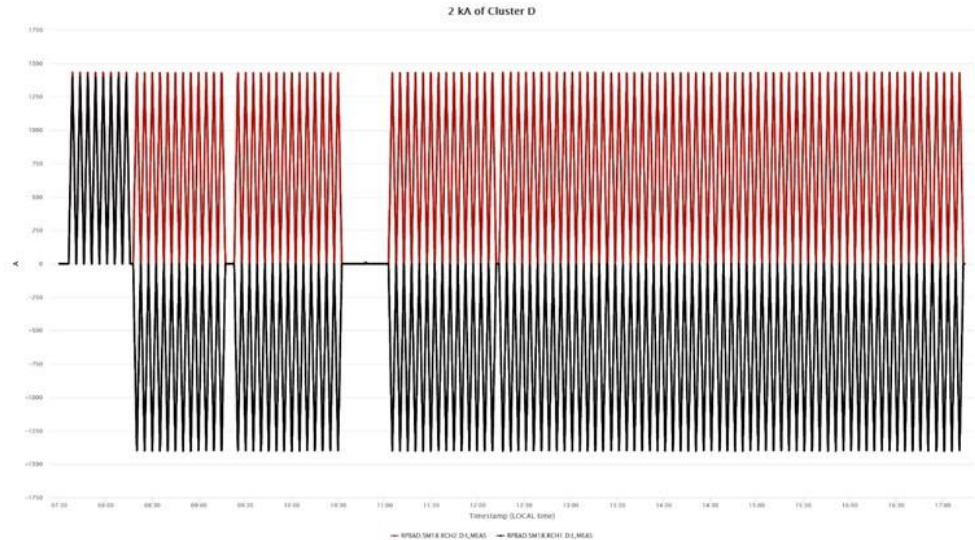
08/06/2022 TE-MS-C-TM

# MCBFBP2c endurance test campaign

- An endurance test campaign has been launched
- Around 250 cycles were performed. NO QUENCH
- To be completed with MCBXFB02 first series magnet from ELLYT



Inner: +1400 A  
Outer: + 1430



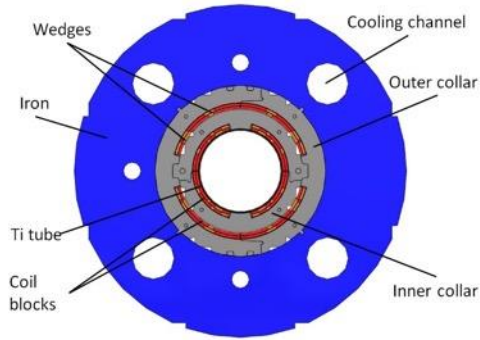
Courtesy of S. Ferradas & G. Willering

JC. Perez – 21<sup>st</sup> September 2022

# MCBXFBP2c magnetic measurements



# Magnetic measurements



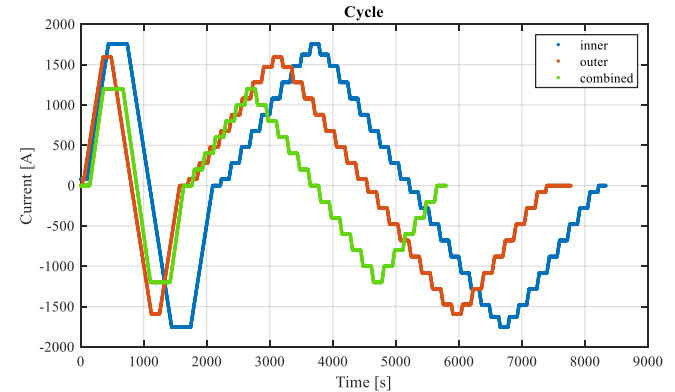
## Vertical field from the inner coils:

- main field  $B_1$  (normal)
- first allowed  $b_3$

## Horizontal field from the outer coils:

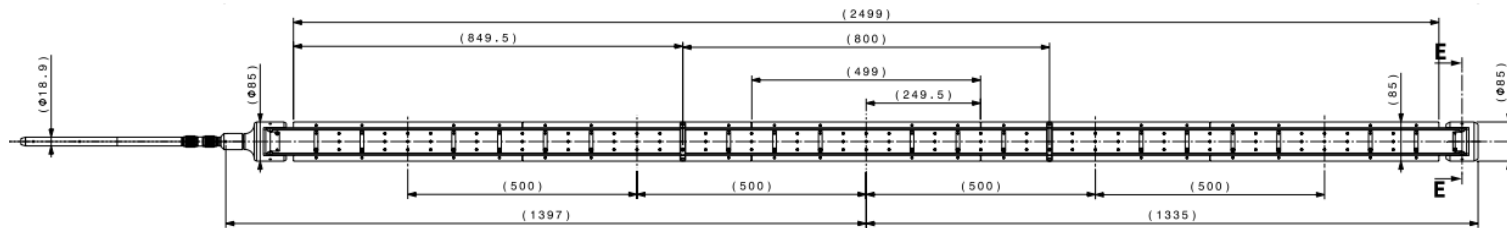
- main field  $A_1$  (skew)
- first allowed  $a_3$

## Powering cycles



## Rotating-coil in the helium bath of vertical cryostat cluster D in SM18

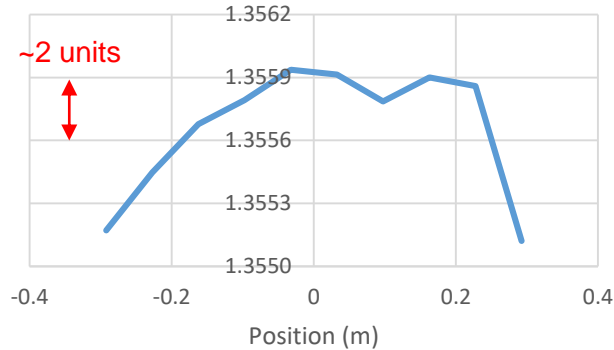
- 5 segments (500 mm each, 2.5 m total)



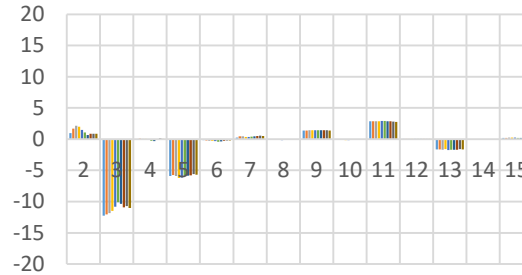
## Reference radius 50 mm

# MCBXFBP2c Inner Dipole

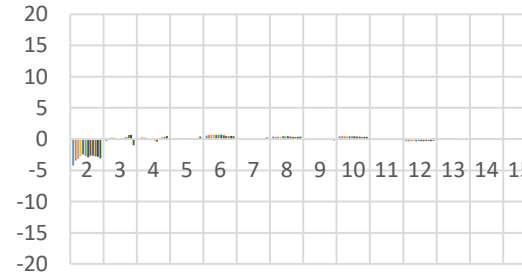
Transfer func. - str section [mT/A]



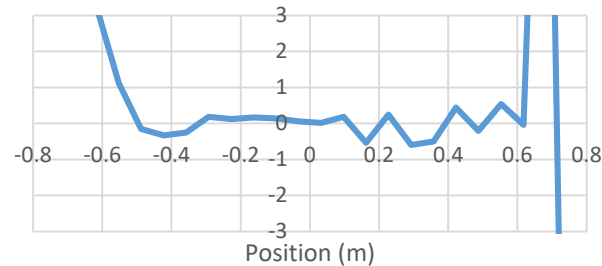
$b_n$  [units]



$a_n$  [units]



Relative angle [mrad]

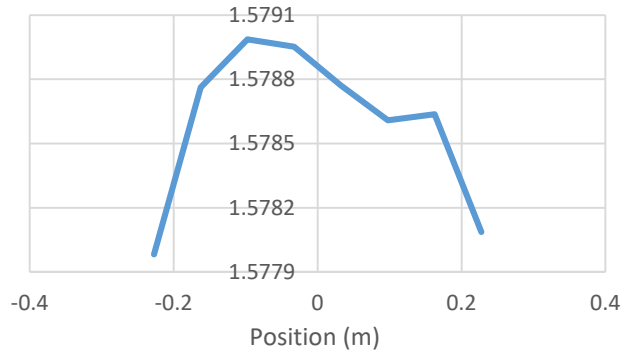


| n  | Center [units] |       | Integral [units] |       |
|----|----------------|-------|------------------|-------|
|    | $b_n$          | $a_n$ | $b_n$            | $a_n$ |
| 2  | 1.27           | -2.83 | -1.24            | -1.42 |
| 3  | -11.16         | 0.23  | -4.91            | 0.10  |
| 4  | -0.04          | 0.04  | -0.51            | 0.07  |
| 5  | -5.88          | 0.03  | -5.33            | -0.27 |
| 6  | -0.26          | 0.63  | -0.08            | 0.15  |
| 7  | 0.44           | -0.05 | -3.77            | -0.02 |
| 8  | -0.10          | 0.41  | 0.15             | 0.27  |
| 9  | 1.42           | -0.04 | -0.29            | -0.05 |
| 10 | -0.12          | 0.43  | -0.07            | 0.33  |
| 11 | 2.86           | -0.06 | 1.65             | 0.02  |
| 12 | 0.03           | -0.33 | 0.11             | -0.43 |
| 13 | -1.67          | -0.01 | -1.4             | 0.03  |
| 14 | -0.02          | 0.02  | 0.01             | 0.04  |
| 15 | 0.22           | 0.02  | 0.13             | 0.03  |

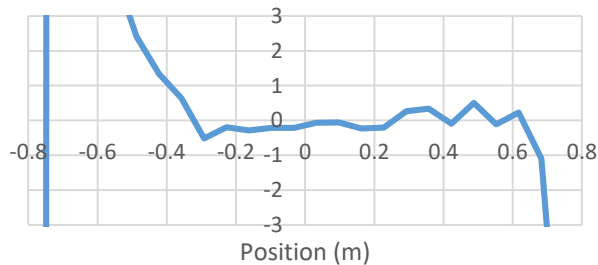
\* Measurements at  $R_{ref} = 50$  mm and  $I = -5$  A

# MCBFBP2c Outer Dipole

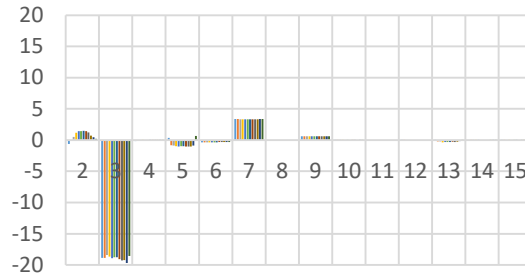
Transfer func. - str section [mT/A]



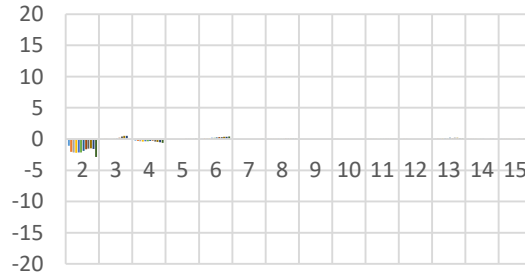
Relative angle [mrad]



$b_n$  [units]



$a_n$  [units]



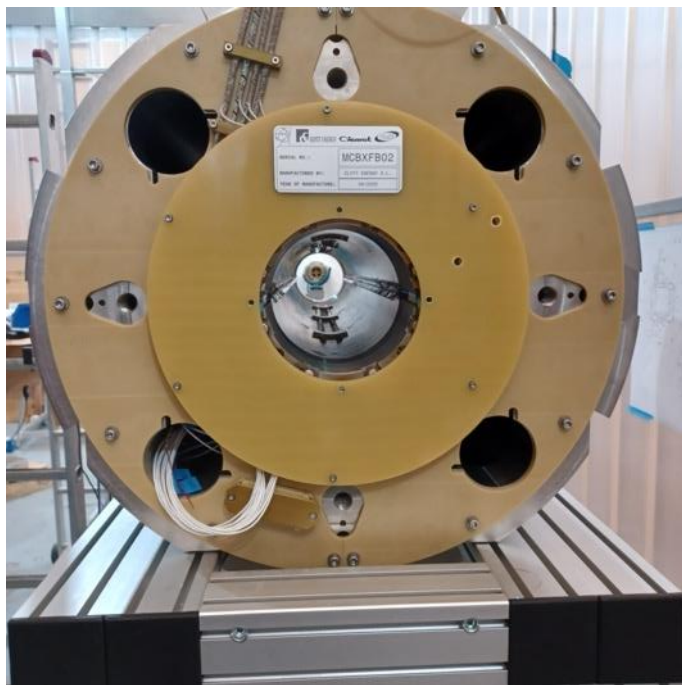
| n  | Center [units] |       | Integral [units] |       |
|----|----------------|-------|------------------|-------|
|    | $b_n$          | $a_n$ | $b_n$            | $a_n$ |
| 2  | 1.18           | -1.92 | -0.74            | 0.21  |
| 3  | -18.88         | 0.03  | -7.14            | 1.10  |
| 4  | 0.00           | -0.33 | 0.19             | 1.02  |
| 5  | -1.00          | -0.03 | -0.26            | 0.49  |
| 6  | -0.35          | 0.18  | -0.30            | 0.29  |
| 7  | 3.33           | -0.05 | 2.62             | -0.06 |
| 8  | -0.08          | 0.05  | -0.04            | 0.03  |
| 9  | 0.61           | -0.02 | 0.43             | -0.01 |
| 10 | 0.00           | -0.01 | -0.02            | -0.03 |
| 11 | -0.05          | 0.02  | -0.06            | 0.01  |
| 12 | -0.01          | -0.02 | 0.02             | -0.07 |
| 13 | -0.29          | 0.13  | -0.11            | 0.30  |
| 14 | 0.00           | 0.01  | -0.02            | -0.11 |
| 15 | 0.00           | 0.00  | 0.02             | 0.04  |

\* Measurements at  $R_{ref} = 50$  mm and  $I = -5$ A

MM results are reproducible and predictable

# Summary

- The fine tuning of the design introduced during the assembly of MCBXFB01 was implemented in MCBXFBP2c by using 2 inner dipole coils produced by ELYTT.
- MCBXFBP2c reassembly and powering tests validate the coil fabrication technology transfer to ELYTT.
- This new assembly proves the reproducibility of the results obtained during MCBXFB01 powering tests campaign.
- MCBXFBP2c during powering:
  - Reached nominal +/- from virgin inner coils in 3 quenches. 2 retraining quenches and last 2 near ultimate current
  - No quenches in the nominal integrated field area
  - Reached ultimate integrated field requirement with only 2 quenches and no quench after TC
  - No quench during the 231 cycles performed for endurance test
  - Perfect memory after TC
- Warm magnetic measurements are close to calculated values.
- Field quality is under control and does not pose significant challenges with present specification
- The first type B magnet of the series fully produced and assembled at Elytt premises will be cold tested at CERN by end of September 2022.
- The powering test at CERN of the first MCBXA prototype is scheduled in December 2022.



Thank you for your attention!





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