



Vacuum Status for RFD-SPS & series

C. Pasquino on behalf of TE-VSC contributors to WP4

12th HL-LHC Collaboration Meeting – Uppsala University, 19th – 22nd October 2021



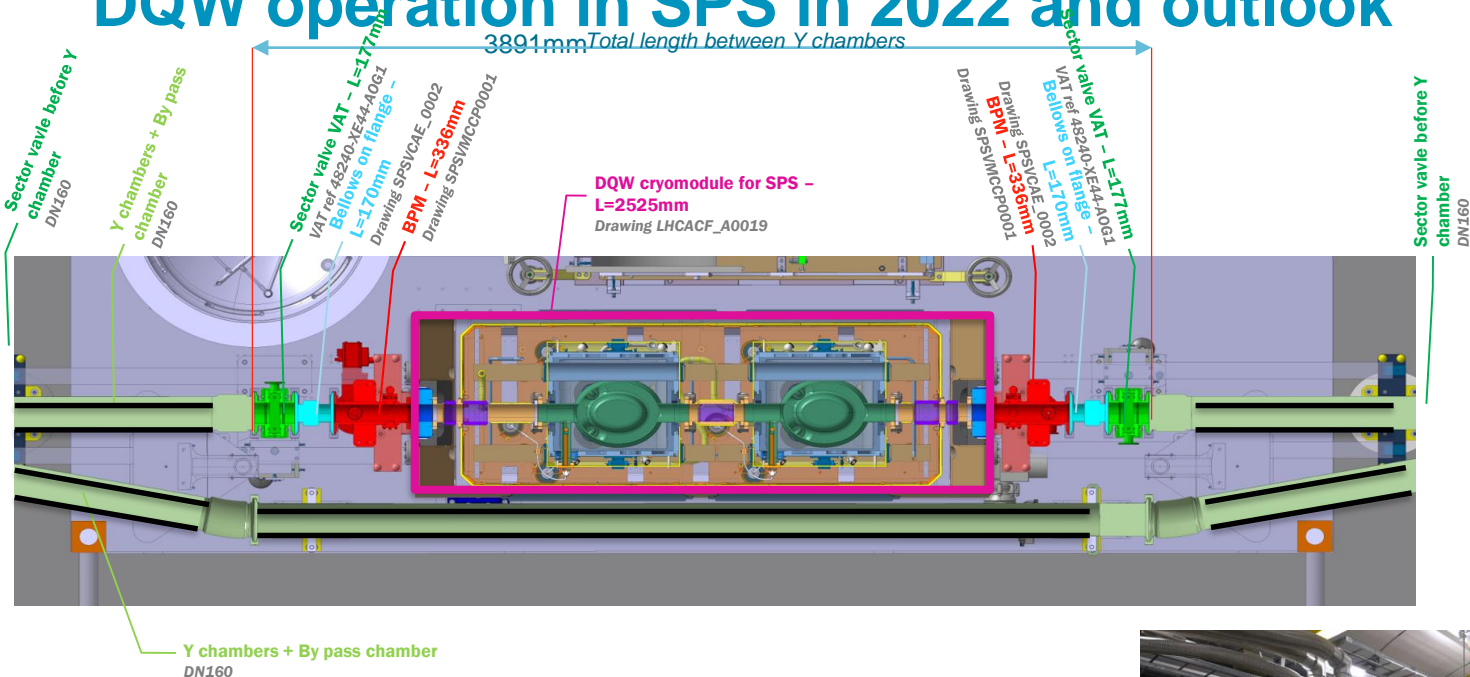
Outline

- DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook
- SPS-RFD vacuum tests @ CERN
- TE-VSC to WP4 contributions:
 - Overview
 - Status of the contributions for RFD @ UK, STFC
 - Status of the series production
 - LHC integration layout



DQW operation in SPS in 2022

DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook



Reminder:

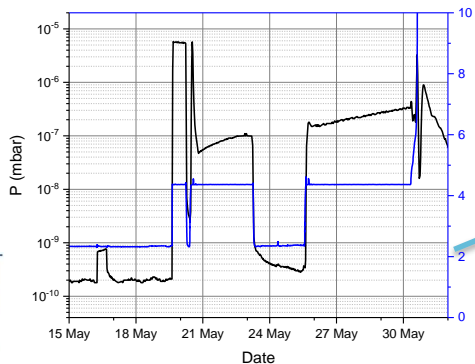
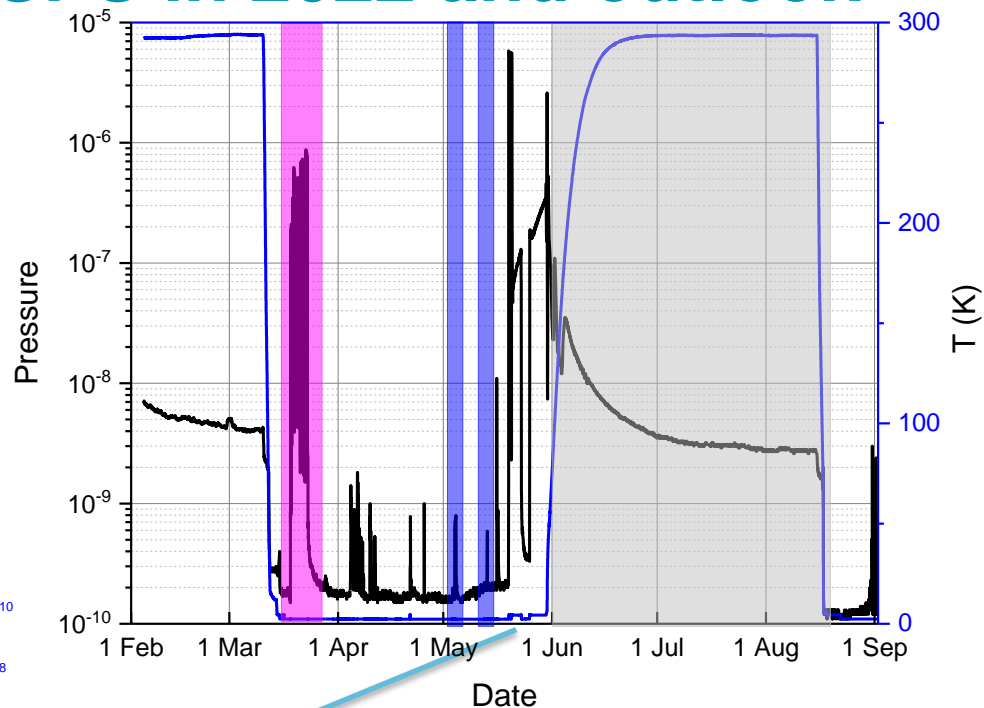
- Y chamber and pumping units are aC coated;
- BPMs and CWT are not;
- Vacuum conditioning shall be expected due to the presence of unconditioned surfaces;
- Penning gauges are located on the BPM modules upstream and downstream.



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DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook

YETS (Year End Technical Stop) + Cooldown	Dec-Feb (w11-w12)
Scrubbing	March 18
RF Conditioning & LLRF setup	Week 13-16
MD 1 – emittance growth, 270 GeV	May 4
MD 2 – emittance growth, 270 GeV*	May 16
Warm-up, standby	Jun 25 - Aug 23
MD 3 – Emittance & high intensity test	Week 37
MD 4/5 – high intensity + MP	Week 37 & 39

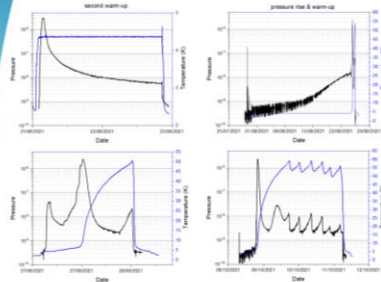


Cavities at 4.5K

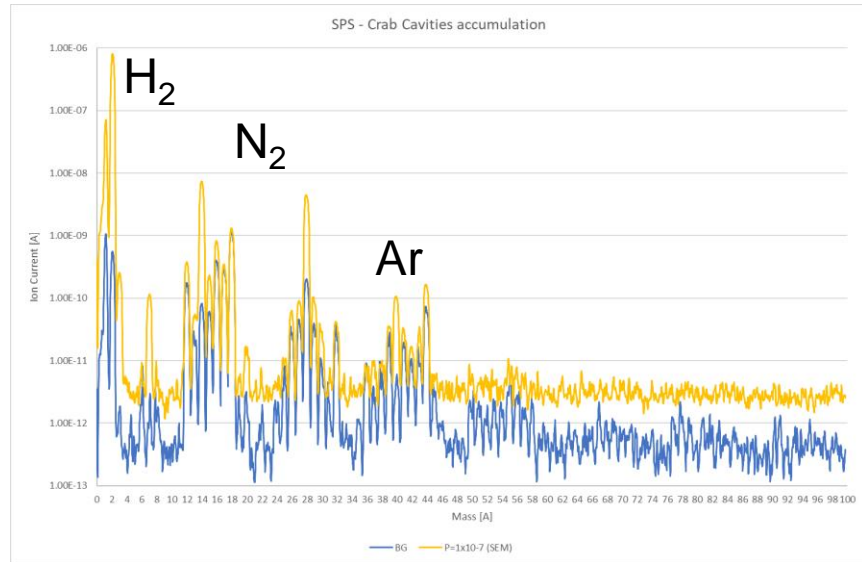


DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook: YETS interventions

DQW operation in SPS in 2021 and outlook

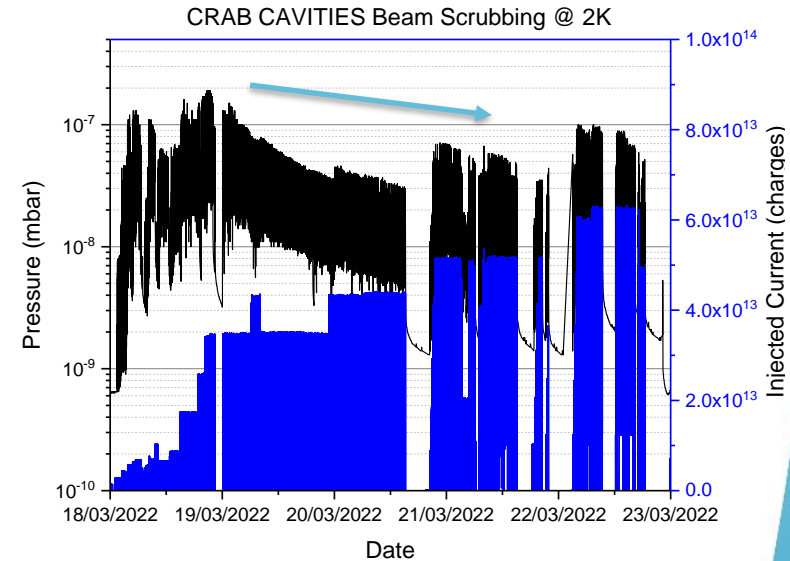
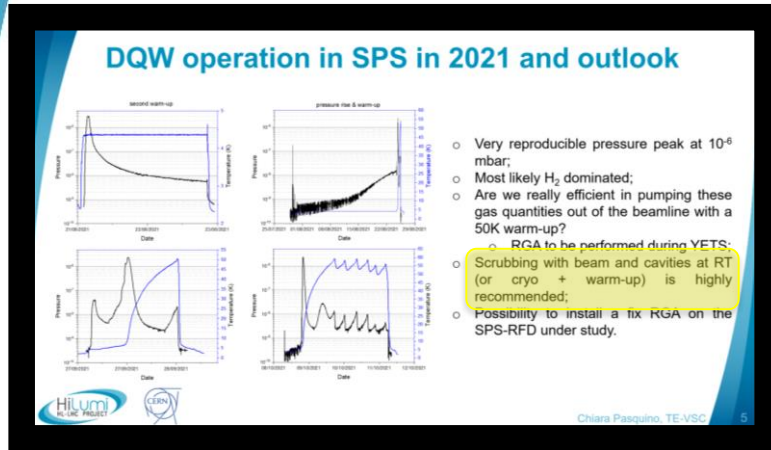


- Very reproducible pressure peak at 10^{-6} mbar;
- Most likely H_2 dominated;
- Are we really efficient in pumping these gas quantities out of the beamline with a 50K warm-up?
 - RGA to be performed during YETS;
- Scrubbing with beam and cavities at RT (or cryo + warm-up) is highly recommended;
- Possibility to install a fix RGA on the SPS-RFD under study.



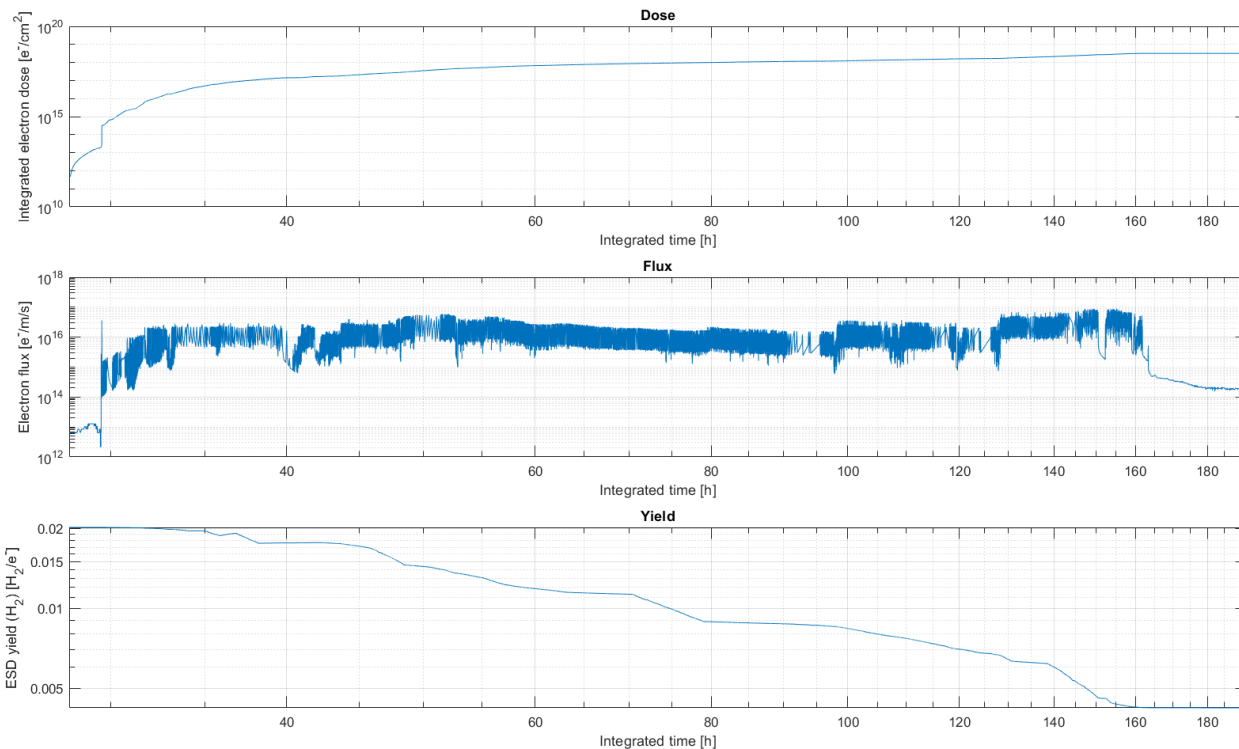
- Gas spilled from the beam line is H_2 dominated
- RGA analysis showed the presence of air peaks. A leak detection of the beam vacuum line revealed a leak in the 10^{-9} mbar l/s range on a collar (now solved).

DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook: Beam Scrubbing



- ❑ Scrubbing performed with few hours of exposure to 5 batches of 72 bunches, 25ns bunch spacing and $1.7 \cdot 10^{11}$ ppb!
- ❑ Cavities at 2K (schedule clashing to perform it at RT)
- ❑ Very stable operation after this, no pressure drifts experienced so far.

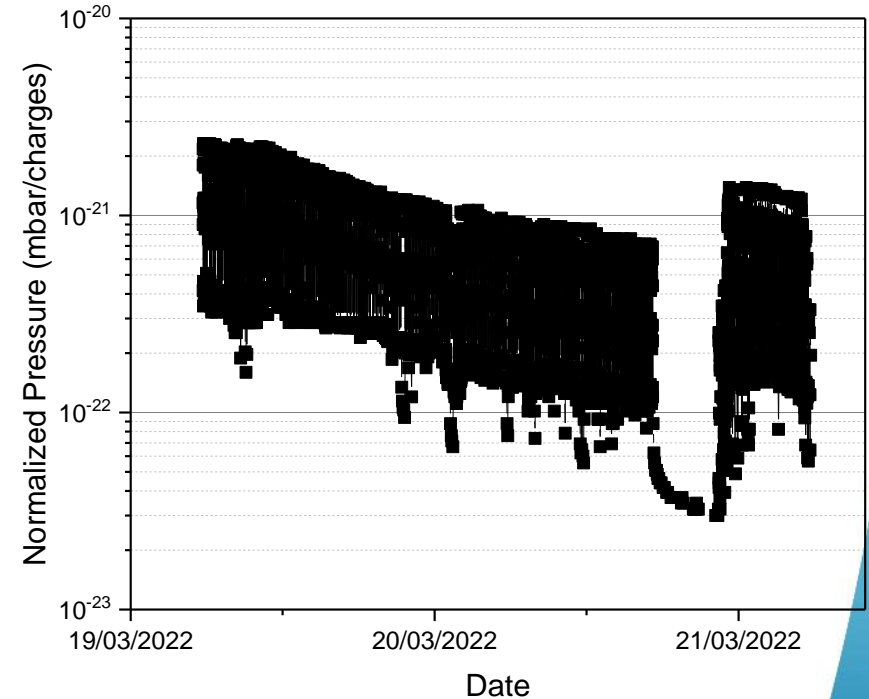
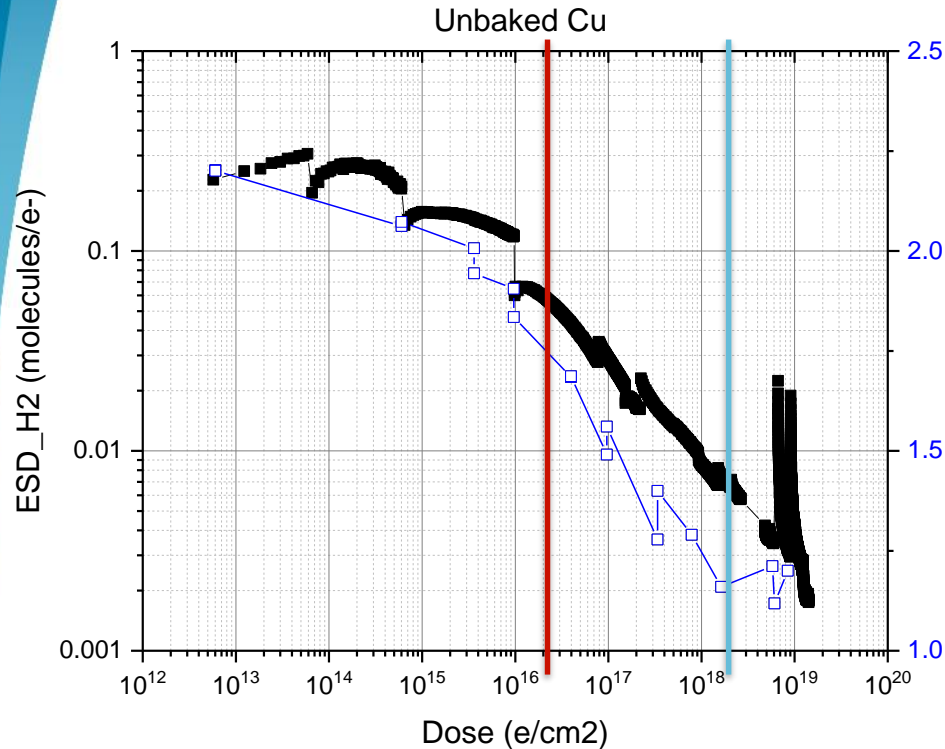
DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook: Beam Scrubbing



$$P_{tot} \approx \sum \frac{\eta_{gas} \cdot \dot{\Gamma}}{S_{gas}} = \sum P_{gas}$$

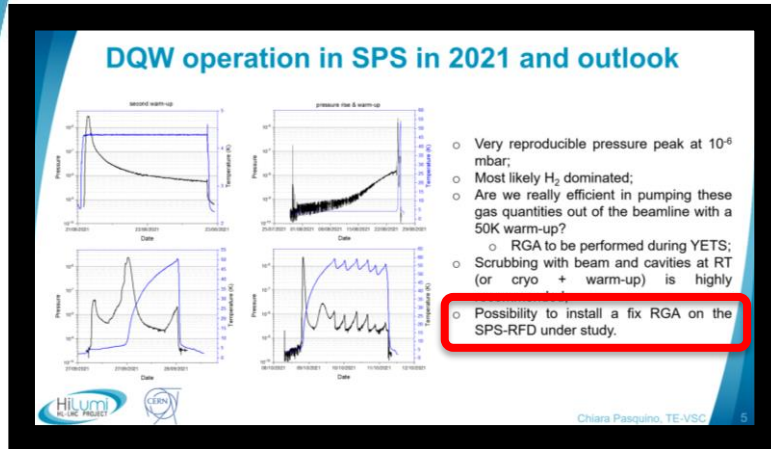
- ESD is dominating the pressure dynamic;
- Integrated dose to decrease the ESD by 1 order of magnitude;
- Only possibility to suppress this is to coat the PIMS on the cavity sides as well.

DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook: Beam Scrubbing



A factor 3 / 4 gained during conditioning, not matching with the expected e- dose.

DQW operation in SPS in 2022 and outlook



- ❑ Cable will be pulled in YETS22/23;
- ❑ RGA bought and delivered;
- ❑ Follow-up of gas composition during warm-up could be part of the tests that can be performed on the SPS-RFD, once at CERN (M7).



SPS-RFD tests @ CERN

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SPS-RFD tests @ CERN (SM18-M7)

Goals:

- Assess the leak tightness both of insulation and beam vacuum (cavity & secondary line) @ room temperature;
- Assess the cleanliness of the beam vacuum lines (RGA) @ room temperature;
- Assess the functioning of the vacuum equipment (gauges, ion pumps, gate valves);
- Assess the leak tightness at 2K (followup of mass 4 during cooldown);
- Assess the gas evolution during a warm-up and assess the effective pumping speed is correctly sized.
- EDMS [2756481](#)



TE-VSC contributions to WP4:STATUS

TE-VSC to WP4 contributions

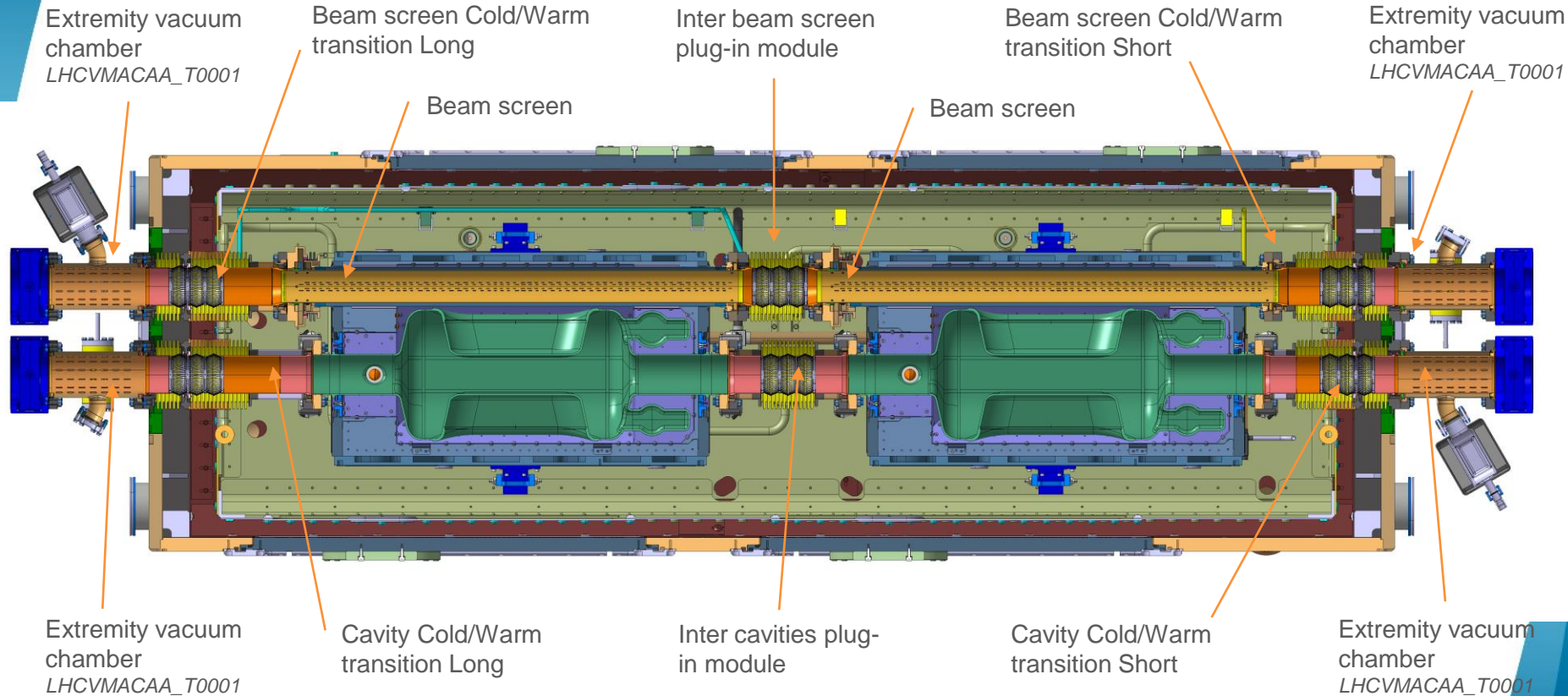
What is planned to be installed:

- SPS – LSS6 : 1 X RFD – LHC type cryomodule;
- LHC – LSS1 (L+R) : 4 (2 + 2) DQW cryomodules;
- LHC – LSS5 (L+R) : 4 (2 + 2) RFD cryomodules;

What is planned for production:

- SPS – LSS6 : 1X RFD;
- LHC: 5 (4 + 1 spare) DQW; 5 (4 + 1 spare) RFD;
- Spares: 6 Plug In Modules, 2 vacuum modules, 2 beam screens;

TE-VSC to WP4 contributions



Project & quality management

TE-VSC WP4 Contributions EDMS node:

- TE-VSC production Plan
- Spending Profile
- Long Term Planning (WP4 planning)
- List of Assets
- Monthly reports

TE-VSC to WP4 contributions: status

2022 – Q1/2023 most of the production should be concluded

Beam screen production:

- 14 RFD beam screens produced and pressure tested;
- 6/14 RFD beam screens tested for vacuum acceptance and are ready for aC coating.
- 2/14 carbon coated and inserted in RFD1 and RFD2 cavities;
- 14 DQW beam screens produced and pressure tested
- 6/14 DQW beam screens tested for vacuum acceptance and are ready for aC coating.

Bellows procurement for HL-LHC:

- Blanket contract is in place, and PIMs for DQW @ CERN are being produced, expected delivery date Nov2022.

TE-VSC to WP4 contributions: status

- ❑ Vacuum Modules:
 - ❑ 10 pieces produced
 - ❑ 34 remaining pieces will be completed by December 2022
 - ❑ The vacuum modules for the non-crabbed line will be aC-Coated
- ❑ Standard components:
 - ❑ Gauges manifolds and Tees all produced;
 - ❑ Rupture disks being purchased;
 - ❑ 2X gauges assembly + flap valve (insulation vacuum) completed;
- ❑ Support to SRF in SMA18:
 - ❑ Validation of leak detection and RGA analysis for the cavities.
 - ❑ Acceptance criteria : EDMS [Crab Cavities Vacuum Acceptance Criteria](#)
- ❑ Plasma Cleaning: knowledge transfert could be organised at CERN

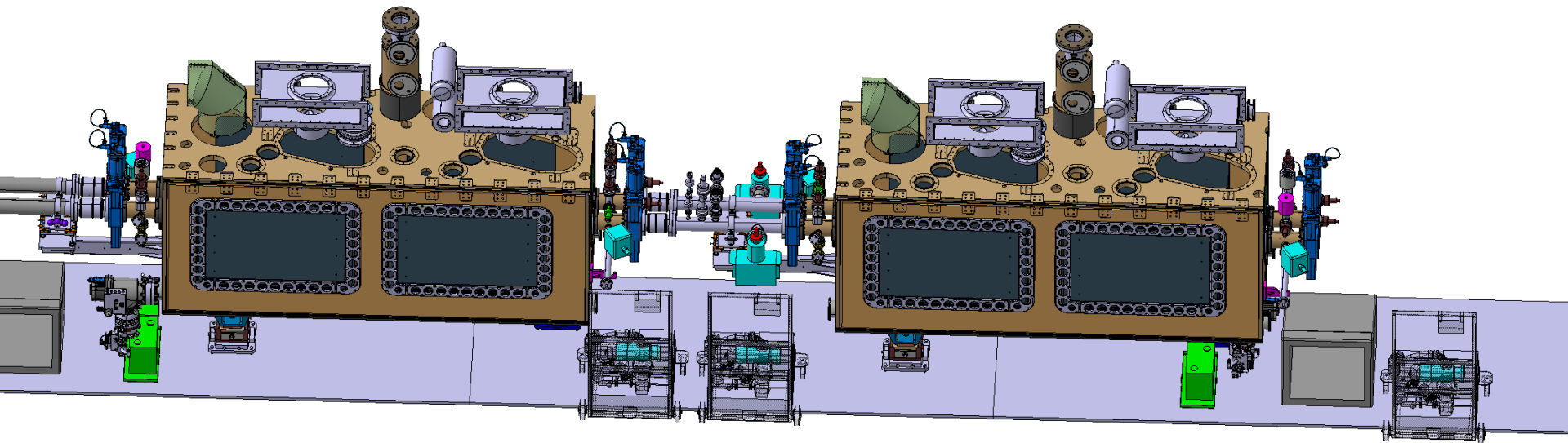
TE-VSC to WP4 contributions: IN-KINDs procured by CERN

❑ Sector Valves:

- ❑ DN80 Vacuum sector valves have been procured through CERN B-Contract. First delivery of 5 expected by Dec2022. → **savings of about 800 KCHF.**

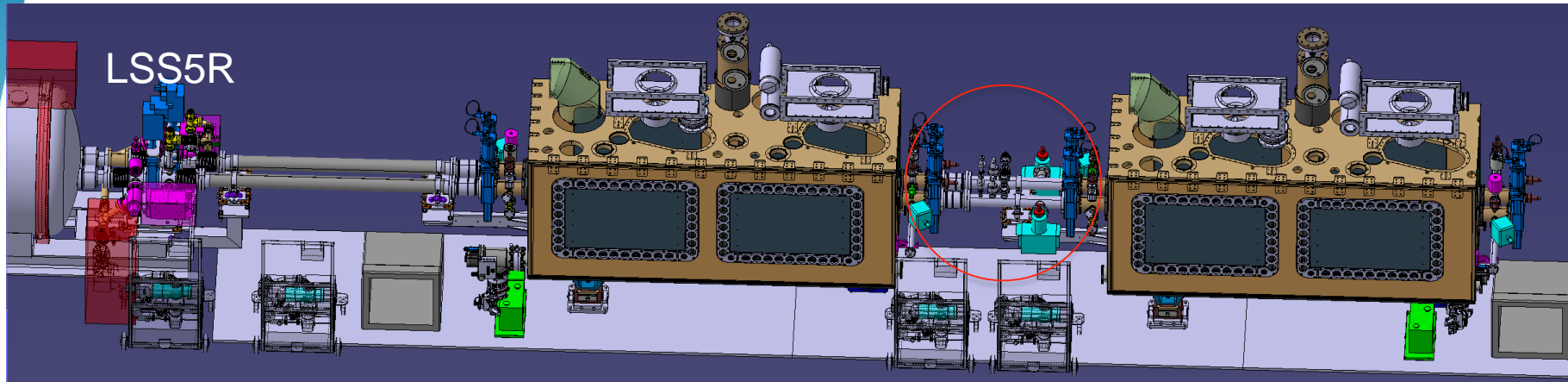
❑ Standard components:

- ❑ Rupture disks;
- ❑ 9X gauges assembly + flap valve (insulation vacuum) completed;
- ❑ Tees and gauges manifolds;



LHC Integration Layout

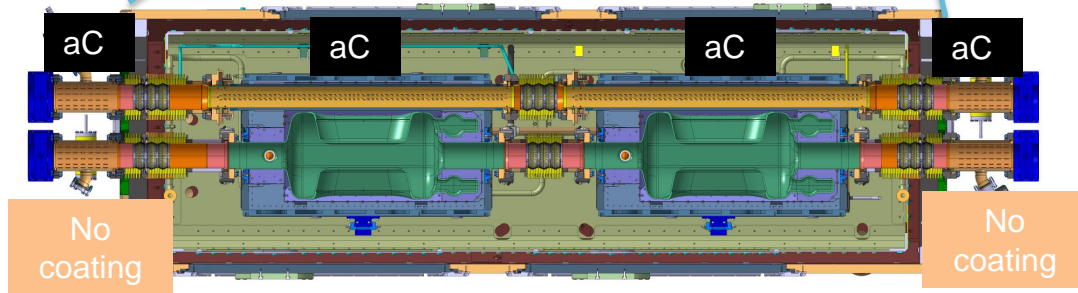
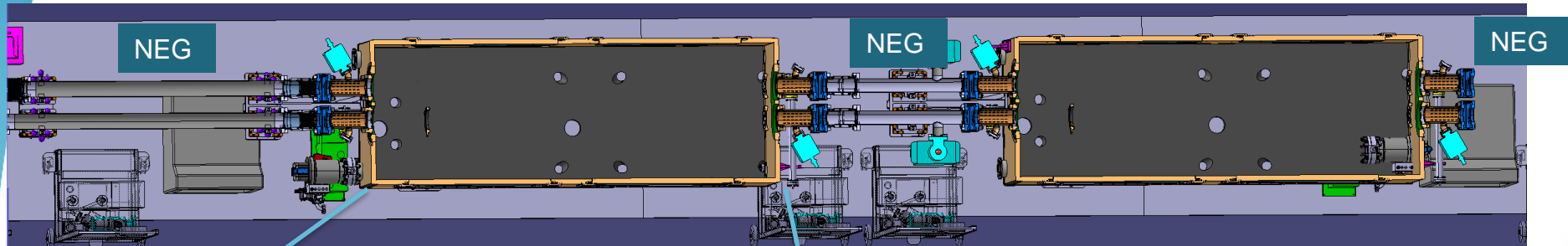
LHC integration



Optics v1.6

- Intertanks cryomodules design is evolving toward a simpler design (work in progress);
- NEG coating and aC coating are used to suppress e-cloud;
- Integration checks ongoing to assess the accessibility to the line during future interventions or maintenance.

LHC integration: e- cloud suppression



- RF cavities are not expected to contribute to the e-cloud: [EDMS 2663141](#)
- We suggest to coat the vacuum modules with aC coating.

Next Steps

- Follow up on production & procurement:
 - PIMS production, with priority on the DQW@CERN;
 - Vacuum modules production;
 - Beam screen and vacuum modules aC coating;
- Vacuum acceptance tests at M7:
 - Crucial for assessing the vacuum performance of the first LHC-type cryomodule;



Thanks for your attention!



Vacuum dynamics Vs beam intensity

